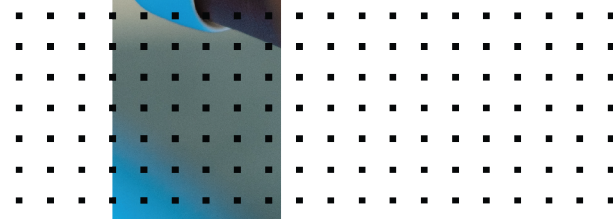
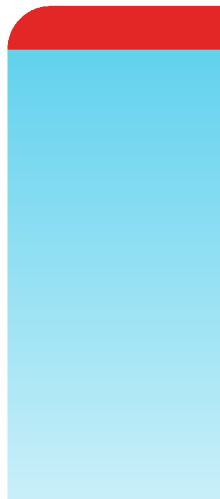


Hyper V Deployment Guide

FortiDeceptor 6.1.0



FORTINET DOCUMENT LIBRARY

<https://docs.fortinet.com>

FORTINET VIDEO LIBRARY

<https://video.fortinet.com>

FORTINET BLOG

<https://blog.fortinet.com>

CUSTOMER SERVICE & SUPPORT

<https://support.fortinet.com>

FORTINET TRAINING & CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

<https://www.fortinet.com/training-certification>

FORTINET TRAINING INSTITUTE

<https://training.fortinet.com>

FORTIGUARD LABS

<https://www.fortiguard.com>

END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT

<https://www.fortinet.com/doc/legal/EULA.pdf>

FEEDBACK

Email: techdoc@fortinet.com



February 25, 2025

FortiDeceptor 6.1.0 Hyper V Deployment Guide

00-600-806195-20250225

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Change Log 4**
- About FortiDeceptor VM on Microsoft Hyper-V 5**
 - Licensing 5
- Minimum system requirements 6**
- Deploying FortiDeceptor VM on Microsoft Hyper-V 7**
 - Prepare the FortiDeceptor image for Hyper-V 7
 - Configure the Virtual Machine 9
 - Configure the hardware settings 13

Change Log

Date	Change Description
2024-07-16	Initial release.
2024-09-06	Added Minimum system requirements on page 6.

About FortiDeceptor VM on Microsoft Hyper-V

FortiDeceptor VM is a 64-bit virtual appliance version of FortiDeceptor. It is deployed in a virtual machine environment. Once the virtual appliance is deployed and set up, you can manage FortiDeceptor VM via its GUI in a web browser on your management computer.

This document provides information about deploying a FortiDeceptor VM in Microsoft Hyper-V environments.

This includes how to configure the virtual hardware settings of the virtual appliance. This guide presumes that the reader has a thorough understanding of virtualization servers.

This document does not cover configuration and operation of the virtual appliance after it has been successfully installed and started. For that information, see the *FortiDeceptor Administration Guide* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

Licensing

Fortinet offers the FortiDeceptor in a stackable license model. This model allows you to expand your VM solution as your environment expands. For information on purchasing a FortiDeceptor license, contact your Fortinet Authorized Reseller, or visit https://www.fortinet.com/how_to_buy/.

For more information, see the FortiDeceptor product data sheet available on the Fortinet web site, <https://www.fortinet.com/content/dam/fortinet/assets/data-sheets/FortiDeceptor.pdf>.

After placing an order for FortiDeceptor, a license registration code is sent to the email address used in the order form. Use the license registration code provided to register the FortiDeceptor with Customer Service & Support at <https://support.fortinet.com>.

Upon registration, you can download the license file. You will need this file to activate your FortiDeceptor. You can configure basic network settings from the CLI to complete the deployment. Once the license file is uploaded and validated, the CLI and GUI will be fully functional.

Minimum system requirements

The following are the minimum system requirements for deploying decoys with FortiDeceptor for Hyper-V:

Technical Specification	Details
Virtual CPUs (min / max)	4/ Unlimited
Virtual Network Interfaces	2-6
Virtual Memory (min / max)	8GB / Unlimited
Virtual Storage (min / max)	HDD 500GB/ 16TB



A minimum of 8GB of memory and two CPUs are required for the VM. Fortinet recommends that the number of CPU cores be four more than the number of Deception VMs, and 3GB of RAM per Deception VM.

Deploying FortiDeceptor VM on Microsoft Hyper-V

To deploy FortiDeceptor VM on Microsoft Hyper-V:

1. Prepare the FortiDeceptor image for Hyper-V on page 7
2. Configure the Virtual Machine on page 9
3. Configure the hardware settings on page 13

