

# Administration Guide

FortiData 7.6.2



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FortiData 7.6.2 Administration Guide

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# Change log

| Date       | Change Description   |
|------------|--|
| 2026-02-12 | Initial document release.  |
| 2026-03-20 | Updated <a href="#">Data Types on page 32</a> and <a href="#">Data Fingerprinting on page 34</a> . |

# Introduction

For most security and IT teams, visibility into data is fractured across multiple cloud and on-premise data stores and locations, resulting in fragmented data security coverage and low visibility into the current state of the organization's data security posture.

Leveraging AI machine learning, FortiData provides a centralized view of the sprawl of sensitive data across your on-premise SMB/CIFS file systems by discovering, classifying, and labeling sensitive data using its advanced data recognition and customizable data types. You can also configure scans to access and analyze files in a target location with a proper schedule.

FortiData supports integration with the following Fortinet security fabric products:

- [FortiGate](#) (7.6.4 or later)
- [FortiClient](#) (7.4.4 or later)

FortiData aims to strengthen data security in Fortinet security fabric and ensure that sensitive data is adequately protected at the endpoint, edge, on-premise, and in the cloud, whether the data is in transit or at rest.

This guide intends to help you navigate and leverage the features of FortiData and guide you through the process of creating scan tasks, configuring scan policies, and analyzing scan results using reports.

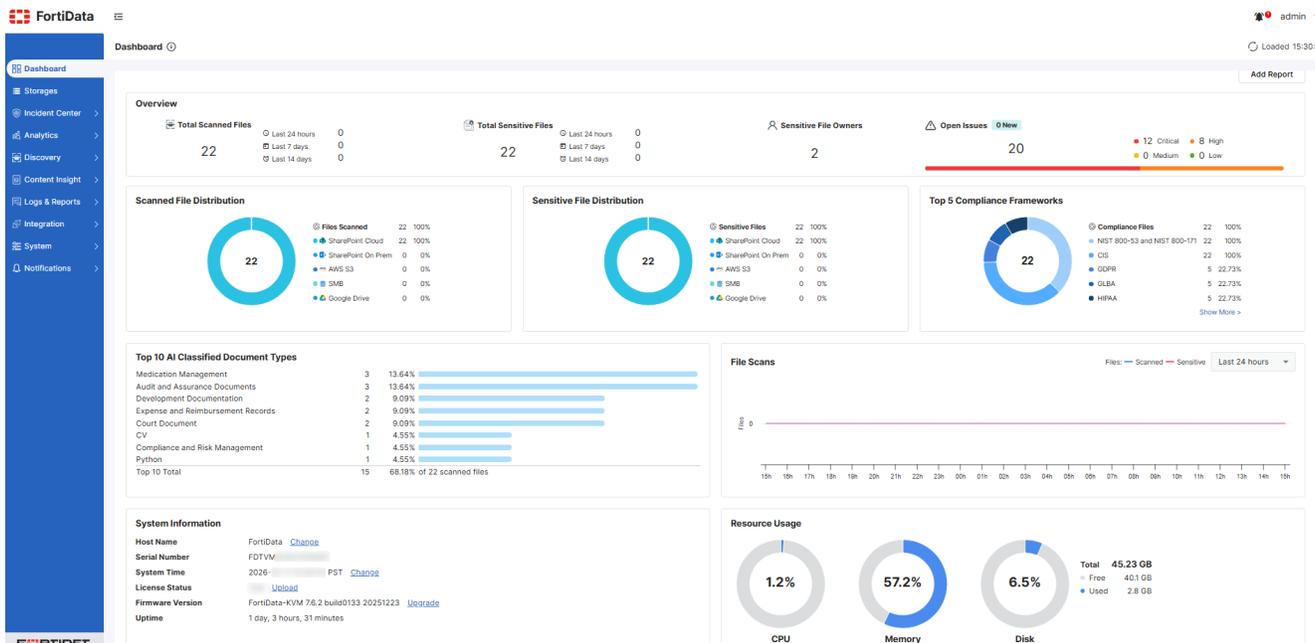
# Getting started

The following is a high-level workflow of using FortiData:

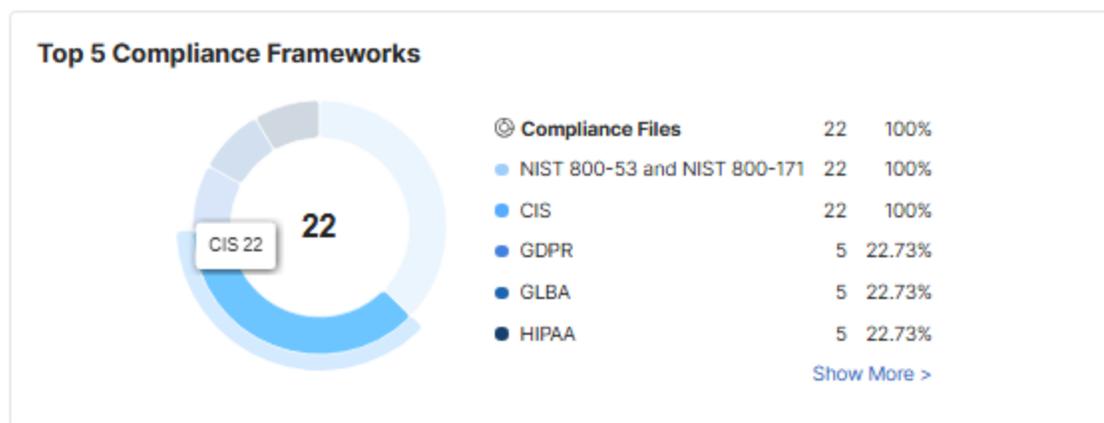
1. Configure interface and DNS settings. See [Network on page 53](#)
2. Configure timeout and system time. See [Settings on page 51](#).
3. Configure HTTPS server certificate. See [Certificates on page 56](#).
4. Create users of with different access scope to FortiData. See [User Management on page 45](#).
5. Configure data types and data classifiers to identify the data patterns to look for in files. See [Content Insight on page 32](#).
6. Create a storage location to scan for sensitive date and labeling. See [Storages on page 10](#).
7. Create discovery policies and scans to look for specific types of data in files in the target storage. See [Discovery on page 21](#).
8. Configure email notifications for data issues using built-in email templates. See [Notifications on page 62](#).
9. View aggregated scan results and reports in [Dashboard on page 7](#) and [Logs & Reports on page 40](#).
10. View the security posture of your files in [Analytics on page 16](#).

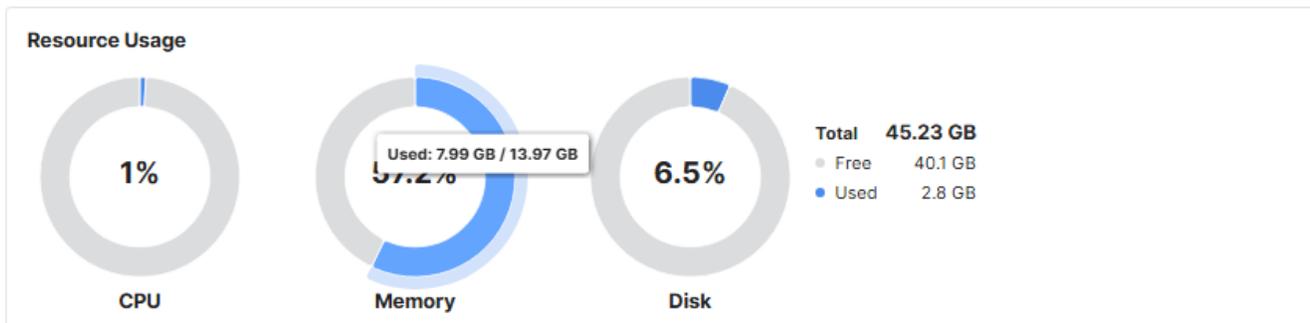
# Dashboard

Use the *Dashboard* to view information of the system, such as scanned or sensitive file distribution by platform, file compliance and sensitivity information, resource usage, and system information (hostname, serial number, system time, license status, firmware version). You can also add a *Risk Overview* report using the *Add Report* button on the top-right corner. The report will then be available in the *Logs & Reports > Reports on page 42* page.



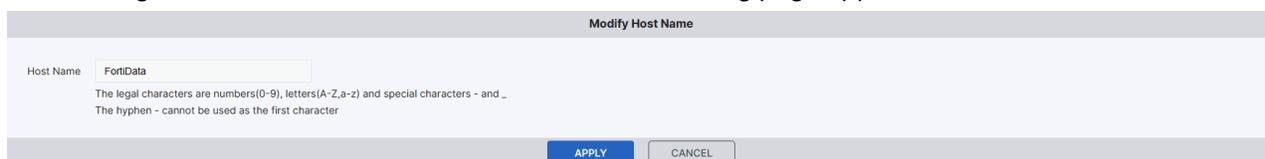
Hover your mouse over a graph or chart to view more details about the data points.





**To change the hostname:**

1. Go to the *Dashboard > System Information* widget.
2. Click *Change* at the end of the *Host Name* field. The following page appears.



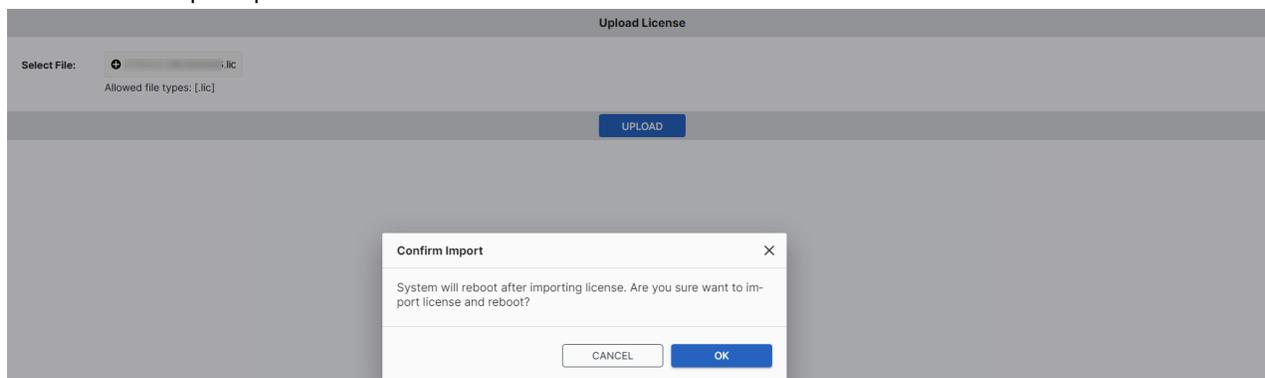
3. Specify the desired hostname and click *APPLY*.

**To change the system time:**

1. Go to the *Dashboard > System Information* widget.
2. Click *Change* at the end of the *System Time* field.
3. Configure the system time in the *System > Settings on page 51* tab.

**To upload or change the license:**

1. Go to the *Dashboard > System Information* widget.
2. Click *Upload* or *Upgrade* at the end of the *License* field.
3. Click *Browse* to locate the license file on your local disk.
4. Click *UPLOAD*.
5. Click *OK* when prompted.



## To upgrade the firmware:



FortiData does not support downgrading to previous firmware versions. You can back up configurations before upgrade or restore older firmware and configurations in *System > Backup & Restore on page 60*.

1. Download the firmware file from the [Fortinet support website](#). See the FortiData [KVM](#) or [ESXi](#) guide for more details.
2. Go to *Dashboard > System Information*.
3. Click *Upgrade* at the end of *Firmware Version*. The following window displays.



4. Click *Browse* to select the downloaded firmware.
5. Click *UPGRADE*.
6. Wait for the upgrade to complete, which might take a few minutes.

The system replaces the firmware on the active partition and reboots.

## To reboot the system:

1. Go to the *Dashboard*.
2. On the top-right corner, click *admin > Reboot*.

Alternatively, run the execute `reboot` command via the CLI.

## To shut down the system:

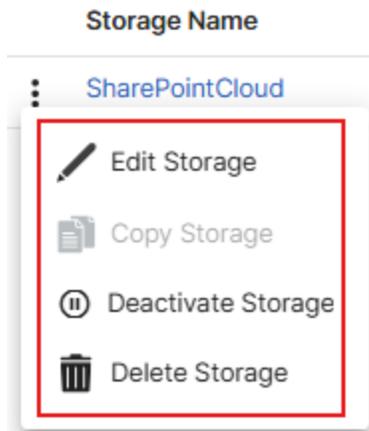
1. Go to the *Dashboard*.
2. On the top-right corner, click *admin > Shutdown*.

Alternatively, run the execute `shutdown` command via the CLI.

# Storages

The *Storages* page lists all storage locations you have configured in FortiData, which you can reference in [Scans on page 21](#). You can search the storages by queries with various conditions.

