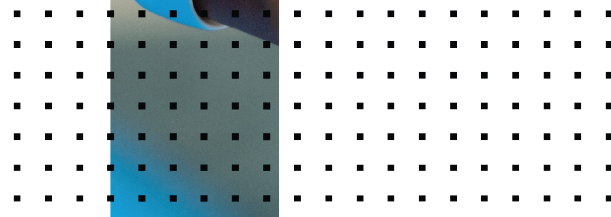
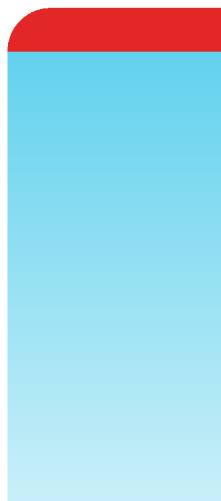


Vulnerability Scans

FortiSIEM 6.3.0



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FortiSIEM 6.3.0 Vulnerability Scans

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Change Log

| Date | Change Description |
|------------|--|
| 04/17/2018 | Initial version of the document. |
| 03/25/2019 | Revision 1: Removed "FortiSIEM Configuration" section. |
| 08/19/2019 | Revision 2: Updated the location of the image download site. |
| 11/20/2019 | Vulnerability Scans released for 5.2.6. |
| 02/11/2020 | Revision 3: Added the section Validating Vulnerability Scan Results . |
| 03/30/2020 | Revision 4: Release for 5.3.0. Added section for configuring Rapid7 for vulnerability scans. |
| 03/23/2021 | Revision 5: Release for 6.2.0. |
| 07/06/2021 | Revision 6: Release for 6.3.0. |
| 08/26/2021 | Revision 7: Release for 6.3.1. |
| 10/15/2021 | Revision 8: Release for 6.3.2. |
| 12/22/2021 | Revision 9: Release for 6.3.3. |

Running Vulnerability Scans against FortiSIEM

This document provides information about the configurations for running vulnerability scans against FortiSIEM.

- [Qualys Configuration](#)
- [Nessus Configuration](#)
- [Rapid7 Configuration](#)

Qualys Configuration

Logon to Qualys Vulnerability Management and follow the steps below to run a Vulnerability scan:

Step 1: Configure Scan Profile

1. Go to **Scans > Option Profiles** and click **New > PCI Option Profile**.
2. On the 'New PCI Option Profile' window, click the **Scan** tab.
3. Select 'Unix/Cisco' Authentication.
4. Click **Save**.

Step 2: Setup Host Authentication

1. Go to **Scans > Authentication** and click **New > Unix Record**.
2. On the 'New Unix Record' pop-up, add the login credentials.
3. Click the **IPs** tab and enter the Host IPs and click **Create**.

Step 3: Add Host IPs to Scan

1. Go to **Assets > Host Assets**.
2. Click **New > IP Tracked Hosts**.
3. Enter the new **Host IPs** and click **Add**.

Step 4: Launch Vulnerability Scan

1. Go to **Scans > Scans** tab.
2. Click **New > Scans** and select the **Option Profile** added in [step #2](#).
3. Select Host IPs that added in [step #2](#).
4. Click **Launch** to start the scan.

Nessus Configuration

Logon to Tenable Nessus Scanner UI and follow the steps below to run a Vulnerability scan:

Step 1: Configure Scan and Host IP

1. Go to **Scans** and click **New Scan > Advanced Network Scan**.
2. Under **Settings** tab, enter the information about the new scan including the FortiSIEM Host IP under **Targets**.
3. Click **Save**.

Step 2: Setup Host Authentication

1. Go to **Scans** and select the Scan added in [Step #1](#).
2. Click **Configure**.
3. Under the **Credentials** tab, click **SSH** and enter the FortiSIEM credentials.
4. Click **Save**.

