User Guide

FortiEdge Cloud 26.1.a

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FEEDBACK

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Change log

Date	Change description
2026-02-27	FortiEdge Cloud 26.1.a release version.

Introduction

FortiEdge Cloud is a unified management platform for standalone FortiAP, FortiSwitch, and FortiExtender deployments. FortiEdge Cloud provides configuration management and monitoring control for a handful of devices and can scale up to thousands of devices across multiple sites.

The following image shows the FortiEdge Cloud overview including the network management system (NMS) and administration communications.
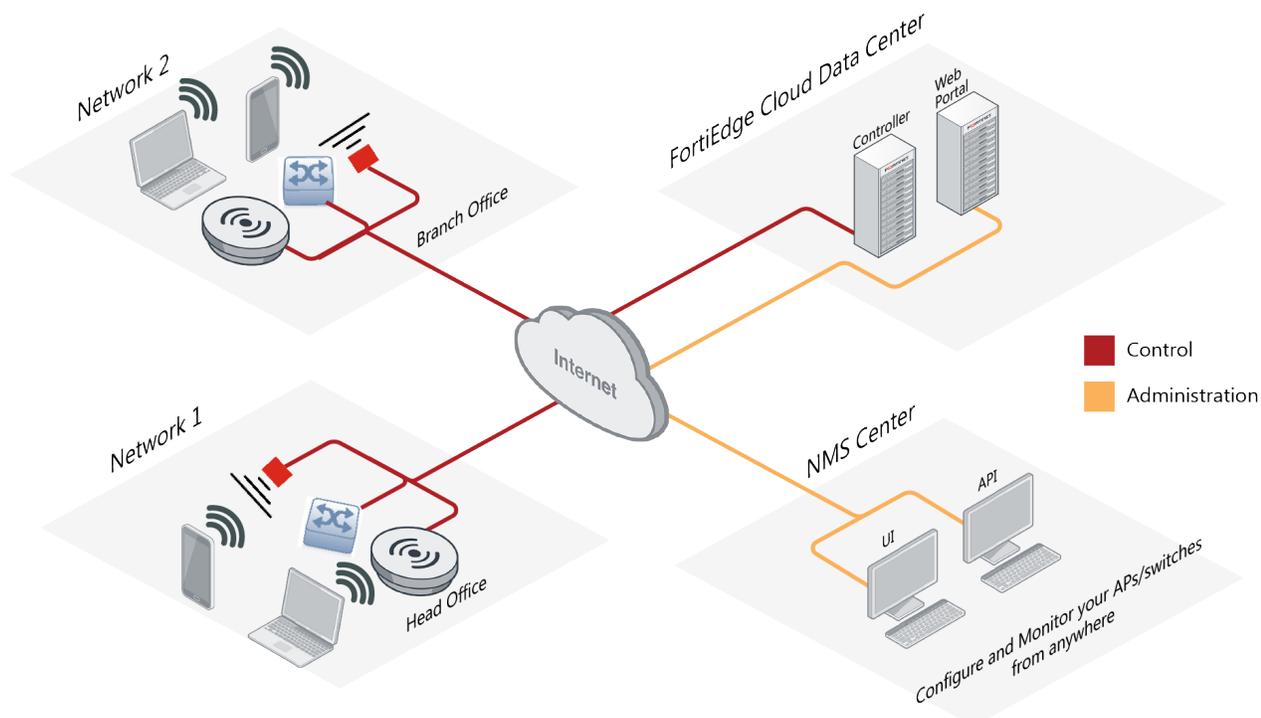
- Key Concepts
- Graphical User Interface Overview
- Monitoring Service Status
- Upstream Firewall Rules for Cloud Communication

Key Concepts

This section describes the key concepts related to using FortiEdge Cloud.

- FortiAP
- FortiSwitch
- FortiExtender
- REST API

- FortiEdge Cloud Account Inventory
- FortiEdge Cloud SKUs
- Regions
- Languages

FortiAP

FortiEdge Cloud centralizes the life-cycle management of your standalone FortiAP deployment with a simple, intuitive, and easy-to-use cloud interface that is accessible from anywhere at any time. With FortiEdge Cloud, you can deploy, configure, and manage your FortiAP devices. FortiEdge Cloud also offers enhanced visibility, monitoring, reporting, and analytics features for your FortiAP devices. FortiEdge Cloud also supports the FortiAP-S and FortiAP-U series which combine the elements of universal threat protection (UTP) protection at the network edge.

If you are interested in cloud management of FortiAP devices that are already connected to FortiGate devices, then use FortiGate Cloud, not FortiEdge Cloud.

FortiSwitch

FortiEdge Cloud provides management as a service (MaaS) for secure switching infrastructure deployed with FortiSwitch devices. It provides a centralized discovery, visibility, and configuration management solution without the need of on-premise hardware, software, or management overhead. FortiEdge Cloud manages FortiSwitch devices in standalone mode.

FortiExtender

FortiEdge Cloud provides simplified deployment, configuration, and management of standalone FortiExtender devices, that are designed to extend and enhance network connectivity using wireless WAN technology, such as 3G/4G LTE and 5G. It can be deployed to provide primary WAN links for systems like retail POS, ATMs, and kiosks, or as a failover link to ensure continuous internet connectivity. With this release, you can now remotely configure and monitor your FortiExtender devices via FortiEdge Cloud.

REST API

REST (REpresentational State Transfer) is a modern, scalable (but not high performance) client-server based RPC technique using existing HTTP protocol methods (such as GET, POST, PUT, DELETE) on server resources (identified by URLs) and transferring the resources in either XML / JSON / HTML representation. FortiEdge Cloud REST API provides functions similar to its GUI functions, both configuration and monitoring are supported over REST API. The FortiEdge Cloud REST APIs are integrated with FortiCloud IAM users, you can use REST APIs as a local user or an IAM user.

FortiEdge Cloud Account Inventory

The device deployment and registration is supported via the FortiEdge Cloud GUI, REST APIs, and FortiCloud account inventory (https://support.fortinet.com/). FortiEdge Cloud periodically synchronizes the devices with FortiCloud, to import registered devices and remove un-registered devices. The devices registered in your account in FortiCloud automatically appear in the **Inventory** tab.

Note: If an account has no device in any FortiEdge Cloud domain, then manual synchronization is required at least once. Click the refresh icon at top right corner of the **Devices** page.

FortiEdge Cloud SKUs

For license ordering details such as stock keeping unit (SKU) codes, see the *FortiEdge Cloud Data Sheet*.

FortiAP-S and F-Series or later FortiAP-U family access points communicate with FortiCare/FortiGuard service to get UTP updates (for AV, IPS engine and database) when its FortiGuard subscription is valid.

Regions

Data centers are located in Canada, Germany, Japan, and the US for better performance and GDPR compliance for international customers. FortiEdge Cloud includes the Canada, Europe, US, and Japan regions.

Languages

FortiEdge Cloud supports the user interface in *English*, *Japanese*, *Spanish*, and *Portuguese* languages.

- If the browser language is one of the supported languages and is different from the configured account language, then the user interface is available in the browser language. For example, if the account is configured to use Spanish but the browser language is English, then the user interface is available in English.
- If the browser language is NOT one of the supported languages, then the user interface is available in the account configured language. For example, if the account is configured to use Spanish but the browser language is Mandarin, then the user interface is available in Spanish.

Graphical User Interface Overview

The FortiEdge Cloud GUI is segregated into different sections and pages enabling you to perform configuration and management operations at the FortiEdge Cloud level, network level, and device level.

1	The **Services** menu accessible via the FortiEdge Cloud application provides access to various Fortinet cloud-based services. It includes the **Show More** and **Show Less** options to expand and collapse the list of services respectively. The **Support** menu, provides the **Resources** section with some useful links aiding product usage and the **Downloads** section for access to installation files and updates.
2	To view what's new in the current release, click **FortiEdge Cloud Feature Reference**.
3	To view the license status, click **License Status**. [FortiExtender] The licensed device count and the allowed networks count are considered based only on the deployed FortiExtender devices.

④	To access the following additional options, click the settings icon.
	
	⚙ ▾ @gmail.com
	
	🔔 Manage Notifications
	⤭ Change FortiEdge account
	💬 Feedback
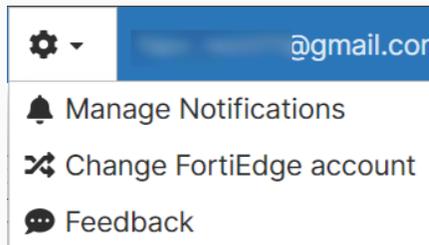	
	• To manage (enable/disable) email alert preferences for specific notifications for your account, click **Manage Notifications**.
	
	Manage Notifications
	
	Manage the notifications which you would like to receive:
	
	    🔵 Multi-Tenancy(MSSP) License Expiry Warning Notifications
	    🔵 Edge Cloud License Enforcement Start Date Warning Notifications
	    🔵 FAP Management and UTP License Expiry Warning Notifications
	    🔵 FSW Management License Expiry Warning Notifications
	    🔵 FortiEdge Cloud Release Upgrade Notifications
	
	• To switch to a different account, select **Change FortiEdge Account**.
	• To send feedback to the FortiEdge Cloud team, select **Feedback**. FortiEdge Cloud provides an enhanced and intuitive form to obtain sufficient and accurate user feedback, aimed to improve user experience. This feedback form seeks suggestions on potential improvement areas and the usage ratings, based on pre-defined options. You can modify/view the feedback using the same **Feedback** option.
	
	Your FortiEdge Cloud Experience
	
	How satisfied are you with your overall experience of using the FortiEdge Cloud application?
	
	★ ★ ★ ★ ★
	
	Very Satisfied
	
	What did you like most? (Select all that apply)
	
	Intuitive & Responsive Design Easy Device Setup Ease of finding Config options
	
	User Management for Accounts Ease of Troubleshooting
	
	Is there anything else you'd like to tell us about your experience?
	
	250 characters left.
	
	Send Feedback Cancel

Monitoring Service Status

This service status page provides an overview of the current and historical availability of the FortiEdge Cloud service, with visibility into the monitoring infrastructure. You can receive and track notifications for incidents and downtime affecting the FortiEdge Cloud GUI and REST APIs. Navigate to **FortiEdge Cloud Feature Reference** and click **Service Status**.
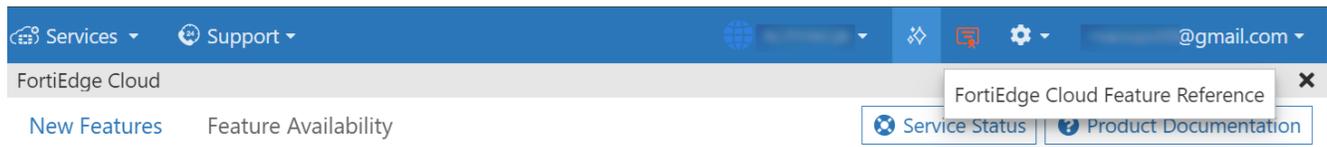
This page displays the real-time and historical incidents affecting the FortiEdge Cloud service. The real-time events affecting the infrastructure and usage of the service are displayed on the top of the page. The historical incidents indicate the past events. Click **Subscribe To Updates** to receive notifications.

The FortiEdge Cloud service uptime is displayed graphically for a period of 90 days. The downtime/outage events experienced by the service are indicated in colored bars; hover over each bar to view the details. Click **View historical uptime** to view the uptime/downtime experienced by the service in the past.

Upstream Firewall Rules for Cloud Communication

This section describes the ports and protocols to be permitted through the firewall to secure communication with FortiEdge Cloud.

Note: Ensure that the FortiEdge Cloud managed devices can reach port 53 of a DNS server to resolve the hostnames of FortiEdge Cloud servers.

FortiEdge Cloud

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API	Portal	*https://ca.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://us.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://eu.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://jp.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://fortiedge.forticloud.com/* - (This is a generic URL and not associated with any region.)	443	HTTPS/TCP	FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator
	Login Manager	*https://calogin.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://uslogin.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://eulogin.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://jplogin.fortiedge.forticloud.com/*	443	HTTPS/TCP	FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator

FortiAP Portal

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
Dispatcher	Dispatcher	*Apctrl1.forticloud.com* *Apctrl1.fortinet.com*	443	HTTPS/TCP	FortiAP
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API/ UTM Logs and Device Tunnel	Canada Domain	*https://caapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* The following is an example FQDN sampling **-** (1 - 9). *https://caapportal003-1.fortiedge.forticloud.com/*	TCP 443/514/8443 UDP 5246/5247	TCP and UDP	• FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator • FortiAP
	Europe Domain	*https://euapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://euapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* *https://euapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* The following is an example FQDN sampling **-** (1 - 9). *https://euapportal003-1.fortiedge.forticloud.com/*	TCP 443/514/8443 UDP 5246/5247	TCP and UDP	• FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator • FortiAP

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
	Japan/APAC Domain	*https://jpapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* The following is an example FQDN sampling **-** (1 - 9). *https://jpapportal003-1.fortiedge.forticloud.com/*	TCP 443/514/8443 UDP 5246/5247	TCP and UDP	• FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator • FortiAP
	USA Domain	*https://usapportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/* The following is an example FQDN sampling **-** (1 - 9). *https://usapportal003-1.fortiedge.forticloud.com/*	TCP 443/514/8443 UDP 5246/5247	TCP and UDP	• FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator • FortiAP

FortiSwitch Portal

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
Dispatcher		*Fortiswitch-dispatch.forticloud.com*	443	TCP	FortiSwitch
Device Tunnel	Canada Domain	*fortiswitch-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiSwitch
	Europe Domain	*eu.fortiswitch-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiSwitch
	Japan/APAC Domain	*jp.fortiswitch-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiSwitch
	USA Domain	*us.fortiswitch-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiSwitch

FortiExtender Portal

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
Dispatcher/Device Tunnel	Canada Domain	*fortiextender.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiExtender

Service Type	Description	FQDN	Port	Protocol	Used By
		fortiextender-dispatch.forticloud.com *fortiextender-firmware.forticloud.com* *fortiextender-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*			
	Europe Domain	*eu.fortiextender.forticloud.com* *eu.fortiextender-dispatch.forticloud.com* *eu.fortiextender-firmware.forticloud.com* *eu.fortiextender-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiExtender
	Japan/APAC Domain	*jp.fortiextender.forticloud.com* *jp.fortiextender-dispatch.forticloud.com* *jp.fortiextender-firmware.forticloud.com* *jp.fortiextender-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiExtender
	USA Domain	*us.fortiextender.forticloud.com* *us.fortiextender-dispatch.forticloud.com* *us.fortiextender-firmware.forticloud.com* *us.fortiextender-sockstunnel.forticloud.com*	8443/443	TCP	FortiExtender

CSV Version

- FortiEdge Cloud
- FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiAP Management
- FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiSwitch Management
- FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiExtender Management

FortiEdge Cloud

```
Service Type,Description,FQDN,Port,Protocol,Used By
FortiEdge Cloud User
Interface/API,Portal,https://fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
FortiEdge Cloud User
Interface/API,Portal,https://us.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
FortiEdge Cloud User
```

```
Interface/API,Portal,https://eu.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
FortiEdge Cloud User
Interface/API,Portal,https://jp.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
Login Manager,,https://login.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
Login Manager,,https://us.login.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
Login Manager,,https://eu.login.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
Login Manager,,https://jp.login.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiEdge Cloud
user/network administrator
```

FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiAP Management

```
Service Type,Description,FQDN,Port,Protocol,Used By
Dispatcher,Dispatcher,Apctrl1.forticloud.com,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiAP
Dispatcher,Dispatcher,Apctrl1.fortinet.com,443,HTTPS/TCP,FortiAP
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API/UTM Logs and Device Tunnel,Canada
Domain,https://apportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,TCP 443/514/8443 & UDP
5246/5247,TCP and UDP,FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator/FortiAP
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API/UTM Logs and Device Tunnel,Europe
Domain,https://eu.apportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,TCP 443/514/8443 & UDP
5246/5247,TCP and UDP,FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator/FortiAP
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API/UTM Logs and Device Tunnel,Japan/APAC
Domain,https://jp.apportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,TCP 443/514/8443 & UDP
5246/5247,TCP and UDP,FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator/FortiAP
FortiEdge Cloud User Interface/API/UTM Logs and Device Tunnel,USA
Domain,https://us.apportal*-*.fortiedge.forticloud.com/,TCP 443/514/8443 & UDP
5246/5247,TCP and UDP,FortiEdge Cloud user/network administrator/FortiAP
```

FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiSwitch Management

```
Service Type,Description,FQDN,Port,Protocol,Used By
Dispatcher,fortiswitch-dispatch.forticloud.com,443,TCP,FortiSwitch
Device Tunnel,Canada Domain,fortiswitch-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,FortiSwitch
Device Tunnel,Europe Domain,eu.fortiswitch-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,FortiSwitch
Device Tunnel,Japan/APAC Domain,jp.fortiswitch-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,FortiSwitch
Device Tunnel,USA Domain,us.fortiswitch-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,FortiSwitch
```

FortiEdge Cloud - Network Portal - FortiExtender Management

```
Service Type,Description,FQDN,Port,Protocol,Used By
Dispatcher,fortiextender-dispatch.forticloud.com,443,TCP,fortiextender
Device Tunnel,Canada Domain,fortiextender-
```

```
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,fortiextender
Device Tunnel,Europe Domain,eu.fortiextender-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,fortiextender
Device Tunnel,Japan/APAC Domain,jp.fortiextender-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,fortiextender
Device Tunnel,USA Domain,us.fortiextender-
sockstunnel.forticloud.com,8443/443,TCP,fortiextender
```

Subscribing to FortiEdge Cloud

FortiEdge Cloud offers specific licensing options and services for product subscriptions. For more information about licenses, see Licensing.

Signing-on for FortiEdge Cloud

Access FortiEdge Cloud and other Fortinet Cloud services by using the FortiCloud single sign-on portal.

If you are...	Then go to
A new FortiCloud user	Registering on FortiCloud Accessing FortiEdge Cloud
An existing FortiCloud user	Accessing FortiEdge Cloud

Registering on FortiCloud

Prior to using FortiEdge Cloud, you are required to register on the *FortiCloud* portal. Use the https://support.fortinet.com access link to register on the *FortiCloud* portal. A security code is emailed to the address specified during registration; use the code to complete registration and activate your account.

Create A New FortiCloud Account

Enjoy our one-stop access to all Fortinet Cloud services with FortiCloud! Integrated with FortiCare, FortiCloud makes the management of entitlement and support just a click away.

* ACCOUNT EMAIL

☐ I am a government user

CANCEL   **CREATE ACCOUNT**

Accessing FortiEdge Cloud

Any user registered on https://support.fortinet.com can access FortiEdge Cloud. Once you login into *FortiCloud*, click on **Services**, a banner with Fortinet products is displayed. Select **FortiEdge Cloud**. You are redirected to the FortiEdge Cloud GUI.

Domain	Purpose
Canada	Used by customers worldwide except in Europe, Japan, and USA regions.
Europe	Used by customers in the Europe region.
Japan	Used by customers in Japan.
USA	Used by customers in the USA.

For information on URLs to access various FortiAP, FortiSwitch, and FortiExtender services in different domains, see Upstream Firewall Rules for Cloud Communication.

If you have enabled FortiToken two-factor authentication, then check your FortiToken Mobile application or email (as applicable), type the security code, and click **Go**.

You can login into FortiCloud using your registered FortiCloud account details, **Email** and **Password OR** click **Sign in as IAM user.** Enter your registered IAM user credentials to login, the **Account ID** is that of the master account. The FortiEdge Cloud Home page opens. For details, see the Graphical User Interface Overview on page 10.

Management Operations

This section describes the following operations on FortiEdge Cloud.

- Managing Users and Accounts
- Registering Assets
- Activating the multi-tenancy feature (Legacy)
- FortiCloud Organization
- Managing FortiEdge Cloud Accounts
- Managing Networks on FortiEdge Cloud

Managing Users and Accounts

FortiEdge Cloud can be accessed and managed by the following users.

- IAM users
- External IdP authenticated users
- Email users

Adding IAM Users

The Identity and Access Management (IAM) is a service to help you control access to FortiCloud portals and assets. You can use the portal to manage users, authentication credentials, and asset permissions. For more information, see **FortiCloud documentation**. Access the IAM service from the FortiCloud portal using the master FortiEdge Cloud account. To configure IAM users, see Adding IAM users.

External IdP Authentication

FortiEdge Cloud supports integration of third-party Identity Provider (IdP) services to log-in and manage networks. This feature is useful for enterprises that need to secure their user credentials and hence provision FortiEdge Cloud access through their own Identity Provider. The external IdP initiated Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) assertion consisting of specific IdP attributes is used by FortiCloud/FortiEdge Cloud to verify the user account details and grant required access.

External IdP authentication is offered in conjunction with FortiCare and FortiAuthenticator. Contact the Fortinet *Customer Support* team to enable external IdP support and raise an enrollment request with the appropriate FortiCare accounts. After the enrollment is complete follow these setup procedures.

Note: Support for SAML 2.0 and IdP initiated assertion response is required.

- Create an IdP with SAML Service Provider Metadata. The following is an example where *company* is the unique name of your organization.
  ```
  SP Entity ID http://customersso1.fortinet.com/saml-idp/proxy/{company}/metadata/
  SP Login URL https://customersso1.fortinet.com/saml-idp/proxy/{company}/saml/?acs
  Relay State https://customersso1.fortinet.com/saml-idp/proxy/{company}/login/
  ```

- Configure the SAML assertions with the *username* and *role* attributes for permission control in FortiCloud.
- Provide specific information to Fortinet, such as, the SAML Metadata file, company name, contact information, and the Fortinet master account that the IdP requires to connect to.

Configure external IdP roles in FortiCloud to allow the required access to FortiEdge Cloud. See Adding External IdP Roles on page 22. After successful authentication on your Identity Provider, you are re-directed to the FortiCloud portal from where you access FortiEdge Cloud based on the configured roles.

Adding External IdP Roles

Access the **Identity & Access Management** (IAM) service from the FortiCloud portal to add external IdP roles. See Adding external IdP roles.

Managing External IdP Roles

You can add and manage the external IdP roles from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI.

- All existing IdP roles are listed in the **Manage Account Access** page.

You can edit, create, and delete IdP roles from this page.

Resource/Task-Based Access Control (RTBAC)

RTBAC enables you to control the tasks/operations and resources that a user can have access to, thus providing a more granular level of control over user access. RTBAC offers flexibility in defining access control policies to control the set of GUI pages served to different users. In the **Manage Account Access** page of the FortiEdge Cloud portal, you can associate access permissions with both users and specific tasks they intend to perform on resources, in addition to the assigned role in FortiCare for an account.

- [RTBAC Profiles](#)
- [RTBAC Users](#)

RTBAC Profiles

The RTBAC profile defines resources and their configured permissions. You can assign an RTBAC profile to one or multiple FortiEdge Cloud users, and every account can have multiple RTBAC profiles.

Configuration	Description
LoginManager	If you enable **Proceed With Domain** and select a domain, then the domain selection page is not displayed and the login proceeds with the selected domain.
Resources/Tasks	Set access permissions for all **Resources/Tasks** (features) displayed.
Apply template	The permission level set resets all permissions set for the resources/tasks mentioned above. The following blanket permissions can be granted. • **Permissive** - Sets all resource permissions to Read/Write. • **Read Only** - Sets all resource permissions to ReadOnly. • **Restricted** - Sets all resource permissions to NoAccess.

Add RTBAC Profile

Name	RTBAC1
Description	RTBAC Profile

Apply template   Permissive   Read Only   Restricted

Resources / Tasks

- **LoginManager**

  Proceed With Domain   ☑   LANCloud BETA ▾   ❓

  Show Japan Domain Link   ☑   **Yes**   No   ❓

  Portal

  Access Account Information   ☑   **Read/Write**   ReadOnly   NoAccess ❓

  Access Account Devices (Inventory)   ☑   **Read/Write**   ReadOnly   NoAccess ❓

  Access Account Devices (Deployed)   ☑   **Read/Write**   ReadOnly   NoAccess ❓

Notes:

- The permissions configured in this page are overridden by the **Access Type** set in the FortiCare account. For example, if the user **Access Type** is **ReadOnly** in FortiCare then all **Read/Write** permissions are reset to **ReadOnly**.
- The resources/tasks with un-configured permissions on this page are granted access based on the **Access Type** (Admin/ReadOnly) configured in FortiCare.

RTBAC Users

You can assign RTBAC profiles to an RTBAC user, external IdP, email, and IAM users are supported. If you do not specify an external IdP role, then the selected RTBAC profile is applicable to all roles from the external IdP. If the administrator has already configured some IdP roles in user management, then those roles are available for selection.

Add RTBAC User

User Type	External IdP ▼
External IdP	xyz.com
External IdP Role	admin ▼
RTBAC Profile	RTBAC1 ▼
Description	

Migrate legacy FortiEdge Cloud users to FortiCloud IAM

You can migrate the legacy email users to IAM users following the sub user migration procedure. For more information, see Migrating sub users.

Note: This migration procedure is applicable to only those FortiEdge Cloud email users who are present in FortiCloud. If the email user is NOT present in FortiCloud, then you are required to create a new IAM user in FortiCloud and delete the existing legacy email user from FortiEdge Cloud.

- When you login into the FortiEdge Cloud, you are presented with the option to migrate the email users. Clicking on **Proceed with migrating users** directs you to the **Manage Account Access** page, where you can use the **Migrate To IAM Users** option.

⚠ This account has legacy email users associated to it, which will be deprecated in the future. Fortinet recommends that email users are removed and migrated to IAM users. Please refer to this link for information on sub user migration.

Proceed with migrating users   I'll do this later

1. The **Migrate To IAM Users** option re-directs you to the IAM portal wizard to enable migration of existing email users to IAM users.
2. In the **Migrate Sub User(s)** page, read and accept the terms of migration, and click **Next**.
3. Select a username formatting option, and click **Next**.

Format	Description
Use email account name	Maps the user's FortiCloud email (account ID) to the IAM user ID field.
Use Name as Username and filter with space	Maps the user's FortiCloud name to the IAM user ID field.

4. Select users from the list, and click **Next**; review the user's details, and click **Next**. The **User Group, Asset and Portal Permissions** page appears. Select **Yes** from **Basic Info** and select a group.

5. Select the **Permission Profile** that enables access to FortiEdge Cloud and required **Permission Profile** for the user; click **Next**.
   For each user that you migrate, create an IAM user and select the required permissions profile.

6. To confirm the user migration, click **Confirm**.

7. Click **Download IAM User Credentials** that contain the user and password details, and share them with the user.

After the migration is successfully completed, you can delete the legacy user from FortiEdge Cloud.

Note: The legacy email and IAM users can exist simultaneously during this transition.

FortiCloud Organization

FortiCloud supports a centralized account management feature called *FortiCloud Organization* that consolidates multiple FortiCloud accounts into **Organization (O)** or **Organizational Units (OU)**. It allows FortiEdge Cloud users to create accounts in FortiCloud. FortiCloud Organization is a central management service in that it is common platform across all Fortinet cloud portals. FortiEdge Cloud supports FortiCloud Organization feature in addition to the existing MSSP (multi-tenancy) feature. For more information, see the Organization Portal.

Registering Assets

You are required to register the procured license and device (FortiAP/FortiSwitch/FortiExtender) on the FortiCloud portal. For a generic procedure on asset registration see the FortiCloud document.

- Registering a Device
- Registering a License

Registering a Device

To register your device for deploying in FortiEdge Cloud, see Registering Assets.

The procedure for registering a FortiSwitch, FortiAP, and FortiExtender is the same.

- Use the registration code/serial number obtained from Fortinet during device procurement.
- Use the **FortiCloud Key** that is shipped along with the device. The key is printed on a sticker attached to a FortiGate/FortiWiFi's top surface.

The registered device is listed in the **Inventory Devices** tab of the FortiEdge Cloud page. You can apply the relevant license and deploy the device.

Registering a License

This section describes registering the following license types.

- Device License
- UTP License

Device License

To register your device license for deploying in FortiEdge Cloud, see Registering Assets.

Use the registration code/serial number obtained from Fortinet during device procurement. The registered license is listed in the **Inventory Devices** tab of the FortiEdge Cloud page.

UTP License

Ensure that the FortiAP is registered prior to performing the following steps to register the *UTP license*.

1. Login into https://support.fortinet.com.
2. Navigate to **Products > My Assets** and click **Register More**.
3. Enter the **Registration Code**/serial number obtained from Fortinet during license procurement and select the **End User Type** as per the user functionality defined on the page.
4. Select the FortiAP to apply the UTP license to and complete the registration process. The UTP license is enabled.
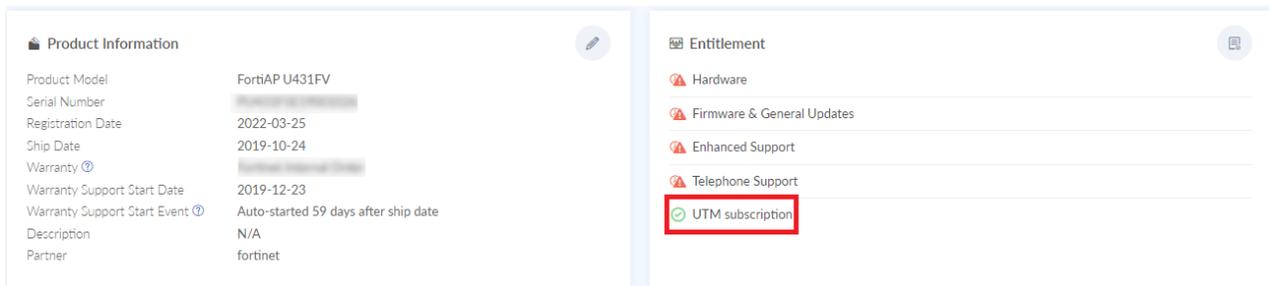
Activating the multi-tenancy feature (Legacy)

FortiEdge Cloud will no longer support multi-tenancy license extensions after December 31, 2026. Any multi-tenancy license extended will have its expiration date set to December 31, 2026, regardless of the start date.

If you currently use multi-tenancy feature, you must now transition to use the *FortiCloud Organization* feature for managing multiple entities within FortiEdge Cloud. See FortiCloud Organization.

The multi-tenancy account is designed for managed security service providers (MSSPs). A multi-tenancy account allows you to create and manage multiple sub-accounts. You can add and move devices between these sub-accounts and each account can have its own administrators and users, allowing more control over a managed service's provisioning.

Prerequisites

Purchase a license for the FortiEdge Cloud multi-tenancy feature and obtain the activation code.

1. In the **Manage Account Access** page, click **Extend** and enter the activation code.
2. Click **Ok**.
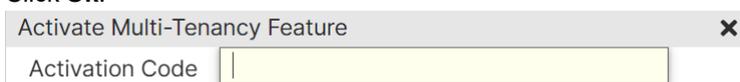
The activation code is require to activate a new license or extend an existing one.

Manage Account Access

To provide Admin access in FortiLAN Cloud, add IAM User / External IdP Role as Admin in IAM Portal.   Multi-Tenancy License Expiration Date: **2023-12-08 23:59**   Extend

Adding and Managing Sub-Accounts

You can create multiple sub-accounts in a multi-tenancy account.

Notes:

- You cannot edit/modify the default sub-account.
- You can create a maximum of 1024 sub-accounts.
- Authentication via REST API is not supported for sub-accounts with permissions for specific folders.

1. To create a sub-account, click on the ⚙ icon and select **Add Sub Account**.
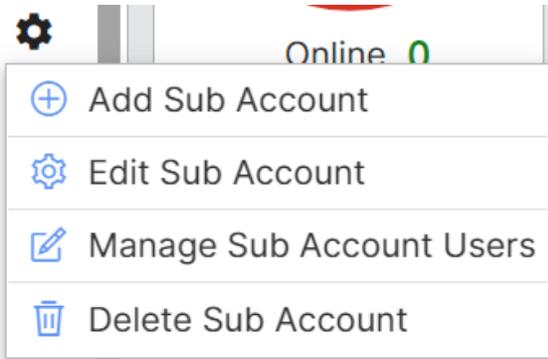
Enter a unique name for the sub-account.

2. Alternately, you can create nested sub-accounts, click the ⚙ icon against an existing sub-account and select **Add Sub Account**.

⊕ Add Sub Account

⚙ Edit Sub Account

✎ Manage Sub Account Users

🗑 Delete Sub Account

3. You can edit and delete the sub-accounts. Click on the ⚙ icon and select **Edit Sub Account** to modify the account name.

Edit Sub Account ✕

Sub Account Name : LAB_NW

Submit   Cancel

4. Click on the ⚙ icon and select **Delete Sub Account** to delete the account. Click **Submit** and confirm deletion.

Delete Sub Account ✕

Are you sure to delete sub account ?

Submit   Cancel

You can assign sub-accounts to existing or new users, navigate to **Manage Account Access**.

Manage Account Access

Select any user and click the edit icon to manage sub-accounts for the user.

You can manage sub-accounts while creating a new user as well, that is **Add Email User** or **Add Ext Idp Role**.

Adding Sub Account Users

You can add users for each sub-account and define their roles.

1. To add a sub-accout user, click the ⚙ icon against a sub-account and select **Manage Sub Account Users**.
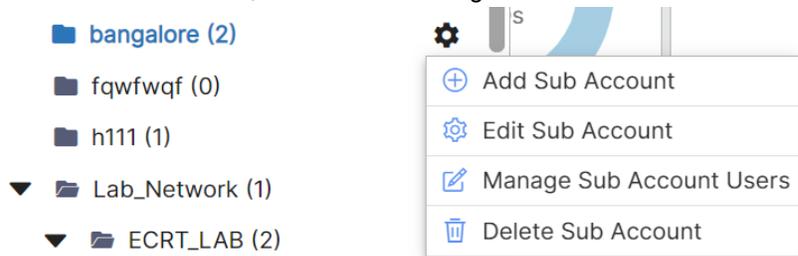
The **Sub Account Users** panel is displayed.

2. Click **Add** and enter the email address, user name, role, and language.

3. Click **Submit**. The user is listed.

You can mange the sub-account users listed here. Click on the ✎ icon to edit the user details, FortiEdge Cloud also allows you to enable **2-factor** authentication for each sub-account user.

Alternately, in the settings option of the home page, navigate to **Manage Account Access** and select **Add Sub-Account User**. Assign a sub-account to the user.

Assigning a Network to Sub-accounts

To assign a network (in the same Master account) to an already existing sub-account, click **Actions** against the network that you want to assign and select **Assign to**. Select sub-account from the list and submit.

Managing FortiEdge Cloud Accounts

This section describes the following operations on a FortiEdge Cloud account.

- Modifying a FortiEdge Cloud account
- Enabling two-factor authentication for FortiEdge Cloud
- Removing a user from a FortiEdge Cloud account

Modifying a FortiEdge Cloud account

You can modify some user configurations from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI.

A regular user does not have the same option to create networks.

Procedure steps

1. Click **Manage Account Access** in the left menu on the GUI, all users are listed. See Manage Account Access.
2. Click the edit icon in the **Actions** column to modify the username, role, and language.
   To set a specific sub-user as primary, enable **Set as Primary**. In this case, you are required to transfer the license to the new account. Contact the *Customer Support* to do the needful.

   Note: Contact the *Customer Support* team for assistance to set a sub-user as primary in case of a required password recovery.
3. To save changes, click **Submit**.

To add FortiSwitch users, see Account Management.

Enabling two-factor authentication for FortiEdge Cloud

Two-factor authentication is offered as part of the FortiEdge Cloud, including the free service. You can choose to enable two-factor authentication using FortiToken Mobile.

1. In the **Manage Account Access** page, enable the authentication in the **2-Factor** column.

2. Confirm the authentication.

3. The next time you log in to FortiCloud to access FortiEdge Cloud, type the authentication token code available from FortiToken Mobile.

Removing a user from a FortiEdge Cloud account

You can remove an admin user or a regular user from your account. In the **Manage Account Access** page, click 🗑 in the **Actions** column for the user you want to delete.

Managing Networks on FortiEdge Cloud

A network is a logical grouping of FortiAP, FortiSwitch, and FortiExtender devices for common configuration and management. A FortiEdge Cloud account can have multiple networks. For instance, if you have 20 devices and you plan to use 10 devices in the head office and the other 10 devices in a branch office, then you would create two networks.

In a network, you can also group devices into subsets (sites) and then apply configurations to those subsets. For example, in an office building, you can have a device subset for each floor of the building. Navigate to the **Networks** page the from the main menu of the FortiEdge Cloud GUI. This page displays the FortiEdge Cloud networks. To access a network, click the network name. A separate tab opens. You can add, rename, delete, clone networks, or assign a network to an account.

	Network	Sub Account	Switches	Switch Clients	Access Points	Wireless Clients	Extenders
		default	No Switches	0	No APs	0	No Extenders
		default	⬆ 1 ⬇ 1701	145	⬆ 0 ⬇ 3901	0	⬆ 1999 ⬇ 2

Though it is possible and valid to have a single network containing all devices, and apply configurations to subsets of devices, the recommendation is that you create multiple independent networks.

- Adding a Network
- Cloning a Network

Adding a Network

1. In the FortiEdge Cloud GUI, navigate to the **Networks** page and click **Add Network**.
2. Type a name for the network.
3. Select a time zone. This is the time zone of the FortiAP devices that you want to manage with this network.

4. Click **Submit**.

The newly created network is added in the **Networks** page.

5. Click the network that you created and configure the devices.

Cloning a Network

You can clone (in the same Master account) all the configuration in an existing network to a new network. In the **Networks** page, select a network and that you want to clone and click **Clone**.

Note: The cloning operation is not supported on FortiExtender devices.

Network ⇕	Sub Account ⇕	Switches ⇕	Switch Clients ⇕
1_All_Models	default	No Switches	0
📋 Clone ✏ Rename 👤 Assign to 🗑 Delete			

Specify a unique name for the network and select your time zone, click **Submit**. The network is cloned.

- **FortiAP** - All configurations except **MAC Access Control** are cloned.
- **FortiSwitches** - **Only** the following configurations are cloned.
    - Switch Tags - No switches are assigned to tags.
    - Zero Touch Configurations – Tag or model based configurations are cloned, device based configurations are NOT cloned.
    - Scheduled Upgrade – Tag based configurations are cloned.
    - Network
    - VLAN Templates

Configuring and Managing FortiEdge Cloud

This section describes the following configurations and operations for FortiEdge Cloud.

- Dashboards
- Devices
- Federated Configuration
- Clients
- Manage Account Access
- Network Level Configuration
- MSSP - OU Level Features

Dashboards

You can monitor your network using the comprehensive FortiEdge Cloud dashboards.

- Default Dashboard
- Custom Dashboards and Reports

Default Dashboard

The FortiEdge Cloud dashboard displays data for FortiSwitches, FortiAPs, and FortiExtenders deployed in all networks in your account.
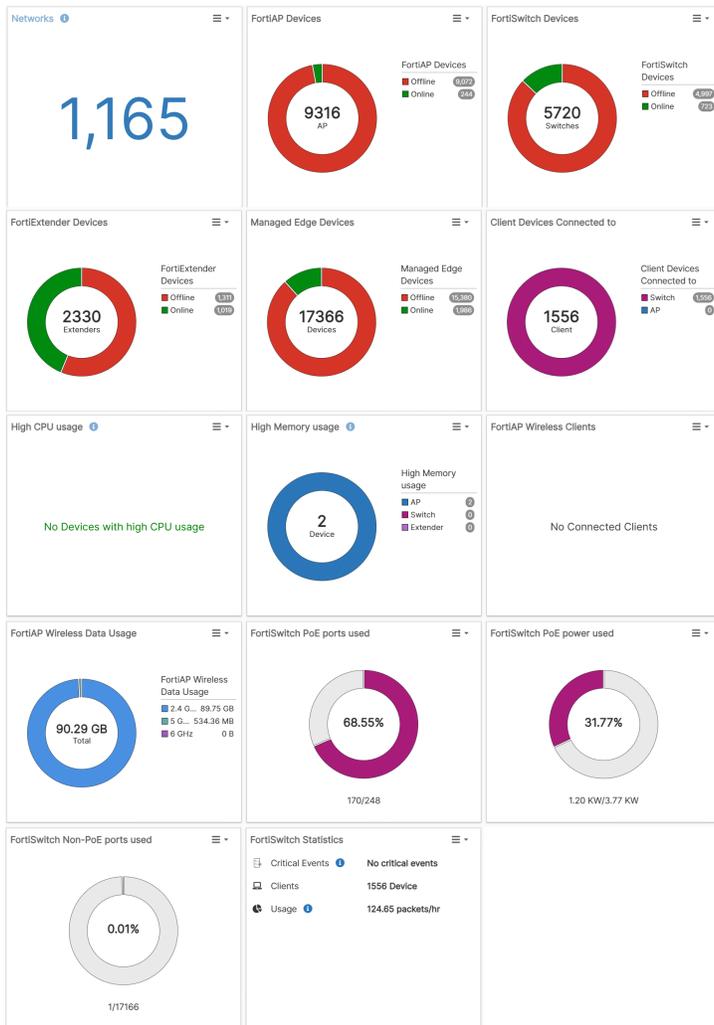
The panels in the dashboard displays statistics and visualization for the overall network including the total number of network elements, clients, data usage, ports, power consumption, the status of the FortiAP/FortiSwitch/FortiExtender devices, and the CPU and memory utilization.

Custom Dashboards and Reports

You can create customizable dashboards with a set of pre-defined dashlets and the provision of exporting dashboard data to PDF reports. This feature enables you to monitor specific network aspects based on your requirements. There is a default dashboard with the overall network statistics, you can create a custom dashboard and set it as the default.

Note: Each user in an account can create a maximum of 5 custom dashboards.

To create a new custom dashboard, update the following tabs.

- **General** – Enter the name of the custom dashboard (2 ~ 32 characters) and an optional description (upto 255 characters).

General   Networks   Dashlets

Dashboard Name   Custom

Description   Custom Dashboard

- **Network** - Select which networks to monitor in the custom dashboard. You can either select a few networks to monitor or you can select all networks and optionally exclude a few from monitoring.

General   Networks   Dashlets

Network   [All] Selected

Selected Networks   +

Excluded Networks   1_APSim_NW_7   ✕
1_APSim_NW_10   ✕
+

- **Dashlets** – Select the one or multiple pre-defined dashlets to include in the custom dashboard.
  - FortiAP Connection Status
  - FortiSwitch Connection Status
  - FortiExtender Connection Status
  - FortiAP Uptime
  - FortiSwitch Uptime
  - FortiExtender Uptime
  - Device Connectivity Analysis

When you select the dashlets for FortiAP/FortiSwitch/FortiExtender uptime statistics, you are prompted to specify the duration.

General   Networks   Dashlets

FortiAP Uptime
FortiAPs Online in Last 24 Hours

FortiSwitch Uptime
FortiSwitchs Online in Last 24 Hours

FortiAP Connection Status
Online/Offline Status of FortiAPs

FortiSwitch Connection Status
Online/Offline Status of FortiSwitchs

Device Connectivity Analysis
The Device Connectivity Analysis of FortiAPs and FortiSwitches

FortiExtender Connection Status
Online/Offline Status of FortiExtenders

FortiExtender Uptime
FortiExtenders Online in Last 24 Hours

The **Device Connectivity Analysis** chart displays the connectivity status of FortiAPs and FortiSwitches over the selected period of time. It provides insights into the following device statistics.

- Devices that went offline.
- Devices that went offline and then came online (re-booted, re-connected, and so on).
- Devices that did not disconnect.
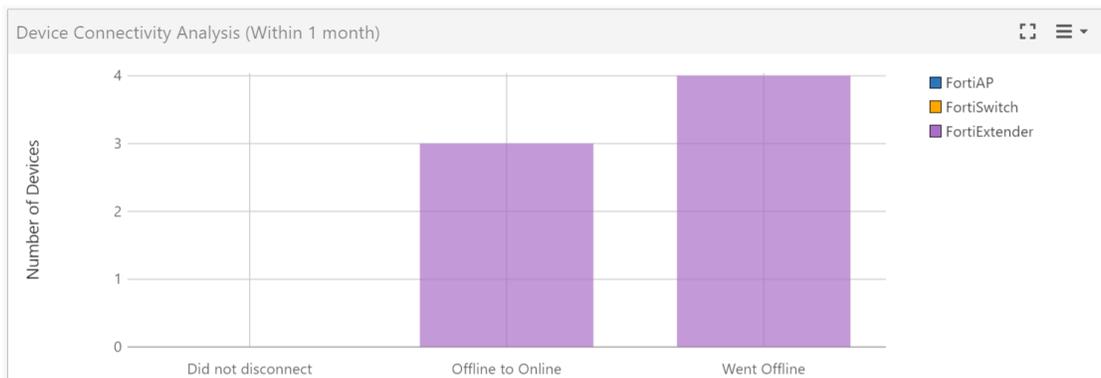
Click on the bar to view the device details.

☐	SN ⇕	Hostname ⇕	Status ⇕	Device type ⇕	Join time ⇕	Up time ⇕	Licensed ⇕	Clients ⇕	Last seen ⇕	IP Addres
☐ **Beta_Fortitest_APP1 ②**										
☐			✓ Online	FortiAP	1 hour ago	1 day ago	yes	0		
☐			✓ Online	FortiAP	1 hour ago	1 day ago	no	0		

You can add and remove dashlets after the custom dashboard is created. The data from the custom dashboards can be exported into reports that are supported in the PDF, CSV, and JSON formats. Select **Export > [PDF | CSV | JSON]**.
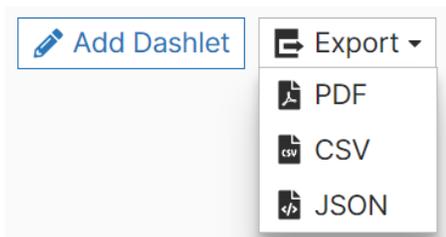
Click on the **Actions** menu for the following additional operations that you can perform on the custom dashboard.
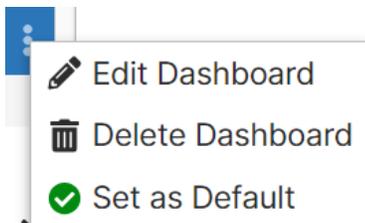
- **Edit Dashboard** – You can edit all the parameters set for the custom dashboard and also view the time stamp for the dashboard creation and last update.
- **Delete Dashboard** – You can delete the custom dashboard permanently.
- **Set as Default** – You can set the custom dashboard as the default, this dashboard is then displayed at the time of login.

Devices

In this page, you can deploy and manage devices in FortiEdge Cloud.

- Inventory Devices
- Deployed Devices
- Query Devices

Inventory Devices

The **Inventory Devices** tab displays the claimed/un-deployed devices and allows you to deploy them.

- FortiAP
- FortiSwitch
- FortiExtender

FortiAP

You can perform the following operations on the FortiAP devices.

- Registering APs
- Removing Devices
- Synchronizing AP License
- Deploying APs
- Applying/Removing License
- Exporting FortiAP Details

Registering APs

You can register FortiAP devices present in FortiEdge Cloud (imported with help of FortiKey) into your current FortiCloud account. Select the FortiAP and click **Access Points > Register APs**. The **Registration** column displays the registration status with the FortiCloud account, *Registered* or *Not Registered*. The corresponding **Key Value** column displays *FortiCare* for devices registered in the FortiCloud account. You can register a maximum of 50 FortiAPs at a time.

FortiAPs registered in FortiCloud (section Signing-on for FortiEdge Cloud) are automatically synchronized daily, click the refresh icon on the top-right to manually synchronize the FortiAPs.

Notes:

- You cannot un-register devices (or transfer to another account) that are registered in FortiCloud, for a minimum of three years from the date of registration. To un-register, contact *Fortinet Customer Support*.
- **Note**: If an account has no FortiAP device in any FortiEdge Cloud domain, then manual synchronization is required at least once. Click the refresh icon at top right corner of the **Devices** page.

Removing Devices

You can remove a FortiAP device using the **Access Points > Remove APs** option.

Synchronizing AP License

You can use the **Access Points > Sync AP License** option to manually synchronize the AP and UTM license.

Deploying APs

Select **Actions > Deploy** to deploy the FortiAP to FortiEdge Cloud or to an external AP Controller. See Deploying a FortiAP device to a network.

Applying/Removing License

You can apply the license to the listed devices, select unlicensed or license-expired devices and click **Actions > License > Apply License**. To remove the applied license, click **Actions > License > Remove License**.

Exporting FortiAP Details

To export the device details from all 3 tabs in a CSV, JSON, or text format; click **Actions > Export** . You can select multiple inventory rows at a given time to use the available options.

FortiSwitch

You can perform the following operations on the FortiSwitch devices.

- Asset Sync
- Deploying FortiSwitch
- Applying/Removing License
- Exporting FortiSwitch Details
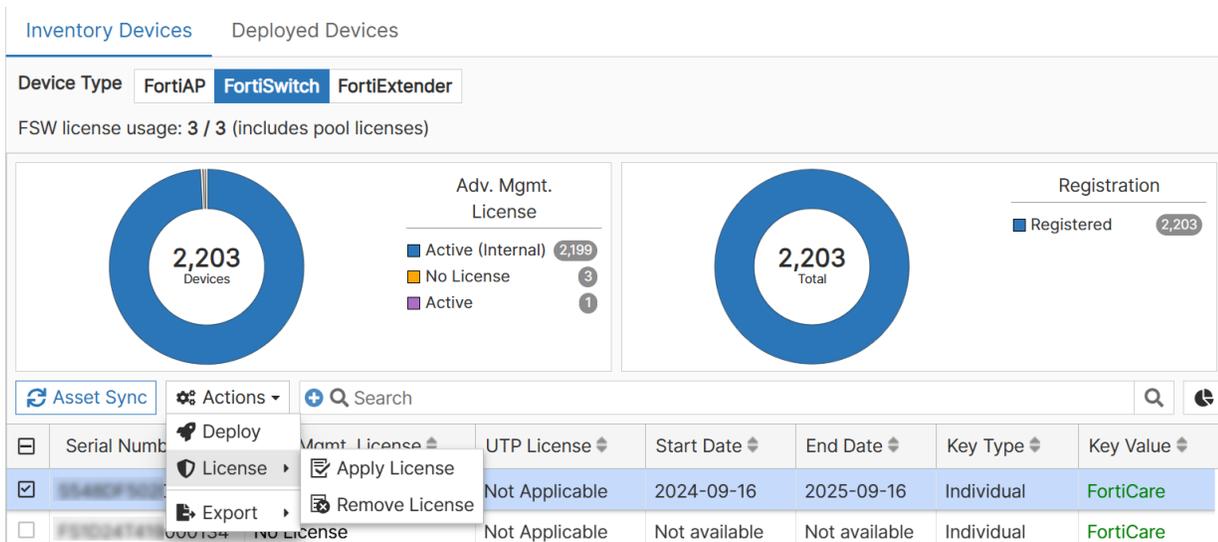
Asset Sync

You can use the **Asset Sync** option to manually synchronize/refresh the FortiSwitch license details.

Deploying FortiSwitch

Select **Actions > Deploy** to deploy the FortiSwitch to FortiEdge Cloud. You can also deploy FortiEdge Cloud managed FortiSwitches to FortiSASE via FortiZTP.

Applying/Removing License

You can apply the license to the listed devices, select unlicensed or license-expired devices and click **Actions > License > Apply License**. To remove the applied license, click **Actions > License > Remove License**.

Exporting FortiSwitch Details

To export the device details from all 3 tabs in a CSV, JSON, or text format; click **Actions > Export** . You can select multiple inventory rows at a given time to use the available options.

FortiExtender

You can perform the following operations on the FortiExtender devices.

- Deploying FortiExtender
- Applying/Removing License

Deploying FortiExtender

You can deploy FortiExtenders with settings pre-configured from a **Profile** or **Group**, or as a replacement device. For more information, see Inventory.

Applying/Removing License

You can apply the license to the listed devices, select unlicensed or license-expired devices and click **Actions > License > Apply License**. To remove the applied license, click **Actions > License > Remove License**. You can also **Refresh** the license/devices status on this page.

Deployed Devices

The **Deployed Devices** tab displays fully deployed devices to networks or external ACs. For more information on options presented on this page, see Inventory Devices.

Note: If the **Deployed Time** is **Not Available**, it implies that FortiEdge Cloud could not determine the time instant at which the device was deployed to a network.

FortiAP

You can upgrade firmware for devices that are deployed in multiple different networks, with a single operation. Select one or multiple online devices and click **Actions > Upgrade Firmware**. To discontinue firmware upgrade, select **Cancel Firmware Upgrade**. Additionally, you can register APs, manage licenses, and export device information.

FortiSwitch

You can upgrade firmware for devices that are deployed in multiple different networks, with a single operation. Select one or multiple online devices and click **Actions > Upgrade Firmware**. Additionally, manage licenses and export device information.
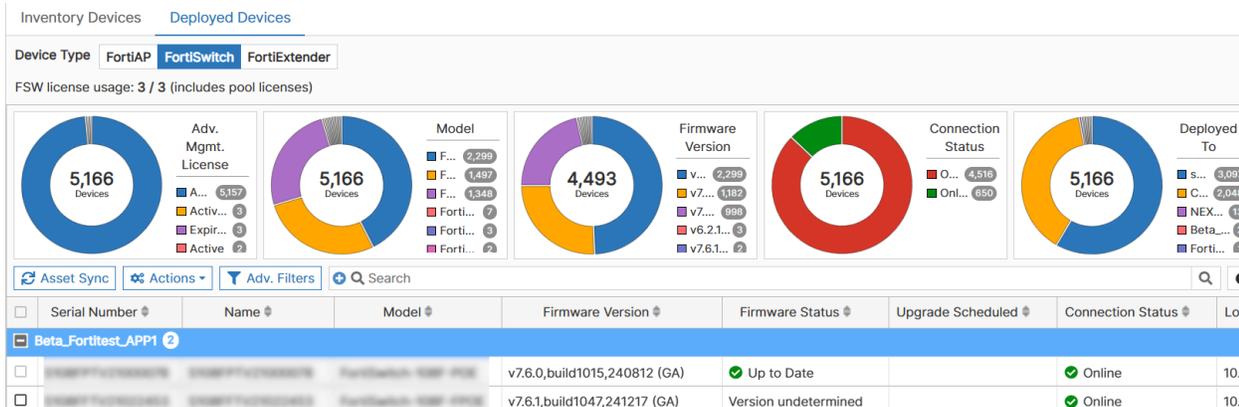
FortiExtender

You can perform a couple of management operations on FortiExtenders, such as, upgrade, swapping profiles, re-grouping, and sync. For more information, see Actions. You can also refresh the FortiExtender device status and un-deploy devices from this page.
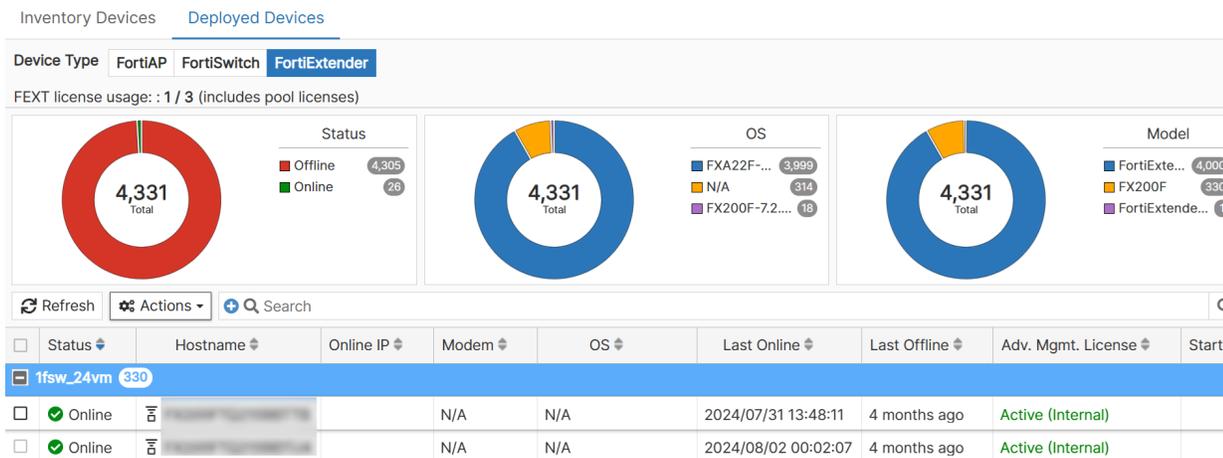
Query Devices

You can now query deployed devices in your network from the **Devices > Deployed Devices > FortiAP** page. Click **Adv. Filters** to perform the query operation.

- Query Networks
- Query Devices

Query Networks

Select the target networks to query device information. Select **All**, to run the query on all existing networks and, optionally, select the **Target Excluded Networks** to exclude specific networks from the query results.

Query Networks	Access Points	Switches

Query Networks	All Selected
Target Selected Networks	+
Target Excluded Networks	1_APSim_NW_5 ✕ 1_APSim_NW_6 ✕ +

To query devices in specific networks, select **Selected** and specify the **Target Selected Networks**.

Query Networks	Access Points	Switches

Query Networks	All Selected
Target Selected Networks	1_APSim_NW_5 ✕ 1_APSim_NW_6 ✕ +
Target Excluded Networks	+

Query Devices

Select the target access points or FortiSwitches, that is, specific criteria to query device information. Select **All**, to query all existing networks/entries without exceptions, you can optionally specify entries in the **Exclude Entries** section. This excludes device information related to those entries from the displayed query result.

Query Networks	Access Points	Switches

Enable	⬤ Enabled
Query Entries	All Selected

Exclude Entries

Tags ⓘ	⬤
Model ⓘ	⬤
Firmware Version ⓘ	⬤
Upgrade Scheduled	⬤
Connection Status	⬤

Likewise, select **Selected** and specify entries in the **Include Entries** section. This includes device information related only to those entries in the displayed query result.

Query Networks   Access Points   Switches

Enable   🔵   Enabled

Query Entries   All   Selected

Include Entries

Hostname ⓘ   ⚪

Serial Number ⓘ   ⚪

Tags ⓘ   ⚪

Local IP ⓘ   ⚪

Model ⓘ   ⚪

Firmware Version ⓘ   ⚪

License Status   ⚪

Federated Configuration

FortiEdge Cloud provides federated/centralized configuration changes or status queries that work across networks. You can make specific configuration changes required in multiple networks in a single operation, eliminating the overhead of re-configuring every network separately. The configuration operation allows you to create federated configuration profiles to modify and apply FortiAP platform profiles to multiple networks, you can also view the configuration profile history. Select **Configuration** in the main menu or select **Federated Configurations** in the networks section of the home page.

☑	Name ⇕	Description ⇕	Operation ⇕	Target Networks ⇕	Target Entries ⇕	Created On ⇕
☑	S1		MODIFY-FAP-PLATFORM-PROFILE	Combined Default & configurationNetwork	All	2 days ago

(Toolbar: + Add Profile   ✏ Edit   ▶ Run   🗑 Delete   ⟳ Refresh   ⊕ Q Search)

Select a specific profile in this page to **Run** (apply the configuration changes), **Edit** or **Delete**.

The following configuration related operations are supported.

- Creating Configuration Profiles
- Profile History

Creating Configuration Profiles

You can edit the FortiAP platform profile configurations and apply the changes to multiple networks. To create a federated configuration profile for the *MODIFY-FAP-PLATFORM-PROFILE* operation, click **Add Profile** and update

information in the following tabs. To apply the configuration changes in this profile, click **Run** from the **Configuration** page.

Note: A maximum of 100 configuration profiles are allowed to be created.

- General
- Configuration
- Target Networks
- Target Entries

General

Configure the following general fields applicable to the configuration profile.

- **Name** - Enter a unique name for the configuration profile. The valid range is 1-63 characters.
- **Description** - Optionally, enter a description for the configuration profile. The valid range is 0-255 characters.

Configuration

Configure the setting to apply to all/specific platform profiles and FAP models. You can enable/configure the following.

Add

General   Configuration   Target Networks   Target Entries

Comment   ⬤ Configuration

AP Console Login ⬤ [Enable] Disable

Enhanced Logging ⬤ [Enable] Disable

LED Off   ⬤ [Enable] Disable

Radio 1   ⬤ ☑ Automatic TX Power Control

Low	10	dBm
High	17	dBm
Target	-70	dBm

Radio 2   ⬤

Radio 3   ⬤

- **AP Console Login** - You can enable/disable console port access on the FortiAP
- **Enhanced Logging** - You can enable receiving and storing more than 50 categories of logs from the FortiAPs with detailed insights into all network activity.
- **LED Off** - You can enable/disable the LEDs from glowing on the FortiAP.
- **Radio** - You can configure the radio transmit power settings. Configure the maximum Tx power or enable **Automatic TX Power Control**.

Target Networks

Select the target networks on which to run and apply the federated configuration profile. Select **All**, to apply the configuration to all existing networks and select the **Target Excluded Networks** to, optionally, exclude specific networks from the configuration changes.

To apply the configuration profile to specific networks, select **Selected** and specify the **Target Selected Networks**.

Target Entries

Select the target entries, that is, the existing platform profiles and FAP models to run and apply the federated configuration profile. Select **All**, to apply the configuration to all existing platform profiles and FAP models, optionally, specify **Platform Profile Names** in the **Exclude Target Entries** section to exclude specific platform profiles from the configuration changes.

To apply the configuration profile to specific platform profiles and FAP models, select **Selected** and specify the **Platform Profile Names** and/or **FAP Models** in the **Target Entries Selected** section.

Note: A maximum of 512 characters can be specified in the fields of this tab.

Profile History

This page displays the history of the federated configuration profiles that are created and applied. A maximum of 100 profiles are displayed.

	View		Delete		Refresh		Search		

Name ⇕	Description ⇕	Operation ⇕	Created On ⇕
S1		MODIFY-FAP-PLATFORM-PROFILE	2 days ago
S1		MODIFY-FAP-PLATFORM-PROFILE	2 days ago
S1		MODIFY-FAP-PLATFORM-PROFILE	2 days ago

Select an entry and click **View**, the configuration profile details and status are displayed.

View Results ✕

	Network ⇕	Entry Name ⇕	Result ⇕	Details ⇕	Time Started ⇕
☐	Combined Default	231FL	✓ Success		2 days ago
☐	Combined Default	231-G	✓ Success		2 days ago
☐	Combined Default	test	✓ Success		2 days ago

Clients

You can query multiple existing networks for client data. To access the federated configuration/query operations, select **Clients**. This page displays the client distribution statistics charts based on specific criteria, such as, network, SSID, security, and so on.

