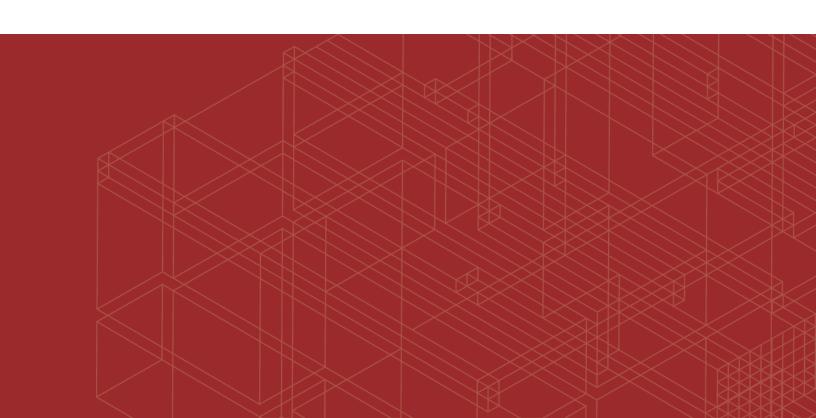




# FortiSIEM - Elasticsearch Storage Guide

Version 6.1.2



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FortiSIEM 6.1.2 Elasticsearch Storage Guide

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## **Change Log**

Date	Change Description
03/30/2018	Initial version of Elasticsearch storage guide.
04/11/2018	Revision 2 with updated links under 'Step 1: Download and Install Elasticsearch'.
03/25/2019	Revision 3 with updated information on Hot Data Node and Warm Data Node. Also updates the Elasticsearch versions supported by FortiSIEM. Added instructions for upgrading FortiSIEM to Elasticsearch 6.4.2.
11/05/2019	Revision 4: FortiSIEM supports Elasticsearch 6.8.x.
03/30/2020	Release of document for 5.3.0.

## Setting up Elasticsearch for FortiSIEM Event Storage

- · Pre-Install Considerations
- · Setting Up Elasticsearch
- Upgrading to Elasticsearch 6.8.x

Elasticsearch is a distributed database. It can be deployed as an all-in-one node; but more commonly in a cluster setup consisting of a Master Node, Co-ordinating Node and Data Nodes. FortiSIEM currently supports Elasticsearch 6.8.x.

FortiSIEM can work with both Elasticsearch configurations:

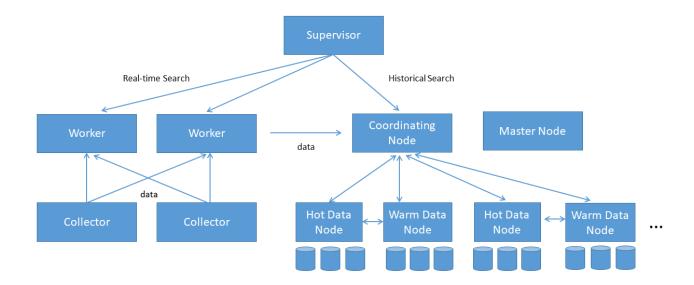
- All-in-One Node
- Cluster

In Full Cluster Deployment Architecture, the Supervisor and Worker nodes perform the real-time operations (Collection, Rules and Inline reports) while the data is indexed and stored in Elasticsearch. Historical search queries are sent from the Supervisor node to the Coordinating node, which communicates with the Hot and Warm Data Nodes to produce search results.

In storing mode, the current data written to the Hot Data Node. When this node is full, data is moved to the Warm Data Node. When the Warm Data Node is full, the data is purged.

In querying mode, Elasticsearch manages the query. When the Coordinating Node is queried, it distributes the query to the Hot and Warm Data Nodes. The Hot and Warm Data Nodes return the response to the Coordinating node.

The following diagram shows a Full Cluster Deployment Architecture:



#### **Pre-Install considerations**

### **Operating System**

While Elasticsearch runs on many Operating Systems, FortiSIEM can operate on CentOS 6.8 and RHEL 7.2. *For details, see here.* 

Assuming that Elasticsearch runs under 'admin' user profile, set the following parameters for this user. Do this for all nodes.

 Allocate sufficient file descriptors per process in /etc/security/limits.conf admin soft nofile 65536 admin hard nofile 65536

2. Allocate sufficient threads per user in /etc/security/limits.conf admin soft nproc 4096 admin hard nproc 4096

3. Verify the allocations by running ulimit -a

#### **CPU**

- Scale-out Architecture more cores are better than single large CPUs.
- The Master Node is light weight and needs 2-4 cores.
- All other nodes need more cores as EPS and Search requirements go up. Typically, 8-16 cores are sufficient. See 'FortiSIEM Sizing Guide' here for details.