Step 3: Launch Vulnerability Scan

1. Go to **Scans** and select the Scan from [Step #1](#).
2. Click the **Launch** icon to start the scan.

Rapid7 Configuration

Logon to Rapid7 insightVM (Advanced Vulnerability Management Analytics and Reporting) and follow these steps to run a Vulnerability scan:

Step 1: Install Rapid7 Insight Agent on FortiSIEM

1. Logon to Rapid7 insightVM (Advanced Vulnerability Management Analytics and Reporting).
2. Go to the **Agent Management** page, then select **Add New > Agent**.
3. Download the Rapid7 Linux Agent and copy it to FortiSIEM.
4. SSH to FortiSIEM and install Rapid7 Insight Agent with Token, for example:

```
sudo ./agent_installer.sh install_start --token us:bf870020-ef0b-41de-9c9e-da45237c214d
```

Step 2: Validate FortiSIEM Vulnerability Scan Results

1. In the Rapid7 insightVM UI, go to the **Agent Management** page and check the recently installed Agent.
2. Go to the insightVM default dashboard.
3. In the **Newly discovered Assets** gadget, click **Assets**.
4. In the **Assets** list, click the FortiSIEM hostname.
5. On the **Asset Details** page, validate the list of vulnerabilities.

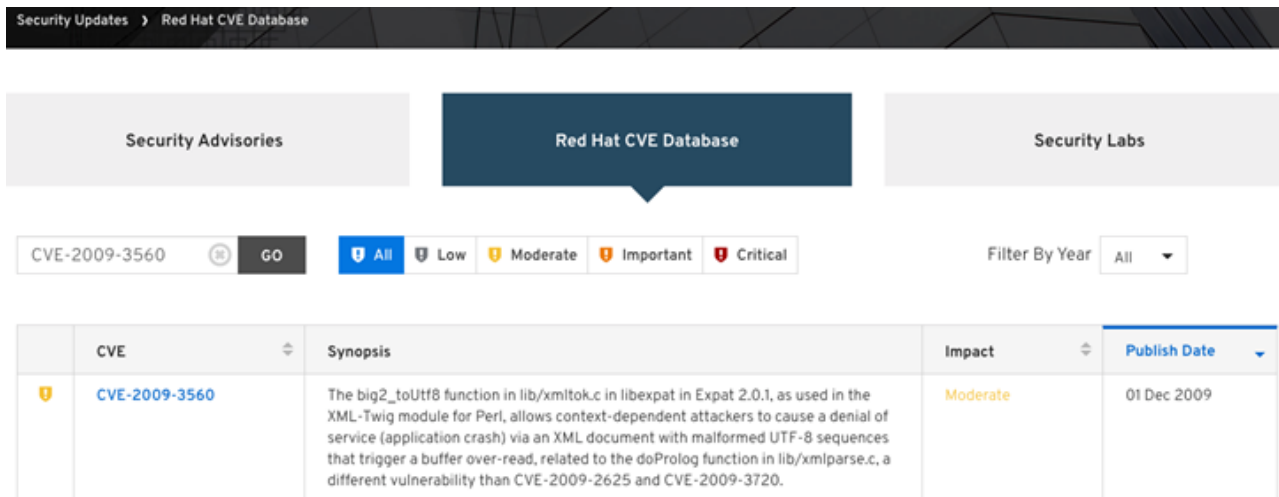
Validating Vulnerability Scan Results

The following sections describe how to validate vulnerability scan results:

- Find the CVE Information in the RedHat Database
- Validate Redhat Fixed Vulnerabilities in FortiSIEM

Find the CVE Information in the RedHat Database

1. Log in to the Vulnerability scanner.
2. Run a Vulnerability scan against FortiSIEM. See [Running Vulnerability Scans against FortiSIEM](#).
3. In the Vulnerability results, check for the CVE number on each vulnerability and search the noted CVE number in the [Redhat database](#).



4. Click the CVE number in the search results to get detailed information.
5. Check the **Affected Packages State** in the Redhat CVE report for **Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6** platform (note that [CentOS 6 is the same as RHEL 6](#)).
6. In the above example CVE-2009-3560, **Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6** platform is **Not affected**. See the following table of affected package states.