- To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.
- To edit, copy, activate/deactivate a storage, click the eclipsis in front of the storage name and select from the following options:



## To add a storage:

1. Click *Add Storage*.
2. specify the storage name and select the storage type from one of the following.
  - *AWS Bucket*
  - *SharePoint Cloud*
  - *SharePoint On Prem*
  - *SMB—Samba*
  - *Google Drive*

**Edit Storage**
✕

---

**Storage Name \***

**Storage Type \***

S
SharePoint Cloud
▼

**Tenant ID \***

**Client ID \***

**Client Secret \***

Enable Monitor Audit Logs

**Notes**

TEST CONNECTION

CANCEL

SAVE

- Specify the authentication details for the target location. For the following storage types, the user or application must have all the required permissions.

| Storage Type            | Required Permission(s)  |
|-------------------------|---|
| <i>AWS Bucket</i>       | <i>AmazonS3FullAccess</i>   |
| <i>SharePoint Cloud</i> | When using token authentication, the following permissions are required for FortiData to access the necessary APIs. |

| Storage Type | Required Permission(s)            |             |   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---|
|              | Permission                        | Type        | Description   |
|              | <b>Microsoft Graph</b>            |             |   |
|              | <i>Application.Read.All</i>       | Application | Read all applications.  |
|              | <i>AuditLog.Read.All</i>          | Application | Read all audit log data.  |
|              | <i>Directory.Read.All</i>         | Application | Read directory data.  |
|              | <i>Files.ReadWrite.All</i>        | Application | Read and write files in all site collections.   |
|              | <i>Group.Read.All</i>             | Application | Read all groups.  |
|              | <i>GroupMember.Read.All</i>       | Application | Read all group memberships.   |
|              | <i>Organization.Read.All</i>      | Application | Read organization information.  |
|              | <i>People.Read.All</i>            | Application | Read all users' relevant people lists.  |
|              | <i>Reports.Read.All</i>           | Application | Read all usage reports.   |
|              | <i>Sites.FullControl.All</i>      | Application | Have full control of all site collections.  |
|              | <i>Sites.Manage.All</i>           | Application | Create, edit, and delete items and lists in all site collections.   |
|              | <i>Sites.ReadWrite.All</i>        | Application | Read and write items in all site collections.   |
|              | <b>Office 365 Management APIs</b> |             |   |
|              | <i>ActivityFeed.Read</i>          | Application | Read activity data for your organization.<br>This permission is required only if <i>Enable Monitor Audit Logs</i> is enabled. |

4. Select *Enable Monitor Audit Logs* as needed.
5. Added notes as needed.
6. Click *TEST CONNECTION* to verify the connection is successful.
7. Click *SAVE*.

# Incident Center

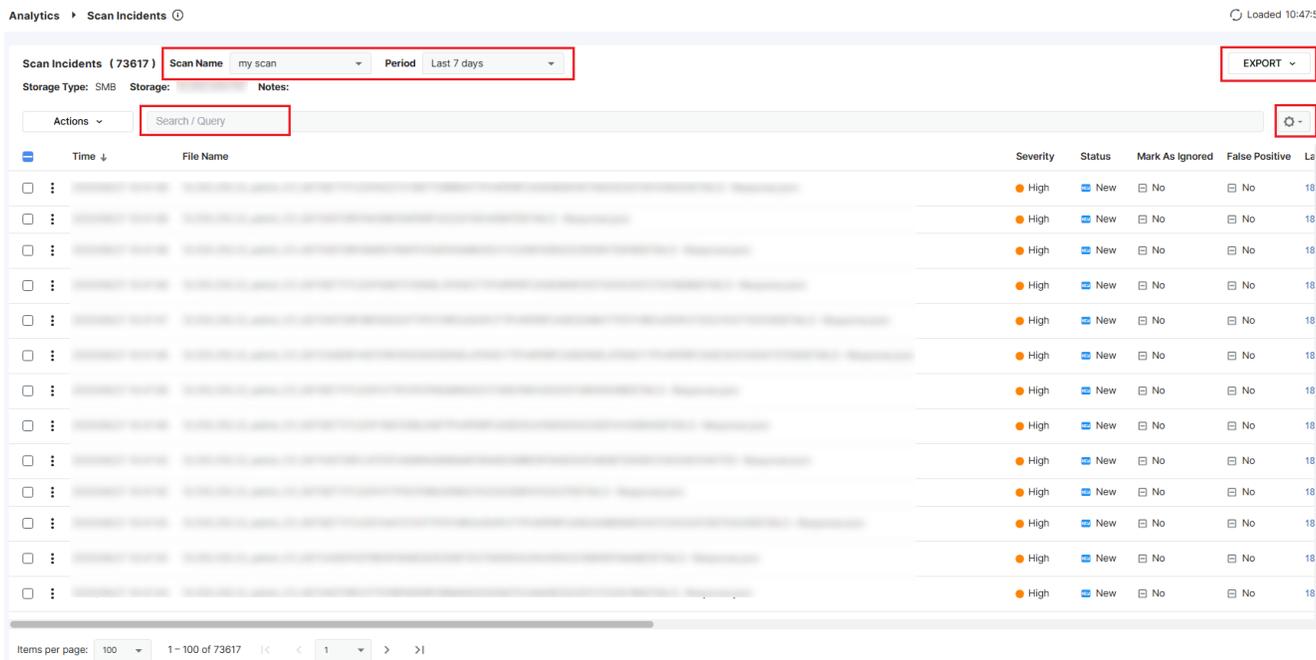
Go to the *Incident Center* page to view scan-based and integration-based incidents.

- [Issues on page 13](#)
- [Integration Events on page 15](#)

## Issues

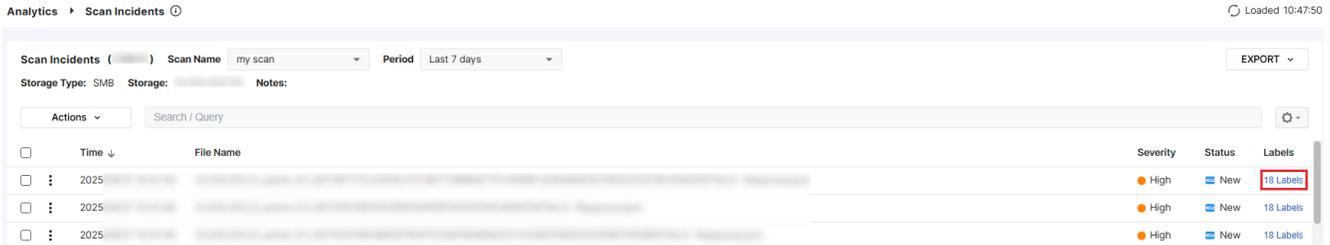
The *Incident Center > Issues* page lists scan-based incidents in an aggregated dynamic view. You can filter the logs by storage name, time period, and queries with various conditions. Retention period of scan incidents logs is 30 days

- To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.
- To export the logs, click *EXPORT > Export JSON/CSV*.

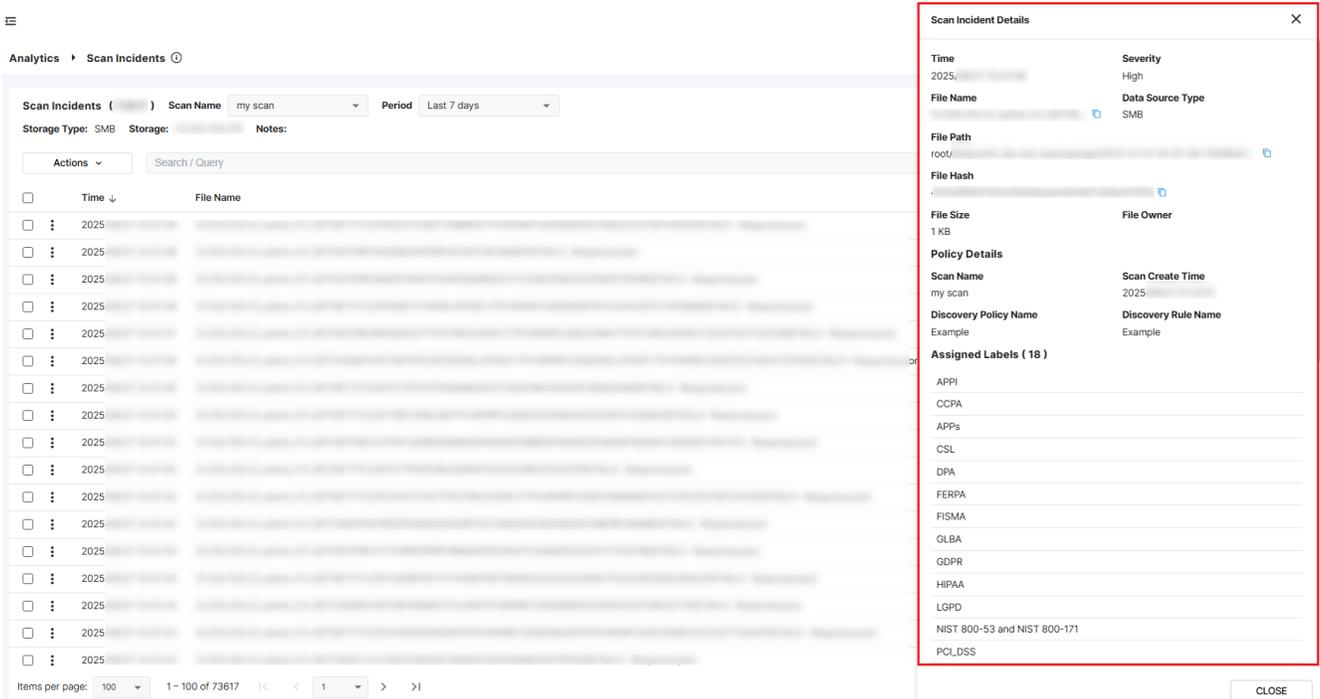
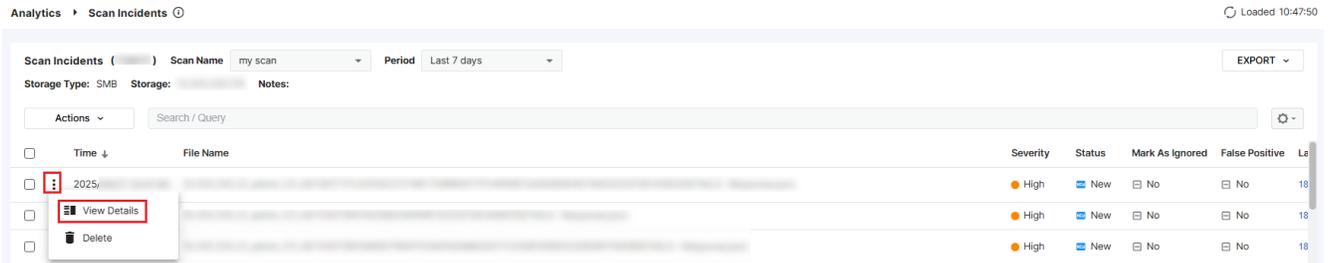


To see the assigned labels for an incident, click the link in the *Labels* column.

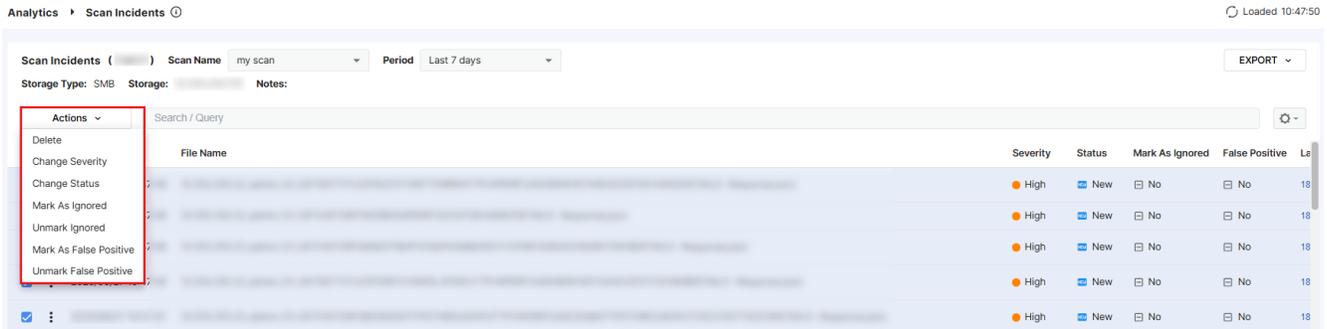
# Incident Center



To view more details of an incident, click the three dots at the front of the row and select *View Details*. The *Scan Incident Details* pane appears on the right.



Select one or more incidents and click the *Actions* button to perform the following operations:



## Integration Events

The *Incident Center > Integration Events* page lists scan incidents for files uploaded by FortiClient (see [Integration with FortiClient](#)). You can filter the logs by time period and queries with various conditions. Retention period of integration events logs is 30 days.

- To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.
- To export the logs, click *Export > Export JSON/CSV*.

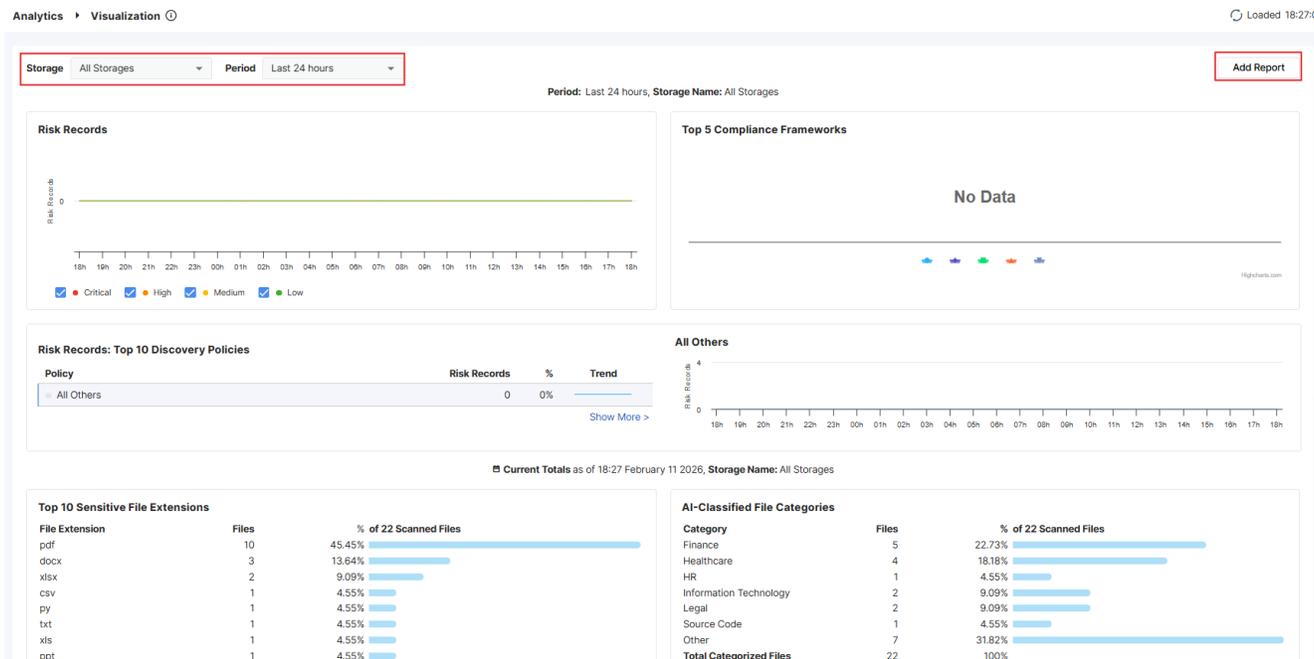
# Analytics

Go to the *Analytics* page to view a visualized summary of the scan results and a list of scanned files.