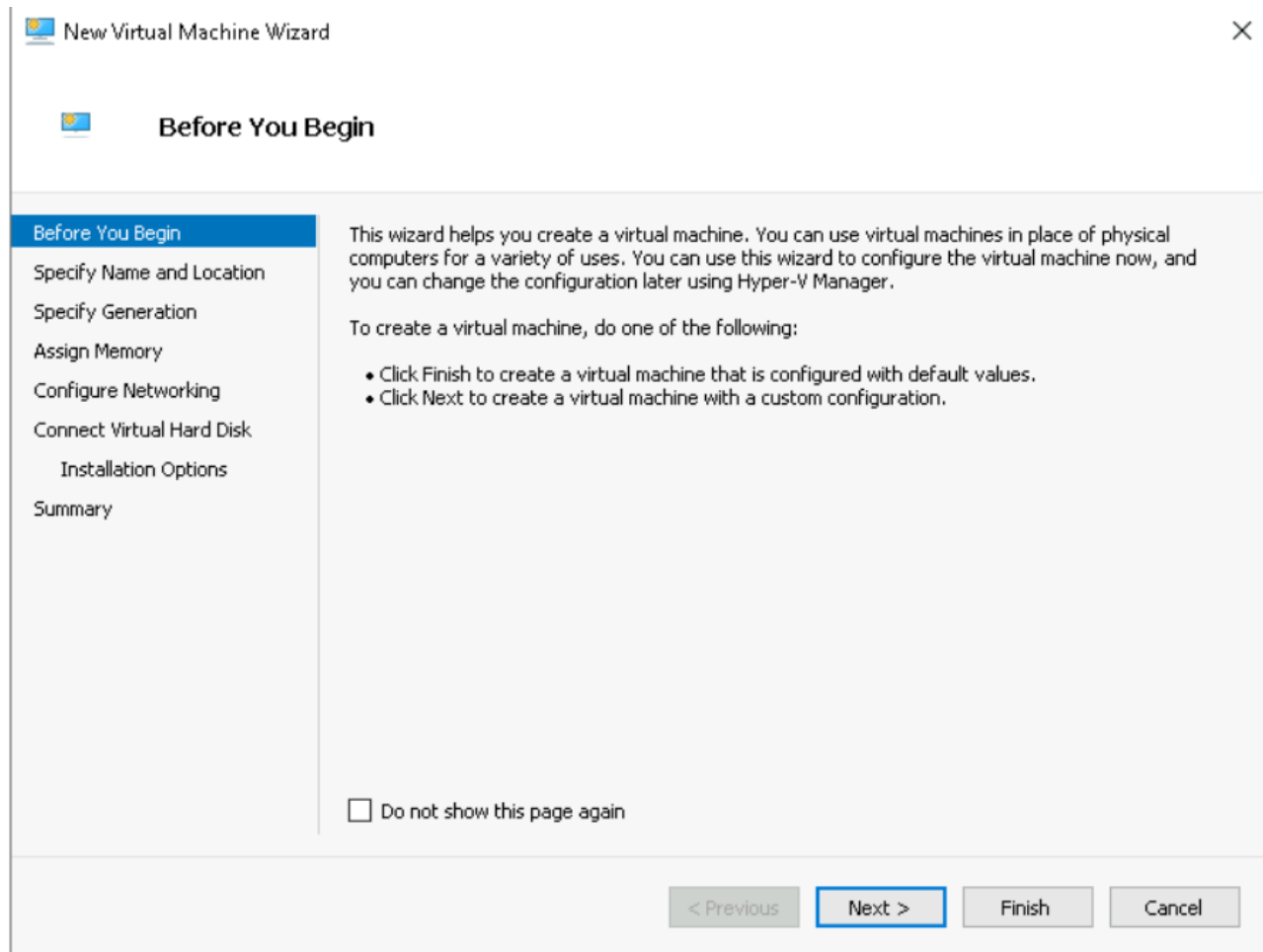
Prepare the FortiDeceptor image for Hyper-V

Download the image archive file for the Hyper-V platform and unzip it to get image file `.out.hyperv.zip`. After the image is downloaded, connect to the Hyper-V server to create the Virtual Machine.

To download the FortiDeceptor image:

1. Log in to [FortiCloud](#).
2. In the banner, click *Support > Downloads > Firmware Download*. The *Download/Firmware Images* page opens.
3. From the *Select Product* dropdown, select *FortiDeceptor*.
4. Click the *Download* tab.
5. In the *Image File Path* section, click the image folder until you reach the image page.
6. Select `FDC_VM-v400-build0204-FORTINET.out.hyperv.zip`.
7. Go to *Start > Windows Administrative > Tools > Hyper-V Manager* to launch the Hyper-V Manager on your Microsoft server.
8. In the *Actions* pane, click *Connect to Server* to connect to the Hyper-V server.
9. Right-click the server and click *New > Virtual Machine*. The *New Virtual Machine Wizard* opens.

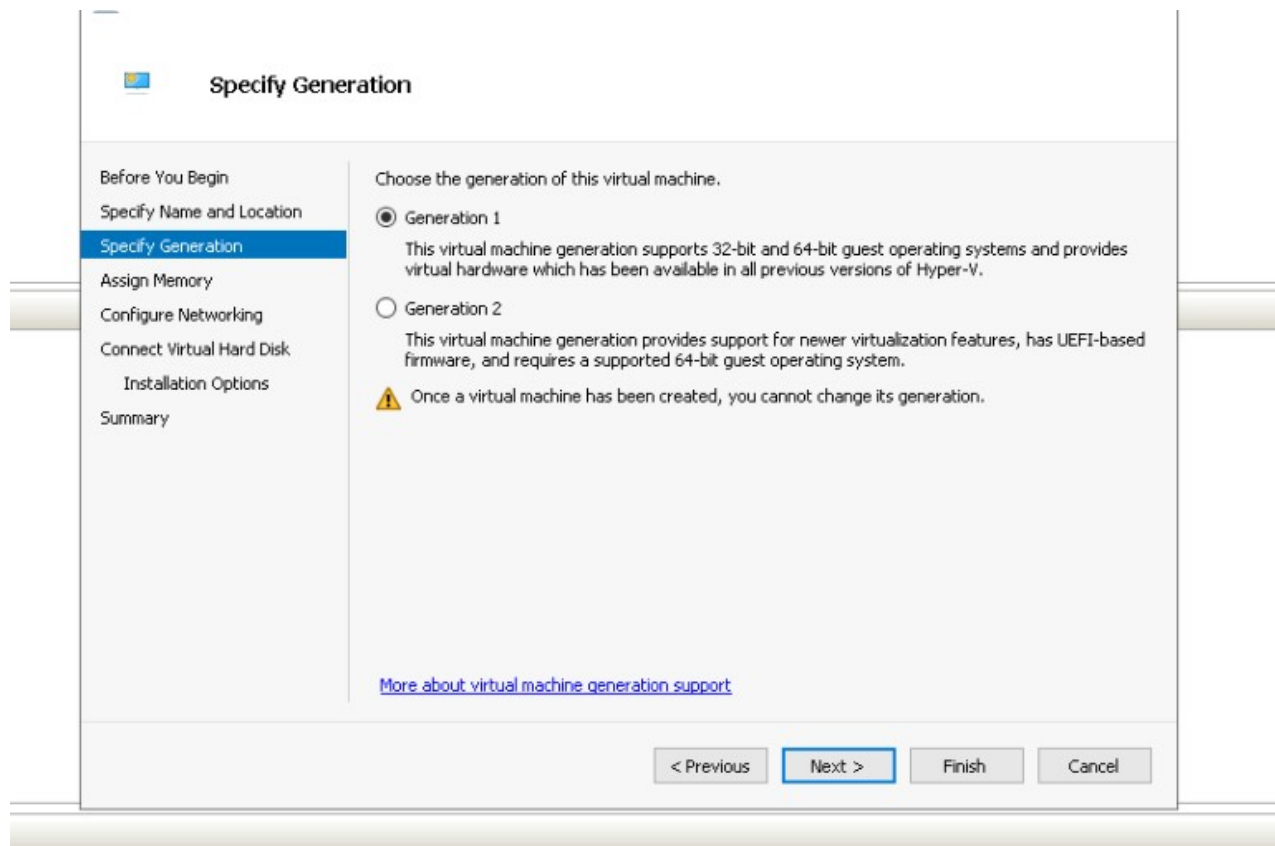
Alternatively, in the *Actions* menu, you can click *New > Virtual Machine* to launch the wizard.