☐	Network ⇕	SSID ⇕	Security ⇕	Station IP ⇕	Host Name ⇕	VLAN ⇕	Vendor ⇕	Volume ⇕	MAC ⇕	FAP ⇕	Band ⇕	Signal/Noise (dB) ⇕	OS ⇕
☐	kks	1kks8alpha	WPA2 Personal	10.37.84.25	android-435c5d73b6d7e292		Murata	0 B	5c:f8:a1:a7:31:e3	PU433F5E19000593	802.11n_5G	0	Android
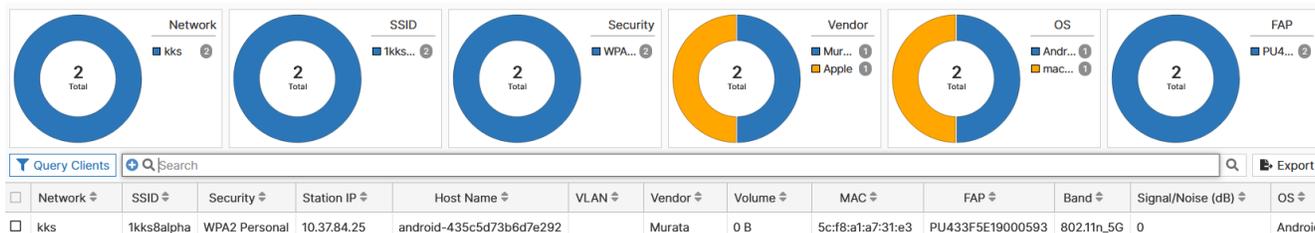
The **Query Clients** operation queries networks (all or criteria-based) in the account about wireless client information. When a query is run, the wireless client details are fetched as per specified filters, you can query specific networks or entries. Click **Adv Filters**.

Note: A maximum of 5000 less clients are displayed per network. No display limits are applied on wired clients.

- Query Networks
- Query Wireless Entries
- Query Wired Entries

Query Networks

Select the target networks to query client information. Select **All**, to run the query on all existing networks and, optionally, select the **Target Excluded Networks** to exclude specific networks from the query results.

Query Networks	Query Wireless Entries	Query Wired Entries

Query Networks	All	Selected
Target Selected Networks	+	
Target Excluded Networks	Combined Default ✕	
	Federated_Thread1 ✕	
	+	

To query clients in specific networks, select **Selected** and specify the **Target Selected Networks**.

Query Networks	Query Wireless Entries	Query Wired Entries

Query Networks	All	Selected
Target Selected Networks	Combined Default ✕	
	Federated_Thread1 ✕	
	+	
Target Excluded Networks	+	

Query Wireless Entries

Select the target wireless entries, that is, specific criteria to query client information. Select **All**, to query all existing networks/entries without exceptions, you can optionally specify entries in the **Exclude Entries** section. This excludes client information related to those entries from the displayed query result.

Query Networks	Query Wireless Entries	Query Wired Entries

Enable   🔵   Enabled

Query Entries   [**All**   Selected]

Exclude Entries

FAP Names ⓘ	⚪	
Tags ⓘ	⚪	
SSID	🔵	SSID1
Security	⚪	
Encryption	⚪	
Station VLAN ID	⚪	
Station IP Address ⓘ	⚪	
Station OS ⓘ	⚪	
Station Manufacture ⓘ	⚪	
Station SNR (Less Than)	⚪	
Station Data Volume (More Than)	⚪	

Run Query   Cancel

Likewise, select **Selected** and specify entries in the **Include Entries** section. This includes client information related only to those entries in the displayed query result.

Query Networks	Query Wireless Entries	Query Wired Entries

Enable   🔵   Enabled

Query Entries | All | Selected |

Include Entries

FAP Names ℹ️	⬤
Tags ℹ️	⬤
SSID	🔵	SSID1
Security	⬤
Encryption	⬤
Station VLAN ID	⬤
Station IP Address ℹ️	⬤
Station OS ℹ️	⬤
Station Manufacture ℹ️	⬤
Station SNR (Less Than)	⬤
Station Data Volume (More Than)	⬤

Run Query   Cancel

Query Wired Entries

You can query multiple networks for wired clients connected to FortiSwitches. Select **All**, to query all existing networks/entries without exceptions, you can optionally specify entries in the **Exclude Entries** section. This excludes client information related to those entries from the displayed query result.

Query Networks	Query Wireless Entries	**Query Wired Entries**

Enable ⬤ Enabled

Query Entries **All** Selected

Exclude Entries

Hostname ℹ ◯

Serial Number ℹ ◯

Tags ℹ ◯

MAC ℹ ◯

VLAN ID ◯

Port ℹ ◯

Port ID ℹ ◯

System Description ℹ ◯

MED Type ℹ ◯

Chassis ID ℹ ◯

Likewise, select **Selected** and specify entries in the **Include Entries** section. This includes client information related only to those entries in the displayed query result.

Query Networks   Query Wireless Entries   **Query Wired Entries**

Enable   ⬤   Enabled

Query Entries | All | **Selected** |

Include Entries

Hostname ℹ	⬤	
Serial Number ℹ	⬤	
Tags ℹ	⬤	
MAC ℹ	⬤	
VLAN ID	⚪	
Port ℹ	⚪	
Port ID ℹ	⚪	
System Description ℹ	⚪	
MED Type ℹ	⚪	
Chassis ID ℹ	⚪	

Manage Account Access

To add and manage Email, IAM, and external IdP authenticated users, click **Manage Account Access**. For more information, see Managing Users and Accounts.

Manage Account Access

	Manage IAM Users ℹ	**Multi Tenancy License**	**FortiCloud Premium Account License**
	Add/Remove IAM Users via FortiCare	Active (expires on 2025-12-01 23:59)	Active (2022-11-08 to 2024-08-23)
	Visit FortiCare	Extend	

| All Users ▾ | Add Email User (Legacy) | Add Sub-Account User | Add Ext IdP Role | RTBAC | Migrate To IAM Users |

🔍 Search Users

Email / IdP Role Name	Type	2-Factor	Username	Role	Status	Sub Account	Actions
███@gmail.com	Email User	⚪ Disabled	███	Admin (All)	Active		✏ 🗑
███@fortinet.com	Email User	⚪ Disabled	███	ReadOnly	Active	bangalore	✏ 🗑

MSSP - OU Level Features

FortiEdge Cloud supports the centralized account management feature of *FortiCloud Organization* feature, in addition to MSSP. The MSSP users (organizational type IAM Users and External IdP Roles) can monitor the status and statistics of networks and devices present across multiple member accounts in the organization, at a given time. This applies to both admin and read-only users.

New member accounts can be created directly within the root account Organization or a Sub-OU without an invitation token. For more information, see Creating new Member Accounts. Note the following guidelines when using a dummy email address.

- The format of the email address is created by combining the first name and last names.
- Only alphanumeric characters (letters and numbers) are allowed. The only supported special characters are . (full stop), + (plus), - (hyphen), and _ (underscore).
- Camel case formatting is allowed, for example, *FirstNameLastName* or *firstName-lastName*.
- Ensure no spaces are included in the first and the last name.

On logging in into FortiEdge Cloud, you can now select the entire organization and not just a specific OU/account. The default **Dashboard** displays data for the accounts present in the selected organization/OU.
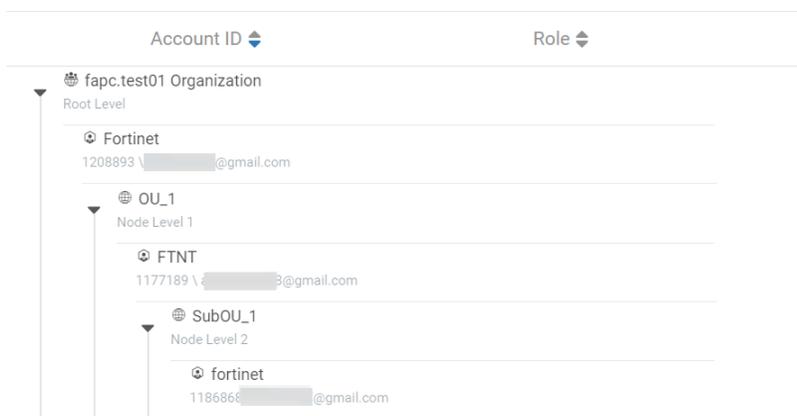
The default **Dashboard** displays data for the accounts present in the selected organization/OU. Additional dashlets are now displayed for the number of **Accounts** and **Networks** in the selected organization/OU. Clicking on the **Accounts** dashlet leads you to the **Accounts** page in the navigation tree, to view the accounts present in the selected ORG/OU node.
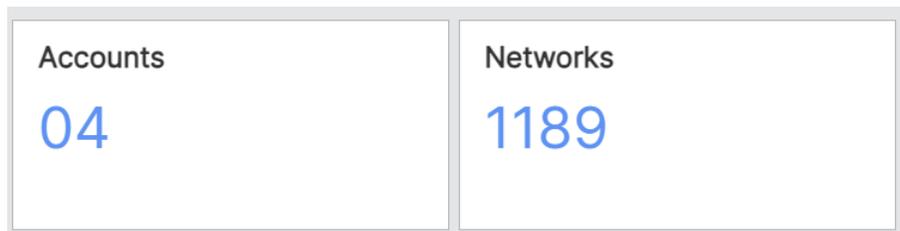
You can view the ORG/OU tree in the upper right corner of the screen, modifying the selected node from this list updates the dashboard data as per your selection.
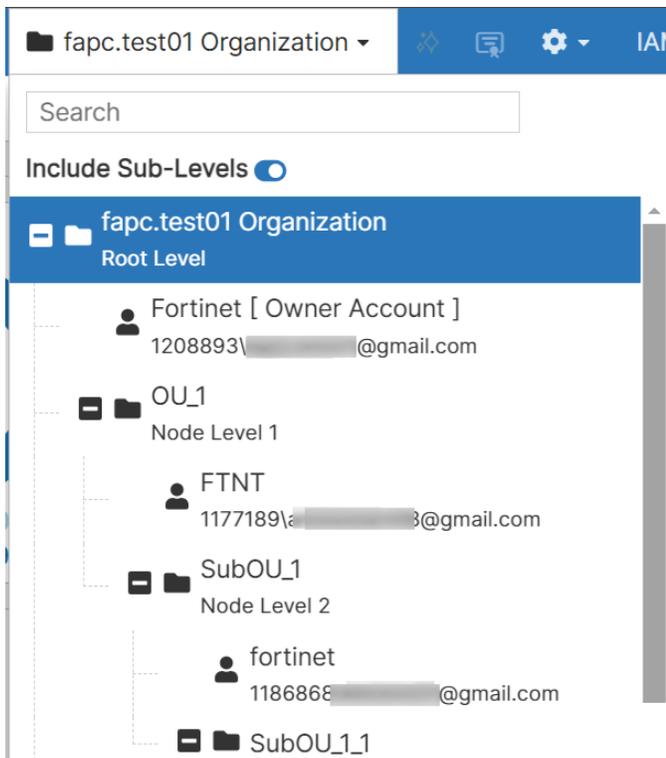
In the custom dashboards, the **Network** tab is enhanced to display all the networks in the accounts; this enables selection of multiple networks from multiple accounts in the selected organization/OU/account.

Note: A maximum of 50 networks can be selected.

The **Accounts** menu lists the accounts in the selected organization/OU.

Path ⇕	Account ID ⇕	Account Email ⇕	Networks ⇕	Switches ⇕	Clients ⇕	Access Points ⇕	Clients ⇕	Undepl
SubOU_1_1				⊕ 4999 ⊖ 2	1,345,670	⊕ ⊖		✕ 3
OU_1				⊕ 0 ⊖ 2	0	⊕ ⊖		No APs
SubOU_1				⊕ 0 ⊖ 1	0	⊕ ⊖		No APs
fapc.test01 Organization			1	⊕ 5577 ⊖ 777	1,346,966	⊕ 0 ⊖ 1	0	✕ 4

You can also manage federated configurations across multiple member accounts in the organization (applying a common configuration change across all or a group of member accounts). The following pages are configurable/filtered based on the organization/OU.

- **Configuration > Profiles** - The federated configuration profiles from one or more accounts are listed based on the selected node in the organization/OU. The configuration profiles defined in the organization account work on networks across accounts in the selected scope.
- **Configuration > Profile History** - The history listing displays entries from multiple accounts. When the complete organization or an OU / sub-OU is selected, then the history records from multiple accounts are displayed.
- **Clients** - The clients of the networks in the selected node in the organization/OU are queried.
- **Networks** - This page displays all networks present in the selected node in the organization/OU. You can perform various operations on this page, such as, cloning, renaming, or deleting a network. The **Networks** page is available in the navigation menu, also, clicking on the **Networks** widget in the dashboard, leads you to the this page.
- **Devices** - This page displays all devices present in the networks of the selected node in the organization/OU.

Dashboards

This section provides a series of statistical dashboards with comprehensive data for wireless, FortiSwitches, and FortiExtenders.

- Status
- Wireless
- Switch
- Extender

Status

The status dashboard provides a network summary that combines information from FortiAPs, FortiSwitches, and FortiExtenders. It displays a series of charts and graphs providing the device count and status, ports utilized, client and SSID details, connection trends, and critical network events. This data is crucial to monitoring and troubleshooting the wireless network elements.

Access Points

Access Points
- Offline — 4,157
- Online — 245

4,402
APs

Switches

Switches
- Offline — 1,059
- Online — 940

1,999
Switches

Critical Events Last 24 hours(Wireless)

No Critical Events

Critical Events Last 24 hours(Switches)

No Critical Events

Switches: PoE Ports Utilized

Switches: PoE Ports Utilized
- Not Deli... — 44,544
- Delivering P... — 0

44,544
Ports

Switches: Non PoE Ports Utilized

Switches: Non PoE Ports Utilized
- Used — 96
- Unused — 0

96
Ports

Wireless Clients

Wireless Clients

SSID

SSID
- Encrypted — 3
- Open — 0

3
SSID

Extender

Extender
- Offline — 1,998
- Online — 2

2,000
Extenders

Extenders: state

Extenders: state
- In Service — 2,000
- Inventory — 0
- Forti SASE — 0

2,000
Extenders

Wireless Clients Connection Trend

Wireless Clients Connection Trend
- 2.4GHz
- 5GHz
- 6GHz

Number of Clients (y-axis: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4)
Time (x-axis: 09 PM, Tue 20, 03 AM, 06 AM, 09 AM, 12 PM, 03 PM, 06 PM)

Click the Access Points, Switches, or Extender widgets to display a detailed list view of the data.

Customize your dashboard by enabling or disabling widgets as needed. Click **Add Widget** to access the Widget Library, then use the checkmark to toggle widgets on or off. Click **Add** to confirm.

Wireless

The FortiEdge Cloud provides a comprehensive dashboard with detailed statistics and visualization for the overall network and subsequent levels such as wireless security, radio, applications, and rogue devices. The information presented in the dashboard is pivotal for monitoring network health and for diagnostic purpose.

Some dashboards are split into three views - **Standard**, **Charts**, and **List**. The standard view displays information as a combination of chart based and listed data. The charts and list view displays data only in a series of charts and columns respectively.

Note: You can filter the lists displayed based on specific parameters and hide others by modifying the column settings,

⚙ .

The dashboard data can be filtered using the location based AP sites created during deployment. The chart dashlets and columns are click-able to view detailed information; hover over these charts to view details.

Dashboard data is refreshed every 60 seconds, you can refresh the dashboard as per requirement.

Note: The **Charts** view provides additional and varied data in comparison to the **Standard** view. The subsequent sections describe data fields displayed in all views.

- Wireless Security
- Radios

- Wireless Applications
- Neighbour APs
- BLE Devices

Wireless Security

This dashboard provides network security information such as web applications, attacks, and viruses. The dashboard provides a summary of the 10,000 most recent security events for the chosen filters. For deeper insights into past events, please visit the **Logs** section for the event category of interest.

The dashboard is divided into the following panels. You can view and analyze the log trends graphically for all the above detected security anomalies over a period of time.
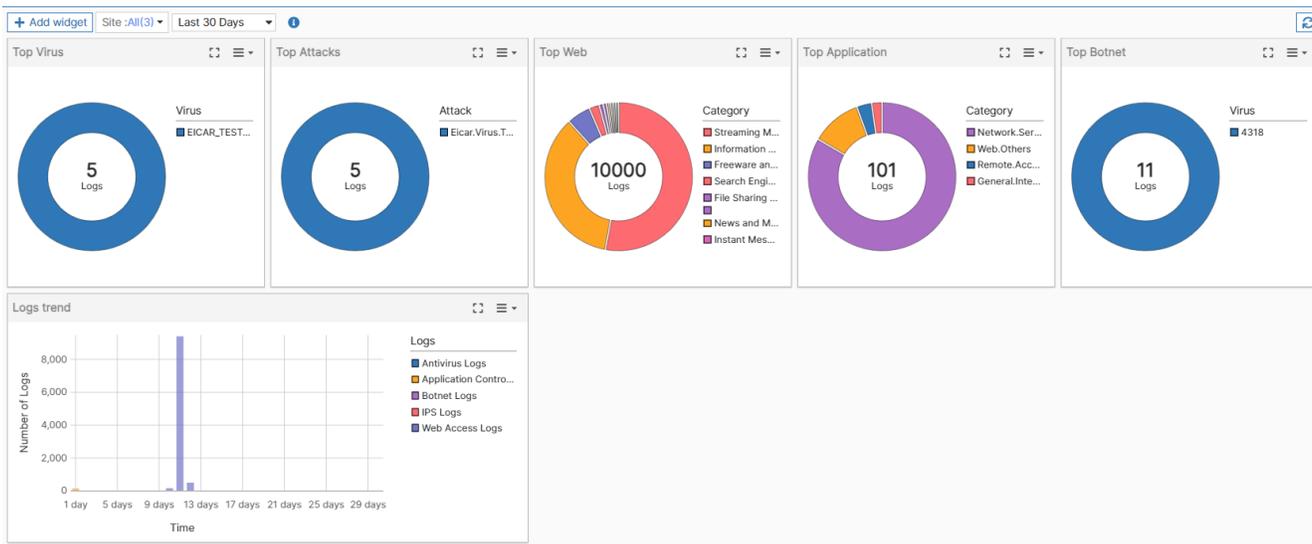
- **Top Web** - The top ten web categories that are most frequently used.
- **Top Attacks** - The top ten attacks that the FortiEdge Cloud's IPS most frequently prevents.
- **Top Viruses** - The top ten viruses that the FortiEdge Cloud's AV most frequently detects.
- **Top Application** - The top ten web categories that are most frequently used.
- **Top Botnet** - The top ten bots that the FortiEdge Cloud's monitoring function most frequently detects.

To add or remove the widgets from this page, click **Add widget**.

Radios

The data displayed on this dashboard categorizes the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios into the top most based on different criteria, highest number of clients, highest throughput, data volume, noise levels (dBm), channel distribution, interfering APs, radio types, and Tx power (dBm). Radio Modes counts the radios in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz modes based on the operating modes: AP, Disabled, and Monitor. Click on any of these to view the radio details.
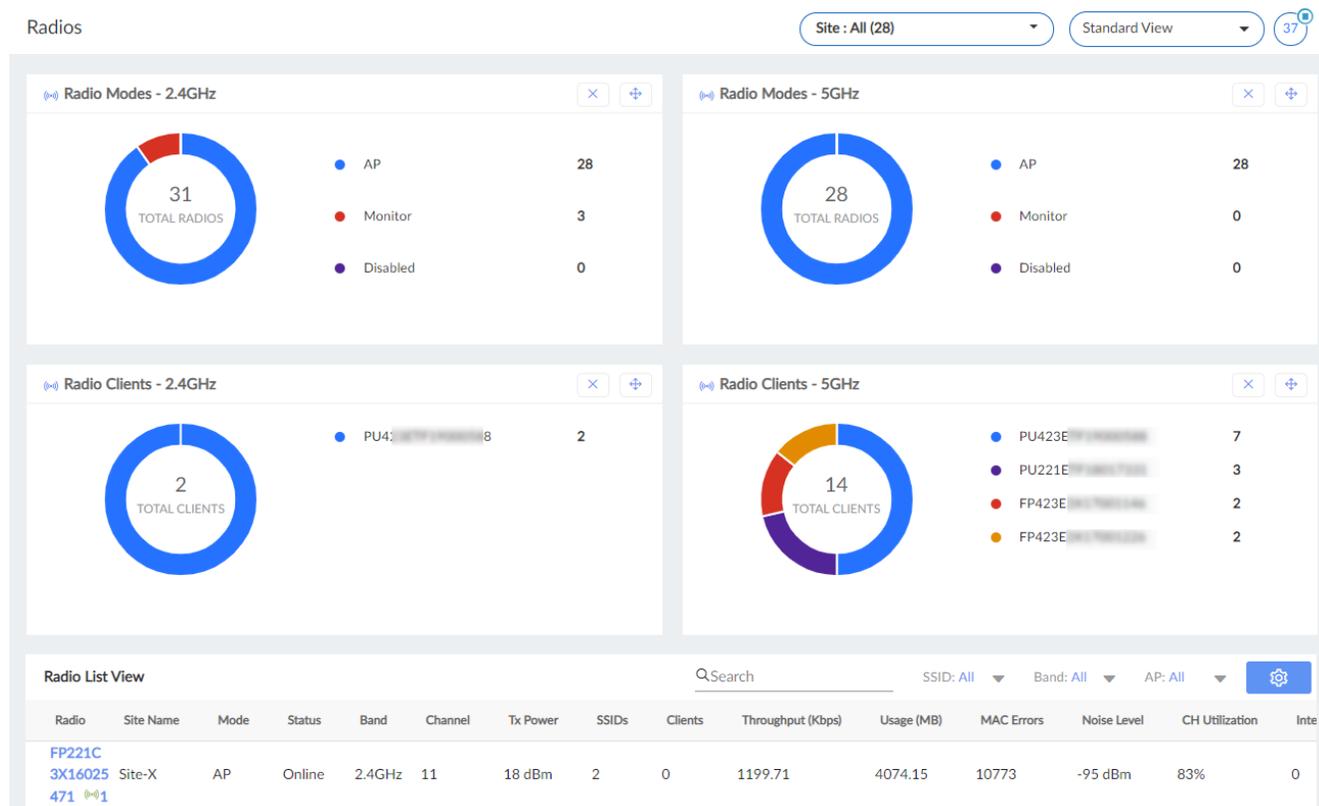
Click on any radio name to view the radio configuration and other associated details.

Wireless Applications

You can view and analyze the detailed application information categorized based on risk, application types, usage, client count, SSID, and so on. Select the duration to view the applications data in this panel, or specify a required interval of your own, click **Specify**. This page categorizes application usage based on the following criteria.
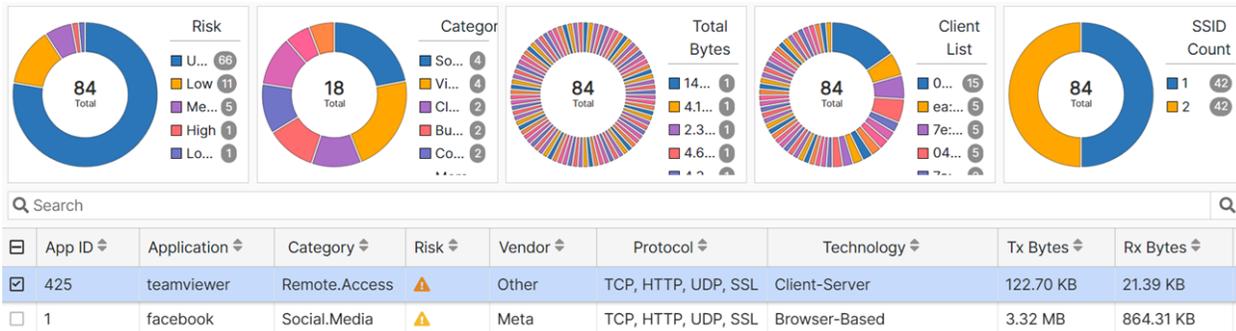
- **Risk** – Applications are categorized based on the risk assessment. The following are the supported risk ratings

Risk	Icon
Highest risk	🛑
High risk	⚠️
Medium risk	⚠️
Low risk	✅
Lowest risk	ℹ️
Unknown risk	?

- **Categories** – Applications are categorized based on the enterprise classification of the application, such as, video/audio, social media, collaboration, business, and so on.
- **Total Bytes** – Applications are categorized based on the total client data usage while accessing the application.
- **Client List** – The MAC addresses of the clients accessing the applications are listed here.
- **SSID Count** – The SSIDs in which the applications are accessed.

Click on a particular category or chart to filter data on this page based on selected criteria. For example, the following screen shot displays data filtered for the category *Video/Audio*.
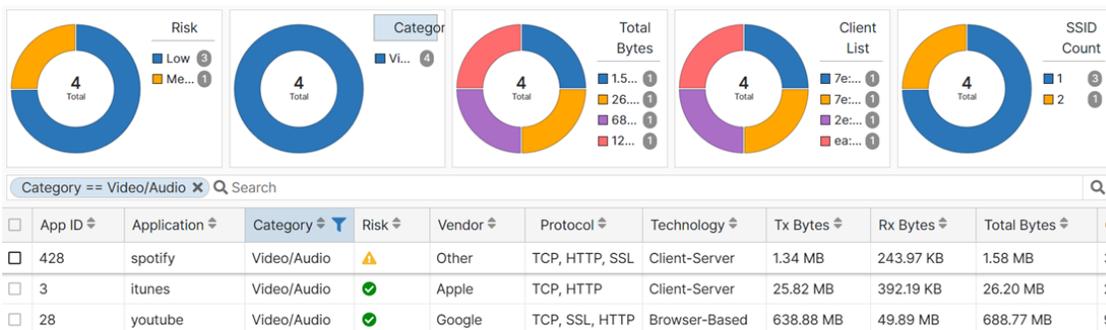
The table lists all the applications with details including the categorizations that are represented graphically in the charts on this page. Click on the application ID or name to view more details.
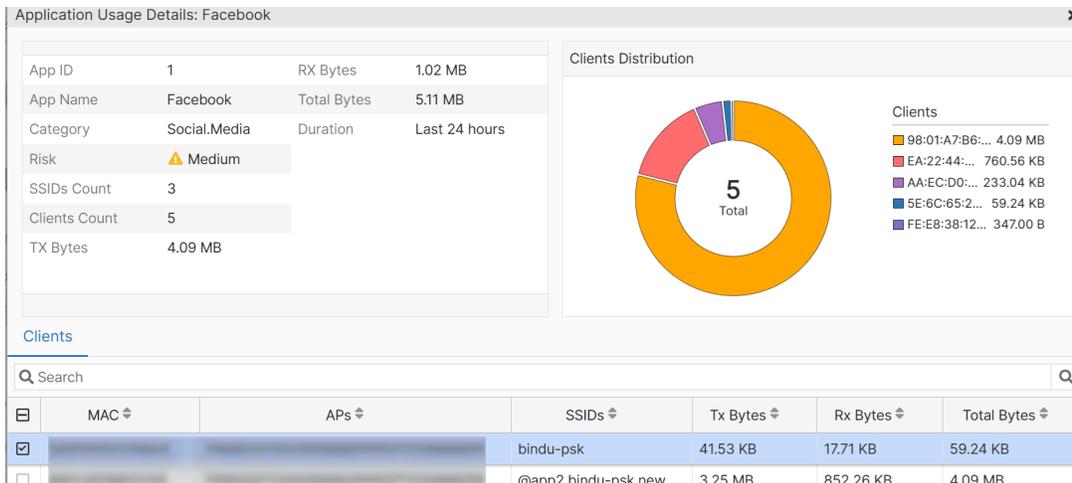
Neighbour APs

This tab displays any neighboring APs (rogue and interfering APs) that might be present in your network. The dashboard displays the sources of interference that can be from the same network (Infrastructure) or a rogue device. The data is organized in widgets and tabular format. You can filter the required data easily and categorize multiple FortiAPs.

The data displayed on this dashboard categorizes the APs based on different criteria, class (*Rogue AP, Accepted AP, Unclassified AP*), SSIDs, signal strength, the radios detected by, channel used, authentication modes, vendors, etc. Click on the charts to view the specific devices and other associated details.
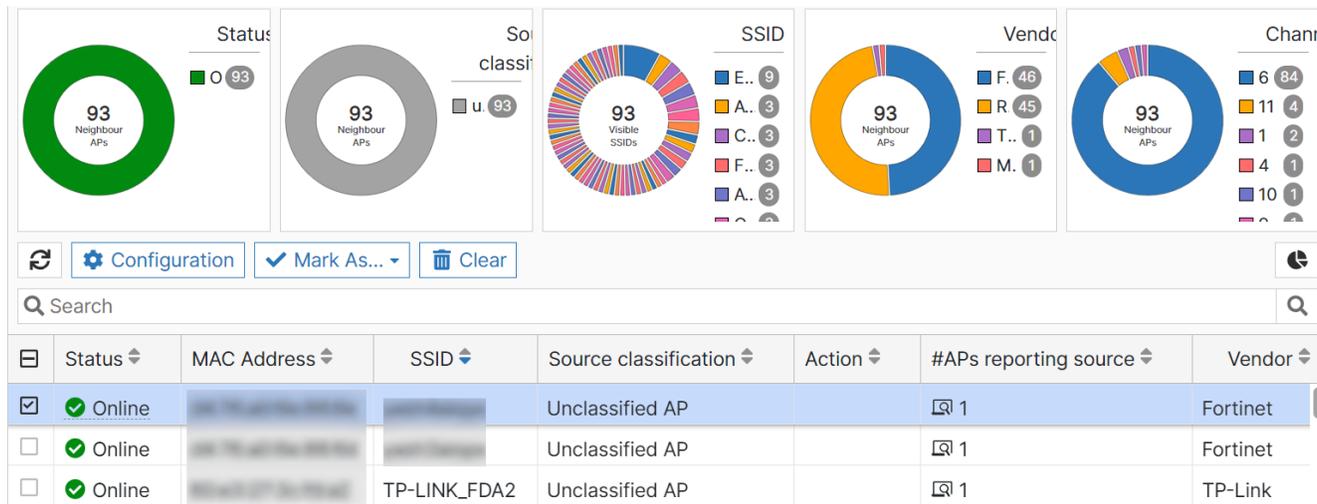
BLE Devices

This dashboard displays devices detected over Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) with associated details such as the configured UUID, Major ID, and the device name and manufacturer. Click on the displayed data to view the devices and other details.
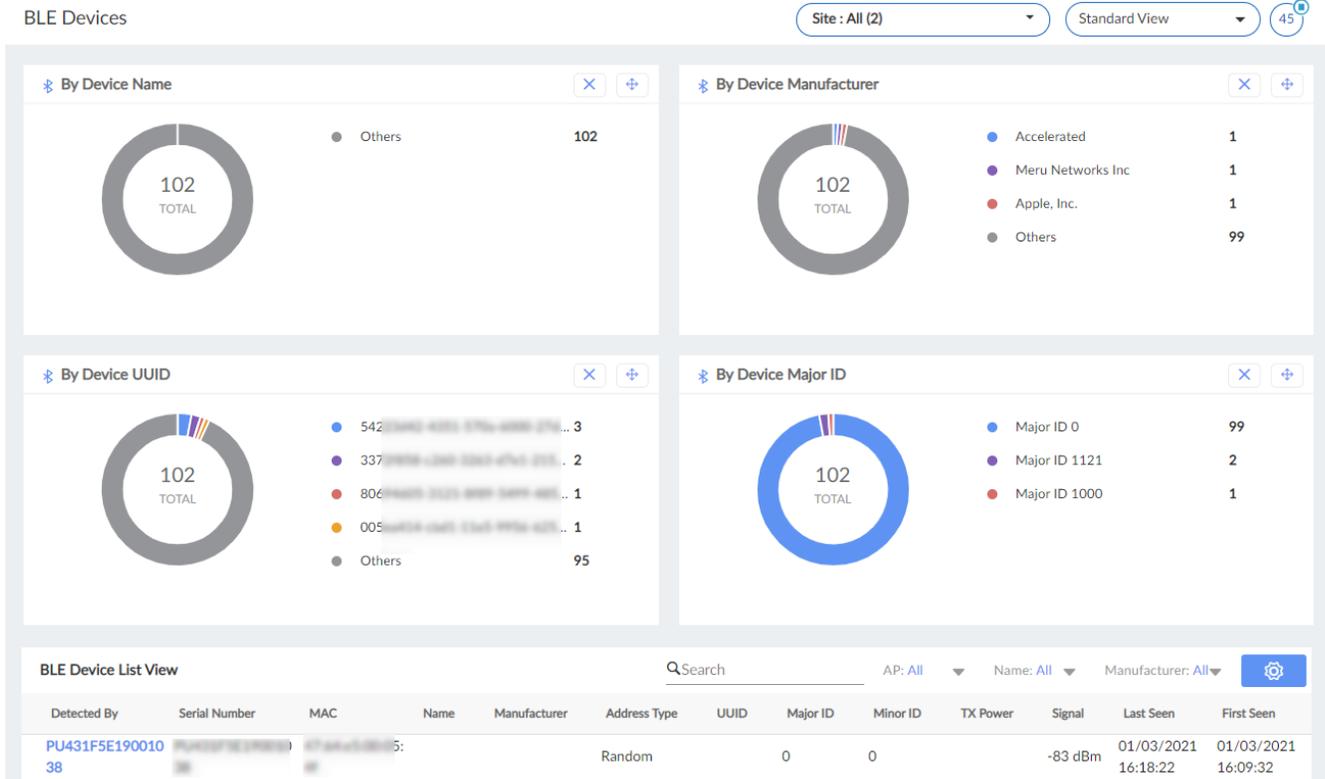
Switch

This dashboard provides a snapshot of FortiSwitch activity that occurred in the last 24 hours.

Use the **Quick Links** drop-down list to view the switch topology, deploy switches, add zero-touch configurations, or add scheduled upgrade configurations.
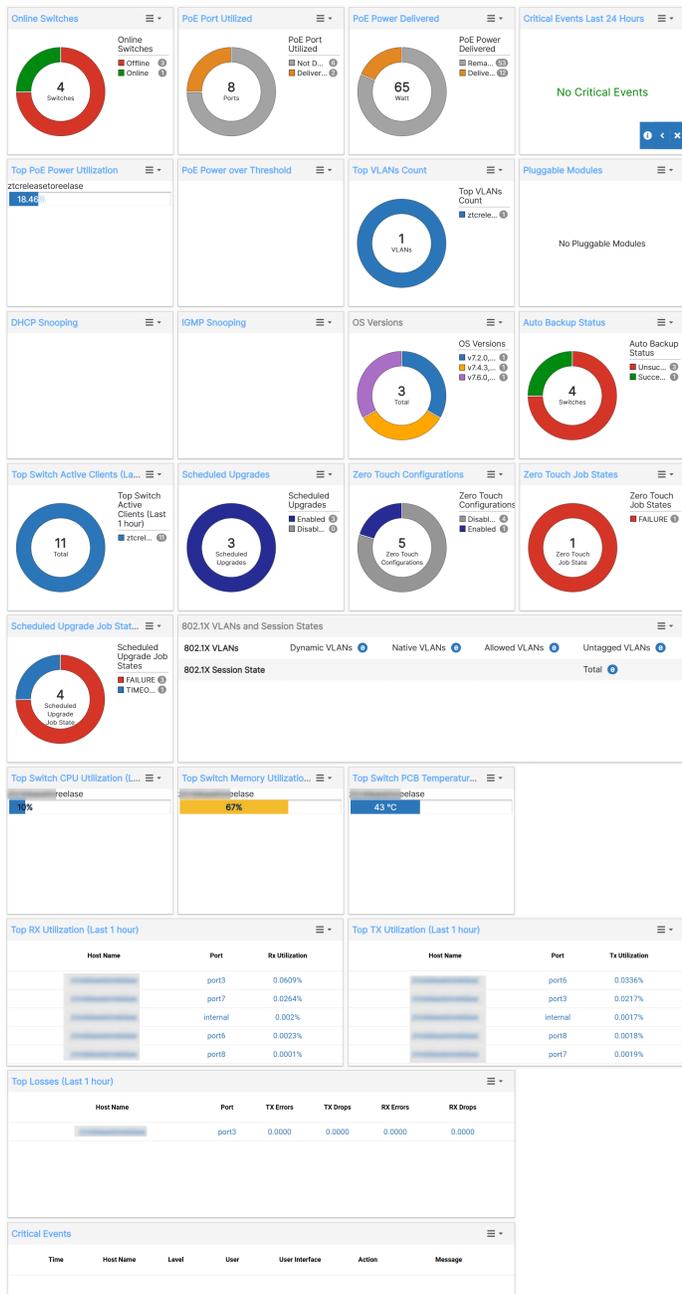
The Dashboard page provides the following information.

- **Online Switches**—The number and percentage of managed devices that are online
- **PoE Port Utilized**—The number and percentage of Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports that are being used
- **PoE Power Delivered**—The number of Watts and the percentage of PoE delivered.
- **Critical Events Last 24 Hours**—The number of critical events in the last 24 hours
- **Top PoE Power Utilization**—The five FortiSwitch units with the highest PoE usage
- **PoE Power over Threshold**—The five FortiSwitch units that have a current power budget that exceeds a specified percentage of the total power budget.
- **Top VLANs Count**—The five FortiSwitch units with the most VLANs.

- **Pluggable Modules**—The number and types of modules inserted in FortiSwitch units, as well as any warnings or alerts
- **DHCP Snooping**—The number of DHCP-snooping-enabled VLANs, the number of dynamically learned DHCP snooping entries in the client and server databases, and the number of DHCP-snooping entries in the limit database.
- **IGMP Snooping**—The number of switches and VLANs enabled for IGMP snooping and the number of dynamic IGMP-snooping groups.
- **OS Versions**—Which FortiSwitchOS versions are being used by managed FortiSwitch units.
- **Auto Backup Status** (Last 24 hours)—The number of scheduled configuration backups that failed and succeeded in the last 24 hours and which FortiSwitch units were not backed up.
- **Top Switch Active Clients** - The FortiSwitches with the highest number of active clients in the last one hour.
- **Scheduled Upgrades** - The number of scheduled upgrades that are enabled for the FortiSwitch units.
- **Scheduled Upgrade Job States** - The status of the scheduled upgrade jobs, such as, timed out, failed, and so on.
- **Zero Touch Configurations** - The number of ZTCs enabled for the FortiSwitch units.
- **Top Switch CPU Utilization** - The FortiSwitches with the highest CPU utilization in the last one hour.
- **Top Switch Memory Utilization** - The FortiSwitches with the highest memory utilization in the last one hour.
- **Top Switch PCB Temperature** - The FortiSwitches with the highest PCB temperature in the last one hour.
- **Top Rx/Tx Utilization** - The FortiSwitches with the highest percentage of Rx/Tx utilization in the last one hour.
- **Top Losses** - The FortiSwitches with the highest Rx/Tx drops and errors in the last one hour.
- **Switches & Licenses** - The FortSwitch license details with the status, used, available, grace period.
- **Active Configurations** - The active FortiSwitch configurations with their status.
- **802.1X VLANs and Session States** - The VLANs are listed along with the session state.

Extender

This dashboard has multiple widgets that provide an overview of your FortiExtender's data usage. The Dashboard contains the following widgets.
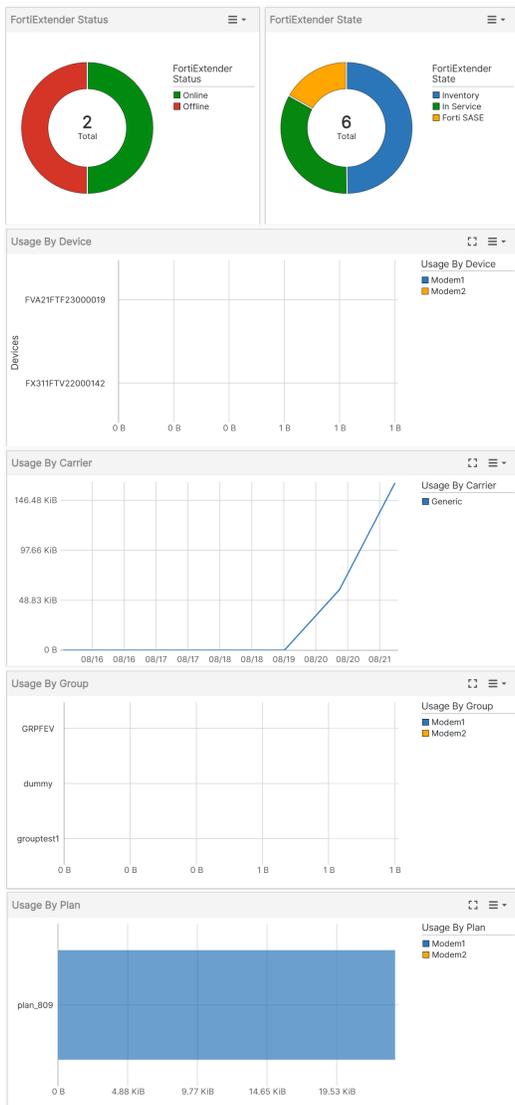
- **FortiExtender Status** - Displays the status of the FortiExtender devices, **Online** (the devices that are deployed and connected to FortiEdge Cloud) and **Offline** (the devices that are deployed and not connected to FortiEdge Cloud).
- **FortiExtender State** - The state of the FortiExtender devices, **Inventory** (the devices are registered in FortiCare but not deployed in FortiEdge Cloud) and **In Service** (the devices are registered in FortiCare and also deployed in FortiEdge Cloud).
- **Usage by Device** - The top 10 devices that have consumed the most data in terms of MB.
- **Usage by Carrier** - The amount of data used by each carrier over time. Hold the pointer over a specific day to see the exact amount of data used by each carrier on that day.
- **Usage by Group** - The amount of data used by the devices in each device group.
- **Usage by Plan** - Tthe amount of data used by each plan.

Configuring and Managing FortiAPs

This section describes configuring, monitoring, and managing FortiAP devices in your networks using FortiEdge Cloud and includes the following FortiAP requirements.

- Supported access points on page 73
- Recommended FortiAP firmware version on page 73

Menu	Description
Deploy APs	Allows the deployment of an AP from the inventory to an AP network. During an AP deployment, you can set the platform profile, AP tags, an AP site, and administration settings.
Access Points	Displays the status of APs. Allows tasks such as configuration and upgrade. You can also capture packets and observe live network traffic on an AP.
Configure	Provides sub-menus to add and configure wireless service set identifiers (SSID) including platform profiles, AP tags, MAC access control and more. You can also enable Bonjour Relay and FortiPresence.
Reports	Provides summary reports with charts on current and past information such as traffic and client count by SSID and AP. Also provides the option to run PCI compliance reports.

Supported access points

You can manage all FortiAP models via FortiEdge Cloud. However, FortiAP models at end of life (EOL) do not receive firmware upgrades from Fortinet. For a list of the FortiAP models that are under active device support, review the Wireless Product Matrix.

Recommended FortiAP firmware version

Fortinet recommends that you use FortiAP version 6.0 or later with FortiEdge Cloud version 26.1.a.

Getting started

This section includes the following FortiEdge Cloud procedures:

- Adding a FortiAP device to FortiEdge Cloud without a key on page 75
- Managing Networks on FortiEdge Cloud on page 34
- Deploying a FortiAP device to a network on page 76
- Moving a FortiAP between accounts on page 77

After purchasing and physically deploying the FortiAP devices (such as connecting to the internet) in various premises, perform the tasks and procedures from the following workflow to configure and monitor FortiAP devices using the FortiEdge Cloud management solution.

Task sequence	Description and procedure
Task 1	Register on FortiCloud and access the FortiEdge Cloud management solution. Perform this procedure: Signing-on for FortiEdge Cloud on page 19
Task 2	Add a purchased FortiAP device to your FortiEdge Cloud account inventory. Later in this workflow, you will deploy that FortiAP device from the inventory to a network. Perform the applicable procedure: • Adding a FortiAP device to FortiEdge Cloud with a key • Adding a FortiAP device to FortiEdge Cloud without a key on page 75
Task 3	Add logical AP networks to organize your FortiAP devices by their physical premises. With a network, you manage FortiAP devices and service set identifiers (SSID). Perform this procedure: Managing Networks on FortiEdge Cloud on page 34
Task 4	Deploy your FortiAP devices from the inventory into various networks. This task includes assigning a wireless network name that clients can connect to, and configuring settings for access control, security, and availability. Perform this procedure: Deploying a FortiAP device to a network on page 76
Task 5	Configure and customize FortiAP settings (for example, rogue scan). Perform this procedure: Configuring FortiAP settings on page 84

Task sequence	Description and procedure
Task 6	Create SSIDs and make them available on desired FortiAP devices. Perform this procedure: Adding an SSID to a network on page 101

Adding a FortiAP device to FortiEdge Cloud without a key

If the FortiAP device is an older model that does not have a sticker with the FortiEdge Cloud key, then use this procedure to add the FortiAP device to your FortiEdge Cloud account.

Prerequisites

Take note of the model name and number of your AP and the firmware version you need to upgrade to (see Introduction on page 8).

Procedure steps

1. Download the FortiAP firmware:
   a. Start a web browser and visit the Fortinet Support website.
   b. Log in to your account.
   c. Click **Download > Firmware Images**.
   d. In **Select Product**, select the AP product to upgrade.
   e. Click the **Download** tab.
   f. Navigate to the firmware image file that you want to download. For example FAP_224D-v6-build0037-FORTINET.out.
   g. To save that firmware image file to your computer, go to the end of the row, click **HTTPS**, and follow the on-screen instructions.
   h. Take note of the path where you save the firmware image file.
2. Upgrade and configure the FortiAP device:
   a. Connect your computer to the FortiAP Ethernet port.
   b. The default IP address of the FortiAP device is 192.168.1.2. If your computer does not have an IP address on the same subnet, change the IP address of your computer to 192.168.1.3.
   c. Start a web browser and connect to https://192.168.1.2.
   d. Log in to the FortiAP UI as admin. Leave the **Password** field empty.

e. In the **Status** section, go to **Firmware Version** and click **Update**.

f. Follow the on-screen instructions to load and apply the firmware file.

g. When you see the message "Uploading file is done. Firmware updating.", click **OK**, and close the web browser.

h. After the upgrade is complete, start a web browser and connect to https://192.168.1.2.

i. In the WTP Configuration section, go to AC Discovery Type and select **FortiAP Cloud**.

j. Type the name and password of your FortiEdge Cloud account.

k. Click **Apply**.

l. Disconnect your computer from the FortiAP Ethernet port.

m. Restore your computer to its normal network configuration.

n. Using an Ethernet cable, connect the FortiAP device to a network that allows internet access.

3. Check FortiEdge Cloud for the newly added FortiAP device:

a. Log in to FortiCloud and connect to FortiEdge Cloud.

b. On the Home page, navigate to **Devices > Inventory Devices**.

c. Make sure that the list includes the newly added FortiAP device.

4. You can now go to the procedure.

Deploying a FortiAP device to a network

Use this procedure to deploy a FortiAP device from your account inventory to your network.

Prior to deploying the FortiAP, complete the following procedures, as applicable.

-
-

1. Ensure that the window shows the network where you want to deploy the FortiAP device.

2. In the **Inventory Devices** tab, select the FortiAP and click **Actions > Deploy**. You can deploy the FortiAP to FortiEdge Cloud or to an external AP Controller. Select **Deploy to FortiEdge Cloud** and click **Deploy**. Select the network to deploy the FortiAP to and click **Deploy**.

3. In the Menu bar, click **Access points**.
4. Verify that the table includes the deployed FortiAP device.

Alternately, you can also deploy the FortiAP device from the **Wireless > Deploy APs** menu. All FortiAP devices are listed on this page, select the FortiAP device(s) that you want deploy and follow the on-screen instructions in each section.

You can configure generic parameters and override specific access point settings in the **Actions > Platform Profiles & Overrides** section. To upgrade the FortiAP firmware upon discovery, enable **Upgrade APs upon Connect** and configure the desired firmware version. Optionally, you can also, chose the platform profile that already has this option enabled. See Overriding FortiAP Settings on page 84.

Edit platform profile and override settings for APs

* Note that the below configuration will apply to all APs of the chosen hardware models. If you want to modify the configuration for specific APs only and not all, use the Edit option for those specific APs.

▶ FAP221E   t1 ▼

▼ Upgrade Override ⓘ

Upgrade Override Enable   ☑
Upgrade APs upon Connect   ☐ ⓘ
Force Downgrade   ☐ ⓘ
Target Firmware Version   Latest Version Available ▼

                                              Cancel   Apply

You can also select the AP tags, sites, and admin settings for the FortiAP that you are deploying. The FortiAP beacons the SSID with the specified parameters for wireless clients to connect. Review the information in the **Preview** section and click **Deploy**.

To undeploy a FortiAP, see Un-deploying a FortiAP device on page 86.

Moving a FortiAP between accounts

You can move a FortiAP between different user accounts.

1. Login into the account with the FortiAP and undeploy the FortiAP from the account. See Un-deploying a FortiAP device on page 86.
2. Remove the FortiAP from the account inventory.
3. Login into the account you want the FortiAP to be moved to.
4. Add the FortiAP to FortiEdge Cloud account with/without a key. See Adding a FortiAP device to FortiEdge Cloud without a key on page 75.
5. Deploy the FortiAP to a network linked to this account. See Deploying a FortiAP device to a network on page 76.

Access Points

On this page, you can deploy, configure, and manage access points in FortiEdge Cloud. The **List View** provides charts with visualization of APs in your network and their health and utilization, such as, the connection status (online/offline),

firmware status and the current firmware version, associated platform profiles, site for which data is displayed, and the associated device tags.
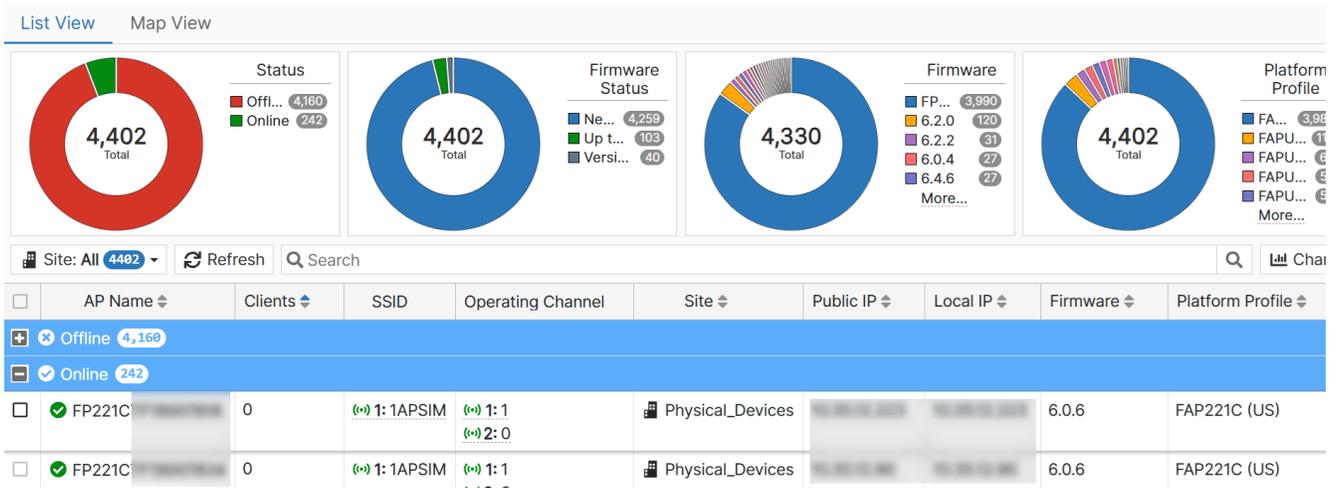
Click **Charts** to include or exclude data from the view of the access points page.

You can filter data on this page based on the selected **Site**.

Select an access point to view its status, perform various management operation, and use the available utilities.

- Viewing the FortiAP status
- Actions
- Creating a Site
- Managing Floor Plans
- Tools

Viewing the FortiAP status

The status view provides vital information about the FortiAP health. It organizes data in various tabs with configuration and operational status of the FortiAP and its radios. Information is classified into charts and lists.

Client Health

This tab displays the wireless client summary, by default, data for the last 12 hours is displayed. You can filter information for specific SSIDs; the client count affected by connection issues and the **Association**, **Authentication**, **DHCP**, and **DNS** failures are listed. The charts display wireless information such as the client count with good and low RSSI values, device OS, hostname, and the clients per SSID.

AP Health

This tab displays the aggregate data usage (uplink and downlink) and the FortiAP uptime. You can select the duration for which you wish to view this data. The available durations are 60 minutes and 24 hours.

CPU Usage (%)
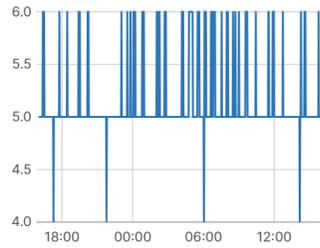
Memory Usage (%)
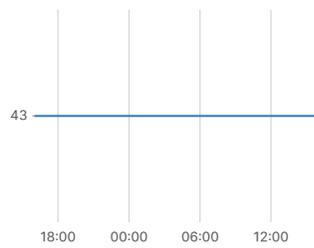
Usage By AP
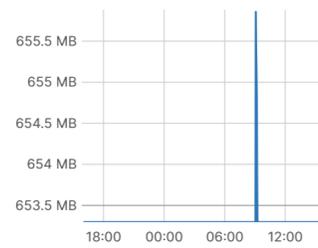
Up time
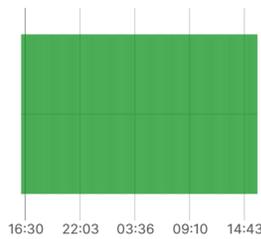
Configurations

This tab displays the FortiAP and radio configurations and the UTP DB and engine versions.

➕ AP Configuration

➕ Radio Configuration

➕ Unified Threat Protection module versions

PoE & USB

This tab displays the configured and actual operating modes, providing administrators with real time visibility into Power over Ethernet (PoE) negotiation and USB port status. Comparing these modes helps to identify and troubleshoot hardware power constraints that can degrade AP radio performance.

PoE Mode	Disable (auto)
PoE Mode (Operating)	Disable
USB Port	Disabled
USB Port (Operating)	Not Available

- **PoE Mode**: Displays the currently configured or automatically negotiated Power over Ethernet tier for the access point.
- **PoE Mode (Operating)**: Displays the actual power mode the FortiAP is currently operating in.
- **USB Port**: Indicates whether the physical USB port on the FortiAP hardware is recognized and available for use.
- **USB Port (Operating)**: Displays the real time active state of the USB port.

Radios

This tab displays wireless statistics and the list of wireless clients. You can select any one of the 3 radios to view the associated details. This tab displays statistics, such as, the client count with high and low RSSI values, interfering SSIDs, channel width and utilization, associated SSIDs, hostname, client device OS.

Radio 2 (5GHz) ▾

Operating Channel	140
Operating TX Power	24dBm (251.2mW)
Interfering SSIDs	0
Neighbour SSIDs	0
Noise Level	-84dBm
Channel Utilization	45%
Channel Width	20MHz
MIMO Mode	Default
DRMA	Disabled

Client RSSI — 1 Total — ■ High 1

SSID — 1 Total — ■ ####... 1

Hostname — 1 Total — ■ Pixel-8 1

Device OS — 1 Total — ■ Andr... 1

🔄 Refresh | FortiAP Radio == 2 ✕ | 🔍 Search

☐	MAC ⇕	IP Address ⇕	Hostname ⇕	Device OS ⇕	Vendor ⇕	SSID ⇕	Connected Time ⇕	Authentication ⇕
☐			Pixel-8	Android14	Randomized MAC	#####beta_puse	19 minutes ago	WPA2 Personal

Neighbour APs

This tab displays any neighboring APs detected by this FortiAP and visualizes data on the basis of signal strength and vendor. Click on the displayed data to view the devices and other associated details.

Vendor — 280 Total

■ Fortinet	245
■ Randomized MAC	17
■ Ruckus Wireless	7
■ TP-Link	3
■ Airspan	2
More....	

Signal — 280 Total

■ Low	274
■ High	6

🔄 Refresh | 🔍 Search

Status ⇕	BSSID ⇕	SSID ⇕	Vendor ⇕	Band ⇕	Channel ⇕	Authentication ⇕	Signal Strength ⇕	Last Seen ⇕	First
⊟ Accepted AP 280									
❌ Offline		wlygt-fA	Fortinet	2.4GHz	6	WPA/WPA2 Personal		2 hours ago	23
❌ Offline		wlygt-A	Fortinet	2.4GHz	6	WPA2 Personal		9 hours ago	19

BLE

This tab displays devices detected over BLE with associated details such as the configured UUID, Major ID, and the device manufacturer. Click on the displayed data to view the devices and other details.

LAN

This tab displays the RADIUS and VLAN request status. You can select the duration for which you wish to view this data. The available durations are 60 minutes, 24 hours, 7 days, and 30 days.

Duration

📅 Last 30 Days ▾

RADIUS Request Status
No requests were found.

VLAN Request Status

🔍 Search				🔍
Client MAC ⇕	IP Address ⇕	Total DHCP Failures ⇕	Total DNS Failures ⇕	VLAN ID ⇕
▨▨▨	▨▨▨	0	0	0

Logs

This tab displays the following logs associated with the FortiAP.

- Wireless Logs
- Antivirus Logs
- Application Control Logs
- Botnet Logs
- IPS Logs
- Web Access Logs

You can set the duration to view FortiAP logs, by default, logs are displayed for the last 24 hours. Up to the last 1000 log entries are displayed.

Note: The FortiAP must have a UTP license to access all logs except **Wireless Logs**.

📅 Last 24 Hours ▾   ▦ Wireless Logs ▾

Wireless Logs ⓘ

🔍 Search							🔍
☐	Timestamp ⇕	Event Type ⇕	Subtype ⇕	SSID ⇕	Client MAC ⇕	Action ⇕	Reason ⇕	N
☐	2024-12-05 15:51:01	station	auth-psk	#####beta_puse (606525)	▨▨▨	client-authentication	Reserved 0	Client 96:23:6

Actions

This section includes the following procedures to deploy, configure, and manage access points in FortiEdge Cloud.

- Upgrading a FortiAP device on page 83
- Rebooting a FortiAP device on page 83
- Activating/Deactivating a FortiAP device on page 84
- Configuring FortiAP settings on page 84
- Overriding FortiAP Settings on page 84
- Un-deploying a FortiAP device on page 86

Upgrading a FortiAP device

Use this procedure to upgrade the firmware on one or more FortiAP devices. FortiEdge Cloud downloads the firmware to the FortiAP device.

> ⚠️ During a FortiAP firmware upgrade, there is a service interruption because the FortiAP device needs to reboot.

1. To set the firmware upgrade for a single FortiAP device, in the table, locate the FortiAP device that you want to upgrade. Click on the **Actions** tab and select **Upgrade Firmware**. Select the build and schedule, to save changes, click **Apply**.
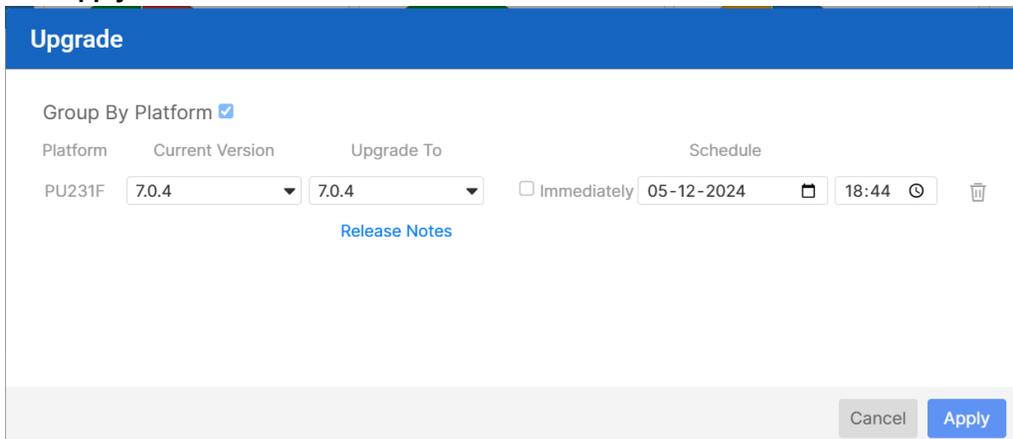
Rebooting a FortiAP device

Use this procedure to reboot one or more FortiAP devices. FortiAP devices will need to reboot during a FortiAP firmware upgrade.

1. In the table, locate the row for the FortiAP device to configure. Click on the **Actions** tab and select **Reboot AP**.
2. You may have to wait a few minutes before the AP is successfully rebooted.

Activating/Deactivating a FortiAP device

Use this procedure to activate a FortiAP device.

1. In the table, locate the row for the FortiAP device to configure. Click on the **Actions** tab and select **Activate AP/Deactivate AP**.
2. The status of the AP changes to **Not Activated/ Online** as per the action.

Configuring FortiAP settings

Use this procedure to modify the settings of a FortiAP device.

1. In the table, locate the row for the FortiAP device. In the **Actions** tab, click on the **Edit** icon to configure/edit the AP settings. When you edit/configure a FortiAP device, you can apply or change the following settings.
    - Name
    - AP Tag - Select the tag to apply to the FortiAP. See Adding AP tags.
    - Platform Profile - Use the default profile or a custom profile. See FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122.
    - Overrides (Upgrade, BLE, and radio) - Configure platform profile overrides. See Overriding FortiAP Settings on page 84.
    - Admin Access (Telnet, HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SNMP)
    - Admin Password (maximum length is 128 characters)

2. To save the changes, click **Apply**.

Overriding FortiAP Settings

The FortiAP Platform profile settings can be overridden. For more information, see FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122.

1. In the table, locate the row for the FortiAP device to update and click on the **Actions** tab and select **Platform Profiles and Overrides**. You can override the upgrade, BLE, and radio configurations. For more information on

these parameters, see .