- [Visualization on page 16](#)
- [Data on page 17](#)
- [Identities on page 19](#)

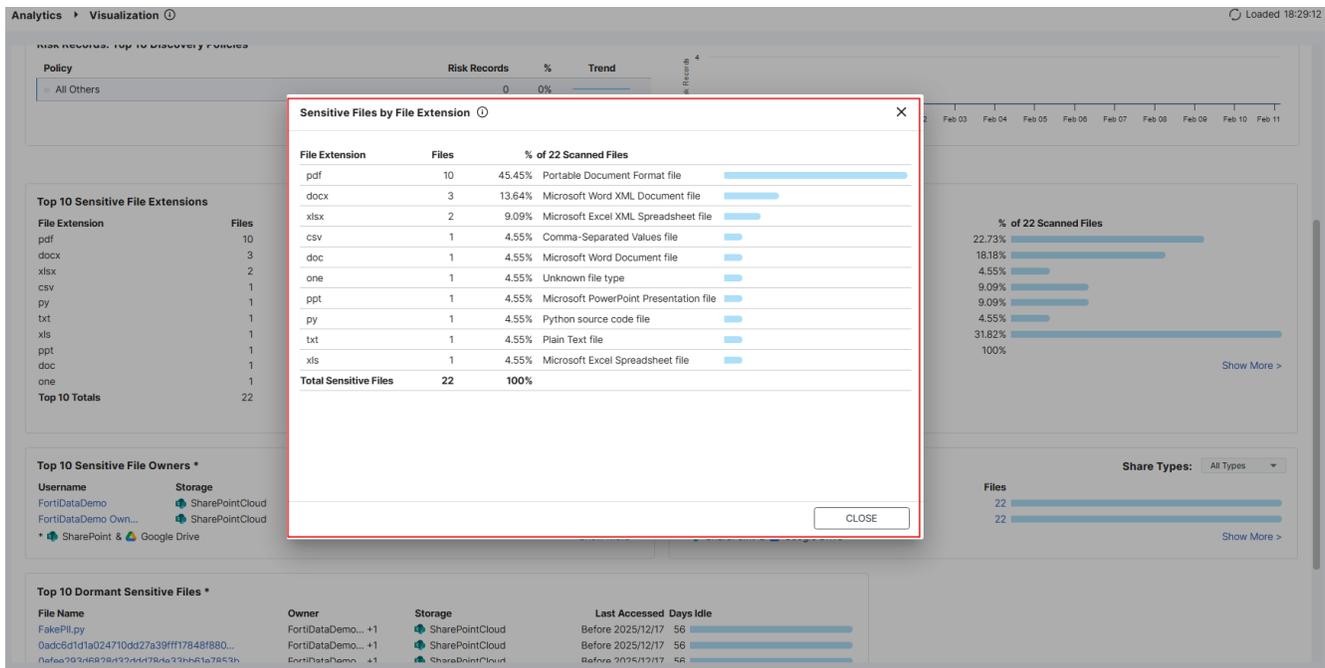
## Visualization

A summary of scan result is available in the *Analytics > Visualization* page with interactive graphs and charts. You can filter the result by storage name and time period. You can also add a *Sensitive Data Landscape* report using the *Add Report* button on the top-right corner. The report will then be available in the *Logs & Reports > Reports on page 42* page.



Hover your mouse over a graph or chart to view more details about the data points.

Click *Show More* to view more details about the data points.



## Data

A list of scanned files is available in the *Analytics > Data* page. You can filter the files by scan name, time period, and queries with various conditions.

- To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.
- To export the scanned file list, click *Export > Export JSON/CSV*.
- To create a *Data Inventory* report, click *Add Report*. The report will appear in *Logs & Reports > Reports on page 42*.





### Identity Details

|                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| <b>Name</b>    | <b>Email</b>       |
| <b>Type</b>    | <b>Trust Level</b> |
| Group          | Internal           |
| <b>Members</b> | <b>Storage</b>     |
| 1              | SharePointCloud    |

### Sensitive Files

|              |                   |                  |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------|
| <b>Owned</b> | <b>Shared Out</b> | <b>Access To</b> |
| 0            | 0                 | 22               |

Analytics > Data

Loaded 18:52:12

| File Name | File Path | Owners                  | Sensitivity         | File Type        | File Size | Frameworks | Collaborators            | Shareable Links | AI Classified Document Type           |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 1 MB      | GDPR +2    | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Information Technology: Development D |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 899 KB    | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Other                                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 287 KB    | GLBA +4    | FortiDataDemo Members +3 | 1 Link          | Legal: Court Document                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 6 MB      | GLBA +3    | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Finance: Audit and Assurance Document |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 292 KB    | GLBA +4    | FortiDataDemo Members +5 | 1 Link          | Finance: Audit and Assurance Document |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 3 MB      | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 2 Links         | Other                                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 1 MB      | GLBA +3    | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Finance: Audit and Assurance Document |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 92 KB     | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Finance: Expense and Reimbursement R  |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 176 KB    | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Other                                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 184 KB    | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Other                                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 66 KB     | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Finance: Expense and Reimbursement R  |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Highly Confidential | Office Documents | 22 KB     | HIPAA +6   | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Healthcare: Medication Management     |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Highly Confidential | Office Documents | 22 KB     | HIPAA +6   | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Healthcare: Medication Management     |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Confidential        | Office Documents | 31 KB     | CIS +1     | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Other                                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Highly Confidential | Office Documents | 6 MB      | HIPAA +4   | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Legal: Court Document                 |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Highly Confidential | Office Documents | 22 KB     | HIPAA +6   | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Healthcare: Medication Management     |
| ...       | ...       | FortiDataDemo Owners +1 | Highly Confidential | Text Files       | 505 KB    | GDPR +2    | FortiDataDemo Members +4 | 1 Link          | Information Technology: Development D |

Items per page: 100 | 1 - 22 of 22

# Discovery

The *Discovery* menu allows you to configure policies, rules, profiles, and schedules to scan for sensitive files. Follow the configuration steps below:

1. Create data discovery policies to look for specific types of data (using [Data Classifiers on page 37](#)) in files and assign specific labels to files that meet the specified context conditions. See [Policies on page 27](#).
2. Define a scan to access and analyze files in a target location (for a storage type) using the conditions and actions defined in the discovery policy with a proper schedule. See [Scans on page 21](#).
3. View file scan and classification results in the [Analytics on page 16](#) pages.

## Scans

On the *Discovery > Scans* page, you can define a scan to access and analyze files in a target location (for a storage type) using the conditions and actions defined in the discovery policy with a proper schedule and apply a profile as needed. Scan and classification results can then be viewed in the [Analytics on page 16](#) pages. You can create up to 16 scans.

### To create a scan:

1. In the *Discovery > Scans* page, click *Add Scan*.

Discovery > Scans ⌵ Loaded 18:59:41

| Scan Name | Storage         | System Status | Scan Status | Scan Frequency | Previous Scans | Started At | Ended At   | Duration | Wait Time | Notes |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|-------|
|           | SharePointCloud | Suspended     | Failed      | Continuously   | 2400           | 2025-01-01 | 2025-01-01 | 00:00:08 | None      |       |

2. Configure the scan storage and schedule by specifying the following options:

**Edit Scan** ⓘ
✕

- **Start**
- Catalog
- Files
- Policies
- Protection
- Save

**Scan Name \***

**Storage Name ⓘ \***

S
SharePointCloud
▼

**Scan Frequency \***

Continuously
▼

▼ **Advanced Settings**

Consider network performance when scheduling scans of large data sets.

**Wait Time Between File Downloads \* ⓘ**

None
▼

**Auto Resume**    Automatically resumes the scan after a failure.

**Notes**

CANCEL

NEXT >

- a. Specify the scan name.
- b. Select a storage (defined in [Storages on page 10](#)) to scan. The following storage types are supported:
  - *AWS Bucket*
  - *SharePoint Cloud*
  - *SharePoint On Prem*
  - *SMB—Samba*
  - *Google Drive*



- Only active storages are listed. To activate an inactive storage, go to [Storages on page 10](#), click the options icon in front of the storage name, and click *Activate*.
- A storage can be used by only one scan. You cannot select a storage that has been referenced in another scan already.



with a confidence level of high (as predefined in FortiData) will be detected and displayed.

**Edit Scan** ⓘ

Start  
Catalog  
**Files**  
Policies  
Protection  
Save

**Scan Name:** Test\_SharePointCloud **Storage Name:** SharePointCloud **Notes:**

**File extension \*** Select the file extension groups you want to scan.  
 ANY  File extension

All file extensions in the selected folders will be scanned.

**Advanced Settings**

**File Size \***  
 Scan files between 0 MB and 10 MB Max = 50MB

**Artificial Intelligence Document Classification**  
 Use artificial intelligence to classify files by document type

**Precision Level \*** Breadth vs. accuracy in file classification.  
 Files below the selected level will be classified as **Other**.

Low May classify more files, but can increase false positives.  
 Medium Balances breadth and accuracy. (Default)  
 High Uses stricter criteria, so more files may be classified as **Other**.

**Data Type Detection**

**Precision Level \*** - Breadth vs. accuracy in matching file content to data type definitions.  
 Matches below the selected level will **not** be detected.

Low May detect more data types, but can increase false positives.  
 Medium Balances breadth and accuracy. (Default)  
 High Uses stricter matching to defined patterns and formats, so may detect fewer data types.

**Excluded File Paths** Files under these paths will be skipped during the scan. ⓘ

5. Click **NEXT**.

6. Select the discovery policies (see [Policies on page 27](#)) to apply to the scan and click **NEXT**.

**Edit Scan** ⓘ

Start  
Catalog  
Files  
**Policies**  
Protection  
Save

**Scan Name:** Test\_SharePointCloud **Storage Name:** SharePointCloud **Notes:**

**Existing Discovery Policies (28)** ⓘ - Select the discovery policies to be used for this scan.  
 Built-in Policies  My Policies

**Use Case:** All  ⓘ

| Policy   | Use Case           | Risk     | Framework                         |
|--|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensitive authentication data (SAD) stored after card authorizati... | Data Minimization  | Critical | PCL_DSS                           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared Cardholder Data (CHD)                                | Public Exposure    | Critical | PCL_DSS                           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared Personally Identifiable Information (PII)            | Public Exposure    | Critical | GDPR                              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared Protected Health Information (PHI)                   | Public Exposure    | Critical | HIPAA                             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared credit card numbers                                  | Public Exposure    | Critical | PCL_DSS                           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared legal documents                                      | Public Exposure    | Critical | GLBA, SOX                         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared sensitive SharePoint (Microsoft 365) files           | Public Exposure    | Critical | NIST 800-53 and NIST 800-171, CIS |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared sensitive financial documents                        | Public Exposure    | Critical | GLBA, SOX                         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly shared sensitive healthcare documents                       | Public Exposure    | Critical | CCPA, LGPD, APPI +1               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Legal documents are shared with external users                       | Third-Party Access | Critical | GLBA, SOX                         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensitive financial documents are shared with external users         | Third-Party Access | Critical | GLBA, SOX                         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensitive healthcare documents are shared with external users        | Third-Party Access | Critical | CCPA, LGPD, APPI +1               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cardholder Data (CHD) stored for over 10 years                       | Data Minimization  | High     | PCL_DSS, CIS                      |

**Selected Discovery Policies \* (26)**

- Sensitive authentication data (SAD) stored after card author...
- Publicly shared Cardholder Data (CHD)
- Publicly shared Personally Identifiable Information (PII)
- Publicly shared Protected Health Information (PHI)
- Publicly shared credit card numbers
- Publicly shared legal documents
- Publicly shared sensitive SharePoint (Microsoft 365) files
- Publicly shared sensitive financial documents
- Publicly shared sensitive healthcare documents
- Legal documents are shared with external users
- Sensitive financial documents are shared with external users
- Sensitive healthcare documents are shared with external user...
- Cardholder Data (CHD) stored for over 10 years
- EU citizen PII stored outside the EU
- Sensitive financial documents stored for over 10 years
- Sensitive healthcare documents stored for over 10 years
- Publicly shared source code
- Cardholder Data (CHD) is shared with external users

7. If any of the selected policies require copying or quarantining sensitive files for further investigation, specify the directory to copy or move sensitive files to.

**Edit Scan** ⓘ
✕

---

- Start
- Catalog
- Files
- Policies
- Protection
- Save

**Scan Name :** Test\_SharePointCloud **Storage Name :** S SharePointCloud **Notes :**

Configure Copy Path and Quarantine Path only when a selected discovery policy enables the respective action. If no selected discovery policy requires it, you can leave the field empty.

**Copy Path**

No selected policy requires a Copy action. You can leave this blank.

**Quarantine Path**

No selected policy requires a Quarantine action. You can leave this blank.

---

< BACK
CANCEL
NEXT >

Before quarantining a sensitive file for further investigation, FortiData creates a placeholder TXT file notifying you that the original file violated compliance policies and has been quarantined. A CSV metadata file is also generated to record information about the original file before it is quarantined.



