



# FortiAuthenticator - OCI Deployment Guide

Version 6.1.0

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FortiAuthenticator 6.1.0 OCI Deployment Guide

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# About FortiAuthenticator on OCI

## Overview

FortiAuthenticator is designed specifically to provide authentication services for firewalls, SSL and IPsec VPNs, wireless access points, switches, routers, and servers. FortiAuthenticator includes Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) and Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAPv3) server authentication methods, and Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML), which is used for exchanging authentication and authorization data between an Identity Provider (IdP) and a Service Provider (SP). Authentication servers are an important part of an enterprise network, controlling access to protected network assets, and tracking user activity to comply with security policies.

FortiAuthenticator is not a firewall; it requires either a FortiGate-VM "virtual" or FortiGate "hardware" appliance to provide firewall-related services. Multiple FortiGate appliances can use a single FortiAuthenticator appliance for Fortinet Single Sign-On (FSSO) and other types of remote authentication, two-factor authentication, and FortiToken device management. This centralizes authentication and FortiToken maintenance.

FortiAuthenticator provides an easy-to-configure remote authentication option for FortiGate users. Additionally, it can replace the Fortinet Single Sign-On (FSSO) Agent on a Windows Active Directory (AD) network.

## OCI instance type support

FortiAuthenticator-VM supports the following OCI compute shapes. For up-to-date information on each instance type, see [OCI Compute Shapes](#).

When selecting an instance type for your deployment, consider your use case for FortiAuthenticator and the requirements to support it.

Compute shape	OCPU	Max VNIC	FortiAuthenticator-VM license
VM.Standard2.1	1	2	FAC-VM-100-UG
VM.Standard2.2	2	2	FAC-VM-100-UG or FAC-VM-1000-UG
VM.Standard2.4	4	4	FAC-VM-100-UG, FAC-VM-1000-UG or FAC-VM-10000-UG
VM.Standard2.8	8	8	FAC-VM-10000-UG or FAC-VM-100000-UG
VM.Standard2.16	16	16	FAC-VM-100000-UG
VM.Standard2.24	24	24	FAC-VM-100000-UG
VM.Standard1.1	1	2	FAC-VM-100-UG
VM.Standard1.2	2	2	FAC-VM-100-UG or FAC-VM-1000-UG

Compute shape	OCPU	Max VNIC	FortiAuthenticator-VM license
VM.Standard1.4	4	4	FAC-VM-100-UG, FAC-VM-1000-UG or FAC-VM-10000-UG
VM.Standard1.8	8	8	FAC-VM-10000-UG or FAC-VM-100000-UG
VM.Standard1.16	16	16	FAC-VM-100000-UG

## Licensing

FortiAuthenticator for OCI supports the bring your own license (BYOL) model.

Licenses can be obtained through any Fortinet partner. If you don't have a reseller partner, you can find a local Fortinet reseller partner by visiting the [Find a Partner](#) portal and performing a search in the following regions:

- Asia Pacific, Australia, and New Zealand
- EMEA (Europe, Middle East, and Africa)
- Latin America and Caribbean
- North America
- North America: US Federal

This license model is stackable, allowing you to expand your VM solution as your environment expands. For additional information on the FortiAuthenticator stackable license model, see the [FortiAuthenticator datasheet](#).

# Deploying FortiAuthenticator on OCI

## Overview

This guide provides step-by-step instructions for successful deployment and initial configuration of FortiAuthenticator for OCI:

- [Preparing for a deployment on page 6](#)
- [Creating an instance by importing an image on page 6](#)
- [Connecting to FortiAuthenticator-VM on page 15](#)

## Preparing for a deployment

The deployment section in this guide assumes that you have already created a Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) and relevant network resources, such as route tables and subnets. You must also configure a Security List so that you can access FortiAuthenticator over the Internet while closing unnecessary ports. At a minimum, you must open TCP port 443 and 22 to allow incoming access to the FortiAuthenticator management GUI and SSH console for initial configuration. See the *Ports and Protocols* document on the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

You can obtain the deployment image, import the file into the OCI portal, and then launch the FortiAuthenticator-VM instance. See [Creating an instance by importing an image on page 6](#).

## Creating an instance by importing an image

This guide provides step-by-step instructions for successful deployment and initial configuration of FortiAuthenticator for OCI:

- [Obtaining the deployment image and placing it in your bucket on page 6](#)
- [Importing the image on page 9](#)
- [Connecting to FortiAuthenticator-VM on page 15](#)

## Obtaining the deployment image and placing it in your bucket

1. Go to <https://support.fortinet.com>.
2. In the top menu, navigate to *Download > Firmware Images*.
3. From the *Select Product* dropdown list, select *FortiAuthenticator*, then click the *Download* tab.
4. Navigate to the desired firmware release.

