



FortiClient - XML Reference

Version 6.0.0



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Change Log

Date	Change Description
2018-05-31	Initial release of 6.0.0.
2018-07-10	Updated description of <disable_connect_disconnect> in VPN options on page 31</disable_connect_disconnect>

Introduction

This document provides an overview of FortiClient version 6.0.0 XML configuration.



This document was written for FortiClient (Windows) 6.0.0. Not all features described in this document are supported for FortiClient (Mac OS X) 6.0.0 or FortiClient (Linux) 6.0.0.



For more information on FortiClient installation and configuration, see the *FortiClient Administration Guide*.

This document includes the following chapters:

- XML Configuration File on page 7
- FortiClient XML Configurations on page 78
- Back Up or Restore the Configuration File on page 80
- Advanced Features on page 85

XML Configuration File

FortiClient configuration

File structure

FortiClient supports importation and exportation of its configuration via an XML file. This section defines and describes the format of that file.

File extensions

FortiClient supports the following four file types:

- .conf
 - A plain-text configuration file.
- .sconf

A secure (encrypted) configuration file.

• .conn

A plain-text VPN connection configuration file.

• .sconn

A secure (encrypted) VPN connection configuration file.

A configuration file can be generated from the settings page of FortiClient dashboard or by using the command-line program: FCConfig.exe, installed with FortiClient.

Configuration file sections

The configuration file contains the following major sections:

- Meta data on page 8
 - Basic data controlling the entire configuration file.
- System Settings on page 9

General settings not specific to any module listed below or that affect more than one module.

• Endpoint Control on page 23

Endpoint control settings including: enable enforcement, off-net update, skip confirmation, disable unregister, and silent registration.

• VPN on page 31

Global VPN, IPsec VPN, and SSL VPN settings.

• Antivirus on page 47

Antivirus settings including: FortiGuard Analytics, real-time protection, behavior when a virus is detected, and quarantine.

Single sign-on mobility agent on page 60
 Single Sign-On (SSO) mobility agent settings.

• Web filtering on page 61

Web Filtering settings including: logging, white list priority, maximum violations, rate IP addresses, profiles, Safe Search, and YouTube education filter.

- Application firewall on page 67
 Application Firewall settings.
- Vulnerability Scan on page 71 Vulnerability Scan settings.
- Sandboxing on page 73
 Sandbox Detection settings.
- Anti-exploit detection
 Anti-exploit detection settings.

Encrypted username and password

Several XML tag elements are named <password>. All such tags are always encrypted during configuration exports. For modified and imported configurations, FortiClient accepts either encrypted or plain-text passwords.

Here is an example of an encrypted password tag element. The password starts with Enc:

Several <username> XML tags also follow this format.

IP addresses

IP address tag elements usually refer to IPv4 addresses. A fully qualified domain name (FQDN) may also be provided. Here are two examples:

- Single IP address: 74.196.82.243
- FQDN:www.fortinet.com

Boolean values

Elements that determine if a feature is enabled or disabled use Boolean values. The configuration file accepts 0 for false and 1 for true.

Meta data

All of the XML tags and data in a configuration file are contained inside the XML tag <forticlient_ configuration>. An empty configuration file will look like this:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<forticlient_configuration>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The first line of the file includes an XML version number as well as the encoding. This is the standard XML start tag.

The following meta data is supported:

<forticlient version>6.0.0.66</forticlient version>

FortiClient version number if the file is exported from FortiClient.

<version>6.0.0</version>

Version of the configuration file.

<date>2018/05/31</date>

Date when the file was generated.

<partial_configuration>0</partial_configuration>

A flag that controls whether the configuration will be replaced or added in import/restore. Possible values are 0 or 1.

<os_version>windows</os_version>

Indicates whether this configuration is generated from Microsoft Windows or Mac OS X. Possible values are windows or MacOSX.

<os architecture>x64</os architecture>

Indicates the OS architecture. Possible values are x64 or x32.

System Settings

System settings are contained inside the <system> </system> XML tags. It includes the following subsections:

- UI settings on page 9
- Log settings on page 13
- Proxy settings on page 15
- Update settings on page 16
- FortiProxy settings on page 19
- Certificates settings on page 21

UI settings

User interface related information are contained inside the <ui> </ui> XML tags.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<system>
<ui>
<ads>0</ads>
<disable_backup>0</disable_backup>
<default_tab>AV</default_tab>
<flashing_system_tray_icon>1</flashing_system_tray_icon>
<hide_system_tray_icon>0</hide_system_tray_icon>
<suppress_admin_prompt>0</suppress_admin_prompt>
<password>Encrypted/NonEncrypted_PasswordString</password>
<culture-code>os-default</culture-code>
<show_passcode>0</show_passcode>
<gpu_rendering>0</gpu_rendering>
<replacement_messages>
<quarantine>
```

<title> <title> <! [CDATA[]]> </title> </title> <statement> <remediation> <! [CDATA[]]> </remediation> </statement> <remediation> <remediation> <! [CDATA[]]> </remediation> </remediation> </quarantine> </replacement_messages> <avatars> <enabled>[0|1]</enabled> <providers> <google> <clientid> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientid> <clientsecret> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientsecret> <redirecturl> <! [CDATA[]]> </redirecturl> </google> <linkedin> <clientid> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientid> <clientsecret> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientsecret> <redirecturl> <! [CDATA[]]> </redirecturl> </linkedin> <salesforce> <clientid> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientid> <clientsecret> <! [CDATA[]]> </clientsecret> <redirecturl> <! [CDATA[]]> </redirecturl> </salesforce> </providers> </avatars> </ui> </system>

</forticlient_configuration>

The following table provides UI setting XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<ads></ads>	Advertisements (dashboard banner) in the FortiClient console do not display, even when set to 1. FortiClient ignores this setting. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<disable_backup></disable_backup>	Enable or disable configuration backup from FortiClient console. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<default_tab></default_tab>	 The tab selected by default on the FortiClient dashboard. Enter one of the following: AV: Antivirus WF: Parental Control/Web Filtering FW: Application Firewall VPN: Remote Access VULN: Vulnerability Scan 	AV
<flashing_system_ tray_icon></flashing_system_ 	Enable or disable the flashing system tray icon. The system tray flashes while FortiClient background processes are running. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<hide_system_tray_ icon></hide_system_tray_ 	Hide or display the system tray icon. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<suppress_admin_ prompt></suppress_admin_ 	Do not ask for an administrator password for tasks that require super_user permission to complete. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<password></password>	Enter a password to set the configuration lock upon registering with a FortiGate. Either encrypted or non-encrypted password.	
<culture-code></culture-code>	The localized language used by the FortiClient dashboard. Enter one of the following: • os-default: Defaults to the operating system language • de-de: German • en-us: English (United States) • es-es: Spanish (Spain) • fr-fr: French (France) • ja-jp: Japanese • pt-br: Portuguese (Brazil) • kr-kr: Korean • zh-cn: Simplified Chinese • zh-tw: Traditional Chinese	os- default
<show_passcode></show_passcode>	Display <i>Passcode</i> instead of <i>Password</i> in the VPN tab on the FortiClient console.	0

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	Boolean value: [0 1]	
<gpu_rendering></gpu_rendering>	Enable or disable GPU rendering. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<replacement_ messages></replacement_ 	Displays a message in FortiClient when the endpoint is quarantined. You can cus the message.	stomize
<avatars></avatars>	Contains the elements for configuring whether FortiClient retrieves an avatar pic the endpoint user from web applications, such as Google, LinkedIn, or SalesFord	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable FortiClient to retrieve an avatar picture for the user from web applications, such as Google, LinkedIn, or SalesForce. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<providers></providers>	Identifies which cloud applications FortiClient uses to retrieve an avatar picture for the endpoint users.	
<google></google>	Settings that allow FortiClient uses to retrieve an avatar picture from Google. Integration with Google requires a Google API Console project. For more information, see https://developers.google.com/.	
<clientid></clientid>	Type the client ID for your Google API Console project.	
<clientsecret></clientsecret>	Type the client secret for your Google API Console project.	
<redirecturl></redirecturl>	Type the redirect URL for your Google API Console project.	
<linkedin></linkedin>	Settings that allow FortiClient uses to retrieve an avatar picture from LinkedIn. Integration with LinkedIn requires knowledge of LinkedIn Developers. For more information, see https://developer.linkedin.com/.	
<clientid></clientid>	Type the client ID for LinkedIn.	
<clientsecret></clientsecret>	Type the client secret for LinkedIn.	
<redirecturl></redirecturl>	Type the redirect URL for LinkedIn.	
<salesforce></salesforce>	Settings that allow FortiClient uses to retrieve an avatar picture from SalesForce. Integration with Salesforce requires knowledge of salesforce developers. For more information, see https://developer.salesforce.com/.	
<clientid></clientid>	Type the client ID for SalesForce.	
<clientsecret></clientsecret>	Type the client secret for SalesForce.	
<redirecturl></redirecturl>	Type the redirect URL for SalesForce.	

Following is an example replacement message:

```
<replacement_messages>
<quarantine>
<title>
<![CDATA[Quarantined]]>
</title>
<statement>
```

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Log settings

```
Log-related information will be inside the <log settings> </log settings> XML tags.
```

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <system>
     <log settings>
        <onnet local logging>[0|1]</onnet local logging>
        <level>6</level>
        <log_
             events>ipsecvpn,sslvpn,scheduler,update,firewall,av,proxy,shield,webfilter,end
             point,fssoma,configd,vuln,sandboxing,antiexploit</log events>
        <remote logging>
           <log upload enabled>0</log upload enabled>
           <log_upload_server>0.0.0.0</log_upload_server>
           <log_upload_ssl_enabled>1</log_upload_ssl_enabled>
           <log retention days>90</log retention days>
           <log upload freq minutes>90</log upload freq minutes>
           <log generation timeout secs>900</log generation timeout secs>
           <log compressed>0</log compressed>
           <log protocol>syslog</log protocol>
           <!-- faz | syslog -->
           <!-- server IP address -->
           <netlog server>0.0.0.0</netlog server>
           <netlog categories>7</netlog categories>
        </remote logging>
     </log settings>
  </system>
</forticlient configuration>
```