To ensure successful copy and quarantine operations, you must have the following permissions:

- **Copy**—Read/write permission of the destination folder
- **Quarantine**—Read/write permission of both the original files and destination folder

8. Review the details for the scan, edit any details as needed, and click *DONE*.

**Edit Scan** ⓘ
✕

---

- Start
- Catalog
- Files
- Policies
- Protection
- **Save**

**Start** ✎ Edit

| Scan Name            | Storage Name    | Notes |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------|
| Test_SharePointCloud | SharePointCloud |       |

**Schedule** ✎ Edit

No wait time between file downloads. Run Continuously

**Auto Resume:** Disabled

**Catalog** ✎ Edit

Scan 1 of 14535 top-tier sites

**Files** ✎ Edit

**Extensions:** ANY

**AI Document Classification:** Enabled

**AI Document Classification Precision Level:** Medium

**Data Type Detection Precision Level:** Medium

**Scan files:** Between 0 MB and 10 MB

**Excluded File Paths:** None

**Discovery Policies** ✎ Edit

**Policies:** 26

**Protection** ✎ Edit

**Copy Path:** -

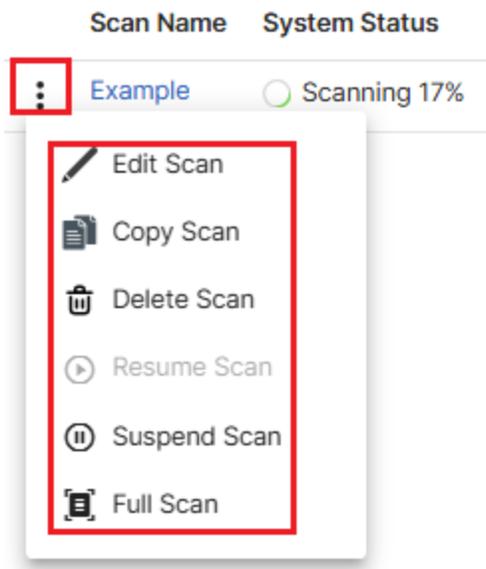
**Quarantine Path:** -

< BACK

CANCEL

DONE

The scan is now configured to look for specific data in the target directory on the defined schedule, assign labels to files matching the conditions, and copy or quarantine sensitive files as needed. You can perform the following operations on the scan by clicking the three dots at the beginning of the scan row and selecting an option from the list. To view scan results, go to [Analytics on page 16](#).



- A full scan re-scans all files and deletes all existing scan results.
- After editing a scan, you can choose to re-run the scan after saving the configurations, in which case a full scan will be performed and all existing scan results will be deleted.

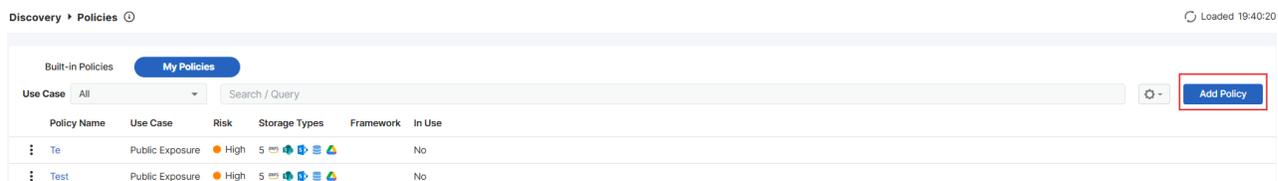
## Policies

A policy looks for specific types of data (using [Data Classifiers on page 37](#)) in files and assigns specific labels to files that meet the specified context conditions. You can also configure the policy to copy or quarantine matching files to a specific directory for further investigation.

The *Discovery > Policies* page lists built-in policies and custom policies that you created. You can filter the policies by use case and queries with various conditions. To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.

### To create a policy:

1. Go to *Discovery > Policies > My Policies*.
2. To create a policy from scratch, click *Add Policy*.



To build from an existing policy, click the eclipsis in front of the policy name and select *Derive Policy* (for built-in policies) or *Copy Policy* (for custom policies).

**Built-in Policies** My Policies

Use Case: All Search / Query [Settings]

| Policy Name   | Use Case          | Risk       |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| ⋮ Credentials are unencrypted   | Data Encryption   | ● Critical |
| ✎ Derive Policy Credentials are unencrypted                           | Data Encryption   | ● Critical |
| ⋮ Sensitive authentication data (SAD) stored after card authorization | Data Minimization | ● Critical |
| ⋮ Publicly shared Cardholder Data (CHD)                               | Public Exposure   | ● Critical |

Items per page: 50 1 - 30 of 30 [Page 1]

Built-in Policies **My Policies**

Use Case: All Search / Query [Settings] **Add Policy**

| Policy Name     | Use Case        | Risk   | Storage Types | Framework | In Use |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| ⋮ Te            | Public Exposure | ● High | 5 aws [Icons] |           | No     |
| ✎ Edit Policy   | Public Exposure | ● High | 5 aws [Icons] |           | No     |
| 📄 Copy Policy   | Public Exposure | ● High | 1 aws         | CIS       | No     |
| 🗑 Delete Policy |                 |        |               |           |        |

Items per page: 50 1 - 3 of 3 [Page 1]

3. Specify the policy name, risk, use case, and add any notes.

**Edit Discovery Policy** ⓘ

**Start**

**Policy Name \*** test **Risk \*** High **Use Case \*** Public Exposure **Policy Notes** Enter Policy Notes

**Storage Types \***

All Types  AWS S3  SharePoint Cloud  SharePoint On Prem  SMB  Google Drive

**Framework (1)** Select one or more protection labels to apply to matched files

| Available Framework ( 1 of 16 )         | Selected Framework ( 1 ) |
|---|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> APPI           | CIS                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> APPs           |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CCPA           |                          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CIS |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CSL            |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DPA            |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FERPA          |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FISMA          |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GDPR           |                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GLBA           |                          |

CANCEL NEXT >

- Select the storage type(s) and frameworks (which can be used for assigning labels to matching files in later steps). Click **NEXT**.
- Select one or more **Data Classifiers** on page 37 to include in the policy. You can choose built-in classifiers (predefined in FortiData) or custom classifiers based on your needs. Use the *Sensitivity* filter and *Search/Query* box to filter the results.

**Add Discovery Policy** ⓘ

**Start**

**Policy Name \*** test **Risk \*** High **Use Case \*** Public Exposure **Storage Types (1) \*** AWS S3 **Policy Notes**

**Classifier**

**Data Classifier \*** Select one or more data classifiers to include in this discovery policy

**Built-in Classifiers** My Classifiers

**Sensitivity** All **Search / Query**

| Classifier Name   | Sensitivity  | Description  |
|---|--------------|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Academic Information  | Confidential | Education-related details and academic records.              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Alibaba     | Restricted   | Access credentials for Alibaba Cloud services.               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Asana       | Restricted   | Access credentials for Asana API integrations.               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - AWS         | Restricted   | Access credentials for AWS services.                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Azure       | Restricted   | Access credentials for Microsoft Azure services.             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Beamer      | Restricted   | Access credentials for Beamer API.                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Bing        | Restricted   | Access credentials for Bing Maps API services.               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Bitbucket   | Restricted   | Access credentials for Bitbucket API integrations.           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Bitly       | Restricted   | Access credentials for Bitly URL shortening services.        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Certificate | Restricted   | Digital certificates used for authentication and encryption. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Clojars     | Restricted   | Access credentials for Clojars repository.                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Codecov     | Restricted   | Access credentials for Codecov API.                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Coinbase    | Restricted   | Access credentials for Coinbase API.                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Access Credentials - Databricks  | Restricted   | Access credentials for Databricks API services.              |

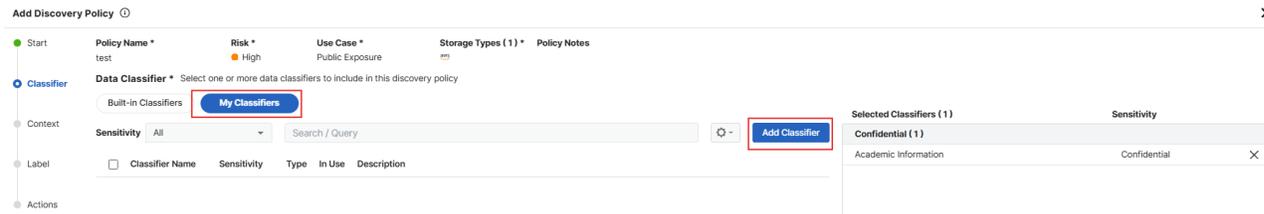
Items per page: 200 1 - 200 of 201

**Selected Classifiers (1)**

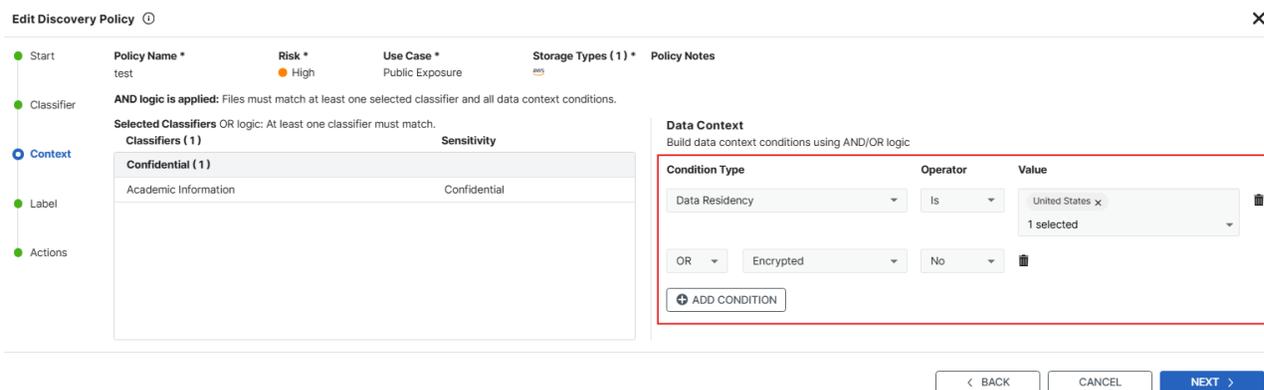
| Confidential (1)     | Sensitivity  |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Academic Information | Confidential |

< BACK CANCEL NEXT >

You can also create a new custom classifier by clicking *Add Classifier* in the *My Classifiers* tab. See [Data Classifiers on page 37](#).

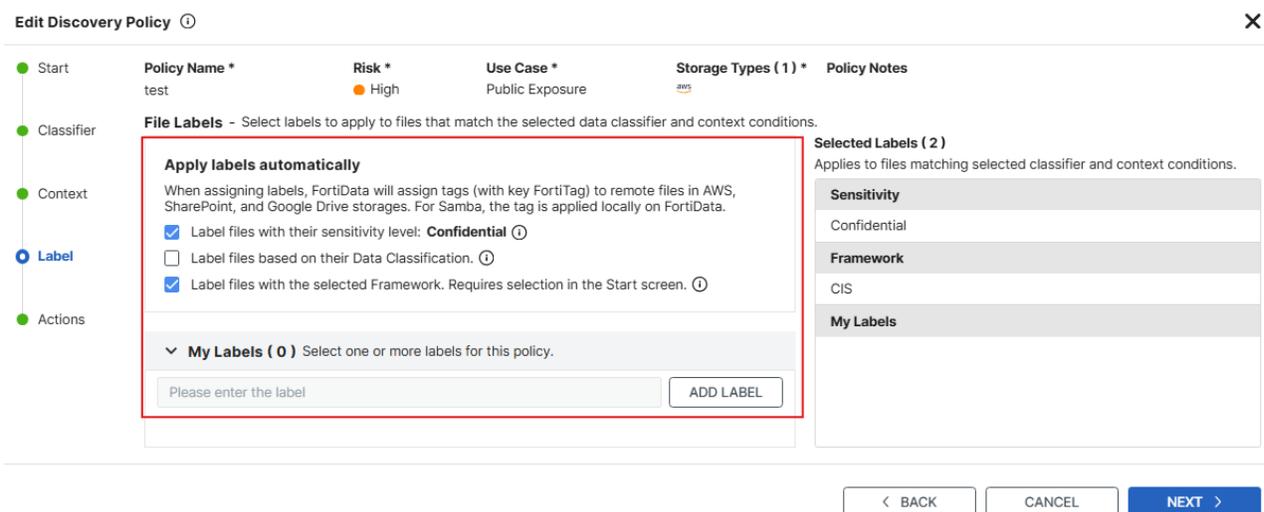


6. Click *NEXT*.
7. Add data context conditions using AND/OR logic and click *NEXT*.



8. Select the labels (markers for sensitive information) to apply to files that match the selected data classifier and context conditions. Click *NEXT*.

You can choose to allow FortiData to apply labels to files automatically using the sensitivity level (defined in the matching data classifier), data classification (performed by AI engine, see [FortiGuard on page 58](#)), or selected framework (that you defined in step 4). You can also add custom labels under *My Labels* by entering the label in the text box and clicking *ADD LABEL*.



9. Optionally, select *Enable File Copy or Quarantine* to allow copying or quarantining sensitive files to the directory defined in [Scans on page 21](#). Click *SAVE*.

Edit Discovery Policy ⓘ



|              |   |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
|--------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| ● Start      | <b>Policy Name *</b><br>test  | <b>Risk *</b><br>● High | <b>Use Case *</b><br>Public Exposure | <b>Storage Types ( 1 ) *</b><br>aws | <b>Policy Notes</b> |
| ● Classifier | <b>File Actions</b> - Select the actions to take on files that match the selected data classifier and context conditions. |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
| ● Context    | <b>Copy or Quarantine</b>   |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
| ● Label      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable File Copy or Quarantine  |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
|              | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Copy files to the scan's copy path   |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
|              | <input type="radio"/> Move files to the scan's quarantine path  |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |
| ○ Actions    |   |                         |                                      |                                     |                     |

< BACK      CANCEL      SAVE

# Content Insight

The *Content Insight* menu allows you to configure data types and fingerprinting (IDM and EDM) for data classification. You can then configure data classifiers (using data types and fingerprinting) for file matching and labeling.