## Memory

- Coordinator and Data Nodes need more memory (16-64 GB). Elastic JVM needs half of this memory.
   See 'FortiSIEM Sizing Guide' here for details.
- For all nodes, disable swapping using the command swapoff -a or comment swap on /etc/fstab
- In the file /etc/sysctl.conf, set vm.max map count to '262144' and check sysctl vm.max map count.

#### **Network**

- Low latency network with 1 Gbps 10 Gbps would be better but not necessary.
- · Avoid clusters spanning geographical distances.
- · TCP Port usage:
  - TCP/9200 for HTTP communication between FortiSIEM Supervisor node and Coordinating node.
  - TCP/9300 for communicating between Super and Coordinating (FortiSIEM querying) and Elastic internal. Ports 9200 and 9300 can be configured by the user. For example, they can be 9201, 9301, etc.
- TCP/5601 for Kibana, if needed.

#### Disk Size

Local Disks with high IOPS (SSD or RAID) for Data nodes are critical since FortiSIEM is a high Read and high Write environment.

Note: Avoid Network Attached Storage for Data nodes.

Elasticsearch needs sufficient disk space to store events since it computes lots of indices. It needs 32TB to store one year of logs at constant 1K EPS with no replication and 64 TB with 1 replication. If that is divided across 5 Data Nodes, the disk space required is 7TB/Data Node with no replication and 14TB/Data Node with 1 replication.

## **Setting up Elasticsearch**

FortiSIEM currently supports Elasticsearch version 6.8.x. Follow the steps below to setup Elasticsearch for FortiSIEM Event Storage.

### **Step 1: Download and Install Elasticsearch**

Follow the steps below to download and install Elasticsearch:

- Download Elasticsearch using the URLs: https://www.elastic.co/downloads/past-releases https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elastic-stack/6.8/index.html
- 2. Install Elasticsearch using the URL: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elastic-stack/6.8/index.html

## **Step 2: Configure Elasticsearch**

The basic configuration steps are available *here*. The configurations are suggested only. Your environment might have different requirements.

- · Configuration for All-in-One Node
- · Configuration for Cluster
- · Configure JVM heap size

## Configure Elasticsearch All-in-One Node

The configurations for the Data node are defined in the elasticsearch/config/elasticsearch.yml file.

**Note:** In Elasticsearch 6.8.x, X-Pack is installed and Machine Learning (ML) is enabled by default. To avoid unnecessary resource usage, disbale this by adding the following line in the elasticsearch.yml file:

```
xpack.ml.enabled: false
```

To configure Elasticsearch All-in-One Node, change the following parameters in the file:

```
node.name: datanetwork.host: <IP-Address>search.remote.connect: false
```

#### **Configure Elasticsearch Cluster**

The configurations for Coordinator node, Master node and each Data node are defined in the elasticsearch/config/elasticsearch.yml file.

**Note:** In Elasticsearch 6.8.x, X-Pack is installed and Machine Learning (ML) is enabled by default. To avoid unnecessary resource usage, disable this by adding the following line in the elasticsearch.yml file:

```
xpack.ml.enabled: false
```

To configure Elasticsearch Cluster, make specific parameter changes in the configuration file. For example, see the parameters to change for an Elasticsearch Cluster with 1 dedicated Coordinator, 1 dedicated Master and 3 Data nodes.

#### a) Coordinator Node

```
node.name: coordinator
network.host: <CoordinatorIP-Address>
discovery.zen.minimum_master_nodes: 2
discovery.zen.ping.unicast.hosts: ["<DataNode-1-IP>", "<DataNode-2-IP>", "<DataNode-3-IP>", "<MasterNode-IP>"]
node.data: false
node.ingest: false
search.remote.connect: false
```

#### b) Master Node

```
node.name: master
network.host: <MasterIP-Address>
discovery.zen.minimum_master_nodes: 2
discovery.zen.ping.unicast.hosts: ["<DataNode-1-IP>", "<DataNode-2-IP>", "<DataNode-3-IP>", "<CoordinatorNode-IP>"]
node.master: true
node.data: false
node.ingest: false
search.remote.connect: false
```

#### c) Each Hot Data Node

# d) Each Warm Data Nodenode.name: data

```
network.host: <DataIP-Address>
discovery.zen.minimum_master_nodes: 2
discovery.zen.ping.unicast.hosts: ["<DataNode-1-IP>", "<DataNode-2-IP>", "<DataNode-3-IP>", "<CoordinatorNode-IP>", "<MasterNode-IP>"]]
node.master: false
node.data: true
node.ingest: false
search.remote.connect: false
node.attr.box_type: warm
Note: One Hot Data node in the Cluster should be Master eligible. For this node, the parameter node.master:
```

## Configure JVM heap size

- Based on memory size of the node, change the parameters in jvm.xml. It is recommended to provide half of the node's memory size but not more than 30 GB. For example, if the node has 64 GB memory, change the parameters:
  - -Xms30g

true.