The following table provides provides log settings XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<onnet_local_ logging></onnet_local_ 	If client-log-when-on-net is enabled on EMS, EMS will send this XML element. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<level></level>	 Select the FortiClient logging level. Enter one of the following: 0: emergency 1: alert 2: critical 3: error 4: warning 5: notice 6: information 7: debug 	6
<log_events></log_events>	 FortiClient events or processes to log. One or more comma-separated list of: ipsecvpn: IPsec VPN log events sslvpn: SSL VPN log events firewall: Application Firewall log events av: Antivirus log events webfilter: Web Filtering log events vuln: Vulnerability Scan log events fssoma: Single Sign-On (SSO) mobility agent for FortiAuthenticator log events scheduler: Scheduler log events proxy: FortiProxy log events shield: FortiShield log events endpoint: Endpoint Control log events configd: Configuration log events 	<pre>ipsecvpn, sslvpn, scheduler, update, firewall, av, clientmanager , proxy, shield, webfilter, endpoint, fssoma, configd, vuln (enable all events by default)</pre>
<remote_logging All elements for <rem logs.</rem </remote_logging 	<pre>r> elements note_logging> apply only to remote logs. The elements do not affect the</pre>	e behavior of local
<log_upload_< td=""><td>Set the boolean value to ${\tt 1}$ to upload FortiClient logs to the</td><td>0</td></log_upload_<>	Set the boolean value to ${\tt 1}$ to upload FortiClient logs to the	0

<log_upload_ enabled></log_upload_ 	Set the boolean value to 1 to upload FortiClient logs to the FortiAnalyzer or FortiManager. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<log_upload_ server></log_upload_ 	Enter the IP address of the FortiAnalyzer or FortiManager to send logs to.	
<log_upload_ssl_ enabled></log_upload_ssl_ 	Enable or disable use of SSL protocol during log upload. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<log_upload_freq_ minutes></log_upload_freq_ 	The log frequency upload period in minutes.	90

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<log_generation_ timeout_ sec></log_generation_ 	How often logs are created in seconds.	900
<log_compressed></log_compressed>	Enable or disable compression of logs. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<log_retention_ days></log_retention_ 	If the server is not reachable, the number of days to retain the logs in the upload queue before being deleted. Local logs are not deleted.	90
<log_protocol></log_protocol>	Enter the remote server type: • faz: FortiAnalyzer • syslog: Syslog server	
<netlog_server></netlog_server>	Enter the IP address of the syslog server. Used only when <log_ protocol> is set to syslog.</log_ 	
<netlog_ categories></netlog_ 	<pre>Enter of logs to upload. Bitmask: 1 = traffic logs 2 = vulnerability logs 4 = event logs Since these are bitmasks, you may combine as follows: 3 = 1 or 2 (traffic and vulnerability) 5 = 1 or 4 (traffic and event) 6 = 2 or 4 (vulnerability and event) 7 = 1 or 2 or 4 (all logs)</pre>	7



The FortiShield daemon protects FortiClient's own file system and registry settings from modification by unauthorized persons.

Proxy settings

Proxy-related information are contained inside the < proxy > </proxy > XML tags. If a proxy server configuration is required for Internet access, use the fields here to specify that configuration so that FortiClient's functions can use Fortinet's Internet based services. The settings are used by FortiClient originated traffic only.

</system>

</forticlient_configuration>

The following table provides proxy setting XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<update></update>	Enable or disable updates. Set the boolean value to 1 if a proxy server exists between FortiClient and the Internet. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<fail_over_to_ fdn></fail_over_to_ 	Enable or disable failover to FortiGuard servers. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<online_scep></online_scep>	Enable or disable Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP). Set the boolean value to 1 if you are using SCEP server and a proxy server exists between FortiClient and the SCEP server. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<virus_ submission></virus_ 	Enable or disable virus submission to the FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN). Set the boolean value to 1 if a SMTP proxy server exists between FortiClient and Fortinet's virus submission servers. Used when you <i>submit for analysis</i> or <i>submit as false positive</i> . Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<type></type>	 The type of proxy being specified. Enter one of the following: HTTP SOCKS4 SOCKS5 	НТТР
<address></address>	The address of the proxy server. IP address or FQDN.	
<port></port>	The port number of the proxy server. Port range: 1 to 65535	80
<username></username>	If the proxy requires authentication, specify the username here. Either encrypted or non-encrypted user name.	
<password></password>	If the proxy requires authentication, specify the password here. Either encrypted or non-encrypted password.	

Update settings

Update-related information is contained inside the <update></update> XML tags. Use this field to specify how FortiClient performs updates from FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN) servers.

```
<fail over
             servers>server1.fortinet.com:8008;172.81.30.6:80;server2.fortinet.com:80</fai
             1 over servers>
        <timeout>60</timeout>
        <failoverport>8000</failoverport>
        <fail over to fdn>1</fail over to fdn>
        <use_proxy_when_fail_over_to_fdn>1</use_proxy_when_fail_over_to_fdn>
        <auto_patch>1</auto_patch>
        <update_action>notify_only</update_action>
        <scheduled update>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <type>interval</type>
           <daily at>03:00</daily at>
           <update interval in hours>3</update interval in hours>
        </scheduled update>
        <submit_virus_info_to_fds>0</submit_virus_info_to_fds>
        <submit vuln info to fds>1<submit vuln info to fds>
     </update>
  </system>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides update setting XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<use_custom_ server></use_custom_ 	Define a custom server for updates. When the boolean value is set to 0, use the default FDN server address. When the boolean value is set to 1, you must specify the address in <update><server>. Typically used when specifying a FortiManager as your update server. Boolean value: [0 1]</server></update>	0
<server></server>	<pre>IP address or FQDN of the update server. Use when <update><use_ custom_server> is set to 1. Optionally, you can specify the port number. Multiple addresses can be specified using a semicolon delimited list. For example, 10.10.10.1:80;10.10.10.2:8080;172.16.10.80;www.myfortima nager.net. If this example, FortiClient will try each server specified in order until one works, or they all fail.</use_ </update></pre>	
<port></port>	Port number of the update server. If a port number is not specified in <update><server>, this port will be used. Port range: 1 to 65535</server></update>	80
<fail_over_ servers></fail_over_ 	Update servers to try if the primary server could not be reached. Separate multiple servers with a semicolon. IP address or FQDN, followed by a colon and the port number if applicable.	
<timeout></timeout>	Connection timeout, in seconds, when attempting to reach a custom update server. If a server is reachable but not responding to update requests, the actual timeout will be longer. The timeout specified is applied three times to one <server>:<port> pair before FortiClient gives up on this pair. If <failoverport> is specified, and</failoverport></port></server>	60

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	greater than 0, there are a total of six attempts (three attempts for <server>:<port>, three attempts for <server>:<failoverport>).</failoverport></server></port></server>	
<failoverport></failoverport>	Failover port number. If the update server cannot be reached via the port specified in <update><server> or <update><port>, FortiClient will try the same address with this port. Port range: 1 to 65535</port></update></server></update>	8000
<fail_over_to_ fdn></fail_over_to_ 	Determines whether or not to use FortiGuard servers if communication with custom <server> fails. If the boolean value is set to 1, <update><use_ custom_server> is set to 1, and the update server specified by <update><server> cannot be reached, then FortiClient will try the default public FDN server. This is tried only if FortiClient has exhausted all other custom update server options. Boolean value: [0 1]</server></update></use_ </update></server>	1
<use_proxy_when_ fail_over_ to_fdn></use_proxy_when_ 	<pre>Supports failover to FortiGuard servers if FortiClient uses a proxy server defined with <forticlient_configuration><system><proxy> and <fail_ over_to_fndn=""> is set to 1. Set <use_proxy_when_fail_over_to_ fdn=""> to 1 to fail over to FortiGuard servers. This element is ignored when no proxy server is defined with <forticlient_ configuration=""><system><proxy>. Boolean value: [0 1]</proxy></system></forticlient_></use_proxy_when_fail_over_to_></fail_></proxy></system></forticlient_configuration></pre>	1
<auto_patch></auto_patch>	Determines whether to automatically check for software updates. Used with <update_action>. If the boolean value is set to 1, FortiClient automatically checks for updates and takes the action specified by <update_action>. Boolean value: [0 1]</update_action></update_action>	0
<update_action></update_action>	 Update action applies to software updates only. FortiClient Mac supports only the notify_only and disable options. Select one of the following: download_and_install: Automatically downloads and installs software updates with no user intervention. It will reboot the computer if needed. FortiClient Mac does not support. download_only: Automatically downloads software updates, but does not install them. The user can install by following the message prompt. FortiClient Mac does not support. notify_only: Displays a message when a software update becomes available. The user triggers the update by following the message prompt. disable: Disables online software updates. Software updates can only be achieved by manually downloading and installing newer installation packages. 	notify_ only
<submit_virus_ info_to_fds></submit_virus_ 	Enable or disable submission of virus information to FortiGuard. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<submit_vuln_ info_to_fds></submit_vuln_ 	Enable or disable submission of vulnerability statistics to FortiGuard Distribution Network. When set to 1, send vulnerability detection statistics from the	1

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	vulnerability scanner to FortiGuard. When set to 0, do not send vulnerability statistics to FortiGuard. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<scheduled_updat< td=""><td>te> elements</td><td></td></scheduled_updat<>	te> elements	
Use these elements to	define when FortiClient should look for engine, signature and software updates (if e	enabled).
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable scheduled updates. When the boolean value is set to 1, scheduled update is enabled. When set to 0, scheduled update is disabled. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<type></type>	Update frequency: daily or at regular intervals. Select one of the following:dailyinterval	interval
<daily_at></daily_at>	Time of the day, in the format HH:MM (24-hour clock), this field is mandatory if the $$ tag is set to daily. This field specifies the time that FortiClient should check for updates.	
<update_ interval_ in_hours></update_ 	Update interval in hours if the $$ tag is set to interval. This field specifies the frequency that FortiClient should check for updates. The minimum value is 1, the maximum value is 24.	3

When <use_custom_server> is 0 or both <server> and <fail_over_servers> are each an empty (NULL) string, FortiClient will only use the default FortiGuard server for software updates. If a string is specified in <server> and communication fails with that server, each of the servers specified in <fail_over_servers> are tried until one succeeds. If that also fails, then software updates will not be possible unless <fail_over_to_fdn> is set to 1.

If communication fails with the server(s) specified in both <server> and <fail_over_servers>, <fail_over_ to fdn> determines the next course of action as listed below:

<server></server>	<fail_over_to_fdn></fail_over_to_fdn>	Result
"" (empty strings)	0	Only FortiGuard server is used.
"" (empty strings)	1	Only FortiGuard server is used.
"xyz" (valid IP address)	0	FortiGuard server is never used.
"xyz" (valid IP address)	1	FortiGuard server is used only as failover.

FortiProxy settings

FortiProxy information is contained inside the <fortiproxy></fortiproxy> XML tags. FortiProxy is responsible for HTTP/HTTPS filtering and SMTP/POP3 antivirus scanning. Use these settings to configure FortiProxy's behavior.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<system>
<fortiproxy>
<enabled>1</enabled>
<enable_https_proxy>1</enable_https_proxy>
<http_timeout>60</http_timeout>
```

```
<client_comforting>
    <pop3_client>1</pop3_client>
    <pop3_server>1</pop3_server>
    <smtp>1</smtp>
    </client_comforting>
    <selftest>
        <enabled>0</enabled>
        <last_port>-172</last_port>
        <notify>0</notify>
        </selftest>
        </fortiproxy>
    </system>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides FortiProxy XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable FortiProxy. When the boolean value is set to 0, FortiProxy is disabled. HTTP/HTTPS filtering and SMTP/POP3 antivirus scanning are disabled. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<enable_https_ proxy></enable_https_ 	Enable or disable HTTPS proxy. When the boolean value is set to 0, FortiProxy is unable to perform filtering on HTTPS traffic. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1
<http_timeout></http_timeout>	Connection timeout in seconds. FortiProxy will determine is the remote server is available based on this timeout value. Lower this timeout value if your client requires a faster fail response.	60

<client comforting> elements

Some types of email clients require continuous response from the server or a connection error may be triggered. Use these settings to enable or disable this feature.

<pop3_client></pop3_client>	Enable or disable POP3 client comforting. Client comforting helps to prevent POP3 clients from complaining that the server has not responded in time. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<pop3_server></pop3_server>	Enable or disable POP3 server comforting. Server comforting helps to prevent POP3 servers from complaining that the client has not responded in time. Example, where FortiClient is installed on a mail server. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<smtp></smtp>	Enable or disable SMTP client comforting. SMTP comforting helps to prevent SMTP clients from complaining that the server has not responded in time. Boolean value: [0 1]	1

<selftest> elements

FortiProxy can detect if other software is disrupting internal traffic between FortiProxy's internal modules. It does this by sending packets periodically to 1.1.1.1, which are intercepted by FortiClient and dropped (they never leave the computer). If the packets are not detected, then it is deemed highly likely that third party software is intercepting the packets, signaling that FortiProxy is not able to perform regular traffic filtering.

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable self tests. FortiProxy periodically checks its own connectivity to determine if it is able to proxy other applications traffic. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<last_port></last_port>	Last port number used. This is the highest port number you want to allow FortiProxy to listen on. Use to prevent FortiProxy from binding to another port that another service normally uses. Port range: 65535 to 10000	65535
<notify></notify>	When the boolean value is set to 1, the user will see a bubble notification when self-testing detects that HTTP/HTTPS filtering and SMTP/POP3 antivirus scanning have been blocked by a third party program. Boolean value: [0 1]	1

Certificates settings

Certificates are contained in the <certificates> </certificates> XML tags. Following are the subsections:

CRL

Uses Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP).

• HDD