- Download the *FAC\_VM\_OPCVX-buildXXXX-FORTINET.out.opc.zipfile*.



- XXX is the build number.
- Ensure the file name includes the OPC.

- After you extract the zip the file, locate the *fackvm.qcow2* file. You will need this file to deploy FortiAuthenticator on OCI.
- In OCI, go to *Core Infrastructure > Object Storage > Object Storage*.
- Click *Create Bucket* to create a standard storage bucket.

Object Storage Buckets in fortinetoraclecloud1 (root) Compartment

Name	Storage Tier	Visibility
<a href="#">Deep-Bucket001</a>	Standard	Private
<a href="#">FAC-5024</a>	Standard	Private
<a href="#">FAZ-Bucket</a>	Standard	Private

- In the *Bucket Name* field, name the bucket, then click *Create Bucket*.

Create Bucket [help](#) [cancel](#)

BUCKET NAME

STORAGE TIER  
 Storage tier for a bucket can only be specified during creation. Once set, you cannot change the storage tier in which a bucket resides.  
 STANDARD  
 ARCHIVE

OBJECT EVENTS ⓘ  
 EMIT OBJECT EVENTS

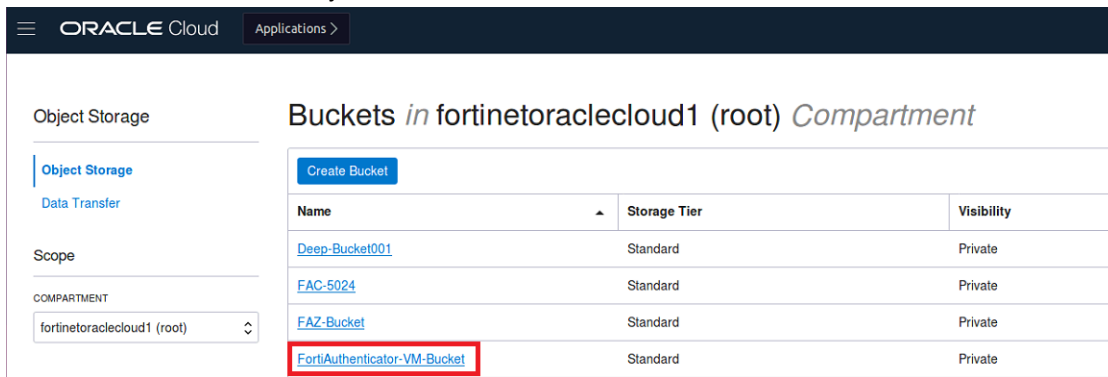
ENCRYPTION  
 ENCRYPT USING ORACLE MANAGED KEYS  
Leaves all encryption-related matters to Oracle.  
 ENCRYPT USING CUSTOMER-MANAGED KEYS  
Requires you to have access to a valid Key Management key. ([Learn More](#))

TAGS  
 Tagging is a metadata system that allows you to organize and track resources within your tenancy. Tags are composed of keys and values that can be attached to resources.  
[Learn more about tagging](#)