Edit platform profile and override settings for APs

▼ FAPS421E

FAPS421E ▼

▼ Upgrade Override

Upgrade Override Enable	☑
Upgrade APs upon Connect	☐ ⓘ
Force Downgrade	☐ ⓘ
Target Firmware Version	Latest Version Available ▼

▼ BLE Overrides

iBeacon Major ID	☐
iBeacon Minor ID	☐
Eddystone Instance ID	☐

Radio 1 Overrides

DRMA Mode Override	☑ ⓘ
DRMA Mode	⦿ AP ◯ Monitor ◯ NCF ◯ NCF-Peek ⓘ
Band	☐ 2.4GHz 802.11n/g/b
Channel Width	20MHz
Channels	☐ 1 ,6 ,11
TX Power	☐ Manual(100 %)

2. Select the parameters to be modified and enter the new values. The DRMA Mode Override setting forces the radio into the AP or monitor mode. Enable it and select the any of the following DRMA modes to apply to the radio.
   - **AP** – Set the radio to AP mode.
   - **Monitor** – Set the radio to Monitor mode.
   - **NCF** – Select and set the radio mode based on NCF score.
   - **NCF Peek** – Select the radio mode based on NCF score, but do not ap ply.

When **NCF** or **NCF Peek** is selected, you can view the target mode selected by the NCF algorithm in the **Radio** tab of Viewing the FortiAP status.

You can configure also overrides during FortiAP deployment.

1. In the menu bar, click **Deploy APs**.
2. Select the FortiAP device to update and select **Select Platform Profiles and Overrides**.
3. Select the parameters to be modified and enter the new values.
   See section .

Un-deploying a FortiAP device

When you un-deploy a FortiAP device, FortiEdge Cloud removes the device from a network and then returns this device to the AP Inventory list. You can then deploy that device to another network or delete it from FortiEdge Cloud.

1. In the table, locate the FortiAP device that you want to un-deploy. Click on the **Actions** tab and select **Undeploy**.
2. Click **Yes**.
3. Go to the FortiEdge Cloud Home page and click **Inventory**.
4. Make sure that the FortiAP device is in the AP inventory list.

Creating a Site

Create a geographical site in FortiEdge Cloud to associate a floor plan to.

1. Navigate to **Wireless > Access Points** and select the **Site** drop-down menu and click on the ⚙ icon.

Add site

Name *   Site-X

Address   Los Altos

Cancel   Apply

2. Select **Add Site** and enter a unique name for your site and an optional **Address**.

Add site

Name *   Site-X

Address   Los Altos

Cancel   Apply

3. Click **Apply**.
   The site that you created is now displayed in the **Site** drop-down menu.
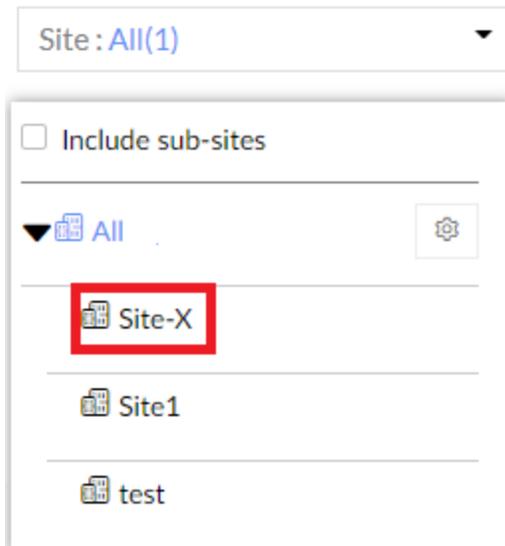
Managing Floor Plans

You can add floor plans in FortiEdge Cloud and manage FortiAPs on it in the **Map View** of **Wireless > Access Points**.

- Adding a Floor Plan to FortiEdge Cloud
- Setting a FortiAP Device on a Map or Floor Plan

Adding a Floor Plan to FortiEdge Cloud

In the **Map View**, identify the site where you want to load a floor plan.

1. Click   and select **Add Floor Plan**.
   The Upload Floor Plan dialog opens.
2. To select a file for the floor plan, click **Choose File**.
   The File Upload dialog opens.
3. Locate the file and then click **Open**.
4. If it is an outdoor plan, select **Is Outdoor?**
5. Click **Submit**.
   FortiEdge Cloud displays the uploaded floor plan.
6. You can adjust the magnification, opacity, and rotation of the floor plan.

7. To save changes, click **Apply**.

Setting a FortiAP Device on a Map or Floor Plan

Use this procedure to set the position of a FortiAP device on a map or floor plan.

- Complete the Adding a Floor Plan to FortiEdge Cloud on page 87 procedure, if you want to set a FortiAP device on a floor plan.
- Identify the site that has the map or floor plan that you want to set the FortiAP device on.

1. To move a FortiAP device to the site that has the map or floor plan that you want to use:
   a. In the **List View**, select the the FortiAP device that you want to move.
   b. Click **Actions** > **Move into Site**.
   c. Select the site and click **Apply**.
2. To set the position of a FortiAP device on a map or floor plan:
   a. In the Navigation pane, click **Map View** and then select the site that includes the FortiAP that you want to use.
   b. Click ⚙ and select **Set AP Position**.
   c. Click and drag 📍 to the desired position on the map or floor plan.
   d. Click **Close**.
   The map or floor plan shows the FortiAP device.
   The following image shows an example of an AP set on a floor plan:
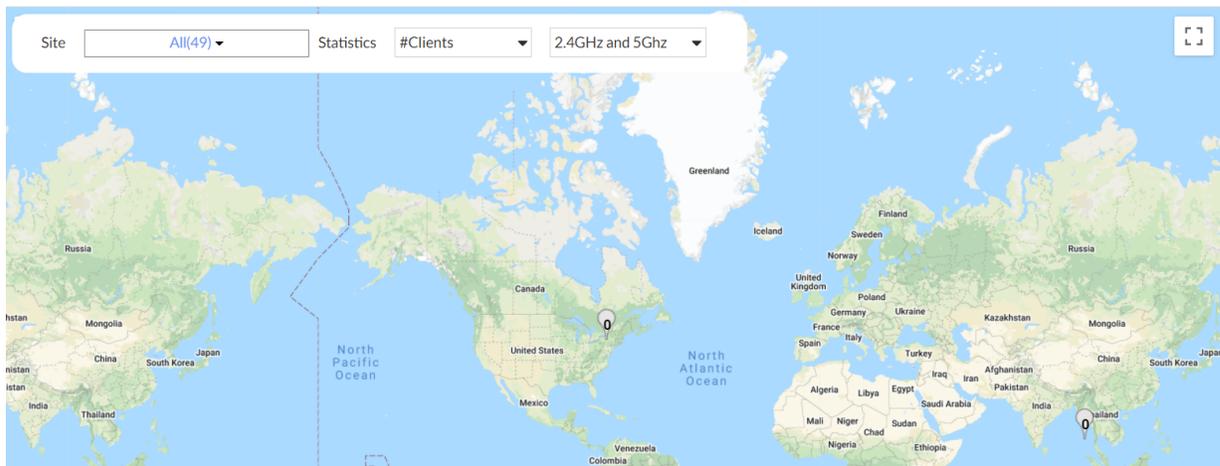
Tools

FortiEdge Cloud provides various utilities that you can run on the FortiAP for the following.

RADIO FREQUENCY ANALYSIS

🔔 Spectrum Analysis

CONNECTIVITY ANALYSIS

📄 Capture Packet

⊞ VLAN Probe

⊞ ARP Table

📑 Disconnection Reports

📤 Traceroute

THROUGHPUT ANALYSIS

⏱ iPerf BW Test

⇄ Ping Test

ENHANCED TROUBLESHOOTING

📋 TAC Report

>_ AP CLI Access
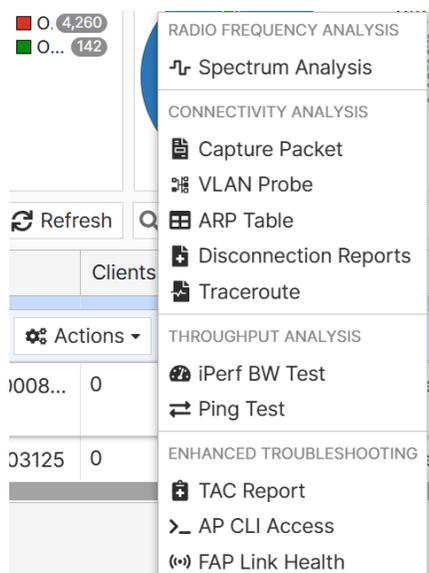
((•)) FAP Link Health

- **Connectivity Analysis**
  - ARP Table on page 89
  - Capturing packets on page 90
  - Disconnection Reports on page 91
  - Traceroute on page 91
  - VLAN Probe on page 92
- **Enhanced Troubleshooting**
  - AP CLI Access on page 93
  - TAC Report on page 93
  - FortiAP Link Health
- **Radio Frequency Analysis**
  - Spectrum Analysis on page 95
- **Throughput Analysis**
  - iPerf Throughput Test on page 98
  - Ping Test on page 98

ARP Table

The ARP Table records the discovered MAC address - IP address pairs of devices connected to a network and the vendor details. Each connected device has its own ARP table that stores the MAC-IP address pairs that the device has communicated with.

Capturing packets

Use this procedure to capture packets on a FortiAP device. Packet captures help you diagnose and troubleshoot FortiAP device problems in a FortiEdge Cloud deployment. Capturing packets can affect device performance because the capture can collect large amounts of data. We recommend capturing packets when required only.

The packet capture includes the following information:

- **No.**: The packet number.
- **Time**: The start time of the packet capture with the format yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss.
- **Source**: The IP address of the device that is sending the packet.
- **Destination**: The IP address of the device that is receiving the packet.
- **Length**: The length of each packet in bytes.
- **Info**: Additional information about the packet such as Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) control messages. For example, wireless termination points (WTP) information such as the following events:
  - WTP Event Response
  - WTP Event Request
1. In the table, locate the FortiAP device for which you want to capture packets and select **Tools > Capture Packet.** Click **Start**.

2. To stop the packet capture, click **Stop**.

3. To download the packet capture, click **Download PCAP**.

	Serial Number ⇕	Date ⇕	Source ⇕	Destination ⇕	Length ⇕	Information ⇕
☐	613	2023/09/15 18:05:12	10.35.12.157	10.36.231.224	147	WTP Event Request
☐	614	2023/09/15 18:05:12	10.36.231.224	10.35.12.157	16	WTP Event Response

Disconnection Reports

These reports provide diagnostic information on the factors causing the FortiAP to disconnect from the associated controller.

Select the AP and click **Fetch latest reports** and reports are displayed for the last three FortiAP disconnects. You can copy the report text or download it in the *.pdf* format.

Disconnection Reports:

AP	FP432FTF20000033	Fetch latest reports

Thu Nov 25 22:01:41 2021	COPY	DOWNLOAD ⌄
Thu Nov 25 19:33:38 2021	COPY	DOWNLOAD ⌄
Thu Nov 25 18:38:07 2021	COPY	DOWNLOAD ⌄

Note: Currently, the FAP-U models do not support this feature.

Traceroute

Traceroute displays a hop-by-hop path through a network starting from the FortiAP to a specific destination. It displays all possible routes (paths) and measures transit delays of packets across the network.

You can enter a destination with an IPv4 address or hostname (FQND) that the FortiAP sends traceroute to. Enable **Do not fragment** to prevent packet fragmentation when it passes through a segment with a smaller Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). The *UDP* and *ICMP echo* protocols are supported.

You can copy or download the traceroute result in a PDF format.

VLAN Probe

VLAN probe feature enables FortiAPs to probe connected VLANs and subnets. It sends DHCP probes from the FortiAP's Ethernet interface to specific VLANs on the wired interface and returns information on their availability and subnet details. This helps diagnose and troubleshoot WiFi deployment issues.

- **AP** – Select the FortiAP. FOS version 6.4.0 and higher are supported.
- **WAN Port** – Select the 1st or 2nd Ethernet port of the FortiAP to initiate the VLAN probe.
- **VLAN Range** – Select the range of VLANs to probe. The valid range is 1 -4094.
- **Timeout** – Configure the timeout for the VLAN probe. The valid range is 1 – 60 seconds with a default value of 10 seconds.
- **Retries** – Configure the number of retries before timeout. The valid range is 1 to 10 with a default value of 6.

Select **Start** and the FortiAP initiates VLAN probe as per configurations.

AP CLI Access

You can select any of the available commands in the **AP CLI Access** list; each command is associated with the corresponding help description. Click **Run** and the command output is displayed.

You can copy or download the result in a PDF format.

TAC Report

The Technical Assistance Center (TAC) report runs an exhaustive series of diagnostic commands for troubleshooting network issues.

You can copy the TAC report or download it in a PDF format.

FortiAP Link Health

FortiEdge Cloud now provides the access controller session channel statistics for the control and data channels. These statistics are processed and displayed graphically. Run the **FAP Link Health** tool to view the graphical representation of the FortiAP link health statistics. This tool displays data collected by the FortiAP in the last 48 hours, and provides the failure (packet drop/failure) percentage between the FortiAP and access controller and latency (in ms) for both control and data channels.

FortiAP to Cloud Controller Tunnel Health - Failure Percentage (%)

Severity levels for Failure Percentage: >30% - Alert, >50% - Critical

You can also view the the channel statistics in raw data format. Run the `cw_diag -c acs-chan-stats` command in the **AP CLI access** tool for enhanced troubleshooting.

AP	PU43FTH22024752
AP CLI Access	cw_diag -c acs-chan-stats

▶ Run

AP CLI Access Command Result   COPY | DOWNLOAD ⌃

```
cw_diag usage:
    cw_diag help [module [mod name]]   --show this usage
    cw_diag uptime                     --show daemon uptime
    cw_diag --tlog  <on|off>           --turn on/off telnet log message.
    cw_diag --clog  <on|off>           --turn on/off console log message.
    cw_diag --flog  <size in MB>       --turn on/off log message to /tmp/var_log_wtpd.
```

Spectrum Analysis

This feature provides visual spectrum analysis capabilities that scan radios for RF channel conditions and sources of interference which can potentially impact WLAN efficiency. Based on the spectrum analysis data, corrective measures such as determining optimal channel planning, debugging client related connectivity issues and automatic transmit power settings are initiated. This facilitates quality wireless service levels by ensuring the optimal usage of the channels considering the information provided by the FortiEdge Cloud spectrum analyser. Both 802.11 and non-802.11 sources of interference can be detected and analyzed by the spectrum analyzer.

Notes:

- Spectrum analysis is only supported when the radio is in the monitor mode.
- FortiAP supports spectrum analysis and is online.
- FortiAP Advanced Management License is required.

Select the channels to be scanned and configure the scan duration, the spectrum analysis is performed on both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands. The spectrum analyzer result displays widgets with the type of interference, signal strength, impacted channels, and wireless spectrum current utilization, start and end time and duration of the interference. It classifies wireless & non-wireless interferences to easy identification of the source.

- You can select the **AP**, **Radio**, and **Channels** to be scanned for interferences.
- The **Scan Duration** can be set to 1, 5, 10, or 15 minutes.
- The **Sampling Interval** and the number of **Spectrogram Samples** cannot be modified.

Select **Start** and the GUI periodically polls the spectrum analysis data based on the fixed sampling interval of 1000 milliseconds. Data is visualized as 4 charts representing signal interference marking the noise levels for each channel,

signal interference spectrogram representing 60 samples for different channels at specific time intervals, the duty cycle charts marking the extent to which a non-WiFi device/neighbouring AP is interfering, and the duty cycle spectrogram representing 60 such duty samples for each channel over a period of time.

The tabular data for non-WiFi interference displays the time and frequency of last detection and any of the following type of devices causing the interference.

- Microwave ovens
- Video bridges
- Wi-Fi, DSSS cordless phones
- Bluetooth, FHSS cordless phones

The tabular data for WiFi interference displays the online neighbouring AP's BSSID, SSID, maximum signal strength, and channel and time of last detection.

Signal Interference

Persistent / Transient

dBm vs MHz (2412, 2422, 2432, 2442, 2452, 2462, 2472)

Signal Interference Spectrogram

-20dBm / -100dBm

Time vs MHz

Duty Cycle

100% / 80% / 60% / 40% / 20% / 0%

MHz

Duty Cycle Spectrogram

100% / 0%

Time vs MHz
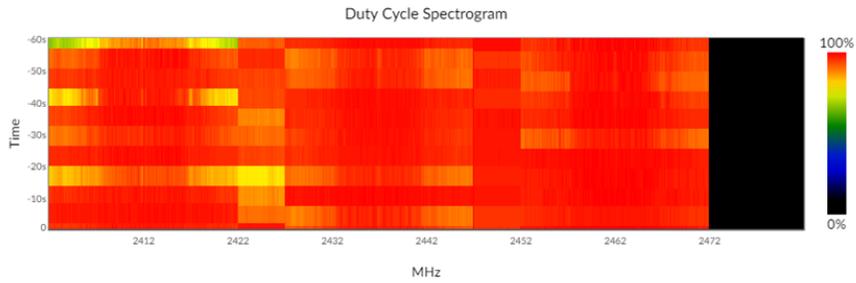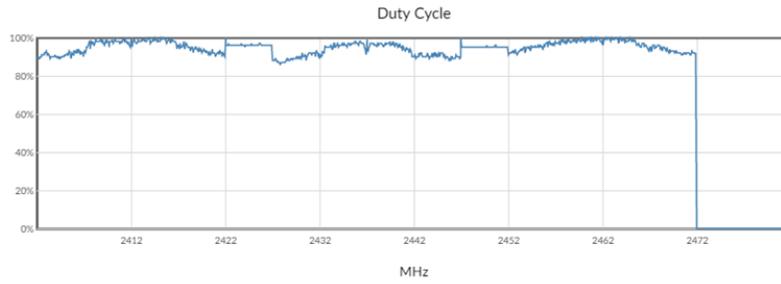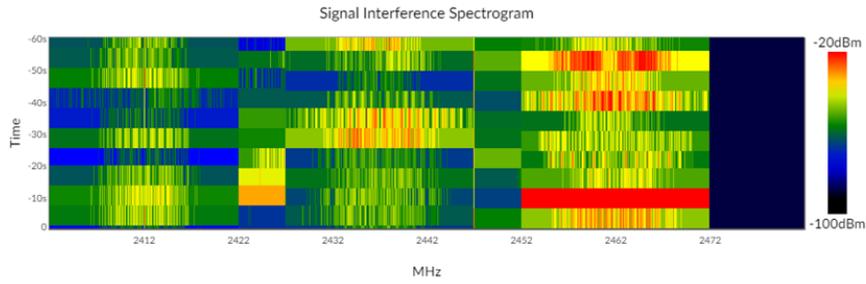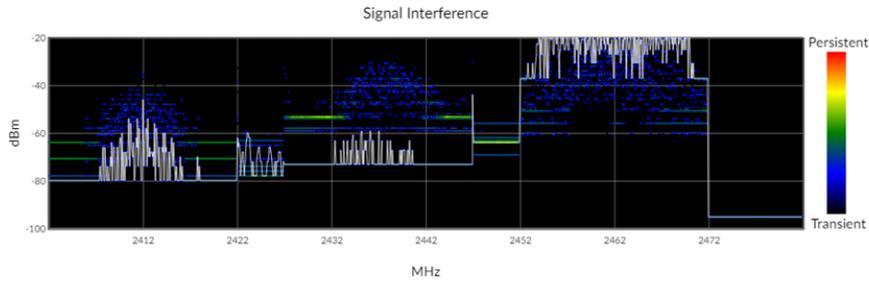
Non Wi-Fi Interference

Detected Time	Frequency	Type
2020-09-14 14:54:09	2452	Wi-Fi, DSSS cordless phone
2020-09-14 14:54:08	2402	Wi-Fi, DSSS cordless phone
2020-09-14 14:54:08	2427	Wi-Fi, DSSS cordless phone
2020-09-14 14:53:54	2427	Bluetooth, FHSS cordless phone
2020-09-14 14:53:00	2437	Bluetooth, FHSS cordless phone

Items per page: 5   1 – 5 of 7 |< < > >|

Wi-Fi Interference

Detected Time	BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal
2020-09-14 14:54:02			6	-30 dBm
2020-09-14 14:54:02		gh-1	6	-52 dBm
2020-09-14 14:54:02		ad	6	-58 dBm
2020-09-14 14:54:02		llo5677	6	-62 dBm
2020-09-14 14:54:02		plus1	6	-59 dBm

Items per page: 5   1 – 5 of 54 |< < > >|

iPerf Throughput Test

The iPerf throughput test measures the UDP and TCP real-time network throughput to aid in estimating the maximum achievable bandwidth in your network. This is useful to isolate problems related to slow network connections. The iPerf test is performed between the FortiAP and an endpoint that can be a wireless client, a computer in the LAN, or an external online server like *ping.online.net*. You must start the iPerf server manually on the endpoint unless using the online server. This feature tests uplink, downlink, or both traffic streams.

- **AP** - Select the FortiAP for iPerf testing.
  Note: The supported FOS version is 6.4.0 and higher for FAP-S/W2 models and 6.2.0 or higher for FAP-U models.
- **Port** – Select the port. The valid range is 1 – 65535.
- **iPerf Endpoint** – Enter the endpoint device IPv4 address/hostname. iPerf 2 and 3 are supported.
- **Duration** – Enter the duration for the iPerf test. The allowed values are 10, 30, and 60 seconds.
- **Protocol** – Select the protocol to measure throughput, **UDP** or **TCP**.
- **Target Bandwidth** – This is applicable only on UDP traffic. The valid range is 1 – 1024 Mbps.
- **Bidirectional Test** – When disabled only uplink traffic is tested and when enabled both uplink and downlink traffic streams are measured. In a bidirectional test, the total time required to complete the test is twice the selected time. For example, if 30 seconds is the configured test duration then the total time required to complete the test is 60 seconds; 30 seconds for uplink and 30 seconds for downlink.

Select **Start** and the FortiAP initiates iPerf testing as per configurations.
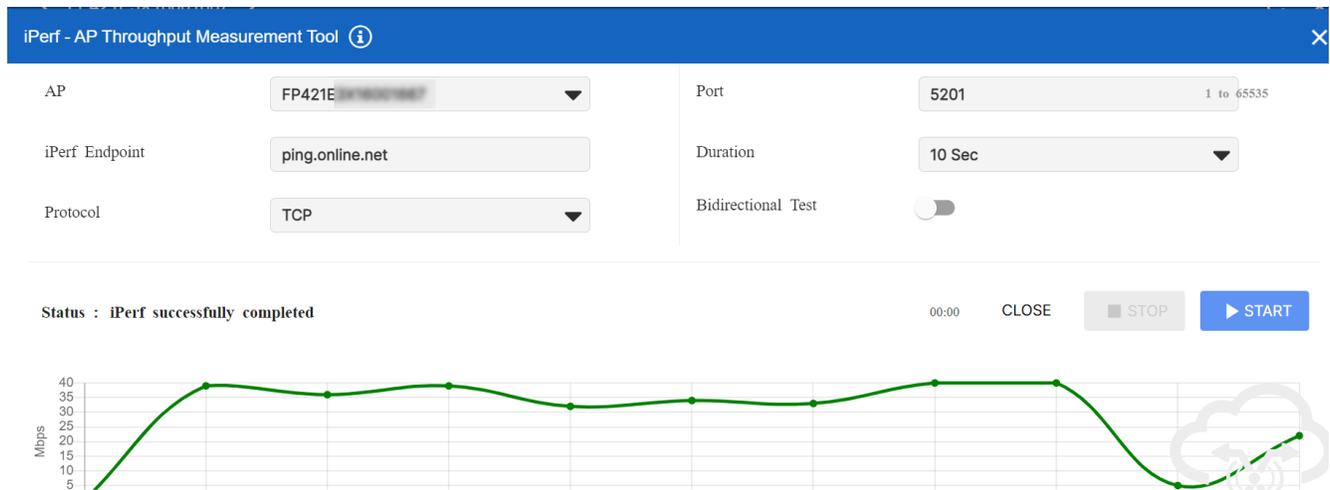
Notes:

- Fortinet recommends to use the latest supported iPerf version in the endpoint machine.
- IPv6 servers are not supported for iPerf testing.
- Ensure the iPerf test ports are enabled in the firewall.

Ping Test

You can conduct a ping test to an IP/domain or to a local AP for troubleshooting network connectivity issues between devices.

Note: The ping test supports only IPv4 addresses.

- **Ping** - Enter the target IP address or hostname to run the ping test.
- **Ping AP** - Select the local AP within the network to run the ping test.

The test result is obtained in 10 seconds.

Clients

This tab lists the clients in your network with the associated information. The data displayed on this dashboard categorize the clients based on different criteria, bands and sub-bands used, SSIDs, SNR, highest throughput, data volume, application usage, VLAN, authentication mode, encryption mode, associated APs, number of channels, operating system, device types, and user groups. Click on the displayed data to view the client and other associated details. Click ⚙ for criteria based filtering of the columns, such as, user, MPSK, group, channel etc.

You can disconnect a wireless client from the wireless network. However, the disconnected wireless clients may connect back when operating in auto-connect mode or one manually connects the client.
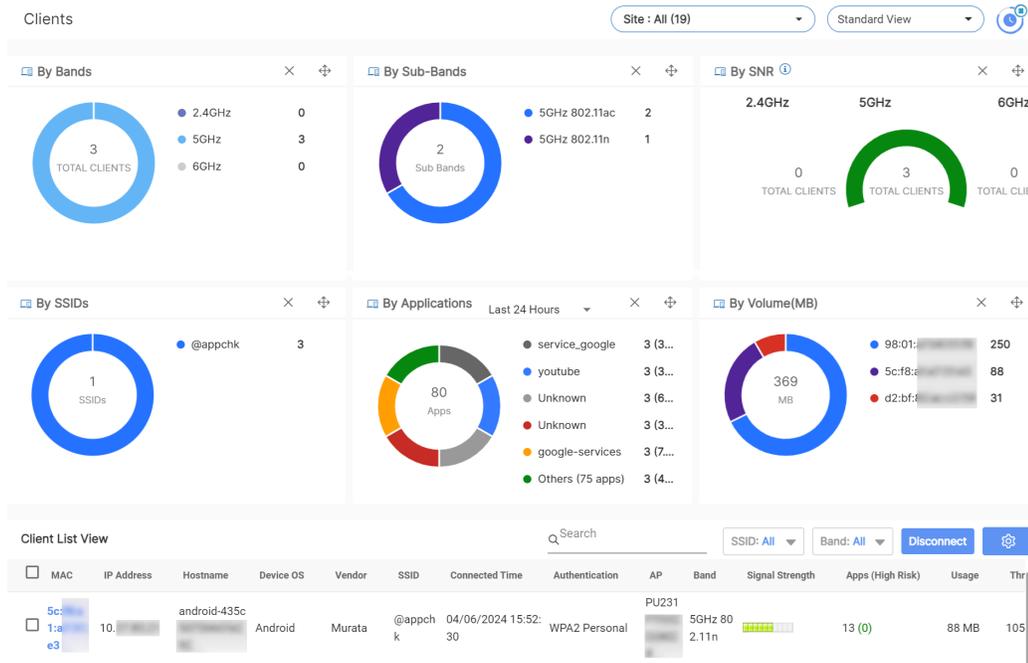
FortiEdge Cloud supports the applications panel starting version 24.2. You can view the overall applications accessed by all wireless clients connected to all SSIDs across the deployed FortiAPs in FortiEdge Cloud. This panel displays the total number of applications accessed by wireless clients, hover over the charts to view the number of associated clients. You can select the duration to view the applications data in this panel, or specify a required interval of your own, click **Specify**.

Select any application name to view usage details such as, the name, category, risk rating, the number of associated SSIDs and clients, and the traffic details. The **Clients Distribution** panel displays the details of each client, such as, the MAC address and the total data usage while accessing the application. The **Clients** table lists all the clients that accessed this application with additional details, such as, the FortiAP and the SSID that the client associated with, and the Tx, RX, and total bytes.
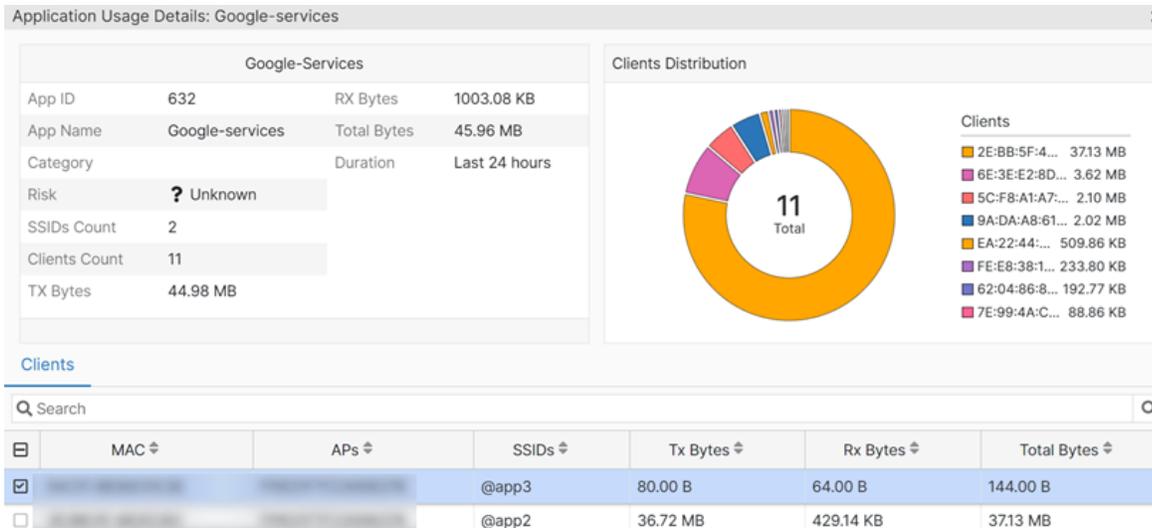
Note: A maximum of 1000 applications can be queried and shown at a given time.

You can drill-down to view a single pane with all information and operations, related to a connected wireless client. This aids in quick troubleshooting.
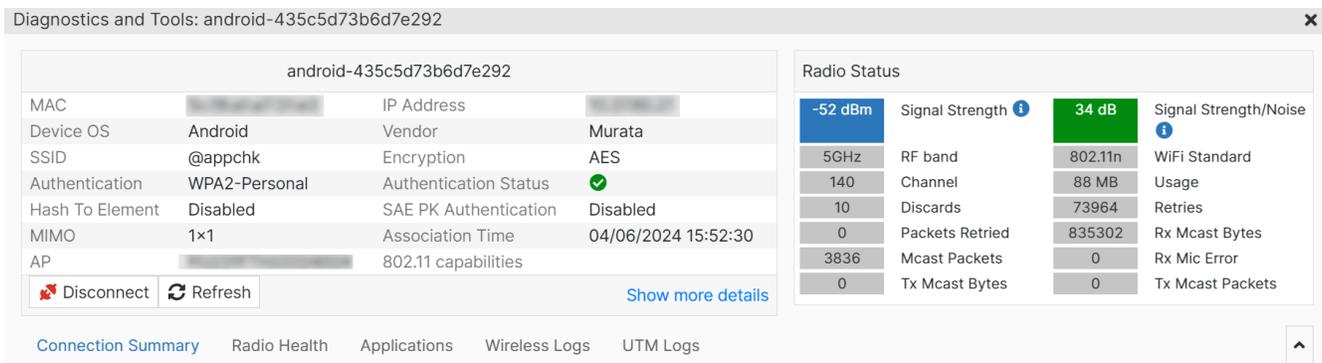
Adding an SSID to a network

Use this procedure to configure and add an SSID to a network.

Note: The SSID name is alpha-numeric and case-sensitive. The first character of the SSID name must NOT be any of these characters, **;** **#** and **!**. Special characters, **+ [ ] " TAB**, and trailing spaces are also not allowed in the SSID name.

On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the SSID.

1. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > SSID**.
2. Click **Add SSID** and select any of the listed Authentication Methods.
3. To go to Security, click **Next**. If the FortiAP model supports security features, then select the ones you want to enable.
4. To go to Availability, click **Next** and complete the following fields.
   - **Radio**: Select which radios you want to be active.
   - **Per-AP**: Select whether you want the SSID to be available to all APs or APs with specific tags.

- **Schedule**: Select a schedule for when the SSID is available.
5. To go to Preview, click **Next** and review the summary. If you need to make changes, click **Prev**.
6. To complete the changes, click **Apply**.
7. You can now go to the Deploying a FortiAP device to a network procedure.

Authentication Methods

This section describes the supported authentication methods. Follow the prerequisites and configuration options listed for each authentication method, and the Basic Settings and Advanced Settings to add an SSID.

- WPA2 Personal
- WPA2 Enterprise
- WPA3-SAE/WPA3-SAE Transition
- WPA3 Enterprise/Enterprise Only/Enterprise Transition
- WPA3-OWE
- FortiEdge Cloud captive portal
- My Captive Portal

WPA2 Personal

Add a WPA2 Personal SSID to a network

Prerequisites	Configuration
- If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure). - If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure). - If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure). - If you want to block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.	**Authentication**: Select **WPA2-Personal**. Type a **Pre-shared Key (PSK)**. This PSK must contain from 8 to 63 printable ASCII characters or exactly 64 hexadecimal numbers. If older stations also need to be supported, then select **WPA/WPA2-Personal** which enables mixed (WPA and WPA2) mode authentication. **Captive Portal**: Leave as **No Captive Portal**. Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

WPA2 Enterprise

WPA2 Enterprise SSIDs can be configured to use an external RADIUS server to authenticate wireless clients, or control access to the SSID with a configured user group.

With the RADIUS accounting server method, the **Accounting Interim Interval** parameter becomes available. The AP will send an Interim Update Accounting-Request to update the RADIUS accounting server with time and bandwidth usage. The default value is set to **600** seconds (or 10 minutes).

Prerequisites	Configuration

• Complete the RADIUS Server on page 150 procedure.
• If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure).
• If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure).
• If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure).
• If you want to enable dynamic VLAN, block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.
	With enterprise class SSIDs, individual users can have their own login (such as username and password, and VLAN, administrative control).
	• **Authentication**: Select **WPA2-Enterprise** (or **WPA/WPA2-Enterprise** mixed mode). To define authorized users
	• **RADIUS Auth Setting**: Set to one of the following:
	  • **My RADIUS Server**: Use your own RADIUS server. To define your RADIUS server, see RADIUS Server
	  • **FortiCloud User/Group**: Use FortiEdge Cloud as the RADIUS server. In this case, you do not need to have your own RADIUS server. All users are to be defined in FortiEdge Cloud (see FortiEdge Cloud User/Group).
	Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

WPA3-SAE/WPA3-SAE Transition

Add a WPA3 simultaneous authentication of equals (SAE) or WPA3-SAE Transition SSID to a network.

Prerequisites	Configuration

• If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure).
• If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure).
• If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure).
• If you want to block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.
	With enterprise class SSIDs, individual users can have their own login (such as username and password, and VLAN, administrative control).
	• **Authentication**: Select **WPA3-SAE** or **WPA3-SAE Transition**.
	  • **WPA3-SAE**: Type an **SAE Password**. This password must contain 8 to 32 alphanumeric characters or exactly 64 hexadecimal numbers.
	  • **WPA3-SAE Transition**: Enables mixed (WPA2 and WPA3) mode authentication. Two passwords are used in the SSID; if the **SAE Password** is used, client connects with WPA3 SAE and if **Pre-shared Key** is used, client connects with WPA2 PSK. This PSK must contain from 8 to 63 printable ASCII characters or exactly 64 hexadecimal numbers.
	  • Enable **SAE-PK authentication** and provide an **SAE-PK private key**. When SAE-PK authentication is enabled, you are required to set an SAE-PK private-key. You can use a third party tool to generate the private key for encryption (for example, sae_pk_gen in wpa_supplicant v2.10)

Prerequisites	Configuration
	to meet the encryption requirement.
	You can also use a helper utility, available in the FortiEdge Cloud GUI, to generate a pair of compatible configuration parameters. This removes the dependence on a third party/open source tool to generate a pair of compatible key and password. Click **Generate** to generate an SAE-PK private key and the password for SAE-PK authentication.
	Additionally, you can also select the elliptic curve for SAE public key encryption in the **Elliptic Curve** field. The P-256 is a widely used legacy curve that is well supported by several device categories. The P-384 and P-521 curves offer a higher degree of security, at the cost of computational complexity in the devices (FortiAPs and wireless clients). For more information, see Elliptic Curve Cryptography. **Note**: Some legacy devices might not support the higher curves and may face connection issues, if these are selected.
	• Enable **Hash-to-Element (H2E) only**, that provides a secure key establishment protocol using a cryptographic hash function, this ensures a secure key exchange process to establish the Wi-Fi connection. **Note**: This parameter is mandatory when the SSID is to be beaconed on a 6 GHz radio.
	• The **SAE Hunting-and-Pecking (HnP) only** option is disabled by default and is used for PWE derivation. Sometimes, when the FortiAP operates with full WPA3-R3 compliance, some wireless clients are unable to connect to WPA3 SSIDs beaconed by the FortiAP. This issue arises as the WiFi chipset and driver on these clients do not recognize some RSN IEs beaconed by the FortiAP. To resolve this client connectivity issue, you can enable the SAE HnP option, to ensure that the client can establish a connection using WPA3 to the FortiAP. This feature can be used only when **SAE-PK authentication** and **SAE Hash-to-Element (H2E) only** are disabled. **Note**: This feature is supported on FortiAP version 7.4.2 and above.
	• **Captive Portal**: Add a captive portal to the SSID.

Prerequisites	Configuration
	• To add a FortiEdge Cloud captive portal, see section FortiEdge Cloud captive portal on page 106.
	• To add your own captive portal, see section My Captive Portal on page 107
	Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

WPA3 Enterprise/Enterprise Only/Enterprise Transition

WPA3 Enterprise SSIDs can be configured to use an external RADIUS server to authenticate wireless clients, or control access to the SSID with a configured user group.

With the RADIUS accounting server method, the **Accounting Interim Interval** parameter becomes available. The AP will send an Interim Update Accounting-Request to update the RADIUS accounting server with time and bandwidth usage. The default value is set to **600** seconds (or 10 minutes).

Prerequisites	Configuration
• Complete the RADIUS Server on page 150 procedure. The RADIUS server must support 192-bit AES encryption as required by WPA3-Enterprise security level. • If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure). • If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure). • If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure). • If you want to enable dynamic VLAN, block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.	With enterprise class SSIDs, individual users can have their own login (such as username and password, and VLAN, administrative control). • **Authentication**: Set to **WPA3-Enterprise**/**Enterprise Only**/**Enterprise Transition**. • **RADIUS Auth Setting**: To define authorized users, set to **My RADIUS Server** where you use your own RADIUS server. To define your RADIUS server, see RADIUS Server Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

WPA3-OWE

Add a WPA3 opportunistic wireless (OWE) SSID to a network.

Prerequisites	Configuration
• If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure).	• **Authentication**: Select **WPA3-OWE**. • **Captive Portal**: Add a captive portal to the SSID. • To add a FortiEdge Cloud captive portal, see

Prerequisites	Configuration
• If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure). • If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure). • If you want to block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.	section FortiEdge Cloud captive portal on page 106. • To add your own captive portal, see section My Captive Portal on page 107 Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

FortiEdge Cloud captive portal

FortiEdge Cloud includes captive portal settings that you can customize during the SSID addition.

If you want to create and use your own captive portal, then go to the Adding a My Captive Portal SSID to a network procedure.

Prerequisites	Configuration

• If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure).
• If you choose one of the following sign on methods, make sure to complete the required setup:
  • My RADIUS Server (see RADIUS Server on page 150)
  • FortiEdge Cloud user and group (see FortiEdge Cloud User/Group on page 149)
• If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure).
• If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure).
• If you want to block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.
	• **Authentication**: Select **Open** or **WPA2-Personal**. If you select **WPA2-Personal**, then type a **Pre-shared Key**. This password must contain from 8 to 63 characters. Characters can be any combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and symbols.
	• **Captive Portal**: Select **FortiEdge Cloud Captive Portal**.
	• **MAC Access Control**: Select to allow clients identified in the MAC address import list to connect to that SSID.
	  • **Fail Through Mode**. This mode is available if you select the **Open** authentication. If you select the Fail Through Mode, then the following applies:
	    • If a client is not in the MAC address import list, then the client must pass captive-portal authentication to access the internet.
	    • If a client is in the MAC address import list, then the client can bypass the captive-portal authentication and access the internet directly.
	• **Redirect URL**: The URL to which the user is redirected after a successful login; **Original request** or **Specific URL**.
	• **Walled Garden**: The walled garden is a list of web domains that users can access before completing the authentication process. You can type an IP address, domain name, and subnetwork address/mask. Separate multiple entries with a comma.

Prerequisites	Configuration

	• **Sign-on Method**: Choose one of the following:
	  • **Click Through**: Users go to the captive portal page and click **Continue** to gain access to the wireless network. Users do not type a username and password.
	  • **My RADIUS Server**: Select a configured RADIUS server.
	  • **FortiEdge Cloud user and group**: Select a configured FortiEdge Cloud group.
	  • **Self-registered guests**: Users access the captive portal page and sign up for an account. They receive their username and password details by SMS or email as defined in step 11 of this procedure.
	  • **Social media**: Users can sign on with their social media account. FortiEdge Cloud supports Facebook, Google+, LinkedIn, and X accounts.
	In the **Captive Portal** page, you can additionally customize the following.
	• **Logo**: You can upload an image.
	• **Title**: You can change the appearance of the title (background color and image as well as the text color) or the text (in English, French, or Japanese).
	• **Message**: You can add a message (in English, French, or Japanese) and change the background color, image, and text color.
	• **Self-Registered**: If you selected the sign on method as self-registered guest (in step 5), then you can customize the page for self-registered guests as well as set an account expiration period and a method to generate a username and password.
	Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

My Captive Portal

In this procedure, you are required to create your own captive portal page.

If you prefer to use and customize an existing captive portal page, then go to the FortiEdge Cloud captive portal on page 106 procedure instead.

Prerequisites	Configuration
• Complete the Creating the My Captive Portal page on page 118 procedure. • If you want to use the MAC access control, make sure to import MAC addresses (see the MAC	• **Authentication**: Select **Open** or **WPA2-Personal**. If you select **WPA2-Personal**, then type a **Pre-shared Key**. This password must contain from 8 to 63 characters. Characters can be any combination of

Prerequisites	Configuration

Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148 procedure).
 	
• Choose and set up one of the following sign on methods:
    • My RADIUS Server (see the RADIUS Server on page 150 procedure)
    • FortiEdge Cloud user and group (see the FortiEdge Cloud User/Group on page 149 procedure)
• If you want to apply a QoS profile, make sure that the QoS profile exists (see the QoS Profile on page 127 procedure).
• If you want the SSID to be available to APs with specific tags only, make sure that the AP tags exist (see the Adding AP tags procedure).
• If you want to block intra-SSID traffic, and customize radio and rate optional settings, then purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.
	upper and lower case letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and symbols.
	• **Captive Portal**: Select **My Captive Portal**.
	• **MAC Access Control**: Select to allow clients identified in the MAC address import list to connect to that SSID.
	    • **Fail Through Mode**. This mode is available if you select the **Open** authentication. If you select the Fail Through Mode, then the following applies:
	        • If a client is not in the MAC address import list, then the client must pass captive-portal authentication to access the internet.
	        • If a client is in the MAC address import list, then the client can bypass the captive-portal authentication and access the internet directly.
	• **Captive Portal URL**: Type the URL of your captive portal page.
	• **Redirect URL**: The URL to which the user is redirected after a successful login; **Original request** or **Specific URL**.
	• **Walled Garden**: The walled garden is a list of web domains that users can access before completing the authentication process. You can type an IP address, domain name, and subnetwork address/mask. Separate multiple entries with a comma.
	• **Authentication Certificate**: Upload SSL/TLS certificates to mask redirection URL. The file type, size, and authenticity of the certificates are verified and the certificates are used to secure communication with external portal. The following certificates are supported:
	    • .cer
	    • .pem
	• **Authentication Portal URL**: Define a URL to replace the default IP-based redirection with a domain name. The Access Point (AP) retrieves the configured domain and certificate during synchronization with FortiEdge Cloud. During redirection, the AP locally resolves the configured domain name and replaces the IP in the redirection URL with the resolved domain.
	• **Sign-on Method**
	: Choose one of the following:
	    • **Click Through**: Users go to the captive portal page and click **Continue** to gain access to the

Prerequisites	Configuration
	wireless network. Users do not type a username and password.
	- **My RADIUS Server**: Select a configured RADIUS server.
	- **FortiEdge Cloud user and group**: Select a configured FortiEdge Cloud group.
	Complete the Basic Settings on page 109 and Advanced Settings on page 112 as required.

Basic Settings

Configure the following basic settings for an SSID assigned to your network.

Field	Description
SSID	Type a name for this wireless network. Wireless clients use this name to find and connect to this wireless network.
Enabled	Select to have the SSID active.
Broadcast SSID	Select to advertise the SSID. All wireless clients within range can see the SSID when they scan for available networks.
Beacon Advertising	You can enable the advertising of vendor specific elements in beacons that contain FortiAP information such as its name, model, and serial number. This enables administrators to easily identify the coverage areas using site surveys.
	Consider the following scenarios that use this feature effectively.
	- The administrator is able to gradually move away from the FortiAP while continuously sniffing the beacons to determine if they can still hear from the FortiAP.
	- The FortiAP are easily identified during network troubleshooting.
Client MAC Address Filtering	1. **Cloud Address Group Policy**: Select an option to specify how the addresses in the **MAC Access Control** list must be handled. (For details on MAC Access Control list, see MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering)
	Choose between **Disable**, **Allow**, and **Deny**.
	- **Disable**: Select to bypass the authentication of the MAC addresses listed in **MAC Access Control** list.
	- **Allow**: Select to allow access to MAC addresses listed in **MAC Access Control** list.
	- **Deny**: Select to deny access to MAC addresses listed in **MAC Access Control** list.
	For **Allow** and **Deny** option, select the **Address Group** using the drop down.
	2. **External RADIUS MAC Authentication**: Enable to validate MAC addresses in a RADIUS server.
	Select the **RADIUS Server** using the drop down.

Field	Description
	• **MAC Username delimiter**: Select the type of delimiter that the system can allow in the MAC usernames during validation. Choose between Hyphen, Single-hyphen, Colon, and None. • **MAC Password delimiter**: Select the type of delimiter that the system can allow in the MAC passwords during validation. Choose between Hyphen, Single-hyphen, Colon, and None. • **MAC case**: Choose between Uppercase and Lowercase. **Note**: • When **Cloud Address Group Policy** is enabled, MAC address is validated in **MAC Access Control** list. • We can select either **External RADIUS MAC Authentication** or **Cloud Address Group Policy**, not both. When **External RADIUS MAC Authentication** is chosen, AP acts as authenticator and when **Cloud Address Group Policy** is chosen, cloud acts as authenticator.
Mesh Link	Select to enable the mesh link. A wireless mesh eliminates the need for Ethernet wiring by connecting Wi-Fi APs to each other by radio. Only one AP (root AP) is connected to the wired network and all other APs (leaf APs) connect to this mesh root AP over the wireless backhaul SSID. This is supported for *WPA3 - SAE*, *WPA2 - Personal*, and *Open* modes of authentication.
Data Encryption	When either of the mixed mode authentication methods are enabled, select a data encryption protocol: **AES**, **TKIP**, or **TKIP-AES**.
Simple Multiple Pre-shared Keys (MPSK)	Simple Multiple PSKs can also be configured for **Personal** SSIDs, in which case stations will be able to connect to an SSID using either a common PSK or their own PSK. You can select the configured schedule profile for activating multiple PSKs. For more information, see Schedule Profile on page 132. **Note:** A maximum of 128 multiple PSKs are allowed per SSID.

MPSK	You can create multiple pre-shared key groups to associate with VLANs; up to 16000 keys are supported per network.
	Adding MPSK Groups
	• Click **Add** and enter a unique **Group Name** and **VLAN ID** to associate the MPSK group with and configure pre-shared keys.
	• Click **Import** to import (*.csv*) and populate existing MPSK groups into the SSID profile.
	• Click **Export** to export the existing MPSK groups into your local machine in *.csv* format.
	Adding Pre-shared keys
	• Click **Add** to create new pre-shared keys and update the following.
	  a. A unique **Name** and **Pre-shared Key** (8 to 63 characters or 64 hexadecimal digits).
	  b. The client **MAC Address** for which this key is used. This field takes precedence over the client limit.

Field	Description
	c. Select the **Client Limit**. **Default** - The maximum number of clients is determined by the default client limit which is set at the SSID level. If this is value not set, then an unlimited number of clients can connect to the key. **Unlimited** - An unlimited number of clients can connect to the key. **Specify** - The specified maximum number of clients can connect to the key. d. Select a configured **Schedule Profile**. See Schedule Profile on page 132. e. Enter **User Name**, **User Email** address, and **Mobile** number (prefixed with the country code). These credentials are used to send pre-shared keys to email addresses (**Send Keys via Email**) or via SMS (**Send Keys via SMS**) on the associated mobile number. • Click **Generate** to auto-generate pre-shared keys and update the following. a. A unique **Name Prefix** (1 -32 alphanumeric characters) for the generated keys and the **Number of Keys** to generate (1 - 16383). b. The required **Key Length** (8 - 63 characters). c. Specify the **Client Limit** and the configured **Schedule Profile**. See Schedule Profile on page 132. • Click **Import** to import (.*csv*) and populate existing pre-shared keys in the MPSK group. • Click **Export** to export the existing pre-shared keys into your local machine in .*csv* format.
RADIUS Authentication by	The FortiAP acts as a RADIUS client and sends accounting information to the configured RADIUS server. This configuration parameter is applicable **ONLY** when the SSID operates in the OPEN security mode with external captive portal and RADIUS authentication and accounting parameters. When **RADIUS Authentication by** is enabled, the FortiAP redirects clients to the configured external captive portal, collects credentials and performs RADIUS authentication and accounting. When disabled (default), the legacy functionality continues where the FortiAP redirects all clients to a centralized FortiEdge Cloud which then redirects them to the configured external captive portal. When you enable **RADIUS Authentication by**, the following parameters become configurable. • **Secure HTTP** - Secure HTTP is used to post credentials from the configured external captive portal web server to the FortiAP. This is disabled by default. • **Session Interval** - The time interval after which the captive portal authentication session is invalidated and the user is required to log in again. The valid range for the session interval is 0 - 864000 seconds, 0 (default) indicates that the user is never logged out. **Note:** This feature is supported on FAP-S and FAP-W2 models with firmware versions 6.2 and 6.4.
RADIUS Acct Settings	Select the RADIUS profile for accounting.

Field	Description
	CoA is also supported and can be enabled in RADIUS Accounting profile.
IP assignment	Select **Bridge** or **NAT**. If you choose **NAT**, then complete the following: • **Local LAN**: Select **Allow** or **Deny**. • **DHCP Lease Time**: Default is 3600 seconds (or one hour). • **IP/Network Mask**: Type the IP address and network mask of the SSID. • **DNS Status**: You can push DNS configuration to a DHCP server running on the FortiAP. When creating an SSID, enable **DNS Status** and the wireless endpoints receive the configured DNS server IP addresses via DHCP when connecting the SSID. You can configure a maximum of 3 DNS server IP addresses (IPv4 only), in case of Enterprise SSIDs, the RADIUS server can assign/override these DNS servers.
QoS Profile	If you want to apply a QoS profile that you have already created, select it from the list.
VLAN ID	If the IP assignment is Bridge, you can type the ID of the VLAN for your wireless network (SSID). Default is 0 for non-VLAN operation. To view the dynamic VLAN ID based on the FortiAP data, see Clients.

Advanced Settings

With a FortiAP advanced management license, you can enable the following advanced settings.

Field	Description
Radio Sensitivity (Rx-SOP)	The Receiver Start of Packet (Rx-SOP) configures a threshold to allow FortiAPs to adjust the SSID cell size. The radio discards all received wireless frames with minimum WiFi signal lesser than the configured threshold value. Adjusted cell size ensures that wireless clients are connected to the nearest FortiAP at highest possible data rates and distant clients do not deprive other clients of airtime. The valid range of signal strength is -95 to -20 dBm with a default value of -79 dBm for 2.4GHz and -76 dBm for 5GHz.
Probe Response Suppression	Restricts distant wireless clients from connecting to the FortiAP if the received signal strength is less than the configured threshold. The FortiAP does not send any probe response to these distant wireless clients and responds to the probe requests sent from nearby clients only. The valid range of signal strength is -95 to -20 dBm with a default value of -80 dBm.
Sticky Clients Removal	De-authenticates sticky wireless clients (distant clients that stick to the FortiAP) if the signal strength is less than the configured threshold. The valid range of signal strength is -95 to -20 dBm with a default value of -79 dBm for 2.4GHz and -76 dBm for 5GHz.

Field	Description
Applications Usage Visibility	FortiAPs collect and report usage information about applications accessed by wireless clients in specific networks. The application data available in FortiEdge Cloud provides greater visibility and risk assessment capability over the networks that are managed by FortiEdge Cloud. The FortiAPs collect and report the application usage information at the configured time interval. • **Application Detection** – Enable FortiAP to collect and report data about applications that are accessed by wireless clients for this SSID. • **Application Report Interval** – Configure the time interval for the FortiAP to collect and send the application usage data. The valid range is 30 – 864000 seconds and the default is 120 seconds. **Note**: Currently, you cannot set the interval to less than 120 seconds.
Protected Management Frames (802.11w)	Provides a layer of security for wireless management frames by ensuring that traffic comes from legitimate sources. Network attackers and malicious entities are unable to disrupt legitimate wireless connections by sending spoofed clear text wireless management frames. • **Disable** - Disables the usage of 802.11w management protection frames. • **Optional** - Allows wireless clients that do not support 802.11w along with those that support 802.11w to associate with the SSID. • **Required** - Allows only those wireless clients to associate with the SSID that support 802.11w and prevents clients that do not support 802.11w from associating. • **PMF Association Comeback Timeout (seconds)** - Specifies the time which an associated client must wait before the association can be tried again when first denied. The valid range is 1 -20 seconds with a default value of 1 second. • **PMF SA Query Retry Timeout (milliseconds)** - Specifies the amount of time the controller waits for a response from the wireless client for the query process. If there is no response from the client, it is dis-associated. The supported values are 100, 200, 300, 400, and 500 milliseconds with a default value of 200 milliseconds **Note**: Any change in the PMF configuration requires the controller to delete and then add the SSID. This disrupts existing connections.
Fast BSS Transition (802.11r)	This feature allows faster roaming for Wi-Fi clients by enabling swift BSS transitions between APs. This minimizes delay caused due to a client transitioning from one BSS to another in a multi-AP deployment. • **Mobility Domain ID** – This parameter acts as a network identifier. The clients attempt 802.11r enabled roaming only when the same mobility domain ID is configured for both the networks. The valid range is 1 to 65535 and the default is 1000. • **R0 Key Lifetime** – This parameter indicates the duration after which the R0 key in the FortiAP expires. For WPA/WPA2 PSK authentication methods, the R0 key is derived from the PSK and for enterprise, it is derived after the EAP handshake with the RADIUS server is complete. The valid range is 1 to 65535 minutes and the default is 480 minutes.

Field	Description
Radio Measurements (802.11k) and **BSS Transition Management (802.11v)**	This feature provides more flexibility to the network administrator to disable the network's ability to influence the roaming decision of the clients, especially, in high density deployments with a large number of FortiAPs. In cases where network planning is not good, using 802.11v may impact client connectivity. • **Radio Measurements (802.11k)** - 802.11k network assisted roaming allows a potential roaming wireless client to collect from its current AP the list of compatible neighbour APs. This saves the wireless client from performing full scan on both bands. The wireless client selects and moves to the optimal neighbour AP from the list. The 802.11k also provides support for Radio Resource Management (RRM) such as APs querying the associated wireless clients for beacon reports and perceived RSSI used to prepare the compatible neighbour AP list for wireless clients. • **BSS Transition Management (802.11v)** - 802.11v network assisted roaming allows the wireless network to send requests to associated clients, recommending better APs to associate with while roaming. This is beneficial for both load balancing and in guiding clients with poor connectivity. The BSS Transition feature allows the roaming client to initiate a BSS transition query to the associated AP for a candidate list of other APs it can re-associate with, the associated AP responds with a BSS transition request containing the requested AP list. The AP can also send an unsolicited BSS transition request to the client. The client can accept the request and re-associate with the suggested APs or it can reject the request and continue its association with the current AP. **Note**: **The Voice Enterprise (802.11kv)** configuration is not available with release 24.1. If you were using the 802.11kv setting in the previous release, then in the current version both 802.11k and 802.11v will be enabled.
Airtime Fairness Weight (%)	Wi-Fi has a natural tendency for clients farther away or clients at lower data rates to monopolize the airtime and drag down the overall performance. Airtime Fairness (ATF) helps to improve the overall network performance. Airtime Fairness is configured per SSID, each SSID is granted airtime according to the configured allocation. It is configurable on both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios. Data frames that exceed the configured % allocation are dropped. Enable Airtime Fairness when creating a Platform profile. • Applicable only on downlink traffic. • Applicable only on data, management and control functions are excluded. • Applicable on all types of SSIDs; Tunnel, Bridge and Mesh. • Applicable on all authentication modes. Airtime Fairness is supported with FOS 6.2.0 and on all FortiAP-S and FortiAP-W2 models. **Note:** Enable ATF processing on desired radios in AP Platform Profile.

Field	Description
Broadcast Suppression	Suppresses the transmission of specific broadcast traffic to secure the wireless network and optimize airtime usage. When the received broadcast traffic exceeds the threshold, the interface discards it until the broadcast traffic drops below a specific threshold. Since broadcast packets sent to wireless clients connected to a FortiAP occupy valuable airtime, unnecessary and potentially detrimental packets can impact network throughput. By default, **ARP Replies**, **ARPs For Known Clients**, **DHCP Uplink**, **DHCP Downlink**, and **DHCP Unicast** broadcast suppression is enabled. The following methods are supported. • **ARP Poison** - Suppress ARP poison attacks from malicious Wi-Fi clients. Prevent malicious WiFi clients from spoofing ARP packets. • **ARP Proxy** - Suppress ARP request packets broadcast by the Ethernet downlink to known Wi-Fi clients. Instead, send ARP reply packets to the Ethernet uplink, as a proxy for Wi-Fi clients. • **ARP Replies** - Suppress ARP reply packets broadcast by Wi-Fi clients. Instead, forward the ARP packets as unicast packets to the clients with target MAC addresses. • **ARPs For Known Clients** - Suppress ARP request packets broadcast to known Wi-Fi clients. Instead, forward ARP packets as unicast packets to the known clients. • **ARPs For Unknown Clients** - Suppress ARP request packets broadcast to unknown Wi-Fi clients. • **DHCP Uplink** - Suppress DHCP discovery and request packets broadcast by Wi-Fi clients. Forward DHCP packets to the Ethernet uplink only. Prevent malicious Wi-Fi clients from acting as DHCP servers. • **DHCP Downlink** - Suppress DHCP packets broadcast by the Ethernet downlink to Wi-Fi clients. Prevent malicious Wi-Fi clients from acting as DHCP servers. • **DHCP Unicast** - Convert downlink broadcast DHCP messages to unicast messages. • **DHCP Starvation** - Suppress DHCP starvation attacks from malicious Wi-Fi clients. Prevent malicious Wi-Fi clients from depleting the DHCP address pool. • **IPv6** - Suppress IPv6 broadcast packets. This is useful when the network is configured to support only IPv4. • **NetBIOS Name Services** - Suppress NetBIOS name services packets with UDP port 137. • **NetBIOS Datagram** - Suppress NetBIOS datagram services packets with UDP port 138. • **All Other Broadcast** - Suppress broadcast packets not covered by any of the specific options. • **All Other Multicast** - Suppress multicast packets not covered by any of the specific options.
L3 Firewall Profile	Create L3 Firewall rules. For more information, see L3 Firewall Profile on page

Field	Description
	142.
Block intra-SSID traffic	To block intra-SSID network traffic.
Tunnel Settings	Select **Tunnel Profile** to add an existing GRE/L2TP Tunnel profile. FortiEdge Cloud supports tunnel redundancy. When the primary tunnel goes down, data traffic is automatically redirected to the secondary or the standby tunnel. Select the **Primary Tunnel Profile** and the **Secondary Tunnel Profile**. For more information, see Adding a Tunnel profile. • **Tunnel Echo Interval**: The time interval to send echo requests to primary and secondary tunnel peers. The valid range is 1 to 65535 seconds; default is 300 seconds. • **Tunnel Fallback Interval**: The time interval for secondary tunnel to fall back to the primary tunnel once it is active. The valid range is 0 to 65535 seconds; default is 7200 seconds.

DHCP Option 82	DHCP option 82 (DHCP relay information) secures wireless networks served by FortiAPs against vulnerabilities that facilitate DHCP IP address starvation and spoofing/forging of IP and MAC addresses. The **Circuit ID** and **Remote ID** parameters enhance this security mechanism by allowing the FortiAP to include specific AP and client device information into the DHCP request packets. Both these options are disabled by default.
	The DHCP server can use the location of a DHCP client when assigning IP addresses or other parameters.
	Note: This feature is supported with FOS 6.2.0 and above.
	• **Circuit ID:** The AP information is inserted in the following formats:
	    • **Style-1:** ASCII string composed in the format *<AP MAC address>;<SSID>;<SSID-TYPE>*. For example, *" 00:12:F2:00:00:59;SSID12;Bridge"*.
	    • **Style-2:** ASCII string composed of the AP MAC address. For example, *"00:12:F2:00:00:59"*.
	      Style-3: ASCII string composed in the format *<Network-Type:WTPProfile-Name:VLAN:SSID:AP-Model:AP-Hostname:AP-MAC address>*. For example, *"WLAN:FAPS221E-default:100:wifi:PS221E:FortiAP-S221E: 00:12:F2:00:00:59"*.
	• **Remote ID:** The MAC address of the client device is inserted in the following format:
	  Style-1 - ASCII string composed of the client MAC address. For example, *"00:12:F2:00:00:59"*.

Wireless Multicast Enhancement	This enhancement is set to improve the performance of applications using multicast traffic over a wireless network. Consider an example, where a media streaming application uses multicast packets, this can potentially compromise the media (audio/video) quality through packet loss and induced latency. With this release, you can convert the multicast packets into unicast and send them over the wireless medium. This ensures high reliability and performance due to the high data rates used for unicast packets.