```
    CA certificate

  Base 64 encoded CA certificate.
  <forticlient configuration>
     <system>
       <certificates>
          <crl>
             <ocsp />
          </crl>
          <hdd />
          <ca />
          <common name>
             <match type>
                <![CDATA[simple]]>
             </match_type>
             <pattern>
                <![CDATA[w8.fct.net]]>
             </pattern>
          </common_name>
          <issuer>
             <match_type>
                <![CDATA[simple]]>
             </match_type>
             <pattern>
                <![CDATA[Subordinate CA]]>
             </pattern>
          </issuer>
       </certificates>
     </system>
  </forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides certificates XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<crl><ocsp> element</ocsp></crl>	nts	
<enabled></enabled>	Use Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP). Boolean value: [0 1]	
<server></server>	Enter the server IP address.	
<port></port>	Enter the server port number.	
<common_name> eler selected for</common_name>	ments for common name of the certificate that will be automatically \ensuremath{VPN} logon.	
<match_type></match_type>	<pre>Enter the type of matching to use, for example, <match_type><!-- [CDATA [simple]]--></match_type>. Choose from: simple: exact match wildcard: wildcard regex: regular expression</pre>	
<pattern></pattern>	Enter the pattern to use for the type of matching, for example, <pattern><!--<br-->[CDATA[w8.fct.net]]></pattern> .	
<issuer> elements for VPN logo</issuer>	about the issuer of the certificate that will be automatically selen.	ected
<match_type></match_type>	<pre>Enter the type of matching to use, for example, <match_type><!-- [CDATA [simple]]--></match_type>. Choose from: simple: exact match wildcard: wildcard regex: regular expression</pre>	
<pattern></pattern>	Enter the pattern to use for the type of matching, for example, <pattern><!--<br-->[CDATA[subordinate CA]]></pattern> .	

Following is an example of exact match for <common name>:

```
<certificate>
<common_name>
<match_type>
<![CDATA[simple]]>
</match_type>
<pattern>
<![CDATA[w8.fct.net]]>
</pattern>
</common_name>
```

Following is an example of wildcard for <common_name>:

```
<certificate>
  <common_name>
    <match_type>
    <![CDATA[wildcard]]>
    </match_type>
```

```
<pattern>
<![CDATA[*.fct.net]]>
</pattern>
</common name>
```

Following is an example of regular expression for <common name>:

```
<certificate>
<match_type>
<![CDATA[regex]]>
</match_type>
<pattern>
<![CDATA[.*]]>
</pattern>
</common name>
```

Endpoint Control

Endpoint Control configuration elements are usually downloaded from FortiGate or FortiClient EMS after FortiClient registers to the same FortiGate or FortiClient EMS. When FortiClient registers to FortiGate/EMS, it is connecting Telemetry to FortiGate/EMS. There are two sections:

- Endpoint Control general attributes. These are contained in the <endpoint_control> </endpoint_ control> XML tags.
- Configuration details relating to specific FortiClient services, such as Antivirus, Web Filtering, Application Firewall, Vulnerability Scanner, and so on. These will be found in the respective configuration elements of the services affected.

Endpoint control general attributes are listed below.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <endpoint control>
     <checksum></checksum>
     <enabled>1</enabled>
     <socket connect timeouts>1:5</socket connect timeouts>
     <system data>Encrypted String</system data>
     <disable unregister>0</disable unregister>
     <disable fgt switch>1</disable fgt switch>
     <ping server>172.17.61.178:8010</ping server>
     <fgt name>FG Hostname</fgt name>
     <fgt sn>Encrypted Serial Number String</fgt sn>
     <offnet update>1</offnet update>
     <user>Encrypted UsernameString</user>
     <skip confirmation>0</skip confirmation>
     <fgt logoff on fct shutdown>1</fgt logoff on fct shutdown>
     <show bubble notifications>1</show bubble notifications>
     <avatar enabled>1</avatar enabled>
     <silent registration>0</silent registration>
     <notify fgt on logoff>1</notify fgt on logoff>
     <fgt_
           list>Enc256828d1e23febfa0b789324ea1fc9cf45acdc8af3888e7aa26677825bbf8d5d123fcbc28
           84f3cb3f2a03b5414ab01e6a6c22762add0c4f209224f052dec29491e1d15eee4a1a290a81b367c3d
           4a5251258ed14921e231547f52d9e3</fgt list>
     <ui>
```

