

FortiAuthenticator - REST API Solution Guide

VERSION 5.3.0

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FortiAuthenticator - REST API Solution Guide

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Change log

Date	Change description
2018-05-09	Initial release.

Introduction

This document introduces the FortiAuthenticator REST API and details how it can be configured and utilized.

Software versions

The API described within this document is supported by FortiAuthenticator 5.3.

The FortiAuthenticator API

Introduction to REST

An API (Application Programming Interface) is a set of defined interfaces to accomplish a task, such as retrieving or modifying data. FortiAuthenticator provides a Representational State Transfer (REST) API for interaction with components of the system. Programs communicate with the REST API over HTTP, the same protocol that your web browser uses to interact with web pages.

The REST API is based on interactions with a web page; data is treated like a static web page:

- Add data by POSTing a web page
- Fetch data by GETing a web page
- Update data by PUTing a web page
- Partial updates supported by PATCHing a web page
- Delete data by DELETEing a web page

After receiving the request, the FortiAuthenticator API sends back an HTTP response code. These error codes are summarized in [Appendix A – API response codes](#).

Initializing the REST API

Unlike most other vendors, the FortiAuthenticator API is accessible without additional cost or licensing. The server however is disabled by default and needs to be configured.

To enable the API, enable a user with administrator rights and select Web Service Access.

You must configure an e-mail address for the user at this point to as the API challenge key will be emailed to the address specified.

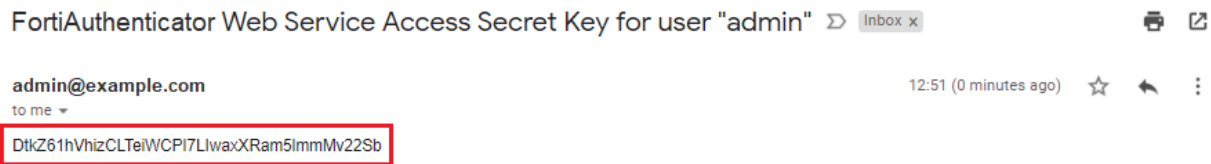
Create a new user or edit an existing one. In the example shown, the admin account is used.

- Select *User Role: Administrator*
- Enable *Web Service Access*
- Enter a valid email address. The API Key will be forwarded to this address so ensure it is valid and email routing is working beforehand.

- Click **OK** to save the details.
- The API Web Service Access Key used to authenticate to the API will be e-mailed to the API administrator.

User	First name	Last name	Email address	Admin	Status	Token	Token Requested	Groups	Authentication Methods	Expiration
admin			admin@example.com	On	On		No			

- Make a note of the API Web Service Access Key



Should the API Web Service Access Key be lost, access can be recovered by disabling the Web Service feature for the user, saving and then re-enabling the feature. A new key will be generated (and all code using it will need to be updated with the new credentials).

Accessing the REST API

The FortiAuthenticator API can be accessed from most browsers (GET) however browser add-ons may be required for extended operations (e.g. PUT). More complicated, scripted queries can be made using utilities such as cURL and most scripting languages such as Perl or Python have built in libraries for interacting with RESTful APIs.

Example shown within this document will be demonstrated with the cross platform utility cURL.

All of the resource URLs are in this form:

[https://\[server_name\]/api/\[api_version\]/\[resource\]/](https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/[resource]/)

where:

<code>server_name</code>	=	Name or IP of the FortiAuthenticator
<code>api_version</code>	=	API version to be used (currently v1)
<code>resource</code>	=	Resource or part of config to be viewed
<code>id</code>	=	Resource ID to view, edit, or delete

Filtering query results

Queries to the API can be to modify the query/response format or to filter the results. Below are some arguments that can be passed to the REST API URL. Please refer to the specific resource documentation to find out which of these filter operations are allowed.

<code>?format=[format_type]</code>	=	where format_type= xml or json (default)
<code>?limit=[integer]</code>	=	where integer specifies number of records to return (default = 20)
<code>?offset=[integer]</code>	=	where integer specifies number of items in resource list to skip e.g. if there are 10 items, to return item #5 - #10 only, specify offset=4
<code>?order_by=[field]</code>	=	order returned list by a known field name (e.g. ?order_by=name)

Field filters

- **exact:** search for an exact match
(e.g. to return items that has a name matching "John Doe", `name__exact=John Doe`)
- **in:** search for items that matches specific filter criteria
(e.g. to return items that has a name matching "John" or "Bill", `?name__in=John&name__in=Bill`)

View pages for large lists

By default, the API record query limit is set to 20, or can be set up to a maximum of 1000. This value is controlled by the `limit`, as shown in the table above. Note that this only determines how many records are returned and displayed per page.

REST API uses multiple pages when there are a large number of entries in the list. In order to get the following pages, use the `next` field from the response (see example below):

```
{"meta": {"limit": 1000, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 3}}
```

When the response is the last page, `next` is set to `null`. Otherwise, set `next` to a URL that can be used in a subsequent REST API request to get the next page of records. For example:

```
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next":
"/api/v1/localusers/?offset=20&limit=20&format=json", "offset": 0, "previous":
null, "total_count": 23}, "objects": [{ ...
```

Supported API methods

All of the resource URLs are in this form: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/[resource]/`. The current API version is v1.

To list all of the available resource endpoints, send a request to:

```
https://[server_name]/api/v1/?format=xml
```

To view schema, supported methods and available fields for each endpoint, append `/schema/` to the endpoint URL. For example, to view schema for `/auth/` API, perform a GET request to:

```
https://[server_name]/api/v1/auth/schema/?format=xml
```

In general, an endpoint may support the following methods, though not all methods are supported by all endpoints (see each endpoint's documentation for the list of allowed methods):

Method	URL	Operation description	Success response code
GET (list)	<code>/[resource]/</code>	Retrieve a list of all resources for the endpoint	200 OK
GET (detail)	<code>/[resource]/[id]/</code>	Retrieve a specific resource with ID <code>id</code> from the endpoint	200 OK
POST	<code>/[resource]/</code>	Create a new resource on the given endpoint. The data being POST-ed must follow the same format as the data returned by the GET parameter	201 CREATED

Method	URL	Operation description	Success response code
PUT (list)	/[resource]/	Update all of the resources for the given endpoint. Any existing items will be replaced with the new data. Data must follow the same format as the data returned by the GET parameter.	204 NO CONTENT
PUT (detail)	/[resource]/[id]/	Update an existing item specified with ID id. Data must follow the same format as the data returned by the GET parameter.	204 NO CONTENT
PATCH (detail)	/[resource]/[id]/	Update specific fields on an existing item with ID id	202 ACCEPTED
DELETE (list)	/[resource]/	Delete all resources from an endpoint	204 NO CONTENT
DELETE (detail)	/[resource]/[id]/	Delete an existing resource specified with ID id from an endpoint	204 NO CONTENT

Supported data formats

Currently, JSON and XML are supported. To specify a format on the request:

For a GET request, there are two options:

- Use the GET format parameter (e.g. ?format=json or ?format=xml)
- Specify an Accept HTTP header with a correct mimetype (e.g. Accepts: application/json for JSON)



The GET format parameter takes precedence over the Accept header.

Browsers will usually default to requesting for an XML data type when format is not specified for a GET request.