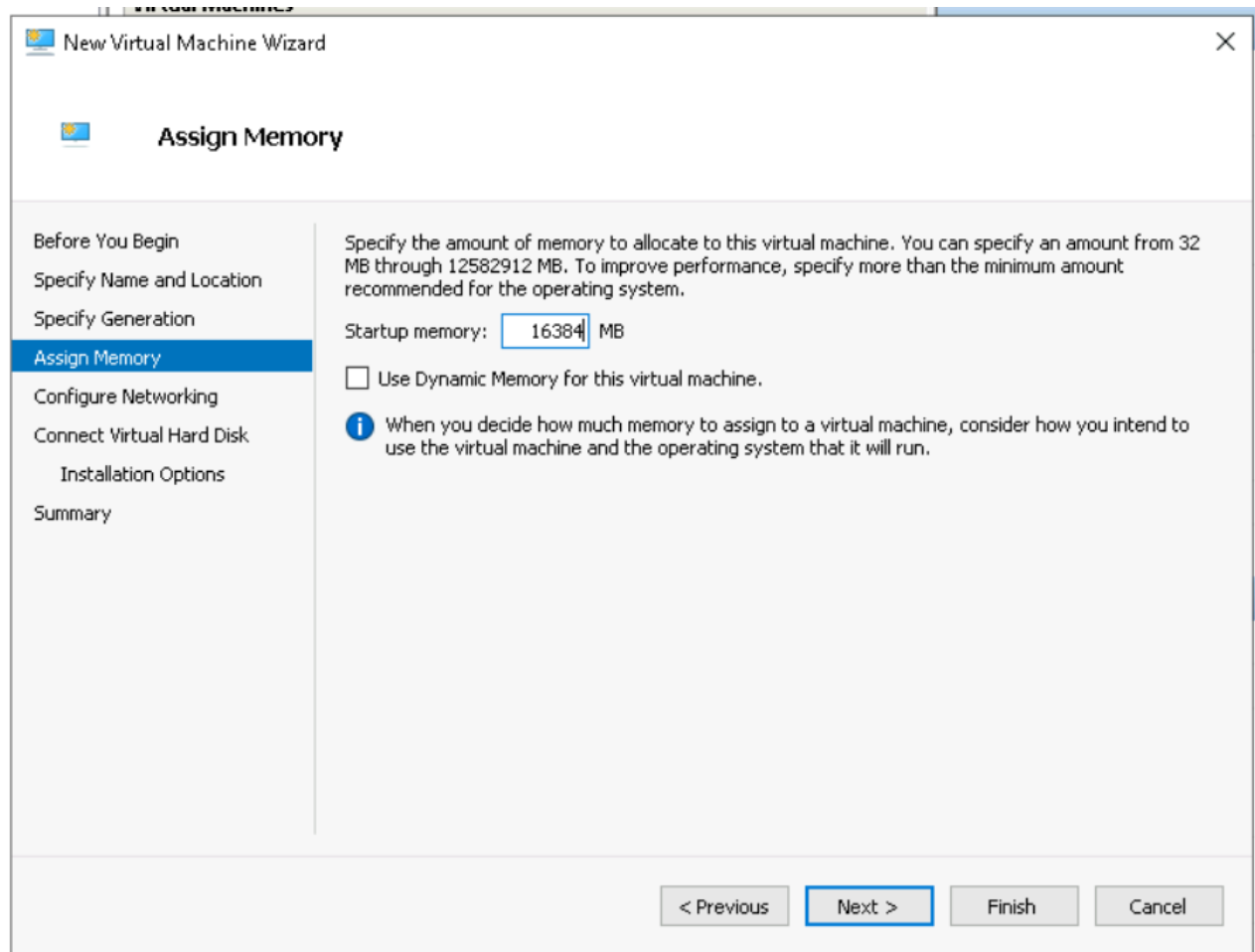
Configure the Virtual Machine

To configure the VM:

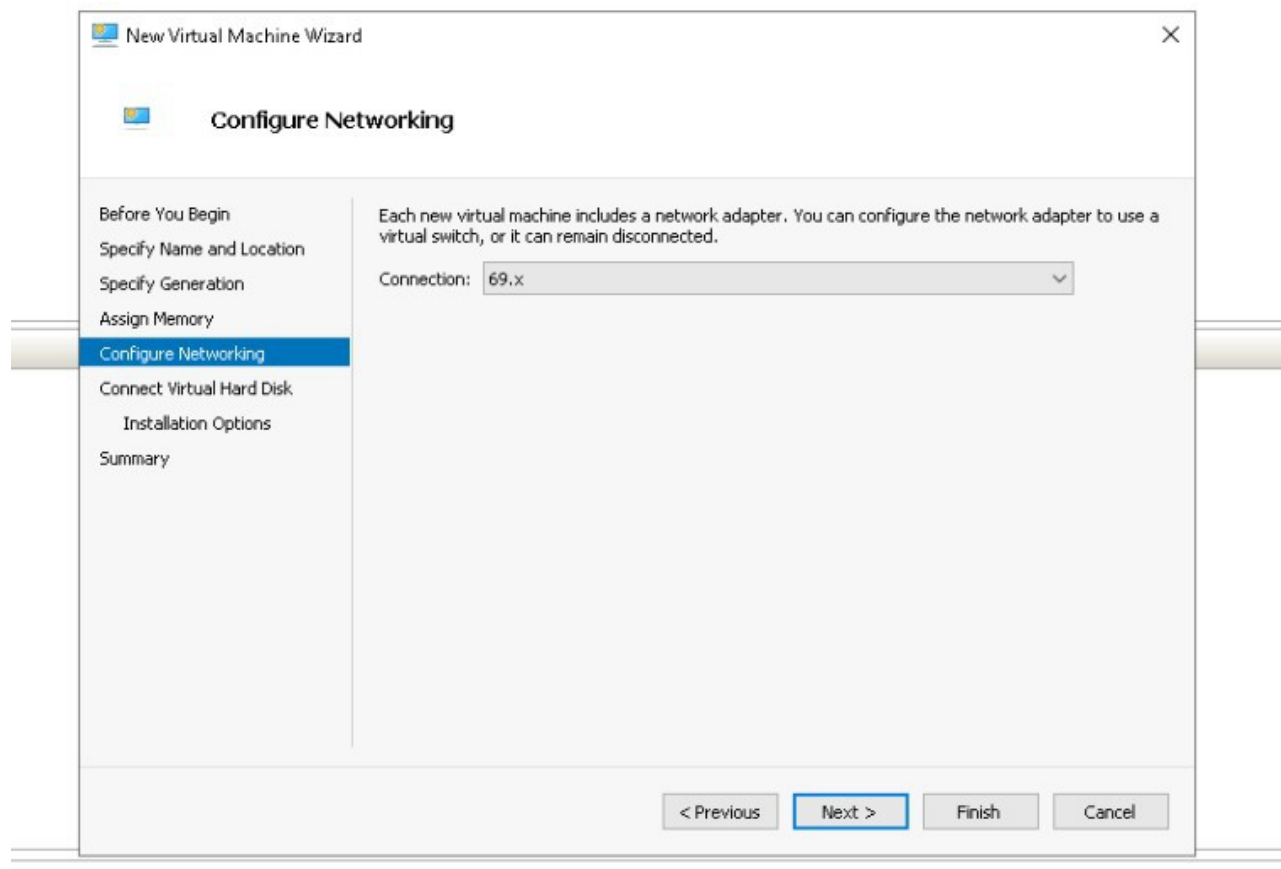
1. Specify a name for your FortiDeceptor and Location (if it is different from the default) for the VM and click *Next*.
2. Select *Generation 1*. This option is mandatory for FortiDeceptor.



3. In the *Startup memory* field, specify the amount of memory to allocate to this VM and click *Next*. The recommended memory for the FortiDeceptor VM is 16 GB.



4. From the *Connection* dropdown, configure the network adapter for port1, then click *Next*.



5. Select *Attach a virtual hard disk later* and click *Next*. We will perform this task in a following section.

The screenshot shows the 'New Virtual Machine Wizard' window, specifically the 'Connect Virtual Hard Disk' step. The left sidebar contains a list of steps: 'Before You Begin', 'Specify Name and Location', 'Specify Generation', 'Assign Memory', 'Configure Networking', 'Connect Virtual Hard Disk' (which is highlighted in blue), and 'Summary'. The main area of the wizard contains the following text and options:

A virtual machine requires storage so that you can install an operating system. You can specify the storage now or configure it later by modifying the virtual machine's properties.

☐ Create a virtual hard disk
Use this option to create a VHDX dynamically expanding virtual hard disk.

Name: FDC.69.143.vhdx
Location: C:\Users\Public\Documents\Hyper-V\Virtual Hard Disks\ Browse...
Size: 127 GB (Maximum: 64 TB)