Field	Description
	• **Multicast-to-Unicast Conversion** - You can enable the conversion of multicast packets into unicast to improve performance. • **Multicast Enhance Disable Threshold** - Configure the threshold to disable multicast to unicast conversion automatically, when the number of multicast listeners connected to the SSID exceed this threshold. The permissible range is 2 to 256 and the default value is 32. • **Multicast Rate** - The data rate used for multicast packet transmissions over the wireless network. The permissible data rates are, default, 6 Mbps, 12 Mbps, and 24 Mbps. When **Default** is selected, the FortiAP decides the data rate.
IGMP Snooping	The FortiAP snoops wireless IGMP packets and maintains a subscription list of all multicast groups joined by the wireless clients. This data is used to manage multicast packets for enhanced performance.
Radio and Rates Optional Settings	Customize the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz rate settings. FortiEdge Cloud supports 11b/g, 11a, 11n, 11ac, 11ax, and 11be data rates in SSID configuration. **Note**: The 11ax data rates are supported only on FortiAPs with version 7.2.1 and above.

Security

The following security features can be configured in the SSID.

Application control

FortiEdge Cloud allows you to configure UTP on FortiAP endpoints (for supported models) to detect traffic in specific categories generated by a large number of applications. You can specify what action to take with the application traffic; allow, monitor, or block. Application control supports traffic detection using the HTTP protocol and uses deep application inspections to detect traffic for better control and coverage. You can select specific application signatures in the supported categories to configure and override the action set generally for all categories.

Web Access

You can control access to web content by blocking web pages containing specific words or patterns. The web access feature scans the content of every web page that is accepted by a security policy. You can use the following multiple web content filter lists.

- Allow General Interest Sites Only
- Allow General Interest Sites and Bandwidth Consuming Sites
- Allow All Sites except Security Risk
- Advanced Configuration

In advanced configuration, you can configure the action to be taken for web pages of specific categories. You can also specify words, phrases, patterns, wildcards and Perl regular expressions to match content on web pages.

Block Botnet

FortiEdge Cloud allows you to enable botnet monitoring and blocking across all network traffic.

Intrusion Prevention

Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) detects network attacks and prevents threats from compromising the network, including protected devices. You can enable protection of wireless clients from being attacked by Internet hosts and vice versa.

IPS sensors can contain one or more IPS filters that you can configure. A filter is a collection of signature attributes, the following are the attribute groups.

- Target
- Severity
- Service
- OS
- Application

When selecting multiple attributes within the same group, the selections are combined by using a logical OR. When selecting multiple attributes between attribute groups, each attribute group is combined by using a logical AND.

Once you select filters in the GUI, the filtered list of IPS signatures are displayed. Adjust your filters accordingly to construct a suitable list for your needs.

AntiVirus

The Antivirus feature protects against the latest viruses, spyware, and other content-level threats. It uses industry-leading advanced detection engines to prevent both new and evolving threats from gaining a foothold inside your network and accessing its invaluable content. The Antivirus database type selection depends on the network and security needs. The following protocols are inspected.

- HTTP
- SMTP
- POP3
- IMAP
- FTP

Note: FortiEdge Cloud 24.2 onwards, UTM is supported on the G-series FortiAP models and require FortiAP version 7.4.3 and above.

Creating the My Captive Portal page

This section includes details about creating the My Captive Portal page. The creation of this page is a prerequisite for the Adding a My Captive Portal SSID to a network procedure.

A user connects to the Wi-Fi network and is redirected to *https://<my_captive_portal_url>?grant_url=fortiedgecloud_grant_url*.

The user lands on the captive portal, who is then redirected by the captive portal to the **<FortiEdgeCloud_grant_url>**.

Check the AP network web URL in the address bar. This URL should be set to **https://xxxx-<digit>.fortiedge.forticloud.com**.

- The base URL of *<FortiEdgeCloud_grant_url>* without -<digit> can be *https://xxxx.fortiedge.forticloud.com*.
- The full URL of *<FortiEdgeCloud_grant_url>* can be
  https://xxxx.fortiedge.forticloud.com/APAuthentication/submit?type=external

If the SSID sign on method is **Click Through**, no parameters are submitted. For the other SSID sign on methods, the following parameters are submitted:

- User
- Password
- error_page_url

Sample jsp to paste in the captive portal

```
<form action="<%=request.getParameter("grant_url") %>" method="GET">
<input type="hidden" name="error_page_url"
value="http://yourcompany.com/test/error.jsp"/>
<table>
<tr><td>Username:</td><td><input name="user" type="text"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Password:</td><td><input name="password" type="password"></td></tr>
<tr><td><input type="submit" value="Login"></td></tr>
</table>
</form>
```

Configuration

Use the following table for configuration information available in a network under the **Configure** section.

Configuration module	Description
Change History	View the history of FortiEdge Cloud configuration changes. For more information, see Viewing the history of configuration changes on page 121.
Operation Profiles	• **FortiAP Platform Profile** - Customization of FortiAP profiles. For more information, see FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122. • **QoS Profile** - QoS profiles used in SSIDs. For more information, see QoS Profile on page 127. • **BLE Profile** - To configure a BLE Profile. For more information, see BLE Profile on page 129. • **DARRP** - Configure Distributed Automatic Radio Resource Provisioning (DARRP). For more information, see Distributed Automatic Radio Resource Provisioning (DARRP) on page 130 • **Schedule Profile** - Create a Multiple PSK schedule profile. For more information, see Schedule Profile on page 132. • LoRaWan Profile - Create a LoRaWan profile for the FortiAP. For more information, see LoRaWAN Profile
Connectivity Profiles	• **Bonjour Relay** - Configure the Bonjour Relay service for devices to broadcast their services. For more information, see Bonjour Relay on page 133. • **FortiPresence** - Configure FortiPresence for user traffic analytics. For more information, see FortiPresence on page 135.
Protection Profiles	• **WIDS Profile** - Create a WIDS profile for network security. For more information, see Adding a WIDS Profile on page 138. • **L3 Firewall Profile** - Create L3 profiles used in SSID. For more information see, L3 Firewall Profile on page 142. • **Tunnel Profile** - GRE/L2TP profiles used in SSIDs. For more information, see Tunnel Profile on page 143
Device Management	• **Scheduled Upgrade** - To upgrade fully deployed FortiAPs. For more information, see Scheduled Upgrades on page 145. • **Syslog Profiles** - To create a Syslog profile. For more information, see Syslog Profile on page 146. • **SNMP Profile** - To create and assign an SNMP profile. For more information, see SNMP Profile on page 147
User Access Control	• **MAC Access Control** - Import and export MAC addresses in order to manage an access control list (ACL). For more information, see:

Configuration module	Description

	• MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering on page 148
	• Exporting MAC addresses
	• **FortiEdge Cloud User/Group** - Users and their group configurations can help avoid the need for RADIUS servers at the customer location. For more information, see:
	  • FortiEdge Cloud User/Group on page 149
	  • Adding a FortiEdge Cloud Guest on page 149
	  • Adding a FortiEdge Cloud Guest Manager on page 150
	• **My RADIUS Server** - RADIUS servers used for authenticating wireless users. For more information, see RADIUS Server on page 150.

Viewing the history of configuration changes

You can view the history of FortiEdge Cloud configuration changes.

Procedure steps

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Change History**.
3. The history of FortiEdge Cloud configuration changes presents the following details:
   - Time
   - Access IP
   - User
   - Email
   - Category
   - Action
   - New Value vs Old Value

   You can optionally filter these entries by the following time periods:
   - Last 60 Minutes
   - Last 24 Hours
   - Last 7 Days
   - Last 30 Days
   - Specify

   Note: The last 1000 entries of history are stored.

Operation Profiles

The following profiles configurations define specific features for FortiEdge Cloud operations.

- FortiAP Platform Profile
- QoS Profile
- BLE Profile

- Distributed Automatic Radio Resource Provisioning (DARRP)
- Schedule Profile
- LoRaWAN Profile

FortiAP Platform Profile

FortiEdge Cloud provides default platform (AP) profiles for each supported model. All APs of a given model can use their default platform profile. However, more profiles can be added, edited, and then assigned to APs, thereby changing their characteristic. For instance, two FAP 221E models can have their own platform profiles, one with rogue scanning disabled (using default platform profile) and the other enabled (using a customized platform profile).

Note: The 6 GHz band (Radio 3) is supported for the G series access points only. Related information is available in the dashboard, monitoring, and configuration functions of the GUI.

Other parameters that you can customize for each AP using its own platform profile include radio band, channel, channel width, and transmit power.

When you perform the Configuring FortiAP settings on page 84 procedure, you can select the FortiAP platform profile that you added using this procedure.

1. In the menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Operation Profiles > FortiAP Platform Profile**.
2. Near the top-right corner, click **Add Platform Profile**.
3. Customize the profile and update the following fields.
   Select the required Platform (AP model) for your network and Country, optionally, enter any Comments related to the platform profile.
   FortiEdge Cloud release 24.2 onwards, support for the Wi-Fi 7 category of FortiAPs that include the K series models, FAP241K, FAP243K, FAP441K and FAP 443K is available. These FortiAPs support IEEE 802.11be standard that provides Extremely High Throughput (EHT) data rates and low latency, thereby improving network efficiency. A new category of FortiAPs, **Wi-Fi 7** is added. These FortiAPs support the 2.4, 5, and 6 GHz frequency bands, and a bandwidth of 320MHz is supported for 6 GHz radios.
4. Configure the following options as per your network requirement.

Configuration	Description
LED Off	Disables the LEDs from glowing on the FortiAP.
Deployment Type	You can select the operating environment for channels of a specific FortiAP, whether indoor or outdoor. This feature facilitates compliance with the access point placement regulations enacted in different geographical locations. You can now override the default placements of FortiAPs when configuring a FortiAP Platform Profile. This feature optimizes Wi-Fi performance and is beneficial in different deployment scenarios, such as the following. • Indoor APs are enclosed in outdoor enclosures, mimicking the form factor of their outdoor counterparts. • Outdoor APs are temporarily mounted in indoor hangers for testing or maintenance purposes. This feature is available only for these FortiAP models, FAP433F, FAP433G , FAP234F, FAP432FR, FAP432F, FAP234G, FAPU431F, FAPU433F, FAPU231F, FAPU234F, FAPU432F.

Configuration	Description
Dedicated Monitor	In this mode, during FortiAP operation the radio scans for other available APs as a dedicated monitor. • When enabled, all radios except the last one do not scan, hence you cannot apply the WIDS profile to the last radio (WIDS option not available). This radio can be in disabled/monitor mode with/without WIDS profile. • When disabled, you can apply the WIDS profile to all radios. **Note**: This features is available only for F-series and G-series models and works only with *Single-5G* mode in G-series models.
Short Guard Interval	Configure the short guard interval to protect symbols (characters) transmitted in your packet from damaging other symbols by eliminating inter-symbol interference, thereby enhancing throughput. This is set to 400 nano seconds.
Channel Utilization	Select this option to monitor FortiAP's per radio channel utilization.
Radio Resource Provision	Select to enable DARRP to measures utilization and interference on the available channels and automatically and periodically select the optimal channel for your FortiAP.
Client Load Balancing	Wireless load balancing allows your wireless network to distribute wireless traffic more efficiently among FortiAPs and available frequency bands. The following types of client load balancing are supported. **AP Handoff** - The wireless controller signals a client to switch to another access point. **Frequency Handoff** - The wireless controller monitors the usage of 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, and signals clients to switch to the lesser-used frequency.
TX Power	High-density deployments cover a small area that has many clients. Maximum AP signal power is usually not required. Enabling **Automatic TX Power Control** reduces power and interference between APs. This feature is based on the interference level of the strongest neighbour AP signal being higher than -70dBm. Additionally, you can configure the interference level as per your wireless network deployment. Configuring the target Tx power is particularly beneficial in high density deployments where multiple APs serve on the same channel. In such a scenario, it is possible that the highest neighbour AP signal strength could be greater than -70dBm. For example, if the AP signal strength is -50dBm, then the target value must be set close to -50dBm. Hence, avoiding the reduction of Tx power to very low values leading to coverage issues. The optimal value for this parameter is set based on the average RSSI of the neighbour APs, that is observed (as normal) in a deployment. The automatic Tx power is computed based on the target value, assume the strongest neighbour AP signal =S and the auto Tx power target = T, then: • If S > T: the current TX power is reduced by (S-T) • If S < T: the current TX power is increased by (T-S)
Rogue AP Scan	The access point radio scans, detects, and reports rogue APs in your network.

Configuration	Description
Call Admission Control	Enable to regulate voice traffic and specify the **Call Capacity**, the maximum number of concurrent VoIP calls allowed. The valid range is 0 – 60 and default is 10. **Bandwidth Admission Control**: Enable to limit traffic bandwidth usage and specify the **Bandwidth Capacity**, the bandwidth usage per second. The valid range is 0 – 600000 kbps and default is 2000 kbps.
LAN Port	To use the LAN port, run the `cfg -a WANLAN_MODE=WAN-LAN` command in the FortiAP, and select any of the following options. • NAT to WAN • Bridge to WAN • Bridge to SSID
UNII-4 5GHz band channels	FortiAP profiles support UNII-4 5GHz bands for FortiAP G-series models. FortiAP-431G and FortiAP-433G operating in Single 5G mode can make use of the UNII-4 frequency band. The 5.85 GHz-5.925 GHz channels of 169, 173, and 177 become available when configuring the 5GHz radio. There are a few important points to note about UNII-4 band usage. • UNII-4 5GHz channels are not available when FAP43xG models operate in Dual 5G platform mode. • Not all countries allow UNII-4 band usage. You can enable UNII-4 5GHz band channels in the Platform profile when operating in Single 5G mode with dedicated scan enabled.
External Antenna	• Enable the optional external antenna types for the FAP-432F, FAP-432FR, FAP-433F, FAPU-432F, FAPU-433F, FAP233G, and FAP433G FAP models. Configure the radio specific transmit power values. The supported range is 0 – 20 dBi.

The following features require a license for advanced AP management.

Configuration	Description
Dynamic Radio Mode Assignment	The *Adaptive Radio Architecture* (ARA) centralizes and improves the overall efficiency of the wireless network in high traffic conditions. **Dynamic Radio Mode Assignment** (DRMA) is a feature in ARA that enables FortiAPs to calculate the network coverage factor (NCF) based on radio interference. The NCF value is calculated at configured intervals and is based on overlapping coverage in a radio coverage area. When DRMA is enabled and the NCF value crosses the configured threshold, then the radio becomes redundant by switching from AP mode to monitor mode. On subsequent NCF calculation, if the value is below the threshold then the radio switches back to AP mode. The **DRMA Sensitivity** determines the NCF threshold value to consider a radio redundant or not. The following are the permissible values. • Low: 100% NCF • Medium: 95% NCF

Configuration	Description
	• High: 90% NCF You can configure the DRMA interval in Wirelessand override the configuration in Overriding FortiAP Settings on page 84 You can view the DRMA AP events in the **Wireless** logs displayed in Viewing the FortiAP status. Logs are generated when DRMA runs and stops, also, whenever the operational mode of the radio changes.
Upgrade APs upon Connect	Enables upgrade of newly deployed FortiAPs associated with this Platform profile. The firmware is upgraded to the *Target Firmware Version* when the FortiAP connects to the FortiEdge Cloud. If this FortiAP is included in the *Scheduled Upgrade* profile ensure that the target firmware versions match. To upgrade fully deployed FortiAPs, see Scheduled Upgrades on page 145.
Force Downgrade	Forcefully downgrades newly deployed FortiAPs with a firmware version greater than the *Target Firmware Version*.
Target Firmware Version	The firmware version that the newly deployed FortiAPs are upgraded/downgraded to.
Enhanced Logging	Enable to receive and store more than 50 categories of logs from the FortiAPs with detailed insights into all network activity. The logs provide specific insights into different stages of client connection to troubleshoot/enhance poor wireless connectivity experience.
Profiles	You can link the Syslog/SMP/Bonjour/BLE profiles directly to a set of FortiAPs.
Console Login	You can enable/disable console port access on the FortiAP. This feature is enabled by default and is supported on FortiOS 7.0.1 and higher. You can edit the access point settings to override this feature configuration on a per FortiAP basis (**Console Login Override**) **Note**: Modifying this feature setting reboots the FortiAP.
Airtime Fairness	Wi-Fi has a natural tendency for clients farther away or clients at lower data rates to monopolize the airtime and drag down the overall performance. Airtime Fairness (ATF) helps to improve the overall network performance.
AP Scan Threshold	Configures the threshold for minimum detected signal strength required for a FortiAP to be categorized as an interfering/rogue AP when a scan is performed. This parameter is supported in the monitor mode and conditionally in the AP mode with either of the these parameters enabled, Radio Resource Provision, Auto TX Power Control enabled, Rogue AP Scan. The valid range of signal strength is -95 to -20 dBm with a default of -90 dBm.
Beacon Interval (ms)	Configures the time interval between two successive beacon frames. The beacon interval is measured in milliseconds and supports a valid range of 40 – 3500 milliseconds with a default of 100 milliseconds. Higher beacon intervals aid in the power saving capability of wireless clients and lower beacon intervals keep fast roaming clients connected to the network.

Configuration	Description
DTIM Period	Configures the Delivery Traffic Indication Map (DTIM) interval to transmit buffered multicast and broadcast data, after the beacon is broadcast. This enables wireless clients in power-saving mode to wake up at a suitable time to check for buffered traffic. Higher DTIM period aids in the power saving capability of wireless clients and lower DTIM period speeds up broadcast and multicast data delivery to wireless clients. The valid range is 1 -255 with a default of 1. The recommended values are 1 (to transmit broadcast and multicast data after every beacon) and 2 (to transmit broadcast and multicast data after every other beacon).
ESL Port	Connect the ESL dongle to the FortiAP and select one of the following options: • NAT to WAN • Bridge to WAN • Bridge to SSID The FortiAP models supporting ESL—FAP421E, FAPS421E, FAPS423E, FAP421E, FAP423E, FAP431F, FAP433F, FAP231F, FAPU421EV, FAPU423EV, FAPU24JEV, FAPU321EV, FAPU323EV, FAPU431F, FAPU433F, FAPU231F, FAP831F, FAP231G, FAP233G, FAP234G, FAP234GR,FAP431G,FAP432G,FAP433G, FAP231FL, FAP431FL, FAP433FL, FAP441K, FAP443K, FAP241K, FAP243K.
TX Optimization	The data packet transmit optimization feature enables a set of options in your FortiAP to enhance transmission performance and minimize packet loss. **Note**: This feature is supported only on 2.4G radios of the FAP-U series. The following optimization options are available and are enabled by default. • **Power Save**: Tags the client as operating in the power-save mode if excessive transmit retries are detected. • **Aggregation Limit**: Reduces the aggregation limit if the data transmission rate is low. • **Retry Limit**: Reduces the software retry limit if the data transmission rate is low. • **Send BAR**: Limits the transmission of the BAR (Block Acknowledgement Request) frames. This feature is disabled if none of the options is selected.
802.11d	The 802.11d wireless networking standard, also known as the *Country Information Element*, allows Wi-Fi devices to dynamically adjust their settings, such as channel selection and transmit power, based on the regulatory domain in which they are operating. This adds the ability to toggle 802.11d support for 2.4 GHz radios through a Platform profile. When 802.11d is enabled, the FortiAPs broadcast the country code in beacons, probe responses, and probe requests. This led to some older legacy clients failing to associate to the FortiAP. The ability to disable 802.11d prevents the broadcasting of country code settings and provides backwards compatibility with those clients.

Configuration	Description
	Note: Since IEEE 802.11d only applies to 2.4 GHz radios operating in the 802.11g band, disabling 802.11d only applies to radios configured to operate in the 802.11g band.
Energy Efficient Ethernet	This features is also known as IEEE 802.3az standard for Ethernet devices to consume less power during periods of low data activity. This is supported on all FAP models whose Ethernet NIC supports this feature.
MIMO Mode Setting	Configure the Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) mode settings on all FortiAP models with firmware version 7.4.1 or later and on FortiAP-U models with firmware version 7.0.2 and above.
	When configured, multiple antennas are used at both the source (transmitter) and the destination (receiver), to enable data to travel over many signal paths at the same time. These antennas are combined at each end of the communications circuit to improve the capacity of radio transmissions, thereby minimizing errors and optimizing data speed.
	The following MIMO modes are selected for various FortiAP models. • FortiAP 23x models - 2x2 MIMO mode • FortiAP 32x models - 2x2 and 3x3 MIMO modes • FortiAP 43x models - 2x2, 3x3, and 4x4 MIMO modes • FortiAP 83x models - 1x1, 2x2, 3x3, 4x4, and 8x8 MIMO modes By default, the highest MIMO mode is selected.

5. To save the profile, click **Apply**.
   The list of profiles includes the new FortiAP platform profile.

QoS Profile

When you add an SSID to a network, you can assign a quality of service (QoS) profile to that SSID. The QoS profile helps to set up different QoS parameters for voice, video, data wireless networks, or guest/employee wireless networks.

FortiEdge Cloud transfers the QoS configuration parameters to each FortiAP, which then interprets the values and enforces the QoS.

Prerequisites

Complete the procedure.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the QoS profile.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Operation Profiles > QoS Profile**.
3. Click **Add QoS Profile**.
4. Complete the following fields:

Name	The name you want to give to the QoS profile.
Comment	A description of the QoS profile or any other text for this profile. This field is optional.
Uplink	The maximum uplink bandwidth for each FortiAP radio, defined by the SSID.

	Here is an SSID example (with two radios) and an uplink value of 100000 Kbps: • 10 stations are connected to the Guest SSID on 2.4 GHz (radio 1): The total maximum uplink bandwidth of the stations connecting to that Guest SSID is 100000 Kbps. • 20 stations are connected to the Guest SSID on 5 GHz (radio 2): The total maximum uplink bandwidth of the stations connecting to that Guest SSID is 100000 Kbps. The range is from 0 to 2097152 Kbps (or approximately 2 Gbps). The default is 0, which means there is no restriction.
Downlink	The maximum downlink bandwidth for each FortiAP radio, defined by the SSID. Here is an SSID example (with two radios) and a downlink value of 100000 Kbps: • 10 stations are connected to the Guest SSID on 2.4 GHz (radio 1): The total maximum downlink bandwidth of the stations connecting to that Guest SSID is 100000 Kbps. • 20 stations are connected to the Guest SSID on 5 GHz (radio 2): The total maximum downlink bandwidth of the stations connecting to that Guest SSID is 100000 Kbps. The range is from 0 to 2097152 Kbps. The default is 0, which means there is no restriction.
Station Uplink	The maximum uplink bandwidth for each station in the SSID. The range is from 0 to 2097152 Kbps. The default is 0, which means there is no restriction.
Station Downlink	The maximum downlink bandwidth for each station in the SSID. The range is from 0 to 2097152 Kbps. The default is 0, which means there is no restriction.
Burst	When you enable the burst parameter on the SSID, the first couple of packets have a large buffer to upload and download after the station connects. After that, the station traffic returns to normal. By default, the Burst checkbox is unselected.
WMM	QoS WiFi Multi-Media (WMM) enables priority marking of data packets from different applications and preserving these markings by translating them into DSCP values when forwarding them upstream and downstream. The priority is set between four access categories; voice, video, best effort, and background. The applications that require improved throughput and performance are inserted in queues with higher priority. WMM maintains the priority of these applications over others which are less time critical. You can customize the priority markings for various traffic types and apply these changes to WMM-enabled SSID profiles. All configurations are disabled by default. **Note:** This feature is supported with FOS 6.2.0 and above and requires a FortiAP-S or FortiAP-W2 device. • **WMM UAPSD**: The Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery (UAPSD) enables the power save mechanism. • **Call Admission Control**: Enable this option to regulate voice traffic. Specify the **Call Capacity**, the maximum number of concurrent VoIP calls allowed. The valid range is 0 – 60 and default is 10.

- **Bandwidth Admission Control**: Enable this option to limit traffic bandwidth usage. Specify the **Bandwidth Capacity**, the bandwidth usage per second. The valid range is 0 – 600000 kbps and default is 2000 kbps.

Configure the **Call Admission Control** and **Bandwidth Admission Control** parameters when creating a *Platform profile*.

Specify the appropriate DSCP values for downstream (LAN to WLAN) traffic. You can map one or more (up to 16) DSCP values into the following access categories. For example, DSCP values 48 and 56 (and even other non-standard values used in your network) can be mapped into the WMM access category - Voice.

- **DSCP Voice Mapping**: DSCP mapping for the voice traffic.
- **DSCP Video Mapping**: DSCP mapping for the video traffic.
- **DSCP Best Effort Mapping**: DSCP mapping for the best-effort traffic.
- **DSCP Background Access Mapping**: DSCP mapping for the background traffic.

Specify the appropriate DSCP values for upstream (WLAN to LAN) traffic. You can mark the following access categories with appropriate DSCP values. For example, DSCP value 48 can be used to mark the WMM access category - Voice.

- **DSCP Voice AC**: DSCP mapping for the voice traffic.
- **DSCP Video AC**: DSCP mapping for the video traffic.
- **DSCP Best Effort AC**: DSCP mapping for the best-effort traffic.
- **DSCP Background AC**: DSCP mapping for the background traffic.

5. To complete the addition of the QoS profile, click **Apply**.

BLE Profile

BLE is a wireless personal area network technology used for transmitting data over short distances. It allows mobile applications to receive advertisements from beacons and deliver hyper-contextual content to clients based on location. The BLE profile incorporates Google's Eddystone and Apple's iBeacon to identify groups of devices and individual devices. Broadly, based on the configured BLE profile, the FortiAP broadcasts signals that the client receives when it comes in the configured proximity.

Individual AP overrides for BLE profile parameters are supported. See section .

Name - Enter a unique name for the BLE profile. Valid range is 1 – 32 characters.

Advertising – Select one or multiple supported advertising protocols, **iBeacon**, **Eddystone UUID**, **Eddystone URL**.

You can configure the following broadcast data for iBeacon.

- **iBeacon UUID** – Click **Generate UUID** to obtain a unique 128-bit identifier in 8-4-4-4-12 Hex format for a beacon. Specify **wtp-uuid** to generate FortiAP specific identifier.
- **iBeacon Major ID** – A unique identifier assigned to some beacons in a network and is used to distinguish this subset of beacons within a larger group of beacons. For example, beacons within a particular geographic area can have the same major number. The valid range is 0 -65535 with a default of 1000.
- **iBeacon Minor ID** - A unique identifier assigned to identify individual beacons. For example, each beacon in a group of beacons with the same major number, will have a unique minor number. The valid range is 0 -65535 with a default of 2000.

You can configure the following broadcast data for Eddystone UUID.

- **Eddystone Namespace ID** – A unique identifier assigned to some beacons in a network. This serves the same purpose as the aforementioned iBeacon Major ID. The valid range is 1 -20 Hex digits, the corresponding ASCII

value is also displayed. You can enter the ID in ASCII format also using the ASCII link.

- **Eddystone Instance ID** - A unique identifier assigned to identify individual beacons. This serves the same purpose as the aforementioned iBeacon Minor ID. The valid range is 1 - 12 Hex digits, the corresponding ASCII value is also displayed. You can enter the ID in ASCII format also using the ASCII link.

Eddystone URL - The FortiAP broadcasts the configured URL as a beacon and the physical web or the latest Google Chrome plugin picks up the beacon and renders the URL into a web page. The URL supports HTTP and HTTPS and valid range is 1 -30 characters. The default is **http://www.fortinet.com**.

TX Power Level – Select a power level for the beacon's transmit signal. The higher the power the greater will be the range of your signal. The valid range is –21 dBm to +5 dBm with a default value of 0 dBm.

Beaconing Interval - Select the time interval at which the successive beacons transmit signals to associated devices, that is, this sets the rate at which beacons advertise packets. The valid range is 40 -3500 milliseconds with a default of 100 milliseconds.

BLE Scanning – Enable scanning for BLE devices. This is disabled by default.

BLE Scan Report Interval – The interval to generate BLE scan report. The valid range is 10 – 3600 seconds with a default value of 30 seconds.

Distributed Automatic Radio Resource Provisioning (DARRP)

When DARRP is enabled, FortiAPs continuously monitor the RF environment for interference, noise and signals from neighboring APs or other devices operating in the same frequency range. Interference on the configured channel can affect the WiFi experience for your network user. DARRP determines the optimal RF power levels to automatically and periodically select the optimal channel for wireless communication. This is done by measuring utilization and interference on the available channels, mainly by canning the neighbor APs, signal strength, and channel width of the radio. This feature is especially useful in large-scale deployments where multiple access points have overlapping radio ranges. DARRP selects the optimal channel without manual intervention and facilitates an optimized wireless infrastructure to deliver maximum performance.

Also, the FortiAP automatically adjusts the TX power levels, when the FortiAP detects any other wireless signal stronger that -70 dBm, it reduces its transmission power until it reaches the minimum configured TX power limit and when any wireless client signal weaker than -70 dBm is detected, it reduces its transmission power until it reaches the maximum configured TX power limit.

- Configuring Basic DARRP
- Configuring Advanced DARRP

Configuring Basic DARRP

Basic DARRP configuration is enabled by default.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network that you want to edit.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Operation Profiles > DARRP Profile**.
3. Enable DARRP optimization for your network. Configure the following parameters.
   - **Optimize Timer** - Configures the timer interval for DARRP optimization. The default is 10 minutes and the valid range is 10 - 1440 minutes.
   - **Optimize Schedule** - Configures **One Time** or **Recurring** schedules. One time schedule initiates DARRP optimization only once on a particular day and time. Recurring schedule initiates and repeats DARRP optimization on specific days and time of the week. A maximum of 4 schedules can be created for both types.

- **Optimize Now** - Manually initiates DARRP optimization. This operation occurs irrespective of the configured timer or schedule.

Configuring Advanced DARRP

Advanced DARRP configuration uses various additional parameters to perform DARRP optimization and accurate channel planning. It integrates data from channel utilization and takes into consideration the neighbour AP channel configuration and non-WiFi interference sources. The DARRP profile must be applied per radio in the Platform profile.

Notes:

- Supported on FortiAP version 6.4.2 or higher.
- Spectrum analysis and channel utilization features are used. FortiEdge Cloud uses spectrum analysis in the *scan only* mode and restores it's original configuration when DARRP is disabled.
- FortiAP Advanced Management License is required for this feature.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network that you want to edit.
2. In the Menu bar, click **Configure**.
3. In the Navigation pane, click **DARRP Profile**.
4. Click **Add Profile** and configure the following parameters.

Profile Name	A unique DARRP Profile name. Valid range is 1 - 36 characters.
Description	Any remarks/notes specific to the profile. The valid range is 0 – 255 characters.
Selection Period	The time period to measure average channel load, noise floor, spectral RSSI. The valid range is 0 to 65535 seconds and the default is 3600 seconds.
Monitor Period	The time period to measure average transmit retries and receive errors. The valid range is 0 to 65535 seconds and the default is 300 seconds.
Managed AP Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for managed APs. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 50.
Rogue AP Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for rogue APs. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 10.
Noise Floor Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for noise floor. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 40.
Channel Load Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for channel load. The valid range is 0 to 65535 and the default is 20.
Spectral RSSI Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for spectral RSSI. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 40.
Weather Channel Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for weather channels. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 1000.
DFS Channel Weight	The weight in DARRP channel score calculation for DFS channels. The valid range is 0 to 2000 and the default is 500.
AP Threshold	Threshold to reject channel in DARRP channel selection phase 1 due to surrounding APs. Integer value from 1 to 500 (default = 250)

Noise Floor Threshold	Threshold in dBm to reject channel in DARRP channel selection phase 1 due to noise floor. dBm (-95 to -20, default = -85)
Channel Load Threshold	The threshold to reject a channel in DARRP channel selection phase 1 due to channel load. The valid range is 0 to 100% and the default is 60%.
Spectral RSSI Threshold	The threshold to reject a channel in DARRP channel selection phase 1 due to spectral RSSI. The valid range is -95 dBm to -20dBm and the default is -65 dBm.
Tx Retries Threshold	The threshold for transmit retries to trigger channel reselection in DARRP monitor stage. The valid ranges is 0 to 1000% and the default is 300%.
Rx Errors Threshold	The threshold for receive errors to trigger channel reselection in DARRP monitor stage. The valid range is 0 to 100% and the default is 50%.
Include Weather Channel	To enable or disable the use of weather channels in DARRP channel selection. This is disabled by default.
Include DFS Channel	To enable or disable the use of DFS channels in DARRP channel selection. This is disabled by default.

Schedule Profile

This feature allows each Multiple PSK entry to have its own availability schedule based on different time periods. The defined schedule profile is referred to by the Multiple PSK entries in the SSID profile.

Notes:

- Maximum number of profiles allowed is1024 and each profile can have 1 - 40 schedules.
- Schedule profiles cannot be deleted when used by a Multiple PSK in the SSID.
- Date and time are scheduled as per the network timezone.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to create the Schedule profile.
2. In the Menu bar, click **Configuration > Operation Profiles > Schedule Profile**.
3. Click **Add Profile**.
4. Complete the following fields:

Name	A unique name for the profile/schedule. The valid range is 1 – 36 characters.
Comment	Any remarks/notes specific to the profile/schedule. The valid range is 0 – 255 characters.
Type	Each individual schedule is either **One-Time** or **Recurring**. One-Time schedules have absolute start and stop date/time and they expire after the configured period.
	Recurring or repetitive schedules have start/stop time for selected days of the week and they never expire. When the **All Day** option is selected, the schedule applies to all days of the week with the start and stop time set to 00:00. Disable the **All Day** option to select specific week days and modify the start and stop time.
	Note: The schedule **Type** cannot be modified after the profile is created.

LoRaWAN Profile

LoRaWAN is a Low-Power, Wide-Area Network (LPWAN) protocol optimized for connecting battery-powered IoT devices to the internet over long distances. It facilitates critical communication for applications such as smart cities, building automation, and agriculture.

The FortiAP (such as the 222KL outdoor model) supports this technology by acting as a LoRaWAN Gateway. The device relays radio frames from LoRaWAN capable sensors to a LoRaWAN Network Server (LNS) without deciphering the payload, ensuring secure data transmission across the network.

To configure the LoRaWAN profile, navigate to **Operation Profiles** > **LoRaWAN Profile**.

Configure the following fields for the profile:

- **Name**: Enter a unique identifier for the profile.
- **Comments**: Add a descriptive note about the profile.
- **Protocol**: This determines the communication protocol used between the gateway and the server. Select a protocol from the drop-down list.

CUPS (Configuration and Update Server) Settings

The CUPS server manages the gateway's configuration and firmware updates.

- **Cups Server**: The URL or IP address of the configuration server.
- **Cups Server Port**: The communication port for the CUPS server.
- **Cups Api Key**: The security key used to authenticate the gateway with the CUPS server.

TC (Traffic Concentrator) Settings

The TC settings refer to the LoRaWAN Network Server (LNS) connection. This channel handles the actual transmission of sensor data (uplink/downlink).

Tc Server: The URL or IP address of the Network Server that processes the data.

Tc Server Port: The communication port for data traffic.

Tc Api Key: The security key used to authenticate the data connection with the Network Server.

Note: Once this profile is saved, it must be assigned to the FortiAP's WTP Profile (Wireless Termination Point profile) to enable the LoRaWAN gateway functionality on the device.

Connectivity Profiles

The following profile configurations define connectivity aspects of FortiEdge Cloud.

- Bonjour Relay
- FortiPresence

Bonjour Relay

Bonjour is a protocol where devices broadcast their services. For example, an Apple TV sends a Bonjour broadcast, so an iPad knows it is there and can connect to it. With Bonjour Relay, you set the FortiAP-S device to operate with a

service network (where the Apple TV is), and a client network (where the iPad is). The FortiAP-S device re-transmits the Bonjour requests from the service network onto the client network. The iPad can learn where the Apple TV is and create a session.

You can create one or more Bonjour profiles in a network and each one can be enabled/disabled independently. This feature makes Bonjour profile configuration more flexible and facilitates the FortiAP failover/redundancy mechanism, by linking a Bonjour profile to a **Platform** profile. A Bonjour profile can be linked directly to a set of FortiAPs via the **FortiAP Platform Profile**.

Navigate to **Configuration > Connectivity Profiles > Bonjour Relay** and click **Add Bonjour Profile**. Enter a unique **Name** for the Bonjour profile and enable it using the **Status** option. In the profile, you can configure the **Bonjour Services** and **Bonjour Relay Gateway**.

Add Bonjour Profile	
Name	Bonjour-FortiAP33
Comments	Bonjour Profile
Status	⬤
➕ Bonjour Services	
➕ Bonjour Relay Gateway	

Note: The maximum number of Bonjour profiles allowed per network is 128 and there can be a maximum of 64 services within one profile.

Bonjour Service

To set up Bonjour Relay, enter one or more services as Service VLAN and Client VLAN, along with a definition of the service. For example, you may choose to only send the information about the Apple TV to a meeting room, and not to the printer in reception. After you define these services, select the FortiAP that will perform the Bonjour Relay function.

Add Bonjour Service	
Description ❓	Bonjour
Service VLAN ❓	13
Client VLAN ❓	1,2

➖ Bonjour Services
Enable All Services ⬤

Media Streaming

☐ AirPlay   ☐ iTunes   ☐ Chromecast
☐ Miracast ❓

File Sharing

☐ AFP (Apple Filing Protocol)   ☐ BitTorrent   ☐ FTP (File Transfer Protocol)
☐ Samba

Communication

Note: You must purchase a FAP Advanced Management License.

Description	Specify a name for the Bonjour Service.
Service VLAN	Specify one or more VLAN ID where network services are running. A valid VLAN ID is from 0 to 4094. APs support up to 32 VLAN entries. To specify multiple entries, use a comma (,) or a dash (-). For a full range, use "all". When you use "all", it counts as one entry. For example, 1,2-5.
Client VLAN	A valid VLAN ID is from 0 to 4094. APs support up to 32 VLAN entries. To specify multiple entries, use a comma (,) or a dash (-). For a full range, use "all". When you use "all", it counts as one entry. For example, all.
Services	Select one or more Bonjour services that you want to advertise across the network. The Miracast service is a wireless projection feature by which a video stream from a source device (laptops/smart phones) is carried over a WiFi network to a display device. This is also a form of Avahi (Bonjour) service. The TCP port for Miracast mDNS packets is 7250. To enable all services, select the **all** checkbox.

Bonjour Relay Gateway

To add a Bonjour Relay Gateway, for each subnet, select only one FortiAP as the Bonjour Relay Gateway.

FortiPresence

FortiPresence is a secure and comprehensive data analytics solution designed to provide presence and positioning analytics for user traffic. By capturing analytics of consumer traffic patterns, businesses can learn more about their customers.

For location analytics, the FortiAP uses a Push API to communicate with FortiPresence.

1. Smartphone emits a Wi-Fi probe signal, even if it is in the visitor's pocket and not connected to the Wi-Fi network.
2. FortiAP captures the MAC address and signal strength information from the smartphone.
3. FortiEdge Cloud managed AP summarizes and forwards the data records directly to FortiPresence.
4. FortiPresence service receives data.
5. FortiPresence analytics engine processes and correlates the data.
6. Data is displayed in the analytics dashboard in an actionable format.
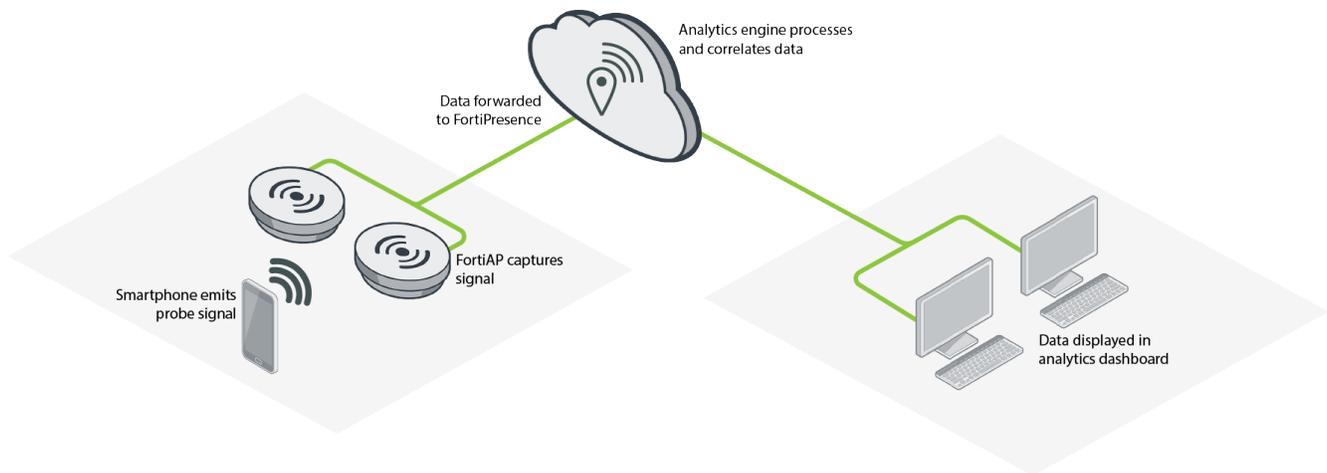
Prerequisites

- Access your FortiPresence account UI and navigate to **Admin** > **Settings** > **Discovered APs** to retrieve the following parameters:
  - Project Name
  - Project Secret Key
  - Location Server IP
  - Port
- For FortiPresence configuration details, see the following sections in the FortiPresence Administration Guide:
  - Configuring location services
  - Configuring captive portal
1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network that you want to edit.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Connectivity Profiles > FortiPresence**.

3. Complete the following fields:

Mode	Select one of the following options to enable FortiPresence: • **Foreign Channels Only**: With this setting AP will only listen to clients on foreign channels when doing background scan. It will not listen to clients associated to other APs running on its home (or operating) channel to preserve associated clients traffic. • **Foreign and Home Channels**: AP will also listen to connected clients associated to other APs on its home channel. This is useful for FortiPresence, but can negatively impact AP performance when AP is serving clients.
Server IP Address	Specify the IP address/FQDN of the server. Copy the value from the FortiPresence UI. **Note**: FortiPresence FQDN is supported only on FortiAP 7.0 and later; for FortiAPs with lower version, specify the IP address. In the FortiPresence UI, the value is in the **Location Server IP** field.
UDP Listening Port	Type UDP listening port. The default is 3000. Copy the value from the FortiPresence UI. In the FortiPresence UI, the value is in the **Port** field.
Project Name	Specify a project name. Copy the value from the FortiPresence UI. In the FortiPresence UI, the text is in the **Project Name** field.
Secret Password	Type fortipresence. Copy the value from the FortiPresence UI. In the FortiPresence UI, the password is in the **Project Secret Key**field.
Report Transmit Frequency	Frequency at which each AP will report wireless client information to the FortiPresence server. The default is 30 seconds. The range is between 5 and 65535 seconds (or approximately 18 hours).
Reporting of Rogue APs	If you want FortiPresence to report rogue APs, select the checkbox.
Reporting of Unassociated Stations	If you want FortiPresence to report unassociated stations, select the checkbox.

4. Click **Apply**.

Protection Profiles

The following profile configurations define security features in FortiEdge Cloud.

- Wireless Intrusion Detection and Suppression (WIDS)
- L3 Firewall Profile
- Tunnel Profile

Wireless Intrusion Detection and Suppression (WIDS)

The WIDS monitors wireless traffic for a wide range of security threats by detecting and reporting possible intrusion attempts.

Adding a WIDS Profile

When an attack is detected, FortiEdge Cloud records a log message. The FortiAPs that have a dedicated radio for scanning, use that same radio for WIDS scanning. Create a WIDS profile to configure the wireless intrusion monitoring and detection parameters, and then associate the WIDS profile with radios in the Platform Profile. This association causes FortiEdge Cloud to push the configured WIDS profile to all FortiAP radios linked with the platform profile.

Navigate to **Wireless > Configuration > Protection Profiles > WIDS Profile**.

Add WIDS Profile

Name	wids_test
Comments	WIDS profile
ASLEAP Attack Detection ⓘ	⬤
Association Frame Flooding Detection ⓘ	⬤ Threshold 30 / Interval 10
Authentication Frame Flooding Detection ⓘ	⬤ Threshold 30 / Interval 10
Broadcasting Deauth to Clients Detection ⓘ	⬤
Invalid MAC OUI Detection ⓘ	⬤
Long Duration Attack Detection ⓘ	⬤ Threshold 8200
Null SSID Probe Response Detection ⓘ	⬤
Spoofed Deauthentication Attack Detection ⓘ	⬤
Weak WEP IV Detection ⓘ	⬤
Wireless Bridge Detection ⓘ	⬤
De-Auth Unknown Source For Dos Attack ⓘ	Threshold 10
Override Radio Scan Parameters ⓘ	◯

You can configure WIDS against the the following types of intrusions.

Type of Attack	Description
ASLEAP Attack Detection	The attacker uses the ASLEAP tool to attack clients against LEAP authentication.
Association Frame Flooding Detection	This is a Denial-of-Service (DoS) attack using a large number of association requests. The default detection threshold is 30 requests (range is 1 to 100 requests) in 10 seconds interval (range is 5 to 120 seconds).
Authentication Frame Flooding Detection	This is a DoS attack using a large number of authentication requests. The default detection threshold is 30 requests (range is 1 to 100 requests) in 10 seconds interval (range is 5 to 120 seconds).
Broadcasting Deauth to	This is a DoS attack. A flood of spoofed de-authentication frames forces wireless

Type of Attack	Description
Clients Detection	clients to de-authenticate, then re-authenticate with their AP.
Invalid MAC OUI Detection	Some attackers use randomly generated MAC addresses. The first 3 bytes of the MAC address are the Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI), administered by IEEE. Invalid OUIs are logged when this field is enabled.
Long Duration Attack Detection	To share radio bandwidth, Wi-Fi devices reserve channels for brief periods of time. Excessively long reservation periods can be used as a DoS attack. You can set a threshold between 1,000 and 32,767 microseconds (default = 8200).
Null SSID Probe Response Detection	In this attack, when a wireless client sends out a probe request, the attacker sends a response with a null SSID. This causes many wireless cards and devices to stop responding.
Spoofed Deauthentication Attack Detection	The attacker sends spoofed de-authentication messages to the FortiAP on behalf of the client. These spoofed de-authentication frames form the basis for most DoS attacks, disconnecting all clients from the FortiAP.
Weak WEP IV Detection	A primary means of cracking WEP keys is by capturing 802.11 frames over an extended period of time and searching for patterns of WEP initialization vectors (IVs), that are known to be weak. WIDS detects known weak WEP IVs in on-air traffic.
Wireless Bridge Detection	Wi-Fi frames with both *FromDS* and *ToDS* fields set indicate a wireless bridge. This also detects a wireless bridge that you intentionally configured in your network.
De-Auth Unknown Source For Dos Attack	This is a DoS attack where an unknown client sends a large number of de-authentication requests in quick succession. In an aggressive attack, this de-authentication activity can prevent packet processing from valid clients. As part of mitigating a DoS attack, the FortiAP sends de-authentication packets to unknown clients. In an aggressive attack, this de-authentication activity can prevent the processing of packets from valid clients. The threshold value set is a measure of the number of de-authorizations per second. It can be 0 to 65535 (default = 10 and 0 means no limit).

Enabling **Override Radio Scan Parameters** overrides the radio scan parameters defined at the network level (**Configuration > Network**).

Radio Scan Parameters

Sensor Mode ⓘ	⦿ Disable ○ Foreign and Home Channels ○ Foreign Channels Only
Background Scan every ⓘ	600
Background Scan Interval ⓘ	3
Background Scan Report Interval ⓘ	30
Background Scan Duration ⓘ	30
Background Scan Idle Time ⓘ	20
Disable Background Scan during Specified Time ⓘ	⬤
Enable Passive Scan Mode ⓘ	⬤
Monitor Mode: Foreground Scan Report Interval ⓘ	15

Detecting Fake and Rogue Access Points

You can configure rules for automatic detection of fake and offending SSIDs. Additionally, it is also possible to configure actions and counter measures to be taken when these categories of threats are detected. FortiEdge Cloud actively scans and reports the neighbour APs to identify other access points in the area to know their potential impact on the FortiAPs managed by FortiEdge Cloud. You can define the policy to classify the detected neighbour access points **Fake & Offending** and **Rogue & Accepted**. Navigate to **Wireless > Monitor > Neighbour APs**.

Fake & Offending

Fake and Offending categories include phishing access points that lead clients to connect to fake/offending access points instead of getting connected to legitimate FortiAPs. A fake access point broadcasts the same SSID as the legitimate FortiAP and an offending access point broadcasts SSIDs that falsely represent the company/organization/department of the legitimate FortiAP.

You can configure the criteria for classifying the detected neighbour access points as fake or offending. FortiEdge Cloud compares the received neighbour access point data with the configured policy (SSID) and in case of a match, categorizes them and takes the action as per the configured policy parameters.

Neighbour AP configuration	Add rule for classifying a wireless source as Fake/Offending AP
Fake & offending AP Config ⓘ	
➕ Add ✏️ Edit 🗑 Delete ↻	Name: Fake_APs
Name ⬍ Des	Description: Fake APs
	Status: Disable **Enable**
	Classify as type: **Fake AP** Offending AP
	Action: **Log** Log + Suppress
	SSID Pattern ❔ All SSIDs

Rogue & Accepted

A neighbour access point that could potentially affect the performance of the FortiAPs managed by FortiEdge Cloud, is classified as rogue and a neighbour access point with no adverse impact or interference in the FortiAP wireless network operations are deemed acceptable.

You can configure a single or multiple parameters for the classification of FortiAPs as rogue or acceptable. FortiEdge Cloud compares the received neighbour access point data with the configured parameters and in case of a match, categorizes them and takes the action as per the configured policy parameters.

Add rule for classifying a wireless source as Rogue/Accepted AP Config

Name	Rogue APs
Description	Rogue APs
Status	Disable **Enable**
Type	**Rogue AP** Accepted AP
Action	None (Ignore) **Log** Log + Suppress
Match Criteria	**Match All Parameters** Match Any Parameter

Match Parameters

SSID Pattern ❓	*forti
BSSID Pattern ❓	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX
Authentication ❓	WPA3 - OWE ▼
Vendor ❓	
Channel ❓	
Min RSSI(dbm) ❓	
Min Reporting APs ❓	
Min seen duration(seconds) ❓	

Notes:

- SSID and BSSID patterns allow up to one wildcard (*) character.
- You can create multiple configuration profiles and each configuration profile can specify only a single SSID/BSSID pattern.
- The specified SSID pattern is case-insensitive.

L3 Firewall Profile

Layer 3 Firewall rules provide granular access control of client traffic in your wireless network. An L3 Firewall profile allows or denies traffic between wireless clients based on the configured source and destination IP addresses/ports and specific protocols. The L3 Firewall profile must be assigned to an SSID profile.

Notes:

- The maximum number of rules allowed per profile are to 64.
- FortiAP Advanced Management License is required for this feature.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to create the L3 Firewall profile.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Protection Profiles > L3 Firewall Profile**.
3. Click **Add Profile**.
4. Complete the following fields:

Name	A unique L3 Firewall Profile name. Valid range is 1 - 32 characters.
Rule ID	A unique rule identifier. The L3 Firewall rules are sorted and processed in the ascending order of the rule IDs, that is, starting from the lowest rule ID. The valid range is 1 - 65535 and a rule ID cannot be modified. **Note**: It is recommended to have a buffer between rule IDs to facilitate creating new rule IDs in future.
Enabled	Select to enable or disable the rule.
Comment	Any remarks/notes specific to the rule. The valid range is 0 – 255 characters.
IP Version	Select the IP rule type. You can create IPv4 or IPv6 rules based on your network requirements.
Policy	Select the policy action for the rule. Wireless traffic can be allowed or denied based on the configured rule.
Protocol	Select the protocol type to apply the rule. The protocol types are defined based on the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) categorization. The valid range is 0 – 255.
Source Address	Specifies the source IP address to match the rule. You can select **Any** to specify all networks, **Local LAN** IP addresses, or **Specify** an IP address and the optional netmask length with a valid range of 0 – 32.
Source Port	Specify the source port to match the rule. This is single port and the valid range is 0-65535.
Destination Address	Specifies the destination IP address to match the rule. You can select **Any** to specify all networks, **Local LAN** IP addresses, or **Specify** an IP address and the optional netmask length with a valid range of 0 – 32.
Destination Port	Specify the destination port to match the rule. This is single port and the valid range is 0-65535.

Tunnel Profile

When you add an SSID to a network, you can assign a generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunneling or a Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) profile to that SSID. The configured GRE tunnel profile encapsulates data traffic from wireless and wired clients between the FortiAP and a GRE concentrator, for example, a router.
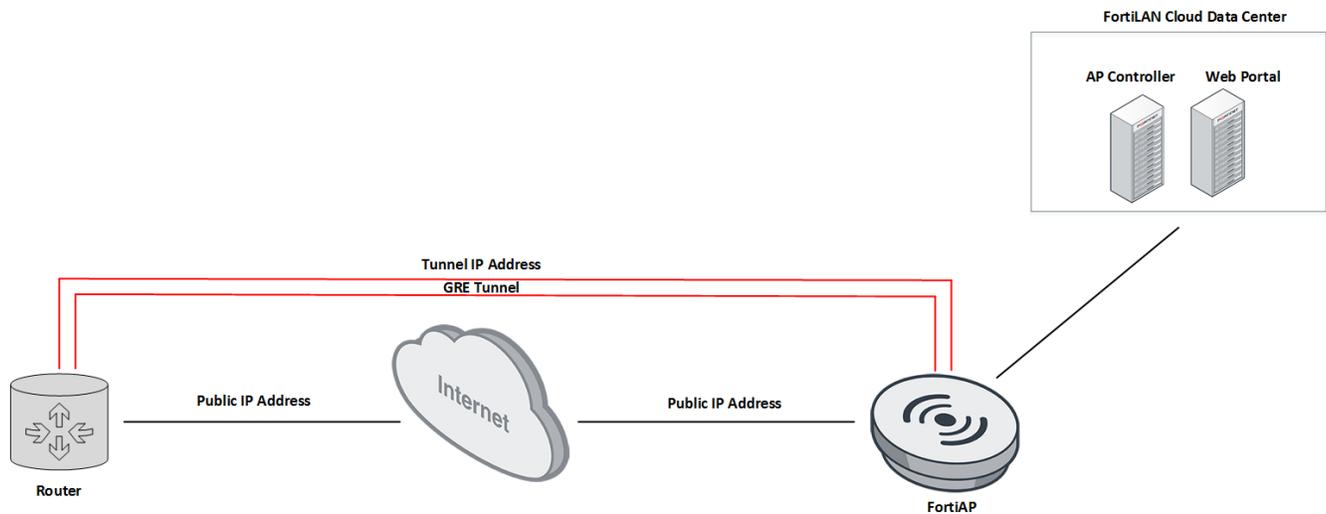
The configured L2TP profile allows Internet Service Providers (ISP) to enable VPN services using an encryption protocol. Traffic is encrypted within the tunnel that is established between the FortiAP and an L2TP access concentrator.

Note: You cannot delete a tunnel profile if it is being used by an SSID.

Prerequisites

Complete the Managing Networks on FortiEdge Cloud on page 34 procedure.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the tunnel profile.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Protection Profiles > Tunnel Profile**.
3. Click **Add Tunnel Profile**.

4. Complete the following fields:

Name	Enter a unique name for the tunnel. The name can be from 1 to 32 characters.
Tunnel Type	Select **GRE** or **L2TP** as the tunnel type.
Tunnel IP address	Enter the IP address of the Wireless Access Gateway (WAG), the tunnel remote end. Only IPv4 address format is supported.
Tunnel Port	Enter the tunnel port when using L2TP.
Configure the following fields to monitor the tunnel.	
Ping interval	Enter the frequency at which ping requests are sent to check the status of the tunnel. The valid range is 1 – 65535 seconds; default is 1 second.
Ping number	Enter the number of ping requests sent at the configured interval. The valid range is 1 – 65535; default is 5.
Recv pkt timeout	Enter the duration for which the devices wait for the ping response; after this the ping request times out. The valid range is 1 – 65535 seconds; default is 160 seconds.
DHCP Server IP Address	Optionally, enter the DHCP server IP address.

5. To complete the addition of the tunnel profile, click **Apply**.

Device Management

The following access point configurations are allowed in FortiEdge Cloud.

- Schedule Profile
- Syslog Profile
- SNMP Profile

Scheduled Upgrades

The scheduled upgrade configuration is applied only to fully deployed FortiAPs. After a FortiAP is deployed with or without firmware upgrade during its deployment/discovery, its firmware is upgraded as per the scheduled upgrade profile. For example, if an upgrade schedule profile is configured to upgrade all FAP23JF models 5 days later then an FAP23JF model deployed today will have its firmware upgraded 5 days later. To upgrade newly deployed FortiAPs, see FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122.

Notes:

- A maximum of 1024 scheduled upgrade profiles can be created.
- The upgrade process completion takes approximately 30 minutes if you try to upgrade multiple FortiAPs (count in 3 digits or more) simultaneously.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network that you want to edit.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > Device Management > Scheduled Upgrades**.
3. Complete the following fields.

Name	The name you want to give to the scheduled upgrade profile.
Comment	A description of the profile or any other text for this profile. This field is optional.
Force Downgrade	Forcefully downgrades deployed FortiAPs with a firmware version greater than the firmware version specified in this profile.
Device Selection	You can include *OR* exclude specific devices for upgrade based on certain criteria; model, site, tag, device, and Platform profile. When *Apply to All* is enabled, the profile is applied to all FortiAPs associated with the Platform profile.
Schedule	You can configure a one-time schedule upgrade to start immediately or specify a time slot (date/time). The upgrade schedule can also be recurring, select a start and end time with the recurring frequency.
Firmware Selection	Specify the firmware version to upgrade to for a specific FortiAP model deployed in your network. By default, the latest firmware version is selected for upgrade. **Note**: To enable UTP functionality for FAP-U43xF series models currently on software version v6.2.1 or below, upgrade to v6.2-build0401 prior to upgrading to V6.2.2 or above.

You can perform the following additional actions, select a displayed profile and right-click.

	Name	Comments	Status	Running Status	Schedule
☐	TestApplyall2		✅ Enabled	None	2023/06/16 12:27:26
☑	TestApplyall1		❌ Disabled	None	2022/03/11 12:27:00

Add Scheduled Upgrade | Refresh | Edit | Delete | Search

Right-click menu:
- ▼ Filter by Name ›
- ✏️ Edit
- 📋 Clone
- ✅ Enable
- ❌ Disable
- ▶ Run Now
- 🗑️ Delete

- **Clone** – You can clone an existing profile with a new name, the cloned profile is disabled (default).
- **Enable/Disable** – You can enable or disable the selected profile(s).
- **Run Now** – This is allowed only for enabled profiles that are not running. If you select multiple profiles, then at least one of them should not be running.

Syslog Profile

A Syslog server provides a centralized repository to store diagnostic information and monitoring logs from various remote systems or devices. The logs are used for network monitoring and maintenance purposes. Syslog profiles enable FortiAPs to directly send their wireless/event/security logs to an external Syslog server. The Syslog profile is associated to a Platform profile.

Notes:

- A maximum of 1024 Syslog profiles are allowed.
- Syslog profiles cannot be deleted when used by a Platform profile.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network that you want to edit.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration >Device Management > Syslog Profile**.
3. Complete the following fields.

Name	A unique name for the Syslog profile. The valid range is 1 -32 characters.
Description	A description for the Syslog profile.
Enable Status	Enables or disables the FortiAP to send log messages to the Syslog server
Server Host (IPv4/FQDN)	The IPv4 address or hostname (FQDN) of the Syslog server that FortiAP sends log messages to.
Server Port	The port number of Syslog server that FortiAP sends log messages to. The valid range is 1-65535 and the default is 514.
Log Level	The lowest level (severity) of log messages that FortiAP sends to the Syslog server. The default is *Information*.

SNMP Profile

FortiEdge Cloud supports SNMP access to FortiAPs such as sending queries and receiving traps. To assign an SNMP profile to a FortiAP, see FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122.

Note: A FortiAP can be associated with a platform profile linked to a configured SNMP profile, even if the SNMP admin access is disabled in the AP settings.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to configure SNMP.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration >Device Management > SNMP Profile**.
3. Click **Add Profile**.
4. Enter a unique name for the SNMP profile.
5. Enter the SNMP **Engine ID**; the default is FortiEdgeCloud, and the administrator **Contact Info**.
6. Enter the threshold for high CPU usage (%) when the trap is sent. The valid range is 10 - 100 and the default is 80.
7. Enter the threshold for high memory usage (%) when the trap is sent. The valid range is 10- 100 and the default is 80.
8. Add SNMP v1/v2 communities and enable SNMP queries and traps as required. Enter the SNMP management stations in the **Host** field. A maximum of four, comma separated hosts can be specified along with optional netmasks.
9. Configure SNMP v3 users and manage traps and queries for these users. You can manage the security level for message authentication and encryption. The supported authentication and encryption algorithms are **MD5** and **SHA**. The valid range for authentication and encryption passwords is 8 - 32 characters. You can configure the SNMP user-notify **Hosts**; a maximum of sixteen, comma separated hosts can be specified
10. To close the dialog box, click **Save**.

User Access Control

The following user management configurations are supported in FortiEdge Cloud.

- MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering
- FortiEdge Cloud User/Group
- RADIUS Server

MAC Access Control and MAC Filtering

Wi-Fi client MAC filtering on FortiEdge Cloud lets you control which devices can connect to your wireless network. You can configure a MAC Access Control list for the entire network and then apply it to each SSID as a policy.
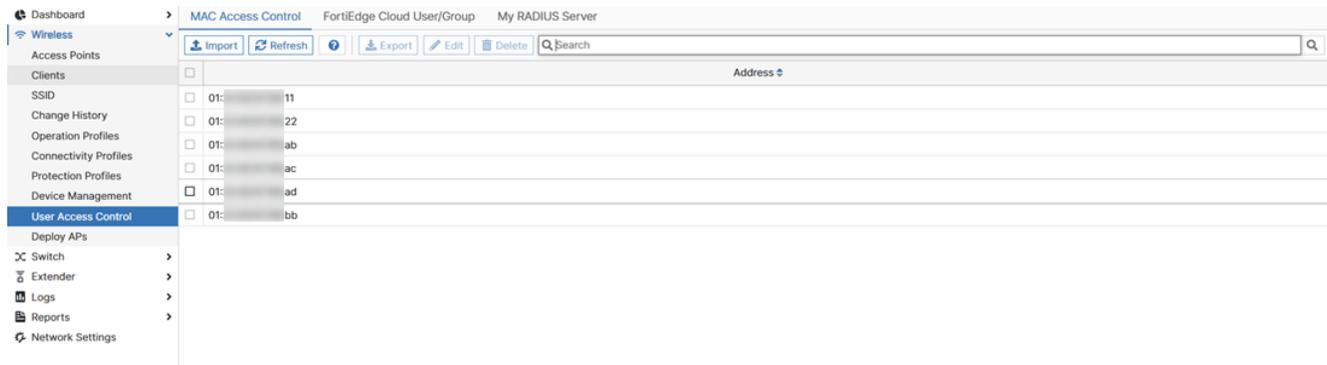
When adding an SSID to a network, you can configure the **Cloud Address Group Policy** to use the MAC Access Control list with the following options:

- **Disable**: MAC address authentication is bypassed for the listed addresses.
- **Allow**: The **MAC Access Control** list functions as a whitelist, granting access only to the listed MAC addresses.
- **Deny**: The **MAC Access Control** list now functions as a blacklist, explicitly blocking access for any MAC addresses on the list while permitting all others to connect.