Resource Summary

Below are the main resources and the root record which can be accessed via the API:

Resource	URL	Operation description	Supported methods
Root	/	Allows querying of available resources.	GET

Resource	URL	Operation description	Supported methods
Local User Management	/localusers/	Allows the creation, modification and deletion of user accounts.	GET, POST, PATCH
Local Group Management	/usergroups/	Allows the creation and deletion of user groups and specify users within that group.	GET, POST, PUT, DELETE
LDAP Users	/ldapusers/	Allows querying of LDAP user records and updating of specific fields. Allows triggering of out of band (email//SMS tokens to LDAP users.	GET, POST, PATCH, DELETE
RADIUS users	/radiususers/	Allows querying of RADIUS user records and update of specific fields. Allows triggering of out of band (email//SMS tokens to RADIUS users.	GET, POST, PATCH, DELETE
Local Group Membership	/localgroup-memberships/	Represents local user group membership resource (relationship between local user and local user group).	GET, POST, DELETE
User Authentication	/auth/	Allows validation of user authentication credentials.	POST
FortiToken	/fortitokens/	Allows provisioning of FortiTokens.	GET
Push Authentication	/pushauth/	Allows token code validation from a user's FortiToken Mobile app.	POST
Push Authentication Response	/pushauthresp/	Allows FortiToken Mobile devices to submit the response to a token code validation request triggered by a prior call to the /pushauth/ endpoint.	POST
SSO Group	/ssogroup/	Enables remote configuration of the Fortinet SSO Methods & Dynamic Policies > SSO > SSO Groups table.	GET, POST, DELETE
FortiGate Filter Group	/fgtgroupfilter/	Enables remote configuration of the Fortinet SSO Methods & Dynamic Policies > SSO > FortiGate Filtering table.	GET, PUT
SSO Authentication	/ssoauth/	Adds/removes a user from the FSSO logged in users table.	POST

Resource	URL	Operation description	Supported methods
Syslog Servers	<code>/syslogservers/</code>	Allows creating, updating, editing, and deleting of syslog servers.	GET, POST, PATCH, DELETE
Log Settings	<code>/logsettings/</code>	Allows editing of log settings.	GET, POST, PATCH
User Certificate Management	<code>/usercerts/</code>	Allows renewing and revoking of user certificates.	GET, POST, PATCH

Example API calls

For the purpose of these examples, cURL is being used to make the requests. cURL is more flexible than a browser alone, is cross platform and can be called from most scripts. It is not as flexible as native scripting languages but is a good clear example which can be used to understand how the API functions.

The following flags are used in the cURL query:

- **-kignore certificate errors** - This can be overcome with use of a valid certificate.
- **-vVerbose** - Increase the level of logging information (useful for debugging).
- **-uUser** - Login information in the format `USER[:PASSWORD]`.



When using PUT/POST with cURL on Windows, problems can be encountered with escaping of the required double quotes in the data content, leading to errors related to incomplete closed brackets. To avoid this, the code should be properly escaped (using `\` before any double quotes) or the data text stored in a file and referenced using:

```
-d @<filename>
```

Alternatively, it is highly recommended that this is run on a Linux OS, where escaping of characters in cURL is more predictable.

General API usage

View available endpoint resources

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/?format=json
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 10:51:23 GMT< Server: Apache< Vary:
Accept-Language, Cookie< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN< Content-Language: en<
Transfer-Encoding: chunked< Content-Type: application/json<* Connection #0
to host 192.168.0.122 left intact* Closing connection #0
```

```
{"auth": {"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/auth/", "schema": "/api/v1/auth/schema/"},
"fgtgroupfilter": {"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/", "schema":
"/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/schema/"}, "fortitokens": {"list_endpoint":
"/api/v1/fortitokens/", "schema": "/api/v1/fortitokens/schema/"}, "localusers":
{"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/localusers/", "schema": "/api/v1/localusers/schema/"},
```

```
"ssoauth": {"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/ssoauth/", "schema": "/api/v1/ssoauth/schema/"},
"ssogroup": {"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/ssogroup/", "schema":
"/api/v1/ssogroup/schema/"}, "usergroups": {"list_endpoint": "/api/v1/usergroups/",
"schema": "/api/v1/usergroups/schema/"}}
```

XML query

- XML specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/?format=xml
```

- XML specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/xml' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 11:03:25 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
<response><fgtgroupfilter type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/schema/</schema></fgtgroupfilter><localusers
type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/localusers/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/localusers/schema/</schema></localusers><usergroups
type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/usergroups/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/usergroups/schema/</schema></usergroups><auth
type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/auth/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/auth/schema/</schema></auth><fortitokens type="hash"><list_
endpoint>/api/v1/fortitokens/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/fortitokens/schema/</schema></fortitokens><ssogroup
type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/ssogroup/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/ssogroup/schema/</schema></ssogroup><ssoauth
type="hash"><list_endpoint>/api/v1/ssoauth/</list_
endpoint><schema>/api/v1/ssoauth/schema/</schema></ssoauth></response>
```

User groups (/usergroups/)

URL: [https://\[server_name\]/api/\[api_version\]/usergroups/](https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/usergroups/)

This endpoint represents the user group resource. In the FortiAuthenticator GUI, this resource corresponds to Authentication → User Groups. This API is for use by third-party user provisioning systems.

Supported fields

Field	Description	Type	Required	Other restrictions
name	Group name	String	Yes	max length = 50
users	List of local users in the group	List	No	List of local users URI

Allowed methods

Allowed methods	Resource URI	Action
GET		Get all groups and associated users.
POST		Create a new user.
PUT		Replaces all of the resources for the group. This is done by removing all existing items first before creating the new items. Data must follow the same format as the data returned by the GET parameter.
PATCH		Add users to a user group.
DELETE		Delete a specified group.

Allowed filters

Field	Filters
name	exact

View all user groups

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/?format=xml
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/xml' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 11:46:34 GMT
< Server: Apache
```

```

< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
<response>

<objects type="list"><object><users type="list"/>
<idtype="integer">5</id><name>REST_RADIUS</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/5/</resource_uri></object>

<object><users type="list"/>
<idtype="integer">4</id><name>Test_LDAP</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/4/</resource_uri></object>

<object><users type="list"><value>/api/v1/localusers/4/</value></users>
<idtype="integer">3</id><name>Test_Local</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/3/</resource_uri></object></objects>

<meta type="hash"><next type="null"/><total_count type="integer">3</total_count><previous
  type="null"/><limit type="integer">20</limit><offset
  type="integer">0</offset></meta></response>

```

The response above has been reformatted with carriage returns to make the results more clear.

The response shows that there are 3 groups already configured (in **RED**).

- Test_RADIUS (in ID position 5)
- Test_LDAP (in ID position 4)
- Test_Local (in ID position 3)

Test_RADIUS and Test_LDAP groups do not contain any users, however, the Test_Local group contains 1 user, identified as local user with ID=4 (in **GREEN**). See the LocalUsers for identifying Usernames from user IDs.

The total number of configured and supported User Groups is also returned for troubleshooting purposes (in **GOLD**).

Create a user group

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X POST -d '{
  "name": "Group999"}' -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 201 CREATED
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 12:02:33 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Location: https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/6/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Verify user group creation

Use API call documented in [Allowed filters](#).

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
username	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
first_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
last_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
email	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
active	exact	
city	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
state	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
country	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
token_type		ftk, ftm, email, sms
token_serial	exact, iexact	

Third-party Integration: FortiToken Mobile provisioning

For integration with a third-party authentication server which needs to manage token validation, it is possible for the FortiAuthenticator to return FortiToken Mobile (FTM) seed during provisioning. However, certain conditions must be met:

- Seed may only be returned when creating a new local user via POST method and when provisioning an FTM to an existing user via PATCH method.
- A GET URL parameter (returnseed=1) needs to be specified to explicitly tell FortiAuthenticator to return an encrypted seed for the token (e.g. https://[server_name]/api/v1/localusers/2/?returnseed=1).
- A seed encryption passphrase must be specified in FortiGuard settings.

The seed is encrypted and returned as a PSKC XML file string according to RFC 6030. The key is derived from the configured passphrase using the PBKDF2 key derivation function (32 byte key length, 1000 iterations), encrypted with AES 256 CBC encryption, and signed with a SHA256 HMAC.

Whenever an FTM is provisioned, its activation code will be returned as well.