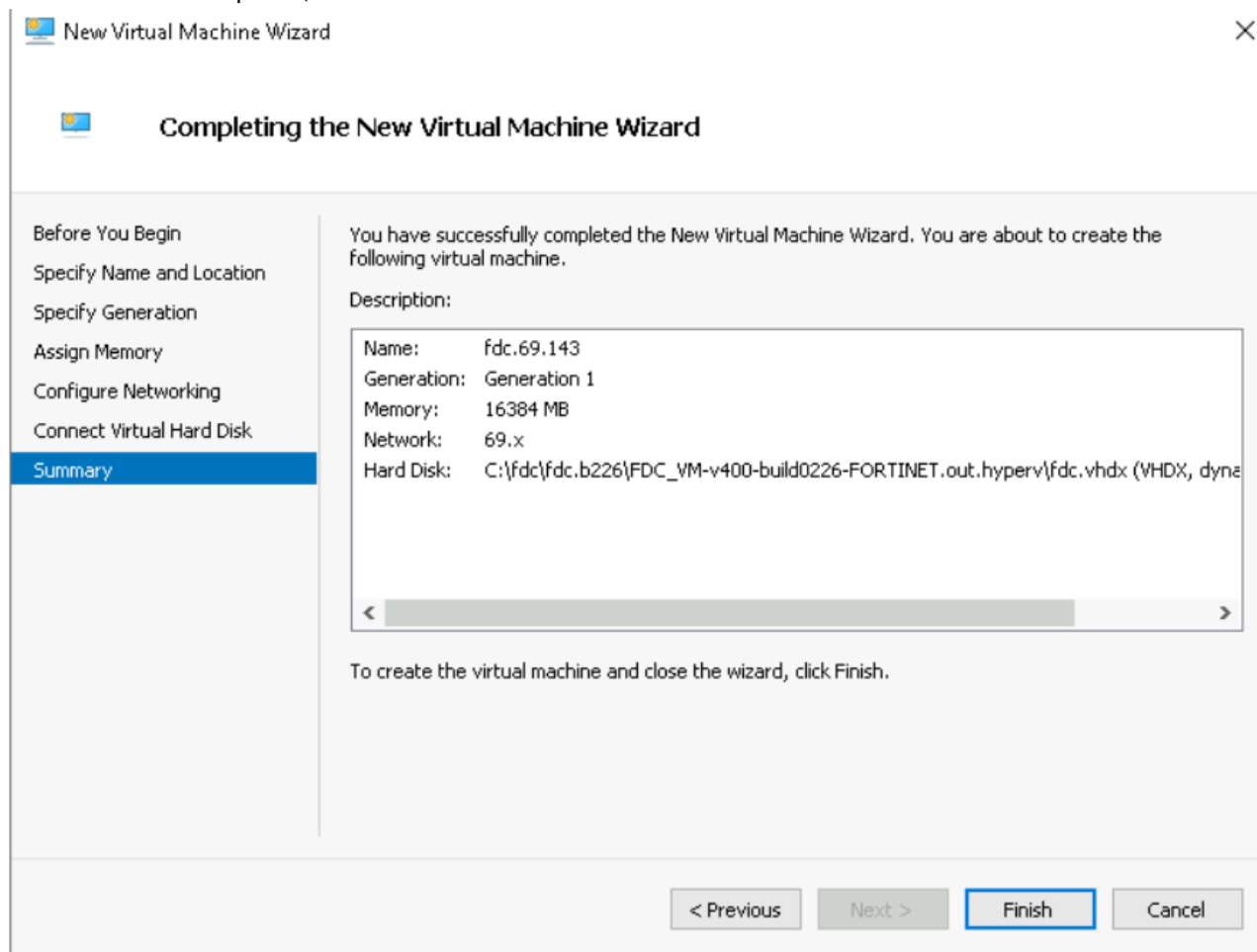
☒ Use an existing virtual hard disk
Use this option to attach an existing virtual hard disk, either VHD or VHDX format.

Location: C:\fde\fdc.b0204\fdc.vhdx Browse...

☐ Attach a virtual hard disk later
Use this option to skip this step now and attach an existing virtual hard disk later.

At the bottom of the wizard, there are four buttons: '< Previous', 'Next >' (which is highlighted in blue), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

6. Review the chosen options, then click *Finish*.



Do not start the FortiDeceptor VM until you have completed all the steps in [Configure the hardware settings on page 13](#).

Configure the hardware settings

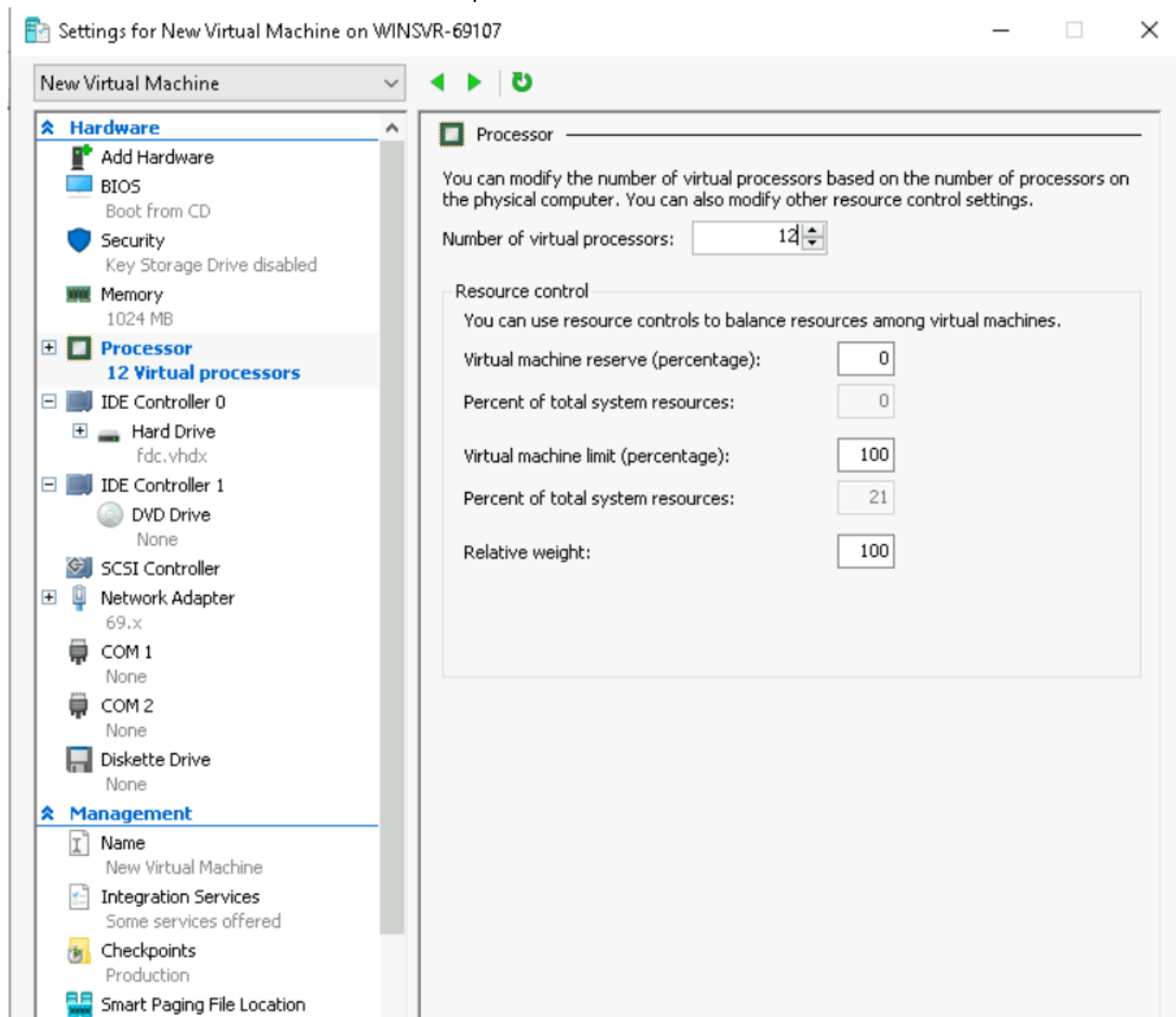
To configure the hardware settings, set the number of processors and attach the hard drive from the package you downloaded. After you have attached the hard drive, configure the Network Adapter and Deployment Network.