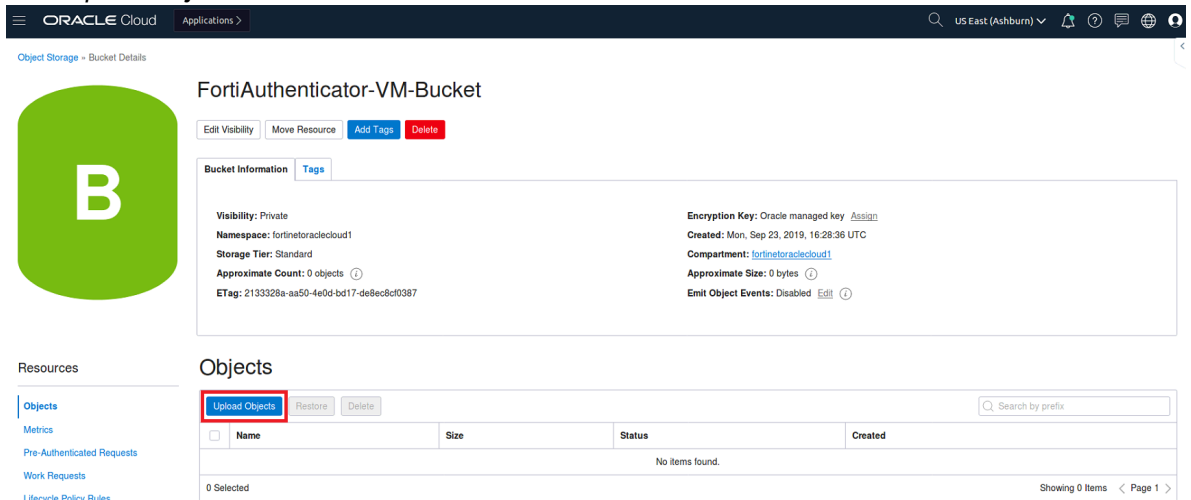
TAG NAMESPACE TAG KEY VALUE

[+ Additional Tag](#)

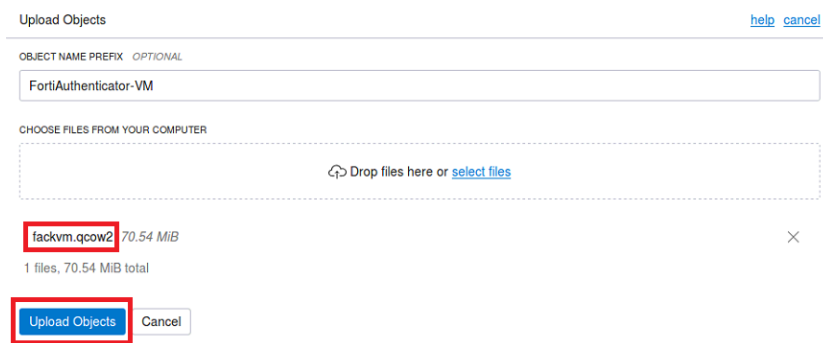
10. Click the name of the bucket you created to edit it.



11. Click *Upload Objects*.



12. Upload the objects:
  - a. (Optional) Edit the *Object Name Prefix*.
  - b. Upload the deployment image *fackvm.qcow2* file that you downloaded.
  - c. Click *Upload Objects*.





13. Select *View Object Details* for the newly uploaded object.

14. Save the URI of the object.



This file is required in a subsequent step.

## Importing the image

1. In OCI, go to *Core Infrastructure > Compute > Custom Images*, and click *Import Image*.

2. On the *Import Image* page:
  - a. *Name* the image.
  - b. Set the *Image Type* to *QCOW2*.
  - c. Set the *Launch Mode* to *Paravirtualized Mode*.
  - d. Click *Import Image* and wait for the image status to become *Available*.

3. Go to *Core Infrastructure > Block Storage > Block Volumes*, and click *Create Block Volume*.

Name	State	Size	Availability Domain
<a href="#">FortiAuthenticator-VM-volume</a>	● Provisioning...	50 GB	www1:US-ASHBURN-AD-1
<a href="#">FAC5-5024-BV</a>	● Available	50 GB	www1:US-ASHBURN-AD-1
<a href="#">red-BV2</a>	● Available	1024 GB	www1:US-ASHBURN-AD-1

4. On the *Create Block Volume* page:

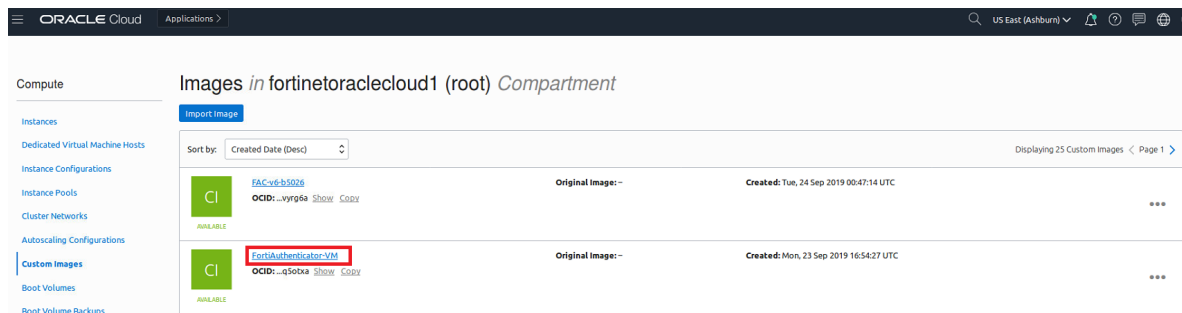
- a. Name the volume.
- b. Set the block volume *Size (in GB)*.