For more information, see Basic Settings.

To import addresses to the MAC Access Control list:

1. Navigate to **Wireless > User Access Control**. Select the **MAC Access Control** tab.
2. Click **Import**.
3. Add the MAC addresses. Separate each address with a comma. An import can include a maximum of 10,000 MAC addresses (records).
4. Click **OK**.
   A dialog box displays a status message. Here is an example: `Imported 2 records successfully.`
5. To close the dialog box, click **OK**.

Note:

- To export the MAC addresses, select the address and click **Export**.
- To edit a MAC address, select the address and click **Edit**. Make the necessary changes and click **OK**.
- To delete a MAC address, select the address and click **Delete**.
- Click **Refresh** to refresh the list.

FortiEdge Cloud User/Group

Perform this procedure to use a FortiEdge Cloud group and users as the RADIUS setting when you configure an SSID with WPA-2 Enterprise authentication. As part of user group configuration, you can assign VLAN IDs, especially useful for when assigning users to different networks without requiring multiple SSIDs.

Note: Enterprise (802.1x) wireless networks (versions prior to FortiEdge Cloud 21.2) that use the FortiAP Cloud User/Group feature and have client devices (such as Android 11) with the domain name fortiapcloud.com during their wireless connection must be re-configured in FortiEdge Cloud; the new domain name is *forticloud.com* or *fortiedge.forticloud.com*. This is required for the wireless client devices to connect.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the group.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > User Access Control > FortiEdge Cloud User/Group**.
3. Click **Group**.
4. Click **Add Group**.
5. Complete the following fields:

Group ID	Type the ID for this group, up to a maximum of 16 characters in length.
Description	Type a description for this group.
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID for this group.

6. Click **Apply**.

A new group is added. To download data in a *.csv* format for all groups, click .

1. Click **User**.
2. Click **Add user**.
3. Complete the following fields:

User ID	Type the ID for this user, up to a maximum of 64 characters in length.
Full name	Type the full name for this user.
Password	Type the password associated with this user.
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID for this group.
Email address **Re-type Email**	Type the email address for this user.
Groups	Select the group you want this user to be added to.

4. Click **Apply**.

A new user is added. To download data in a *.csv* format for all users, click .

Adding a FortiEdge Cloud Guest

Use this procedure to add a single guest or multiple guests in FortiEdge Cloud.

Prerequisites

Add a guests SSID. For details, see procedure.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the networks to which you want to add the guest.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > User Access Control > FortiEdge Cloud User/Group**.
3. Click **Guest**.
4. Click **Add Guest**.
5. If you want to add multiple guests, click the **Multiple Guest** checkbox.
6. Complete the fields.
7. To complete the addition of guests, click **Apply**.

A new guest user is added. To download data in a *.csv* format for all guests, click . To import data for guest users, click .

Adding a FortiEdge Cloud Guest Manager

Use this procedure to add a guest manager in FortiEdge Cloud.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the guest manager.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > User Access Control > FortiEdge Cloud User/Group**.
3. Click **Guest Manager**.
4. Click **Add Guest Manager**.

 Make sure to type an email address that the network configuration is not already using.

5. Complete the following fields.

User Name	Type the name for this user.
Email address Re-type Email	Type the email address for this user.
Enable 2-Factor Authentication	Select to enable 2-factor authentication for guest manager.

To add the guest manager, click **Submit**.

A new guest user is added. To download data in a *.csv* format for all guest managers, click .

RADIUS Server

Perform this procedure to add a RADIUS server to a network and then use this server to authenticate wireless clients.

1. On the FortiEdge Cloud Home page, select the network to which you want to add the RADIUS server.
2. In the Menu bar, navigate to **Configuration > User Access Control > My RADIUS server**.

3. Click **Add My RADIUS Server**.
4. Complete the following fields:

Name	Type a name for My RADIUS Server.
NAS IP	Type the IP address of the network access server (NAS). This field is optional.
Primary server name/IP	Type the server name or IP address of the primary RADIUS server.
Primary server secret	Type the secret key of the primary RADIUS server.
Secondary server name/IP	Type the server name or IP address of the secondary RADIUS server. This field is optional.
Secondary server secret	Type the secret key of the secondary RADIUS server. This field is optional.
Server port	If the RADIUS server is not using the default port, then type the server port. The default is 1812.
NAS ID	This option enables the use of a third-party captive portal with FortiEdge Cloud. When adding a RADIUS server, you can now configure the static NAS-ID for both FortiEdge Cloud acting as a RADIUS client and the FortiAP acting as a RADIUS client. When deploying a wireless network with WPA-Enterprise and RADIUS authentication, or using the RADIUS MAC authentication feature, FortiEdge Cloud can use the custom NAS-ID in its access request. The following **NAS ID Type** are the supported in this release. • **Legacy** – When FortiEdge Cloud serves as the RADIUS authenticator, the NAS ID value is FortiEdge Cloud. When FortiAP serves as the RADIUS authenticator, the NAS ID value is VAP followed by the radio index and the WLAN ID. For example, *vap03*, where 0 is the radio ID and 3 is the WLAN ID. • **Hostname** – When FortiEdge Cloud serves as the RADIUS authenticator, its hostname is the NAS ID. Likewise, when FortiAP serves as the RADIUS authenticator, its hostname is the NAS ID • **Custom** – You can define your own NAS ID value. **Note:** The default is set to Legacy and requires FortiAP version 7.4.2 or higher.
Auth Protocol	Select the authentication protocol only to authenticate wireless clients that connect to captive portal enabled networks. If you select **Auto**, then the protocols are tried in this order. • PEAP • MSCHAPv2 • MSCHAPv1 • CHAP • PAP
TLS Version	Select the TLS version for the PEAP authentication protocol.

CoA enable	Enable Change of Authorization (CoA) to allow the RADIUS server to adjust active client sessions. The AP disconnects user sessions when it receives a Disconnect-Request from the RADIUS server.
Account all servers	Enable this option to use both primary and secondary RADIUS servers for authentication.
Case sensitive username	Enable case sensitive RADIUS user name.
RadSec	FortiEdge Cloud can establish an encrypted connection between the FortiAP (RADIUS client) and the RADIUS server, in order to secure communication channels for all RADIUS traffic. This is done using RadSec and is especially useful in roaming environments, where the traffic passes through multiple untrusted domains and networks. This feature ensures encrypted and trusted connections.

RadSec operates over the UDP, TCP, and TLS transport protocols and is supported when either FortiEdge Cloud or a FortiAP acts as a RADIUS client. You can configure the FortiAP as a RADIUS client in the associated SSID. The FortiAP uses the configured parameters on this page to initiate a secure connection, ensuring secure transport of authentication requests.

Select **RadSec enable** to secure communication between the FortiAP and the RADIUS server. This is disabled by default.

Select the **Transport Protocol** and configure the following for TLS.
- **Protocol Version** – The supported protocol versions are SSLv3, TLSv1, TLSv1-1, TLSv1-2, TLSv1-3.
- **CA Certificate** – The CA certificate ensures secure authentication for the RADIUS server when RADSEC is enabled. The only file format supported is *.cer* with a maximum permissible size of 8 Kb.
- **Client Certificate** – The client certificate ensures that the FortiAP is securely authenticated. The only file format supported is *.cer* with a maximum permissible size of 8 Kb.

Notes:
- In case of TLS transport protocol RadSec traffic flows from port 2083.
- RadSec is best implemented over TCP/TLS to meet security and reliability standards. |

5. To complete the addition of the RADIUS server, click **Apply**.

Reports

This section includes the following FortiEdge Cloud report procedures:

Customizing an AP network summary report

Use this procedure to customize an AP network summary report, and its various sections and sub-sections.

Procedure steps

1. In the Menu bar, click **Reports**.
2. In the Navigation pane, click **Summary Report**.

If you want to	Then
Change the summary report settings	1. Click **Settings**. 2. You can add a logo, change the language, and enable or disable the generation of an empty report. 3. To save changes, click **Submit**.

Customize a section	1. Go to the section that you want to customize and click
	 2. Select one of the following action:
	   a. Add Chart
	   b. New Section Title
	   c. New Report Block
	   d. Reset Report
	 3. Follow the onscreen instructions.

Customize a sub-section	1. Click **Edit**. 2. You can change the sub-section title and add filters. 3. To save and apply the changes, click **Run**.

Scheduling an AP network summary report

Use this procedure to schedule when you want to receive an AP network summary report by email.

Procedure steps

1. In the Menu bar, click **Reports**.
2. In the Navigation pane, click **Summary Report**.
3. Click **Schedule**.
4. Select the frequency (**Daily**, **Weekly**, or **Monthly**).
5. To receive summary reports by email, select **Email To** and type an email address.
6. To access a summary report, go to the Navigation pane and click **History Reports**.

Managing AP network history reports

Use this procedure to view, download, send by email, and delete AP network history reports.

1. In the Menu bar, click **Reports**.
2. In the Navigation pane, click **History Reports**.
3. Hold the pointer over the report that you want to access.

If you want to	Click
View the report	👁
Download the report	↓
Send the report by email	✉
Delete the report	🗑

Generating a PCI compliance report for an AP network

Use this procedure to answer questions about AP network settings for compliance with the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) 3.0.

Procedure steps

1. In the Menu bar, click **Reports**.
2. In the Navigation pane, click **PCI Report**.
3. Review and answer questions.
4. To generate a PCI report, click **Run Report**.
   The generated PCI compliance report opens.
5. To save the report, scroll to the right and click **Save Report**.
6. To return to the list of questions, scroll to the right and click **Back to Questionnaire**.
7. To access previously saved reports, click **Saved Reports**.

Configuring and Managing FortiSwitches

You can configure, monitor, and manage FortiSwitches using the FortiEdge Cloud management solution.

Menu	Description
Topology	Displays the FortiSwitch topology.
Switch	Provides sub-menus to configure and manage FortiSwitches, switch tags and so on.
Configure	Configuration page to configure switches, ports, interfaces, VLANs, and remote authentication servers and to create zero-touch configurations, scheduled upgrades, packet capture profiles, VLAN templates, and user groups. and change your notification and backup settings.
Monitor	Monitor page to check modules, MAC addresses, switch and port statistics; FortiSwitch units using PoE, LLDP, or 802.1x authentication; STP instances; DHCP-snooping and IGMP-snooping databases; and the status of zero-touch configurations, scheduled upgrades, and packet captures.
My Account	My Account page to review your account, deploy FortiSwitch units to FortiEdge Cloud.

Getting Started

💡 Some FortiSwitch units might have a sticker on them with an outdated procedure. Use the procedures in the *FortiEdge Cloud Administration Guide* instead of procedures on the sticker.

NOTE: The following are the requirements to use all of the features of FortiEdge Cloud:

- Register your FortiSwitch units with Fortinet Support (https://support.fortinet.com).
- Check that your FortiSwitch units are running FortiSwitchOS 6.0.0 or later.
- Check that your FortiSwitch units are connected to the Internet.
- Subscribe to FortiCare (https://www.fortinet.com/support-and-training/support-services/forticare-support.html).
- Purchase a Management license for each FortiSwitch unit through authorized Fortinet resellers and distributors. For information on the FortiEdge Cloud license offering, see Licensing.
  a. After you purchase a FortiSwitch Management license, you need to register it in your FortiCare account.
  b. FortiEdge Cloud will automatically import the license from your FortiCare account during its regular license check. Depending on when the license was registered, there might be a delay before the license is available in FortiEdge Cloud.
- Set your FortiSwitch units to the standalone mode.
- Check that the system time on your FortiSwitch units is accurate. To set the time on your FortiSwitch unit, see the *FortiSwitchOS Administration Guide—Standalone Mode.*

Supported models

FortiEdge Cloud supports all FortiSwitch units running FortiSwitchOS Release 6.0.0 or later

To get started using FortiEdge Cloud, follow these procedures:

1. Enabling and disabling cloud management
2. Deploying FortiSwitch device to a network

Checking your Cloud configuration

To check your Cloud configuration, use the following commands:

```
S524DF4K15000024 # config system flan-cloud
S524DF4K15000024 (flan-cloud) # get

interval           : 45
name               : fortiswitch-dispatch.forticloud.com
port               : 443
status             : enable
```

Option	Description
interval	The time in seconds allowed for domain name system (DNS) resolution. The default is 15 seconds. The range of values is 3-300 seconds.
name	The domain name for FortiEdge Cloud. By default, this field is set to `fortiswitch-dispatch.forticloud.com`.
port	Port number used to connect to FortiEdge Cloud. The default is port 443.
status	Whether access to FortiEdge Cloud is enabled or disabled. By default, the status is set to `enable`.

To check your connections to FortiEdge Cloud, use the `get system flan-cloud-mgr connection-info` command.

The State-Machine field is set to FSMGR_STATE_READY when your FortiSwitch unit is being managed by FortiEdge Cloud. The SSL tunnel is the secure communication channel between your FortiSwitch unit and FortiEdge Cloud. FortiEdge Cloud uses the Socket Secure protocol (SOCKS) to communicate with your FortiSwitch units.

For example:

```
S524DF4K15000024 # get system flan-cloud-mgr connection-info

User Account-ID:    : 012345
Dispatch Service    : IP= xx.xx.xx.xx
SSL verify Code     : ok
Access Service      : IP= xx.xx.xx.xx, Port= 443, Connected on: 2018-11-28 10:59:32
Bootstrap Service   : hostname= xxxxxxxxxx, Port= 8000

Remote Assistance   : Disabled.
State-Machine       : State= FSMGR_STATE_READY, Event= EV_READY_HBEAT_GOOD

SSL Local End-Point : Interface: mgmt, IP: xx.xx.xx.xx
SSL Tunnel Uptime   : Days: 0  Hours: 2 Mins: 22 [Connected @2018-11-28 10:59:32]
SSL Tunnel stats    : restart-count= 4, Reason= Configuration Change
```

```
Stats:
========
Switch  Keep Alive  Tx/Reply := 45 / 45
Manager Keep Alive  Rx/Error := 45 / 0

Socks   Req Rx/Last Stream-ID := 224 / 14
Reset   Req Rx/last Stream-ID := 8 / 12
Goaway  Req Rx  := 0
Unknown Req Rx  := 0

Syslog FD/Tx/Err := 8 / 3 / 0

Used SOCKS stream-id:
=====================
SID             SockFd          State           Description

___             _____          _____           _____
18              10              DATA            REST REQ
5               0               DATA            SYSLOG DATA
```

Enabling and disabling cloud management

To allow your FortiSwitch unit to be managed by FortiEdge Cloud, use the following commands:

```
config system flan-cloud
   set status enable
end
```

If you want to remove a FortiSwitch unit from FortiEdge Cloud, use the following commands:

```
config system flan-cloud
   set status disable
```

Deploying FortiSwitch device to a network

You can deploy any of the FortiSwitch units listed in the switch inventory to FortiEdge Cloud.

1. Login into your FortiCloud account and register the switch serial number.
    Registered switches are automatically added to FortiEdge Cloud.
2. To deploy the FortiSwitch, go to the *Inventory* tab on the main page of the FortiEdge Cloud portal **OR** go to *My Account > Switch Inventory* and select the switches to deploy.
    *   You can deploy the FortiSwitch to FortiEdge Cloud or to an external AP Controller. Select **Deploy to FortiEdge Cloud** and click **Deploy**. Select the network to deploy the FortiSwitch to and click **Deploy**.
    *   You can also deploy the FortiSwitch through FortiZTP. In the **FortiZTP Devices** tab, select the FortiSwitch and click **Deploy to Network**. Select the network to deploy the FortiSwitch to and click **Deploy**.

In the *Switch Inventory*, select the switch/switches and click *Deploy*.

	Serial Number	License	IP Address	Description	Firmware Version	Registration Time	Last Seen Time
☑	~~SR24DNT122000058~~	No License				2023/06/16 13:17:10	
☐	~~S424EFTF19000572~~	No License				2023/03/31 00:14:01	
☐	~~S248EFTF18000280~~	Active				2022/08/10 03:05:32	

After you deploy a FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud, it is removed from the *Switch Inventory* pane and listed in the *Switches* pane (*Switches > Deployed Switches*).
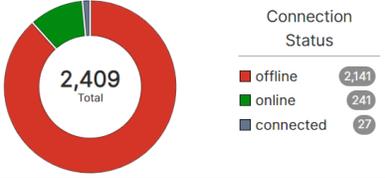
Connection Status — 2,409 Total — offline 2,141 / online 241 / connected 27
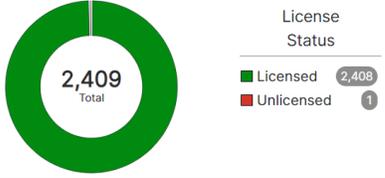
License Status — 2,409 Total — Licensed 2,408 / Unlicensed 1
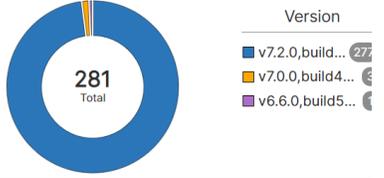
Version — 281 Total — v7.2.0,build... 277 / v7.0.0,build4... 3 / v6.6.0,build5... 1

Host Name	Status	Tags	Model	Connecting From	Private IP	BIOS	Version	Joining Time
✕ test_host_1	✓ ☀		S108DV	~~182.71.233.4~~	172.116.0.6	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	4 days ago
✕ S108DVYMVHWKOA5A	✓ ⛒ ☀		S108DV	~~182.71.233.4~~	172.114.0.15	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago
✕ S108DVTM22005003	✓ ⛒ ☀		S108DV	~~111.93.135.132~~	172.110.0.95	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	22 hours ago
✕ S108DVTA19001199	✓ ⛒ ☀		S108DV	~~182.71.233.4~~	172.116.0.19	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago
✕ S108DVTA19001198	✓ ☀		S108DV	~~182.71.233.4~~	172.116.0.1	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago

To undeploy a FortiSwitch device, see .

Moving a FortiSwitch device between networks/accounts

You can move a FortiSwitch between different networks associated with a user account.

1. Open the network and undeploy the FortiSwitch. See .
2. Open the network to add the FortiSwitch to, navigate to *Switch > My Account > Switch Inventory*.
3. Select the FortiSwitch and select *Add* to deploy it.

You can move a FortiSwitch between different user accounts.

1. Login into the account and undeploy the FortiSwitch device. See .
2. Remove the FortiSwitch from the FortiCare account (*Services > Asset Management*).
3. Register the FortiSwitch in the FortiCare account that you want to move it to and login into the FortiEdge Cloud. See .

Topology

Select *Topology* to view the switch topology. The Topology page shows an overview of FortiSwitch islands connected to FortiEdge Cloud.

A FortiSwitch island contains a cluster of connected FortiSwitch units, as well as devices that are not managed by FortiEdge Cloud. Depending on whether FortiEdge Cloud can obtain valid root information from Spanning Tree Protocol (STP), each FortiSwitch island is displayed with either an LLDP-based graph or an LLDP-and-STP-based graph with tiers. The host name is displayed for FortiSwitch units; MAC addresses are displayed for non-FortiSwitch devices.
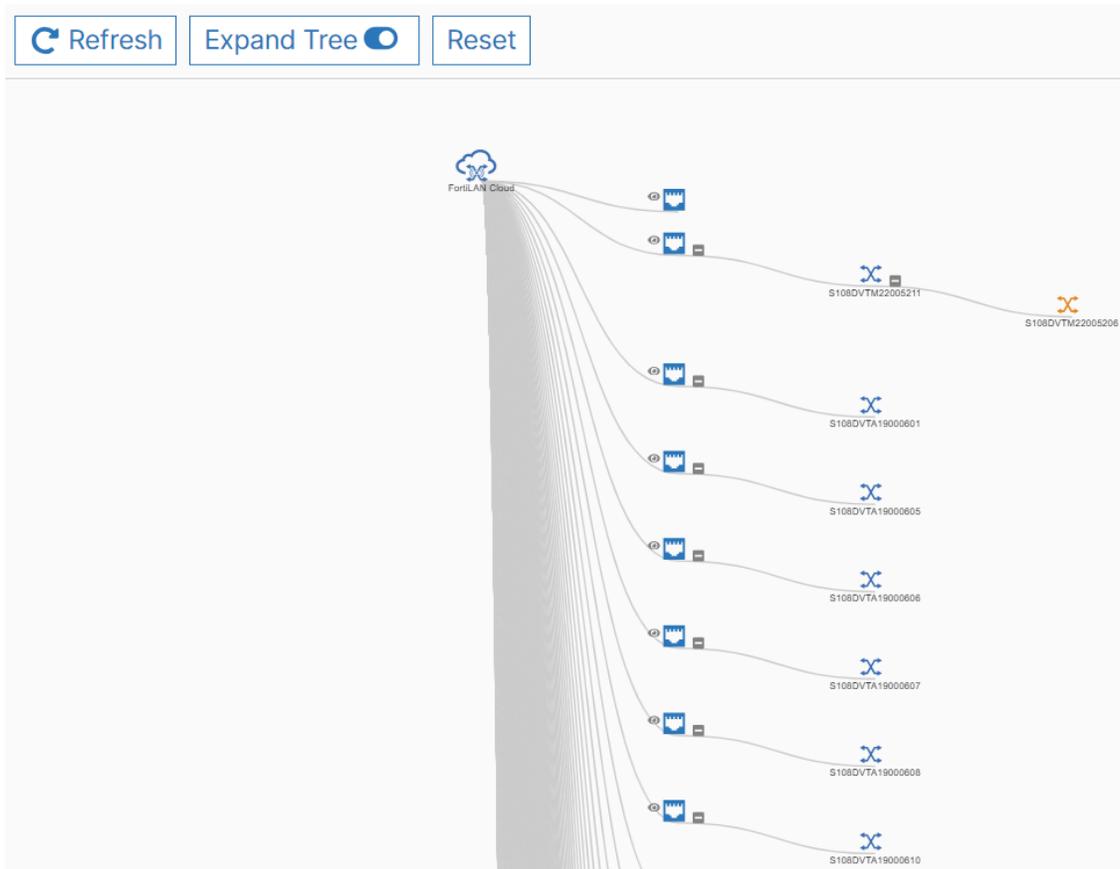
To update the topology display, select *Refresh*. To display networks with inter-switch links (ISLs), select *Expand Tree*. To find a specific FortiSwitch unit tag, click Filter By Tags and select the listed tag.

Select the **Click to View Detailed Topology** icon to view the detailed topology of the FortiSwitch unit.

You can enable **Show STP Topology** to view the STP topology.
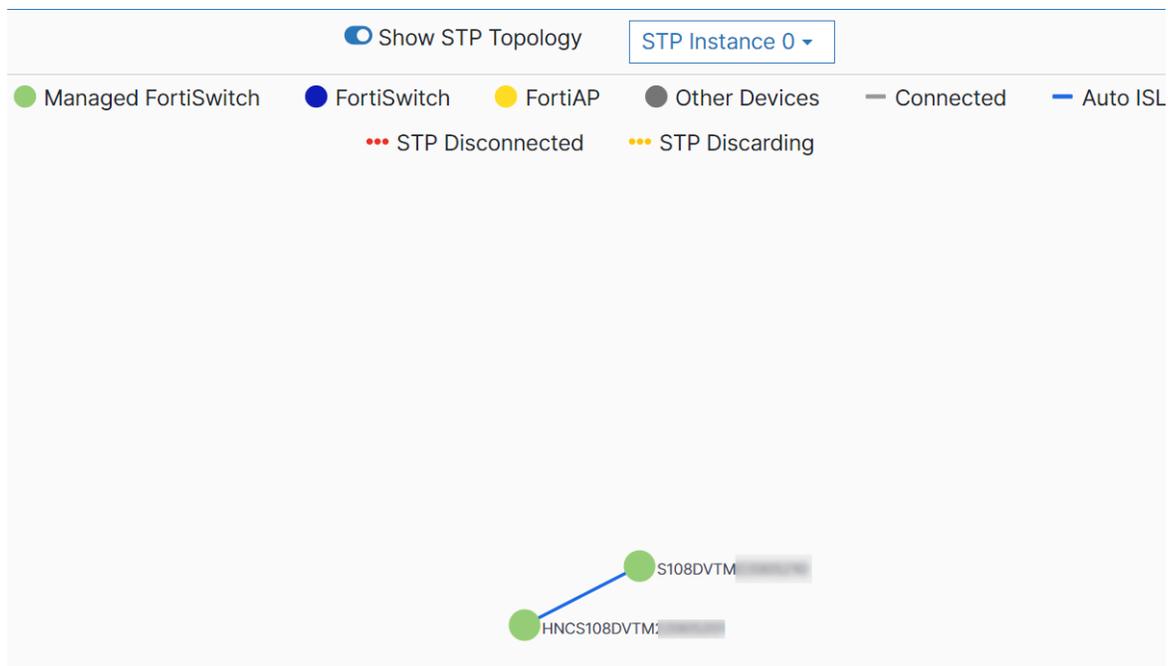
Switches

Select *Switches* to manage the FortiSwitch configuration and to view the switch topology. Use the left pane for navigation. You can select the following options from the left pane:

- Switches
- Switch Inventory
- Switch Name-Value Pairs

Switches

The **Switches** tab lists the FortiSwitch units managed by FortiEdge Cloud and gives the serial number, host name, model, IP address, firmware version, connection time, and status of each FortiSwitch unit.

Note: Requisite warning message is displayed in case of old BIOS version, upgrade BIOS as required. Firmware upgrade in case of BIOS compatibility issue is not allowed.

Host Name ⇕	Status ⇕	Tags	Model	Connecting From ⇕	Private IP	BIOS ⇕	Version ⇕	Joining Time ⇕
✕ test_host_1	✅ ☀		S108DV	182.71.233.4	172.116.0.6	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	4 days ago
✕ S108DVYMVHWKOA5A	✅ ⛁☀		S108DV	182.71.233.4	172.114.0.15	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago
✕ S108DVTM22005003	✅ ⛁☀		S108DV	111.93.135.132	172.110.0.95	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	22 hours ago
✕ S108DVTA19001199	✅ ⛁☀		S108DV	182.71.233.4	172.116.0.19	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago
✕ S108DVTA19001198	✅ ☀		S108DV	182.71.233.4	172.116.0.1	04000002	v7.2.0,build4800,220826 (MR2 Beta 0)	1 day ago

To find a specific FortiSwitch unit, enter part or all of the serial number in the Search field.

Hovering over a host name FortiSwitch unit details, click on **Diagnostics and Tools** for FortiSwitch management options.
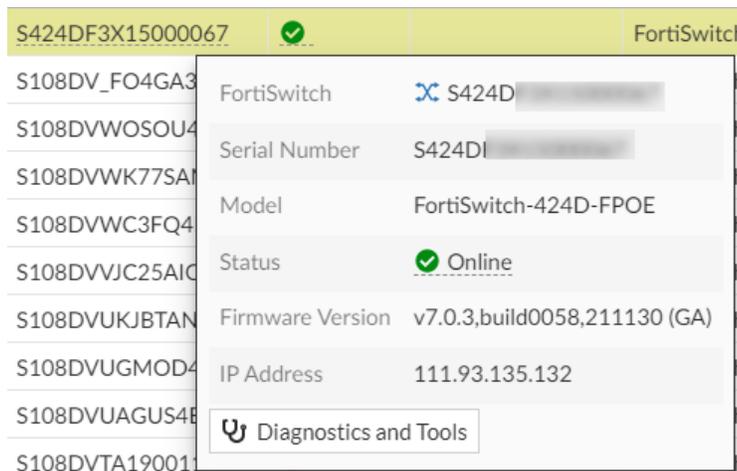
A lightning bolt indicates that the current power budget of the FortiSwitch unit exceeds a specified percentage of the total power budget.

You can perform the following tasks from the **Diagnostics and Tools** panel.

- Viewing Switch Details
- Displaying switch statistics
- Actions
- Configuration

- Tools
- Using the FortiSwitch CLI
- Using the FortiSwitch GUI

Viewing Switch Details

To view the FortiSwitch statistics and diagnostics in detail, click on the serial number. The **Status** including the FortiSwitch face plate, hardware summary, general status and statistics, and configuration details.

Displaying switch statistics

The CPU Utilization/Memory Utilization, PCB Temperature, TX bps/RX bps, and Active Client graphs make it easy to see data from the last 24 hours for a FortiSwitch unit.

NOTE: If the data is not available, the graph is not displayed.

To display switch statistics:

1. Select **Statistics** in the **Diagnostics & Details** panel.

2. Select *Period* to choose the start day and time and end day and time for the graphs.
3. Select *Lines Only* to display just the connected data points in the graphs.
4. Hover above a point in one of the graphs to see the details for that time.

Actions

The **Actions** tab enables you to perform the tasks listed in the **Actions** column in this page and described subsequently in this chapter.
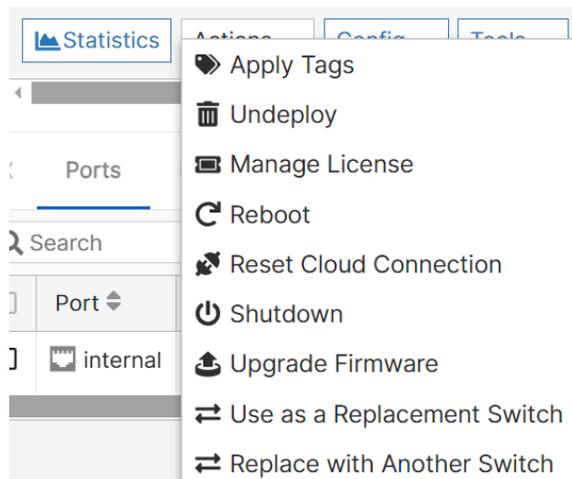
Applying tags to a FortiSwitch unit

Tags allow you to group FortiSwitch units by model, location, department, owner, and so on. You can add more than one tag to a FortiSwitch unit.

To apply a tag to a FortiSwitch unit:

1. Select **Apply Tags** from the **Actions** drop-down menu.
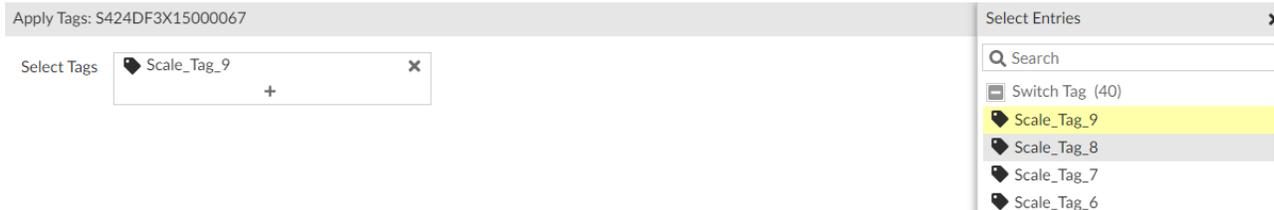
2. Select 🔍 to search from the list of existing tags. Select which tags that you want to apply.
3. Select *Submit*.

Undeploying a FortiSwitch device

To remove a FortiSwitch unit from FortiEdge Cloud:

Select **Undeploy** from the **Actions** drop-down menu.
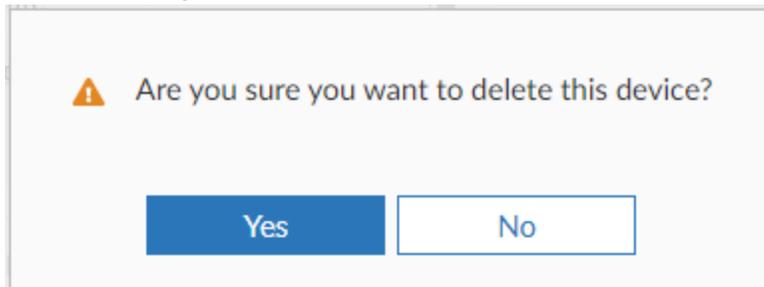
1.
2. Select *Yes* to remove the FortiSwitch unit from FortiEdge Cloud.
    The FortiSwitch unit is removed from the Switches pane and is listed in the Switch Inventory pane (*My Account >
    Switch Inventory*). It can be added again to the FortiEdge Cloud by going to *My Account > Switch Inventory* and
    selecting *Add*.

Reboot/Shutdown

You can reboot or shutdown the FortiSwitch from the GUI. A shutdown requires a physical reboot of the FortiSwitch to connect it to FortiEdge Cloud.

Reset Cloud Connection

The **Reset Cloud Connection** action is now available for FortiSwitches. This feature facilitates recovery of devices that are not able to maintain a coherent connection with FortiEdge Cloud. When used, the FortiSwitch disconnects and re-joins the FortiEdge Cloud.

Manage License

You can now add and remove the FortiSwitch feature license from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI.

Remove Feature License: S108DVTA

Active License   FS-SW-LIC-3000

Advance Features License

Advanced features for FS-3000 series switch:
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
- Open Shortest Path First Protocol (OSPF)
- Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- Intermediate System to Intermediate System

Note: The feature license management option is supported only on firmware version 7.0 and above.

Upgrading the firmware for a FortiSwitch unit

To upgrade the firmware for a FortiSwitch unit:

1. Select **Upgrade Firmware** from the **Actions** drop-down menu.

Upgrade Firmware: S424DF

Serial Number   S424DF

Version   v7.0.3,build0058,211130 (GA)

Firmware Status   ✅ Up to Date

Upgrade Scheduled   None

Upgrade/Downgrade To

Mode | Firmware List | Local Image File |

Remote Files   v7.0.3,build0058,211130 ▼

Release Notes

2. Select *Firmware List* or *Local Image File*.
3. Select the firmware image for the upgrade.
   Click the help link, *Release Notes*, to learn about the available versions.
4. Select *Submit* to upgrade.

Replacing a Switch

You can replace a switch in your network with another switch irrespective of the model and firmware versions. The replacement operation is required either due to switch failure (RMA) or any other reason (non-RMA). However, the following pre-requistes are to be fulfilled prior to the replacement operation.

- Backup the source (original) FortiSwitch configuration prior to the replacement operation, see Configuration Backup/Restore on page 196 or Switch on page 295.
- The new (replacement) FortiSwitch is online.

FortiCare synchronizes the inventory data with FortiEdge Cloud periodically and the switch inventory page is updated with the new switch details. Navigate to My **Account > Switch Inventory** and deploy the new switch, see Deploying FortiSwitch device to a network on page 157.

1. Select **Use as a Replacement Switch** from the **Actions** drop-down menu of the online FortiSwitch unit that you want to replace, select **RMA Replace** or **Replace** (non-RMA).
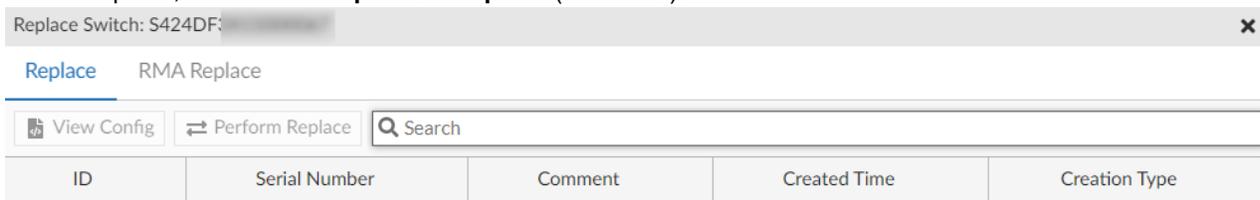
2. Select the serial number and click **Perform Replace**.
3. Click **View Config** to view the configuration details.

Note: In case of a FortiSwitch replacement, you are required to obtain a new license.

FortiSwitch Swap

Use the **Replace with Another Switch** option in the **Actions** menu to create a replacement entry. However, if the FortiSwitch is present in any entry of the **Device Replacements** page as a replacement FortiSwitch or a FortiSwitch to be replaced, then you cannot create an entry here. See Device Replacements.

Configuration

You can perform various operations to manage the FortiSwitch configurations.
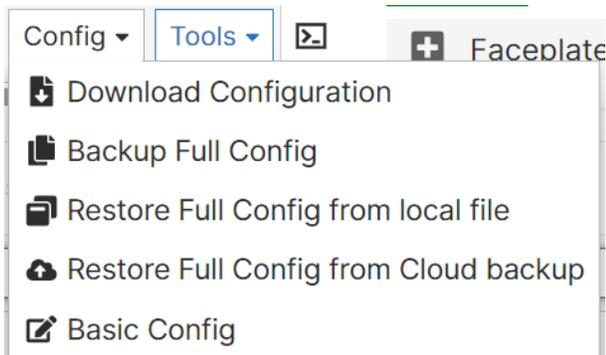
Downloading the FortiSwitch configuration to your computer

To download the FortiSwitch configuration:

Select **Download Configuration** from the **Config** drop-down menu. The configuration is saved as a `.txt` file.

Backing up the FortiSwitch configuration to FortiEdge Cloud

To backup the configuration of a FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud:

1. Select **Backup Full Config** from the **Config** drop-down menu of the FortiSwitch unit that you want to save the configuration of.

   Backup Full Config: S424DF

   Comment   Backup_config

2. Enter a description of the configuration file.
3. Select *Submit*.
   Configuration files are listed in *Configuration > Config Backup/Restore*.

Applying a configuration file to a FortiSwitch unit

To apply a configuration file that has been saved to your computer to a FortiSwitch unit:

1. Select **Restore Full Config from local file** from the **Config** drop-down menu of the FortiSwitch unit that needs the configuration restored.

   Restore Config: S108DVTA   ✕

   - Please ensure that full switch configuration is being provided as it will restore full configuration. Partial switch configurations may not be processed and could halt the switch.
   - Please note that the switch will reboot after this configuration is applied.
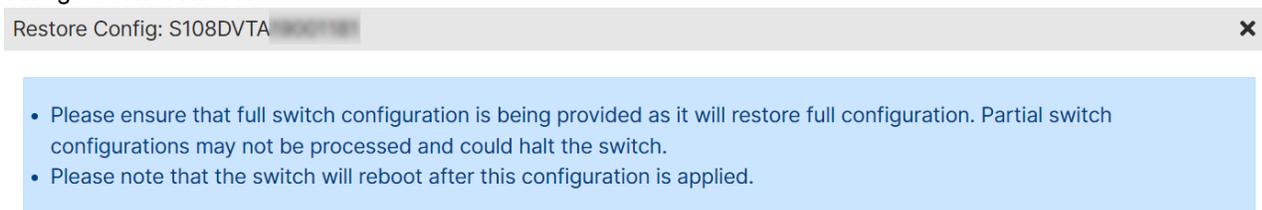
   Select local config file   Choose File   No file chosen

2. Select *Choose Files*.
3. Select the configuration file to apply.
4. Select *Open*.
5. Click **Submit** to apply the configuration.

Basic Configuration

You can configure basic parameters for your FortiSwitch unit such as global and administrative settings, ports, and internal and management interfaces. Select **Basic Config**.

In each of the tabs, select the parameter and enter a value, when you un-select an option, the default value is applied. In the **Admin** tab, you can enable/disable the console port from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI via the **Console Port Login** option.

| Port (All) | Admin | Global | Internal Interface | Management Interface | Feature License |

Comments — ℹ Enter text as description. Max length 127 characters

Console Port Login ●

Password — ℹ Enter alphanumeric password. Min length 8 characters and Max length 204 characters

Password Expire — ℹ YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS format to set expire date

Trust Host 1 — ℹ Trusted host one IP address (default = 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 to trust all IPs).

| Port (All) | Admin | Global | Internal Interface | Management Interface | Feature License |

Asset Tag ● ℹ Enter tagname for switch. Max length 32 characters

Tag1

Detect IP Conflict ○

Daylight Savings Time ● Enable daylight saving time. ▼

Hostname ○ ℹ Enter hostname for the switch. Max length 35 characters

IP conflict ignore default ○

Language ● English. ▼

OK   Cancel

You can now add and remove the FortiSwitch feature license from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI. This operation is supported in the **Feature License** tab.

Checking the value sets the value in the switch to the value in the text field. Un-checking the value resets the value on the switch.

| Port (All) | Admin | Global | Internal Interface | Management Interface | Feature License |

ℹ This action is only available for FortiSwitches with firmware version v7.0.0 or higher. When applying a feature license key with a ZTC Config, the switch will reboot and stop all subsequent CLI commands to the device. Please ensure you only add one key per device and run the required command only after all other commands.

License Key ●

Note: The feature license management option is supported only on firmware version 7.0 and above.

Tools

The following troubleshooting tools are available in FortiSwitch. You can access them from the **Diagnostics and Tools** panel.

Ping

The ping command sends data packets to a specific IP address on a network, and then lets you know how long it took to transmit that data and get a response. This is used to determine reachability of the FortiSwitch to other devices on the internal or external Internet. You can conduct a ping test to an IP/domain from a FortiSwitch for troubleshooting, reachability and other network connectivity issues. The ping tool uses ICMP protocol packets to connect to a specified host. Both IPv4 and IPv6 hosts are supported.

Ping ✕

- The ping tool uses ICMP protocol packets to connect to a specified host.
- It can be used to check for reachability and network communication delays from the switch to a specified host.

| IPv4 | IPv6 |

IP Address/Hostname ❓ 10.1.1.2

Repeat Count❓ 5

Ping

Blink LEDs

Starting this operation, blinks the FortiSwitch LEDs for a specific time period. This is used to identify the physical location of a specific switch/port in a rack. Click **Start** and select a time duration, to stop the blinking LEDs before the configured time, click **Stop**.

Tools ▾ ⊵ CLI ☑ GU

⊟ Zero touch configuration status

🖥 Ping

💡 Blink LEDs ▸ ⚙ Start ▸ 5 minutes

🔌 Cable Testing ⬤ Stop 15 minutes

🏛 Port Utilities 30 minutes

📖 TAC Report 60 minutes

〰 Traceroute | PoE ⇕ | Port Stats

⤬ Multi Path Traceroute | ⚡ Disabled | TX bps = 0 RX bps = 2.29K | 🚫 Untrusted

Cable Testing

This is a diagnostic and troubleshooting tool to check the state of cables between the FortiSwitch and the devices connected to its physical ports. This tool does not work on fiber ports and on very short or very long cables (more than 100 meters).

All available external physical ports of the FortiSwitch are displayed. Select one or more ports and click **Diagnose**.

Note: Running the cable diagnostic test on a port disables it briefly. The network traffic is affected for a few seconds.

Switch Cable Diagnostics: S424DF3X15000067 ✕

🖷 Diagnose 🔍 Search Status: Completed

portname ⇕	Status ⇕	Error Range ⇕	Pair A ⇕	Pair B ⇕	Pair C ⇕	Pair D ⇕
🖧 port1	Completed	+/- 10 meters	Unknown, lengt...	Ok, length 5 me...	Ok, length 2 me...	Ok, length 5 me...

Port Utilities

You can use the **Bounce Port** utility to disable a port for a specific period of time. This allows you to isolate problematic clients or force a network reconfiguration on the connected clients. You can stop the bounce port operation mid-way and the connected clients recover immediately.

The **PoE Reset** utility resets the power supplied over Ethernet on a specific port. This enables you to reset PoE devices connected to the port, when the devices are located in an environment where physical access is not easily achievable.

TAC Report

The Technical Assistance Center (TAC) report runs an exhaustive series of diagnostic commands. This report contains a significant amount of information which can be used by the TAC team to analyze issues that a customer is seeing on his FortiSwitch device.

Click **Run**. The report generation can take up to 5 minutes to complete and generates approximately 2 MB worth of data.

- The TAC report tool executes a series of trouble shooting commands on the switch and generates a report.
- This report can be shared with customer support teams to aid in faster trouble shooting of devices. The report generation can take up to 5 minutes to complete and will generate about 2MB worth of data

Run

✓ Command Execution succeeded.

Output

```
----------------------------------------------------------------
  Serial Number:                    Diagnose output
----------------------------------------------------------------


### get system status


Version: FortiSwitch-108F-POE v7.2.1,build0406,220621 (GA)
Serial-Number:
Boot: Coldboot
BIOS version: 04000001
System Part-Number: P26234-01
Burn in MAC:
Hostname: S108FPTV21000078
Distribution: International
```

Cancel

Traceroute

The traceroute tool utilizes ICMP packets to trace the different servers/routers that a packet visits, on its journey to a specified host. This tool is used to determine specific points in a network with bottle necks/traffic drops.

Traceroute

- The traceroute tool tracks the route that packets take in an IP network, on their way to a given host.
- This tool can be utilized to determine if/where packets from the switch are being dropped, on their journey to the specified destination.

IPv4   IPv6

IP Address/Hostname ❓

TTL ❓   32

Probe Count ❓   3

Timeout(s) ❓   5

Run

✓ Command Execution succeeded.

Output

```
traceroute to 10.1.1.2 (10.1.1.2), 32 hops max, 3 probe count, 5 timeout, 84 byte packets
 1         10 <cpe-172-116-10-10.socal.res.rr.com>  10.404 ms   10.736 ms   11.257 ms
 2            22.349 ms   22.180 ms   22.488 ms
 3            22.499 ms   21.270 ms   24.063 ms
```

Cancel

Update the following configuration for IPv4.

- **IP Address/Hostname** – The IPv4 address or host name to trace the route to.
- **TTL** – The maximum time-to-live (number of hops) that the route can take. The valid range is 1 – 64 and the default is 32.
- **Probe Count** – The number of probes to use to trace the route. The valid range is 1 – 5 and the default is 3.
- **Timeout(s)** – The time duration that the route is probed for, before the trace route stops. The valid range is 1 – 10 seconds and the default is 5 seconds.

Update the following configuration for IPv6.

- **IP Address/Hostname** – The IPv6 address or host name to trace the route to.
- **Fragment** – Enable/disable the Don't Fragment flag.
- **Resolve Name** – Enable resolving the numeric address to domain name.
- **Max TTL** – The maximum number of hops used in outgoing probe packets. The valid range is 1 – 255 and the default is 30.

Multi Path Traceroute

This is an advanced version of traceroute that identifies routers which could be load balancing on the path from the source to destination. It attempts to avoid triggering load balancing on the routers, wherever possible. Update the following configuration for IPv4/IPv6.

- **IP Address** - The IP address or host name to trace the route to.
- **Confidence Level (%)** – Select the confidence level. The allowed values are 90, 95, and 99, the default is 95.
- **Flow ID** – Select the flow identifier.
- **Max TTL** - The maximum time-to-live (number of hops) used in outgoing probe packets. The valid range is 1 – 255 and the default is 30.

Multi Path Traceroute   ✕

- Multipath trace route is an advanced version of traceroute.
- It identifies routers which could be doing load balancing, on the path from the source to destination and attempts to avoid triggering load balancing on the routers wherever possible.

	IPv4 IPv6
IP Address ❓	[_____]
Confidence Level (%) ❓	95 ▾
Flow ID ❓	udp-sport ▾
Max TTL ❓	30
	Run

✅ Command Execution succeeded.

Output

```
Run mtraceroute to 10.▨.▨.▨ - max-ttl: 30, flow-id: udp-sport, confidence: 95
0  root:  10.▨.▨.▨ (0.327461 ms)
1  10.▨.▨.▨:  10.▨.▨.▨ (0.372209 ms)
2  10.▨.▨.▨:  10.▨.▨.▨ (0.417439 ms)
3  10.3▨.▨.▨  172.▨.▨.▨ (254.571964 ms)
```

Using the FortiSwitch CLI

To use the CLI for a FortiSwitch unit:

1. Select **CLI** in the **Diagnostics and Tools** panel of the FortiSwitch unit.
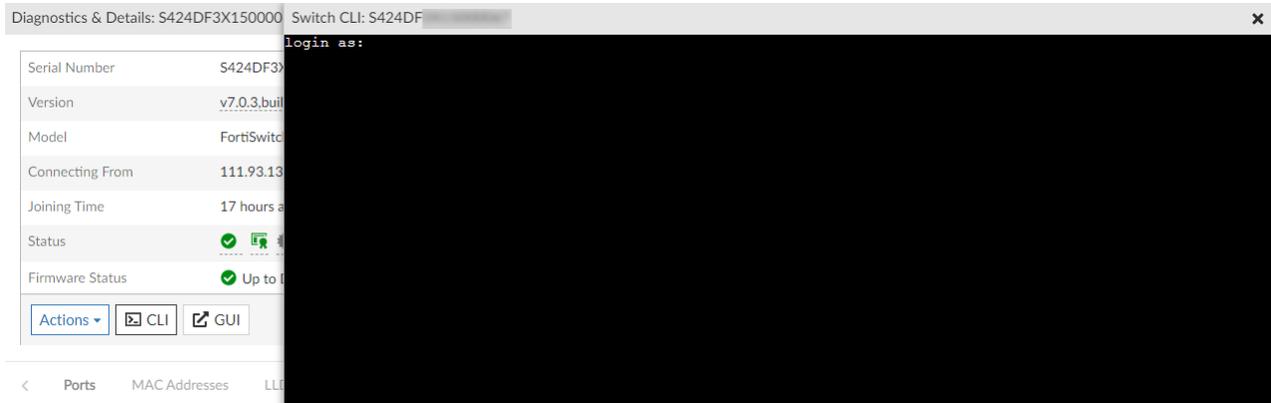
2. In the CLI window, log in with your credentials for the FortiSwitch unit.

Using the FortiSwitch GUI

To use the GUI for a FortiSwitch unit:

1. Select **GUI** in the **Diagnostics and Tools** panel of the FortiSwitch unit.
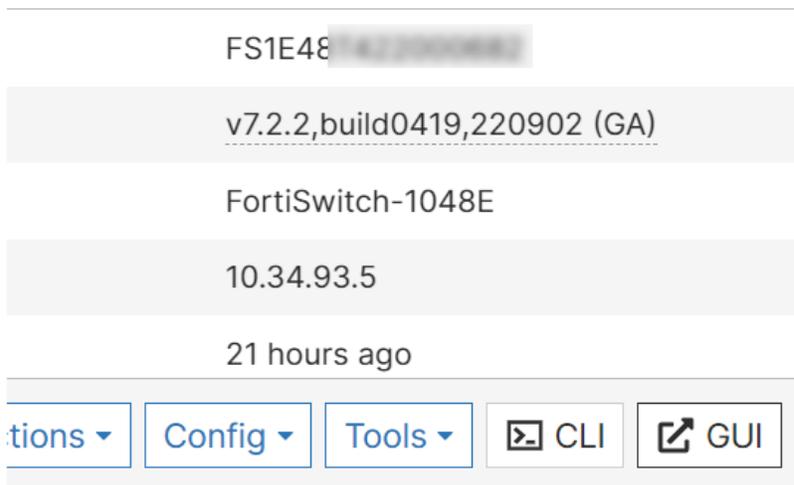
2. Log in with your credentials for the FortiSwitch unit.

Switch Inventory

The Switch Inventory tab automatically lists the FortiSwitch units registered in FortiCare. After you deploy a FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud, it is removed from the *Switch Inventory* pane and listed in the *Switches* pane (*Switch > Switches*). While deploying FortiSwitches, you can include the tags to apply.

The following information is displayed in the Switch Inventory pane:

- Serial number of the FortiSwitch unit
- IP address of the FortiSwitch unit
- An optional description of the FortiSwitch unit
- The FortiSwitch firmware version
- When the FortiSwitch unit was shipped
- When the FortiSwitch unit was registered in FortiCare
- When the FortiSwitch unit was last seen

To find a specific switch, enter part or all of the serial number in the Search field.

You can perform the following task from the Switch Inventory pane, see Deploying FortiSwitch device to a network on page 157

Configuration

Select *Configuration* to configure switches, ports, interfaces, VLANs, and remote authentication servers and to create zero-touch configurations, scheduled upgrades, packet capture profiles, VLAN templates, and user groups.

You can select the following options from the left pane:

- Zero Touch Configurations on page 178
- Scheduled Upgrade on page 193
- Configuration Backup/Restore on page 196
- Device Replacements
- Ports

Zero Touch Configurations

The Zero Touch Configurations pane allows you to apply the same configuration to all FortiSwitch units of a specific model.

	Applicable devices	Description ⬍	Firmware Version ⬍	Force Downgrade ⬍	Start Time ⬍	Status ⬍
☑	🖥 FortiSwitch-108D-VM			No	1 month ago	✔ Enabled
☐	🖥 FortiSwitch-1024D			No		✔ Enabled
☐	🖥 FortiSwitch-1024D			No		✔ Enabled

To find a specific tag, switch, model, or firmware version, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

Note: The switch configuration is retained when the switch is moved from the combined default network to a different network and vice versa; until the user/administrator apply new configuration in the related network.

You can perform the following tasks from the Zero Touch Configurations pane:

- Creating a zero-touch configuration on page 178
- Running a zero-touch configuration on page 190
- Editing a zero-touch configuration on page 191
- Deleting a zero-touch configuration on page 191

Creating a zero-touch configuration

You can create a zero-touch configuration using switch tags, FortiSwitch serial numbers, or a single FortiSwitch model. Zero-touch configurations are run on a scheduled date and time or when FortiSwitch units are deployed in FortiEdge Cloud. You can apply CLI commands or GUI configuration templates, update the firmware, or both.

1. Navigate to **Configuration > Zero Touch Configurations** and select **Add**.

Add Configuration		
Status 🛈	🔵	Enabled
Select by 🛈		**Tags** Switches Model
Tags		+
Exclude Switches 🛈		+
Description		
Run Template On 🛈		**New device (First seen)** Scheduled
Firmware Version		▼
Force Downgrade	⚪	Devices with higher versions will be skipped.
Proceed with ZTC on failure	🔵	Continue the ZTC process on failure of intermediate steps.
Re-sync on re-connect 🛈	🔵	

Switch Configuration 🛈		
Console Port 🛈	🔵	

2. Select **Tags**, **Switches**, or **Model**.
   - If you select **Tags**, select one or more switch tags to apply the zero-touch configuration to.
   - If you select **Switches**, select one or more FortiSwitch units.
     NOTE: Do not include the same switch or switches in both a zero-touch configuration and a scheduled upgrade.
   - If you select **Model**, select a FortiSwitch model to apply the zero-touch configuration to.
3. You can exclude specific FortiSwitches from the scheduled upgrade. Click **Exclude Switches** and select the entries.
4. Select when the configuration templates are applied to the devices. Click **Run Template On**.
   - If you select **New device (First seen)**, the firmware is upgraded and the configuration applied when FortiSwitch units are deployed in FortiEdge Cloud.
   - If you select **Scheduled**, select the date and time for the firmware to be upgraded and the configuration applied .
5. If you want to change the **Firmware Version**, select the firmware image to apply. The available firmware images and the latest version are listed.
6. Select **Force Downgrade** to forcefully downgrade newly deployed FortiSwitches.
7. Enable **Proceed with ZTC on Failure** to proceed with ZTC, bypassing intermediate failures (if any). If disabled, the ZTC process is halted in the event of an intermediate failure. For example, in case of a firmware failure, the CLI and GUI template configurations are not pushed to the FortiSwitch. This option is enabled by default; disable it if you want to halt the ZTC process in the event of any intermediate failures.
8. Enable the **Re-sync on re-connect** option to ensure that the ZTC template configuration is applied to the FortiSwitch, each time it re-connects to FortiEdge Cloud. When this option is enabled and the configuration is pushed, there is a cool-down period of 30 minutes; during this period the configuration is not applied and the FortiSwitch is allowed to re-connect to FortiEdge Cloud.
   Note: Ensure that the ZTC template does not contain any configuration that could potentially cause the FortiSwitch

to restart. This is to avoid the *reboot-config-push* loop.

9. You can enable/disable the console port from the FortiEdge Cloud GUI via the**Console Port Login**option. This feature is introduced to secure infrastructure in environments where physical security of the network cannot be completely controlled. You can now disable the console port of the FortiSwitch to maintain network integrity, by preventing un-authorized access to FortiSwitch, and, meeting compliance requirements for devices.

Configurations

You can create CLI and GUI configuration templates.

- CLI Configurations
- GUI Configurations

CLI Configurations

Enter the **CLI** commands to apply to the selected FortiSwitch model or create a CLI template. A CLI template has parameter names (placeholders) instead of static parameter values. The parameter names are resolved dynamically to their switch specific parameter values when the CLI template is applied to a switch, as defined in the NVP data; the variables ($param) are declared in the NVP and called in the CLI template. See Switch Name-Value Pairs on page 191. The parameter values are contained in braces. Enable **CLI Templating** to use configured templates. This example sets different values for *hostname* and *password* on multiple switches.

Configurations ⓘ		⬈
CLI GUI		

CLI Commands ⓘ	config system global set hostname "US_{hostname}" end

CLI Templating ⓘ ⬤

Refer to the *FortiSwitchOS CLI Reference* for available commands.

Note: You can enter 250 KB of CLI commands.

GUI Configurations

Create a **GUI** template, click **Add** and create the following template configurations.

- **VLAN** - Create template configurations to add a VLAN, modify an existing VLAN or delete a VLAN. To configure a template, see VLAN Templates on page 211.
- **Ports** - To configure the administrative status and PoE status of the FortiSwitch, see Ports on page 202.
- **Interfaces** - To configure interface VLANs, see Configuring interface VLANs on page 204.
- **Port Security** - To configure 802.1x/802.1x MAC based security, see Editing the port security on page 207.
- **Packet Capture** - To configure a packet capture profile, see Creating a packet capture profile on page 206. You can add a packet capture profile, modify an existing profile or delete a profile.

- **Trunk** - To configure a trunk, see Creating a trunk on page 204 . You can add a trunk, modify an existing trunk or delete a trunk.
- **IGMP** - To configure IGMP settings, see IGMP. You cannot modify **Action**.
- **System Interfaces** - You can configure physical and VLAN interfaces on a FortiSwitch, see System Interfaces.
- **Router** - Routing configuration is supported on FortiSwitches managed by FortiEdge Cloud. You canadd/modify the following configurations. Routing information and interfaces are monitored on the **RoutingTable** and **Link Monitor** pages. See Router.
- **LLDP** - To configure LLDP **Settings** and **Profile**, see LLDP. You cannot modify **Action** when configuring the LLDP settings.
- **ACL** - To configure ACL **Settings**, see ACL. You cannot modify **Action**.
- **Logging** - To configure external Syslog server for switch logs, see Logging. You cannot modify **Action**.

```
● ▼
VLAN
Ports
Interfaces
Port Security
Packet Capture
Trunk
IGMP
System Interface ▶
Router           ▶
LLDP             ▶
ACL              ▶
Logging
```
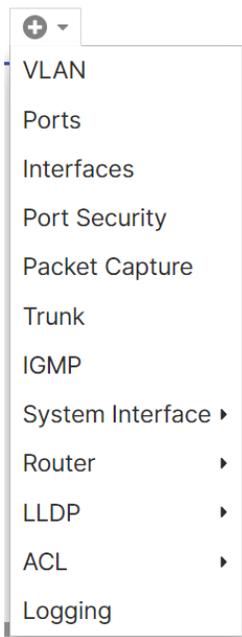
Additionally, you can export (save) the GUI and CLI configurations, edit and then import them to the GUI to facilitate reuse. Click on **Export** and **Import** as required; JSON file format is supported for both operations.

IGMP

Configure the following IGMP parameters.

Parameter	Description
Aging Time	The maximum time to retain a multicast snooping entry for which no packets are visible. The valid range is 15 - 3600 seconds.
Query Interval	The maximum time after which the IGMP query is sent. The valid range is 10 - 1200 seconds.
Proxy Report Interval	The unsolicited report interval time period. The valid range is 1 - 260 seconds.
Leave Response Timeout	The time that the FortiSwitch waits after sending group specific queries in response to the leave message. The valid range is 1 - 20 seconds.

System Interfaces

Configure the following parameters for the physical and VLAN interfaces.

Parameter	Description
Interface Name	Enter the name of the interface. Interface names can't be changed.
Alias	Enter an alternate name for a interface on the FortiSwitch unit.
VLAN ID	Enter the VLAN identifier for a VLAN interface.
IP Configuration	**Static** - Configure a static IP address and netmask of the interface. **DHCP** - Configure the interface to receive its IP address from an external DHCP server.
Administration	Indicates if the interface can be accessed for administrative purposes. If the administrative status is **Up**, an administrator can connect to the interface using the configured access. If the administrative status is **Down**, the interface is administratively down and can't be accessed for administrative purposes. Select the types of access permitted on this interface or secondary IP address.
Secondary IP	Add additional IP addresses to this interface. Select the expand arrow to expand or hide the section.
DHCP Relay	Enable/Disable DHCP relay for the physical interface.
VRRP	The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) uses virtual routers to control which physical routers are assigned to an access network. A VRRP group consists of a master router and one or more backup routers that share a virtual IP address. The VRRP master router sends VRRP advertisement messages to the backup routers. When the VRRP master router fails to send advertisement messages, the backup router with the highest priority takes over as the master router. To create a VRRP group, you need to create a VRRP virtual MAC address, which is a shared MAC address adopted by the VRRP master. • Enter the unique virtual router identifier (ID). • Enter the VRRP group number. • Enter the priority. If the highest priority value of 255 is entered, the virtual router becomes the master router. If the master router fails, the VRRP automatically assigns one of the backup routers without affecting network traffic. When the failed router is functioning again, it becomes the master router again. • Select Preempt if you want the router to preempt the master virtual router if the priority changes. • Enter the source virtual IP address that will be shared across the VRRP group.

Router

Configure the following routing information.