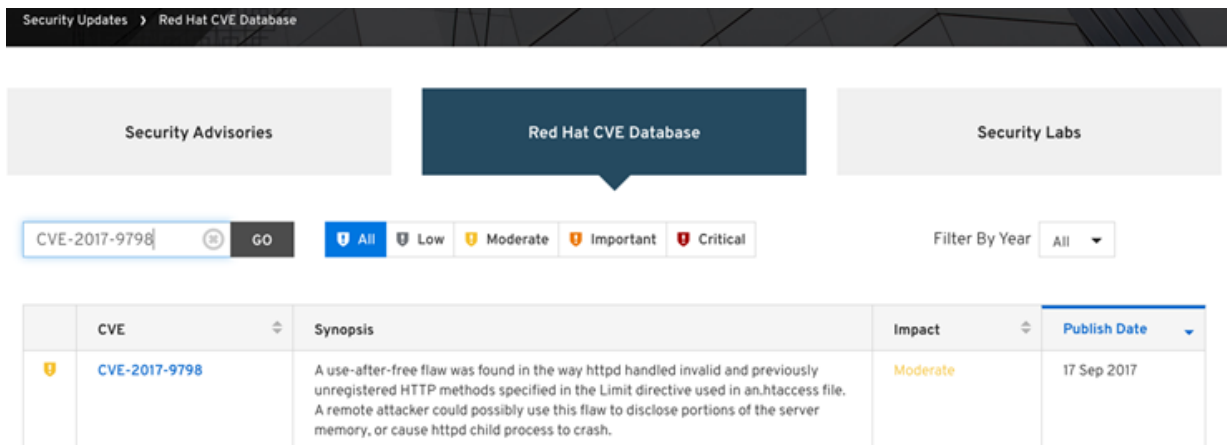
Affected Package States

| Platform | Package | State |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 | expat | Not affected |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 | expat | Not affected |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 | compat-epat1 | Not affected |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 | xmlrpc-c | Will not fix |

7. The Redhat database can return the following types of results:
 - **Not affected** – Vulnerability scanner reported a false alarm.
 - **Will not fix** – Redhat will not fix these vulnerabilities either due to a low CVSS score, or the platform might have reached end of support.
 - **Fixed/Patch available** – Redhat has already provided a fix for these vulnerabilities.
8. You can ignore vulnerabilities that are reported as **Not affected**. You will need to create a vulnerability exception for CVEs that are marked as **Will not fix** by Redhat. For **Fixed** vulnerabilities, follow the instructions in [Validate Redhat Fixed vulnerabilities in FortiSIEM](#).

Validate Redhat Fixed Vulnerabilities in FortiSIEM

1. From the Vulnerability scanner report, find a CVE number on vulnerability and search for the number in the [Redhat database](#).
2. Perform the following steps if Redhat provides a patch (Security Errata):
 - a. SSH to the FortiSIEM instances and the check installed packages.
Example: search for **CVE-2017-9798** in the Redhat database.



- b. Click **CVE-2017-9798** and check the Redhat security errata for **Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6**. See the following table.

Red Hat Security Errata

| Platform | Errata | Release Date |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Application Platform 6.4 | RHSA-2017:3239 | 2017-11-16 |
| Red Hat Software Collections for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 (httpd24-httpd) | RHSA-2017:3018 | 2017-10-24 |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux Extended Update Support 6.7 (httpd) | RHSA-2017:3195 | 2017-11-13 |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux Extended Update Support 7.2 (httpd) | RHSA-2017:3193 | 2017-11-13 |
| Red Hat JBoss Web Server | RHSA-2017:3114 | 2017-11-02 |
| Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Web Server 2 for RHEL 7 Server | RHSA-2017:3113 | 2017-11-02 |

| Platform | Errata | Release Date |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Web Server 2 for RHEL 6 Server (httpd) | RHSA-2017:3113 | 2017-11-02 |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 (httpd) | RHSA-2017:2972 | 2017-10-19 |

- c. Click the [RHSA-2017:2972](#) link, open the **Updated Packages** tab, and note the packages that are updated.