```
<display antivirus>1</display antivirus>
        <display sandbox>1</display sandbox>
        <display webfilter>1</display webfilter>
        <display firewall>1</display firewall>
        <display vpn>1</display vpn>
        <display vulnerability scan>1</display vulnerability scan>
        <display compliance>1</display compliance>
        <hide compliance warning>0</hide compliance warning>
     </ui>
     <onnet addresses>
        <address>1.1.1.0/255.255.255.0</address>
     </onnet addresses>
     <onnet mac addresses>
        <address>00:00:00:00:00:00</address>
     </onnet mac addresses>
     <alerts>
        <notify server>1</notify server>
        <alert threshold>1</alert threshold>
     </alerts>
     <fortigates>
        <fortigate>
           <serial number></serial number>
           <name></name>
           <registration password></registration password>
           <addresses></addresses>
        </fortigate>
     </fortigates>
     <notification server>
        <address>172.17.60.26:8013</address>
     </notification_server>
     <nac>
        <processes>
           <process id="1" name="MS Word" rule="present">
              <signature name="processname.exe">SHA256 of file</signature>
              <signature name="processname.exe">SHA256 of file</signature>
           </process>
           <process id="2" name="FortiToken" rule="absent"></process id="2" name="FortiToken" rule="absent">
              <signature name="processname2.exe"/>
           </process>
        </processes>
        <files>
           <path id="1">Path to folder/file</path>
           <path id="2">Path to folder/file</path>
        </files>
        <registry>
           <path id="1">path to 32bit or 64bit registry key or value</path>
           <path id="2">path to 32bit or 64bit registry key or value</path>
        </registry>
     </nac>
  </endpoint control>
</forticlient configuration>
```

The following table provides endpoint control XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Configuration File

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<checksum></checksum>	Configuration checksum calculated on and enforced by FortiGate and EMS.	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable endpoint control.	
<system_data></system_data>	Endpoint control system information. This element is protected and is not intended to be changed.	
<socket_connect_ timeouts></socket_connect_ 	Probe timeout for endpoint control registration and keep-alive message timeout in seconds. probe_timeout:keep_alive_timeout Changing socket connect time outs might affect performance.	1:5
<ping_server></ping_server>	The IP address or FQDN of the PING server. FortiClient updates this tag when it registers to FortiGate or EMS. Edits to this tag will be overwritten by FortiClient. This field can be safely deleted.	
<fgt_name></fgt_name>	The name of the FortiGate (FortiGate Hostname) or EMS that FortiClient is currently registered to (if any). FortiClient updates this tag when it registers to the FortiGate or EMS. Edits to this tag will be overwritten by FortiClient. This field can be safely deleted.	
<fgt_sn></fgt_sn>	The encrypted serial number of the registered FortiGate or EMS (if any). Do not edit this field. This field can be safely deleted.	
<offnet_update></offnet_update>	Enable or disable synchronization of configuration updates from the FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<user></user>	Encrypted user name.	
<skip_confirmation></skip_confirmation>	Do not prompt user before proceeding to complete registration with FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<disable_ unregister></disable_ 	Prevent a registered client from being able to unregister after successfully registering to FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 1, the FortiClient user is unable to unregister from the FortiGate or EMS after initial registration. This XML setting is intended to be used with <silent_registration>. If <i>Enable Registration Key for FortiClient</i> is enabled on FortiGate or EMS, configure this password in the <registration_password> XML tag, and enter the IP address or addresses of the FortiGate or EMS in the <addresses> XML tag.</addresses></registration_password></silent_registration>	0
<disable_fgt_< td=""><td>Enable or disable the disabling of the FortiGate switch.</td><td></td></disable_fgt_<>	Enable or disable the disabling of the FortiGate switch.	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
switch>	<pre>Boolean value: [0 1] This XML setting intended for use with <silent_registration> and <disable_unregister>. If Enable Registration Key for FortiClient is enabled on the FortiGate, configure this password in the <registration_password> XML tag and enter the IP address or addresses of the FortiGate in the <addresses> XML tag. When <disable_fgt_switch> is configured as 1, the FortiGate switch is disabled. As a result: FortiClient does not probe default gateway. FortiClient does not automatically register to the default gateway. FortiClient ignores FortiGate broadcasts. The discovered list dislays only predefined FortiGate devices (if discovered).</disable_fgt_switch></addresses></registration_password></disable_unregister></silent_registration></pre>	
<fgt_logoff_on_fct_ shutdown></fgt_logoff_on_fct_ 	Notify FortiGate or EMS when FortiClient is shut down. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<show_bubble_ notifications></show_bubble_ 	Notify the user when new policies are installed. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<show_bubble_ notification></show_bubble_ 	Show notifications in the system tray when a configuration update is received from the FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<avatar_enabled></avatar_enabled>	Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<silent_ registration></silent_ 	Register to the FortiGate or EMS without prompting the user to accept registration. When enabled, no end user interaction is required to get the client to register to FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1] This XML setting is intended to be used with <disable_unregister>.</disable_unregister>	0
<notify_fgt_on_ logoff></notify_fgt_on_ 	Notify FortiGate or EMS when the FortiClient endpoint detects that a user logs off. When this setting is configured as 0, no message is sent to FortiGate or EMS. When this setting is configured as 1, a message is sent to FortiGate or EMS. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<fgt_list></fgt_list>	Encrypted list of remembered FortiGate or EMS units. Do not edit this field. This field can be safely deleted.	
<ui> elements</ui>		
<display_antivirus></display_antivirus>	Display the Antivirus tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<display_sandbox></display_sandbox>	Display the Sandbox Detection tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	
<display_webfilter></display_webfilter>	Display the Web Filtering tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	
<display_firewall></display_firewall>	Display the Application Firewall tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	
<display_vpn></display_vpn>	Display the Remote Access (VPN) tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	
<display_ vulnerability_ scan></display_ 	Display the Vulnerability Scan tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console.	
<display_ compliance></display_ 	 This tag is not used in FortiClient 5.6.0 and newer versions. Display the Compliance tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, this feature will not be displayed in the FortiClient console. 	
<hide_compliance_ warning></hide_compliance_ 	Enable to hide the compliance enforcement feature message from the Compliance tab. This option is only enforced on FortiClients connected to FortiClient EMS. This option does not apply to monitored clients. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<onnet_addresses></onnet_addresses>	Configure the subnet so that FortiClient in this subnet keeps the on-net prefix and subnet mask of the subnet.	
<onnet_mac_ addresses></onnet_mac_ 	Configure the mac address of the default gateway so that FortiClient in the subnet specified by <onnet_address> that is using the default gateway configured by <onnet_mac_address> keeps the on-net mac address of the default gateway.</onnet_mac_address></onnet_address>	
<alerts> element</alerts>		
<notify_server></notify_server>	Enable or disable FortiClient to send alerts to FortiClient EMS. Boolean value: [0 1]. When this setting is configured as 1, FortiClient	1

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	sends alerts to FortiClient EMS. The priority of alerts sent by FortiClient depends on the <alert_threshold> setting.</alert_threshold>	
<alert_threshold></alert_threshold>	 Configures the threshold of alerts sent by FortiClient to EMS. Enter one of the following: 1: High priority alerts 3: Medium priority alerts 5: Low priority alerts 	1
<fortigates> elem</fortigates>	ents	

This is a list of FortiGate that will immediately appear in the FortiClient console. The client will be capable of registering with them if they are online. If <endpoint_control><silent_registration> is set to 1 then the client will attempt to silently register. The list is in priority order.

<fortigate></fortigate>	This element (with its child elements) should be repeated for each FortiGate that should appear in FortiClient's console interface.
<serial_number></serial_number>	[Optional] The serial number of the FortiGate. Displayed to the end user. It may be updated with the real serial number from the FortiGate that the client registers with.
<name></name>	[Optional] The name of the FortiGate. Displayed to the end user. It may be updated with the real name from the FortiGate that the client registers with.
<registration_ password></registration_ 	When FortiClient registers/connects to FortiGate and <i>Enable Registration</i> <i>Key for FortiClient</i> is enabled on the FortiGate, configure the password in the <registration_password> XML setting. The <registration_ password> element contains the registration password (encrypted or plain text) required to register to the FortiGate units listed in <endpoint_ control><fortigates><fortigate><addresses> When FortiClient registers/connects to EMS and EMS requires a connection</addresses></fortigate></fortigates></endpoint_ </registration_ </registration_password>
	<pre>key, configure the password in the <registration_password> XML setting. The <registration_password> element contains the connection key required to register to the EMS listed in <endpoint_ control=""><notification_server><addresses>.</addresses></notification_server></endpoint_></registration_password></registration_password></pre>
	The element is not needed when FortiGate or EMS does not require a password
<addresses></addresses>	The FortiGate that appears in the console can be a list of FortiGate addresses. FortiClient will attempt to register to the first FortiGate listed here.
	A 'redundancy list' of FortiGate IP:port pairs that represent this FortiGate. The list must have at least one FortiGate IP:port pair. Multiple FortiGate IP:port pairs are delimited with a semicolon.
	Both IP addresses and FQDN are permitted. The list is in priority order.
	If Enable Registration Key for FortiClient is enabled on the FortiGate, configure the IP address or FQDN of the FortiGate in the FortiClient <addresses> XML setting.</addresses>

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<local_subnets_ only></local_subnets_ 	Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<notification_ server></notification_ 	Enable EMS to manage FortiClient after FortiClient registers to the FortiGate IP address and port numbers specified by EMS. Configure the IP address of EMS.	

<nac> elements

This element (with its child elements) specifies up to three compliance rules for network access control (NAC). When an endpoint configuration does not comply with all of the complies rules configured in the <nac> elements, non-compliance is triggered, and network access might be blocked. For information about how compliance rules work, see the *FortiClient Administration Guide*. Compliance rules apply only when FortiClient is registered to FortiGate. When FortiClient is not registered to FortiGate, compliance rules are not used. You can configure none, one, or all three compliance rules.

[Optional] Create a policy for an application and its signature.
Identify an application name and its signature. This element should be repeated for each unique application name.
ID of this process entry and name of the application that is associated with the signatures, for example, <process id="1" name="MS Word">. Also shows whether FortiGate compliance rules require this process to be present or absent on the endpoint.</process>
Identify the name of the application and its signature. Repeat this element for different versions of the same application.
[Optional] Create a policy for a file and path. The policy is compliant when the file can be found.
ID of this path entry. Identify the path of the file for the policy. Repeat this element for each unique file path.
[Optional] Create a policy for a registry key or value.
ID of this path entry. Identify the registry key or value. When the path ends with a forward slash (/), it identifies a key. When the path ends without a forward slash, it identifies a registry value.



When you disable <ui> elements from being displayed in the FortiClient console, the modules are still installed as part of the FortiClient installation. To configure a VPN only installation, you can use the FortiClient Configurator tool. When selecting VPN only, all other modules are not part of the FortiClient installation.

The <fortigate> element is used to define the FortiGates in a roaming (or redundant) FortiGate configuration. One or more <fortigate> elements may be provided within <fortigate>.

Roaming FortiGate example

In the example below, *Research Lab* and *Fortinet* will appear in FortiClient's console. FortiClient will attempt to register silently to one of the IPs in *Research Lab* first. If both fail (because the laptop is not in the lab), the client will attempt to register to *Fortinet*.

Because *Fortinet* uses a FQDN, the actual FortiGate the client attempts to register to may vary because of DNS settings.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <endpoint control>
     <disable unregister>1</disable unregister>
     <silent registration>1</silent registration>
     <fortigates>
        <fortigate>
           <name>Research Lab</name>
           <addresses>10.10.10.1:9090;10.10.10.2:9090</addresses>
           <registration password>33333333</registration password>
        </fortigate>
        <fortigate>
           <name>Fortinet</name>
           <addresses>fgt.fortinet.com:8002</addresses>
           <registration password>22222222</registration password>
        </fortigate>
     </fortigates>
  </endpoint control>
</forticlient configuration>
```

The following elements are set by the FortiGate. FortiClient reads them and imports into its configuration when received from the FortiGate. If modified by the user locally on the Windows system, FortiClient will ignore the changes.

```
<disable_unregister>
<ui>
```

For the other elements that could be modified locally, If the same element is received from the FortiGate, the existing value will be overwritten.