List all local users above

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 12:18:19 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
<response><objects type="list"><object><users type="list"/><id type="integer">6</id>
  <name>Group999</name><resource_uri>/api/v1/usergroups/6/</resource_
  uri></object><object><users type="list"/><id type="integer">5</id><name>REST_
  RADIUS</name><resource_uri>/api/v1/usergroups/5/</resource_uri></object><object><users
  type="list"/><id type="integer">4</id><name>Test_LDAP</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/4/</resource_uri></object><object><users
  type="list"><value>/api/v1/localusers/4/</value></users><id
  type="integer">3</id><name>Test_Local</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/3/</resource_uri></object></objects><meta type="hash"><next
  type="null"/><total_count type="integer">4</total_count><previous type="null"/><limit
  type="integer">20</limit><offset type="integer">0</offset></meta></response>
```

Attempt to create a user group with the same name

```
< HTTP/1.1 400 BAD REQUEST
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 12:04:06 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Connection: close
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Closing connection #0
{"usergroups": {"name": ["A user group with that name already exists."]}}
```

Add a user to a group

Note, the required users should be elucidated by querying the /localusers/ list as documented in the [Local Users \(/localusers/\)](#) section. In this example:

```
test_user      =      /api/v1/localusers/5/
test_user2    =      /api/v1/localusers/5/
```

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X PATCH -d '{"users":
["/api/v1/localusers/5/", "/api/v1/localusers/4/"]}' -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/9/
```



This command is not additive i.e. adding a single user entry will not increment the list it will overwrite. Using {"users": []} for example will clear the users list.

Delete a user group

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X DELETE -H 'Content-Type:
application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/6/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 204 NO CONTENT
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 12:25:18 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
```

Note that 204 NO CONTENT shows that the group has been successfully deleted. A subsequent listing confirms this as Group999 no longer exists:

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 12:26:05 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
```

```
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
<response><objects type="list"><object><users type="list"/><id
  type="integer">5</id><name>REST_RADIUS</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/5/</resource_uri></object><object><users type="list"/><id
  type="integer">4</id><name>Test_LDAP</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/4/</resource_uri></object><object><users
  type="list"><value>/api/v1/localusers/4/</value></users><id
  type="integer">3</id><name>Test_Local</name><resource_
  uri>/api/v1/usergroups/3/</resource_uri></object></objects><meta type="hash"><next
  type="null"/><total_count type="integer">3</total_count><previous type="null"/><limit
  type="integer">20</limit><offset type="integer">0</offset></meta></response>
[Carl@CentOS ~]$
```



The Delete command will delete the group even if the group contains users or if it is in use e.g. in a RADIUS Client configuration. Checks should be made prior to executing this command.

View a specific user group

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
  "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/?format=json&name=/api/v1/usergroups/8/"
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
  application/json' "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/usergroups/?format=json&name=Group999"
```



The filter used in this situation is the group "name" not the URL or ID.



The URL requires additional quoting in this case otherwise the Unix CLI treats the "&" as an instruction to place the cURL command into the background.



Querying a non-existent group will return a successful 200 OK response with empty object data. This is by design as this is not necessarily an error situation.

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 10:11:47 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
```

```

< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"id": 9, "name": "Group999", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/usergroups/9/",
    "users": ["/api/v1/localusers/5/"]}]}

```

FortiTokens (/fortitoken/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/fortitokens/`

This endpoint represents the FortiToken resource. In the FortiAuthenticator GUI, this resource corresponds to **Authentication > User Management > FortiTokens**. This API is for use by third-party user provisioning systems to ascertain which tokens are available to be provisioned to a user.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
serial	Serial number	string	No	
type	Type	string	No	Either <code>ftk</code> or <code>ftm</code>
status	Status	string	No	One of <code>new</code> , <code>available</code> , <code>pending</code> , <code>assigned</code>
locked	locked	boolean	No	<code>true</code> or <code>false</code>

Allowed methods

HTTP Method	Resource URI	Action
GET	<code>/api/v1/fortitokens/</code>	Get all FortiTokens

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
serial	<code>exact</code> , <code>iexact</code>	
type		<code>ftk</code> , <code>ftm</code>
status		<code>new</code> , <code>available</code> , <code>pending</code> , <code>assigned</code>

View all tokens

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"  
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/fortitokens/?format=json
```


Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 18:17:42 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 2},
  "objects": [{"resource_uri": "/api/v1/fortitokens/1/", "serial": "FTKMOB44142CCBF3",
    "status": "available", "type": "ftm"}, {"resource_uri": "/api/v1/fortitokens/2/",
    "serial": "FTKMOB4471BB94D1", "status": "available", "type": "ftm"}]}
```

View subset of tokens using filters

This example shows how it is possible to obtain a list of specific tokens e.g. The first available FortiToken Mobile token.

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
  application/json'
  "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/fortitokens/?format=json&type=ftm&status=available&limit
  =1"
```



The URL requires additional quoting in this case otherwise the Unix CLI treats the "&" as an instruction to place the cURL command into the background.

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 18:17:42 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 1, "next":
  "/api/v1/fortitokens/?status=available&type=ftm&offset=1&limit=1&format=json",
  "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 2}, "objects": [{"resource_uri":
  "/api/v1/fortitokens/1/", "serial": "FTKMOB44142CCBF3", "status": "available", "type":
  "ftm"}]}
```

Push authentication (/pushauth/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/pushauth/`

This endpoint is used to trigger a token code validation from a user's FTM app. The validation involves the use of a third-party's (e.g. Apple or Google) Push servers. This API is for use by third-party authentication system for verify login against FortiAuthenticator on their mobile devices.



In order to use the Push authentication feature, please ensure the FTM version is newer than 4.0.



If mobile devices and FortiAuthenticator are not in the same subnet, please configure the public IP/FQDN settings at **System > Administration > System Access** page to guarantee that FortiAuthenticator is reachable from FTM.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
username	User Name	string	Yes	max length=50, unique
realm	Realm	string	No	One of the existing realm configured in FAC. Required if more than one user matches the username field.
user_ip	User IP	string	No	
timestamp	Timestamp	string	No	UTC format
account	User account in third-party system	string	No	
user_agent	The end-user's software agent that triggered the push request	string	No	
log_message	Log information	string	No	

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
POST	<code>/api/v1/pushauth/</code>	Create and send a push message.

Response codes

In addition to the general codes defined in General Response Codes, a POST request to this resource can also result in the following return codes:

Code	Response content	Description
200 OK		User is successfully authenticated on their mobile devices.
401 Unauthorized		User rejected the authentication request.
404 Not Found		The given username does not exist in the system or there is no FortiToken Mobile assigned to the given user.
500 Internal Server Error		Push server is refusing to send the push notification.
503 Service Unavailable		Push server is unreachable.

Push authentication response (/pushauthresp/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/pushauthresp/`

This endpoint is used by FortiToken Mobile devices to submit the response to a token code validation request triggered by a prior call to the /pushauth/ endpoint. This API is for use by FTM2 to send back the OTP for login verification.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
session_id	Authentication session ID	string	Yes	unique
action	Requested action	string	Yes	Must be "validate" or "alert"
token_code	Security token code	string	Yes	Only required when "action" is "validate"
message	Alert message	string	Yes	Only required when "action" is "alert"
hmac	HMAC verification	string	Yes	Only required when "action" is "alert"

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
POST	/api/v1/pushauthresp/	Validate the token code for the specified authentication session.

Response codes

In addition to the general response codes, a POST request to this resource can also result in the following return codes:

Code	Response content	Description
200 OK		Valid credentials
401 Unauthorized		Invalid credentials

External IP/FQDN configuration (/system/external_ip_fqdn/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/system/external_ip_fqdn/`

This endpoint is used to set IP/FQDN exposing FortiAuthenticator to external internet.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
value	External IP/FQDN	string	Yes	IP or FQDN, port number is optional and defaults to 443.

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/system/external_ip_fqdn/	Get current value of IP/FQDN settings.
POST	/api/v1/system/external_ip_fqdn/	Set a new value for IP/FQDN.