The FortiAuthenticator-VM is able to run using the minimum 50 GB size, but a larger storage size may be desirable depending on how long of a log history must be preserved and how much activity the VM instance will be subject to.

- c. Click *Create Block Volume*.

## Launching the FortiAuthenticator-VM instance

1. In OCI go to *Core Infrastructure > Compute > Custom Images*, and click the previously imported image. See [Importing the image on page 9](#).



2. Click *Create Instance*.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Cloud console interface for the 'FortiAuthenticator-VM' image. The 'Create Instance' button is highlighted with a red box. The page displays the following information:

- Custom Image Information:**
  - OCID: ...q5otxa [Show](#) [Copy](#)
  - Original Image: -
  - Compartment: fortinetoradcloud1 (root)
  - Launch Mode: PARAVIRTUALIZED
  - Created: Mon, 23 Sep 2019 16:54:27 UTC
  - Compatible Shapes: VM.Standard2.1, VM.Standard2.2, VM.Standard2.4, VM.Standard2.8, VM.Standard2.16, VM.Standard2.24, VM.Standard1.1, VM.Standard1.2, VM.Standard1.4, VM.Standard1.8, VM.Standard1.16
- Launch Options:**
  - NIC Attachment Type: PARAVIRTUALIZED
  - Remote Data Volume: PARAVIRTUALIZED
  - Firmware: BIOS
  - Boot Volume Type: PARAVIRTUALIZED

Below the image information, there is a 'Work Requests' table with columns: Operation, Status, % Complete, Accepted, Started, and Finished. The table currently shows 'No items found.' and 'Showing 0 item(s) < Page 1 >'.

3. On the *Create Compute Instance* page:
- a. In the *Name your instance* field, name the instance.
  - b. In the *Configure networking* section, configure the network.



The *Subnet* must be a public network reachable using an SSH client and web browser.

ORACLE Cloud Applications >

### Create Compute Instance

Name your instance  
FAC-VM-instance-20190923-1356

Choose an operating system or image source ⓘ

FortiAuthenticator-VM Change Image Source

[Hide Shape, Network, Storage Options](#)

Availability Domain

<b>AD 1</b> www1.US-ASHBURN-AD-1 ✓	<b>AD 2</b> www1.US-ASHBURN-AD-2	<b>AD 3</b> www1.US-ASHBURN-AD-3
---------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

Instance Type

<b>Virtual Machine</b> A virtual machine is an independent computing environment that runs on top of physical bare metal hardware. ✓	<b>Bare Metal Machine</b> A bare metal compute instance gives you dedicated physical server access for highest performance and strong isolation.
---	---

Instance Shape

**VM.Standard2.1 (Virtual Machine)**  
1 Core OCPU, 15 GB Memory Change Shape

Configure networking

Virtual cloud network compartment  
fortinetoraclecloud1 (root) ⇅

Virtual cloud network  
red-VCN1 ⇅

Subnet compartment  
fortinetoraclecloud1 (root) ⇅

Subnet ⓘ  
Public Subnet www1.US-ASHBURN-AD-1 ⇅

Use network security groups to control traffic ⓘ

Boot volume

Default boot volume size: 46.6 GB

Custom boot volume size (in GB)

Choose a key from Key Management to encrypt this volume

Add SSH key ⓘ

Choose SSH key file  Paste SSH keys

Choose SSH key file (.pub) from your computer

Choose Files

[Show Advanced Options](#)