RHSA-2017:2972 - Security Advisory

Issued: 2017-10-19 Updated: 2017-10-19

Overview

Updated Packages

Note: More recent versions of these packages may be available. Click a package name for more details.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 6

SRPM

httpd-2.2.15-60.el6_9.6.src.rpm SHA-256: 328aeab280eebb9d347ce5431f9e8d8a36b3c1e0054738ee8738518e5ab45438

x86_64

httpd-2.2.15-60.el6_9.6.x86_64.rpm SHA-256: 04c4625a8a3ac4e4dff6acb0287dc7339db8cb703d5e860c981a301a67f17fb

httpd-debuginfo-2.2.15-60.el6_9.6.i686.rpm SHA-256: 7c93c4de01bc9e4e5141bdc670f1e98ed23c941a3b6ccbed421cbe3e3a69ef9b

httpd-debuginfo-2.2.15-60.el6_9.6.x86_64.rpm SHA-256: 84e32f93b8c2c8703dfdcafbcd50f599795e97bef8a6ecea677005f93b7285c9

httpd-devel-2.2.15-60.el6_9.6.i686.rpm SHA-256: 21c9886a4038da0e61e438bee715b4fd7691aea65267bdeb596d2238213d1af6

- d. SSH to the FortiSIEM instance and find installed **httpd** packages (based on the example) by running the `rpm -qa | grep -i httpd` command:

```
[root@sp176 ~]# rpm -qa | grep -i httpd
httpd-2.2.15-69.el6.centos.x86_64
httpd-tools-2.2.15-69.el6.centos.x86_64
```

- e. Check the installed **httpd** package change log to find the **CVE-2017-9798** fixes by running the `rpm -q --changelog httpd | less` command:

```
* Tue Jun 19 2018 Johnny Hughes <johnny@centos.org> - 2.2.15-69
- Roll in centOS Branding

* Mon Feb 19 2018 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-69
- Resolves: #1471383 - httpd.worker abort()s with misc/apr_reslist.c:159:
reslist_cleanup: Assertion `rl->ntotal == 0' failed

* Wed Jan 17 2018 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-68
- Resolves: #1450298 - when ProxyErrorOverride is On, modcluster
return 503 status code on subsequent requests (2)

* Tue Sep 19 2017 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-67
- Resolves: #1493060 - CVE-2017-9798 httpd: various flaws

* Wed Jul 26 2017 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-66
- Resolves: #1463194 - CVE-2017-3167 httpd: ap_get_basic_auth_pw()
authentication bypass
- Resolves: #1463197 - CVE-2017-3169 httpd: mod_ssl NULL pointer dereference
- Resolves: #1463207 - CVE-2017-7679 httpd: mod_mime buffer overread
- Resolves: #1470748 - CVE-2017-9788 httpd: Uninitialized memory reflection
in mod_auth_digest

* Fri Jul 07 2017 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-65
- Related: #1412974 - CVE-2016-8743 httpd: Apache HTTP Request Parsing
Whitespace Defects

* Thu Jun 29 2017 Luboš Uhliarik <luhliari@redhat.com> - 2.2.15-64
- Resolves: #1463205 - CVE-2017-7668 httpd: ap_find_token() buffer overread
```

- f. In the above example, the **CVE-2017-9798** patch is already available in FortiSIEM.

Mitigating Found Vulnerabilities

If the CVE number does not exist in the changelog, then follow these steps to perform a FortiSIEM OS update:

1. If the CVE number is not included in the changelog list or the installed package is an older version, perform a FortiSIEM OS update. See [FortiSIEM - OS Update Lifecycle](#).
2. After the FortiSIEM OS update, repeat [Step #2](#) in the previous section, [Validate Redhat Fixed Vulnerabilities in FortiSIEM](#).
3. Contact [FortiSIEM support](#) if the CVE number is not listed in the changelog after the OS update.



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