The following elements affect Endpoint Control.

Enable antivirus real-time protection.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<antivirus>
<real_time_protection>
<enabled>1</enabled>
<real_time_protection>
</antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

Other services that may be configured from the FortiGate will usually use the full set of configuration elements available to them, as described in the various sections of this documents. These include the following:

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<system>
<update>
</update>
<log_settings>
</log_settings>
</system>
<vpn>
```

```
</vpn>
<firewall>
</firewall>
<webfilter>
</webfilter>
<vulnerability_scan>
</vulnerability_scan>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

VPN

VPN related information is contained inside the $\langle VPN \rangle \langle VPN \rangle XML$ tags. The VPN configuration includes the following subsections:

- VPN options on page 31 Global options that apply to both SSL VPN and IPsec VPN.
- SSL VPN on page 33 SSL VPN related configurations.
- IPsec VPN on page 37
 IPsec VPN configuratisons.

IPsec VPN and SSL VPN each have two subsections:

- Options
 Options related to the specific type of VPN.
- Connections User defined connections.

VPN options

The VPN <options> XML tag contains global information controlling VPN states:

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <vpn>
     <options>
        <current connection name>ssldemo</current connection name>
        <current connection type>ssl</current connection type>
        <autoconnect tunnel></autoconnect tunnel>
        <autoconnect_only_when_offnet>0</autoconnect_only_when_offnet>
        <keep_running_max_tries>0</keep_running_max_tries>
        <save password>0</save password>
        <minimize window on connect>1</minimize window on connect>
        <allow personal vpns>1</allow personal vpns>
        <disable_connect_disconnect>0</disable_connect_disconnect>
        <show vpn before logon>0</show_vpn_before_logon>
        <use windows credentials>1</use windows credentials>
        <use_legacy_vpn_before_logon>0</use_legacy_vpn_before_logon>
        <show negotiation wnd>0</show negotiation wnd>
        <disable dead gateway detection>0</disable dead gateway detection>
        <vendor id></vendor id>
        <disable internet check>0</disable internet check>
     </options>
```

</vpn>

</forticlient_configuration>

The following table provides VPN options XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<current_ connection_ name></current_ 	Name of the current connection, if any.	
<current_ connection_ type></current_ 	Enter of the current connection. Select either: [ipsec ssl]	
<autoconnect_ tunnel></autoconnect_ 	Name of the configured IPsec VPN or SSL VPN tunnel to automatically connect to when FortiClient starts. Requires that the <save_password> tag be set to 1. Boolean value: [0 1]</save_password>	
<autoconnect_only_ when_offnet></autoconnect_only_ 	Autoconnect only when FortiClient is off-net. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<keep_running_max_ tries></keep_running_max_ 	The maximum number of attempts to make when retrying a VPN connection that was lost due to network issues. If this tag is set to 0, it will retry indefinitely.	0
<save_password></save_password>	Save user provided connection passwords. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<minimize_window_ on_connect></minimize_window_ 	Minimize the FortiClient dashboard after successfully establishing a connection. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<allow_personal_ vpns></allow_personal_ 	Enable end users to create, modify, and use personal VPN configurations. Boolean value: [0 1] When this setting is configured as 0, FortiClient users will not be able to configure personal VPN connections. Only provisioned VPN connections are available to the user.	1
<use_legacy_vpn_ before_logon></use_legacy_vpn_ 	Use the old VPN before logon interface. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<disable_connect_ disconnect></disable_connect_ 	Enable or disable the <i>Connect/Disconnect</i> button when using <i>Auto Connect</i> with VPN. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<show_vpn_before_ logon></show_vpn_before_ 	Allow user to select VPN connection from a list before login onto the system. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<use_windows_ credentials></use_windows_ 	Connect with the current user name and password. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<show_negotiation_ wnd></show_negotiation_ 	Display information on FortiClient dashboard while establishing connections. Boolean value: [0 1]	0

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<disable_dead_ gateway_ detection></disable_dead_ 	Notifies Microsoft Windows OS to disable the detection of dead gateway. You may set this element to 1 if you observe that FortiClient IPsec VPN sends packets using an IP address other than those in the IP address pool assigned by the IPsec VPN server. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<vendor_id></vendor_id>	The default value is empty, signifying that FortiClient should use its hard coded ID during IPsec.	
<disable_internet_ check></disable_internet_ 	When this setting is configured as 0 , auto-connect VPN will only start when the Internet is accessible. When this setting is configured as 1 , auto-connect VPN will start, even if the Internet is not accessible. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	0

SSL VPN

SSL VPN configurations consist of one <options> section, followed by one or more VPN <connection> section.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <vpn>
     <sslvpn>
        <options>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <dnscache service control>0</dnscache service control>
           <!-- 0=disable dnscache, 1=do not tounch dnscache service, 2=restart dnscache
                service, 3=sc control dnscache paramchange -->
           <prefer sslvpn dns>1</prefer sslvpn dns>
           <use legacy ssl adapter>1</use legacy ssl adapter>
           <prefer dtls tunnel>1</prefer dtls tunnel></prefer dtls tunnel>
           <no dhcp server route>0</no dhcp server route>
           <no dns registration>0</no dns registration>
           <disallow invalid server certificate>0</disallow invalid server certificate>
           <keep connection alive>1</keep connection alive>
        </options>
        <connections>
           <connection>
              <name>SSLVPN Name</name>
              <description>Optional Description</description>
              <server>ssldemo.fortinet.com:10443</server>
              <username>Encrypted/NonEncrypted UsernameString</username>
              <single user mode>0</single user mode>
              <ui>
                <show_remember_password>1</show_remember_password>
                <show alwaysup>1</show alwaysup>
                <show autoconnect>1</show autoconnect>
                 <save username>0</save username>
              </ui>
              <password>Encrypted/NonEncrypted PasswordString</password>
              <certificate />
              <warn invalid server certificate>1</warn invalid server certificate>
              <prompt certificate>0</prompt certificate>
```

```
<prompt_username>0</prompt_username>
           <fgt>1</fgt>
           <on_connect>
              <script>
                <os>windows</os>
                <script>
                   <![CDATA[test]]>
                </script>
              </script>
           </on_connect>
           <on disconnect>
              <script>
                <os>windows</os>
             <script>
                <! [CDATA] ]>
              </script>
              </script>
           </on_disconnect>
        </connection>
     </connections>
  </sslvpn>
</vpn>
```

```
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides SSL VPN XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<sslvpn><options> e</options></sslvpn>	lements	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable SSL VPN. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<dnscache_service_ control></dnscache_service_ 	FortiClient disables Windows OS DNS cache when an SSL VPN tunnel is established. The DNS cache is restored after SSL VPN tunnel is disconnected. If it is observed that FSSO clients do not function correctly when an SSL VPN tunnel is up, use the following XML configuration to control DNS cache	0
<prefer_sslvpn_ dns></prefer_sslvpn_ 	When this setting is 0, custom DNS server from SSL VPN will not be added to physical interface. When this setting is 1, custom DNS server from SSL VPN will be prepended to physical interface. Boolean value: $[0 + 1]$	0
<use_legacy_ssl_ adapter></use_legacy_ssl_ 	When this setting is 0, the new SSL driver is used. When this setting is 1, the legacy SSL driver is used. Boolean value: $[0 + 1]$	1
<prefer_dtls_ tunnel></prefer_dtls_ 	When this setting is 0, FortiClient uses TLS, even if dtls-tunnel is enabled on FortiGate. When this setting is 1, FortiClient uses DTLS, if it is enabled on the FortiGate, and tunnel establishment is successful. If dtls-tunnel is disabled on FortiGate, or tunnel establishment is not successful, TLS is used. DTLS tunnel uses UDP instead of TCP and can increase throughput over VPN.	

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XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	Boolean value: [0 1]	
<no_dhcp_server_ route></no_dhcp_server_ 	When this setting is 0, FortiClient creates the DHCP public server route upon tunnel establishment. When this setting is 1, FortiClient does not create the DHCP public server route upon tunnel establishment. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<no_dns_ registration></no_dns_ 	When this setting is 0, FortiClient registers the SSL VPN adapter's address in the AD domain DNS.When this setting is 1, FortiClient does not register the SSL VPN adapter's address in the AD domain DNS.Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<disallow_invalid_ server_ certificate></disallow_invalid_ 	 When this setting is 0 and an invalid server certificate is used, FortiClient displays a popup warning that allows the user to continue with the invalid certificate. When this setting is 1 and an invalid server certificate is used, FortiClient does not display a popup and stops the connection. Boolean value: [0 1] 	0
<keep_connection_ alive></keep_connection_ 	Retry restoring connection of an active VPN session. Boolean value: [0 1]	

The <connections> XML tag may contain one or more <connection> elements. Each <connection> has the following:

- information used to establish an SSL VPN connection
- on_connect: a script to run right after a successful connection
- on_disconnect: a script to run just after a disconnection

Connection details is described in table below.

The following table provides VPN connection XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<name></name>	VPN connection name.	
<description></description>	Optional description to identify the VPN connection.	
<server></server>	IP address or FQDN of SSL server, along with the port number as applicable.	Default port number: 443
<username></username>	Either encrypted or non-encrypted user name on SSL server.	
<single_user_mode></single_user_mode>	Enable or disable single user mode. If enabled, new and existing VPN connections cannot be established or will be disconnected if more than one	0

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	user is logged on the computer Boolean value: [0 1]	
<password></password>	Either encrypted or non-encrypted password of the given user	
<certificate></certificate>	Encrypted certificate name to connect with.	
<warn_invalid_ server_ certificate></warn_invalid_ 	Enable or disable displaying of a warning message if the server certificate is invalid. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<prompt_ certificate></prompt_ 	Request for a certificate during a connection establishment. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<prompt_username></prompt_username>	Request for a user name. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<fgt></fgt>	Indicates whether FortiClient received a VPN configuration from FortiGate or EMS. When this setting is 1, FortiClient received a VPN configuration from FortiGate or EMS, and the user can view the VPN configuration when registered to FortiGate or EMS. If FortiClient is unregistered from FortiGate or EMS after registering and receiving the VPN configuration, the user can view and delete the VPN configuration, but not edit it. When this setting is 0, FortiClient did not receive a VPN configuration from FortiGate or EMS, and the user can view or delete VPN configurations. It is not recommended to manually change the <fgt> setting.</fgt>	
<ui> elements The elements of the <ui< td=""><td>> XML tag are set by the FortiGate following an SSL VPN connection.</td><td></td></ui<></ui>	> XML tag are set by the FortiGate following an SSL VPN connection.	
<show_remember_ password></show_remember_ 	Display or hide the remember passwords checkbox in the console. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<show_alwaysup></show_alwaysup>	Display or hide the always up checkbox in the console. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<show_autoconnect></show_autoconnect>	Display or hide the autoconnect checkbox in the console. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<save_username></save_username>	Save and display the last username used for VPN connection. Boolean value: [0 1]	



VPN connection name is mandatory. If a connection of this type and this name exists, its values will be overwritten with the new ones.

 $The \verb|<|on_connect>| and \verb|<|on_disconnect>| tags both have very similar tag structure:$

<on_connect> <script>