Create Cancel

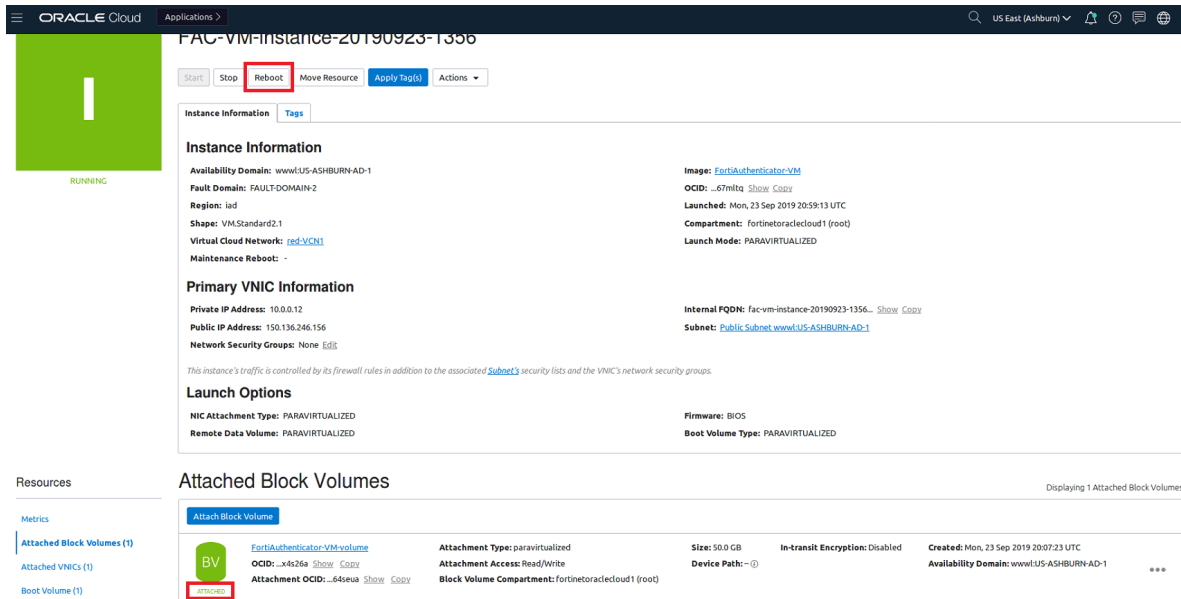
4. Once the instance is *Running*:
  - a. From the side-menu, select *Attached Block Volumes (0)*.
  - b. Click *Attach Block*.

The screenshot displays the Oracle Cloud console interface for a VM instance. The instance name is 'FAC-VM-instance-20190923-1356' and its status is 'RUNNING'. The 'Instance Information' section includes details such as Availability Domain (wwwl:US-ASHBURN-AD-1), Fault Domain (FAULT-DOMAIN-2), Region (iad), Shape (VM.Standard2.1), and Virtual Cloud Network (red-VCN1). The 'Primary VNIC Information' section shows Private IP Address (10.0.0.12) and Public IP Address (150.136.246.156). The 'Launch Options' section indicates NIC Attachment Type (PARAVIRTUALIZED), Remote Data Volume (PARAVIRTUALIZED), and Boot Volume Type (PARAVIRTUALIZED). In the 'Attached Block Volumes' section, there are no volumes attached, and the 'Attach Block Volume' button is highlighted with a red box. The 'Resources' section also shows 'Attached Block Volumes (0)' highlighted with a red box.

5. On the *Attach Block Volume* page, select the following options, and click *Attach*:
  - *PARAVIRTUALIZED*
  - *READ/WRITE*
  - The previously created *BLOCK VOLUME*

The screenshot shows the 'Attach Block Volume' configuration page. The 'Attach Block Volume' button is highlighted with a red box. The configuration options are: Attachment Type: PARAVIRTUALIZED, Access: READ/WRITE, and Block Volume: FortiAuthenticator-VM-volume.

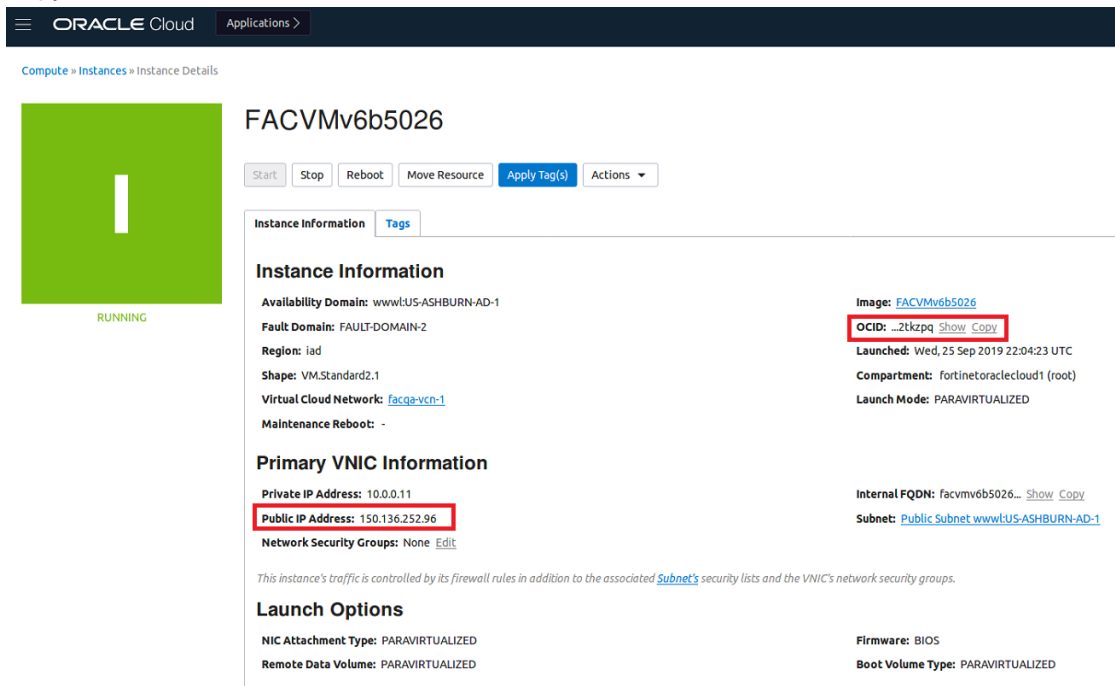
6. Wait for the block volume to reach the *Attached* state, then click *Reboot* to restart the FortiAuthenticator-VM.