Unlike ESXi, to configure a trunk port on Hyper-V requires using PowerShell commands.

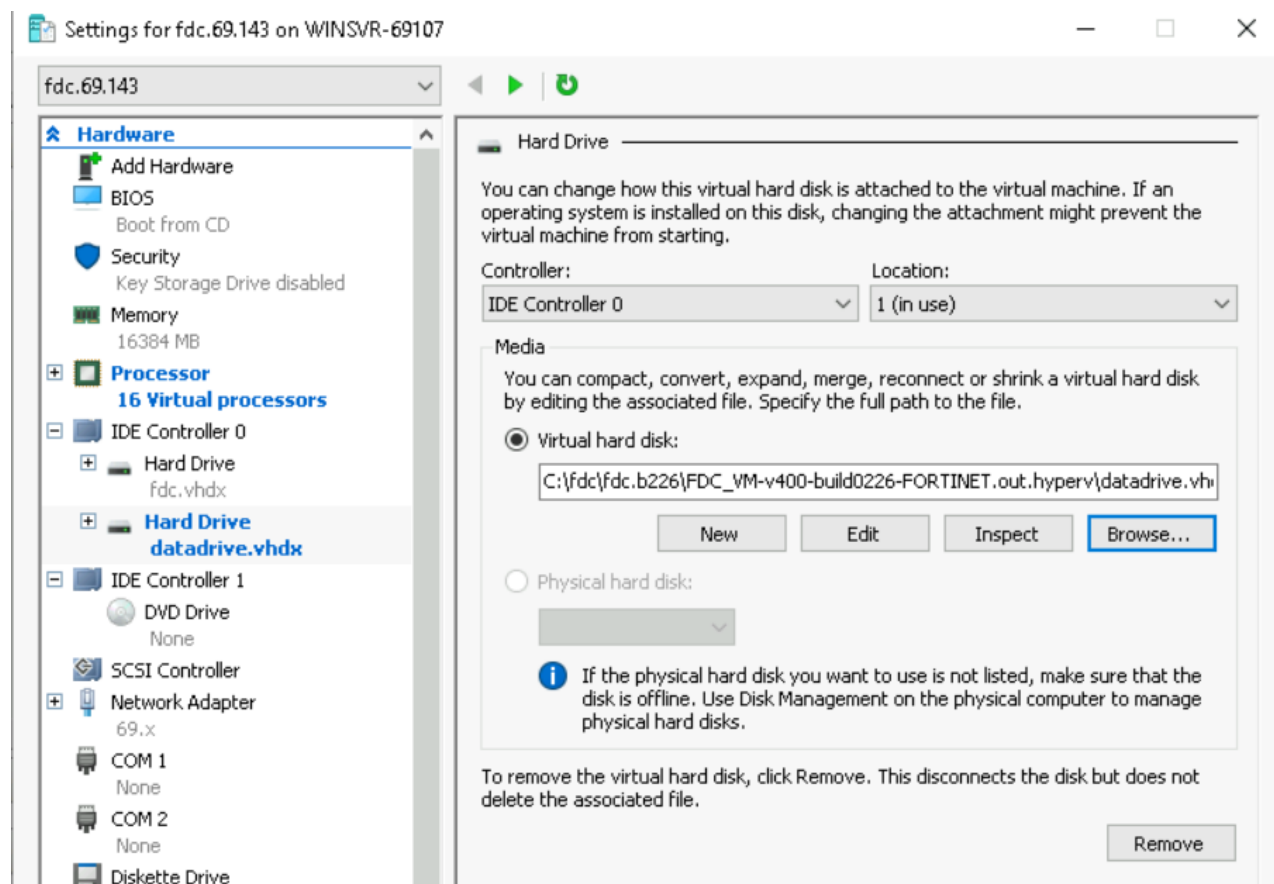
To configure the hardware settings:

1. Right-click the VM you created and click *Settings*.
2. Click *BIOS* and set the BIOS to boot from the IDE as primary by moving it to the top. Click *Apply*.
3. Click *Processor* and set the *Number of virtual processors* to a minimum of 12.