- [Data Types on page 32](#)
- [Data Fingerprinting on page 34](#)
- [Data Classifiers on page 37](#)

## Data Types

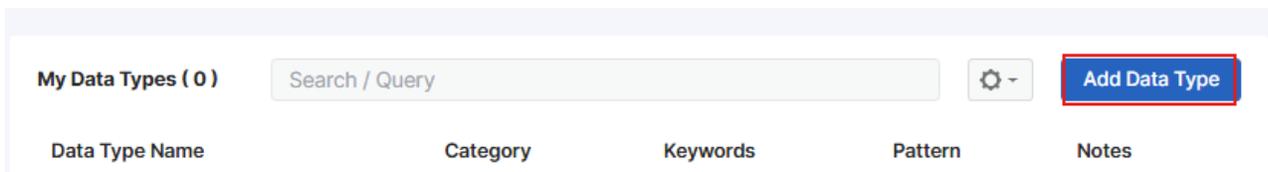
In a DLP system, data types are categories of sensitive information that the system can detect and protect. Common data types include PII (Personally Identifiable Information), PHI (Protected Health Information), and PCI (Payment Card Information). The *Content Insight > Data Types* page displays a list of data types (of different categories) that you defined, which can then be referenced when you create [Data Classifiers on page 37](#). You can search the custom data type groups by various dimensions.

### To define a data type:

1. In the *Content Insight > Data Types* page, click *Add Data Type*.

Content Insight ▶ Data Types ⓘ

Loaded 16:46:24



| Data Type Name | Category | Keywords | Pattern | Notes |
|----------------|----------|----------|---------|-------|
|----------------|----------|----------|---------|-------|

2. Configure the data type with the following options:

### Add Data Type ✕

---

**Data Type Name \***

**Category \***

Financial ▼

**Data Type Notes**

**Keywords** ⓘ

**Pattern\***

Regular expressions used to identify content that matches a specified pattern

---

- a. Specify the data type name.
- b. Select the category, which can be one of the following:
  - Financial
  - Health
  - Credential
  - Personal
  - Business
- c. Add notes as needed.
- d. Click *ADD* to define any keywords to look for during file scans. Keyword matching is case-insensitive.

For example, you can configure the keywords Driver License and DLN to look for files that include Driver License or DLN. If a file includes any of the keywords, FortiData proceeds to evaluate the file against any regular expressions as defined in the next step.

- e. Specify the regular expressions with the content pattern to look for in files that match any of the keywords defined in the previous step.

For example, for files that match the keyword Driver License or DLN, you can specify the regular expression `[A-Z]\d{7}` that looks for the content pattern of a leading capital letter followed by seven digits. With this definition of the data type, a file that includes a driver license number T16700185 will be considered a match.

- f. Add more keywords to the data type by repeating steps d and e.

3. Click *SAVE*.

## Data Fingerprinting

You can define data fingerprinting using IDM (Indexed Document Matching) and EDM (exact data match) data types and use them in [Data Classifiers on page 37](#).

### IDM

IDM (Indexed Document Matching) is a fast, interpretable, and accurate document matching approach, ideal for recognizing structured documents based on predefined formats or templates. It is especially effective in high-security, compliance-driven environments such as finance, government, and enterprise data protection.

FortiData builds the index by processing uploaded documents, extracting key features such as text content, and storing them as searchable templates for future matching. FortiData then parses the scanned files to extract key structural features, compares them against the indexes of templates using similarity by comparing the text content of files with the IDM data file, and determines a match if the similarity exceeds a predefined threshold (a percentage value from 0 - 100):

| Threshold | Similarity Value |
|-----------|------------------|
| High      | 80 or higher     |
| Medium    | 70-79            |
| Low       | 60-69            |

**Note** You can also define a custom threshold for the IDM when creating [Data Classifiers on page 37](#).

The *IDM* page displays a list of IDM data types that you defined in FortiData. You can search the IDM data type by index name, data file name, and notes.

**To create an IDM data type:**

1. Go to *Content Insight > Data Fingerprinting > IDM*.
2. Click *Add Index*.



3. Specify the index name and notes (as needed), upload the data file (.txt, .doc, .docx, .pdf), and click **SAVE**.

**Add IDM Index** ⓘ ✕

**Index Name \***

**Notes**

**Upload Data File \***

**File Requirements**

- Supported formats: .txt, .doc, .docx, .pdf
- File size limit: 50MB

README 2.txt ✓

## EDM

EDM (exact data match) is a DLP technique that identifies particular data values within an indexed data source that require safeguarding.

The *EDM* page displays a list of EDM data types that you defined in FortiData. You can search the EDM data type by dataset value, creation or update time, and notes.

**To create an EDM data type:**

1. Go to *Content Insight > Data Fingerprinting > EDM*.
2. Click *Add Dataset*.



3. Specify the dataset name and notes (as needed), upload the data file (.csv), and click *NEXT*.

**Add EDM Dataset and Rules** ⓘ ✕

- Start
- Data Types
- Rules

**Dataset Name \***

**Notes**

**Upload Data File \***

**File Requirements:**

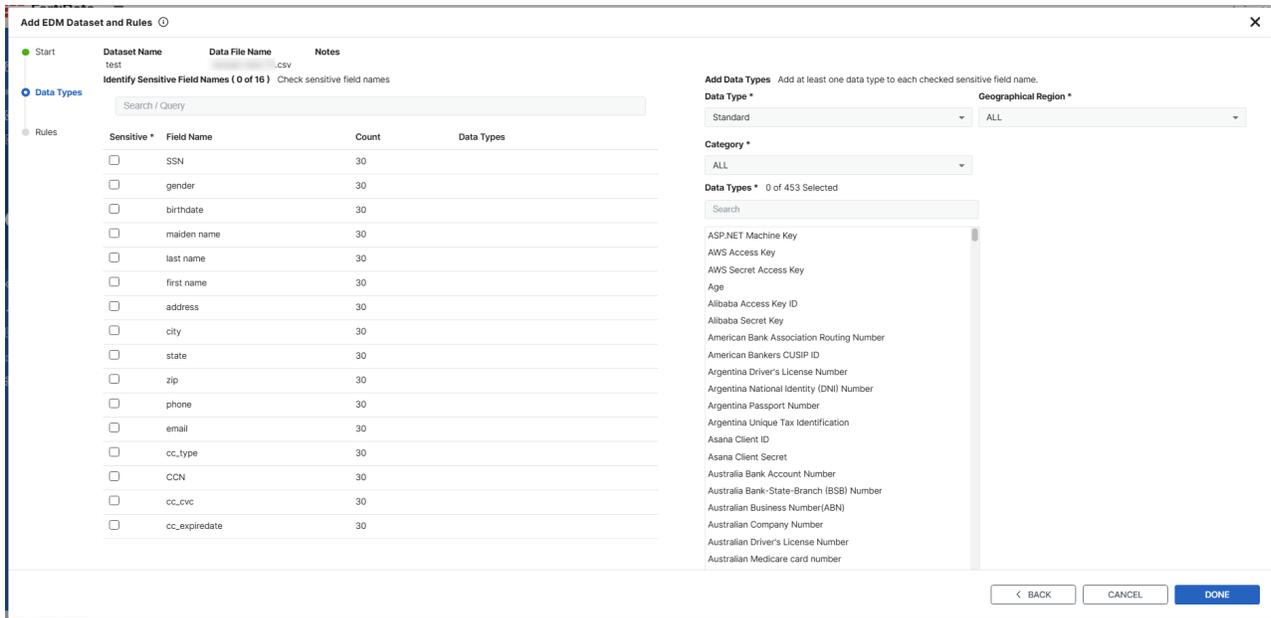
- Supported format: .csv
- File size limit: 512MB
- Max rows: 1,000,000
- Max columns: 16

+ Browse

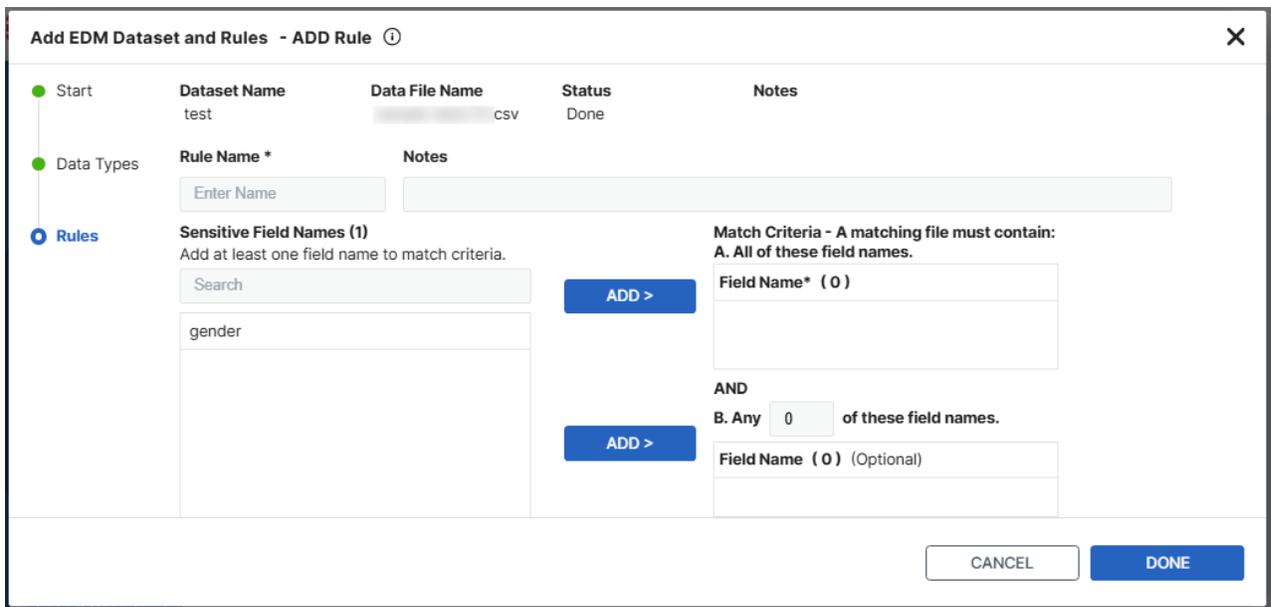
UPLOAD

CANCEL
NEXT >

4. Select the sensitive fields to look for and add data types for the fields and click *DONE*.



5. Click **ADD RULE** to create a rule for the EDM data type as needed and click **DONE**.



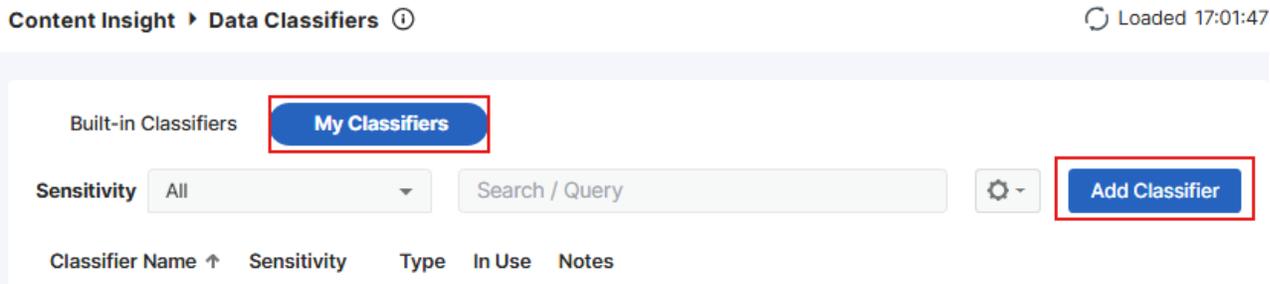
6. Add more rules as needed and click **DONE**.

## Data Classifiers

A data classifier is a defined data pattern with a set of data types and logic conditions that a policy (see [Policies on page 27](#)) maps to when recognizing patterns in files. FortiData provides built-in data classifiers defined for specific data types and regions that meet specific industry needs. You can also create a new data classifier from scratch or copy from an existing data classifier.

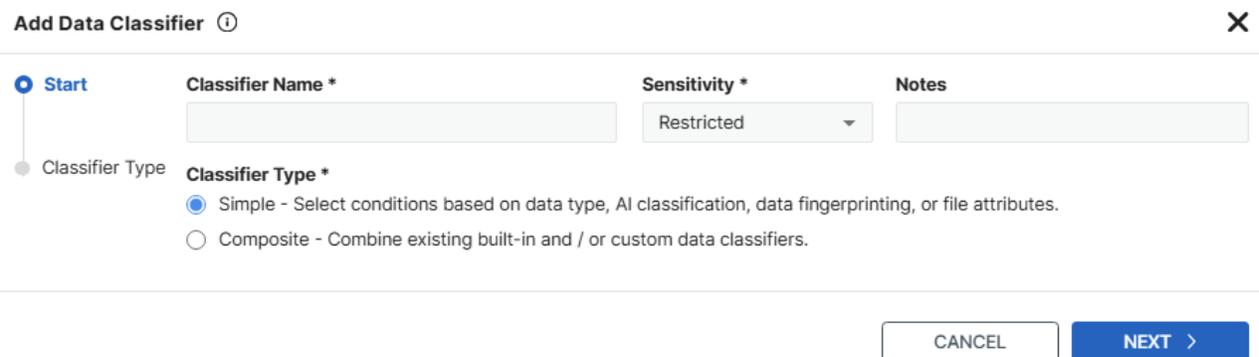
**To create a new data classifier:**

1. To create a data classifier from scratch, click *Add Classifier*.

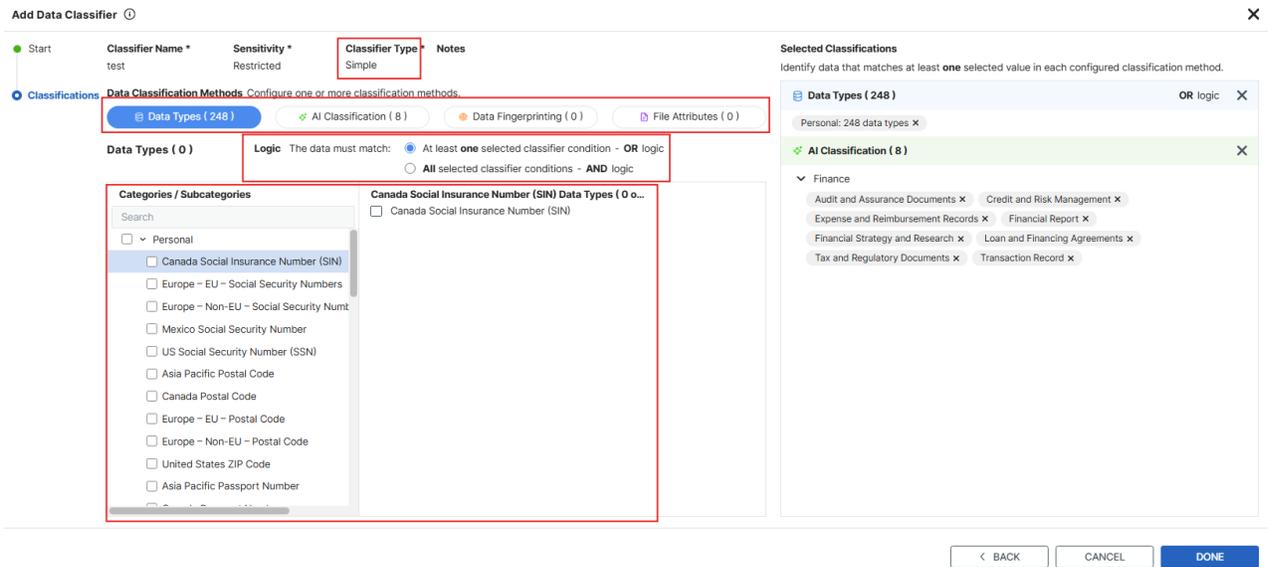


To build from an existing data classifier, click the eclipsis in front of the data classifier name and select *Derive Classifier* (for built-in classifiers) or *Copy Classifier* (for custom classifiers).