Local users (/localusers/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/localusers/`

This endpoint represents local user resource i.e. a user account. This resource can be found in the FortiAuthenticator GUI under **Authentication > Local Users**. This API is for use by third-party provisioning systems.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
username	Username	string	Yes	max length = 253, contains only letters, numbers and @/./+/_ characters
address	Address	string	No	max length = 80
city	City	string	No	max length = 40
country	Country	string	No	Must be a country code from ISO-3166 list
custom1	Custom user field 1	string	No	max length = 255
custom2	Custom user field 2	string	No	max length = 255
custom3	Custom user field 3	string	No	max length = 255
email	E-mail address	string	No	Must be a valid e-mail address
first_name	First name	string	No	max length = 30
last_name	Last name	string	No	max length = 30
active	Account Status	boolean	No	
mobile_number	Mobile number	string	No	max length = 25, must follow international number format:+[country_code]-[number]
phone_number	Mobile number	string	No	max length = 25
state	State or province	string	No	max length = 40
user_groups	Local user groups that this user is a member of	list	No	List of user groups URI
token_auth*	Token Auth	boolean	No	Whether second factor authentication should be enabled. If 'true', token_type is required.
token_type*	Token Type	string	No	One of ftk, ftm, email, sms, or dual. If email is chosen, email is required. If sms is chosen, mobile_number is required. Both are required if dual is selected.

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
token_serial*	Token Serial	string	No	If token_type is ftm, or ftk, and this is not present or blank, the next available token will be assigned.
ftm_act_method	FTM Activation Delivery Method	string	No	One of email or 'sms', if email is chosen, email is required. If SMS is chosen, mobile_number is required.
ftk_only	Enable FortiToken-only authentication	boolean	No	If set, token_auth must be true, and token_type must be either ftk or ftm. If this field is changed to false, email must be set to reset user's password and send a new random password. Mutually exclusive with password.
expires_at	Expiration time	string	No	ISO-8601 formatted user expiration time in UTC. Specified time should be formatted using ISO-8601 with a timezone offset. If timezone info is not set, time is always assumed to be in UTC. To remove an expiration time, set this field to an empty string. Time must be at least an hour in the future.

Additionally, when creating a new user, the following field is available:

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
password	Password	string	No	max length = 50
recovery_by_question	Allow password recovery with security question	boolean	No	
recovery_question	Password recovery security question	string	No	Required if recovery_by_question is true
recovery_answer	Password recovery security answer	string	No	Required if recovery_by_question is true

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/localusers/	Get all regular local users.

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/	Get a specific local user with ID.
POST	/api/v1/localusers/	Create a new local user. Notes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If password is specified, that password will be set. If password is not specified, email field becomes required, and a random password will be created and e-mailed to the new user.
POST	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/sendoobtoken/	Send an out-of-band token code (email/SMS token) to a local user.
PATCH	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/	Update specified fields for a specific local user with ID.
DELETE	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/	Delete a local user.

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
username	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
first_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
last_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
email	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
active	exact	
city	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
state	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
country	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
token_type		ftk, ftm, email, sms
token_serial	exact, iexact	

Third-party integration: FTM provisioning

For integration with a third-party authentication server which needs to manage token validation, it is possible for the FortiAuthenticator to return FTM seed during provisioning. However, certain conditions must be met:

- Seed may only be returned when creating a new local user via POST method and when provisioning an FTM to an existing user via PATCH method.
- A GET URL parameter (returnseed=1) needs to be specified to explicitly tell FortiAuthenticator to return an encrypted seed for the token (e.g. https://[server_name]/api/v1/localusers/2/?returnseed=1).
- A seed encryption passphrase must be specified in FortiGuard settings.

The seed is encrypted and returned as a PSKC XML file string according to RFC 6030. The key is derived from the configured passphrase using the PBKDF2 key derivation function (32 byte key length, 1000 iterations), encrypted with AES 256 CBC encryption, and signed with a SHA256 HMAC.

Whenever an FTM is provisioned, its activation code will be returned as well.

List all local users

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=xml
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/xml' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 20:14:23 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 2},
  "objects": [{"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "",
    "custom3": "", "email": "", "first_name": "", "id": 5, "last_name": "", "mobile_
    number": "", "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/5/", "state": "",
    "token_auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups":
    ["/api/v1/usergroups/9/", "/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user2"},
    {"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "", "custom3":
    "", "email": "", "first_name": "", "id": 4, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "",
    "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/4/", "state": "", "token_
    auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups":
    ["/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user"}]}
```

Here you will notice that there are 2 users defined “test_user” and “test_user2”. Note that admin users are not returned by the localusers query.

Create local user

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X POST -d '{
  "username": "test_user3", "password": "testpassword", "email": "test_
  user3@example.com", "mobile": "+44-1234567890"}' -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 201 CREATED
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 20:29:20 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Location: https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/6/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Verify user creation

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=json
```

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 20:30:26 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 3},
  "objects": [{"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "",
  "custom3": "", "email": "", "first_name": "", "id": 5, "last_name": "", "mobile_
  number": "", "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/5/", "state": "",
  "token_auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups":
  ["/api/v1/usergroups/9/", "/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user2"},
  {"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "", "custom3":
  "", "email": "", "first_name": "", "id": 4, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "",
  "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/4/", "state": "", "token_
  auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups":
  ["/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user"}, {"address": "", "city": "",
  "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "test_
  user3@example.com", "first_name": "", "id": 6, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "",
  "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/6/", "state": "", "token_
  auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups": [], "username":
  "test_user3"}]}
```

Modify local user

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

Modify the newly created user "test_user3" aka User ID == 6 using the PATCH command.

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X PATCH -d '{
  "custom1": "example", "country": "GB"}' -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/6/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 202 ACCEPTED
< Date: Mon, 09 Jun 2014 21:07:28 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Delete local user

Send an HTTP DELETE to the resource with the user ID to delete a local user, in the following format:

```
https://<server-name>/api/v1/localusers/5/
```

A successful response will show in the following format:

```
HTTP/1.1 204 NO CONTENT
```

Applying filters

List specific local user

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
"https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=json&username=test_user3"
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/json' "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?username=test_user3"
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:06:20 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
```

```
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "example",
    "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "test_user3@example.com", "first_name": "",
    "id": 6, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "", "phone_number": "", "resource_uri":
    "/api/v1/localusers/6/", "state": "", "token_auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_
    type": null, "user_groups": [], "username": "test_user3"}]}
```

View all users from Country=GB

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

View all users from the country GB (Great Britain).