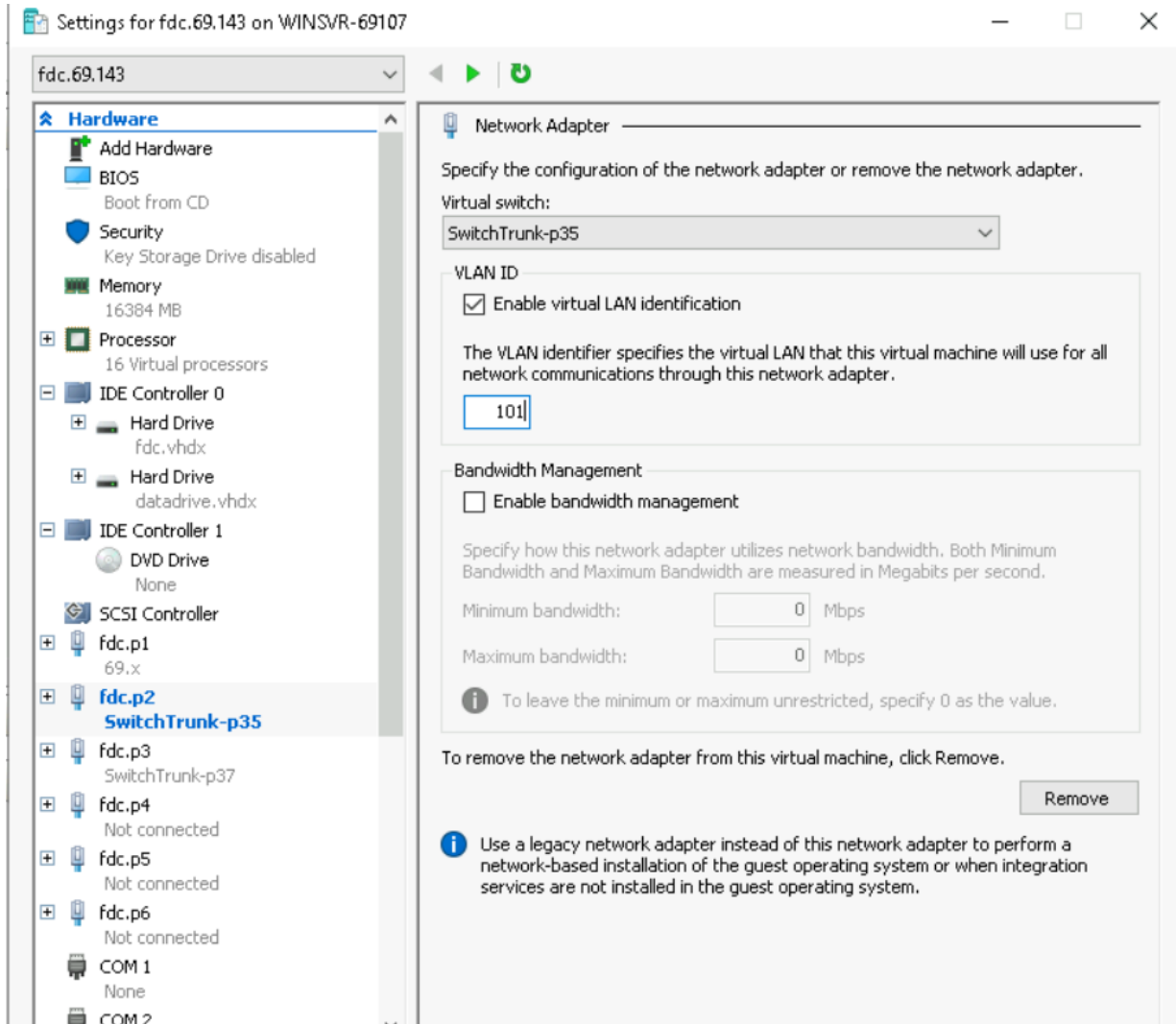


4. Click *IDE Controller 0* and add *Hard Drive*.
5. Select *Virtual Hard Disk*, then click *Browse* to attach the first hard drive from the download package *fdc.vhdx*.

Repeat this step for the second hard drive, 'datadrive.vhdx'.



6. FortiDeceptor requires at least two Network Adapters and a maximum of six.
 - a. Go to *Add Hardware > Network Adapter > Add* to attach the Network Adapters.