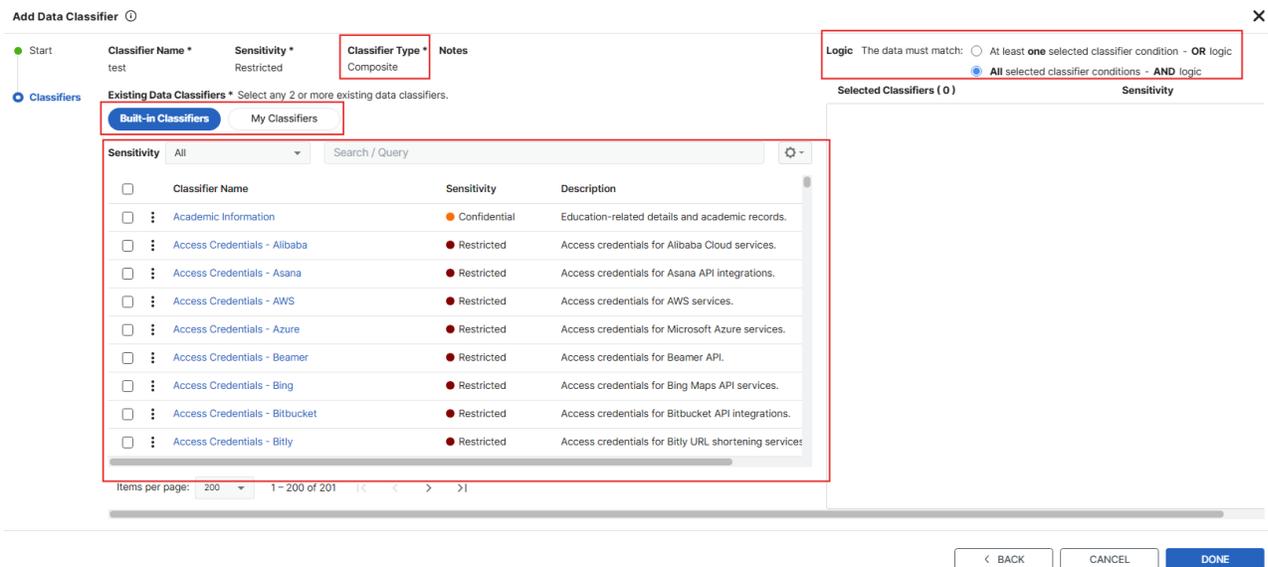
2. Specify the classifier name and select the sensitivity.



3. Add notes, if needed.
4. Select the classifier type, which can be the following:
  - **Simple**—Select conditions based on data type, AI classification, data fingerprinting, or file attributes.
  - **Composite**—Combine existing built-in and / or custom data classifiers.
5. For simple classifiers, select the data classification method(s), logic relationships, and the data types for each method.



For composite classifiers, select the data classifier type(s) and the classifiers for each type. Select the logic to apply to the classifiers.



- **AND**—The data must match all selected classifier conditions to be considered a match.
- **OR**—The data must match at least one selected classifier condition to be considered a match.

6. Add or remove classifiers as needed.

7. Click **DONE**.

# Logs & Reports

Go to the *Logs & Reports* page to view logs and reports. You can also configure log servers and report settings.

- [Logs on page 40](#)
  - [Log Servers on page 40](#)
- [Reports on page 42](#)
  - [Report Settings on page 43](#)

## Logs

System events log data is available in the *Logs & Reports > Logs* page. By default, all event logs are displayed. You can filter the logs by time period and queries with various conditions.

- To customize the columns to display in the table, use the *Configure* button on the top-right.
- To export the logs, click *EXPORT > Export JSON/CSV*.

Logs & Reports > Logs Loaded 12:28:59

Events
Log Servers

Time Period: All Events

User = admin Search / Query

⚙️

Export  
Export JSON  
Export CSV

| Timestamp ↓         | Level | Type               | User  | Action   | Description                | Message   |
|---------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|----------|----------------------------|---|
| 2026/02/10 12:24:33 | Info  | Reports            | admin | download | Report file Downloaded     | Report file downloaded: Risk_Overview_Feb-10-2026,12-24PM.html            |
| 2026/02/10 12:24:05 | Info  | Reports            | admin | create   | Create report              | Report task created successfully: Risk_Overview                           |
| 2026/02/10 12:21:23 | Info  | Reports            | admin | download | Report file Downloaded     | Report file downloaded: test_Feb-05-2026,07-59AM.html                     |
| 2026/02/10 12:00:42 | Info  | Users              | admin | login    | User login                 | User admin logged in successfully from 10.255.255.2                       |
| 2026/02/10 11:55:29 | Info  | System             | admin | upgrade  | System upgrade             | The image file FDT_VM_KVM-v762-build0133-FORTINET.out upload successfully |
| 2026/02/10 11:16:18 | Info  | Users              | admin | login    | User login                 | User admin logged in successfully from 10.255.255.2                       |
| 2026/02/05 08:09:00 | Info  | System             | admin | edit     | Configure the HTTP2 server | HTTP2 server configuration modified                                       |
| 2026/02/05 08:08:36 | Info  | System             | admin | create   | Add API key                | Added API key 1   |
| 2026/02/05 08:03:39 | Info  | Discovery Policies | admin | create   | Add discovery policy       | Add a new discovery policy Te   |
| 2026/02/05 08:03:24 | Info  | Discovery Policies | admin | create   | Add discovery policy       | Add a new discovery policy Test   |
| 2026/02/05 08:00:38 | Info  | System             | admin | create   | Add Fortinet device        | Added Fortinet device 10.255.254.233                                      |
| 2026/02/05 08:00:16 | Info  | System             | admin | edit     | Configure the HTTP2 server | HTTP2 server configuration modified                                       |
| 2026/02/05 08:00:12 | Info  | System             | admin | edit     | Configure the HTTP2 server | HTTP2 server configuration modified                                       |
| 2026/02/05 07:59:52 | Info  | System             | admin | setup    | Setup fabric               | Fabric setup successfully   |
| 2026/02/05 07:59:26 | Info  | Reports            | admin | create   | Create report              | Report task created successfully: test                                    |

Items per page: 100
1 - 17 of 17

## Log Servers

Configure log servers to send the logs. Click *Add Log Server* and configure the following options.

Add Log Server



Enable Log Transmission

Name \*

Enter Server Name

Server Type \*

Syslog

Server Address \*

Enter IP Address

Test Connection

Protocol \*

TCP

Port \*

514

Connection Status

---

Notes

Enter Notes

Log Type \*- Select at least one log type to send

Event Log

Log Level

All Level, Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Not...

Data Issues

Risk

All, Critical, High, Medium, Low

Risk Records

Risk

All, Critical, High, Medium, Low

Integration Events

Risk

All, Critical, High, Medium, Low

Label Query Logs

Device Type

FortiGate, FortiClient, FortiClient EMS

CANCEL

SAVE

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Enable Log Transmission</b> | Enable to send logs to this server.  |
| <b>Name</b>                    | Specify the name of the log server.  |
| <b>Server Type</b>             | Specify the type of the server: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Syslog</li> <li>• FortiAnalyzer</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Server Address</b>          | Specify the IP address of the log server. Click <i>Test Connection</i> to verify the connection is successful.   |
| <b>Protocol</b>                | Specify the syslog server protocol, which can be TCP or UDP.   |
| <b>Port</b>                    | Specify the port of the log server.  |
| <b>Notes</b>                   | Specify any comments about this log server.  |
| <b>Log Type</b>                | Specify the types of logs to send to the log server, such as event log and data issues.<br>You can also further define the scope of logs to send to the log server using the dropdown filters. |

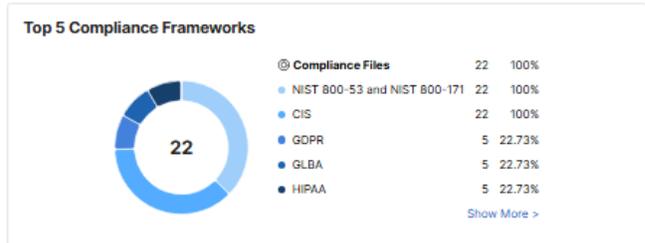
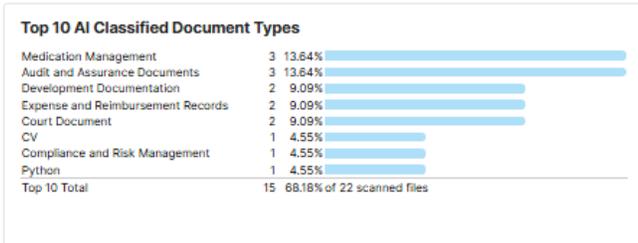
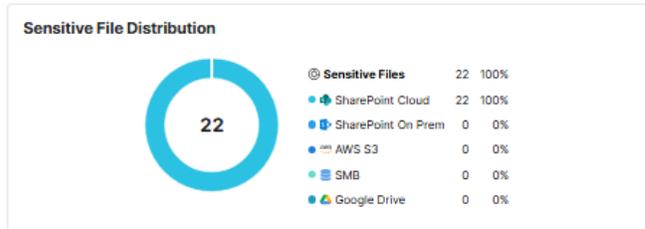
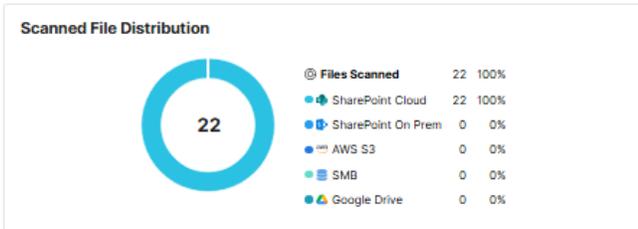
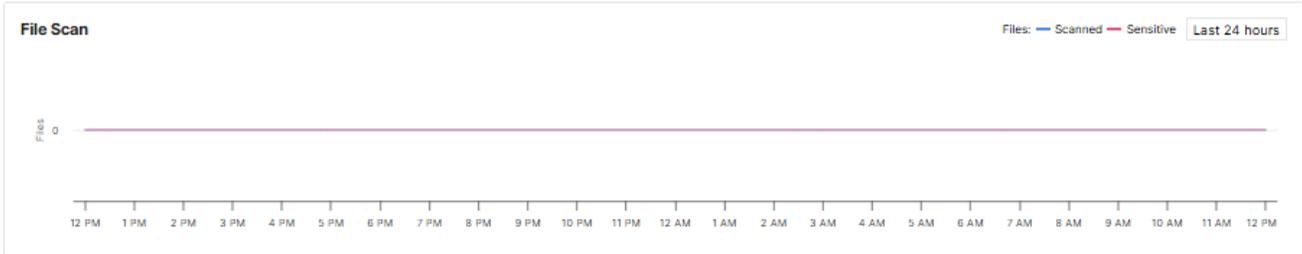
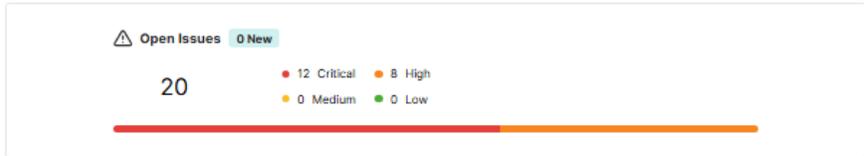
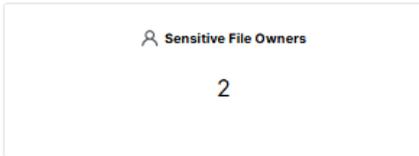
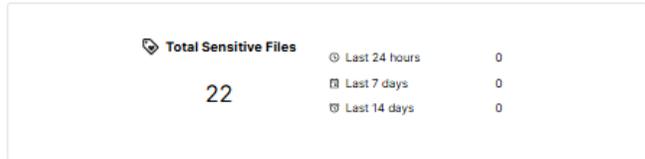
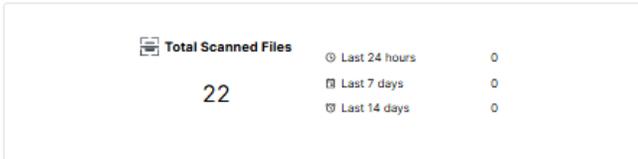
# Reports

The *Logs & Reports > Reports* page displays a list of configured reports and the running history and status. You can create one-time or recurring [Dashboard on page 7](#) and analytics [Visualization on page 16](#) reports (in HTML or PDF format) for a specific time period. The last report can be downloaded by clicking the file icon in the *Download* column.