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
  application/json' "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?country=GB"
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:14:39 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 2},
  "objects": [{"address": "", "city": "", "country": "GB", "custom1": "example",
    "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "test_user3@example.com", "first_name": "",
    "id": 6, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "", "phone_number": "", "resource_uri":
    "/api/v1/localusers/6/", "state": "", "token_auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_
    type": null, "user_groups": [], "username": "test_user3"}, {"address": "", "city": "",
    "country": "GB", "custom1": "example", "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "",
    "first_name": "", "id": 5, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "", "phone_number": "",
    "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/5/", "state": "", "token_auth": false, "token_
    serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups": ["/api/v1/usergroups/9/",
    "/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user2"}]}
```

Add RADIUS attributes to local users

URL: [https://\[server_name\]/api/\[api_version\]/localusers/\[id\]/radiusattributes/](https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/)

This resource can only be used for RADIUS attribute of local users. All the fields are case-sensitive.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Read only	Other restrictions
owner	owner	string	No	Yes	-
vendor	vendor	string	No	No	max length = 40, default = "Default"
attribute	RADIUS attribute	string	Yes	No	max length = 255
attr_val	Attribute Value	Depends on RADIUS attribute	Yes	No	max length = 255

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/	Get all Radius Attributes for a specific Local User
GET	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/[attribute_id]/	Get a Radius Attribute for a specific Local User
POST	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/	Create a new Radius Attribute for a specific Local User
PUT	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/	Update all Radius Attributes that belong to a Local User
PATCH	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/[attribute_id]/	Update fields of a Radius Attribute
DELETE	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/	Delete all Radius Attributes from a specific Local User
DELETE	/api/v1/localusers/[id]/radiusattributes/[attribute_id]/	Delete a Radius Attribute from a specific Local User

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
vendor	exact	-
attribute	exact	-
attr_value	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	-

Local API admin (/localapiadmin/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/localapiadmin/`

This endpoint represents local admin resource with access to API only.

Supported fields

Same as the fields supported by [Local users](#) resource plus these additional ones:

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
trusted_hosts	Trusted subnet from which this admin is allowed to logon	list	No	List of IPv4/IPv6 subnets
password	Password	string	No	max length = 50

Additionally, randomly generated `api_key` would be returned as a field in response upon success. Please refer to examples for more details.

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	<code>/api/v1/localapiadmin/[id]/</code>	Get a specific local admin with ID <code>id</code>
POST	<code>/api/v1/localapiadmin</code>	Create a new local admin with access to API endpoints
DELETE	<code>/api/v1/localapiadmin/[id]/</code>	Delete a local admin

LDAP users (/ldapusers/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/ldapusers/`

This endpoint represents imported remote LDAP user resource. This can be found in the FortiAuthenticator GUI under **Authentication > Remote Auth. Servers > LDAP**.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
username	Username	string	Yes	Read-only
dn	Distinguished name	string	Yes	Read-only
server_name	Server name	string	No	Read-only
server_address	Server address	string	No	Read-only
email	E-mail address	string	No	Must be a valid e-mail address
first_name	First name	string	No	max length = 30
last_name	Last name	string	No	max length = 30
active	Account Status	boolean	No	
mobile_number	Mobile number	string	No	max length = 25, must follow international number format: +[country_code]-[number]
token_auth	Token Auth	boolean	No	Whether second factor authentication should be enabled. If true, token_type is required.
token_type	Token Type	string	No	One of ftk, ftm, email, sms. If email is chosen, email is required. If SMS is chosen, mobile_number is required.
token_serial	Token Serial	string	No	If token_type is ftm, or ftk, and this is not present or blank, the next available token will be assigned.
ftm_act_method	FTM Activation Delivery Method	string	No	One of email or 'sms'. If email is chosen, email is required. If sms is chosen, mobile_number is required.
recovery_by_question	Allow password recovery with security question	boolean	No	
recovery_question	Password recovery security question	string	No	Required if recovery_by_question is set to true.

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
recovery_answer	Password recovery security answer	string	No	Required if recovery_by_question is set to true.

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/ldapusers/	Get all non-admin LDAP users.
GET	/api/v1/ldapusers/[id]/	Get a specific non-admin LDAP user.
POST	/api/v1/ldapusers/[id]/sendoobtoken/	Send an out-of-band token code (email/SMS token) to an LDAP user.
PATCH	/api/v1/ldapusers/[id]/	Update specified fields for a specific LDAP user with ID.

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
username	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
dn	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
first_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
last_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
email	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
active	exact	
server_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
server_address	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
token_type		ftk, ftm, email, sms
token_serial	exact, iexact	

Third-party integration: FTM provisioning

For integration with a third-party authentication server which needs to manage token validation, it is possible for the FortiAuthenticator to return FTM seed during provisioning. However, certain conditions must be met:

- Seed may only be returned when provisioning an FTM to an existing user via PATCH method.
- A GET URL parameter (returnseed=1) needs to be specified to explicitly tell FortiAuthenticator to return an encrypted seed for the token (e.g. [https://\[server_name\]/api/v1/ldapusers/2/?returnseed=1](https://[server_name]/api/v1/ldapusers/2/?returnseed=1)).
- A seed encryption passphrase must be specified in FortiGuard settings.

The seed is encrypted and returned as a PSKC XML file string according to RFC 6030. The key is derived from the configured passphrase using the PBKDF2 key derivation function (32 byte key length, 1000 iterations), encrypted with AES 256 CBC encryption, and signed with a SHA256 HMAC.

Whenever an FTM is provisioned, its activation code will be returned as well.

RADIUS users (/radiususers/)

URL: [https://\[server_name\]/api/v1/radiususers/](https://[server_name]/api/v1/radiususers/)

This endpoint represents imported remote RADIUS user resource.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
username	Username	string	Yes	Read Only
server_name	Server name	string	Yes, if creating user	Read Only
server_address	Server address	string	Yes, if creating user	Read Only
email	E-mail address	string	No	Must be a valid e-mail address
active	Account Status	boolean	No	
mobile_number	Mobile number	string	No	max length = 25, must follow international number format: +[country_code]-[number]
token_auth	Token Auth	boolean	No	Whether second factor authentication should be enabled. If true, token_type is required.
token_type	Token Type	string	No	One of ftk, ftm, email, sms. If email is chosen, email is required. If SMS is chosen, mobile_number is required.
token_serial	Token Serial	string	No	If token_type is ftm, or ftk, and this is not present or blank, the next available token will be assigned.

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
ftm_act_method	FTM Activation Delivery Method	string	No	One of email or 'sms', if email is chosen, email is required. If SMS is chosen, 'mobile_number' is required.

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/radiususers/	Get all non-admin RADIUS users
GET	/api/v1/radiususers/[id]/	Get a specific non-admin RADIUS user
POST	/api/v1/radiususers/[id]/sendoobtoken/	Create a new RADIUS user
POST	/api/v1/radiususers/[id]/sendoobtoken/	Send an out-of-band token code (email/SMS token) to a RADIUS user
PATCH	/api/v1/radiususers/[id]/	Update specified fields for a specific RADIUS user with ID id
DELETE	/api/v1/radiususers/[id]/	Delete a RADIUS user

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions	Values
username	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
email	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
active	exact	
server_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
server_address	exact, iexact, contains, icontains	
token_type		ftk, ftm, email, sms
token_serial	exact, iexact	

Third-party integration: FTM provisioning

This resource allows for FTM provisioning in the same manner specified above for remote LDAP users.

Local user group memberships (/localgroup-memberships/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/localgroup-memberships/`

This endpoint represents local user group membership resource (relationship between local user and local user group).

Supported fields

Field	Description	Type	Required	Read-only	Other restrictions
group	Group	string	Yes		Local user group URI
user	Member of the group	string	Yes		Local user URI
group_name	Member of the group	string	No	Yes	
username	Member username	string	No	Yes	

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	<code>/api/v1/localgroup-memberships/</code>	Get all local group memberships
GET	<code>/api/v1/localgroup-memberships/[id]/</code>	Get a specific local group membership
POST	<code>/api/v1/localgroup-memberships/</code>	Create a new local group membership
DELETE	<code>/api/v1/localgroup-memberships/[id]</code>	Delete a local group membership

Allowed filters

Field	Filters	Description
group	exact, in	Accepts group ID (e.g. group=15)
user	exact, in	Accepts user ID
group_name	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	
username	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in	

SSO/Remote groups (/ssogroup/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/ssogroup/`

This can be found in the FortiAuthenticator GUI under **Fortinet SSO Methods > SSO > SSO Groups**.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
name	Name	string	Yes	max length=50, unique

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/ssogroup/	Get all SSO groups
GET	/api/v1/ssogroup/[id]/	Get an SSO group with ID id
POST	/api/v1/ssogroup/	Create a new SSO group
DELETE	/api/v1/ssogroup/	Delete all SSO groups
DELETE	/api/v1/ssogroup/[id]/	Delete an SSO group with ID id

Allowed filters

Field	Lookup expressions
name	exact, in

View SSO group configuration

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/?format=json
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:48:08 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"id": 1, "name": "Test_Group1", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/ssogroup/1/"}]}
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"id": 1, "name": "Test_Group1", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/ssogroup/1/"}]}
```

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/?format=json
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept: application/json'
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:48:08 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"id": 1, "name": "Test_Group1", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/ssogroup/1/"}]}
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"id": 1, "name": "Test_Group1", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/ssogroup/1/"}]}
```

Create SSO group**JSON query**

- JSON specified via POST

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X POST -d '{"name": "Test_Group2"}' -H 'Content-Type: application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/
```

XML query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X POST -d
'<object><name>Test_Group2</name></object>' -H 'Content-Type: application/xml'
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 201 CREATED
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:51:31 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Location: https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/3/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Successful 201 CREATED response code. See [Appendix A –API Response Codes](#) for full details.