Parameter	Description
Static and IPv6 Static	To provide remote access to the management port, configure an IPv4 or IPv6 static route. Set the gateway address to the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the router. Configure the following for IPv4 static route. • The *Destination IP/ Netmask* for the route. • Enable *Blackhole* to disable all the Gateway options. • The pre-configured *Gateway out interface*. • Enable *Dynamic Gateway* to disable the Gateway option. • The *Gateway* router IPv4 address. Configure the following for IPv6 static route. • The *Destination IP/ Netmask* for the route. • Enable *Blackhole* to disable all the Gateway options. • The pre-configured *Gateway out interface*. • The *Gateway* router IPv6 address. • The administrative *Distance* for all routes. • Enable the *BFD* (Bidirectional Forwarding Detection).
Link Probes	You can create a probe to monitor the link to a server. The FortiEdge Cloud sends periodic ping messages to test that the server is available. • The *Source Interface*. Can be the physical or VLAN interface name. • The *Protocol* to detect the server. Select ARP or ping. • The *Source IP* address used in packet to the server. • The *Gateway IP* address used to ping the server. You can configure the following **Advanced Settings**. • *Detection Interval (Seconds)* - The detection interval in seconds. The range is 1-3600. • *Detection Timeout (Seconds)* - The detection request timeout in seconds. The range is 1-255. • *Retries Before Down* - The number of retry attempts before bringing the server down. • *Retries Before Up* - The number of retry attempts before bringing the server up.
OSPF	Open shortest path first (OSPF) is a link-state interior routing protocol that is widely used in large enterprise organizations. OSPF provides routing within a single autonomous system (AS). • Enter the *Router IP* address. • Enable *Default Information Originate* to generate and advertise a default route into the device's RIP-enabled networks. The generated route may be based on routes learned through a dynamic routing protocol, routes in the routing table, or both. • Enter the *Default Information Metric* for routing. • If you want to *Redistribute* non-RIP routes, select *Enable* under Connected, Static, OSPF, BGP, or ISIS. If you select *Enable*, enter the routing metric to use. • An OSPF implementation consists of one or more *Areas*. An area consists of a group of contiguous networks. The FortiSwitch unit supports different types

Parameter	Description
	of areas—*stub* areas, Not So Stubby areas (*NSSA*), and *Regular* areas. A stub area is an interface without a default route configured. NSSA is a type of stub area that can import AS external routes and send them to the backbone but cannot receive AS external routes from the backbone or other areas. All other areas are considered regular areas. • Enter a unique value to identify this *Network* configuration. Enter an IP address and netmask for your RIP network. You can configure multiple networks. • Configure ODPF *Interface*. In the *Hello Interval* field, enter the number of seconds that the FortiSwitch unit waits between sending hello messages to neighboring PIM routers. If you want to use *Authentication*, select *Text*, *MD5*, or *None*. • Enable *Bidirectional Forwarding Detection* • Configure the interface *Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)* packet size. • Enable *Fast Hello*, which provides a way to send multiple hello packets per second. • Configure the *Hello Interval*. OSPF Hello protocol is used to discover and maintain communications with neighboring routers. Hello packets are sent out at a regular interval. • The *Dead interval* is the time other routers wait before declaring a neighbor dead (offline).
RIP	The Routing Information Protocol (RIP) is a distance-vector routing protocol that works best in small networks that have no more than 15 hops. Each router maintains a routing table by sending out its routing updates and by asking neighbors for their routes. • The FortiSwitch unit supports RIP version 1 and RIP version 2. • RIP version 1 uses classful addressing and broadcasting to send out updates to router neighbors. It does not support different sized subnets or classless inter-domain routing (CIDR) addressing. • RIP version 2 supports classless routing and subnets of various sizes. Router authentication supports MD5 and authentication keys. Version 2 uses multicasting to reduce network traffic. • Enable *Default Information Originate* to generate and advertise a default route into the device's RIP-enabled networks. The generated route may be based on routes learned through a dynamic routing protocol, routes in the routing table, or both. • Enable *Bidirectional Forwarding Detection* to quickly locate hardware failures in the network. Routers running BFD communicate with each other, and, if a timer runs out on a connection, that router is declared to be down. BFD then communicates this information to RIP, and the routing information is updated. • Enter the *Default Metric*. RIP uses hop count as the metric for choosing the best route. A hop count of 1 represents a network that is connected directly to the FortiSwitch unit. A hop count of 16 represents a network that cannot be reached.

Parameter	Description

	• If you want to change the default *Timers* value, enter the number of seconds in the *Update*, *Timeout*, and *Garbage* fields.
	  • The update timer determines the interval between routing updates. The default setting is 30 seconds.
	  • The timeout timer is the maximum time that a route is considered reachable while no updates are received for the route. The default setting is 180 seconds. The timeout timer setting should be at least three times longer than the update timer setting.
	  • The garbage timer is the is the how long that the FortiSwitch unit advertises a route as being unreachable before deleting the route from the routing table. The default setting is 120 seconds.
	• If you want to *Redistribute* non-RIP routes, select *Enable* under Connected, Static, OSPF, BGP, or ISIS. If you select *Enable*, enter the routing metric to use.
	• Configure the router *Distance*. Enter the distance identifier in the *ID* field and select the *Access List*. Enter the IP address and netmask.
	• Enter a unique value to identify this *Network* configuration. Enter an IP address and netmask for your RIP network. You can configure multiple networks.
	• Configure RIP for the appropriate *Interface*. If you want to change the RIP version used to send and receive routing updates, select from the *Send Version* and *Receive Version* drop-down menus. If you do not want to send RIP updates from this interface, select *Passive Interface*. If you want to use *Authentication*, select *Text* or *None*.

Multicast	A FortiSwitch unit can operate as a Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) version-2 router. Add a multicast enabled interface. • Enter the *Multicast Flow* value. • In the *Hello Interval* field, enter the number of seconds that the FortiSwitch unit waits between sending hello messages to neighboring PIM routers. • In the *Designated Router Priority* field, enter a priority to the FortiSwitch unit Designated Router (DR) candidacy. The value is compared to that of other DR interfaces connected to the same network segment, and the router having the highest DR priority is selected to be the DR. If two DR priority values are the same, the interface having the highest IP address is selected. • In the *IGMP Response Time* field, enter the number of seconds between queries to IGMP hosts. • In the *IGMP Interval* field, enter the maximum number of seconds to wait for an IGMP query response.
Multicast Flows	You can specify a range of multicast group addresses when configuring a multicast flow. • Enter the *Name* of the multicast flow. • In the *ID* field, enter a number between 1 and 4294967295 to identify the multicast flow entry. • In the *Group Address* field, enter the multicast group IPv4 address. • In the *Source Address* field, enter an IPv4 address for the multicast source.

LLDP

Configure the following LLDP **Settings**.

Parameter	Description
Status	Enable/Disable the LLDP transmit and receive feature.
Management Interface	The primary management interface advertised in LLDP.
Number of TX intervals before local LLDP data expires	The number of Tx intervals before local LLDP data expires, that is, the packet TTL (in seconds) is tx-hold times tx-interval. The valid range is 1 - 16.
Frequency of LLDP PDU transmit (seconds)	The frequency of LLDP PDU transmission. The valid range is 5 - 4095.
Fast Start	The frequency of LLDP PDU transmit for the first 4 packets when the link comes up. Configure the **Fast Start Interval**, the valid range is 2 - 5 seconds.
Device Detection	Enable/disable dynamic updates of LLDP neighbour devices to FortiLink.

Configure the following LLDP **Profile** parameters.

Parameter	Description
Profile Name	A unique name of the Profile. The valid range is 63 characters.
Transmitted IEEE 802.1 TLVs. (Port VLAN ID)	Enable to transmit the IEEE 802.1 port native-VLAN Type-Length-Value (TLV).
Transmitted IEEE 802.3 TLVs.	Enable to transmit the IEEE 802.3 organizationally-specific TLVs. The following options are available, you can select more than one. • **Maximum frame size TLV** - This TLV sends the maximum frame size value of the port. If this variable is changed, the sent value will reflect the updated value. • **PoE+ classification TLV** - This TLV sends whether there is software PoE negotiation on the port. • **Efficient Energy Ethernet Config** - This TLV sends whether energy-efficient Ethernet is enabled on the port. If this variable is changed, the sent value will reflect the updated value.
Auto MCLAG inter chassis link	Enable the multi-chassis link aggregation group (MCLAG).
Enable/disable automatic Inter-Switch LAG	Enable or disable the automatic inter-switch LAG. • **Automatic ISL Hello Timer** - The time for the automatic inter-switch LAG hello timer. The valid range is 1 - 30 seconds and the default is 3 seconds. • **Automatic ISL timeout** - The time before the automatic inter-switch LAG times out if no response is received. The valid range is 0 - 300 seconds and the default is 60 seconds. • **Automatic inter-switch LAG port group** - The automatic inter-switch LAG port group identifier. The valid range is 0 - 9.
Transmitted LLDP-MED TLVs	Select the LLDP-Media Endpoint Discovery (MED) TLVs to transmit; **Inventory Managment TLVs, Network Policy TLVs, Power Management TLV**, and **Location Identification TLVs**. You can select one or more option.

Parameter	Description
MED Network Policy	Enter the following for MED network policy. • **Name** - Select which MED network policy type-length-value (TLV) category to edit; **Voice, Voice Signalling, Guest Voice, Guest Voice Signalling, Softphone Voice, Video Conferencing, Streaming video, Video Signalling**. • **Status** - Enable or disable whether this TLV is transmitted. • **Assign VLAN** - Enable or disable whether to assign a VLAN interface. • **VLAN** - The VLAN interface to advertise. The valid range is 0 - 4094. • **Priority** - Tthe advertised Layer-2 priority. The valid range is 0 - 7, set to 7 for the highest priority. • **DSCP** - The advertised DSCP value to indicate the level of service requested for the traffic. The valid range is 0 - 63.
MED location Service	Enter the following for MED location services. • **Name** – Select which MED location type-length-value (TLV) category to edit; **Civic Address**, **Co-ordinates**, **ELIN Number**. • **Status** – Enable or disable whether this TLV is transmitted. • **Sys Location ID** – If the status is enabled then you can enter the location service identifier. The maximum length is 63 characters.
Custom TLVs	Enter the following for custom TLVs. • **Name** - The name of a custom TLV entry. • **Oui** – The organizationally unique identifier (OUI), a 3-byte hexadecimal number, for this TLV. • **Subtype** – The organizationally defined subtype. The valid range is 0 – 255. • **Information String** – The organizationally defined information string in hexadecimal bytes.

ACL

Configure the following ACL **Settings**.

Parameter	Description
Density Mode	Enable the ACL density mode.
Trunk Load Balance	Enable trunk load balancing.

To configure **Ingress** (for incoming traffic), **Egress** (for outgoing traffic), and **Preelookup** (for processing traffic) policies, update the following parameters.

Parameter	Description
ID	A unique identifier for this profile. The valid range is 1 - 2048.
Active	Enable to activate the profile.
Group ID	A unique group identifier. The valid range is 1 - 2048.
Ingress Interface All	Enable to apply the profile to all interfaces.

Parameter	Description
Ingress Interface	The specific interfaces to apply the profile to.
Schedule	The schedule for when the ACL profile is enforced.
Description	The description for the profile.
Classifier - Identification of packets that the policy is applied to, each packet is classified based on one or more criteria as per these configurations.	
VLAN ID to be matched	The VLAN identifier to match.
Cost of Service	The cost of service (CoS) value to match. The valid range is 0 - 7, leave blank to disable this field.
802.1Q CoS value to be matched	The 802.1Q CoS value to match. The valid range is 0 - 7, leave blank to disable this field.
Ethernet type to be matched	The Ethernet type to match. The valid range is 1-65535.
ACL Custom Service to be matched	The pre-configured custom service type to match.
Source MAC	The source MAC address to match.
Destination MAC	The destination MAC address to match.
Source IP Prefix	The source IP address to match (IPv4 only).
Destination IP Prefix	The destination IP address to match IPv4 only).
Action - If a packet matches the classifier criteria for a given ACL, different actions are applied to a packet based on these configurations.	
Count	Enable to track the number of matching packets.
Drop	Enable to drop matching packets.
Mirror Session Name	The name of the mirror to use collect packets to analyze.
Redirect Bcast Cpu	Enable to redirect broadcast traffic to all ports including the CPU.
Redirect Bcast No Cpu	Enable to redirect broadcast traffic to all ports excluding the CPU.
Outer VLAN Tag	The outer VLAN tag.
CoS Queue	The CoS queue number. The valid range is 0 - 7, leave blank to disable this field.
Remark CoS	The CoS marking value. The valid range is 0 - 7, leave blank to disable this field.
CPU COS queue number(17 - 25). Only if packets reach to CPU	The CPU CoS queue number. This CoS queue is only used if the packets reach the CPU. The valid range is 17 - 25.
Remark DSCP	The DSCP marking value. The valid range is 0 - 63, leave blank to disable this field.
Redirect Interface	The redirect interface to use.

Parameter	Description
Redirect Physical Port	The physical ports to include in the egress mask or to redirect packets to.
Egress Mask Interface	The physical ports that are included in the egress mask.
Policer ID	The policer ID to use.

To configure the **Policer**, update the following parameters. You can add, modify, or delete an existing policer.

Parameter	Description
ID	A unique number to identify this policer. The valid range is 1-2048.
Type	Whether the policer is for the egress policy or the ingress policy.
Guaranteed Bandwidth	The amount of bandwidth guaranteed (in Kb/second) to be available for traffic controlled by the policy. The valid range is 1-524287000 Kb.
Guaranteed Burst	The guaranteed burst size in bytes. The valid range is 1-4294967295 bytes.
Maximum Burst	The maximum burst size in bytes. The valid range is 1-4294967295 bytes.
Description	A description of the policer.

To configure the **Custom Service**, update the following parameters. You can add, modify, or delete an existing policer.

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the ACL custom service.
Comment	A description of the custom service.
Color	The icon color for the service in the Service page.
Protocol	The protocol to use with the custom service, **TCP**, **ICMP**, **IP**, **UDP**, or **SCTP**. • **Port Range** - [TCP, UDP, or SCTP] The destination ports and source ports. You can enter a single port or a range of ports in each field. • **Protocol Number** - [IP] The protocol number. • **ICMP Type/ICMP Code** - [ICMP] The ICMP type and code.The valid range is 0 - 254.

Logging

Configure the following external Syslog server parameters.

Parameter	Description
Event Types	The types of log messages sent to the Syslog server. You can enable logging activity messages for the following categories. • Link • PoE • Router • Spanning Tree • Switch

Parameter	Description
	• Switch Controller • System • User • FOS Legacy
Syslog Severity	Select the least severity level to log from the following options. • Emergency - The system is unusable. • Alert - Immediate action is required. • Critical - Functionality is affected. • Error - An erroneous condition exists and functionality is probably affected. • Warning - Functionality might be affected. • Notification - Information about normal events. • Information - General information about system operations. • Debug - Information used for diagnosing or debugging the system.
Syslog Server	Update the following Syslog server parameters. • Server - The IPv4 address or hostname (FQDN) of the remote Syslog server. • Port - The port number of Syslog server. The valid range is 1-65535 and the default is 514. • Source IP - The source IPv4 address of the Syslog server. • CSV - To enable/disable CSV.

Running a zero-touch configuration

By default, a zero-touch configuration is disabled. After you enable the zero-touch configuration, the CLI/GUI configurations that were entered in the Add Zero Touch Configuration dialog box are run once on all FortiSwitch units of the specified model when they connect to FortiEdge Cloud for the first time or at the scheduled time and date.

To enable a zero-touch configuration, select the row of the zero-touch configuration that you want to run and click **Edit**; enable the configuration status.

Edit Configuration

Status   🔵 Enabled

Select by ⓘ | Tags | Switches | Model |

Click Update and select the row of the zero-touch configuration. Click **Run**.

	Applicable devices	Description ⇕	Firmware Version ⇕	Force Downgrade ⇕	Start Time ⇕	Status ⇕
☑	🏷 n2			No		✅ Enabled

Editing a zero-touch configuration

Select the row for the zero-touch configuration that you want to edit and click **Edit**. Make your changes and **Update** to save them.

Edit Configuration	
Status	⬤ Enabled
Select by ⓘ	Tags Switches Model
Tags	🏷 n2 ✕
	+
Exclude Switches ⓘ	+
Description	
Run Template On ⓘ	New device (First seen) Scheduled
Firmware Version	☰ None ▼
Force Downgrade	⬤ Devices with higher versions will be skipped.
Proceed with ZTC on failure	⬤ Continue the ZTC process on failure of intermediate steps.
Re-sync on re-connect ⓘ	⬤

Update   Cancel

Deleting a zero-touch configuration

Select the row of the zero-touch configuration that you want to delete and click **Delete**. Select *Yes* to delete the zero-touch configuration.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete selected (1) entries?

Yes   No

Switch Name-Value Pairs

The zero-touch configuration CLI templates allow switch specific parameter values, each switch can have its own name-value pairs (NVPs). The NVPs for switches are defined in the **Deployed Switches** page (before deployment) or in the **Switch Inventory** page (after deployment). The switch specific NVPs are defined once and used across multiple zero-touch configuration templates.

1. Click **NVP**, the **Inventory Switch Name Value Pairs (NVP) List** is displayed.
2. Click **Add**.

3. Select the **Switch** serial number.
4. Enter a unique **Parameter Name**. This value is case-insensitive and a maximum of 512 characters are allowed.
5. Enter a unique **Parameter Value**. This value is case-insensitive and a maximum of 2048 characters are allowed.

Note: A maximum of 1024 NVPs per switch are allowed.

FortiEdge Cloud supports the import and export of NVP data in the CSV format. This is useful for bulk data addition/updation and backup/restoration of data. Click **Import** to upload the NVP data, the following is a sample CSV file.

```
sn, hostname, password
S548DF5019000917, FSW_NYC_1, fortinyc1
S548DF5019000918, FSW_NYC_2, fortinyc2
```

The maximum file size is supported in 2 MB.

You can edit the data in the content field after upload and additionally populate/modify the following.

- **Column Name for Serial Number**: Identifies the column in the CSV file that represents the device serial number.
- **Column Names**: Identifies the columns in the CSV file to import selectively. By default, all columns are imported. The **Column Name for Serial Number** is implicitly included.
- **Delimiter character**: A single character field specifying the character used to separate fields.

- **Quotation Character**: A single character field specifying the character used to surround values, especially when they contain the delimiter character.
- **Trim Values**: Specifies whether to strip values of leading and trailing white spaces while parsing.
- **Duplicate Action Row**: Whether a duplicate row (data line) is ignored or overwritten.

Likewise, click **Export** to save NVP data.

- **Column Name for Serial Number**: Identifies the column name to export for the specific switch.
- **Column (Parameter) Names (Comma Separated)**: A comma-separated list of NVP parameter names to export. If not specified then only the serial number column is exported.
- **Delimiter Character** and **Quotation Characters** are single character fields, when not specified, they default to comma and double-quote respectively.
- **Trim Values**: Specifies whether to strip values of leading and trailing white spaces while parsing.

Click **Download Sample CSV** to download a sample *.csv* file populated with actual FortiSwitch serial numbers. You can select the required serial numbers and modify the column data to include NVPs for FortiSwitches and then import it.

Scheduled Upgrade

The Scheduled Upgrade pane allows you to specify when firmware for the already deployed FortiSwitch will be upgraded. You can schedule firmware upgrades during off-peak hours and stagger the upgrade times for each FortiSwitch model to lower the impact on the network.

To find a specific switch or tag, enter part or all of the switch or tag name in the Search field.

You can perform the following tasks from the Scheduled Upgrade pane:

- Scheduling a firmware upgrade on page 194
- Editing a scheduled upgrade on page 196
- Deleting a scheduled upgrade on page 196

Scheduling a firmware upgrade

NOTE: Do not include the same switch or switches in both a zero-touch configuration and a scheduled upgrade.

To specify when the FortiSwitch firmware will be upgraded:

1. Go to *Configuration > Scheduled Upgrade*.
2. Select *Add Scheduled Upgrade*.

3. Select *Tags*, *Switches*, or *Models*.

4. Select 🔍 to choose one or more switch tags or choose one or more FortiSwitch units.
   NOTE: Only switches of the same model as the selected firmware image are upgraded.
5. Select the date and time when you want the firmware upgraded.
6. Select the firmware version to apply.
   The available firmware images and the latest version are listed. Click the help link, *Release Notes*, to learn about the available versions.
7. Select *Force Downgrade* to forcefully downgrade newly deployed FortiSwitches.
8. The **Backup Switch Config before Upgrade** option enables you to backup the FortiSwitch configuration prior to the upgrade.
9. Select *Ok*.
   The scheduled upgrade is listed on the Scheduled Upgrade pane and the Scheduled Upgrade Status pane. You can also view the upgrade status on the **Diagnostics & Details** panel in the FortiSwitch status.
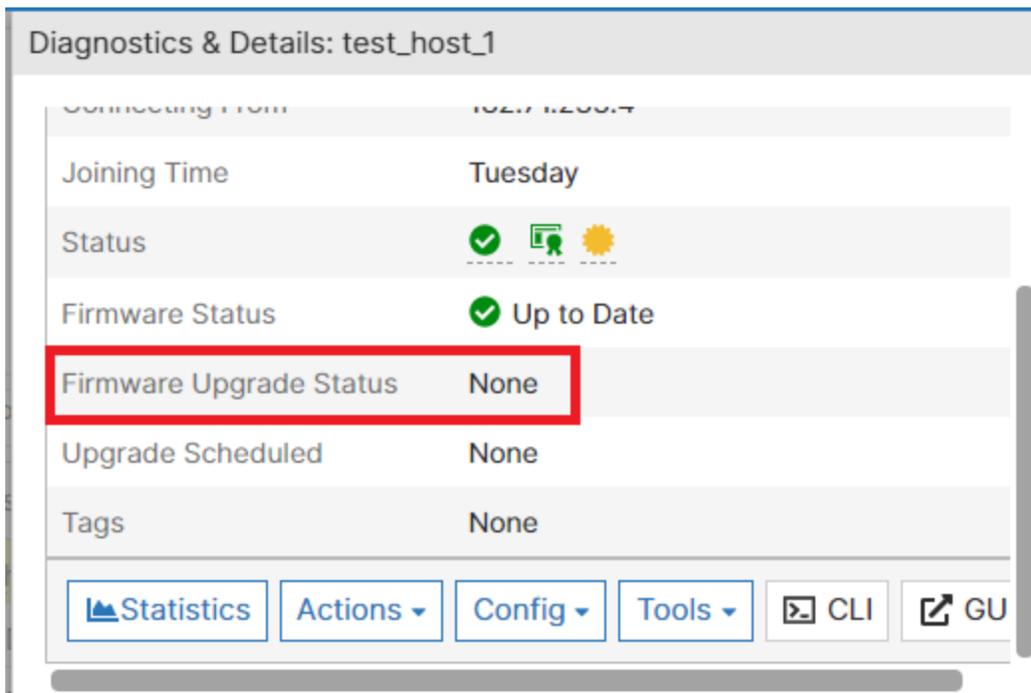
Editing a scheduled upgrade

To edit a scheduled upgrade:

1. Select a scheduled upgrade configuration row and click **Edit**.

Edit Scheduled Upgrade Configuration	
Apply to All	◉
Filter by Model	◯
Filter by Tag	◯
Filter by Device	◯
Schedule Date	14-09-2023 15:22
Target Firmware Version	Latest Version Available ▼
Force Downgrade	◉
Backup Switch Config before Upgrade	◉
Description	
Config Status	◯

2. Make your changes in the **Edit Scheduled Upgrade Configuration** dialog box.
3. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Deleting a scheduled upgrade

To delete a scheduled upgrade:

1. Select the scheduled upgrade configuration row and click **Delete**.
2. Select *Yes* to delete the scheduled upgrade.

Configuration Backup/Restore

The **Configuration Backup/Restore** pane allows you to edit an imported configuration file and to manage saved configuration files.

Updated Time ⇕	Host Name ⇕	Model ⇕	Comment ⇕	Type
2022/11/25 15:27:07	✕ S248EFTF18000280	S248EF	S248EFTF18000280_SU_20221125095707_...	Scheduled
2022/11/14 12:22:44	✕ FS1E48T422000682	FortiSwitch_1048E	manual	Manual
2022/11/14 12:21:23	✕ FS1E48T422000682	FortiSwitch_1048E	New: FS1E48T422000682_SU_2022101106...	Manual

Toolbar: ⬆ Import | 🗐 View | 🗐 Clone | 🗑 Delete | ⬇ Download | ↻ Restore | 🔍 Search | 🏷 Filter By Tags

To find a specific model, host name, or comment, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

Note: Only 7 scheduled backup files are retained per device.

To backup a configuration file, see section Backing up the FortiSwitch configuration to FortiEdge Cloud on page 167and to schedule a backup, see section Switch on page 295

You can perform the following tasks from the Config Backup/Restore pane:

- Importing and editing a configuration file
- Viewing a configuration file
- Cloning a configuration file on page 199
- Deleting a configuration file on page 200
- Downloading a configuration file to your computer
- Restoring a configuration file to a FortiSwitch unit on page 201

Importing and editing a configuration file

After you download the configuration file from one FortiSwitch unit, you can then import and edit it.

To import and edit a configuration file:

1. Select *Import*.

Import from local config file

Upload	Select local config file Choose File No file chosen
Config	Please edit the config content uploaded:
Model	Please select the model you want to clone to: FortiSwitch_1048E ▾
Switch	Please select the serial number to the device you want to clone t FS1E4 ▾
Comment	

Import

2. Select *Choose File*, navigate to the downloaded configuration file, and select *Open*.
3. If you want to edit the configuration file, enter your changes.
4. If you want to use the configuration file on a different FortiSwitch model, select the FortiSwitch model from the drop-down list.
5. If you want to use the configuration file on a different FortiSwitch unit, select the FortiSwitch serial number from the drop-down list.
6. Enter a description of your changes.
7. Select *Import*.
   The edited configuration file is listed in the Config Backup/Restore pane.

Viewing a configuration file

To open a configuration file, select a configuration file and click **View**.

Details of config command

```
#config-version=S248EF-6.04-FW-build488-210924:opmode=0:vdom=0:user=FortiCloud
#conf_file_ver=4463562920390902504
#buildno=0488
#global_vdom=1
config system global
    set 802.1x-ca-certificate "Fortinet_802.1x_CA"
    set 802.1x-certificate "Fortinet_802.1x"
    set admin-concurrent enable
    set admin-https-pki-required disable
    set admin-https-ssl-versions tlsv1-1 tlsv1-2 tlsv1-3
    set admin-lockout-duration 60
    set admin-lockout-threshold 3
    set admin-port 80
    set admin-scp disable
    set admin-server-cert "Fortinet_Firmware"
    set admin-sport 443
    set admin-ssh-grace-time 120
    set admin-ssh-port 22
    set admin-ssh-v1 disable
    set admin-telnet-port 23
    set admintimeout 5
    set alertd-relog disable
    set allow-subnet-overlap disable
    set arp-timeout 180
```

Cloning a configuration file

When you clone a configuration file from one FortiSwitch unit, you can edit the clone and then apply it on a different FortiSwitch unit.

To clone a configuration file:

1. Select the configuration file that you want to clone and click **Clone**.

Clone

Switch	Please select the serial number of the device you want to clone to:
	✕ S248EFTF ▼
Config	Please edit the config content:
	#config-version=S248EF-6.04-FW-build488-210924:opmode=0:vdom=0:user=FortiCloud
Comment	New: S248EFTF18000280_SU_20221125095707_UTC

2. Select the serial number of the FortiSwitch unit that you want to use the edited configuration file on.
3. Make the changes to the configuration file.
4. Enter a description of your changes.
5. Select *Ok*.
   The clone is listed in the Config Backup/Restore pane.

Deleting a configuration file

To delete a configuration file:

1. Select configuration file that you want to delete and click **Delete**.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this entry?

| Yes | No |
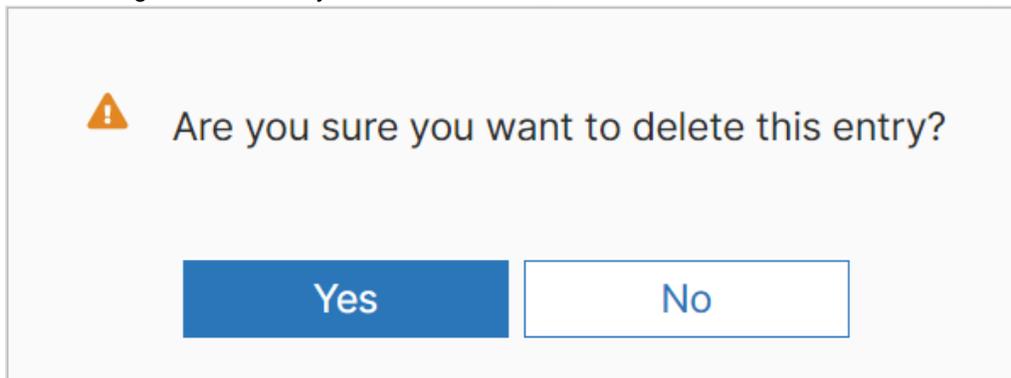
2. Select *Yes* to delete the configuration file.

Downloading a configuration file to your computer

To download a configuration file from FortiEdge Cloud to your computer, select row of the configuration file that you want to download, click **Download**. The configuration file is saved as a `.txt` file.

Restoring a configuration file to a FortiSwitch unit

You can apply a configuration file that you saved to FortiEdge Cloud to a FortiSwitch unit.

To apply a configuration:

1. Select the row of the configuration that you want to apply and click **Restore**.

> ⚠ **Note:**
>
> A. Please ensure that the configuration to restore is a full configuration and not a partial one. That is the configuration is not significantly edited after taking the backup. Partial switch configurations can halt the switch in this restore full configuration operation.
>
> B. Please note that the switch will reboot after this configuration is restored.
>
> Please click "Continue" if you wish to proceed with restore the configuration.
>
> [Continue] [Cancel]

2. Select *Continue* to apply the configuration file to the host name in the same row as the configuration file.

Device Replacements

You can replace FortiSwitch inventory devices just as the deployed devices, and the replacement FortiSwitch is not required to be online, when the replacement process is implemented. Navigate to **Switch > Configuration > Device Replacements** to create a FortiSwitch replacement configuration entry. A maximum of 255 entries (per network) can exist. When such a replacement entry is created, the replacement process deploys the FortiSwitch (in case of inventory) and initiates the firmware upgrade and CLI configuration transfer immediately.

Add Device Replacement Configuration

Switch ⓘ	✕ S108DVTA19000602 ▼
Replacement Switch ⓘ	[ ] **Select**
Description	[ ]
Upgrade / Downgrade new replacement switch	**No Upgrade / Downgrade** Upgrade / Downgrade To Same Upgrade / Downgrade To Specific Version
Configuration to Apply ⓘ	[ ] **Select**
Apply Advanced Feature License ⓘ	⊘
Update all configuration for this replacement process ⓘ	⬤
Undeploy the old switch being replaced after process ⓘ	⬤

- **Switch** - The FortiSwitch to be replaced.
- **Replacement Switch** - The replacement FortiSwitch that can be a deployed or an inventory device with an advanced management license.
- **Upgrade / Downgrade new replacement switch** - Select the version preference for the replacement FortiSwitch.
- **Configuration to Apply** - The configuration to apply to the replacement FortiSwitch. Ensure that at least one configuration backup is available from the FortiSwitch being replaced. If not, then use the option to backup the full configuration. The configuration selected here alone is applied to the replacement FortiSwitch.
  Note: The ZTC GUI configuration is not applied.
- **Apply Advanced Feature License** - The advanced feature license is applied to the replacement FortiSwitch. You are required to proved the license key.
- **Update all configuration for this replacement process** - If enabled, then all configurations will have the serial number of the replacing FortiSwitch, wherever the replaced FortiSwitch serial number is present.
- **Undeploy This Switch after Process** - If enabled, then the FortiSwitch being replaced is un-deployed and all configurations are deleted.

Ports

The Ports pane allows you to change the administrative status and PoE status of one or more FortiSwitch ports. See Configuring FortiSwitch ports.

▤ View Ports	🔍 Search		🏷 Filter By Tags
Host Name ⇕	**Status ⇕**	**Ports**	
✕ S524DF▓▓▓▓▓▓	✓ Online	31 ports	
✕ RMA-kks	✓ Online	29 ports	
✕ MV_Desk	✓ Online	53 ports	

To view ports associated with a FortiSwitch unit, click **View Ports**.

To find a specific FortiSwitch unit, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

To filter the list of FortiSwitch units by tag, select **Filter By Tags** and the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that contain the search term *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

Configuring FortiSwitch ports

To configure FortiSwitch ports:

1. Select the FortiSwitch unit that you want to configure and click **View Ports**.

Ports							✕
🔧 Configure Ports 🔍 Search							
Port Name ⇕	Admin Status ⇕	Link Status ⇕	Speed ⇕	Speed Config ⇕	Admin POE Status ⇕	POE St
internal	⬆ Up	⬆ Up	1000Mbps full-duplex	auto	✅ Enabled	
port1	⬆ Up	⬇ Down		auto	✅ Enabled	🔍 Se
port2	⬆ Up	⬇ Down		auto	✅ Enabled	🔍 Se

2. Select the port that you want to change and click **Configure Ports**.

Configure Ports	✕

Admin Status 🔵 **Up** Down

PoE Status 🔵 **Enable** Disable

➖ Selected Ports

Switch	Hostname	Port	Admin Status	PoE Status
S524DF▓▓▓▓▓	S524DF▓▓▓▓▓	internal	Enabled	Enabled

3. Select *up* or *down* in the Admin Status drop-down list.
4. Select *enable* or *disable* in the PoE Status drop-down list.
   NOTE: If you select ports from more than one FortiSwitch unit, the PoE Status drop-down list is not displayed.
5. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Interfaces

The Interfaces pane lists all interfaces for each managed FortiSwitch unit.

🔳 View Interface 🔍 Search		🏷 Filter By Tags
Host Name ⇕	Interfaces	
✖ S524DF▓▓▓▓▓	31 ports	
✖ RMA-kks	29 ports	

To find a specific FortiSwitch unit, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

To filter the list of FortiSwitch units by tag, select **Filter By Tags** and the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find host names that contain the search term *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

Select the host name and click **View Interface** to see more information about each FortiSwitch unit.

You can perform the following tasks from the Interfaces pane:

- Configuring interface VLANs
- Creating a trunk
- Creating a packet capture profile
- Editing the port security

Configuring interface VLANs

To configure an interface VLAN:

1. Select a FortiSwitch unit that you want to configure and click **View Interface**.
2. Select the interfaces that you want to configure and click **Config Interface VLANs**.

Config Interface VLANs

Native VLAN ID	1
Allowed VLAN IDs	
Untagged VLAN IDs	

Selected Intefaces

Switch	Interface
S524DF5019000138	internal

3. Enter the VLAN identifiers for the native VLAN, allowed VLANs, and untagged VLANs. Separate the identifiers with a comma.
4. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Creating a trunk

NOTE: You cannot include an internal interface or a port that is already a member of another trunk in a new trunk.

To create a trunk:

1. Select a FortiSwitch unit that you want to configure and click **View Interface**.
2. Select the interfaces that you want to include in the trunk and click **Create Trunk**.

Add

Switch	⚡ S108DVTM22005747 ▼
Members	+
	Value is required.

Configure

Trunk Interface Name	
Description	
Port Selection Criteria	src-dst-ip ▼
Mode	lacp-active ▼
McLAG ⓘ	None McLAG McLAG-ICL

3. Enter a name for the new trunk in the Trunk Interface Name field.
   Avoid using special characters, such as <, >, (,), #, ', and ".
4. (Optional) Add a description of the trunk in the Description field.
5. Select the port selection criteria:
   - *dst-ip*—destination IP address
   - *dst-mac*—destination MAC address
   - *src-dst-ip*—source or destination IP address
   - *src-dst-ip-xor16*—source and destination IP address
   - *src-dst-mac*—source or destination MAC address
   - *src-ip*—source IP address
   - *src-mac*—source MAC address
6. Select the mode:
   - *lacp-active*—active LACP
   - *lacp-passive*—passive LACP
   - *static*—static link aggregation
7. Select *McLAG* if you want to create an MCLAG.
   You cannot select both *McLAG* and *McLAG-ICL* for a trunk.
8. Select *McLAG-ICL* if you are creating an ICL for an MCLAG.
   Only one MCLAG-ICL trunk can be configured for each managed FortiSwitch unit. You cannot select both *McLAG* and *McLAG-ICL* for a trunk.
9. Select *Ok*.

Creating a packet capture profile

When troubleshooting networks, you can look inside the header of the packets. This helps to determine if the packets, route, and destination are all what you expect. Packet capture is also called a network tap, packet sniffing, or logic analyzing.

The maximum number of packet-capture profiles and the RAM disk size allotted for packet capture are different for the various platforms:

Platform	Maximum number of profiles	RAM disk size in MB
2xx	8	50
4xx	16	75
5xx	16	100
1xxx	16	100
3xxx	16	100

The maximum number of packet capture files is equal to license points. When the number of existing packet capture files has reached the maximum, you need to delete one or more existing packet capture files before starting a packet capture.

Packet capture files are kept for 7 days. For licensed users, there is a 60-day grace period before the packet capture files are deleted.

To create a packet capture profile:

1. Select a FortiSwitch unit that you want to investigate and click **View Interface**.
2. Select the interface and click **Create Packet Capture Profile**.

Create Packet Capture Profile

Switch   S524DF████████

Interface   internal

Configure

Profile Name   pcap1

Filter

Maximum Packet Count   4000

Maximum Packet Length   128

1. Enter a name for the new packet capture profile in the Configuration Name field.
   Avoid using special characters, such as <, >, (,), #, ', and ".

2. Optional. Enter a filter to reduce the number of packets captured.
The filter uses flexible logic. For example, if you want packets using UDP port 1812 between hosts named `forti1` and either `forti2` or `forti3`, enter the following:
```
udp and port 1812 and host forti1 and \( forti2 or forti3 \)
```

3. Enter the maximum number of packets to collect. The maximum number of packets that can be captured depends on the RAM disk size.

4. Enter the maximum packet length in bytes to capture on the interface. The range of values is 64-1534 bytes.

5. Select *Ok*.
Go to *Configuration > Packet Capture Profiles* to see the new packet capture profile.

Editing the port security

You can add port security with 802.1x port-based or MAC-based authentication.

To change the port security:

1. Select a FortiSwitch unit and click **View Interface**.
2. Select the interface and click **Edit Port Security**.

3. Select *802.1X* for port-based authentication or select *802.1X MAC-Based* for MAC-based authentication.

4. Select *MAC Auth Bypass* to allow the system to use the device MAC address as the user name and password for authentication.

5. If the RADIUS authentication server does not support EAP-TLS, clear the *EAP Pass-Through Mode* checkbox.

6. For phone and PC configuration only, clear the *Frame VLAN Apply* checkbox to preserve the native VLAN when the data traffic is expected to be untagged.

7. Select *Open Authentication* to enable open authentication (monitor mode) on this interface. Use the monitor mode to test your system configuration for 802.1x authentication. You can use monitor mode to test port-based authentication, MAC-based authentication, EAP pass-through mode, and MAC authentication bypass. After you enable monitor mode, the network traffic will continue to flow, even if the users fail authentication.

8. Select *Guest VLAN* if you want to assign a VLAN to unauthorized users. If you select *Guest VLAN*, enter the guest VLAN identifier in the *Guest VLAN ID* field and enter the number of seconds for an unauthorized user to have access as a guest before authorization fails in the *Guest Auth Delay* field.

9. Select *Auth Fail VLAN* if you want to assign a VLAN to users who attempted to authenticate but failed to provide valid credentials. If you select *Auth Fail VLAN*, enter the VLAN identifier in the *Auth Fail VLAN ID* field.

10. If you want to use the RADIUS-provided reauthentication time, select *RADUS Session Timeout*.

11. Click in the *Security Groups* field to select a security group. You can select multiple security groups.

12. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Trunk/Link Aggregation

The Trunk/Link Aggregation pane lists all trunks that have been configured.

	Host Name ⇕	Name ⇕	Description ⇕	Members ⇕	Port Selection Criteria ⇕	Mode ⇕	McLAG
☐ ✕		trunknospace		🖳 port2 🖳 port3 🖳 port4 🖳 port5 🖳 port10	src-dst-ip	static	❌ D
☐ ✕		Trunk-Port7		🖳 port7	src-dst-ip	lacp-active	❌ D

To find a specific trunk, enter part or all of the name in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that contain the search term *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of FortiSwitch units by tag, click **Filter By Tags**. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following tasks from the Trunk/Link Aggregation pane:

- Creating a trunk
- Editing a trunk
- Deleting a trunk

Editing a trunk

To edit a trunk, select the row of the trunk and click **Edit**. Make the updates and click **Ok**.

Update

Switch   S108DVTA19001192

Members
- port2 ✖
- port3 ✖
- port4 ✖
- port5 ✖
- port10 ✖

\+

Configure

Trunk Interface Name	trunknospace
Description	
Port Selection Criteria	src-dst-ip ▼
Mode	static ▼
McLAG ⓘ	None McLAG McLAG-ICL

Deleting a trunk

To delete a trunk, select the row of the trunk and click **Delete**. Select *Yes* to delete the trunk.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this entry?

Yes   No

VLANs

The VLANs pane lists the VLANs configured on each FortiSwitch unit.

To update the list of VLANs, select *Refresh*.

To find a specific FortiSwitch unit, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find host names that contain specific characters *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of host names by switch tag, click **Filter By Tags** and select the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

Select a row and click **View VLANs** to see which VLANs are configured on each FortiSwitch unit.

You can perform the following tasks from the VLANs pane:

- Creating a VLAN
- Editing a VLAN configuration
- Saving a VLAN configuration as a VLAN template
- Deleting a VLAN

Creating a VLAN

You can create a VLAN or private VLAN, configure IGMP snooping and DHCP snooping, and add VLAN members by MAC address or IP address.

1. Go to *Configuration > VLANs*.
2. Click **Add** and enter a number to identify the VLAN.
3. Add a description of the VLAN.
4. Enable or disable whether this VLAN is a private VLAN.

5. If you want to use IGMP snooping on the VLAN:
   a. Select the *Enable* checkbox.
   b. If you want to use IGMP proxy, select the *Enable* checkbox.
   c. Select ✚ to add an IGMP static group, enter the name of the group, enter the multicast address, and enter the members of the group.
6. If you want to use DHCP snooping on the VLAN:
   a. Select the *Enable* checkbox.
   b. If you want the system to verify that the source MAC address in the DHCP request from an untrusted port matches the client hardware address, enable *DHCP Snooping Verify MAC Address*.
   c. If you want to include option-82 data in the DHCP request, enable *DHCP Snooping Option 82*.
   d. If you want dynamic ARP inspection on the VLAN, enable *Arp Inspection*.
   e. Select ✚ to add a DHCP server in the allowed server list and then enter the server name and IP address.
7. To add VLAN members by MAC address, select ✚ and then enter a description and the MAC address.
8. To add VLAN members by IP address, select ✚ and then enter a description, IP address, and netmask.
9. Select *Save*.

Editing a VLAN configuration

Select a FortiSwitch row with the associated VLANs and click **View VLANs**. Selected the VLAN and click **Edit**, make the changes and click *Save*.

Saving a VLAN configuration as a VLAN template

You can save a VLAN configuration to FortiEdge Cloud and then apply it to one or more FortiSwitch units.

To save a VLAN configuration as a VLAN template, select the row of the FortiSwitch of the associated VLAN configuration click **View VLANs**. Select the VLAN and click **Save As VLAN Template**. The new VLAN template is listed on the *Configuration > VLAN Templates* page.

Deleting a VLAN

To delete a VLAN, select the row of the FortiSwitch and click **View VLANs**. Select a VLAN and click **Delete**.

VLAN Templates

The VLAN Templates pane lists the available VLAN templates that can be applied to FortiSwitch units.

	VLAN ID	Name	Description	Update Time	Isolated VLAN	Community VLAN	MAC Members
☑	1		VLAN4	2023/08/13 22:08:15	0		0
☐	2		VLAN4	2023/08/29 08:01:22	0		0
☐	3		VLAN4	2023/08/13 22:08:16	0		0
☐	4		VLAN4	2023/08/13 22:08:16	0		0
☐	5		VLAN4	2023/08/13 22:08:17	0		0

Use the Local Time Zone/UTC slider to control which time zone is displayed in the VLAN Templates page.

You can perform the following tasks from the VLAN Templates pane:

- Creating a VLAN template
- Editing a VLAN template
- Applying a VLAN template
- Deleting a VLAN template

Creating a VLAN template

You can create a VLAN or private VLAN, configure IGMP snooping and DHCP snooping, and add members by MAC address or IP address.

1. Go to *Configuration > VLAN Templates* and click *Add*.

   Create VLAN Template

Template Name	Tamplate1
VLAN ID *	9
Private VLAN	
IGMP Snooping	
DHCP Snooping	

   Description

   Members by MAC Address

   +

   Members by IP Address

   +

2. Optional. Enter a name for the template.
3. Required. Enter a number to identify the VLAN.
4. Add a description of the VLAN.
5. Enable or disable whether this VLAN is a private VLAN.
6. If you want to use IGMP snooping on the VLAN:
7. a. Select the *Enable* checkbox.
   b. If you want to use IGMP proxy, select the *Enable* checkbox.
   c. Select ➕ to add an IGMP static group, enter the name of the group, enter the multicast address, and enter the members of the group.
8. If you want to use DHCP snooping on the VLAN:
   a. Select the *Enable* checkbox.
   b. If you want the system to verify that the source MAC address in the DHCP request from an untrusted port matches the client hardware address, enable *DHCP Snooping Verify MAC Address*.
   c. If you want to include option-82 data in the DHCP request, enable *DHCP Snooping Option 82*.
   d. If you want dynamic ARP inspection on the VLAN, enable *Arp Inspection*.
   e. Select ➕ to add a DHCP server in the allowed server list and then enter the server name and IP address.

9. To add VLAN members by MAC address, select ✚ and then enter a description and the MAC address.

10. To add VLAN members by IP address, select ✚ and then enter a description, IP address, and netmask.

11. Select *Save*.

Editing a VLAN template

To edit a VLAN template, select the row of the VLAN template and click **Edit**. Make the updates and click *Save*.

Edit Template

Template Name   Template1

VLAN ID *   1   Description   VLAN4

Private VLAN

IGMP Snooping

DHCP Snooping

Members by MAC Address

+

Members by IP Address

+

Applying a VLAN template

You can apply a VLAN template to one or more FortiSwitch units.

To apply a VLAN template to one or more FortiSwitch units, select the row of the VLAN template and click **Apply**. Select the FortiSwitches and enter the VLAN identifier for each FortiSwitch unit you are applying the VLAN template to. Click

Ok.

Apply VLAN Template to Switches

Switches that will be configured by the template

S108DVTA19000603   ✕
S108DVTA19000605   ✕
+

ⓘ VLAN configuration will not take effect on ports that are part of trunk interfaces.

Specify VLAN ID for selected Switches above

Host Name	VLAN ID
S108DVTA19000603	2
S108DVTA19000605	2

Deleting a VLAN template

To delete a VLAN template, select the row of the VLAN template and click **Delete**. Select *Yes* to delete the VLAN template.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this VLAN Template entry?

Yes   No

Packet Capture Profiles

The Packet Capture Profiles pane lists the available profiles for packet captures.

Notes:

- The packet-capture feature requires FortiSwitchOS 6.2.2 or later.
- Packet capture profiles are NOT supported on FortiSwitch 1xxE models.

	Name ⬍	Host Name ⬍	Filter ⬍	Max Packet Count ⬍	Max Packet Length ⬍	Start Time
☐	werte	⤬ S108DVTA19001192		4000	128	
☑	profile1	⤬ S108DVTA19000648	none	1000	100	
☐	packet-capture-profile-port2	⤬ S108DVTM22005696	None	4000	128	

To filter the list of profiles by switch tag, click **Filter By Tags** and select the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are profiles for FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following tasks from the Packet Capture Profiles pane:

- Creating a packet capture profile
- Starting a packet capture
- Pausing a packet capture
- Stopping a packet capture
- Going to the packet capture file
- Editing a packet capture profile
- Deleting a packet capture profile

Starting a packet capture

To start a packet capture, select the row of the packet capture profile and click **Start**. Select *Yes* to confirm your action.
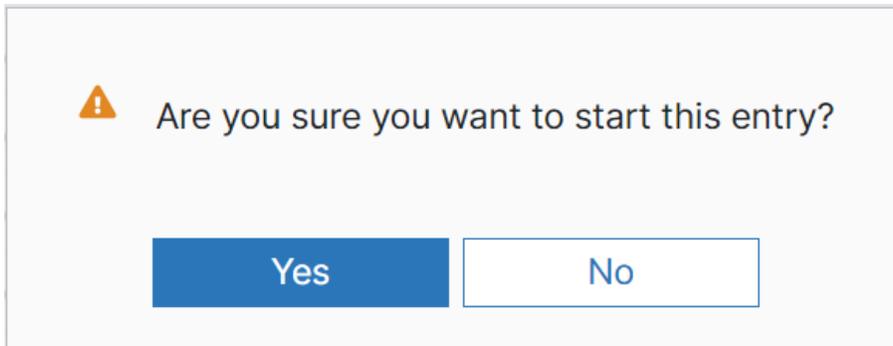
Pausing a packet capture

To pause a packet capture, select the row of a packet capture profile and click **Pause**. Select *Yes* to confirm your action.

⚠ Are you sure you want to pause this entry?

Yes   No
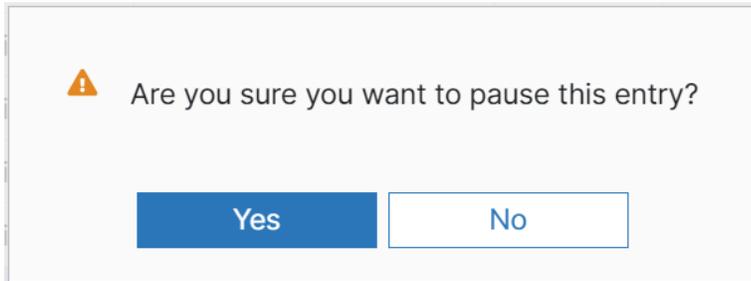
Stopping a packet capture

To stop a packet capture:

1. Select the row of a packet capture profile and click **Stop**. Select *Yes* to confirm your action. Go to *Monitor > Packet Capture Files* to download the saved packet capture file.

⚠ Are you sure you want to stop this entry?

Yes   No
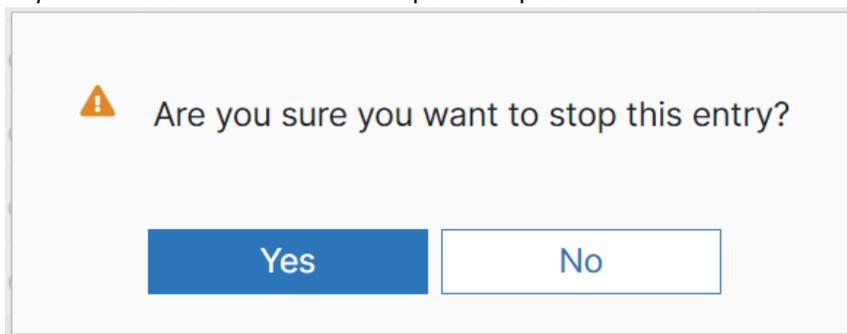
Going to the packet capture file

To go to the packet capture file, select the row of the packet capture profile and click **View Captured Files** to download the associated packet capture file. The `.pcap` file is saved in your Downloads folder.

Editing a packet capture profile

To edit a packet capture profile, select the row of the packet capture profile and click **Edit**. Make the changes and click *Save*.

Update

Switch   S108DVTM22005696

Interface   port2

Configure

Profile Name	packet-capture-profile-port2
Filter	None
Maximum Packet Count	4000
Maximum Packet Length	128

Deleting a packet capture profile

To delete a packet capture profile, select the row of the packet capture profile and click **Delete**. Select *Yes* to delete the profile.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this entry?

Yes   No
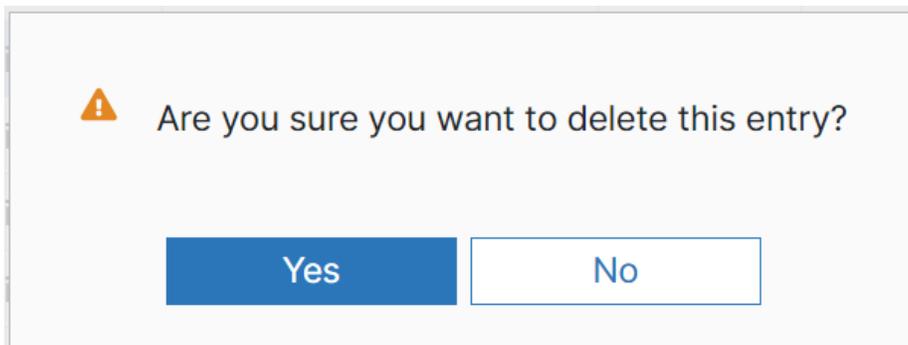
RADIUS Authentication

The RADIUS Authentication pane allows you to configure RADIUS authentication for one or more FortiSwitch units.

Host Name ⇕	Name ⇕	Server ⇕	Secondary Server ⇕	RADIUS Port ⇕	Auth Type ⇕	NAS IF
✖ S108DVT	testRadius5	10.		1812	Default Authentication Scheme	0.0.0.0
✖ S108DVT	testRadius4	10.		1812	Default Authentication Scheme	0.0.0.0
✖ S108DVT	testRadius3	10.		1812	Default Authentication Scheme	0.0.0.0

+ Add   ✎ Edit   🗑 Delete   🔍 Search   🏷 Filter By Tags

To find a specific host name, configuration name, or server IP address, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that use RADIUS authentication *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of configurations by switch tag, select **Filter By Tags** and the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are configurations for FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following tasks from the Radius Authentication pane:

- Creating a RADIUS authentication configuration
- Editing a RADIUS authentication configuration
- Deleting a RADIUS authentication configuration

Creating a RADIUS authentication configuration

You can create a RADIUS authentication configuration for one or more FortiSwitch units.

To create a RADIUS authentication configuration:

1. Go to *Configuration > RADIUS Authentication*.
2. Select *Add*.

Add Configuration	
Switch	S108DVTA▓▓▓▓▓ ▼
Name	RADIUS1
Primary Server Address	10.1.1.1
Primary Server Secret	
Secondary Server Address	
Secondary Server Secret	
Radius Port	1812
Authentication Type	**Default Authentication Scheme** MS-CHAPv2 MS-CHAP CHAP PAP
NAS IP Address	

3. Click in the Switch field to select a FortiSwitch unit. You can select multiple FortiSwitch units.
4. Enter a name for this RADIUS authentication configuration.
5. Enter the IPv4 address for the primary RADIUS authentication server.
6. Enter the primary server secret key. This key can be a maximum of 16 characters long. This value must match the secret on the primary RADIUS server.
7. Enter the IPv4 address for the secondary RADIUS authentication server.
8. Enter the secondary server secret key. This key can be a maximum of 16 characters long. This value must match the secret on the secondary RADIUS server.
9. Enter the port number to connect with the RADIUS authentication servers.
10. If you know that the RADIUS server uses a specific authentication scheme, click in the Authentication Scheme field and select the scheme from the list. If you do not select an authentication scheme, the default authentication scheme is used.
11. Enter the IP address of the FortiSwitch interface used to talk to the RADIUS server.
12. Select *Ok* to create the RADIUS authentication configuration.

Editing a RADIUS authentication configuration

To edit a RADIUS authentication configuration:

1. Select the RADIUS authentication configuration that you want to edit and click **Edit**.

Edit Configuration

Switch	S108DVTA
Name	testRadius5
Primary Server Address	10.3
Primary Server Secret	••••••••
Secondary Server Address	
Secondary Server Secret	••••••••
Radius Port	1812
Authentication Type	Default Authentication Scheme MS-CHAPv2 MS-CHAP CHAP PAP
NAS IP Address	0.0.0.0

2. Make your changes in the Edit Configuration dialog box.
3. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Deleting a RADIUS authentication configuration

To delete a RADIUS authentication configuration:

1. Select the RADIUS authentication configuration that you want to delete and click **Delete**.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this entry?

Yes   No

2. Select *Yes* to delete the RADIUS authentication configuration.

TACACS Authentication

The TACACS Authentication pane allows you to configure TACACS authentication for one or more FortiSwitch units.

Host Name ⇕	Name ⇕	Server ⇕	Port ⇕	Authen Type ⇕
✖ S108DVT▓▓▓▓▓	Tacacs5	10.36▓▓▓▓	49	Auto
✖ S108DVT▓▓▓▓▓	Tacacs3	10.36▓▓▓▓	49	MSCHAP
✖ S108DVT▓▓▓▓▓	Tacacs2	10.36▓▓▓▓	49	CHAP

To find a specific host name, configuration name, or server IP address, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that use TACACS authentication *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of configurations by switch tag, select **Filter By Tags** and the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are configurations for FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following tasks from the TACACS Authentication pane:

- Creating a TACACS authentication configuration
- Editing a TACACS authentication configuration
- Deleting a TACACS authentication configuration

Creating a TACACS authentication configuration

You can create a TACACS authentication configuration for one or more FortiSwitch units.

To create a TACACS authentication configuration:

1. Go to *Configuration > TACACS Authentication*.
2. Select *Add*.

3. Click in the Switch field to select a FortiSwitch unit. You can select multiple FortiSwitch units.

4. Enter a name for this TACACS authentication configuration.
5. Enter the IPv4 address for the TACACS authentication server.
6. Enter the port number to connect with the TACACS authentication server.
7. Enter the server key for the TACACS server. This key can be a maximum of 16 characters long. This value must match the secret on the primary RADIUS server.
8. Select the authentication type to use for the TACACS server. *Auto* tries PAP, MSCHAP, and CHAP (in that order).
9. Select *Ok* to create the TACACS authentication configuration.

Editing a TACACS authentication configuration

To edit a TACACS authentication configuration:

1. Select the TACACS authentication configuration that you want to edit and click **Edit**.

Edit Configuration

Switch	S108DVTA
Name	Tacacs5
Primary Server Address	10.36.
Port	49
Server Key	••••••••
Authentication Type	Auto ASCII PAP CHAP MSCHAP

2. Make your changes in the Edit Configuration dialog box.
3. Select *Ok* to apply your changes.

Deleting a TACACS authentication configuration

To delete a TACACS authentication configuration:

1. Select ✕ in the row of the TACACS authentication configuration that you want to delete.

⚠ Are you sure you want to delete this entry?

[Yes] [No]
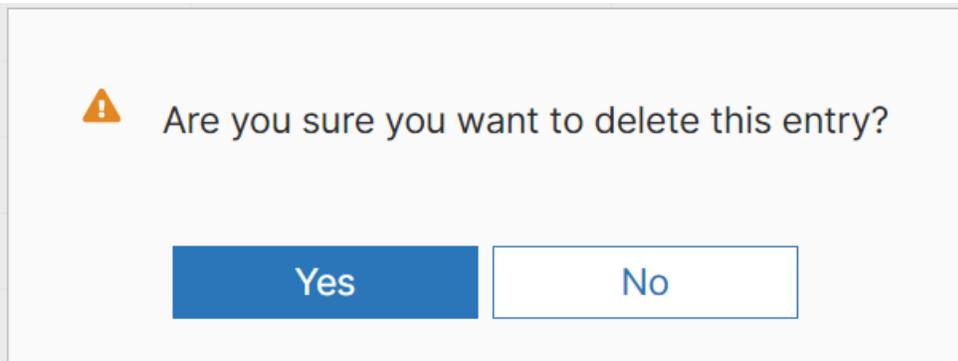
2. Select *Yes* to delete the TACACS authentication configuration.

User Groups

The User Groups pane allows you to create a user group that contains users and authentication servers.

Security policies allow access to specified user groups only. This restricted access enforces role-based access control (RBAC) to your organization's network and its resources. Users must be in a group, and that group must be part of the security policy.

	Host Name ⬍	Name ⬍	Members	Authentication Servers
☑	✕ S108DVTM22005696	guestgroupVM		
☐	✕ S108DVTM22005489	guestgroupVM		
☐	✕ S108DVTM22005650	guestgroupVM		
☐	✕ S108DVTM22005648	guestgroupVM		

To update the list of user groups, select *Refresh*.

To find a specific host name, user group name, group member, or authentication server name, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that belong to the user group *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of user groups by switch tag, click **Filter By Tags** and select the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are user groups for FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following tasks from the User Groups pane:

- Creating a user group
- Editing a user group
- Deleting a user group

Creating a user group

You can create a user group that contains users and authentication servers for one or more FortiSwitch units.

1. Go to *Configuration > User Groups*.
2. Click *Add*.

3. Click in the **Switch** field to select a FortiSwitch unit. You can select multiple FortiSwitch units.
4. Enter a name for this user group.
5. Click in the Members field to select available users to belong to the user group.
6. Select ✚ to add an authentication server.
   - Select the server name from the drop-down list.
   - Select a specific group name or select *Any*.
7. Select *Save* to create the user group.

Editing a user group

Perform the following steps to edit a user group.

1. Select the row for the user group and click **Edit**.

2. Make your changes in the Edit Configuration dialog box.
3. Select *Save* to apply your changes.

Deleting a user group

To delete a user group, select row of the user group and click **Delete**. Select *Yes* to delete the user group.

⚠ **Are you sure you want to delete this entry?**

    Yes   No
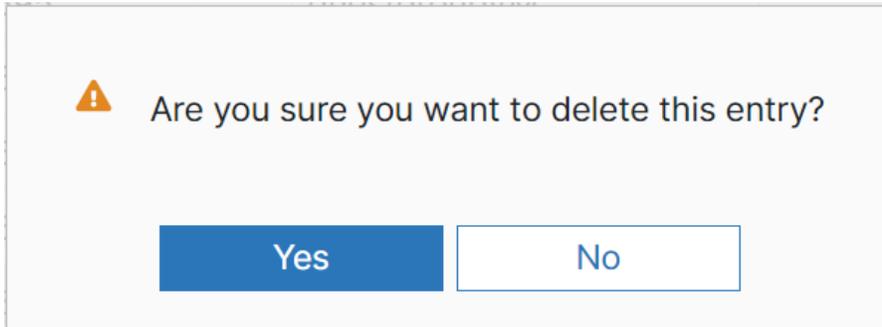
Port Security

The Port Security pane allows you to edit the global 802.1X-authentication configuration for the FortiSwitch units.