## Sample report:

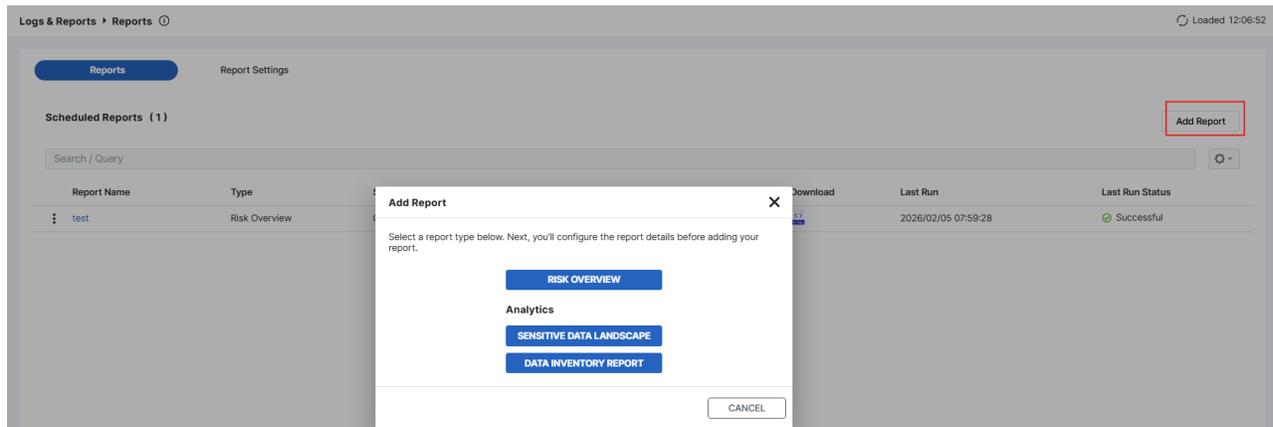
### FortiData Risk Overview

**Report Name:** Risk\_Overview **Period:** Last 24 hours  
**Schedule:** Once on 2026-02-10 12:23 PM PST **Created by:** admin  
**Time Range:** 2026/02/09 12:24 to 2026/02/10 12:24  
**Notes:**  
**Firmware Version:** FortiData-KVM 7.6.2 build0133 20251223



**To create a report:**

1. On the *Logs & Reports > Reports* page, click *Add Report*.



2. Select a report type depending on your needs.
3. Specify the report name, running frequency, start time, format (HTML or PDF), storage, scan period, notification email template (HTML or plain), and notes (if needed).
4. For *Sensitive Data Landscape* and *Data Inventory* reports, select the storage from the list as well. By default, all storage locations are selected
5. Click *SAVE*.  
The report appears in the list.
6. **(Optional)** Configure the retention period for the reports in the [Report Settings on page 43](#) page as needed. The default is 30 days for all report types.

## Report Settings

In the *Logs & Reports > Reports > Report Settings* page, you can configure the retention period for reports. See [Reports on page 42](#).

Reports
Report Settings

**Report Retention Period**

Reports Retention Period

**Customize**

|                |  |                   |
|----------------|--|-------------------|
| Once Report    | <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="30"/> | days (1-365 days) |
| Daily Report   | <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="30"/> | days (1-365 days) |
| Weekly Report  | <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="30"/> | days (1-365 days) |
| Monthly Report | <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="30"/> | days (1-365 days) |

CANCEL
SAVE

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Report Retention Period</b> | Specify the number of days (1-90) for which the reports will be retained. The default is 30 days.                              |
| <b>Customize</b>               | Configure the number of days (1-365) for which each report type will be retained. The default is 30 days for all report types. |

# System

Go to the *System* page to view system related information, and manage system settings.

- [User Management on page 45](#)
- [Settings on page 51](#)
- [FortiGuard on page 58](#)
- [Backup & Restore on page 60](#)

## User Management

The *System > User Management > Users* page is available to admin users only and displays a list of users in the FortiData system with their roles.

A default administrative account named "admin" is created, which is a super administrator with the highest privileges, including creating or deleting admin users.

System ▶ User Management ⓘ

Loaded 17:09:37



| User Name | Type  | Role        | IdP Name | IdP Protocol | Created At          |
|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|
| admin     | Local | Super Admin | -        | -            | 2025/12/17 10:52:58 |

This user cannot be deleted or edited. However, you can change the password by clicking the three dots on the left of the row and select *Change Password*.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' management interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Users' and 'External IdPs'. Below the tabs is a search bar labeled 'Search / Query' and an 'Add User' button. A table lists users with columns: User Name, Type, Role, IdP Name, IdP Protocol, and Created At. The first row shows a user named 'admin' with Type 'Local' and Role 'Super Admin'. A context menu is open over the 'admin' user, showing three options: 'Edit User', 'Delete User', and 'Change Password'. The 'Change Password' option is highlighted with a red box.

| User Name | Type  | Role        | IdP Name | IdP Protocol | Created At          |
|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|
| admin     | Local | Super Admin | -        | -            | 2025/12/17 10:52:58 |

### To create a user:

1. On the *System > User Management > Users* page, click *Add User*.
2. Specify the username. Only alphabetical letters, numbers, and the following special characters are allowed in a username: `: - _ . ~`
3. Select the user type:
  - To create a local user, select *Local*.
  - To add a user from a remote IdP server (see [External IdPs on page 49](#)), select *Remote (Match a user on a remote server)* or *Remote + Wildcard (Match all users on a remote server)*.
4. Select a role. See role definitions below.

| Name               | Permissions  |
|--------------------|--|
| Administrator      | Full administrative access, including creating administrative or user accounts and deleting user accounts.<br>Compared with the default super admin user, administrators cannot delete administrative account. |
| Policy Manager     | Create, modify, and delete policies and rules.   |
| Incident Manager   | Access to incident logs and data security dashboard alerts.  |
| Compliance Officer | Read-only access to policies, logs, and audit reports.   |
| Data Owner         | Review access to specific data scanning rules, DLP rules and incidents.  |

- For local users, specify the password and confirm it.

**Add User** ✕

---

**User Name \***

Allowed: English characters, numbers and : - \_ . ~

**User Type \***

**Role** ⓘ

Administrator  Policy Manager  Incident Manager  Compliance Officer  Data Owner

**Password \***

 ⓘ

**Confirm Password \***

 ⓘ

---

- For remote users, select the IdP or add a new one (see [External IdPs on page 49](#)) and specify the remote group ID.

### Add User ✕

---

**User Name \***  
  
Allowed: English characters, numbers and : - \_ . ~

**User Type \***

**Role** ⓘ  
 Administrator  Policy Manager  Incident Manager  Compliance Officer  Data Owner

**IdP Option \***

**Remote Group ID** ⓘ

---

7. Click **SAVE**.
8. Click **YES** to confirm.

#### To change the role of a user:

1. Click the three dots on the left of the row and select *Edit User*.

#### To delete a user:

1. Click the three dots on the left of the row and select *Delete User*.  
Note that admin users can only be deleted by the super admin.

#### To change the password of a user:

1. Click the three dots on the left of the row and select *Change Password*.  
Note that the password of the super admin can only be changed by the super admin.

## External IdPs

Use the *System > User Management > External IdPs* page to configure external IdPs for remote users. You can then add the remote users to the users list (see [User Management on page 45](#)).

The following external IdP types are supported:

- LDAP
- Kerberos
- SAML 2.0

### To add an IdP server:

1. On the *System > User Management > External IdPs* page, click *Add IdP*.

System ▶ User Management ⓘ

Loaded 17:56:11

The screenshot shows the 'External IdPs' management interface. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Users' and 'External IdPs', with the latter being the active tab. Below the tabs is a search bar labeled 'Search / Query'. To the right of the search bar is a settings gear icon and a blue 'Add IdP' button. Below these elements is a table with the following headers: 'Name', 'Protocol', 'Server IP/Domain', 'Notes', 'Created At', and 'Reference Count'.

2. Specify the name.

**Add IdP** ⓘ
✕

---

**Name \***

**Protocol \***

LDAP ▼

**Server IP/Name \***

**Server Port \***

389

**Common Name Identifier \***

cn

**Distinguished Name \***

Enter Distinguished Name

**Bind Type \***

Simple ▼

**Secure Connection**

Test Connection

**Notes**

CANCEL

SAVE

3. Select the protocol and configure the following options:

| Protocol    | Configuration options         |  |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>LDAP</b> | <i>Server IP/Name</i>         | IP or FQDN of the LDAP server.             |
|             | <i>Server Port</i>            | Port of the LDAP server.                   |
|             | <i>Common Name Identifier</i> | Common name identifier of the LDAP server. |
|             | <i>Distinguished Name</i>     | Distinguished name of the LDAP server.     |
|             | <i>Bind Type</i>              | Select from the following:                 |

| Protocol        | Configuration options                    |  |
|-----------------|--|--|
|                 |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Simple</li> <li>• Anonymous</li> <li>• Regular</li> </ul>   |
|                 | <i>Secure Connection</i>                 | Select to enable HTTPS connection for better security. You can then further select the <i>STARTTLS</i> or <i>LDAPS</i> protocol and CA/client certificate. |
|                 | <i>Test Connection</i>                   | Click to verify if the server connection is successful.  |
| <b>Kerberos</b> | <i>Delegated Realm</i>                   | Specify the delegated realm.   |
|                 | <i>Port</i>                              | Specify the port of the Kerberos server.   |
|                 | <i>KDC Host</i>                          | Specify the KDC host. If left empty, FortiData uses delegated realm as KDC host instead.   |
|                 | <i>Test Connection</i>                   | Click to verify if the server connection is successful.  |
| <b>SAML 2.0</b> | <i>Address</i>                           | URL of the service provider.   |
|                 | <i>Entity ID</i>                         | Entity ID of the service provider.   |
|                 | <i>Assertion consumer service URL</i>    | Assertion consumer service URL of the service provider.  |
|                 | <i>Signal logout service URL</i>         | Signal logout service URL of the service provider.   |
|                 | <i>IdP entity ID</i>                     | Entity ID of the IdP.  |
|                 | <i>IdP single sign-on URL</i>            | Single sign-on URL of the IdP.   |
|                 | <i>IdP single logout URL</i>             | Single logout URL of the IdP.  |
|                 | <i>Certificate</i>                       | Select a remote certificate from the list or add a new one. See <a href="#">Certificates on page 56</a> .  |
|                 | <i>Attribute used to identity users</i>  | Specify the attribute used to identity users.  |
|                 | <i>Attribute used to identity groups</i> | Specify the attribute used to identity groups.   |

4. Click **SAVE**.

## Settings

The *System > Settings* page includes the following tabs:

- General on page 52
- Network on page 53
- Certificates on page 56

## General

In the *System > Settings > General* tab, you can configure the following:

### Admin Settings

**Admin Settings**

**HTTPS Server Certificate \***

**Idle Timeout \***

Minutes (1 - 960)

HTTPS Server Certificate      Select the TLS certificates uploaded in *System > Certificates on page 56*.

Idle Timeout      Define the idle timeout period (within the range of 1-960 minutes) to expire a FortiData GUI session. The default is 30 minutes,

### System Time

**System Time**

**Time Zone Display \***

*This field is required*

**Set Time \***

Manual    NTP

**Time \***



*This field is required*

Time Zone Display      Select the time zone where the FortiData appliance is installed. The system will be updated according to the timezone, accounting for daylight savings time.

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Set Time      | Enter the current settings for the system date and time. You can change these manually. Use the calendar button to select the date and time from a calendar. |
| NTP Server    | Enter the IP address or domain name of an NTP server. To find an NTP server that you can use, see <a href="http://www.ntp.org">http://www.ntp.org</a> .      |
| Sync Interval | Enter the interval, in minutes, at which the system time is synchronized with the NTP server. The default is 60.   |

## Network

Configure the interfaces and DNS settings for FortiData in the *System > Settings > Network* tab.

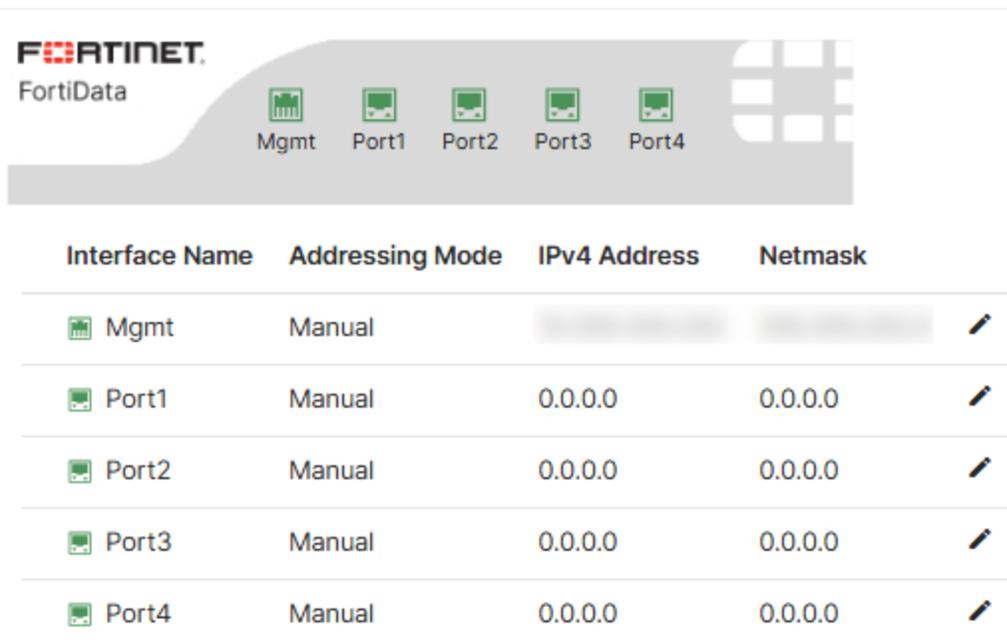
### Interfaces

FortiData includes five interfaces: management and port 1 to 4.