Filter lookup expressions

Expression	Description
exact	search for an exact match (e.g. name__exact=John Doe, would return user with name "John Doe", but not "john doe")
ieexact	search for a case-insensitive exact match (e.g. name__ieexact=john doe, would return user with name "John Doe")
contains	search for an item that contains a specific keyword
icontains	same as above, but case-insensitive
in	search for items that matches specific filter criteria (e.g. to return items that has a name matching "John" or "Bill", ?name__in=John&name__in=Bill)
startswith	search for items that starts with a text
istartswith	same as above, but case-insensitive

See [Appendix A – API response codes on page 1](#) for full details.

Delete SSO group

Query

- Specified via POST

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X DELETE
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssogroup/3/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 204 NO CONTENT
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 11:53:52 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

204 NO CONTENT is a successful result. Verify by querying /ssogroup/ to verify group 3 has been deleted.

FortiGate group filter (/fgtgroupfilter/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/fgtgroupfilter/`

This can be found in the FortiAuthenticator GUI under **Fortinet SSO Methods > SSO > FortiGate Filtering**.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
shortname	Name	string	Yes	max length=32, unique
nasname	NAS name/IP	string	Yes	max length=128, unique

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/	Get all FortiGate Group Filters.
GET	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/	Get a specific FortiGate Group Filter with ID <i>id</i> .
PUT	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/	Update an existing FortiGate Group Filter specified with ID <i>id</i> .

Allowed filters

Field	Filters
shortname	exact, iexact, contains, icontains, in

View FortiGate group filter configuration

JSON query

- JSON specified via GET

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/?format=json
```

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -H 'Accept:
application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 13:49:24 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 1},
  "objects": [{"address": "1.1.1.1", "id": 1, "name": "GroupFilter_Test1", "nasname":
    "1.1.1.1", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/1/", "shortname": "GroupFilter_
    Test1", "sso_groups": [
```

Add FortiGate group filter configuration

Note that POST is not an allowed method so FGTGroup filters cannot be created via the API, however once created via the GUI, they can be modified. See below.

Modify FortiGate group filter configuration

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -X PUT -d '
{"shortname":"GroupFilter_Test1","nasname":"2.2.2.2", "sso_groups": []}' -H 'Content-
Type: application/json' https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/1/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 204 NO CONTENT
< Date: Mon, 16 Jun 2014 16:35:16 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

SSO authentication (/ssoauth/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/ssoauth/`

This endpoint represents the Fortinet SSO Authentication. This resource can be found in the FortiAuthenticator GUI under **Fortinet SSO Methods > SSO**. This API is for use by third-party authentication systems for dynamic transparent user Single Sign-on to a Fortinet protected network.



Before attempting to authenticate, additional configuration is required under **Fortinet SSO Methods > Portal Services > SSO Web Service** to select which user directory is to be used for group embellishment.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
event	Event type	integer/string	Yes	1=Logon 0=Logoff
username	User's username	string	Yes	max length=253
user_ip	User's workstation IP (Calling-Station-Id)	IPv4	Yes	
user_ipv6	User's workstation IPv6 (Calling-Station-Id)	IPv6	No	One of 'user_ip' or 'user_ipv6' is required
user_groups	Groups to send (Fortinet-Group-Name)	string	No	max length=253, list of groups must be separated with "+" character (group name cannot contain a "+" character)



For local users, the user must be part of a local group for successful SSO logon. External users must have a group passed in via the user_groups field for logon/logoff.

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
POST	api/v1/ssoauth/	Logon/logoff users to/from FSSO

Response codes

In addition to the general codes defined in [Appendix A – API response codes](#), a POST request to this resource can result in the following return codes:

Code	Response content	Description
200 OK		FSSO login/logout request has been successfully sent to FSSO (but this doesn't mean that user has been logged-on/off, as the request is done asynchronously and is queued on FSSO side. Factors such as configuration and user not existing in LDAP may cause the entry to not populate FSSO).
404 Not Found	SSO web service is disabled	SSO web service has not been enabled so it can't be used in REST API
500 Internal Server Error		Failed to send logon/logoff request to FSSO

FSSO user login

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -d '{
  "event": "1", "username": "cwindor", "user_ip": "10.1.73.175"}' -H "Content-Type:
  application/json" https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssoauth/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Fri, 20 Sep 2013 08:27:27 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< Content-Language: en
< Set-Cookie: sessionid=6q6m6ne4v7p76qclajitlf2q7202f7g6; httponly; Path=/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
```

Verify login on FortiAuthenticator

Logon Time	Update Time	Workstation	IP address	Username	Source	
Fri Sep 22 09:28:54 2013	Fri Sep 22 09:28:54 2013	10.1.73.175	10.1.73.175	CWINDSOR	SSO Web Service	CN=CARL WINDSOR,CN=USERS,DC=CORP,DC=EXAMPLE,DC=COM-CN=ADM

Overwrite FSSO user login with different user

Note that if a login event is received with the same IP address but with a different username, the existing entry will be overwritten.

JSON query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -d '{
  "event": "1",
  "username": "atano",
  "user_ip": "10.1.73.175"
}' -H "Content-Type: application/json" https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssoauth/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Fri, 20 Sep 2013 08:32:21 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< Content-Language: en
< Set-Cookie: sessionid=g062qqmsj6nr0hk5khd2q7202e4v36m; httponly; Path=/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
<
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
```

Verify login on FortiAuthenticator

Logon Time	Update Time	Workstation	IP address	Username	Source	
Fri Sep 22 09:35:49 2017	Fri Sep 22 09:35:49 2017	10.1.73.175	10.1.73.175	ATANO	SSO Web Service	CN=AHSOKA.TANO,CN=USERS,DC=CORP,DC=EXAMPLE,DC=COM+CN=FW_A