## Connecting to FortiAuthenticator-VM

To access the GUI console of the FortiAuthenticator-VM, log in to its CLI console via SSH, and then connect the public IP address assigned to the instance.

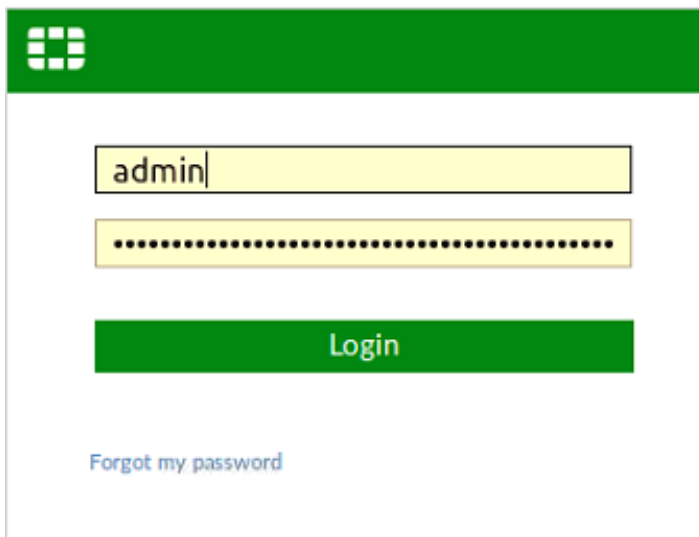
1. On OCI, go to *Core Infrastructure > Compute > Instances*, and click the name of the FortiAuthenticator-VM instance that is running.
2. Copy the *Public IP Address* and *OCID*.



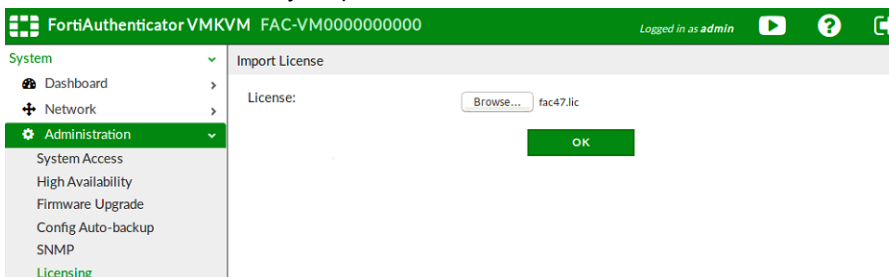
3. Connect to the public IP address using an SSH client.
  - a. Log in with *admin* as the username and the *OCID* as the password.
  - b. Using the CLI, add the public IP address to the `allowed-hosts`. For example:

```
> config system global
(global): set allowed-hosts 150.136.252.96
(global): end
>
```

4. In a browser, go to `https://<Public IP Address>`.  
The browser will display a certificate error message, because the default FortiAuthenticator certificate is self-signed and not recognized by browsers.  
You can proceed past this message.
5. Log in with *admin* as the username and the *OCID* as the password.



6. Go to *System > Administration > Licensing*.
7. Click *Browse*, and select your purchased FortiAuthenticator-VM license file.



8. Click *OK*.  
The FortiAuthenticator-VM instance is ready to use after the automatic reboot.





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