#### To configure the interfaces:

1. In the *System > Settings > Network* tab, click *Interfaces* to display the interfaces setting.

#### Interfaces



| Interface Name  | Addressing Mode | IPv4 Address | Netmask |   |
|---|-----------------|--------------|---------|---|
|  Mgmt  | Manual          |              |         |  |
|  Port1 | Manual          | 0.0.0.0      | 0.0.0.0 |  |
|  Port2 | Manual          | 0.0.0.0      | 0.0.0.0 |  |
|  Port3 | Manual          | 0.0.0.0      | 0.0.0.0 |  |
|  Port4 | Manual          | 0.0.0.0      | 0.0.0.0 |  |

2. Click the pencil icon for an interface to edit the settings.

The screenshot shows the FortiData Network configuration interface. A table lists network interfaces: Mgmt, Port1, Port2, Port3, and Port4. The 'Mgmt' interface is selected, and the 'Edit Management Port' dialog box is open. The dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X). It contains two tabs: 'Manual' (selected) and 'DHCP'. Below the tabs are input fields for 'IPv4 Address' and 'Netmask'. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons. A red box highlights the dialog box.

| Setting         | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| Addressing Mode | Specify whether FortiData acquires an IPv4 address for this network interface manually or using DHCP. |
| IPv4 Address    | Enter the IP address.   |
| Netmask         | Enter the netmask.  |

3. Click **Save** to complete the interface configuration.
4. Repeat the steps above for each interface you want to configure.

## DNS

Like many other types of network devices, FortiData appliances require connectivity to DNS servers for DNS lookups.

Your Internet service provider (ISP) may supply IP addresses of DNS servers, or you may want to use the IP addresses of your own DNS servers. You must provide unicast, non-local addresses for your DNS servers. Localhost and broadcast addresses will not be accepted.



Incorrect DNS settings or unreliable DNS connectivity can cause issues with some features, such as NTP system time.

### To configure DNS settings via the web UI:

1. Go to *System > Settings > Network > DNS*.

System > Network ⌵ Loaded 17:57:04

General **Network** Certificates

Interfaces

DNS

Primary DNS Server \*

Secondary DNS Server \*

2. In *Primary DNS Server*, Enter the IP address of the primary DNS server.
3. In *Secondary DNS Server*, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
4. Click **SAVE**.

FortiData queries the DNS servers whenever it needs to resolve a domain name into an IP address, such as for NTP system time.

## Static Route

The default route has a destination of 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0, representing the least specific route in the routing table.

### To add a static route in the GUI:

1. Go to *System > Settings > Network > Static Route* and click **Add**.

Static Route

|   | Destination IP/Mask (IPv4) | Gateway (IPv4)       | Interface |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| ⋮ | 0.0.0.0/0                  | <input type="text"/> | -         |

2. Enter the following information:

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Destination IP/Mask (IPv4)</b> | Enter the destination IP address and netmask. A value of 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 creates a default route. |
| <b>Gateway (IPv4)</b>             | Enter the gateway IP address.   |
| <b>Interface</b>                  | Select the name of the interface that the static route will connect through.                      |

3. Click **SAVE**.

## Certificates

You can import the following types of certificates in the *System > Settings > Certificates* tab:

- **CA certificates**—Use this option to import private or well-known CA certificates to the FortiData so that certificates signed by this CA are trusted by the FortiData.
- **Customized TLS certificates**—Use this option to import customized TLS certificates for HTTPS access to FortiData's GUI.
- **Remote certificates**—Use this option to import remote certificates to the FortiData. For example, you may want to add SAML certificates for [External IdPs on page 49](#).

### To import a new CA certificate:

1. Go to *System > Settings > Certificates*.
2. Click *Import Certificate > Add New CA Certificate*.

System &gt; Certificates ⓘ

Loaded 17:57:04

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' tab in the FortiGate web interface. A table lists existing certificates under categories like 'CA Certificates (3)', 'Certificates (1)', and 'Remote Certificates (0)'. The 'Import Certificate' button is highlighted, and its dropdown menu is open, showing options: 'Add New CA Certificate', 'Add New Certificate', 'Add New Remote Certificate', and 'Import Existing Certificate .zip File'. The 'Add New CA Certificate' option is highlighted with a red box.

| Name                    | Subject  | Comment | Issuer   | Exp                 | Factory   |
|-------------------------|--|---------|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| CA Certificates (3)     |  |         |          |                     |           |
| Fortinet_CA             | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=support,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com            | RSA     | Fortinet | 203                 |           |
| Fortinet_CA2            | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-ca2,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com       | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:27:39 | Factory ⓘ |
| Fortinet_Sub_CA2        | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-subca2001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:48:33 | Factory ⓘ |
| Certificates (1)        |  |         |          |                     |           |
| default                 | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=FortiDATA,CN=FDTVM1TM24090001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com               | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/26 13:48:33 | Factory   |
| Remote Certificates (0) |  |         |          |                     |           |

3. Click *BROWSE* to select the Base64 (PEM) certificate file (.cer or .crt) from your local directory. The first character cannot be "." or "-".
4. Click *IMPORT*.
5. Click *Close*.

### To import a customized TLS certificate:

1. Go to *System > Settings > Certificates*.
2. Click *Import Certificate* and select one of the following options:

System &gt; Certificates ⓘ

Loaded 17:57:04

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' tab in the FortiGate web interface. The 'Import Certificate' dropdown menu is open, showing options: 'Add New CA Certificate', 'Add New Certificate', 'Add New Remote Certificate', and 'Import Existing Certificate .zip File'. The 'Add New Certificate' option is highlighted with a red box.

| Name                    | Subject  | Comment | Issuer   | Exp                 | Factory   |
|-------------------------|--|---------|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| CA Certificates (3)     |  |         |          |                     |           |
| Fortinet_CA             | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=support,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com            | RSA     | Fortinet | 203                 |           |
| Fortinet_CA2            | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-ca2,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com       | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:27:39 | Factory ⓘ |
| Fortinet_Sub_CA2        | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-subca2001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:48:33 | Factory ⓘ |
| Certificates (1)        |  |         |          |                     |           |
| default                 | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=FortiDATA,CN=FDTVM1TM24090001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com               | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/26 13:48:33 | Factory   |
| Remote Certificates (0) |  |         |          |                     |           |

- *Add New Certificate*—Import a certificate using certificate file and key file
  - *Import Existing Certificate .zip File*—Import an existing certificate .zip file
3. Click *BROWSE* to select the certificate file and key file or the certificate .zip file from your local directory.
  4. **(Optional)** Specify a passphrase, if needed.
  5. Click *IMPORT*.
  6. Click *Close*.

To apply the customized TLS certificate, go to the *System > Settings > General on page 52* tab.

### To import a new remote certificate:

1. Go to *System > Settings > Certificates*.
2. Click *Import Certificate > Add New Remote Certificate*.

System &gt; Certificates ⓘ

Loaded 17:57:04

| Name                    | Subject  | Comment | Issuer   | Exp                 |           |
|-------------------------|--|---------|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| CA Certificates (3)     |  |         |          |                     |           |
| Fortinet_CA             | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=support,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com            | RSA     | Fortinet | 203                 |           |
| Fortinet_CA2            | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-ca2,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com       | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:27:39 | Factory ⓘ |
| Fortinet_Sub_CA2        | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=Certificate Authority,CN=fortinet-subca2001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/27 13:48:33 | Factory ⓘ |
| Certificates (1)        |  |         |          |                     |           |
| default                 | C=US,ST=California,L=Sunnyvale,O=Fortinet,OU=FortiDATA,CN=FDTVM1TM24090001,emailAddress=support@fortinet.com               | RSA     | Fortinet | 2056/05/26 13:48:33 | Factory   |
| Remote Certificates (0) |  |         |          |                     |           |

3. Click *BROWSE* to select the Base64 (PEM) certificate file (.cer or .crt) from your local directory. The first character cannot be "." or "-".
4. Click *IMPORT*.
5. Click *Close*.

## FortiGuard

FortiData uses the following FortiGuard packages:

- **AI Classification Model**—For machine learning classification of the documents.
- **NLP Model**— For recognizing data types from the target files.
- **Data Type Database**—For data type definition, including keyword, regex patterns, predefined rule templates and other related attributes.

You must have the corresponding license to upgrade these packages..

Services could be renewed via Fortinet authorised partners and distributors.

## Registering or renewing the service

Upon purchasing services from your reseller, you will receive the service registration document by email, which includes the service title and summary, such as the contractor registration code. Then follow steps below:

1. Log into Fortinet Support at *support.fortinet.com*.
2. Click *Register/Renew*.  
If you have not registered your FortiData account, enter the serial number to register it. If you have registered your FortiData account, you can see the information from *System > FortiGuard Information*.
3. Enter your Contract Registration Code (find the code from the Service Entitlement Summary).

## Upgrading FortiGuard packages

### To manually upgrade the FortiGuard packages:

1. Obtain the package files from Fortinet Support.
2. In the *System > FortiGuard Information* page, click *Upgrade*.
3. Click *Browse* to select the package file and click *Upload*.
4. Click *Apply*.

### To automatically upgrade the FortiGuard packages:

1. In the *System > FortiGuard Information > FortiData Model & Data Type Database Updates* section, enable *Schedule Updates*.
2. Configure the update schedule as needed.
3. Click *Apply*.

You can also manually do it using the *Update AI Classification, NLP and Data Type Definitions* button.

## Configuring FortiGuard server

The FortiGuard server is used for license validation. You can customize the FortiGuard server in the following ways:

- Override the FortiGuard server by selecting the *Override FortiGuard Server* option and specifying a custom FortiGuard server.
- Configure FortiData to connect through an explicit (non-transparent) web proxy server to the FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN) if you cannot connect to it directly. The FortiData will then connect to the proxy using the HTTP CONNECT method, as described in RFC 2616 (<http://tools.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>).

### To use explicit proxy for FortiGuard server:

- a. Go to *System > FortiGuard*.
- b. Enable *Use Explicit Proxy for FortiGuard Server*.
- c. Configure the following options:

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>Proxy Address</b> | Enter either the IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the web proxy.                       |
| <b>Proxy Port</b>    | Enter the port number on which the web proxy listens for connections.                                     |
| <b>Username</b>      | If the proxy requires authentication, enter the FortiData's login name on the web proxy.                  |
| <b>Password</b>      | If the proxy requires authentication, enter the password for the FortiData's login name on the web proxy. |

- d. Click *Apply*.

# Backup & Restore

Use the *System > Backup & Restore* tab to back up or restore the FortiData configurations.

System ▶ Backup & Restore ⓘ

🔄 Loaded 12:47:23

### Backup

**Backup Scope**

- All System Configuration
- All Data Protection Configuration

**Security**

- Encrypt backup file - You'll need this password to restore

**Backup**

### Restore

**Select Configuration file**

Allowed file types: [.zip]

**Password** - Enter the password if the selected backup was encrypted

**Restore**

## To back up the FortiData configurations:

1. In the *Backup* section, select *All System Configuration* and/or *All Data Protection Configuration* (including scans and schedules, policies, data types, and data labels, which are related to data protection).
2. Optionally, enable *Encrypt backup file* to add a password to the backup file. The password is required to restore the system.
3. Click *Backup*.

**To restore a saved FortiData configuration:**

1. In the *Restore* section, click *Browse* to locate and select the saved configuration file (.zip).
2. Enter the password if the selected backup was encrypted.
3. Click *Restore*.

# Notifications

Use the *Notifications > Email* page to configure email notifications, such as setting up SMTP servers and enabling email notification for data issues using built-in email templates.

**To configure an SMTP server:**

1. Go to *Notifications > Email > Settings*.
2. Configure the following options:

Settings
Templates
Data Issues

**SMTP Server \***

**Connection Security**

STARTTLS
▼

**SMTP Port \***

Authentication

**SMTP Username \***

**SMTP Password \***

**Sender**

**Recipients (semicolon separated) \***

This field is required

Send Test Email

CANCEL
SAVE

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>SMTP Server</b>         | Enter either the IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the SMTP server.  |
| <b>Connection Security</b> | Select one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>None</i>—Do not use secure connection.</li> <li><i>SMTPS</i>—Use SMTPS to secure connection.</li> <li><i>STARTTLS</i>—Use STARTTLS to secure connection.</li> </ul> |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>SMTP Port</b>      | Enter the port number on which the SMTP server listens for connections. The default is 587.            |
| <b>Authentication</b> | Enable to require authentication for the SMTP server. You must specify the SMTP username and password. |
| <b>Sender</b>         | Enter the email address of the sender.   |
| <b>Recipients</b>     | Enter the email address of recipients. Use semicolons to separate multiple recipients.                 |

3. Click *Send Test Email* to verify that the SMTP server configuration is successful.
4. Click *SAVE*.

**To enable email notifications for data issues:**

1. Go to *Notifications > Email > Data Issues*.
2. Toggle on *Enable Email Notifications* and configure the following options:

Notifications ▶ Email ⓘ Loaded 15:37:52

Settings      Templates      **Data Issues**

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**Email Notification**

**Enable Email Notification**  
Configure email notification for data issues

**Immediate Email Settings**  
Send immediate alerts for selected data issue risks.

**Data Issue Risks \***  
Choose only the risk levels that should trigger immediate alerts to minimize unnecessary email notifications.

Critical    High    Medium    Low

**Email Template \***  
Select the template used for immediate notifications.

Built-in Data Issue Email Notification (HTML) Preview   Send Test Email

Cancel   **Save**

- 3.
4. Select the risk level(s) of data issues to trigger email notifications.
5. Select an email template from the list. You can preview to see if it meets your needs. A full list of email templates are also available in the *Notifications > Email > Templates* tab.
6. Click *Send Test Email* to verify that the configuration is successful.
7. Click *Save*.



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