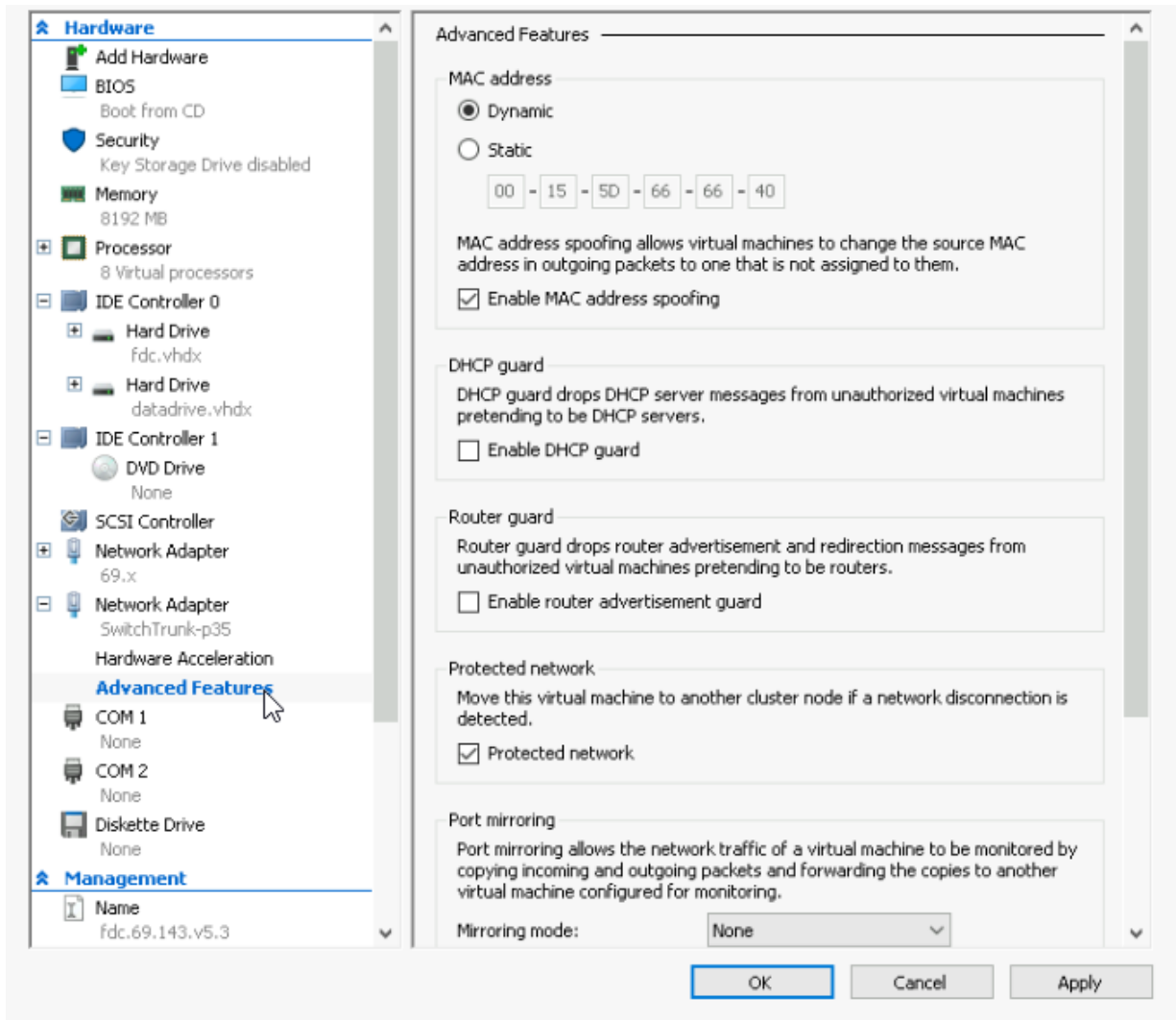


- b. Click *Advanced Features* and click *Enable MAC address spoofing*.



FortiDeceptor runs inside of Hyper-V and the FortiDeceptor decoy runs inside FortiDeceptor. This structure is called *Nested Virtualization*.

Enabling MAC address spoofing is required to allow the decoy's MAC address to connect to the Hyper-V network. Despite the name *MAC Spoofing*, this is a legitimate and required setting for any type of hypervisor in a Nested Virtualization.



c. Click *Apply* then click *OK*.

7. In the *Management* section, click *Smart Paging File Location* and use the *Browse* button to select the management folder on the Hyper-V server.
8. Open a *PowerShell* window on the Hyper-V server and execute the following CLI command:
9. Start up the FortiDeceptor console from the *Virtual Machines* window. The default login is *admin* with no password.
10. Open the console of the FortiDeceptor and configure the port1 IP and Default gateway as per the [FortiDeceptor Administration Guide](#).
11. (Optional) For Deployment Networks using a trunk port, you will need to configure the network adapter manually.

a. Add the VM Network Adapter using PowerShell. You can rename the existing adapter.

```
Rename-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName <VMName> -Name "Network Adapter" -Newname <new name>
Add-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName <VMName> -Name <port name>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator> Rename-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -Name "Network Adapter" -NewName fdc.p1
PS C:\Users\Administrator> Get-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName fdc.69.143
```

Name	IsManagementOs	VMName	SwitchName	MacAddress	Status	IPAddresses
fdc.p1	False	fdc.69.143	69.x	000000000000		{}

```

PS C:\Users\Administrator> Get-vmswitch

Name                SwitchType NetAdapterInterfaceDescription
-----
SwitchTrunk-p37     External   Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network Connection #4
69.x                External   Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network Connection #3
SwitchTrunk-p35     External   Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network Connection #2

PS C:\Users\Administrator>
PS C:\Users\Administrator> Get-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName fdc.69.143

Name      IsManagementOs VMName      SwitchName MacAddress      Status IPAddresses
-----
fdc.p1    False          fdc.69.143 69.x        000000000000     {}

PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p2 -SwitchName SwitchTrunk-p35
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p3 -SwitchName SwitchTrunk-p37
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p4
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p5
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p6
PS C:\Users\Administrator>

```

- b. Set the network adapter using VLAN Trunk Mode using the following command:

```

Set-VMNetworkAdaptervlan -VMName <VMName> -VMNetworkAdapterName <AdaptorName> -Trunk
-AllowedVlanIdList "4-4090" -NativeVlanId 0

```

```

PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p2 -SwitchName SwitchTrunk-p35
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p3 -SwitchName SwitchTrunk-p37
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p4
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p5
PS C:\Users\Administrator> add-vmnetworkadapter -VMName fdc.69.143 -name fdc.p6
PS C:\Users\Administrator> Set-VMNetworkAdaptervlan -VMName fdc.69.143 -VMNetworkAdapterName fdc.p3 -Trunk -AllowedVlanI
dList "4-4090" -NativeVlanId 0
PS C:\Users\Administrator> Get-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName fdc.69.143

Name      IsManagementOs VMName      SwitchName MacAddress      Status IPAddresses
-----
fdc.p1    False          fdc.69.143 69.x        000000000000     {}
fdc.p2    False          fdc.69.143 SwitchTrunk-p35 000000000000     {}
fdc.p3    False          fdc.69.143 SwitchTrunk-p37 000000000000     {}
fdc.p4    False          fdc.69.143          000000000000     {}
fdc.p5    False          fdc.69.143          000000000000     {}
fdc.p6    False          fdc.69.143          000000000000     {}

PS C:\Users\Administrator>

```



www.fortinet.com

Copyright© 2025 Fortinet, Inc. All rights reserved. Fortinet®, FortiGate®, FortiCare® and FortiGuard®, and certain other marks are registered trademarks of Fortinet, Inc., and other Fortinet names herein may also be registered and/or common law trademarks of Fortinet. All other product or company names may be trademarks of their respective owners. Performance and other metrics contained herein were attained in internal lab tests under ideal conditions, and actual performance and other results may vary. Network variables, different network environments and other conditions may affect performance results. Nothing herein represents any binding commitment by Fortinet, and Fortinet disclaims all warranties, whether express or implied, except to the extent Fortinet enters a binding written contract, signed by Fortinet's Chief Legal Officer, with a purchaser that expressly warrants that the identified product will perform according to certain expressly-identified performance metrics and, in such event, only the specific performance metrics expressly identified in such binding written contract shall be binding on Fortinet. For absolute clarity, any such warranty will be limited to performance in the same ideal conditions as in Fortinet's internal lab tests. Fortinet disclaims in full any covenants, representations, and guarantees pursuant hereto, whether express or implied. Fortinet reserves the right to change, modify, transfer, or otherwise revise this publication without notice, and the most current version of the publication shall be applicable.