Logout FSSO user

JSON query

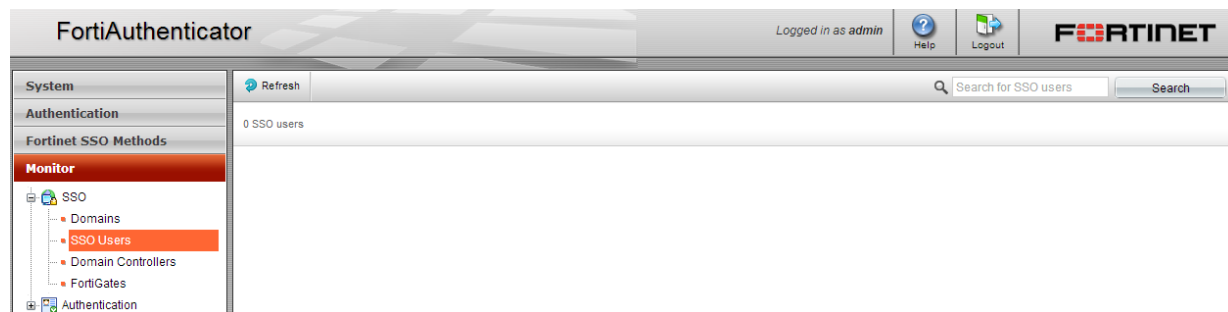
- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -d '{
  "event": "0", "username": "atano", "user_ip": "10.1.73.175"}' -H "Content-Type:
  application/json" https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/ssoauth/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Fri, 20 Sep 2013 08:34:09 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept, Accept-Language, Cookie
< Content-Language: en
< Set-Cookie: sessionid=2q de4v36msj6g05khm6nr02q72q02hk; httponly; Path=/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact
* Closing connection #0
```

Verify logout on FortiAuthenticator



Logging

Note that SSO Login requests are logged regardless of whether the user details can be inserted into FSSO. For example logs may exist for SSO Logon for a user but an entry not appear in the monitor because when an LDAP lookup for group info was performed, no user existed.

ID	Timestamp	Level	Category	Sub category	Type id	Action	Status	Source IP	Short message
1735	Fri Aug 31 10:15:17 2018	information	Event	Authentication	20994	Login	Success	172.25.176.92	Web access granted to 'admin'
1734	Fri Aug 31 10:15:17 2018	information	Event	Authentication	20994	Login	Success		Local administrator authentication with no token successful
1733	Fri Aug 31 02:01:02 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10128				A new CRL for FGT900_RootCA (ST=Ontario, O=Fortinet, CN=FGT900_RootCA)
1732	Thu Aug 30 15:06:01 2018	information	Event	Authentication	20994	Login	Success	172.25.176.92	Web access granted to 'admin'
1731	Thu Aug 30 15:06:01 2018	information	Event	Authentication	20994	Login	Success		Local administrator authentication with no token successful
1730	Thu Aug 30 13:00:04 2018	warning	Event	Authentication	20150				Unable to send a password expiration notification email to user 'teela'
1729	Thu Aug 30 13:00:03 2018	debug	Event	Authentication	20150				Sending a password expiration notification email to user 'teela'
1728	Thu Aug 30 13:00:03 2018	warning	Event	Authentication	20150				Password for user 'teela' has expired
1727	Thu Aug 30 02:01:02 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10128				A new CRL for FGT900_RootCA (ST=Ontario, O=Fortinet, CN=FGT900_RootCA)
1726	Wed Aug 29 12:00:04 2018	warning	Event	Authentication	20150				Unable to send a password expiration notification email to user 'teela'
1725	Wed Aug 29 12:00:03 2018	debug	Event	Authentication	20150				Sending a password expiration notification email to user 'teela'
1724	Wed Aug 29 12:00:03 2018	debug	Event	Authentication	20150				User 'teela' password expires in 1 days
1723	Wed Aug 29 02:01:01 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10128				A new CRL for FGT900_RootCA (ST=Ontario, O=Fortinet, CN=FGT900_RootCA)
1722	Tue Aug 28 16:03:25 2018	debug	Event	User Portal	50006				SSO Start logon session for user 'gthreepwood@fortinet.com.18': 0
1721	Tue Aug 28 16:03:25 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006				SSO groups found in attribute assertions: 'saml_users'
1720	Tue Aug 28 16:03:25 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006				Inconsistent relay_state. From post_data (https://fac.school.net/login/saml)
1719	Tue Aug 28 16:03:25 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006	Login	Success		SAML user authentication successful
1718	Tue Aug 28 16:00:24 2018	debug	Event	User Portal	50006				SSO Stop logon session for user 'gthreepwood@fortinet.com.18': 0
1717	Tue Aug 28 15:55:14 2018	debug	Event	User Portal	50006				SSO Start logon session for user 'gthreepwood@fortinet.com.18': 0
1716	Tue Aug 28 15:55:14 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006				SSO groups found in attribute assertions: 'saml_users'
1715	Tue Aug 28 15:55:12 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006				Inconsistent relay_state. From post_data (https://fac.school.net/login/saml)
1714	Tue Aug 28 15:55:12 2018	information	Event	User Portal	50006	Login	Success		SAML user authentication successful
1713	Tue Aug 28 15:46:46 2018	information	Event	Authentication	20995	Logout			Administrator 'admin' logged out
1712	Tue Aug 28 15:14:07 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10001	Add			Added SSO User: gthreepwood
1711	Tue Aug 28 15:14:01 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10003	Delete			Deleted SSO User: test
1710	Tue Aug 28 14:32:51 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10002	Edit			Edited Setting: saml_portal_sso_group_assertion_attribute_name (changed field)
1709	Tue Aug 28 14:32:51 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10002	Edit			Edited Setting: saml_portal_sso_group_assertion_type (changed field)
1708	Tue Aug 28 14:07:51 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10002	Edit			Edited FortiGate Filter: saml_users (172.25.176.62) (changed fields: c)
1707	Tue Aug 28 14:07:47 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10003	Delete			Deleted FortiGate SSO Filtering Object: Teachers
1706	Tue Aug 28 14:07:44 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10003	Delete			Deleted FortiGate SSO Filtering Object: Students
1705	Tue Aug 28 14:07:41 2018	information	Event	Admin Configuration	10003	Delete			Deleted FortiGate SSO Filtering Object: Staff

SSO filtering objects (/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/)

URL: [https://\[server_name\]/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/\[id\]/ssofilterobjects/](https://[server_name]/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/)

This resource can only be used alongside the FortiGate filter resource above.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
name	Object name / DN	string	Yes	max length=255, unique for each FortiGate filter
obj_type	Object Type	string	Yes	One of user, group (default), user container, group container, user and group container

Allowed methods

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/	Get all SSO filtering objects for a specific FortiGate filter.

HTTP method	Resource URI	Action
GET	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/[filter_id]/	Get an SSO filtering object for a specific FortiGate filter.
POST	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/	Create a new SSO filtering object for a specific FortiGate filter.
PUT	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/	Update all SSO filtering objects that belongs to a FortiGate filter.
PATCH	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/[filter_id]/	Update fields of an SSO filtering object.
DELETE	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/	Delete all SSO filtering objects from a specific FortiGate filter.
DELETE	/api/v1/fgtgroupfilter/[id]/ssofilterobjects/[filter_id]/	Delete an SSO filtering object.

Authentication (/auth/)

URL: `https://[server_name]/api/[api_version]/auth/`

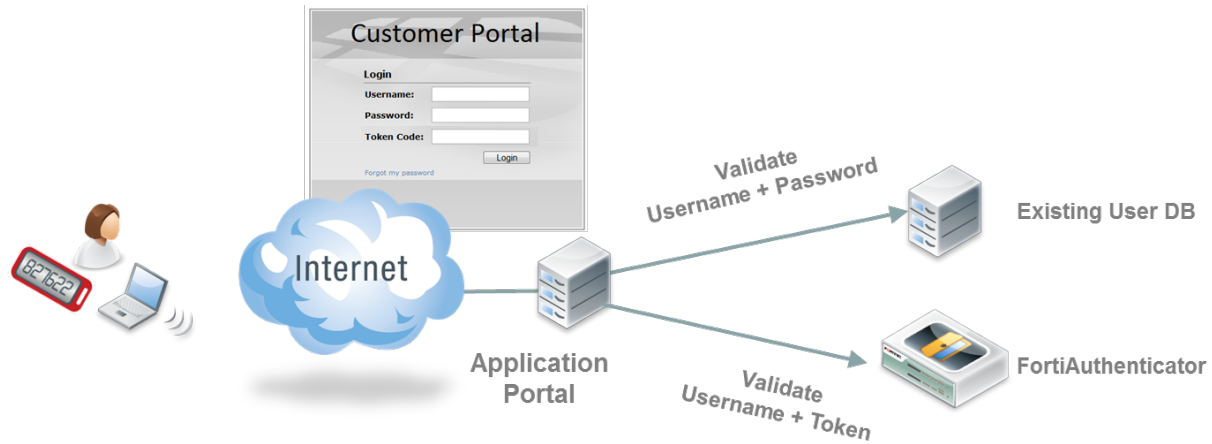
The authentication API is for validation of user credentials. Either the password, token or both can be validated. This is useful for adding an additional factor authentication (e.g. token) to web portals where the first factor is already being validated locally e.g. via LDAP and RADIUS user credentials, or local DB or a proprietary, unsupported authentication method as is common in the banking industry.



This API is for the validation of local user password and token passcode or remote user passcode only. Validation of remote (LDAP) user password is not supported. This is by design as most systems have an established mechanism for authentication via e.g. LDAP or some other proprietary mechanism as shown below.



User lockout policies can be configured under **Authentication > User Account Policies > Lockouts**. The policies will be applied as configured.



To authenticate a user, you need to POST to [https://\[server_name\]/api/1/auth/](https://[server_name]/api/1/auth/) with the following key-value pair (in JSON format, but XML also possible):