• -Xmx30g

### **Step 3: Configure Elasticsearch in FortiSIEM**

Once you have chosen the Elasticsearch configuration and set up the cluster according to the performance matrix:

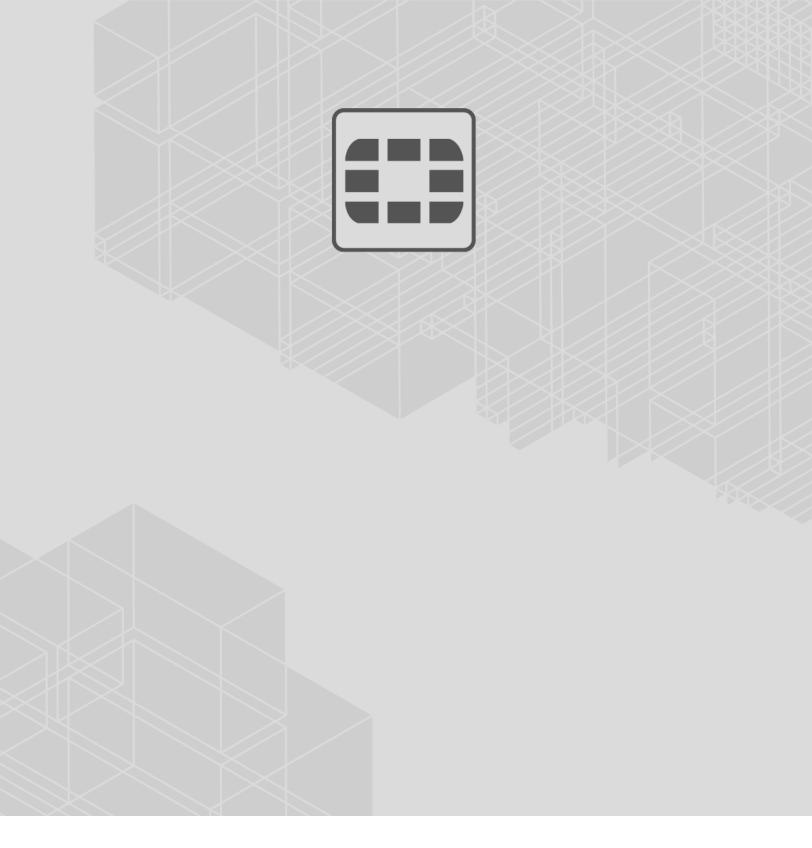
- 1. Go to FortiSIEM > ADMIN > Setup > Storage > select Elasticsearch.
- 2. Enter the following:
  - a. Cluster Name Name of the Elasticsearch Cluster
  - b. Cluster IP/Host Coordinating node IP
  - **c. Shards** Number of Shards. Adding or moving shards is easy, but splitting them is not possible. Plan ahead for shard sizing.
  - d. Replicas Number of Replicas

For Shards and Replicas, refer to the 'FortiSIEM Sizing Guide' here.

## **Upgrading to Elasticsearch 6.8.x**

FortiSIEM 5.1.2 supports Elasticsearch 5.6.2. FortiSIEM 6.1.2 supports Elasticsearch 6.8.x, 6.4.2, and 5.6.2. If you are running FortiSIEM 5.1.2 and want to upgrade to FortiSIEM 6.1.2 and Elasticsearch 6.8.x, follow these steps:

- 1. Upgrade FortiSIEM to 6.1.2. See FortiSIEM Upgrade Guide here.
- 2. Upgrade Elasticsearch to 6.8.x. See Upgrade Elasticsearch here and here.
- **3.** Set Elasticsearch Data nodes as Hot nodes. **Note:** At least one Hot Data node is required if there is no Replication and at least two Data nodes for one Replication.
- **4.** Login to FortiSIEM and go to **ADMIN > Setup > Storage**. Click **Test** and **Save** to force Elasticsearch to use the new event template.
- 5. Reboot FortiSIEM.
- 6. (Optional) You may want to add Warm nodes to utilize Elasticsearch Hot/Warm architecture. FortiSIEM will manage the data movement from Hot to Warm nodes. Configure data movement thresholds under ADMIN > Settings > Database > Archive.





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