```
<os>windows</os>
     <script>
        <script>
           <! [CDATA[
           ]]>
        </script>
     </script>
  </script>
</on connect>
<on disconnect>
  <script>
     <os>windows</os>
     <script>
        <script>
           <! [CDATA [
           ]]>
        </script>
     </script>
  </script>
</on disconnect>
```

The following table provides CDATA XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<os></os>	The operating system for which the script is written. Select either: [windows MacOSX]	
<script></td><td>The MS DOS batch or Mac OS X shell script to run.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><! [CDATA[]]></td><td>Wraps the scripts in CDATA elements.</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

Write MS DOS batch or Mac OS X Shell script inside the CDATA tag. One line per command, just like a regular batch script file. The script will be executed in the context of the user that connected the tunnel.

Wherever you write #username# in your script, it will be automatically substituted with the XAuth username of the user that connected the tunnel.

Wherever you write #password# in your script, it will be automatically substituted with the XAuth password of the user that connected the tunnel.

Remember to check your XML file before deploying to ensure that carriage returns/line feeds are present.

The example scripts above show a script that mounts several network drives after an SSL connection is established. The drives are unmounted with the corresponding scripts in the <on disconnect> XML tag.

The <on_connect> and <on_disconnect> scripts are optional.

IPsec VPN

IPsec VPN configurations have one <options> section and one or more <connection> section.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<vpn>
<ipsecvpn>
<options>
```

```
<show auth cert only>1</show auth cert only>
  <disconnect on log off>1</disconnect on log off>
  <enabled>1</enabled>
  <beep if error>0</beep if error>
  <beep continuously>0</beep continuously>
  <beep seconds>0</beep seconds>
  <usewincert>1</usewincert>
  <use win current user cert>1</use win current user cert>
  <use win local computer cert>1</use win local computer cert>
  <block ipv6>1</block ipv6>
  <uselocalcert>0</uselocalcert>
  <usesmcardcert>1</usesmcardcert>
  <enable udp checksum>0</enable udp checksum>
  <mtu size>1300</mtu size>
  <disable default route>0</disable default route>
  <check for cert private key>1</check for cert private key>
  <enhanced key usage mandatory>1</enhanced key usage mandatory
</options>
<connections>
  <connection>
     <name>ipsecdemo</name>
     <single user mode>0</single user mode>
     <type>manual</type>
     <ui>
        <show_passcode>0</show_passcode>
        <show remember password>1</show remember password>
        <show alwaysup>1</show alwaysup>
        <show autoconnect>1</show autoconnect>
        <save username>0</save username>
     </ui>
     <ike settings>
        <prompt certificate>0</prompt certificate>
        <implied_SPDO>0</implied_SPDO>
        <implied SPDO timeout>0</implied SPDO timeout>
        <server>ipsecdemo.fortinet.com</server>
        <authentication method>Preshared Key</authentication method>
        <auth data>
          <preshared
                key>Encdab907ed117eafaadd92f82b3e768b5414e4402dbd4df4585d4202c65940f1b
                2e9</preshared key>
        </auth key>
        <mode>aggressive</mode>
        <dhgroup>5;</dhgroup>
        <key life>28800</key life>
        <localid></localid>
        <nat traversal>1</nat_traversal>
        <mode config>1</mode config>
        <enable local lan>0</enable local lan>
        <nat alive freq>5</nat alive freq>
        <dpd>1</dpd>
        <dpd retry count>3</dpd retry count>
        <dpd retry interval>5</dpd retry interval>
        <fgt>1</fgt>
        <enable_ike_fragmentation>0</enable_ike_fragmentation>
        <run fcauth system>0</run fcauth system>
        <xauth>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
```

```
<prompt username>1</prompt username>
        <username>Encrypted/NonEncrypted UsernameString</username>
        <password />
         <attempts allowed>1</attempts allowed>
        <use otp>0</use otp>
     </xauth>
     <proposals>
        <proposal>3DES|MD5</proposal></proposal>
        <proposal>3DES|SHA1</proposal></proposal>
        <proposal>AES128|MD5</proposal></proposal>
        <proposal>AES128|SHA1</proposal></proposal>
         <proposal>AES256|SHA256</proposal>
     </proposals>
  </ike settings>
  <ipsec settings>
     <remote networks>
        <network>
           <addr>0.0.0</addr>
            <mask>0.0.0</mask>
        </network>
     </remote_networks>
     <dhgroup>5</dhgroup>
     <key life type>seconds</key life type>
     <key life seconds>1800</key life seconds>
     <key_life_Kbytes>5120</key_life_Kbytes>
     <replay_detection>1</replay_detection>
      <pfs>1</pfs>
     <use vip>1</use_vip>
     <virtualip>
        <dnsserver secondary></dnsserver secondary>
        <!-- server IP address -->
        <type>modeconfig</type>
        <ip>0.0.0.0</ip>
        <mask>0.0.0</mask>
        <dnsserver>0.0.0.0</dnsserver>
        <winserver>0.0.0.0</winserver>
     </virtualip>
     <proposals>
        <proposal>3DES|MD5</proposal></proposal>
        <proposal>3DES|SHA1</proposal></proposal>
        <proposal>AES128|MD5</proposal></proposal>
         <proposal>AES128|SHA1</proposal></proposal>
         <proposal>AES256|SHA256</proposal>
     </proposals>
  </ipsec_settings>
  <on connect>
     <script>
        <os>windows</os>
        <script>
        <script>
            <! [CDATA[]]>
        </script>
     </script>
  </script>
</on connect>
<on disconnect>
```