Host Name ⇕	Link Down Behavior ⇕	Maximum Re-Authentication Attempts ⇕	Re-Authentication Period (Minutes) ⇕
✖ test_host_1	Do Not Require Re-Authentication	0	60
✖ S108DVTM	Require Re-Authentication	0	60
✖ S108DVTA1	Require Re-Authentication	0	60
✖ S108DVTA1	Require Re-Authentication	0	60

To update the list of 802.1X authentication configurations, select *Refresh*.

To find a specific host name, enter part or all of the search item in the Search field.

You can use the Search field and the Filter with Tags field together to find FortiSwitch units that use 802.1X authentication *and* are tagged with the selected tag.

To filter the list of configurations by switch tag, select ▼ and the tag to filter with. If you select multiple tags to filter with, the results are configurations for FortiSwitch units that are tagged with one or more of the selected tags.

You can perform the following task from the Port Security pane:

- Editing the global 802.1X-authentication settings

Editing the global 802.1X-authentication settings

1. Select ✎ in the row for the 802.1X-authentication configuration that you want to edit.

Edit Configuration

Switch   test_host_1

Port Security Settings

Link Down Auth   Require Re-Authentication   **Do Not Require Re-Authentication**

802.1X/MAB

Re-Authentication Period (Minutes)   60

Maximum Re-Authentication Attempts   0

2. Make your changes in the Edit Configuration dialog box.
3. Select *Save* to apply your changes.

IGMP

IGMP snooping allows the FortiSwitch to passively listen to the IGMP network traffic between hosts and routers. The IGMP configuration is a part of the ZTC templates in FortiEdge Cloud. You can review the current configuration on the FortiSwitch, modify a few selected items, and apply the configuration to the FortiSwitch. For configuration details, see Creating a zero-touch configuration.

Edit IGMP: S108DVTA19000826

Aging Time   300

Query Interval   125

Proxy Report Interval   60

Leave Response Timeout   1000

LLDP

The FortiSwitches support LLDP for transmission and reception wherein the switch multicasts LLDP packets to advertise its identity and capabilities. You can modify the current LLDP settings on the ZTC template and create/edit LLDP

profiles. These configurations can be directly applied to the FortiSwitch. For configuration details, see Creating a zero-touch configuration.

Edit LLDP Settings - S108DVTA

Enable LLDP Transmit/Receive	☑
Management Interface	mgmt
Transmit Hold	4
Transmit Interval	30
Fast Start	☑
Fast Start Interval	2

Create LLDP Profile

Switch	X S108DV ✕ +
Profile Name	LLDP
Transmitted IEEE 802.1 TLVs	☑ Port VLAN ID
Transmitted IEEE 802.3 TLVs	☐ Maximum frame size TLV ☑ PoE+ classification TLV ☐ Efficient Energy Ethernet Config
Auto MCLAG inter chassis link	⬤
Enable/disable automatic Inter-Switch LAG	⬤
Transmitted LLDP-MED TLVs	☐ Inventory Management TLV ☑ Network Policy TLVs ☐ Location Identification TLVs ☐ Power Management TLV

OK   Cancel

System Interfaces

You can configure physical and VLAN interfaces on a FortiSwitch. You can create new interfaces or modify the current interfaces settings on the ZTC template. For configuration details, see Creating a zero-touch configuration.

Add System Vlan Interface Config

Switch	✕ S108DVTA▓▓▓▓ ✖
	+
Name	interface1
Interface	
Alias	
VLAN ID	1

▬ IP Configuration

Mode	Static ○
	DHCP ●
Distance of Learned Routes	5

Edit System Physical Interface Config - S424DF▓▓▓▓ internal

Interface	Internal ▾
Alias	

▬ IP Configuration

Mode	Static ●	DHCP ○
IP/Netmask	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	

▬ Administration

Status	Up ●	Down ○
Access	HTTP HTTPS PING	

Monitor

Select *Monitor* to check modules, MAC addresses, switch and port statistics; FortiSwitch units using PoE, LLDP, or 802.1x authentication; STP instances; DHCP-snooping and IGMP-snooping databases; logs; and the status of zero-touch configurations, scheduled upgrades, and packet captures.

In the various monitor pages displayed in this section, hove over the host name to navigate to the **Diagnostics and Tools** options as described in section Switches

FortiSwitch	S108DVGUMUEKJF84
Serial Number	S108DVTA19000861
Model	FortiSwitch-108D-VM
Status	✅ Online
Firmware Version	v6.6.0,build5801,201112 (Interim)
IP Address	

🔧 Diagnostics and Tools

Also, the monitor pages provide the option to filter data by the associated tags, click **Filter by Tags**.

🏷 Filter By Tags

To select the filter options, right-click on any column.

Host Name

- ⊞ Best Fit Columns
- ↺ Reset Table

Select Columns

- ✔ Host Name
- ✔ Profile Name
- ✔ Interface
- ✔ Status
- ✔ File Size
- ✔ Capture Start Time
- Serial Number

Apply   Cancel

You can select the following options from the left pane:

Zero Touch Config Status

This pane lists the status of the zero-touch configurations. The status can be one of the following.

- *Firmware Upgrade In progress*—The firmware is being upgraded on the specified host names.
- *Apply configuration command*—The CLI commands entered in the Add Zero Touch Configuration dialog box are being run.
- *Timeout* —Zero Touch configurations are not processed until a specific time (approximately 30 minutes).
- *Complete*—The firmware has been upgraded, or the CLI commands have been run.
- *Failure*—The firmware has not been upgraded, or the CLI commands have not been run.

The trigger reason could be one of the following.

- *Reason unavailable* - For the existing ZTC entries.
- *Configuration Triggered at scheduled time* - For scheduled ZTC entries.
- *Configuration Triggered by <account name>* - For manual trigger of ZTC.
- *Re-trying Configuration* - When ZTC is pushed again.

	Host Name ⇕	Description ⇕	Firmware Version ⇕	Start Time ⇕	Schedule Time ⇕	Switch Status ⇕	Trigger Reason ⇕
☑	✖ S124EF			2023/12/05 12:20:08		✔ Complete	Configuration Triggered by fapc.te

Host Name	✖ S124EF
Serial Number	S124FF
⨁ Diagnostics and Tools	

Select a row and click **View Details** to view the host details.

ZTC Details: S108DVTA1 ✖

General

Host Name	✖ S108DVTA1
Serial Number	S108DVTA1
Firmware Version	
Start Time	Thursday
Scheduled Time	

Details

TAB	Start Time	Status	Message from Switch
Ports	2022-11-24 18:53:41	✔ Complete	

ZTC Details: S108DV6_XHR4_I78   ✕

☐ General

Host Name	✕ S108DV6_▓▓▓▓
Serial Number	S108DVTA1▓▓▓▓▓
Firmware Version	
Start Time	Thursday
Scheduled Time	

☐ Details

TAB	Start Time	Status	Message from Switch
Create Connection	2022-11-24 18:54:40	❗ Failure	Device(S108DVTA19▓▓▓▓) login timeout

Select a row and click **View Config** to view the CLI/GUI configuration details.

Zero Touch Config Detail

▶ CLI   ▦ GUI

```
config switch interface
edit port1
config port-security
set port-security-mode disable
end
edit port2
config port-security
set port-security-mode disable
end
edit port3
config port-security
set port-security-mode disable
end
edit port4
config port-security
set port-security-mode disable
end
edit port5
config port-security
set port-security-mode disable
end
edit port6
```

To find a specific switch, enter part or all of the host name or model number in the Search field.

Scheduled Upgrade Status

The Scheduled Upgrade Status pane lists the status of the scheduled firmware upgrades. The status can be one of the following:

- *Pending*—The scheduled time and date for the firmware upgrade have not occurred yet.
- *Download firmware*—The firmware image is loading on the FortiSwitch unit.
- *Complete*—The firmware has been upgraded.
- *Failure*—The firmware has not been upgraded. Check that the firmware image is for the same model as the selected switches.
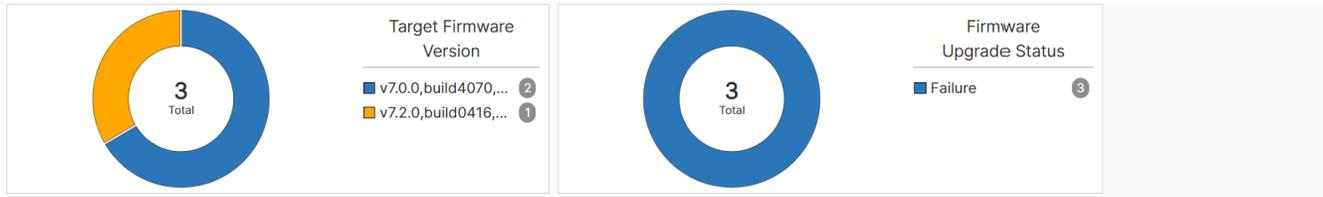
Host Name ⇕	Target Firmware Version ⇕	Start Time ⇕	Firmware Upgrade Status ⇕
✕ S108DVTA	v7.2.0,build0416,220820	2022/11/15 20:18:03	⊗ Failure
✕ S108DVTA	v7.0.0,build4070,210416	2022/11/01 22:45:08	⊗ Failure
✕ S108DVTA	v7.0.0,build4070,210416	2022/11/01 20:07:02	⊗ Failure

To find a specific switch, enter part or all of the host name or model number in the *Search* field.

Modules

The Modules pane describes the modules inserted in any switch, including state, type, and vendor.

Host Name ⇕	Name ⇕	State ⇕	Type ⇕	Transceiver ⇕	Vendor ⇕	Vendor Part Number ⇕	Vendor Serial Number ⇕
✕ RS0078	port9	Empty					
✕ RS0078	port10	Empty					
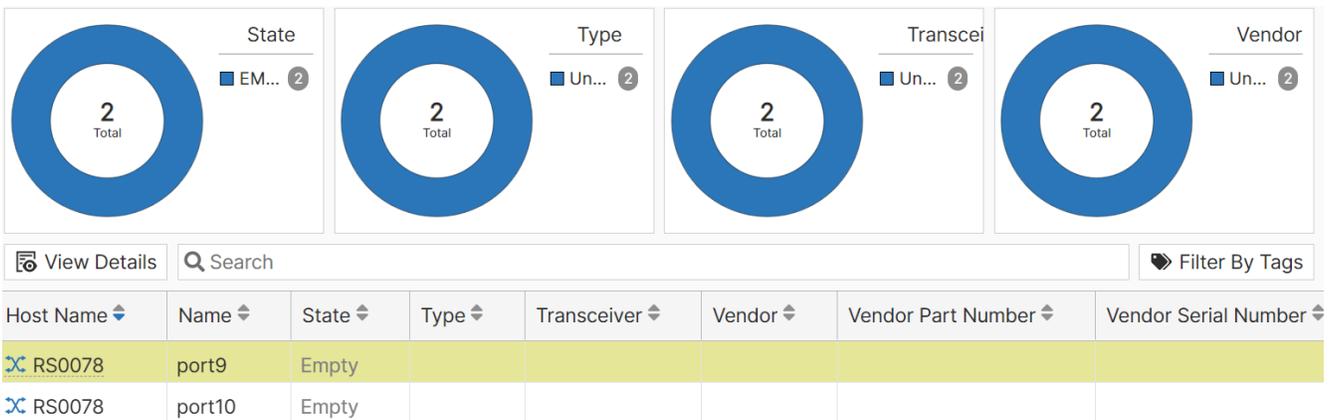
Use the Search field to find a switch serial number, switch host name, port name, state, type, transceiver, vendor, vendor part number, or vendor serial number..

PoE Status

The PoE Status pane lists the power budget, guard band, and power consumption (in Watts) of FortiSwitch units using PoE.

Host Name ⇕	Power Budget ⇕	Guard Band ⇕	Power Consumption ⇕
✕ RS0078	65	19	17

Select a row and click **View Details**.

POE Details: S108FPTV21000078   ✕

🔍 Search

Switch	Interface	Status	State	Max Power(W)	Power Consumption(W)	Class	Error	Priority
✕ S108FPTV21000078	port1	✔ Enabled	Searching	0	0	0	None	low-priority
✕ S108FPTV21000078	port2	✔ Enabled	Searching	0	0	0	None	low-priority
✕ S108FPTV21000078	port3	✔ Enabled	Delivering Power	26.2	10.1	4	None	low-priority
✕ S108FPTV21000078	port4	✔ Enabled	Delivering Power	26.2	8	4	None	low-priority

To find a switch, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

MAC Addresses

The MAC Addresses pane lists all MAC address and the corresponding organizationally unique identifier (OUI) host name, VLAN, interface, and flags.

Host Name ⇕	MAC Address ⇕	MAC OUI ⇕	VLAN ⇕	Switch Interface ⇕	Flags ⇕
✕ S108DVTA19000892	44:d9:82:7f:00:01		1	internal	
✕ RS0078	e0:23:ff:55:7b:16	Fortinet, Inc.	1	port1	used
✕ RS0078	44:76:a0:b8:24:dc	Fortinet, Inc.	161	internal	static used
✕ RS0078	44:76:a0:b8:24:dc	Fortinet, Inc.	90	internal	static used
✕ RS0078	44:76:a0:b8:24:dc	Fortinet, Inc.	91	internal	static used
✕ RS0078	44:76:a0:b8:24:dc	Fortinet, Inc.	92	internal	static used

To show or hide MAC addresses learned on a VRRP server, enable/disable the **Show VRRP MAC address** option.

To find a MAC address, enter part or all of the MAC address in the Search field.

LLDP

The LLDP pane provides information about ports using LLDP.

Host Name ⇕	Remote Hostname ⇕	Port ⇕	System Description ⇕	Med Type ⇕	Chassis ⇕	
✕ RS0078	PU431FTH	port4			e9:9a:a2 (mac)	0
✕ RS0078	PU421E3X	port3	FortiAP-U421EV v6.2,build0307,220602 (GA)		39:85:e2 (mac)	0
✕ RS0078		port1	FortiSwitch-448E v7.0.3,build0058,211130 (GA)	Network Connectivity Device	5:7a:fa (mac)	p

Select a specific port and click **View Details**.

Neighbor Details: S424DF3X - port24

Overview

Chassis
System Name
System Description
System Serial Number

IEEE802_3, MAC/PHY Configuration/Status

Autoneg supported
Autoneg enabled
Autoneg advertised

Further Details

Time to live
System Capabilities
Enabled Capabilities
Med Type
Med Capabilites
Software Rev
Firmware Rev
Hardware Rev
Manufacturer

Use the Search field to find a host name, chassis ID, or port number.

STP

The STP pane provides information about STP instances.

Select an STP instance and click **View Details** to view the instance details.

Use the Search field to find a host name or MAC address.

DHCP-Snooping

The DHCP-Snooping pane lists information about DHCP clients and servers.

You can use the Search field to find specific IP addresses.

Hovering over the client IP address shows the MAC address, lease, host name, domain name, and vendor, if available.

IGMP-Snooping

The IGMP-Snooping pane lists information about the multicast groups learned on the ports and when the entries will be deleted from the IGMP-snooping database.

You can use the Search field to find specific multicast groups.

Packet Capture Files

The Packet Capture Files pane lists all packet capture profiles and the corresponding host name, interface, status, file size, and capture time. The status can be one of the following:

- *Downloading*—The packet capture file is currently downloading from the FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud.
- *Failed*—The packet capture file failed to download from the FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud.
- *Finished*—The packet capture file has successfully downloaded from the FortiSwitch unit to FortiEdge Cloud.

	Host Name ⇕	Profile Name ⇕	Interface ⇕	Status ⇕	File Size	Capture Start Time ⇕
☑	✖ ▮▮▮▮▮▮▮	P1	port1	Finished	24	2023/06/06 13:44:22
☐	✖ S224DF3X16			Finished	22111	2023/06/06 13:45:33
☐	✖ S224DFTF18			Finished	24	2023/06/06 13:42:03

Host Name ✖ ▮▮▮▮▮▮▮
Serial Number ▮▮▮▮▮▮▮
⟳ Diagnostics and Tools

To find a specific packet capture profile, enter part or all of the name in the Search field.

To download the packet capture file, select **Download** for the corresponding packet capture profile.

To delete the packet capture file, select **Delete** for the corresponding packet capture profile.

802.1x Status

The 802.1x pane displays information about FortiSwitch ports using IEEE 802.1x authentication. The information displayed includes mode, link status, port state, and VLAN configuration.

Host Name ⇕	Interface ⇕	Mode ⇕	Link Status ⇕	Port State ⇕	MAC Bypass ⇕	EAP Pass-Through ⇕	VLAN Dynamic Authorized ⇕
✖ S108DVTA▮▮▮▮	port1	port-based	✔ Up	unauthorized:	disable	enable	0
✖ S108DVTA▮▮▮▮	port1	port-based	✔ Up	unauthorized:	disable	enable	0
✖ S108DVTA▮▮▮▮	port1	port-based	✔ Up	unauthorized:	disable	enable	0
✖ S108DVTA▮▮▮▮	port1	port-based	✔ Up	unauthorized:	disable	enable	0

To find a specific host name or interface, enter part or all of the name in the Search field.

802.1x Session

The 802.1x pane displays information about IEEE 802.1x authentication sessions. The information displayed includes host name, port name, MAC address, and EAP type.

Host Name ⇕	Port Name ⇕	MAC Address ⇕	EAP Type ⇕	EAP Counter ⇕	Auth Elapsed ⇕	PAE State ⇕	Params ⇕	VLAN ⇕
✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	port1	⬛⬛⬛⬛⬛		0	0	AUTHENTICATING	reAuth=3600	
✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	port1	⬛⬛⬛⬛⬛		0	0	AUTHENTICATING	reAuth=3600	
✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	port1	⬛⬛⬛⬛⬛		0	0	AUTHENTICATING	reAuth=3600	
✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	port1	⬛⬛⬛⬛⬛		0	0	AUTHENTICATING	reAuth=3600	

To find a specific host name or interface, enter part or all of the name in the **Search** field.

Switch Statistics

The Switch Statistics pane displays graphs for the CPU usage, memory usage, PCB temperature, received bits per second, transmitted bits per second, and number of learned MAC addresses for each FortiSwitch unit.

Serial Number ⇕	Host Name ⇕	CPU Utilization ⇕	Memory Utilization ⇕	PCB Temperature ⇕	TX ⇕	RX ⇕	Active Client ⇕
S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	0.00%	62.00%	0 °C	2.77 kb...	2.28 kb...	1
S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	0.00%	62.00%	0 °C	2.84 kb...	2.35 kb...	1
S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	✕ S108DVTA⬛⬛⬛	0.00%	62.00%	0 °C	2.82 kb...	2.33 kb...	1

Select a row and click **View Details** for a graphical representation of the statistics.
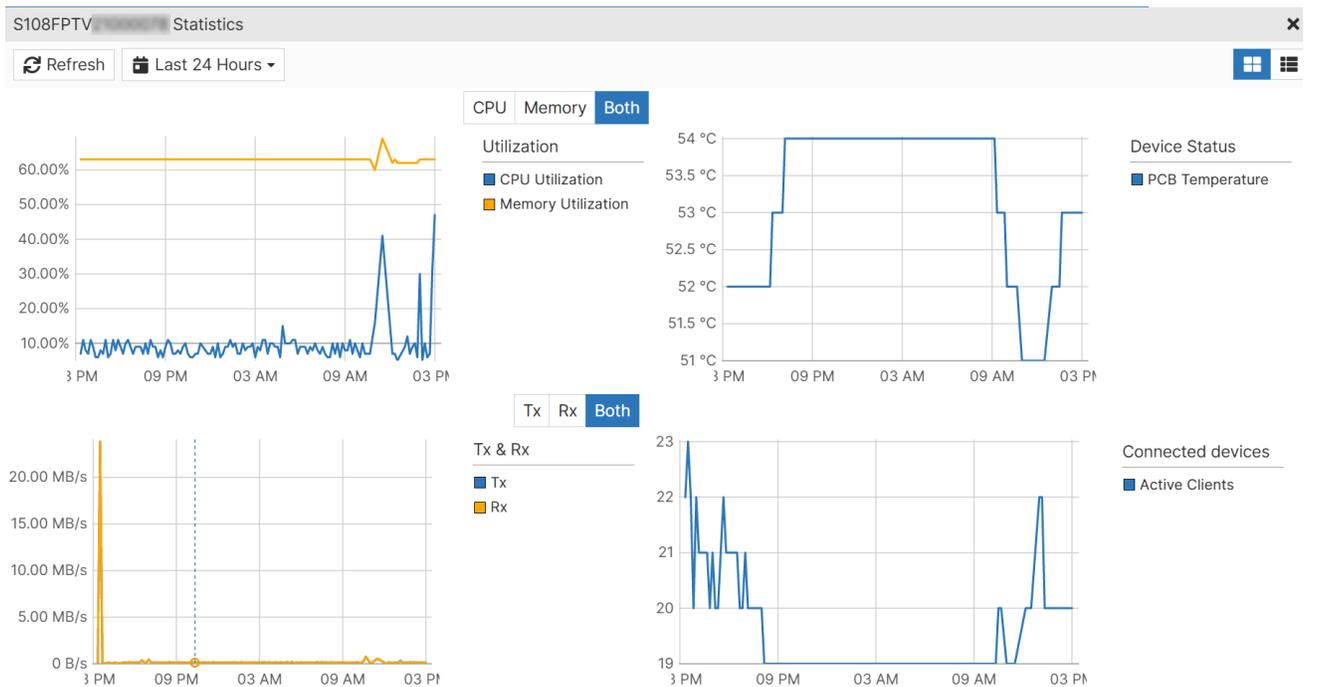
To find a specific switch, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

Switch Port Statistics

The Switch Port Statistics pane can display the following graphs for each port:

- TX Utilization—Percentage of bandwidth usage for transmitted traffic
- RX Utilization—Percentage of bandwidth usage for received traffic
- TX bps—Transmitted bits per second
- TX Packets—Transmitted packets per second
- TX Unicast—Transmitted unicast packets per second
- TX Multicast—Transmitted multicast packets per second
- TX Broadcast—Transmitted broadcast packets per second
- TX Errors—Errors in transmitted packets per second
- TX Drops—Dropped packets in transmitted packets per second
- TX Oversize—Oversized packets in transmitted packets per second
- RX bps—Received bits per second
- RX Packets—Received packets per second
- RX Unicast—Received unicast packets per second
- RX Broadcast—Received broadcast packets per second
- RX Errors—Errors in received packets per second
- RX Drops—Dropped packets in received packets per second
- RX Oversize—Oversized packets in received packet per second
- Undersize—Number of undersized packets
- Fragments—Number of fragments
- Jabbers—Number of jabbers
- Collisions—Number of packet collisions
- CRC Alignments—Number of CRC/alignment errors
- L3 Packets—Number of layer-3 packets

Select each graph to display a larger version with additional options.

Host Name ⇕	Port ⇕	TX Utilization ⇕	RX Utilization ⇕	TX ⇕	TX Packets ⇕	TX Unicast ⇕	TX Multicast
RS0078	internal	0.00085%	0.00296%	8.46 kbps	5.59	4.61	0.92
RS0078	port1	0.02%	0.00231%	156.58 kbps	23.20	21.70	0.66
RS0078	port2	0.00057%	0.00002%	5.69 kbps	1.83	0.09	1.19
RS0078	port3	0.00068%	0.00145%	6.79 kbps	2.57	0.84	1.18
RS0078	port4	0.00200%	0.01%	19.97 kbps	16.10	14.39	1.16

Select a row and click **View Details** for a graphical representation of the statistics.
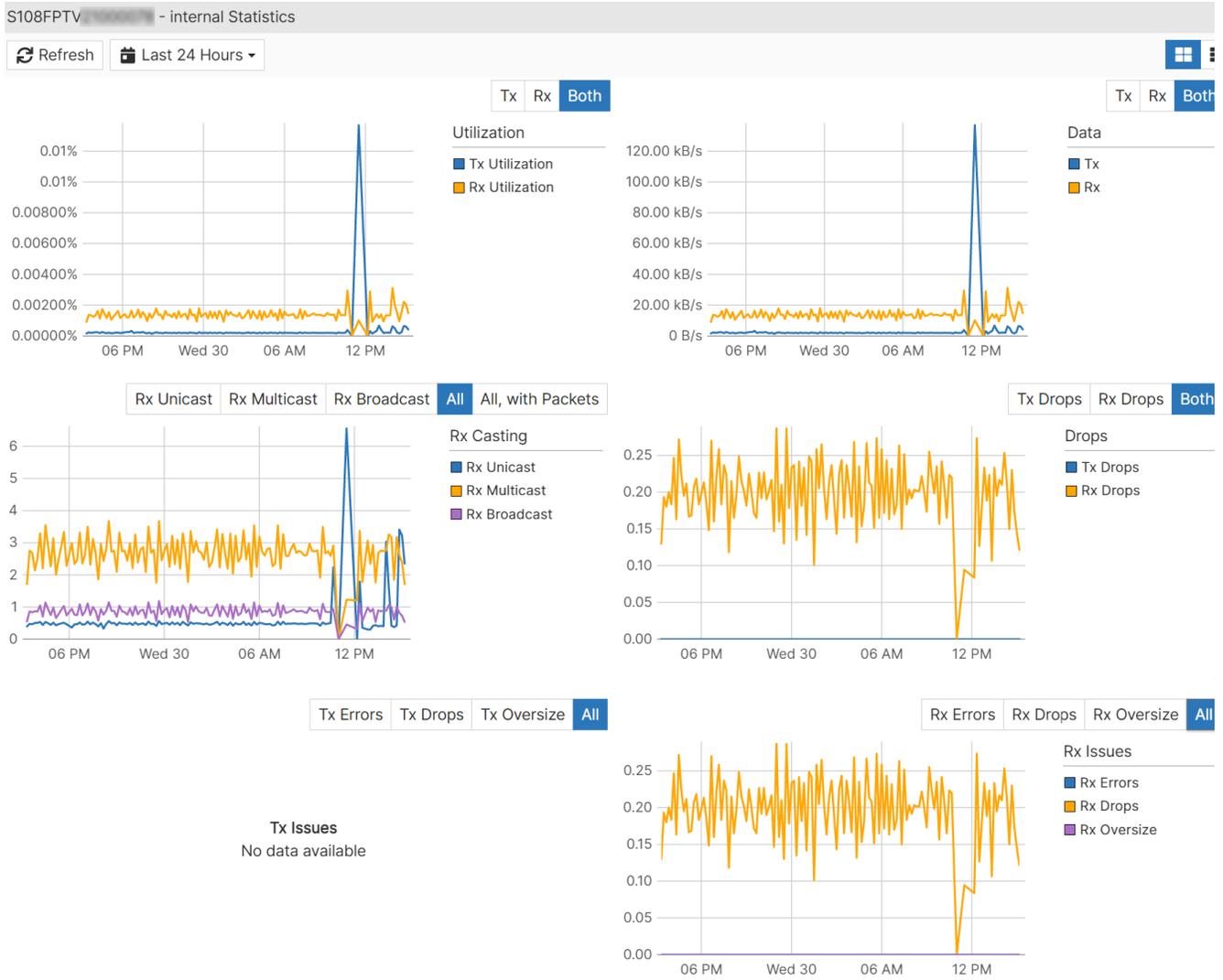
To find a specific switch, enter part or all of the host name in the Search field.

Routing Table

The routing table pane displays the L3 routing information for switches. The routing table displays summary information for online FortiSwitches.

Host Name ⇕	Routing Table Entries ⇕
✖ S108DVTA	3
✖ RS0078	2

Click on a specific FortiSwitch to view details.

Routing Table: S108DVTA19000892 (S108DVTA19000892)

🔍 Search

Selected Route ⬍	FIB Route ⬍	Source ⬍	Destination ⬍	Next Hop ⬍	Interface ⬍
Yes	Yes	Static	0.0.0.0 / 0 (0.0.0.0 / 0)	via 172.110.10.10	mgmt
Yes	Yes	Connected	172.110.0.0 / 16	Directly connected	mgmt
Yes	Yes	Connected	192.168.1.0 / 24	Directly connected	mgmt

Link Monitor

You can create a probe to monitor the link to a server. The FortiSwitch unit sends periodic ping messages to test that the server is available. This page displays the link probes.

📑 View Details   🔍 Search

Host Name ⬍	Link Monitor Count
✖ S108DVTA19000826	0
✖ S108DVTA19000827	0
✖ S108DVTA19000829	0
✖ S108DVTA19000830	0

Configuring and Managing FortiExtender

You can configure, monitor, and manage FortiExtenders using the FortiEdge Cloud management solution.

Menu	Description
Devices	Manage all your FortiExtender devices from this section.
Scheduled Upgrade	Schedule device firmware upgrades for a later time.
Group	Sort devices into groups and use groups to organize your devices by department, region, data plan, wireless carrier, or in any other category.
Plan	Consolidate all your plans and create and manage your carrier, credential, network, VPN, and DNS Database plans.
Customized Carriers	Create and manage custom carriers.
Profiles	Profiles are templates that contain general configuration settings and carrier plans that can be applied to multiple devices.
Certificates	Upload and manage Certificate Authorities for your devices.
Notifications	Manage and view notifications about your device usage.
Account	Manage FortiExtender device settings, license, and users.

Extenders

FortiEdge Cloud enables you to manage all your devices from the **Extenders** section. Un-deployed devices are listed in the **Inventory** tab while deployed devices are listed in the **In Service** tab.

- Inventory
- In Service

Inventory

The **Inventory** page contains FortiExtenders that are registered in FortiCare, but not yet deployed in FortiEdge Cloud. In this page you can add and deploy FortiExtenders. Navigate to **Devices > Inventory**.

- Adding FortiExtenders
- Deploying FortiExtenders
- Deleting FortiExtenders

Adding FortiExtenders

You cannot add devices into FortiEdge Cloud directly. Your registered devices are automatically pulled from your FortiCare account and listed in the **Inventory** page. If you do not see your devices listed in this page, log into your

FortiCare account at https://support.fortinet.com and go to **Asset > Register/Activate** to register your FortiExtender devices. After your devices are registered, refresh your FortiEdge Cloud session to update your device list. Click **Add Devices** and enter the **FortiCloud Key**. You can add multiple keys by separating them with a comma.

Add Device	
FortiCloud Key	Multiple keys can be separated by comma(,)

Deploying FortiExtenders

FortiEdge Cloud automatically pulls your devices from your FortiCare account and lists them in the **Inventory** page. When you log into FortiEdge Cloud, you can view all your registered FortiExtender devices and select which device to deploy. After you deploy a device, you can push configurations to it and manage it from FortiEdge Cloud.

	Serial Number	Description	Registration Date	Source
☑			2023/06/20 23:38:39	FortiCare
	Deploy ▾ 🗑 Delete			
☐	Deploy with Profile		2023/10/25 05:01:07	FortiCare
☐	Deploy with Group Deploy as Replacement		2023/07/05 21:05:53	FortiCare

- You can deploy FortiExtenders with settings pre-configured from a **Profile** or **Group**.
- You can also choose to deploy a FortiExtender as a replacement device. This applies the exact configurations from the existing device to the one you are trying to deploy, and then automatically un-deploys the existing device.

Select a device from the list of registered FortiExtenders that are displayed and click **Deploy**.

From the top of the page, click either **Deploy with Profile**, **Deploy with Group**, or **Deploy as Replacement**.

Select the **Profile**, **Group**, or the Serial Number of the device that is to be replaced.

The system deploys your device and consumes a license. During the deployment process, FortiEdge Cloud moves the device from the **Inventory** page to **In Service** page, and begins applying your configurations. You can view the current state of your devices on this page. All devices fall into one of the following states.

- **Deploying** - The device is in the process of being deployed.
- **Deployed** - The device is fully installed and synced with the firmware configurations from FortiEdge Cloud.
- **Syncing** - The device is currently syncing its configurations with FortiEdge Cloud. The device will reboot during the syncing process.

Deleting FortiExtenders

You can remove devices from the Inventory page if they were added to FortiEdge Cloud with a Cloud Key. You cannot remove the devices that have been pulled from your FortiCare account. If you have accidentally added a device to the wrong FortiCare account, contact support at https://support.fortinet.com.

Select a (or multiple) device and click **Delete**, consent to the device deletion.

In Service

A device is categorized as **In Service** when it is deployed on FortiEdge Cloud.

In this tab, you can see your device's availability status, deployment state, serial number, hostname, and manage your device configurations. You can change your device groups and profiles, modify individual device configurations, undeploy active devices, and sync device configurations with the cloud. Navigate to **Devices > In Service** to perform various actions on the in-service FortiExtender devices.

- Actions
- Online/Offline Devices
- Diagnostics and Tools

Actions

All the devices are listed on this page, select a particular device and use the **Actions** menu to perform the following.
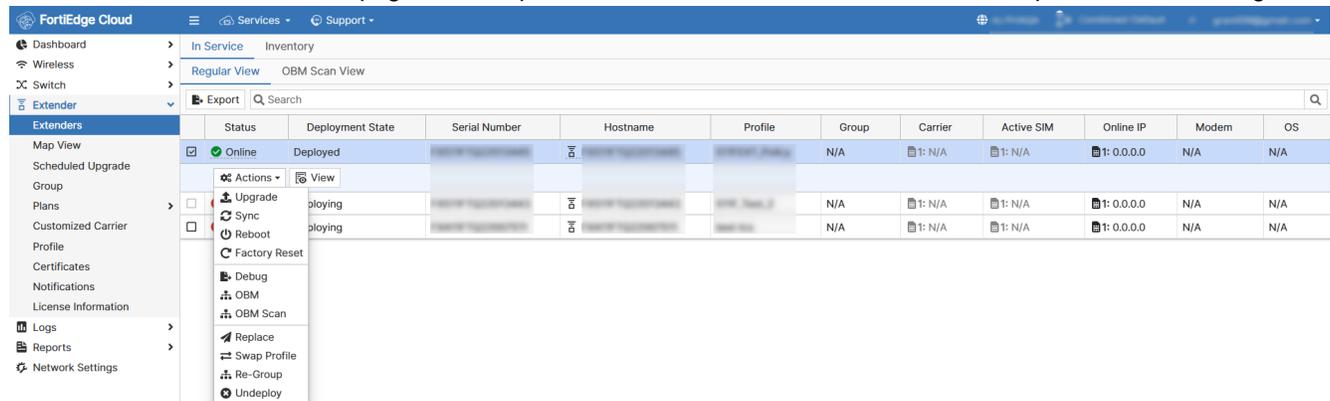
- Upgrade
- Sync
- Reboot
- Factory Reset
- Debug
- OBM
- OBM Scan on page 244
- Replace on page 244
- Swap Profile
- Re-Group
- Undeploy

Upgrade

Once you deploy a device, you can upgrade the device OS and modem firmware from the **In Service** page.

1. Select **Actions > Upgrade** and select the **Schedule Type**.
   - **Immediate** - Upgrade the device now.
   - **Scheduled** - Specify the date and time of the upgrade. This is based on your local timezone.

2. Select the **OS** or **Modem** firmware you want to upgrade the device to. You can also a upload a firmware file from your local machine.

   Note: Upgrading a device's OS or modem firmware causes the device to reboot.

Sync

Select **Actions > Sync** and consent to synchronizing the device.

Note: Synchronizing may cause the device to reboot.

Reboot

Select **Actions > Reboot** to reboot the device.

Factory Reset

Select **Actions > Factory Reset** to restore default factory settings of the device. This option overrides all the current configurations and settings.

Debug

The **Actions > Debug** option downloads all the extender event log files to your system.

OBM

Select **Actions > OBM** to access the Out-of-Band Management (OBM) console of the FortiExtender. For more information on OBM, see Diagnostics and Tools on page 245.

OBM Scan

Select **Actions > OBM Scan** to initiate a scan on the Extender device. For more information, see In Service on page 243.

Note: **OBM Scan** option is enabled for a device only in the **OBM Scan View** tab.

Replace

To replace the selected extender with a device from the inventory, select **Actions > Replace**.

Enter the 16 character serial number of the device from the inventory and click **OK**.

Swap Profile

You can change the profile of the deployed devices. Select **Actions > Swap Profile** and select the profile you want to swap to. The new profile is applied to the device.

Note: Swapping profiles causes the device to reboot.

Re-Group

You can change the group of the deployed devices. Select **Actions > Re-Group** and select the group you want to swap to. The new group is applied to the device.

Note: Changing the group of a device causes it to reboot.

Undeploy

When a device is no longer needed, you can undeploy the device and move it to the **Inventory** page. Select **Actions > Undeploy** and consent to un-deploying the device.

Online/Offline Devices

An in service device is online when it is deployed and connected to FortiEdge Cloud.

An in service device can be offline for the following reasons.

- The device is down.
- The SIM card has been removed from its slot or has exceeded its subscribed data plan.
- The device has been unplugged from the LAN (if it connects to FortiEdge Cloud through an Ethernet connection).

Diagnostics and Tools

To view the FortiExtender statistics and diagnostics in detail, click **View**. This panel displays the device details such as, the serial number, model, OS, modem, and the deployment state and status.

The health of the FortiExtender devices such as the CPU and memory utilization, and the temperature. Also, the system status such as, the signal strength, and the device online and uptime.

In the **Actions** menu, you can perform the actions listed in Actions. Additionally, you can perform the following operations.

- **Reboot** the device.
- Apply the default factory configurations (**Factory Reset**) overriding all current configurations and settings.
- Access the Out-of-Band Management (OBM) console of the FortiExtender to connect to the console port of any device connected to the FortiExtender via its USB port. For more information on OBM, see OBM management in the FortiExtender Admin Guide (Standalone). To access the OBM console terminal session from the cloud, enable **CLI**

Credential and configure the existing username and password, set from the FortiExtender device.

CLI Credential ⬤ CLI Username | Enter CLI username |

CLI Password | Enter CLI password 👁 |

After you deploy a device, you can override the set configurations using the **Edit** option. The configurations made directly to an individual device take higher priority over the configurations set by a profile or group. This page provides some additional configuration parameters, such as enabling the device location by setting the latitude and longitude in the general settings, to locate the device in the map view.

Note: Editing a device's configuration causes the device to reboot.

Edit Device Configuration
➕ General Settings
➕ LTE Settings Modem 1
➕ LTE Settings Modem 2
◑ LTE Plan
◑ DNS Database Plan
◑ Credential Plan Settings
⬤ Local Access Settings

| HTTP | 80 |

You can also use the CLI **Console** for the FortiExtender device. You can configure the console settings when editing the configurations.

⬤ Local Access Settings

HTTP	80
HTTPS	443
Idle-Timeout	5
SSH	22
Telnet	23

You can export the device usage information in the statistics tab. Select the required time interval and click **Export**.

Map View

In this page you can view the locations of your deployed devices plotted via their GPS coordinates on Google map. For devices that are offline, the map logs the last known GPS location.

When multiple devices are located in the same location, they are clustered under one location marker with a green and red ring denoting the ratio of online and offline devices. You can click on the location markers to see more information about the device.
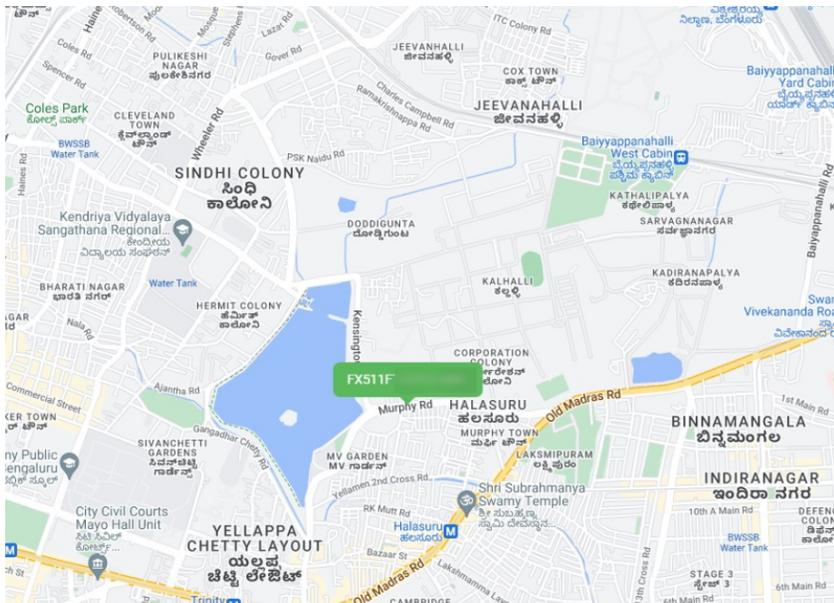
Scheduled Upgrades

FortiEdge Cloud lets you schedule device firmware upgrades for a later time. Once you've scheduled your upgrade, you can view and edit the scheduled upgrade from the Scheduled Upgrade page.

1. Navigate to **Scheduled Upgrade** and click a row to enable or disable each upgrade.

Start By	Status	Devices	Models	OS Versions	Modem Versions
in 9 days	✓ Enabled	1	FVA21F	FVA21F-7.4.4.248.GA	
			⊡ View	Disable	

2. Click **View** to see which devices are included in the batch.

   From this section, you can perform multiple actions.

- **Edit**: Change the upgrade time or selected firmware version.

- **Delete**: Delete the scheduled upgrade.
- **Add Devices**: Add devices to the scheduled upgrade.

- **Remove Devices**: Select and remove devices from the scheduled upgrade.

3. When you are finished, click **Apply** to save your changes.

Groups

A *group* is a virtual container that contains one or more devices. You can add up to two profiles for each group, one profile per device model category. Each device can join only one group. When adding a device to a group, you can decide whether to keep the device's own profile or override it with that of the group. If you elect to keep the device's profile, it will take priority over the group profile. Grouping makes it easy to keep track of and manage your devices by letting you upgrade the device firmware by group. You can use groups to organize your devices by department, region, data plan, wireless carrier, or in any other category. You can create groups before you deploy your devices and each group must have at least one profile.

- Adding a Group
- Adding Devices to a Group

Adding a Group

1. Navigate to **Group** and click **Add**.
2. Enter a **Name** for the group. Valid characters are: alphanumeric characters and special characters (. -_). Spaces are not permitted.

3. Select profiles that apply to the devices that you require to be grouped.

Add Group	
Name	group1
Choose a profile for	1 LTE modem ⓘ
	profile-1 ▼
Choose a profile for	2 LTE modems ⓘ
	22F_Sim ▼
Choose a profile for	Ethernet only / no LTE modem ⓘ
	profile_hw2_257 ▼
Choose a profile for	LTE/5G modem ⓘ
	profile_hw3_243 ▼
Choose a profile for	Vehicular, 1 LTE modem ⓘ
	▼
Choose a profile for	Vehicular, 2 LTE modem ⓘ
	▼

Adding Devices to a Group

After creating a group, you can add devices to it.

1. Select an existing group and click **View**.
2. Click **Add Devices** and enter the serial number of the device you want to add. You can add multiple devices to the group by separating the device serial numbers with a comma.
3. **Keep** of **Discard** the profile. This option is applicable only on devices with a profile. If you keep the profile then devices profile is given precedence over group profile.

You can view information about a group from the **Group** page. This page lists all the groups, displays the number of devices in each group, the profile of each group, and their status. You can export a list of devices in each group in a CSV file. Click **Export**.

After you create a group, you can view the group details, modify the profiles and group name as required, delete, or clone a group. Select a group and click **View**, **Clone**, or **Delete** for any of these operations. If you clone a group, specify a unique name for the new group. You cannot delete groups that contain devices. You must first remove all the devices before you can delete the group.

GRPFEV	N/A,N/A,N/A,FEX511F,FAV211F,N/A,N/A	1	1	0	18 hours ago
	⧉ View ▣ Clone 🗑 Delete				

Plans

FortiEdge Cloud consolidates all your plans in the **Plans** page. You can create and manage your carrier, credential, network, VPN, and DNS Database plans.

- Carrier Plans
- Credential Plans
- Network Plans
- VPN Plans
- DNS Database Plans

Carrier Plans

A carrier plan refers to a service plan that you have signed up or subscribed from a mobile phone service provider or carrier. It identifies your mobile phone service provider, and contains information such as your allowed data usage and billing cycle. The FortiEdge Cloud lets you create carrier plans to specify your data provider and the limits of your data plan, and apply them to profiles and individual devices. The carrier plan page displays information about each plan's carrier company, data capacity, as well as the plan fee and billing date. You can export this information in a CSV file. You can also see which plans have permission to exceed your allotted data limits.

Name	Carrier	Capacity	Recurrence	Overage	Monthly Fee	Modem	Slot	Mode	Type
Carrier-Plan	Generic|APAC	1,024	1	✅ Enabled	500	modem1	sim1	AUTO	by-default
plan1	AT&T|NAM	1,024	1	❌ Disabled	0	modem1	sim1	AUTO	by-default
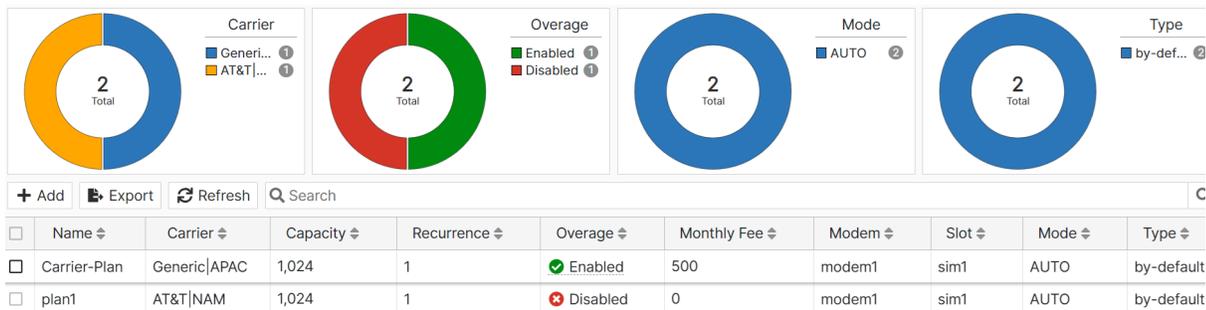
Pre-requisite

Before creating your carrier plan, you must have the following information ready.

- The name of your carrier or data provider
- Your Access Point Name (APN)
- Your authentication type (None, CHAP, PAP)
- Your plan's billing date
- Your plan's total capacity (in MB)
- If your plan is an individual plan or a pooled plan
- Your plan's overage limits (if any)
- Your plan's security mode (NAT or IP PASS)

1. Navigate to **Plans > Carrier** and click **Add**.

General Plan Settings

Plan Name	carrier
Mode	AUTO AUTO_3G FORCE_2G FORCE_3G FORCE_LTE
Modem	Modem 1 Modem 2 All
Slot	SIM 1 SIM 2
Type	By default By carrier By slot By ICCID
	Requires a minimum device OS version of 4.2.0

➕ Carrier Settings

➕ Authentication Settings

➕ Billing Settings

2. Configure the following settings

3.

Field Name	Description
General Plan Settings	
Plan Name	Enter a name for the carrier plan.
Mode	Select how your modem chooses a wireless network standard. • AUTO — Automatically select the wireless network standard. • AUTO_3G — Automatically select the wireless network standard with 3G having the highest priority. • FORCE_2G — Select the 2G wireless network standard. • FORCE_3G — Select the 3G wireless network standard. • FORCE_LTE — Select the LTE wireless network standard.
Modem	Select which modems on the device that this plan will be associated with.
Slot	Select which SIM slot you want to apply the plan to.
Type	Select how a plan applies configurations to a SIM. • By-default — This plan will apply to any SIM card inserted. • By-carrier — This plan will apply to the SIM card with the plan's specified carrier. • By-slot — This plan will apply to the SIM inserted the plan's specified slot. • By-ICCID— This plan will apply to the SIM card with the provided ICCID. **Note**: Assigning a type only applies to devices running OS 4.2.0 and later.

Field Name	Description
Carrier Settings	
Type	Select a carrier setting type. • Built-In — Select from a list of commonly used mobile phone service carriers. • Customized — Lets you add your own carrier. To add your own carrier, click **+ Add** and complete the fields. You can view all your customized carriers from the **Customized Carrier** page (see Managing Customized Carriers).
Region	Select the region where your device is to be deployed.
Carrier	If you selected the **Built-In** type, select your carrier. If you do not find your carrier, you can select **Generic**.
Authentication Settings	
APN	Enter the *Access Point Name* of your plan.

Type	Select your plan's authentication type.
	• None — No authentication required.
	• CHAP — Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol.
	   ○ If you select **Specify Credential**, enter the Username and Password for APN access.
	   ○ If you select **Use Credential Plan**, choose an existing credential plan from the drop-down.
	• PAP — Password Authentication Protocol, authenticated with a static user name and password combination.
	   ○ If you select **Specify Credential**, enter the Username and Password for APN access.
	   ○ If you select **Use Credential Plan**, choose an existing credential plan from the drop-down.

Username	Enter your username. **Note**: This field is only enabled if you have CHAP or PAP authentication selected.
Password	Enter your authentication password. **Note**: This field is only enabled if you have CHAP or PAP authentication selected.
Billing Settings	
Billing Date	Enter the plan's monthly billing date.
Pooled	Enable if your plan is a group plan.
Monthly Fee	Enter how much the plan costs per month.
Overage	Enable if you want to allow your plan to exceed its data usage limit.

Field Name	Description
	Note: Enabling the overage function prevents smart switch from automatically switching to the secondary SIM card after the first card hits its data limit.
Auto Switch	
Capacity	Enter your plan's data capacity in MB.
Signal Threshold	Enter a threshold for an allowable RSSI value. If the RSSI value drops below this amount for a specified time period, this can trigger automatic SIM switching.
Signal Period	Enter the allowable length of time in seconds in which an RSSI value can drop below the specified threshold. If the RSSI value is below the threshold for more than this time period, this can trigger automatic SIM switching.

After you create a carrier plan, you can view the plan's configurations, modify them as required, delete, or clone them. Select a plan and click **Edit**, **Clone**, or **Delete** for any of these operations. If you clone a plan, specify a unique name for the new plan. You can export you carrier plans in a CSV file.

Notes:

- Modifying a carrier plan causes the devices associated with it to reboot.
- You cannot delete carrier plans that are associated with a device or profile. You must first re-assign each device or profile to a new plan before you can delete the old plan.

Credential Plans

The FortiEdge Cloud Credential Plan page lets you create credential plans to configure device account credentials and apply them to profiles and individual devices. This allows to you add additional users and allow admin access to the CLI and GUI of the FortiExtender if it is reachable on the internet or across the network. You can use credential plans to assign a username, password, and account profile types. You can create credential plans to set a device account profile with username and password permissions. After creating a credential plan, you can apply it to a profile or individual device.

 Note: To synchronize the FortiExtender username and password from the cloud after a factory reset is initiated, You must create at least one credential plan associated with *super_admin accprofile*. Set the name of the plan to *admin* (login username) and then set the trusted hosts (or not, if they want to allow log ins over networks from any source address). Set an *accProfile* in the same credential plan. Once the profile is saved, the username/password is sent to the device every time a factory reset is initiated.

1. Navigate to **Plans > Credential** and click **Add**.

General Plan Settings

Name | credential

Plan name will be used as username in devices.

Password | •••••••••• | 👁

Please avoid ()?<> for devices with OS version 7.0.2.

AccProfile Settings

Type | **Built-In** Customized

Name | super_admin ▼

Trusted Hosts Settings

127.0.0.0 | ✕

+

2. Configure the following settings.

Field Name	Description
Name	Enter a username for accessing FortiExtender devices associated with the credential plan. This allows you to access the device CLI console and local GUI.
Password	Enter a password for accessing FortiExtender devices associated with the credential plan. This allows you to access the device CLI console and local GUI.
AccProfile Settings	
Type	Select the account profile type you want. • *built-in* — Use a pre-built Account Profile. • *customized* — Manually customize the account profile.
Name	Select the type of access you want to grant to the plan. If you selected a *built-in* account profile type, you can select between: • *no_access* — No access is granted. • *super_admin* — Grant super administrator access. If you selected a *customized* account profile type, you must select an existing account profile name.
Trusted Hosts Settings	
Trusted Host	Edit the address of your Trusted Hosts. Administrators of the hosts can connect to the FortiExtender device via the IP/network. You can specify any IPv4 address or subnet address and netmask from which an administrator can connect to the FortiExtender.
Affected Devices and Profiles	

Field Name	Description
Devices	Lists the devices associated with the credential plan.
Profiles	Lists all the profiles associated with the credential plan.
Carrier Plan	Lists all the carrier plans using the credential plan.

After you create a credential plan, you can view the plan's configurations, modify them as required, or delete them. Select a plan and click **Edit** or **Delete** for any of these operations.

Note:

- You cannot delete credential plans that are associated with a device or a profile. You must first re-assign each device or profile to a new credential plan before you can delete the old plan.
- If a credential plan is being used in any **Carrier Plan** configuration, then the credential plan cannot be deleted but can be renamed.

Network Plans

FortiEdge Cloud enables you to define a network and apply it to a device profile. Through Network Plans, you can choose if you want to use a predefined plan to configure your network, or manually configure your own. FortiEdge Cloud lets you create network plans to configure your system interface. After creating a network plan, you can add it to a profile to push it onto a device.

From network plans, you can create a subnet pool by using network IP and subnet mask. Each device's interface automatically receives an IP from the subnet pool as long as there are enough subnets. When you define the source IP, source subnet, and destination IP, you are defining a network pool with subnets. Subnets are assigned to the device that joins the network. For each subnet, there will be a number of IPs that can be used for the device's hosts.

General Settings

Name	Network
Source IP	10.1.1.1/24
Destination IP	10.1.1.2/24
Source Subnet Mask	24

Reserved Index IP Ranges

Interface IP	First	Second	Third	Last	Custom	0-?
DHCP Server Default Gateway IP	First	Second	Third	Last	Custom	0-?
DHCP Server Start IP	First	Second	Third	Last	Custom	0-?
DHCP Server End IP	First	Second	Third	Last	Custom	0-?
VRRP Virtual Router IP	First	Second	Third	Last	Custom	0-?

You must select an integer to define how each subnet device uses those IPs. Once you select an integer and save it, the reserved index graph updates to visually reflect your selection.

1. Navigate to **Plans > Network** and click **Add**.
2. .Configure the following settings.

Field Name	Description
General Settings	
Name	Change the network name if necessary.
Destination IP	Enter the Destination IP of your plan.
Source IP	Enter the Source IP of your plan.
Source Subnet Mask	Select if you want to subnet your plan. If you choose to subnet your plan, select how many.
Interface IP DHCP Server Default Gateway IP DHCP Server Start IP DHCP Server End IP VRRP Virtual Router IP	Select an integer for each IP to define how each subnet device uses those IPs. You can select a customized number from 0-4096. For example, if a device is assigned a subnet from 192.168.2.1/24 to 192.168.2.35/24, choosing **First** means they get an IP of 192.168.2.**1**. **Second** means 192.168.2.**2**, and so on.

After you create a network plan, you can view the plan's configurations, modify them as required, delete, or clone them. Select a plan and click **Edit**, **Clone**, or **Delete** for any of these operations. If you clone a plan, specify a unique name for the new plan.

Notes:

- Modifying a network plan causes the devices associated with it to reboot.
- You cannot delete network plans that are associated with a device or profile. You must first re-assign each device or profile to a new network plan before you can delete the old plan.

VPN Plans

FortiExtender uses IPsec VPN to connect branch offices to each other. Currently, only site-to-site VPN tunnel mode is supported. Through VPN Plans, you can choose if you want to use a predefined plan to configure your VPN, or manually configure your own. FortiEdge Cloud lets you create IPsec VPN plans to connect branch offices to each other. After creating a VPN plan, you can add it to a profile to push it onto a device. An IPsec VPN is established in two phases, *Phase 1* and *Phase 2*.

Several parameters determine how this is done, except for IP addresses, the settings simply need to match at both VPN gateways. There are defaults that are applicable for most cases.

When a FortiExtender unit receives a connection request from a remote VPN peer, it uses IPsec *Phase-1* parameters to establish a secure connection and authenticate that VPN peer. Then, the FortiExtender unit establishes the tunnel using IPsec *Phase-2* parameters. Key management, authentication, and security services are negotiated dynamically through the IKE protocol.

General Plan Settings

Plan Name	VPN-FEXT
Mode	Manual **Plan**

➕ Phase 1

➕ Phase 2 **1 / 10**

To support these functions, the following general configuration steps must be performed on both units:

- Define the *Phase-1* parameters that the FortiExtender unit needs to authenticate the remote peer and establish a secure connection.
- Define the *Phase-2* parameters that the FortiExtender unit needs to create a VPN tunnel with the remote peer.
- Create firewall policies to control the permitted services and permitted direction of traffic between the IP source and destination addresses. See Managing Profiles on page 263
- Create a route to direct traffic to the tunnel interface.

1. Navigate to **Plans > VPN** and click **Add**.
2. Configure the following settings.

Field Name	Description
General Settings	
Name	Change the VPN name if necessary.
Mode	Select which mode you want your VPN plan to run in. • *plan* — The VPN's source subnet destination subnet is automatically assigned based on the interface's network situation. • *manual* — Manually configure the source and destination subnet.
Phase 1	
Name (manual mode)	Enter a name for the Phase 1.
Authentication Method	Select an authentication method. • *psk* — Authenticate using a pre-shared key. • *signature* — Authenticate using a CA certificate. You can upload certificate from the VPN Ca page (see Upload Certificates for VPN Plans on page 282
Key Life	Specify the time (in seconds) to wait before the Phase-1 encryption key expires. The valid range is 20 –172800.
Ike Version	Specify the IKE protocol version: 1 or 2.

Field Name	Description
Certificates (signature authentication)	Select a Certificate Authentication that you've uploaded (see Upload Certificates for VPN Plans on page 282.
PSK-Secret (psk authentication)	Specify the pre-shared secret created when configuring the VPN client.
Proposal	Select a Phase-1 proposal.
Dhgrp	Select one of the following DH groups: • 1 • 2 • 5 • 14
Local ID	(Optional field) Specify the FortiExtender's identifier. This ID identifies the FortiExtender device to the remote (server) device. That is, when FortiExtender establishes an IPsec VPN tunnel with VPN server, it uses this value to identify itself to the server. You can use the FortiExtender's own IP address, device name, or other unique identifier that the VPN server uses to distinguish the device on the tunnel. When specified, it can contain up to 63 characters, including alphanumeric characters, hyphens (-), underscores (_), and dot (.). **Note**: Ensure that the ID follows the allowed format to avoid configuration errors during VPN setup.
Peer ID	(Optional field) Specify an ID that identifies the remote device/network to your FortiExtender device. It is the remote VPN server's identifier expected in IPsec VPN tunnel from your FortiExtender device. When specified, it can contain up to 255 characters, including alphanumeric characters, hyphens (-), underscores (_), and dot (.). **Note**: Ensure that the ID follows the allowed format to avoid configuration errors during VPN setup.
Add GW Route	Select this option to enable the FortiExtender to automatically add the necessary route to the remote gateway. **Note**: • By default, the **Add GW Route** option is disabled in the VPN Plan. If required, you must manually enable this option from within the VPN Plan settings. • When the you enables the **Add GW Route** option in multiple VPN profiles, dynamic policy routing is created for one tunnel, but other tunnels fail to add their routing policies. This is a known issue on the FortiExtender device side when config pushed from cloud side. For more information see the Known Issues section of the *FortiEdge Cloud 25.2.a Release Notes*.
Type	Select a remote gateway type: • Static • DDNS

Field Name	Description
Remote Gateway	Specify the IPv4 address of the remote gateway's external interface.
Monitor	Select the Phase 1 interface for the VPN tunnel that you wish to monitor. If one VPN tunnel goes down, the other automatically becomes active ensuring continuity.
Phase 2	
Name (manual mode)	Enter a name for the Phase 2.
Proposal	Select a Phase-2 proposal.
PFS	Enable or Disable PFS.
Source Subnet (manual mode)	Enter the local proxy ID subnet.
Source Subnet Port	Enter the quick mode source port. Note: The valid range is 1—65535. 0 means for all.
Destination Subnet (manual mode)	Enter the remote proxy ID subnet.
Destination Subnet Port	Enter the quick mode destination port. **Note**: The valid range is 1—65535. 0 means for all.
Key Life Type	Select how you want to define the key life type: • seconds • kbs
Encapsulation	Select the ESP encapsulation mode: • tunnel-mode • transport-mode
Key Life Seconds	Define the Phase-2 key life time in seconds. **Note**: The valid range is 120—172800.
Protocol	Quick mode protocol selector. **Note**: The valid range is 1—255. 0 means for all.
Key Life Kbs	Define the Phase-2 key life time in Kbs.
Add Phase	You can add up to 10 phases as needed.

After you create a VPN plan, you can view the plan's configurations, modify them as required, delete, or clone them. Select a plan and click **Edit**, **Clone**, or **Delete** for any of these operations. If you clone a plan, specify a unique name for the new plan.

Notes:

- Modifying a VPN plan causes the devices associated with it to reboot.
- You cannot delete VPN plans that are associated with a device or profile. You must first re-assign each device or profile to a new VPN plan before you can delete the old plan.
- It is recommended to not rename profiles which are already mapped to Extender Profiles.

- Before making any modifications to the VPN profile, remove the mapping for the existing profile and then map the new or different profile.

Local ID and Peer ID Configuration in VPN Plans and override options

The configuration of Local ID and Peer ID is supported within VPN Plans. The application follows the below order of precedence when applying VPN settings, from highest to lowest priority:

1. Edit Device Configuration > VPN Settings (This takes the highest priority and will override all other
2. settings).
3. Edit Device Configuration > VPN Settings > VPN Plan
4. Profile > VPN Settings > VPN Plan (applied only if no override profile is configured.

DNS Database Plans

FortiEdge Cloud lets you create DNS Database plans to configure your FortiExtender as a DNS server. After creating a DNS Database plan, you can apply it to a profile or individual device.

1. Navigate to *Plans > DNS Database* and click **Add**.

General Plan Settings	
Zone Name	DNS_DataBase
Domain Name	www.google.com
Authoritative	Disabled
Status	Enabled
Contact (Host Name)	
Primary Name	dns
Source IP	
Zone Type	primary
Zone View	shadow public
TTL	86400

2. Configure the following settings in the plan.

3.

Field Name	Description
General Settings	
Zone Name	Change the zone name if necessary.
Domain Name	Change the domain name if necessary.
Authoritative	Select the status of the authoritative zone.
Status	Select the status of the DNS zone.