```
{"username": "<username>", "token_code": "<token_code>", "password": "<password>"}
```

with "token_code" and "password" being optional fields i.e. you can just validate the token only or the password only. If password and token are specified, the password will be validated first before token code.

Behavior of the API

- Either password or token_code needs to be specified.
- If both are specified, password will be validated first, then token_code.
- If both are specified, it is acceptable to concatenate both the user's password and token code in as the password value and provide an empty string as the token_code value.
- If only one is specified (either password or token_code), only that credential will be validated.
- If a user doesn't have two-factor authentication configured, validation for that user with any token_code will fail.
- If a user is configured with only FortiToken authentication (password-based authentication is disabled), specifying any password will fail.



Before being able to validate an email token or SMS token, a token code needs to be triggered and sent to the user.

Please refer to either [Local users \(/localusers/\)](#), [LDAP users \(/ldapusers/\)](#) or [RADIUS users \(/radiususers/\)](#) documentation on how to send the token code.

Supported fields

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
username	Username	string	Yes	
password	Password	string	No	

Field	Display name	Type	Required	Other restrictions
token_code	Security token code	string	No	Supported token authentication: FortiToken, email token, SMS token

Allowed methods

Type	Allowed methods	Action
List	POST	Validate user's credentials.

Response codes

In addition to the general codes defined in [Appendix A – API response codes](#), a POST request to this resource can result in the following return codes:

Code	Response content	Description
200 OK		User is successfully authenticated.
401 Unauthorized	User authentication failed	Credential is incorrect.
401 Unauthorized	Account is disabled	User account is currently disabled.
401 Unauthorized	No token configured	User does not have token-based authentication configured.
401 Unauthorized	Token is out of sync	The security token requires synchronization.
404 Not Found	User does not exist	The given username does not exist in the system.

Validate a user password

Query

- JSON specified via Accept Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -d '{
  "username": "testuser", "password": "testpass"}' -H "Content-Type: application/json"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/auth/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Fri, 14 Sep 2012 15:38:57 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Cookie
< Set-Cookie: sessionid=6b17c5bbb86419a94f6979a05bd84139; httponly; Path=/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Validate a users token code

Query

- JSON specified via Content-Type Header

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS" -d '{
  "username":"testuser","token_code":"893753"}' -H "Content-Type: application/json"
https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/auth/
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Fri, 14 Sep 2012 15:47:22 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Cookie
< Set-Cookie: sessionid=f15beeab159a4bf2d0402a05db40d6ae; httponly; Path=/
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Error states

Response (incorrect password)

```
HTTP/1.1 401 UNAUTHORIZED
Date: Thu, 13 Sep 2012 13:57:24 GMT
Server: Apache
Vary: Cookie
Set-Cookie: sessionid=abe8bac6fc50caf5eadf1e57f0c60e3e; httponly; Path=/
Content-Length: 26
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Response (incorrect token code)

```
HTTP/1.1 401 UNAUTHORIZED
Date: Thu, 13 Sep 2012 13:55:18 GMT
Server: Apache
Vary: Cookie
Set-Cookie: sessionid=e95090804ee0e3b8903618138b38a5c8; httponly; Path=/
Content-Length: 26
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

Response (incorrect username)

```
HTTP/1.1 404 NOT FOUND
Date: Thu, 13 Sep 2012 13:58:54 GMT
Server: Apache
Vary: Cookie
Set-Cookie: sessionid=3b353061d9141567c02bb0d057b18284; httponly; Path=/
Content-Length: 19
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```


Advanced filtering

Results of the API calls can be controlled in several ways. Below are some arguments that can be passed to the REST API URL. Please refer to the specific resource documentation to find out which of these filter operations are allowed.

General filters

General filters can be applied to most resources.

Limits

limit: Limit number of items returned.

To search for the first entry in a resource:

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"  
  "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=json&limit=1"
```



The URL requires additional quoting in this case otherwise the Unix CLI treats the "&" as a instruction to place the cURL command into the background.

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 09:43:33 GMT  
< Server: Apache  
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language,Cookie  
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN  
< Content-Language: en  
< Cache-Control: no-cache  
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked  
< Content-Type: application/json  
<  
* Connection #0 to host 192.168.0.122 left intact  
* Closing connection #0  
{  
  "meta": {"limit": 1, "next": "/api/v1/localusers/?offset=1&limit=1&format=json",  
    "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 3}, "objects": [{"address": "", "city":  
    "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "", "first_  
    name": "", "id": 5, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "", "phone_number": "",  
    "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/5/", "state": "", "token_auth": false, "token_  
    serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups": ["/api/v1/usergroups/9/",  
    "/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user2"}]}
```

Only the first user in the list is returned. Note that this excludes admin users which are never returned by this query hence the reason why this user ID is > 5.

Offset

offset: Specify an offset for the returned items (zero-based). E.g. if there are 10 items, to return item #5 - #10 only, specify offset=4:

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
  "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=json&offset=4"
```

Order

order_by: Order returned list by a known field name (e.g. ?order_by=<field name>):

```
curl -k -v -u "admin:zeyDZXmP6GbKcerqdWWEYNTnH2TaOCz5HTp2dAVS"
  "https://192.168.0.122/api/v1/localusers/?format=json&order_by=username"
```

Response

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Tue, 10 Jun 2014 16:41:23 GMT
< Server: Apache
< Vary: Accept,Accept-Language, Cookie
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< Content-Language: en
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Content-Type: application/json
<
{"meta": {"limit": 20, "next": null, "offset": 0, "previous": null, "total_count": 3},
  "objects": [{"address": "", "city": "", "country": "", "custom1": "", "custom2": "",
    "custom3": "", "email": "", "first_name": "", "id": 4, "last_name": "", "mobile_
    number": "", "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/4/", "state": "",
    "token_auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups":
    ["/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user"}, {"address": "", "city": "",
    "country": "GB", "custom1": "example", "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "",
    "first_name": "", "id": 5, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "", "phone_number": "",
    "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/5/", "state": "", "token_auth": false, "token_
    serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups": ["/api/v1/usergroups/9/",
    "/api/v1/usergroups/8/"], "username": "test_user2"}, {"address": "", "city": "",
    "country": "GB", "custom1": "example", "custom2": "", "custom3": "", "email": "test_
    user3@example.com", "first_name": "", "id": 6, "last_name": "", "mobile_number": "",
    "phone_number": "", "resource_uri": "/api/v1/localusers/6/", "state": "", "token_
    auth": false, "token_serial": "", "token_type": null, "user_groups": [], "username":
    "test_user3"}]}
```

Filter lookup expressions

Expression	Description
exact	Search for an exact match (e.g. name__exact=John Doe, would return user with name "John Doe", but not "john doe")
icontains	Search for a case-insensitive exact match (e.g. name__icontains=john doe, would return user with name "John Doe")
contains	Search for an item that contains a specific keyword

Expression	Description
<code>icontains</code>	Same as above, but case-insensitive
<code>in</code>	Search for items that matches specific filter criteria (e.g. to return items that has a name matching "John" or "Bill", <code>?name__in=John&name__in=Bill</code>)
<code>startswith</code>	Search for items that starts with a text
<code>startswith</code>	Same as above, but case-insensitive



High Performance Network Security



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