Field Name		Description
Contact (Host Name)		Enter the email address of the zone administrator. You can specify either the username (e.g., admin) or the full email address (e.g., admin@test.com). When using a simple username, the domain of the email will be this zone.
Primary Name		Enter the domain name of the default DNS server for this zone.
Source IP		Enter the source IP for forwarding to the DNS server.
Zone Type		Select the DNS zone to manage entries directly.
Zone View		Select the zone view: • shadow: Shadow DNS zone to serve internal clients. • public: Public DNS zone to serve public clients.
TTL		Enter the time-to-live value for the entries of this DNS zone. Note: The value ranges from 0 to 2147483647. The default is 86400.
Forwarder Settings		
Forwarder		Click *Add Forwarder* to enter the DNS zone forwarder IP address.
DNS Entries		
DNS Entry		Click *Add DNS Entry* to add a DNS Entry.
	Hostname	Name of the host.
	TTL	Time-to-live for this entry.
	Type	Resource record type: • A — Host type. • NS — Name server type • CNAME — Canonical name type • MX — Mail exchange type • PTR — Pointer type
	Status	Select the resource record status.
	IP	Enter the IPv4 address of the host. **Note:** Applicable to A and PTR(types) only.
	Canonical name	Canonical name of the host. **Note:** Applicable to CNAME (type) only.
	Preference	DNS entry preference, 0 is the highest preference. **Note:** Applicable to MX (type) only.

After you create a DNS database plan, you can view the plan's configurations, modify them as required, or delete them. Select a plan and click **Edit** or **Delete** for any of these operations.

Managing Customized Carriers

This page lists all the custom carriers you have created for ease of management. You can also create new customized carriers directly from this page.

1. Navigate to **Customized Carrier** and click **Add**.
2. Make the required entries or selections as described in the following table.

Field Name	Description
Name	Enter a name for the custom carrier.
MCC	Enter the *Mobile Country Code* for the carrier.
MNC	Enter the *Mobile Network Code* for the carrier.
Region	Select the region for the carrier.
Country	Enter the country for the carrier.
Modem Firmware Version	Select the modem firmware on the device that this carrier will be associated with.

After you create a customized carrier, you can view the carrier's configurations, modify them as required, or delete them. Select a plan and click **Edit** or **Delete** for any of these operations.

Profiles

A profile is a configuration object that specifies the various settings that can be applied to a device or group of devices. Before you can deploy a device, you must first choose a profile and apply it to the device. No device can be deployed without a profile. Because profiles are associated with devices, any change made to a profile will affect the associated devices and cause them to reboot. After a profile is applied to a FortiExtender, it will overwrite any existing configuration on the device. Profiles are templates that contain general configuration settings and carrier plans that can be applied to multiple devices.

Notes:

- A profile contains all configuration information except the OS and modem firmware, which must be installed or updated either through FortiEdge Cloud or your LAN.
- The **Diagnostics and Tools** page (under the In Service page) lets you change a device's configuration. Changes made on that page will override both the individual profile or group profile associated with the device.

This section describes the following procedures about profiles.

- Managing Profiles
- Virtual IPs

Managing Profiles

You must create and apply profiles to devices before you can deploy them.

1. Navigate to **Profile** and click **Add**.

2.

Field Name	Description
Profile Name	Enter a name for the profile. **Note**: Valid characters are: alphanumeric characters and special characters (. -_). Spaces are not permitted.
Hardware Platform	Select the hardware platform/model you want to apply the profile to.

Add Profile

Profile Name   profile-1

Hardware Platform   ▼

Search   🔍

Hardware Platform ▾

1 LTE modem
2 LTE modems
Ethernet only / no LTE modem
LTE/5G modem
Vehicular, 1 LTE modem
Vehicular, 2 LTE modem

3. After you create a profile, it is listed in the **Profile** page, select a particular profile and click **Edit** to configure the following sections:
    - General Configuration
    - Interface Settings
    - Advanced Settings
4. After you create a profile, you can view the configurations, modify them as required, delete, or clone them. Select a profile and click **Edit**, **Clone**, or **Delete** for any of these operations. If you clone a profile, specify a unique name for the new profile.

⊟	Name ⬍	Platform ⬍	Carrier Plans ⬍	Groups ⬍	Last Modified ⬍
☑	FAV211F	FVA21F(FEV-211F-AM), FVG21F(FEV-211F)	0	1	2024/08/20 23:21:32

✎ Edit   📋 Clone   🗑 Delete

Notes:

- Modifying a profile causes the devices associated with it to reboot.
- You cannot delete profiles that are associated with a device or a plan. You must first re-assign each device or plan to a new profile.

General Configuration

You can configure the general settings for your profile.

- General Settings
- Services
- NTP Settings
- Firmware Settings
- Carrier Plan Settings
- SSIDs
- Switch Interface
- WiFi Configuration
- Radio
- Modem1 Settings/Modem2 Settings

General Settings

Fields	Description
Hardware Platform	Displays the hardware platform/model selected.
OBM Access CLI Credentials	Enter the credential details for accessing the device through out-of-band management (OBM). Choose between **Specify Credential** and **Use Credential Plan**. • If you select **Specify Credential**, enter the **Username** and **Password**. • If you select **Use Credential Plan**, select the credential plan from the **Select Credential Plan** drop-down menu. **Note:** Before selecting a credential plan, make sure it is applied to the profile. See Credential Plan Settings in the Advanced Settings section.
Work Mode	Select a work mode. • **NAT** — The FortiExtender device works as a gateway of the subnet behind it, forwarding all the traffic between the LAN and LTE WAN. • **IP PASS** — The FortiExtender distributes the WAN IP address provided by the Network Service Provider to the device behind it.
Timezone ID	Select a timezone for your FortiExtenders.

Services

Fields	Description
Edit Services	Add/edit the default and custom services and ports associated with the profile.

NTP Settings

Fields	Description

Type	Select an NTP server to use.
	• **fortiguard**
	• **custom**
	    ○ Enter the Name of your custom NTP server.
	    ○ Enter the IP address or hostname of the custom NTP server.

Firmware Settings

Fields	Description
OS Firmware	Select or upload the OS firmware you want to apply to each FortiExtender model associated with this profile.
Modem Firmware	Select the modem firmware you want to apply to each FortiExtender model associated with this profile.

Carrier Plan Settings

Fields	Description
Add Plan	Add existing carrier plans to your profile. **Note:** If you select the By Carrier option for defining a default SIM, you can define the preferred carrier by dragging and rearranging the Plans in this section. Plans are prioritized based on their order, with the top plan being the most preferred.

SSIDs

Fields	Description
Add SSIDs	Add SSIDs to the profile.
ID	Enter an ID or name for the SSID plan.
SSID	Enter the name you want your SSID to show during broadcast.
Broadcast SSID	Select if you want to broadcast the SSID.
WLAN Bridge	Select if you want the SSID to act as a bridge between wireless and wired networks, integrating wireless devices into the same network.
WLAN Members	When **WLAN Bridge** is enabled, you can add WLAN members to the SSID configuration.
Security Mode	Set the security encryption mode of the SSID.
Passphrase	Enter a password for the SSID.

Switch Interface

Fields	Description
Add Switch Interface	Add Switch Interfaces to the profile. **Note**: You can add up to 20 switch interfaces.
Name	Enter a name for the switch interface.
STP	Select to use STP protocol.
Add Members	Add members to the Switch Interface
Name	Enter a name for the member of the switch interface.
Type	Select the interface type. Choose between: • Physical • Aggregate • VAP **Note**: (Virtual Access Point) VAP type is available only under vehicular FVA 21F/22F profiles.
Port	If you have selected the Interface Types as Physical or Aggregate, all the defined ports are listed. Select a port from the list.
VAP	If you have selected the Interface Type as VAP, all the non-bridge SSIDs defined are listed. Select the Virtual Access Point (VAP) name from the list. **Note**: An SSID (VAP) can only be used once across all members and switch configurations. In other words, the selected SSID must not be present in any other member of the same switch interface or any member of a different switch interface.
VIDS	Enter the VLAN ID list, ranging from 1 to 4089.
PVID	Enter the Port VLAN ID, ranging from 1 to 4089.

WiFi Configuration

Fields	Description
Add WiFi-Config	Add Wi-Fi configurations to the profile.
ID	Enter an ID or name for the configuration plan.
SSID	Enter the name of an SSID.
Security Mode	Set the security mode of the SSID.
Passphrase	Enter a pass phrase for the SSID.
Country Code	Set a country code.

Radio

Fields	Description
Add Radio	Add radio configurations to the profile.
ID	Enter an ID or name for the radio plan.
Role	Set the radio role. • lan • wan
Band	Select the frequency band you want to broadcast. • 2GHz • 5GHz
Bandwidth	Select the channel width you want to broadcast. • auto • 20MHz • 40MHz
Channel	Select the channel or channels to include.
Status	Set the status of the radio. • enable • disable
Extension Channel	Select the radio extension channel. • auto • higher • lower
Guard Interval	Select the radio guard interval. • auto • 800ns • 400ns
Operating Standards	Select the radio operating standards.
Power Mode	Set the power mode for your radio. • auto • percentage • dBm
VAP	Select the Virtual APs you want to apply radio configurations to.

Modem1 Settings/Modem2 Settings

Fields	Description
Sim1 PIN	Enter a pin code for your Sim1 card (if applicable).
Sim2 PIN	Enter a pin code for your Sim2 card (if applicable).
Report Interval	Specify a desired report interval in seconds.

Fields	Description
Mask Modem & SIM Info	You can chose to mask or un-mask the modem and SIM information, such as, IMEI, IMSI, and ICCID, while reporting periodic statistics and logs to FortiEdge Cloud. Since the device Modem and SIM information constitutes personal data and gets stored in the cloud, a GDPR privacy notice is displayed when the masking is disabled. **Note**: If the masking is disabled and you require to remove this setting to avoid storing personal data in the cloud, then, modify the setting in the **Profile** page and also request *Fortinet Customer Support* teams to modify and/or delete the stored statistics and logs.
Multiple PDN	When **Multiple PDN** option is enabled, you can select upto four LTE interface plans. Out of the 4, the first 2 LTE interfaces are mandatory and the rest 2 are optional. You can re-use the same carrier plans across LTE interfaces. Only the carrier plans that are added to the profile under **Carrier Plan Settings** are available for selection when **Multiple PDN** is enabled. **Note**: • This option is available only for FortiExtender 511G profiles. • A carrier plan that is being used cannot be deleted. • Add unique carrier plan/APN for Multiple PDN else Multiple PDN virtual interfaces will go down. • When configuring the carrier plans, first determine how many APNs your ISP supports. Then, attach the carrier plans according to the APN order provided by your ISP. • The **Affected Devices and Profiles** section for a carrier plan lists the plan when used in **Multiple PDN** configuration as well.
Default SIM	If there are two SIM cards, select how you want to define the default SIM card. • **By Carrier** — Select the SIM card with the preferred carrier. You can define the preferred carrier by arranging the order of plans under the Add Plan section in the Profile page. • **By Cost** — Select the SIM card with the lowest Monthly fee. You can specify the Monthly fee from the Carrier plan page. • **SIM 1** — Select the SIM card in the SIM1 slot. • **SIM 2** — Select the SIM card in the SIM2 slot.
GPS	**Enable** or **Disable** as required.

Auto Switch	Select which event triggers automatic switching between SIM cards. You can select more than one event.
	• **By Plan** — Switch when your data plan hits your specified data limit and overage is disabled. You can specify data limit from the Carrier plan page.
	• **By SIM Signal** — Switch when the Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) value drops below -100 for 600 seconds. You can configure the default values from the Carrier plan page.
	• **By SIM Disconnect** — Switch when a SIM card disconnects a certain number of times in a specified time period.
	    ○ Threshold — Enter the number of times a SIM card can disconnect.
	    ○ Period — Enter the time period in seconds.

Fields	Description

	• **Switch Back by Time** — Switch at a certain time of the day.
	  ○ **Switch Back Time**: Enter the time (*hh:mm*) for when you want to switch SIM cards.
	• **Switch Back By Timer** — Switch after a certain amount of time has elapsed.
	  ○ **Switch Back Timer** — Enter the time in seconds.
	• **By Health Monitor** — Switch to a different SIM when the health of the current SIM deteriorates based on the Health Check parameters configured. If enabled, configure the following:
	  • **Health Check Event** — Select the health check event configured to monitor the health of the SIM (see Health Check Settings
	  • **Fail Count** — Enter the number of times the link can fail before considering it as not usable.
	  • **Recovery Count** — Specify how many successful pings are needed before a link can be considered as usable again.
	  • **By Latency** — Select to enable latency monitoring on the active SIM card.
	  • **By Jitter** — Select to enable jitter monitoring on the active SIM card.
	  • **Recover by Reboot** — Select to reboot the system when the following conditions are met: Number of switches exceeds the number of switches allowed or Time interval between switches exceeds the maximum time allowed.
	Note: Automatic switching will not occur if you enable the overage function under plan configuration and also exceed the specified data limit.

Interface Settings

You can configure various interface settings for your profile.

- LAN/Loopback/WAN/Port
- Virtual WAN
- Virtual WAN

LAN/Loopback/WAN/Port

Fields	Description
Add Interface	(Optional) Click **Add Interfaces** to add a dynamic interface to the Profile. See Managing Profiles
Status	Select the status you want for your interface. • Up • Down
Mode	Select the interface IP addressing mode. • **dhcp** — FortiExtender will work in DHCP client mode. • **static** — FortiExtender will use a fixed IP address to connect to the Internet.

Fields	Description
Allow Access	Select the types of management traffic allowed to access the interface. • http • ssh • telnet • snmp • https • ping • capwap
Override MTU	Select if you want to be able to override the MTU value.
STP	Select enable to activate Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) for the built-in LAN Switch on applicable FortiExtender models.
MTU	Enter the interface's MTU value for the interface.
Distance	Enter the route metric of the interface gateway.

VRRP Setting	Add and configure VRRP settings.
	• **Backup** — Select enable to configure the device's `fortigate-backup.vrrp-interface` and `fortigate-backup.status`.
	• **Status** — Select enable to activate the VRRP.
	• **Mode** — Select how you want to assign an IP.
	  ○ plan: FortiEdge Cloud automatically assigns the `vrrp_setting.virtual_router_ip` based on your network plan.
	  ○ manual: Manually enter the `virtual_router_ip`.

DNS Server Setting	Add and configure DNS Server settings.
	• **Name** — Enter the name of the DNS Server.
	• **Mode** — Select the DNS server mode, which can be one of the following:
	  ○ recursive: Is for the shadow DNS database and forward. In this mode, FortiExtender looks up the local shadow DNS database first. If no DNS RR (resource record) is found, the DNS request will be forwarded to the configured system DNS server.
	  ○ non-recursive: Is for the public DNS database only. In this mode, FortiExtender only looks up the local public DNS database. If no DNS RR (resource record) is found, it will reply with an error status of NXDOMAIN.
	  ○ forward-only: Is for forwarding to the system DNS server only. In this mode, FortiExtender will forward DNS requests directly to the configured system DNS servers.

Network Plan	Select which network plan you want to apply to the interface. Devices associated with this profile will be automatically assigned a subnet based on the network plan. A default subnet 192.168.2.0/24 will be assigned for all devices if no network plan is selected.
DHCP Setting	Configure DHCP Server and Relay settings.

Fields	Description

Server Setting	Add and configure a DHCP server for other clients to obtain an IP.
	• **Name** — Specify the name of the DHCP server.
	• **Status** — Select if you want to enable, disable, or set the DHCP server status to backup.
	• **Mode** — Select if you want to use information from the Network plan or if you want to manually input the information.
	• **Lease Time** — Specify the DHCP address lease time in seconds. The valid range is 300–8640000. 0 means unlimited.
	• **MTU** — Enter the interface's MTU value
	• **NTP Service** — The NTP service is automatically set to *specify*.
	• **NTP Server 1-3** — Specify the IP address of each NTP Server.
	• **DNS Service** — Select one of the options for assigning a DNS server to DHCP clients.
	   ◦ default: Clients are assigned the FortiExtender configured DNS server.
	   ◦ specify: Specify up to three DNS servers in the DHCP server configuration.
	   ◦ wan-dns: The DNS of the WAN interface that is added becomes clients' DNS server IP address.
	• **Reserved Addresses** — Add a MAC address and select if you want to block or assign it a reserved IP address.
	   ◦ Reserved: Reserve an IP address for the specified client.
	   ◦ Block: Block a specific MAC address.

Relay Setting	When running in static mode, you can configure DHCP relay functionality. • **Name** — Specify the name of the relay setting. • **Status** — Select if you want to enable or disable the relay. • **Server Interface** — Select the server interface. • **Mode** — Select if you want to run in plan or manual mode. • **Server IP** — Enter the server IP. • **Client Interfaces** — Select which interface you want to relay.
Virtual IP Settings	When running in static mode, you can configure how your Virtual IPs direct traffic. • **IP Mapping** — Enter the IP address you want to forward traffic to. • **Protocol** — Select which protocol you want to use. • **Port Forward** —Select if you want to enable port forwarding. • **Port** — Enter the port number you want to forward traffic from. • **Port Mapping** — Enter the port number you want to forward traffic to.

Virtual WAN

Fields	Description
Note: These configurations apply only to devices running FEXTOS 7.4.0 and later.	

Fields	Description
Name	Specify the name of the VWAN interface.
Status	Select the status you want for your interface. • Up • Down
Algorithm	Select the Load-Balancing algorithm. • **redundant** — Targets work in primary-secondary mode • **WRR** — Targets work in Weighted Round Robin mode. For more information, refer to the FortiExtender (Standalone) Admin Guide.
Redundant By	Only available if Algorithm is set to *redundant*. Redundant algorithm using a VWAN member for data transmission based on. • priority • cost
FEC	Only available if you select **WRR** as the Algorithm. Select a LLB metric to denote how to distribute traffic. • **source_ip** — Traffic from the same source IP is forwarded to the same target. • **dest_ip** — Traffic to the same destination IP is forwarded to the same target. • **source_dest_ip_pair** — Traffic from the same source IP and to the same destination IP is forwarded to the same target. • **connection** — Traffic with the same 5 tuples (i.e., a source IP address/port number, destination IP address/port number and the protocol) is forwarded to the same target
Session Timeout	Specify the session timeout threshold in seconds. The default is 60. This is used to time out a VWAN session. A LLB session is created for each traffic stream. However, when a session times out, it is deleted.
Grace Period	Specify the grace period in seconds to delay fail-back.
Member Setting	Add VWAN members to the VWAN interface.
Name	Specify the name of the VWAN member.
Target Interface	Specify the target to which traffic is forwarded. Must be the same interface as the Interface.
Priority	Specify the priority of the link member. The lower the value, the higher the priority. The valid value range is 1—7.
Weight	Specify the weight of the member.
Health Check Fail Threshold	Specify the number of consecutive failed probes before the member is considered dead. **Note:** The valid value range is 1—10; the default is 5.
Health Check	Specify a link health check you configured in Health Check Settings.
Link Cost Factor	Select which constraints you want enabled. • **packet-loss**

Fields	Description
	• **latency** • **jitter**
Latency Threshold	Set the Latency Threshold in millisecond.
Jitter Threshold	Set the Jitter Threshold in millisecond.
Packet Loss Threshold	Set the Packet Loss Threshold in percentage.

Switch Interfaces

When a new switch interface is created, a system interface is automatically created for it in FortiExtender which is displayed here. Make the necessary changes using the information below:

Fields	Description
Name	Edit the name of the interface if required.
Allow Access	Select the types of management traffic allowed to access the interface. • http • ssh • telnet • snmp • https • ping • capwap
Distance	Enter the route metric of the interface gateway.
MTU	Enter the interface's MTU value for the interface.
Status	Select the status you want for your interface. • **Up** • **Down**
Mode	Select the interface IP addressing mode. • **dhcp** — FortiExtender will work in DHCP client mode. • **static** — FortiExtender will use a fixed IP address to connect to the Internet.

VRRP Setting	Add and configure VRRP settings.
	• **Backup** — Select enable to configure the device's `fortigate-backup.vrrp-interface` and `fortigate-backup.status`.
	• **Status** — Select enable to activate the VRRP.
	• **Mode** — Select how you want to assign an IP.
	    ○ **Plan**: FortiEdge Cloud automatically assigns the `vrrp_setting.virtual_router_ip` based on your network plan.
	    ○ **Manual**: Manually enter the `virtual_router_ip`.

Fields	Description

DNS Server Setting	Add and configure DNS Server settings.
	• **Name** — Enter the name of the DNS Server.
	• **Mode** — Select the DNS server mode, which can be one of the following:
	  ◦ **recursive**: Is for the shadow DNS database and forward. In this mode, FortiExtender looks up the local shadow DNS database first. If no DNS RR (resource record) is found, the DNS request will be forwarded to the configured system DNS server.
	  ◦ **non-recursive**: Is for the public DNS database only. In this mode, FortiExtender only looks up the local public DNS database. If no DNS RR (resource record) is found, it will reply with an error status of NXDOMAIN.
	  ◦ **forward-only**: Is for forwarding to the system DNS server only. In this mode, FortiExtender will forward DNS requests directly to the configured system DNS servers.

Network Plan	Select which network plan you want to apply to the interface. Devices associated with this profile will be automatically assigned a subnet based on the network plan. A default subnet 192.168.2.0/24 will be assigned for all devices if no network plan is selected.
DHCP Setting	Configure DHCP Server and Relay settings.

Server Setting	Add and configure a DHCP server for other clients to obtain an IP.
	• **Name** — Specify the name of the DHCP server.
	• **Status** — Select if you want to enable, disable, or set the DHCP server status to backup.
	• **Mode** — Select if you want to use information from the Network plan or if you want to manually input the information.
	• **Lease Time** — Specify the DHCP address lease time in seconds. The valid range is 300–8640000. 0 means unlimited.
	• **MTU** — Enter the interface's MTU value
	• **NTP Service** — The NTP service is automatically set to *specify*.
	• **NTP Server 1-3** — Specify the IP address of each NTP Server.
	• **DNS Service** — Select one of the options for assigning a DNS server to DHCP clients.
	  ◦ default: Clients are assigned the FortiExtender configured DNS server.
	  ◦ specify: Specify up to three DNS servers in the DHCP server configuration.
	  ◦ wan-dns: The DNS of the WAN interface that is added becomes clients' DNS server IP address.
	• **Reserved Addresses** — Add a MAC address and select if you want to block or assign it a reserved IP address.
	  ◦ Reserved: Reserve an IP address for the specified client.
	  ◦ Block: Block a specific MAC address.

Relay Setting	When running in static mode, you can configure DHCP relay functionality.

Fields	Description
	• **Name** — Specify the name of the relay setting. • **Mode** — Select if you want to run in plan or manual mode. • **Status** — Select if you want to enable or disable the relay. • **Client Interfaces** — Select which interface you want to relay.

Advanced Settings

You can configure various advanced profile settings.

- Local Access Settings
- System DNS Settings
- SNMP Settings
- Health Check Settings
- VPN Settings
- DNS Database Plan Settings
- Credential Plan Settings
- Firewall Settings
- Static Routing Settings
- Multicast Routing Settings
- Policy Routing Settings

Local Access Settings

Fields	Description
• HTTP • HTTPS • SSH • Telnet	FortiExtender and FortiGate share the same LTE IP in WAN-extension mode. To distinguish local services from FortiGate services, you must configure FortiExtender to use different ports. Otherwise, all traffic to these default services will be sent to FortiExtender locally instead of FortiGate.
Idle-Timeout	Set an idle time.

System DNS Settings

Fields	Description
Primary	Input a primary DNS address.
Secondary	Input a secondary DNS address.
Search Order Options	Drag and reorder DNS search order options.

SNMP Settings

Fields		Description
Status		Select if you want to Enable or Disable SNMP.
Description		Enter a description for the SNMP setting.
Contact Info		Set the contact info.
Location		Set the location.
Hosts		Click **Add Host** to add a hosts
	Name	Enter the host name.
	IP	Enter the IPv4 address of the SNMP manager (host), syntax: X.X.X.X/24.
	Type	Control whether the SNMP manager sends SNMP queries, receives SNMP traps, or both. • any • query • trap
Communities		Click **Add Community** to add a community. As an SNMP agent, FortiExtender responds to SNMP managers query on v1/v2c and v3 protocol. It supports the SNMP trap events which can be configured in both SNMP community and user events.
	Name	Enter the community name.
	Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable this SNMP community.
	Queries V Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable an SNMP v queries
	Queries V Port	Enter an SNMP v query port (default = 161).
	Trap V Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable an SNMP v traps
	Trap V Local Port	Enter an SNMP v trap local port (default = 162).
	Trap V Remote Port	Enter an SNMP v trap remote port (default = 162).
	Hosts	Select a IPv4 SNMP manager (host).
	Events	Select SNMP trap events.
Users		Click **Add User** to add a user.
	Name	Enter a User name.
	Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable traps for this SNMP user
	Notify Hosts	Select which SNMP managers to send notifications (traps) to.
	Events	Select SNMP trap events.
	Trap Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable Trap.
	Trap Local Port	Enter an SNMPv3 local trap port (default = 162).

Fields	Description
Trap Remote Port	Enter an SNMPv3 trap remote port (default = 162)
Queries Status	Select if you want to Enable or Disable SNMP queries for this user.
Query Port	Enter an SNMPv3 query port (default = 161).
Security Level	Select a Security level for message authentication and encryption. • No Authentication No Private • Authentication No Private • Authentication Private

Health Check Settings

Fields	Description
Name	Enter a Health Check name.
Interface	Select the outgoing interface to be monitored. Some interfaces, such as loopback, cannot be selected. If you configure a VWAN interface, this interface must be the same as the VWAN member's Target Interface on page 272.
Protocol	Select which protocol to use for status checks. • **ping** — Use PING to test the link with the probe-target. • **http** — Use HTTP-GET to test the link with the probe-target. Adds new field: port, HTTP URL • **dns** — Use DNS-Query to test the link with the probe-target
Port	Only available if Protocol is set to **http**. Enter the port number used to communicate with the server
HTTL URL	Only available if Protocol is set to **http**. Enter the URL used to communicate with the server.
Interval	Enter the monitoring interval in seconds.
Probe Count	Enter the number of probes sent within an interval.
Probe Timeout	Enter the timeout for a probe in seconds.
Probe Target	Enter the target (ipv4-address) to which a probe is sent.
Source Type	The way to set the source address for probes. • **none** — Do not set the source address. • **interface** — Set the source address as the address derived from a specific interface. • **ip** — Set the source address as a specific IP.

VPN Settings

Fields	Description
Add VPN	Add existing VPN plans to your profile and select an outgoing interface.

DNS Database Plan Settings

Fields	Description
Add DNS Database Plan	Add existing DNS plans to your profile.

Credential Plan Settings

Fields	Description
Add Credential	Add existing credential plans to your profile.

Firewall Settings

Fields	Description
Mode	Select a mode type: • **manual** — Manually configure firewall policies. Note: FortiEdge Cloud only includes a base all-pass policy, all other policies need to be manually entered. • **plan** — FortiEdge Cloud automatically assigns default policies based on the VPN plan's Phase 1 name, Phase 2 Source/Destination subnets and the Interface plan's IP addresses.
Policies	If you select the manual mode type, you can add up to 96 firewall policies to your profile. **Note**: You must define two ACCEPT firewall polices to permit communications between the source and destination addresses.

Static Routing Settings

Fields	Description
Name	Enter the name of the static route.
Interface	Select the interface type.
Gateway	Enter the IP address of the gateway.
Status	Set the status of the static route. • **enable** — Enable the static route. • **disable** — Disable the static route.
Destination Subnet	Specify the destination IP address and netmask of the static route.
Distance	Specify the administrative distance. The range is 1–255.

Multicast Routing Settings

Fields	Description
Join Prune Interval	Set the period of time between sending periodic PIM join/prune messages in seconds.
Hello Interval	Set the period of time between sending PIM hello messages in seconds.
PIM Interface	Select a PIM Interface type. • lan • lte1 • loopback • wan
RP Address	Click **Add RP Address** and enter the following. • **Name** —Enter the name for the Rendezvous Point (RP) address. • **Group** —Enter the groups to use this RP. • **Address** — Enter the RP router address.

Policy Routing Settings

Fields	Description
Mode	Select a mode type. • **manual** — Manually configure routing policies. • **plan** — FortiEdge Cloud automatically assigns default policies based on the VPN plan's *Phase-1* name, *Phase-2* source/destination subnets and the Interface plan's IP addresses.
Policies	You can add up to 96 policy routes.

Virtual IPs

Virtual IP (VIP) can be used to implement Destination Network Address Translation (DNAT), which is used to map an external IP address to an IP address. This address does not have to be an individual host, it can also be an address range. This mapping can include all TCP/UDP ports or, if Port Forwarding is enabled, it only refers to the configured ports. Because, the Central NAT table is disabled by default, the term Virtual IP address or VIP is predominantly used. You can configure VIPs from FortiEdge Cloud profiles under Interface Settings (see Managing Profiles on page 263).

Note: FortiExtender only supports static NAT, and does not support mapping of an address range or port range.

The external or public IP addresses must be configured on FortiExtender because FortiExtender does not support the ARP-Reply function which responds to ARP requests for the external address that is not actually configured on FortiExtender.

Configuring DNAT for all protocols and ports on one IP

In the following configuration example, all packets arriving on the FortiExtender with a destination of *10.1.1.1* and port *8081* will depart from the device with a destination of *192.168.200.100* and port *7071*.

1. In the **Profile** page, select the profile associated with the FortiExtender you want to configure DNAT for.
2. In the **Interface Settings**, set the **Mode** to static.

3. In the **IP** field enter the IP address.

   Note: When you enter an IP address, all interfaces using this profile will receive the same IP. If you select a network plan instead, interfaces will receive planned IPs that are different for each device. For example, if you set LAN interface IP to *10.1.1.1*, every device on the LAN interface will receive an IP of *10.1.1.1*. If you select a network plan, each device's LAN interface will receive a different IP assigned by the network plan.

4. Go to the **Interface Settings** of the interface you want to expose and click **Virtual IP Settings** to create a VIP.

5. Populate the virtual IP settings fields with the following example information.

IP Mapping	192.168.200.100
Protocol	tcp
Port Forward	On
Port	8081
Port Mapping	7071

Configuring DNAT for a single port

In the following example, all TCP packets arriving on the FortiExtender with a destination of *10.1.1.1:8080* will depart from the device with a destination of *192.168.200.100:80*.

Notes:

- You will need a VPN plan before you begin (see).
- FortiEdge Cloud automatically creates a tunnel interface when you add a VPN setting to a Profile. The tunnel interface name created by FortiEdge Cloud follow the following template: *<VPN_name>.phase1*.

1. In the **Profile** page, select the profile associated with the FortiExtender you want to configure DNAT for.
2. In the **Interface Settings**, set the **Mode** to static.
3. In the **IP** field, enter the IP address.
4. Go to the **Interface Settings** of the interface you want to expose and click **Virtual IP Settings** to create a VIP.
5. Populate the virtual IP settings field with the following example information.

IP Mapping	192.168.200.100
Protocol	tcp
Port Forward	On
Port	8080
Port Mapping	80

6. Go to **VPN Settings** and populate the VPN Settings fields with the following example information.

VPN	Enter a VPN plan (*Example_VPN*)
Outgoing Interface	lte1
Source Interface	Select the automatically created tunnel interface (*Example_VPN.phase1*)

7. Go to **Firewall Settings** and populate the VPN Settings fields with the following example information.

8.

Name	Enter a name for the Firewall policy
Services	Use the default value
Source Interface	Select the tunnel interface from before (*Example_VPN.phase1*)
Action	Accept
Destination Interface	lan
Status	Enable
Source Addresses	Enter the IP of the client that is trying to connect to machines behind FortiExtender, for example, *172.30.241.10/24*.
Nat	Disable
Dnat	Enable

Certificates

FortiEdge Cloud enables you to upload and manage Certificate Authorities for your devices. From the navigation bar, expand *Certificates* to upload and assign certificates to individual devices or VPN plans.

- Assign Certificates to Individual Devices on page 281
- Upload Certificates for VPN Plans on page 282

Assign Certificates to Individual Devices

In the **VPN Local** page, you can upload certificates to individual devices.

1. Navigate to **Certificates > VPN Local** tab and select the device that you want to attach the VPN certificate to.

2. Click **Upload** and add the certificate file, also enter the **Name** and **Password** for the certificate.

Add VPN Certificate

| Name | cert-1 |
| Password | •••••• ◉ |

Certificate

☁️⬆️

Upload File
Click to select or drop file here
Max: 50 MiB

Upload Certificates for VPN Plans

In the **VPN CA**, you can upload certificates to FortiEdge Cloud and apply them to multiple devices.

1. Navigate to **Certificates > VPN CA** tab and click **Upload**.
2. Add the certificate file, also enter the **Name** for the certificate.

Add VPN Certificate

| Name | Cert-1 |

Certificate

☁️⬆️

Upload File
Click to select or drop file here
Max: 50 MiB

Once you upload the certificate, you can apply it to a VPN plan that has a signature authentication method.

OBM Console

You can connect up to 16 backend devices (including FortiAPs, FortiGates, and even non-Fortinet devices) to the USB OBM (Out-of-Band Management) port of your FortiExtender devices. This allows for remote console access to these backend devices through the parent FortiExtender device. You can access the console of any connected backend device through the FortiExtender using FortiEdge Cloud.

To make it easier to identify which serial port corresponds to which device, the **OBM Console** enables you to assign meaningful labels for each connected backend OBM device.

- Cables
- Hostnames
- OBM Console

Cables

If your USB console cables have unique serial numbers and interface numbers, you can use them to identify the backend devices connected to the FortiExtender's OBM port.

Note: If the cable is changed, make sure to label the cable again.

Adding a Cable Entry

1. Navigate to **Extender** > **OBM Console** and click the **Cables** tab.
2. Click **Add**.

3. In the **Add OBM Cable Entry** pane, enter:
    - **Cable ID** – The actual ID of the cable connected.
    - **Device Label** – Any user defined label to identify the cable.
    - **Device Description** – A small description of the cable/location.
4. Click **OK**.

Note:

- Click **Export** to export the cable IDs and labels in CSV format.
- Click **Import** to import a CSV file with all the details from your local machine.

Hostnames

This configuration allows you to label an OBM device using its serial number or hostname. You can get these details by using the OBM Scan feature, which scans all the connected OBM devices and displays their serial numbers or hostnames. These device labels will remain valid even if the device cables are changed.

Note: For every OBM Scan, map the hostname label if the Serial Number/Hostname is not detected properly.

Adding a Hostname Entry:

1. Navigate to **Extender** > **OBM Console** and click the **Hostnames** tab.
2. Click **Add**.

3. In the **Add Hostname Entry** pane, enter:
   - **Hostname** – Device Serial Number or Hostname
   - **Device Label** – Any user defined label to identify the device
   - **Device Description** – A small description of the device/location
4. Click **OK**.

Note:

- Click **Export** to export the hostnames and labels in CSV format.
- Click **Import** to import a CSV file with all the details from your local machine.

OBM Access

The **OBM Access** window, displays the details of backend OBM connected devices (ranging from zero to multiple devices connected to an extender's OBM port). Information such as Serial Port, Baud Rate, Detected Time (the time of detection), Connected Device Hostname, Device Label, Cable ID, Device Description, Serial Number, and Status is provided. Each backend OBM device is listed directly after its corresponding parent extender. As a result, the list view includes both the extender entry and all detected backend OBM devices associated with it.

- OBM Scan
- Edit Hostname
- Connect

OBM Scan

OBM Scan option is displayed only for the active devices connected to the serial port.

The **Detected Time** column displays the timestamp of the most recent OBM scan, showing the last scan result for both online and offline devices.

To initiate a scan, hover on the listed device and click **OBM Scan** for the selected device. This will probe all serial ports using all available baud rates to generate a list of detected OBM devices for extender devices.

Note:

- OBM scans are not performed automatically. You must manually initiate a scan to obtain the latest results.
- Close any open consoles before performing OBM Scan.
- **OBM Access Credentials** must be configured for a profile to access OBM Scan. For more information, see Managing Profiles.

Edit Hostname

The **Edit Hostname** option enables you to map the serial port to the hostname.

Click **Edit Hostname**. In the **Modify Hostname Entry** pane, select the hostname from the drop-down and click **OK**.

Connect

The **Connect** option for a device enables you to connect to the console port of any device connected to the FortiExtender via its USB port. Select the device and click **Connect**. For more information, see OBM Access.

Notifications

FortiEdge Cloud enables you to manage and view notifications about your device usage.

- Creating Notification Rules on page 286
- Viewing notification Messages on page 287

Creating Notification Rules

You can create notifications to send email alerts when there are changes to a device's availability status or health. You can also create notifications for when licenses are about to expire. Users must be added in your FortiCare account to receive notifications (see Add a user).

1. Navigate to **Notification > Rules** tab and click **Add**.

2. In the **Category** field, select the type of notification you want to create.
   - **fext_device** - Notifications relating to a device's availability status.
   - **fext_system** - Notifications relating to a device's health (CPU, temperature, memory).
   - **fext_license_expiration** - Notifications related to FortiExtender Cloud license status changes
3. Once you select a category, fill in the **Condition** section:
   a. Select the **Key** from the drop down.
   b. In the **Apply rule to field**, select one of the following options.
      - **All Devices**: Select to apply the notification rule to all the devices.
      - **Specific Devices**: Select to apply the notification rule for specific devices. Click **+** in the **Extenders** field to select the devices.
      - **Specific Models**: Select to apply the notification rule for specific models. Click **+** in the **Extender Models** field to select the models.
   c. Select the **Comparator** and enter the **Value** and **Duration**.
4. In the **Actions** section, select which email accounts that will receive a notification when the specified conditions are met.

Viewing notification Messages

Navigate to **Notifications > Messages** tab to view all notifications as well as filter your notifications by category type and level of urgency.

Category	Subject

License Information

You can manage the FortiExtender License on the **License Information** page.

You must purchase a license for each new device through authorized Fortinet resellers and distributors. For licensing information, contact *Fortinet Customer Support* teams.

You can view the number of FortiEdge Cloud management subscriptions associated with your account. You can see the total number of license you have, the number of licenses used, and the number of licenses available. Navigate to **Account > License Information**. This page displays a list of your devices, their current subscription status, as well as their license start and end date. Click on the information icon to view a summary status of all FortiExtender subscriptions.

Serial Number ⇕	Status ⇕	Start Date ⇕	End Date ⇕	Number of Subscription ⇕	Days To Expire ⇕
FX311FTV	Active	2024-04-22 12:30:00	2025-04-22 12:30:00	1	222
FX511FTQ	Active	2024-09-10 12:30:00	2025-02-07 13:30:00	1	148
FX201E59	Active	2024-01-11 13:30:00	2025-01-10 13:30:00	1	120
FX511FTQ	Active	2024-08-22 12:30:00	2024-10-21 12:30:00	1	39

Notes:

- Each licensed FortiExtender device gets a 2 month grace period after the device-license expiry.
- Upon completion of the grace period, the *Inservice* device is de-activated.
- Any deployed and unlicensed FortiExtender device will be de-activated.
- If the account has a valid pool license then it is automatically applied to de-activated FortiExtender devices (expired license only).
- You can apply the pool license from the **Actions** menu in the **Inventory Devices** page, for unlicensed/license expired devices.
- When a pool license expires, the deployed (*Inservice*) FortiExtender is de-activated with no grace period. The device goes offline and cannot be managed via FortiEdge Cloud.
- You can only deploy FortiExtenders with valid device- specific license or apply the pool license from the **Inventory Devices** page.

Logs

This section describes the logs available for various devices.

- Wireless Logs
- Switch Logs
- Extender Event Logs

Wireless Logs

Provides logs for events in the following categories: wireless, antivirus, botnet, IPS, web access, and application control.

Displaying logs

You can view logs related to FortiEdge Cloud features. The logs can be filtered using the AP sites created during deployment based on the AP location. In the Navigation pane, select one of the following categories.

- Wireless Logs
- AntiVirus Logs
- Botnet Logs
- IPS Logs
- Web Access Logs
- Application Control Logs

Exporting logs

You can export logs to a comma-separated values (CSV) file. In the logs page, you have the option of downloading the selected logs or all logs. Select the required option and the logs are downloaded.
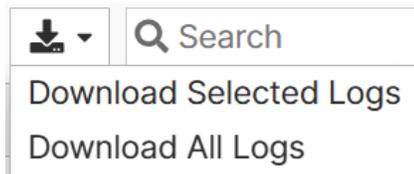
Wireless Log Categorization and Storage Control

FortiEdge Cloud generated wireless logs, instrumental in troubleshooting networks, are stored in the database for 1 year (subscription based). Given that wireless logs can be voluminous depending on the network size, you can now segregate them into multiple different categories and manage the categories to store and display, as per requirement. For example, frame-level logs such as probe logs, authentication logs, and association logs are only required during a debug session and are not always needed. This feature enables you to swiftly filter-down to specific logs of interest.

The network specific log storage policy (settings) configuration overrides the default log storage policy. Navigate to **Logs > Wireless > Settings** to view and manage the log record storage. The log types are displayed on the left panel, select the relevant log type and view the current log storage policy. FortiEdge Cloud assigns each log a severity level.

In the **Log Storage** column, enable/disable the storing of logs and click **Apply**. To reset the log storage policy to the default setting, click **Reset to Defaults** and to reload the saved log storage configuration, click **Reload Saved Config**.

Switch Logs

This section provides the following logs for FortiSwitch events.

- System Log
- Audit Log
- Event Log

System Log

The System Log pane lists system events for all managed FortiSwitch units.

When a FortiEdge Cloud account has an active license, system log entries are retained for 365 days. After the license period ends, system log entries are retained for a maximum of 7 days. When a FortiEdge Cloud account does not have an active license, system log entries are retained for 7 days.

Time ⇕	Host Name ⇕	Level ⇕	User ⇕	User Interface ⇕	Action ⇕	Message
2022/11/30 14:46:58	S108DVTA1███████	▮▮▯▯▯ Notice	ntp_daemon	None	update	The IPv4 ntp server, ntp2.fortinet.net(208.91.112....
2022/11/30 14:13:06	RS0078	▮▮▯▯▯ Notice	dmid		physical-port-change	port9 Module Removed.
2022/11/30 14:12:14	RS0078	▮▮▯▯▯ Notice	admin	https(1█ ██ ██ ███	login	Administrator admin logged in successfully from ...
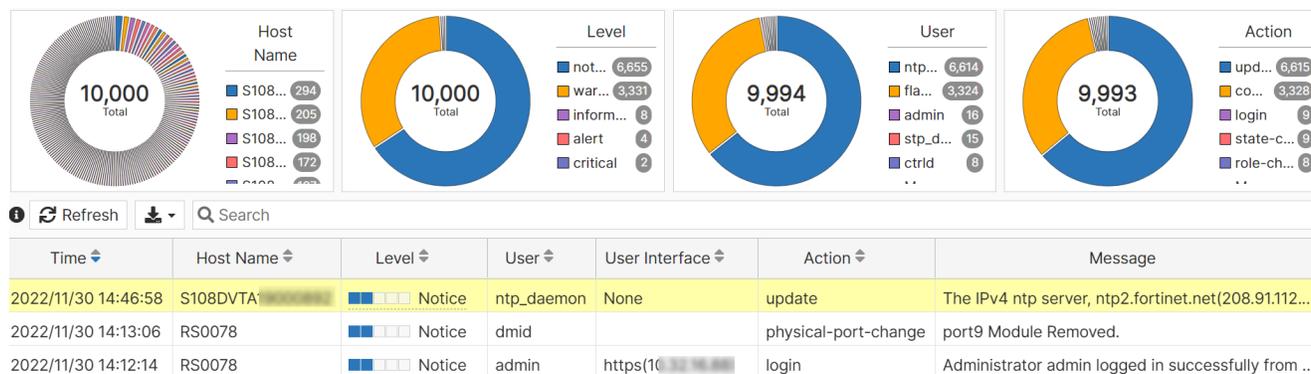
You can use the Search field to filter by severity level or message content.

Audit Log

The Audit Log pane lists changes for all managed FortiSwitch units.

Time ⇕	User ⇕	Account ⇕	View ⇕	Role ⇕	Method ⇕	Message ⇕
2022/11/30 14:54:59	test01@gmail.com	test01@gmail.com	Role Apply	admin	POST	[Role Apply:POST: test01@gmail.com:fapc.te...
2022/11/30 14:53:41	test01@gmail.com	test01@gmail.com	Role Apply	admin	POST	[Role Apply:POST: test01@gmail.com:fapc.te...
2022/11/30 14:44:40	test01@gmail.com	test01@gmail.com	Role Apply	admin	POST	[Role Apply:POST: test01@gmail.com:fapc.te...

To find specific log entries, enter part or all of the log entry in the Search field.

Event Log
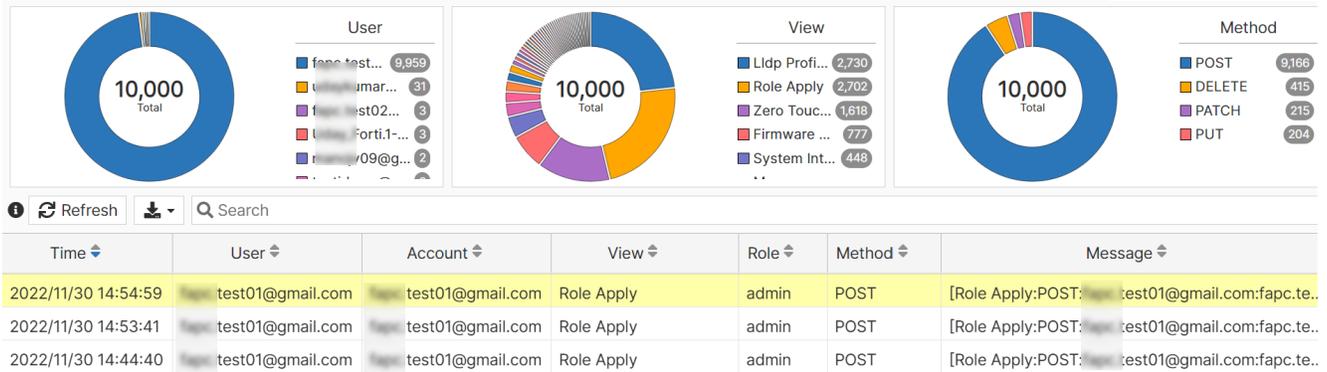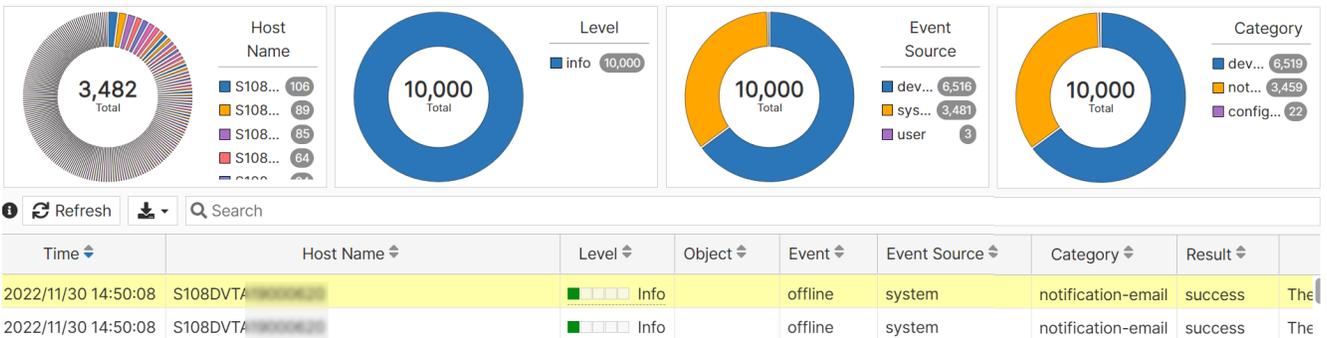
The Event Log pane lists system, device, and user changes.

When a FortiEdge Cloud account has an active license, event log entries are retained for 365 days. After the license period ends, event log entries are retained for a maximum of 7 days. When a FortiEdge Cloud account does not have an active license, event log entries are retained for 7 days.

Time ⇕	Host Name ⇕	Level ⇕	Object ⇕	Event ⇕	Event Source ⇕	Category ⇕	Result ⇕	
2022/11/30 14:50:08	S108DVTA	Info		offline	system	notification-email	success	The
2022/11/30 14:50:08	S108DVTA	Info		offline	system	notification-email	success	The

You can use the Search field to find specific events.

Extender Event Logs

FortiEdge Cloud logs user, device, and system events that can be viewed from the **Log** page based on the time range. You can view logs for 60 minutes, 24 hours, 7 days, 30 days, or specify a time range.

Device	User	Level	Content	Time	Result	Detail
None	@gmail.com	info	create	2024-08-19T03:06:12.837Z	success	
None	@gmail.com	info	create	2024-08-19T03:06:06.657Z	success	
None	@gmail.com	info	create	2024-08-19T03:05:55.537Z	success	

Last 24 Hours ▾   Search filterable columns

Network Settings

This section describes the configurations that are applicable at a network level. Network Settings page consists of the following tabs:

- Wireless
- Switch
- Extender
- Device Tags

Wireless

Use this procedure to configure and manage specific FortiAP network settings.

Editing the Network Time Zone

Locate the **Network Info** section and in the **Time Zone** drop-down list, select the time zone. Click **Apply** and verify the updated time.

Enabling Network Alerts

Locate the **AP Network Alert** section. If you want to use the email associated with the FortiEdge Cloud account, click **Use Account Email**. Otherwise, in the **Send alerts via email to** field, type an email address. Click **Apply**. The email alerts are sent only for FortiAP down event (after 10-15 minutes (approximately)).

Editing Radio Scan Settings

Use this procedure to change the following radio scan settings:

- editing background scan interval (in seconds)
- disabling background scan
- enabling passive scan mode (no probe)

Note: These settings can optionally be overridden by a WIDS profile, if any, associated with this radio.

Prerequisites

To use the radio scan settings, make sure to enable one of the following platform profile settings:

- Automatic TX Power Control
- DRMA
- Radio Resource Provision
- Rogue AP Scan

For details about the platform profile, see the FortiAP Platform Profile on page 122 procedure.

In the **Radio Scan** section, complete the updates and click **Apply**.

NAT Session Keep Alive Timer

The FortiAP sends a probe message to the cloud servers at the configured **NAT Session Keep Alive timer** duration. This ensures NAT sessions on all intermediate devices in the network path are kept alive. This feature is especially beneficial in case of firewalls with short lived NAT sessions, that sometimes cause the FortiAPs to go offline.

Notes:

- This feature is applied to all FortiAPs in the network.
- This feature is supported on FortiAP version 7.4.2 and above.

Managing Automatic FortiAP Reboot

This feature allows you to configure FortiAPs for an automatic reboot when they lose connection with the cloud controller. In such a scenario, this feature reduces network downtime and eliminates the need for manual intervention. If the SSIDs are configured on the FortiAP in standalone mode (such as PSK authentication), then the FortiAP does not interact with the cloud controller for authentication of wireless clients. However, in some cases (such as Enterprise authentication with cloud user/group or MAC allow lists), the SSIDs are in the non-standalone mode, that is, the FortiAP needs to interact with the cloud controller for authentication. This feature is configured separately for standalone and non-standalone SSIDs.

- **FortiAPs deployed with Cloud dependent features** - **Enable AP Reboot with Timer** - Enable the automatic reboot of the FortiAP and configure the time interval the FortiAP waits before automatic rebooting, after losing connection with the cloud controller. The valid range is 5 to 65535 minutes and the default is 60 minutes.
- **FortiAPs deployed with at least one standalone SSID** - **Enable AP reboot with timer** - Enable automatic reboot in case if there is at least one standalone SSID beaconed by the FortiAP. Enter the time interval the FortiAP waits before automatic rebooting. The valid range is 5 to 65535 minutes and the default is 60 minutes.
- **Schedule AP reboot** - Enable the FortiAP to automatically reboot at a specific time when standalone SSIDs are pushed to the FortiAP in the previous session.

Note: This feature is supported on FortiAPs version 7.4.2 and above.

Editing Timeout Settings

You can edit the timeout settings for **Idle Client** and **Captive Portal User Authentication**. The minimum timeout is **1 minute**, and the maximum is **24 hours**. To extend the timeout beyond 24 hours, use an external RADIUS server.

Enabling Duplicate SSID

A duplicate SSID bears the same wireless network SSID as another original SSID. The duplicate SSID can have different configurations and can be deployed on different APs/AP groups (AP tags).

Consider an example of an organization where an original SSID **Staff** is configured on **AP Group 1** located at the company headquarters. The duplicate SSID **Staff** is configured on **AP Group 2** located at the company branch. Both these SSIDs have different configurations, such as, VLANs, QoS, and so on. A wireless client moving from the headquarters (**AP Group 1**) to the branch (**AP Group 2**) seamlessly transitions from the original SSID **Staff** to the duplicate SSID **Staff** and is now governed by the configurations of the duplicate SSID.

The OID of the duplicate SSID is displayed for easy identification.

Note: The original and duplicate SSIDs must NOT be deployed on the same AP. This may prevent the wireless client from connecting to the desired SSID.

You must delete the duplicate SSIDs before disabling this feature.

Enabling DRMA Timeout

You can configure the specific interval to run DRMA in the Network configuration. The valid range is 10 - 1440 minutes.

Switch

This pane controls FortiSwitch email notifications and scheduled daily backups.

To set up an email notification:

1. Select 5, 10, 15, 30, or 60 minutes before FortiEdge Cloud sends an email notification that a FortiSwitch unit is offline.

2. Select and then select one or more users to receive an email notification when a FortiSwitch unit is offline. If no users are selected, FortiEdge Cloud will not send email notifications.

3. Select 🔍 and then select one or more users to receive an email notification when FortiEdge Cloud licenses are going to expire or have expired. If no users are selected, FortiEdge Cloud will not send email notifications.

4. Select *Save* to apply your changes.

To schedule daily backups:

1. Select *On* to enable daily backups.
2. Select whether to use *Local Time* or *UTC*.
3. Select the hour and minutes for your daily backup.
4. Select *Save* to apply your changes.

Extender

Administrators can configure the web console timeout heartbeat interval on all devices in the account from the **Settings** page. By default, the web console timeout is set to 900 seconds and the system heartbeat interval is set to 30 seconds.

1. Set the **Web Console Timeout**, the default is set to 900 seconds and the valid range is 60 to 3600 seconds.
2. Set the **HeartBeat Interval**, the default is set to 30 seconds and the valid range is 30 to 1680 seconds.
3. You can alter the heartbeat interval for some carriers that have specific requirements. Click **Add Overriding** and select a carrier and configure the values in the **Heart Beat Interval Setting Overriding** section. This setting overrides the configured heartbeat interval.

Account Settings		
General Settings		
Web Console Timeout	900	Seconds
HeartBeat Interval	30	Seconds
Heart Beat Interval Setting Overriding		
➕ Add Overriding ▾		
Carrier Claro	Ping Interval 30	Seconds ✖
Carrier T-Mobile	Ping Interval 1680	Seconds ✖
Carrier T-Mobile-EU	Ping Interval 1680	Seconds ✖

Device Tags

Device tags are used to form device groups with the purpose of applying configurations and performing upgrades. Prior release version 23.2, separate tags were created and managed for FortiAPs and FortiSwitches. The unified device tags can be created and applied across devices (FortiAPs and FortiSwitches).

In the main menu, navigate to **Network Settings > Device Tags** tab and click **Add** to create a new tag. Select any existing tags to perform the **Edit** or **Delete** operations.

Add Device Tag

Name	tag1
Description	Device Tag
Select Switches	✕ [redacted] +
Select Access Points	+

Select the FortiSwitches and FortiAPs to assign the device tag.

Serial Number ⇕	Host Name ⇕	IP ⇕	Version ⇕
check ❶			
No Devices in this tag			
check2 ❶			
[redacted]	Switch-FAP24J-FAP22x-15	[redacted]	v6.2.3,build0202,191223 (GA)

Notes:

- The displayed count for device tags not assigned to any FortiSwitch/FortiAP is 1.
- The existing functions of assigning tags to FortiAPS and FortiSwitches are done at the device level.
- To perform a REST API login using IAM, ensure that you have logged into the FortiEdge Cloud GUI at least once with the same IAM user credentials.

API Access

The FortiEdge Cloud REST APIs provide functions similar to its GUI functions for configuration and monitoring. You can access the detailed API references at FortiEdge Cloud REST APIs on the Fortinet Developer Network (FNDN). For more information see Fortinet Developer Network.

To access FortiEdge Cloud, a client sends secure HTTP requests to the FortiEdge Cloud API URL determined by the domain region.

Domain	API URL
Canada	https://ca.fortiedge.forticloud.com/
Europe	https://eu.fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/
Japan	https://jp.fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/
USA	https://us.fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/

All API requests and responses are in JSON format. The client programs need to use these HTTP headers; `Content-Type: application/json` and `Accept: application/json`.

Note: FortiEdge Cloud supports HTTP2.

- Users and Authentication
- Calling APIs
- API Limit

Users and Authentication

Authentication (providing credentials and obtaining access token) is performed for Email users, IAM users, and API users with either FortiEdge Cloud or an external Fortinet entity, FortiAuthenticator.

Users	Authentication
Email users & IAM users	Authentication using FortiEdge Cloud with the following API path. • **Obtain token** - `/api/v1/auth` • **Revoke token** - `/api/v1/auth/invalidate_token`
API users	Authentication using FortiAuthenticator with the following API path. • **Obtain/Refresh token** - `/api/v1/oauth/token/` • **Revoke token** - `/api/v1/auth/invalidate_token`

The obtained access token must be sent as bearer token header in FortiEdge Cloud APIs; **Authorization**: `Bearer $access_token`.

- Email Users
- IAM Users
- API Users

Email Users

The Email users can be used to authenticate with FortiEdge Cloud and obtain access token with the following web call (Canada domain is used in this example).

Request

```
$ curl https://ca.fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/auth -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' -d '
{"accountId":"acct1@example.com","userName":"user1@email.com","password":"1234"}'
```

Response

```
{\"access_token\": \"rVDBFKWu72Jvafj1FcVgIUXoTaNV99jU\",\"expires_in\": 1593739101}
```

In the request, the `accountId` is the primary account email address and the `userName` is either the primary or the sub-user email address. For a sub-user created account, ensure that the user is created with **Admin** role instead of **Regular** role. Only primary account and its **Admin** users can use the APIs.

Invalidate the access token after it is no longer required as displayed in this example.

```
$ curlhttps://fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/auth/invalidate_token -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' -H 'Authorization: Bearer $access_token' -d '{ "access_token":
"$access_token" }'
```

IAM Users

The IAM users can authenticate with FortiEdge Cloud and obtain access token with the following web call (Canada domain is used in this example).

Request

```
$ curl https://ca.fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/auth -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' -d '
{"accountId":"acct1@example.com","userName":"user2","password":"1234",
"type":"iamuser"}'
```

The `type` parameter is to be set to `iamuser`. If this parameter is not provided then it defaults to `emailuser`.

Ensure that the IAM user is created with **Admin** role for FortiEdge Cloud portal. Invalidate the access token after it is no longer required as for Email users in the preceding section.

API Users

API users authenticate with FortiAuthenticator to obtain the access token, this token is then used with FortiEdge Cloud.

Perform these steps to obtain access token from FortiAuthenticator.

1. Login into the FortiCloud IAM portal with the account credentials.
2. Create an API user and set **Admin** permission for FortiEdge Cloud.
3. Download the API credentials (API ID, Password and Client ID).

Use the downloaded API user credentials to obtain the access token from FortiAuthenticator.

Request

```
$ curl https://customerapiauth.fortinet.com/api/v1/oauth/token/ -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' -d '{\"username\": \"$api_id\", \"password\": \"$password\",
\"client_id\": \"fortiedgecloud\", \"grant_type\": \"password\"}'
```

Response

```
{

\"access_token\": \"paLreKW6YGDfgSUfreEH90UCc1915v3\",

\"expires_in\": 14400,

\"message\": \"successfully authenticated\",

\"refresh_token\": \"WpD0HVYUdshsiWlMBR0Q6uUoV2TGUIa\",

\"scope\": \"read write\",

\"status\": \"success\",

\"token_type\": \"Bearer\"

}
```

The FortiAuthenticator access token is then used with FortiEdge Cloud by including it in the bearer header like the Email and IAM users.

To refresh an expired or non-expired access token

```
$ curl https://customerapiauth.fortinet.com/api/v1/oauth/token/ -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' -d '{\"client_id\": \"fortiedgecloud\", \"grant_type\": \"refresh_
token\", \"refresh_token\": \"WpD0HVYUdshsiWlMBR0Q6uUoV2TGUIa\"}'
```

To revoke access token

```
$ curl https://customerapiauth.fortinet.com/api/v1/oauth/revoke_token/ -H 'Content-
Type: application/json' -d '{\"client_id\": \"fortiedgecloud\", \"token\":
\"paLreKW6YGDfgSUfreEH90UCc1915v3\"}'
```

Note: The API user can have only one access token active at a time. In case of multiple concurrent scripts, you are required to create multiple API users with unique user credential to use in each script. Using the same API user to obtain another access token will automatically invalidate previous active access token.

Calling APIs

All APIs require access token be included as bearer authentication. This is an example to query FortiAPs deployed in various logical networks in an account:

```
$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer $access_token"
https://fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/inventory/deployed/
```

This is an example to query all networks existing in an account.

```
$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer $access_token"
https://fortiedge.forticloud.com/api/v1/networks/
```

API Limit

The following limits apply to FortiEdge Cloud APIs.

- From the same source IP address, 6 auth requests are accepted per minute and across different source IP addresses, 60 auth calls are accepted per minute.
- From the same source IP address, 60 other API calls are accepted per minute and across different source IP address, 600 other API calls are accepted per minute.

Best Practices

Fortinet recommends the following best practices for using the FortiEdge Cloud REST APIs.

- Use the following query parameters to break large data into chunks for a swift API response.
  - **FortiAP** - Use the page and size query parameters.
  - **FortiSwitch** - Use the limit and offset query parameters.
- The following APIs require the use of query parameters for improved response time and to fetch data using certain filers.
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top_clients`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top_usernames`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top_usergroups`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top_auths`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top_aps`
  - `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/top`

The following are some example to use query/filter parameters (`past_hours, past_days, start_datetime, end_datetime`).

- `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/?ap=FP221E5555000558`
- `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/?ssid=test`
- `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/?auth=wpa2-only-personal`
- `/fap/stats/wireless/usage/?client=16:7f:3d:58:b0:43`

For more information see the FortiEdge Cloud REST APIs.