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<script>

```
<os>windows</os>
<script>
<script>
</script>
</script>
</script>
</script>
</on_disconnect>
</connections
</connections>
</ipsecvpn>
</vpn>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides IPsec VPN options XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<ipsecvpn> <options< td=""><td>s> elements</td><td></td></options<></ipsecvpn>	s> elements	
<show_auth_cert_ only></show_auth_cert_ 	Supress dialog boxes from being displayed in the FortiClient console when SmartCard certificates are used. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<pre><disconnect_on_log_ off=""></disconnect_on_log_></pre>	Drop the established VPN connection when the user logs off. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable IPsec VPN. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<beep_if_error></beep_if_error>	Beep if VPN connection attempt fails. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<beep_continuously></beep_continuously>	Enable or disable the continuous beep. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<beep_seconds></beep_seconds>	Enter a value for the number of seconds to beep if an error occurs.	60
<usewincert></usewincert>	Use Microsoft Windows certificates for connections. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<use_win_current_ user_cert></use_win_current_ 	Use Microsoft Windows current user certificates for connections. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<use_win_local_ computer_cert></use_win_local_ 	Use Microsoft Windows local computer certificates for connections. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<block_ipv6></block_ipv6>	Drop IPv6 traffic when an IPsec VPN connection is established. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<uselocalcert></uselocalcert>	Use local certificates for connections. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<usesmcardcert></usesmcardcert>	Use certificates on smart cards. Boolean value: [0 1]	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enable_udp_ checksums></enable_udp_ 	Enable or disable UDP checksums. This setting stops FortiClient from calculating and inserting checksums into the UDP packets that it creates. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<mtu_size></mtu_size>	Maximum Transmit Unit (MTU) size for packets on the VPN tunnel. Set from a minimum of 576 to a maximum of 1500 bytes. The default value is 1300.	1300
<disable_default_ route></disable_default_ 	Disable the default route to the gateway when the tunnel is up and restore after the tunnel is down. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	0
<check_for_cert_ private_key></check_for_cert_ 	Enable or disable checks for the Windows certificate private key. When set to 1, FortiClient checks for the Windows certificate private key. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<enhanced_key_usage_ mandatory></enhanced_key_usage_ 	Enable or disable certificates with enhanced key usage. Used with <check_for_cert_private_key>. When <check_for_cert_private_key> is set to 1 and <enhanced_key_usage_manadatory> is set to 1, only the certificates with enhanced key usage are listed. Boolean value: [0 1]</enhanced_key_usage_manadatory></check_for_cert_private_key></check_for_cert_private_key>	

The <connections> XML tag may contain one or more <connection> element. Each <connection> has the following:

- name and type: the name and type of connection
- IKE settings: information used to establish an IPsec VPN connection
- IPsec settings:
 - on_connect: a script to run right after a successful connection
 - on_disconnect: a script to run just after a disconnection

The following table provides VPN connection XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<name></name>	VPN connection name.	
<single_user_ mode></single_user_ 	Enable or disable single user mode. If enabled, new and existing VPN connections cannot be established or will be disconnected if more than one user is logged in. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<type></type>	IPSec VPN connection type. Select either: [manual auto]	
<ui>> elements</ui>		

The elements of the $<\!ui><\!/ui>$ XML tags are set by the FortiGate following an IPsec VPN connection.

XML Configuration File

<show_passcode> Display Passcode instead of Password in the VPN tab in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] <show_remember_ password> Display the remember password checkbox in the console. Boolean value: [0 1] <show_alwaysup> Display the always up checkbox in the console.</show_alwaysup></show_remember_ </show_passcode>	
Boolean value: [0 1]	
<show_alwaysup> Display the always up checkbox in the console.</show_alwaysup>	
Boolean value: [0 1]	
<pre><showautoconnect> Display the autoconnect checkbox in the console. Boolean value: [0 1]</showautoconnect></pre>	
<save_username> Save and display the last username used for VPN connection. Boolean value: [0 1]</save_username>	



The VPN connection name is mandatory. If a connection of this type and this name exists, its values will be overwritten with the new ones.

IKE settings

Internet Key Exchange (IKE) is performed automatically based on pre-shared keys or X.509 digital certificates.

The following table provides IKE setting XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<prompt_certificate></prompt_certificate>	Prompt for certificate on connect. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<implied_spdo></implied_spdo>	Configure what ports allow traffic. When this setting is 0, only traffic from port 500 and 4500 are allowed. When this setting is 1, other traffic is allowed. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
<implied_spdo_ timeout></implied_spdo_ 	<pre>When <implied_spdo> is set to 1, <implied_spdo_timeout> is the timeout in seconds. FortiClient blocks all outbound non-IKE packets when <implied_ spdo=""> is set to 1. This is a security feature in the IPsec protocol. If the network traffic goes through a captive portal, the intended IPsec VPN server may be unreachable, until the user provides some credentials on a web page. Thus, setting <implied_spdo> to 1 may have the side effect of blocking access to the captive portal, which in turn blocks access to the IPsec VPN server. To avoid this deadlock, set <implied_spdo_timeout> to a value</implied_spdo_timeout></implied_spdo></implied_></implied_spdo_timeout></implied_spdo></pre>	

XML Tag

<server>

<authentication_

method>

<auth_data> elements

<preshared_key>

Description	Default Value
greater than 0. FortiClient will allow all outbound traffic (including non- IKE traffic) for the duration configured. Some users find that a value of 30 or 60 seconds suffices. If <implied_spdo_timeout> is set to 0, the <implied_spdo> element behaves as if set to 0.</implied_spdo></implied_spdo_timeout>	
When <implied_spdo> is set to 0, <implied_spdo_timeout> is ignored.</implied_spdo_timeout></implied_spdo>	
IP address or FQDN.	
 Authentication method. Select one of the following: Preshared Key X509 Certificate Smartcard X509 Certificate System Store X509 Certificate 	
Encrypted value of the preshared key.	
Use the <common_name> and <issuer> subelements to provide the certificate name and issuer, respectively. FortiClient searches all</issuer></common_name>	

<certificate></certificate>	Use the <common_name> and <issuer> subelements to provide the certificate name and issuer, respectively. FortiClient searches all certificate stores until it finds a match.</issuer></common_name>
<mode></mode>	Connection mode. Select either: [aggressive main]

declaring peer as dead.

<mode></mode>	Connection mode. Select either: [aggressive main]	
<dhgroup></dhgroup>	A list of possible Diffie-Hellman (DH) protocol groups, separated by semi-colon.	
<key_life></key_life>	Phase 2 key expiry duration, in seconds.	28800
<localid></localid>	Enter the peer ID configured in the FortiGate Phase 1 configuration. If <i>Accept any peer ID</i> has been configured, leave this field blank.	
<nat_traversal></nat_traversal>	Enable or disable NAT traversal. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<mode_config></mode_config>	Enable or disable mode configuration. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<enable_local_lan></enable_local_lan>	Enable or disable local LAN. When the boolean value is set to 0, local LAN access is disabled when using a full tunnel. When the boolean value is set to 1, local LAN access is enabled when using a full tunnel. Does not apply to split tunnels. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<nat_alive_freq></nat_alive_freq>	NAT alive frequency.	
<dpd></dpd>	Enable or disable Dead Peer Detection (DPD). Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<dpd_retry_count></dpd_retry_count>	Number of times to send unacknowledged DPD messages before	3

XML Configuration File

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<dpd_retry_interval></dpd_retry_interval>	Duration of DPD idle periods, in seconds.	5
<pre><enable_ike_ fragmentation=""></enable_ike_></pre>	Support fragmented IKE packets.	0
<run_fcauth_system></run_fcauth_system>	 When this setting is 1, non-administrator users can use local machine certificates to connect IPsec VPN. When this setting is 0, non-administrator users cannot use machine certificates to connect IPsec VPN. Boolean value: [0 1] 	0
<xauth> elements</xauth>		
<enabled></enabled>	Select to use IKE Extended Authentication (xAuth). Boolean value: [0 1]	
<prompt_username></prompt_username>	Request for a user name. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<username></username>	Either encrypted or non-encrypted user name on IPsec server.	
<password></password>	Either encrypted or non-encrypted password.	
<attempts_allowed></attempts_allowed>	Maximum number of failed login attempts allowed.	
<use_otp></use_otp>	Use One Time Password (OTP). When this setting is 0, FortiClient will not respond to DPD during XAuth. When this setting is 1, FortiClient will respond to DPD during XAuth, which may be necessary when two-factor authentication and DPD are both involved. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	0
<proposals> elements</proposals>	3	
<proposal></proposal>	Encryption and authentication types to use, separated by a pipe. Example: <proposal>3DES MD5<proposal> Multiple elements accepted. First setting: Encryption type: DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192, AES256 Second setting: Authentication type: MD5, SHA1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512</proposal></proposal>	

IPsec settings

The following table provides IPsec settings XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<remote_networks< td=""><td>s> elements</td><td></td></remote_networks<>	s> elements	
<network></network>	Specifies a network address <addr> with subnet mask <mask>.</mask></addr>	
<addr></addr>	Network IP address.	
<mask></mask>	Subnet mask to apply to network address <addr>.</addr>	
<dhgroup></dhgroup>	A list of possible Diffie-Hellman (DH) protocol groups, separated by semi-colon.	
<key_life_type></key_life_type>	 Phase 2 key re-key duration type. Select one of the following: seconds kbytes both 	
<key_life_ seconds></key_life_ 	Phase 2 key maximum life in seconds.	1800
<key_life_kbytes></key_life_kbytes>	Phase 2 key maximum life in kB.	5120
<replay_ detection></replay_ 	Detect an attempt to replay a previous VPN session.	
<pfs></pfs>	Enable or disable Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS). Boolean value: [0 1]	
<use_vip></use_vip>	Use virtual IP. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<virtualip> elem</virtualip>	nents	
<type></type>	Enter of virtual IP. Select either: [modeconfig dhcpoveripsec]	
<ip></ip>	IP address.	
<mask></mask>	Network mask.	
<dnsserver></dnsserver>	DNS server IP address.	
<dnsserver_ secondary></dnsserver_ 	The secondary DNS server IP address.	
<winserver></winserver>	Microsoft Windows server IP address.	
<proposals> elements</proposals>		
<proposal></proposal>	Encryption and authentication types to use, separated by a pipe. Example: <proposal>3DES MD5<proposal> Multiple elements accepted. First setting: Encryption type: DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192, AES256 Second setting: Authentication type: MD5, SHA1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512</proposal></proposal>	

The on_connect and on_disconnect structure and scripting format are similar to that described in the section titled: SSL VPN earlier.

IKE fragmentation example

This section provides an example of a non-default IPsec VPN configuration. You can use this configuration if FortiClient fails to connect to IPSec VPN, and you see the following symptoms:

- When you view the FortiGate IKE debug log and the FortiClient debug log, they show that FortiClient fails at phase-1.
- Packet capture shows that FortiGate sends some IKE packets with a packet length that is longer than the usual Ethernet packet with regards to MTU, but FortiClient doesn't receive those packets.

In this case, you can can try IKE fragmentation. You must make changes to the FortiGate configuration and the FortiClient configuration.

To configure FortiGate:

1. Enable IKE fragmentation on FortiGate by using the following FortiOS CLI:

```
config vpn ipsec phasel-interface
edit <your IPSec VPN>
set fragmentation enable
```

To configure FortiClient:

1. Enable IKE fragmentation on FortiClient by using XML:

DPD example

This section provides an example of a non-default IPsec VPN configuration. You can use this configuration if FortiClient fails to connect to IPSec VPN, and you see the following symptom:

• When you view the FortiGate IKE debug log, you see that FortiOS sends R_U_THERE to FortiClient, but there is no reply, and it times out.

In this case, you can increase the FortiGate DPD wait time and/or enable FortiClient IPSec multi-thread mode. However, it is recommended not to enable FortiClient IPSec multi-thread mode if it is not necessary. You must make changes to the FortiGate configuration and the FortiClient configuration.

To configure FortiGate:

1. Increase the FortiGate DPD wait time by using the following FortiOS CLI:

```
config vpn ipsec phasel-interface
edit <your IPSec VPN>
set dpd-retrycount <give it a bigger number>
set dpd-retryinterval <give it a bigger number>
```

To configure FortiClient:

1. Enable multi-thread mode on FortiClient by using XML:

```
<ipsecvpn>
```

```
<connections>
<connection>
<name>your IPSec VPN</name>
<ike_settings>
<xauth>
<use otp>1</use otp>
```

Antivirus

The Antivirus configuration data are contained in the <antivirus> </antivirus> XML tags.

The following are subsections of the antivirus configuration.

- General options on page 47
 Options that apply to the overall operation of the antivirus service.
- Real-time protection on page 48 Options to use during when real-time protection scanning is activated.
- On-Demand scans on page 52 Details relating to on-demand scans.
- Scheduled scans on page 55 Scheduled scanning of the system.
- Email on page 58
 How to handle scanning of email messages.
- Quarantine on page 59 Configures quarantine operations.
- Server on page 59 Special options for servers.

General options

This has options that enable or disable various services in the antivirus feature.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<antivirus>
<enabled>1</enabled>
<signature_expired_notification>0</signature_expired_notification>
<scan_on_insertion>0</scan_on_insertion>
<shell_integration>1</shell_integration>
<antirootkit>4294967295</antirootkit>
<fortiguard_analytics>0</fortiguard_analytics>
<multi_process_limit>1</multi_process_limit>
</antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides antivirus general option XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Configuration File

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable antivirus. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<signature_ expired_ notification></signature_ 	Enable or disable expired signature notification. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<pre><scan_on_ insertion=""></scan_on_></pre>	Enable or disable scan on insertion. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<shell_ integration></shell_ 	Enable or disable shell integration. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<antirootkit></antirootkit>	Enable or disable antirootkit. This field is a bit mask. When set to 0, all antirootkit features are disabled. 4294947295 (=0xffffffff) means all antirootkit features are enabled.	
<fortiguard_ analytics></fortiguard_ 	Enable or disable FortiGuard Analytics. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<multi_process_ limit></multi_process_ 	The number of antivirus scanning processes to use for scheduled or on-demand scans. The maximum is the number of CPU processors and cores. When set to 0, FortiClient will determine the optimal value.	0

Real-time protection

The <real_time_protection> element configures how the scanner processes files used by programs running on the system.

Several tags are similar between this section and the previous one: <on_demand_scanning>.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <antivirus>
     <real time protection>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
        <use_extreme_db>0</use_extreme_db>
        <when>0</when>
        <ignore_system_when>0</ignore_system_when>
        <on_virus_found>0</on_virus_found>
        <popup_alerts>0</popup_alerts>
        <popup registry alerts>0</popup registry alerts>
        <bypass java>0</bypass java>
        <cloud_based_detection>
           <on virus found></on virus found>
        </cloud based detection>
        <compressed files>
           <scan>1</scan>
           <maxsize>2</maxsize>
        </compressed files>
        <riskware>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
        </riskware>
```

```
<adware>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
        </adware>
        <heuristic scanning>
           <level>3</level>
           <action>0</action>
        </heuristic scanning>
        <scan file types>
           <all files>1</all_files>
           <file types>
              <extensions>.386,.ACE,.ACM,.ACV,.ACX,.ADT,.APP,.ASD,.ASP,.ASX,.AVB,.AX,.AX2,.B
                    AT, .BIN, .BTM, .CDR, .CFM, .CHM, .CLA, .CLASS, .CMD, .CNN, .COM, .CPL, .CPT, .CPY, .C
                    SC, .CSH, .CSS, .DEV, .DLL, .DOC, .DOT, .DRV, .DVB, .DWG, .EML, .EXE, .FON, .GMS, .GVB
                    ,.HLP,.HTA,.HTM,.HTML,.HTT,.HTW,.HTX,.HXS,.INF,.INI,.JPG,.JS,.JTD,.KSE,.
                    LGP,.LIB,.LNK,.MDB,.MHT,.MHTM,.MHTML,.MOD,.MPD,.MPP,.MPT,.MRC,.OCX,.PIF,
                    .PL, .PLG, .PM, .PNF, .PNP, .POT, .PPA, .PPS, .PPT, .PRC, .PWZ, .QLB, .QPW, .REG, .RTF
                    ,.SBF,.SCR,.SCT,.SH,.SHB,.SHS,.SHT,.SHTML,.SHW,.SIS,.SMM,.SWF,.SYS,.TD0,
                    .TLB, .TSK, .TSP, .TT6, .VBA, .VBE, .VBS, .VBX, .VOM, .VSD, .VSS, .VST, .VWP, .VXD, .V
                    XE,.WBK,.WBT,.WIZ,.WK,.WML,.WPC,.WPD,.WSC,.WSF,.WSH,.XLS,.XML,.XTP</exte
                    nsions>
              <include files with no extension>0</include files with no extension>
        </file types>
     </scan_file_types>
     <exclusions>
        <file />
        <folder />
        <file_types>
           <extensions />
        </file types>
     </exclusions>
  </real_time_protection>
  </antivirus>
</forticlient configuration>
```

The following table provides real time protection XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable real time protection. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<use_extreme_db></use_extreme_db>	Use extreme database. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<when></when>	 File I/O activities that result in a scan. Select one of the following: 0: scan files when processes read or write them + enable scan network files 1: scan files when processes read them + disable scan network files 2: scan files when processes write them + disable scan network files 3: scan files when processes read or write them + disable scan network files 4: scan files when processes read them + enable scan network files 5: scan files when processes write them + enable scan network files 	0
<ignore_system_ when></ignore_system_ 	Select one of the following:0: scan files when system processes read or write them	2

 1: scan files when system processes read them 2: scan files when system processes write them(default) 3: do not scan files when system processes read or write them > <a< th=""><th></th></a<>	
 1: ignore 3: warning 	
4: quarantine5: deny access	
<pre><popup_alerts> Display alerts when a virus is found. 1 Boolean value: [0 1]</popup_alerts></pre>	
<pre><popup_registry_ alerts=""> Enable or disable pop-up registry alerts. This feature displays alerts if a process tries to change registry start items. Boolean value: [0 1]</popup_registry_></pre>	
 <bypass_java> Enable or disable bypassing digitally signed Java processes. 0 Boolean value: [0 1]</bypass_java>	
<cloud_based_detection> elements</cloud_based_detection>	
<pre><on_virus_found> The action FortiClient will perform when a virus is detected by the Cloud Based Behavior Scan (CBBS). Select one of the following:</on_virus_found></pre>	
<compressed_files> elements</compressed_files>	
<scan> Enable or disable scanning of compressed files. 1 Boolean value: [0 1]</scan>	
<maxsize> Maximum compressed file size to scan in MB. 2 A number up to 65535. 0 means no limit.</maxsize>	
<riskware> element</riskware>	
<enabled> Enable or disable scanning of riskware files. 1 Boolean value: [0 1]</enabled>	
<adware> element</adware>	
<enabled> Enable or disable scanning of adware files. 1 Boolean value: [0 1]</enabled>	
<heuristic_scanning> elements</heuristic_scanning>	
<level> Level is from 0 to 4. Applied to both real-time and on-demand scans.</level>	
<action> The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select one of: • 0: warning</action>	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	1: deny access3: submit only	
<scan_file_type< td=""><td>es> element</td><td></td></scan_file_type<>	es> element	
<all_files></all_files>	Enabled or disable scanning of all file types. If enabled, ignore the <file_ types> element. Boolean value: [0 1]</file_ 	1
<scan_file_type< td=""><td>es><file_types> elements</file_types></td><td></td></scan_file_type<>	es> <file_types> elements</file_types>	
<extensions></extensions>	Comma separated list of extensions to scan.	
<include_files_ with_no_ extension></include_files_ 	Determines whether to scan files with no extension. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<exclusions> elements – FortiClient supports using wildcards and path variables to specify files and folders to exclude from scanning. The following wildcards and variables are supported, among others: Using wildcards to exclude a range of file names with a specified extension, such as Edb*.jrs </exclusions>		

- Using wildcards to exclude all files with a specified extension, such as *.jrs
- Path variable %windir%
- Path variable %allusersprofile%
- Path variable %systemroot%
- Path variable %systemdrive%

Combinations of wildcards and variables are not supported.

<file></file>	Full path to a file to exclude from on-demand scanning. Element may be repeated to list more files.
<folder></folder>	Full path to a directory to exclude from on-demand scanning. Element may be repeated to list more directories. Shadow Copy format is supported, for example, <folder>\Device\HarddiskVolumeShadowCopy*</folder> . Shadow Copy is also known as Volume Snapshot Service, Volume Shadow Copy Service, or VSS. Wildcards are not accepted.
<exclusions> <fi< td=""><td>le_types> element</td></fi<></exclusions>	le_types> element
<extensions></extensions>	Comma separated list of extensions to exclude from on-demand scanning.
<sandboxing> ele</sandboxing>	ment
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable FortiSandbox configuration. Boolean value: [0 1]
<sandbox_address></sandbox_address>	Specify the IP address for FortiSandbox.
<timeout></timeout>	Specify how long to wait in seconds for FortiSandbox results before allowing file access. When set to 0 seconds, file access is granted without waiting for FortiSandbox results. Range: 0-4294967295 in seconds

XML Configuration File

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<use_sandbox_ signatures></use_sandbox_ 	Enable or disable the use of FortiSandbox signatures. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<check_for_ signatures_ every></check_for_ 	Specify how often to check for FortiSandbox signatures when <use_sandbox_ signatures> is set to 1. Boolean value: [0 1]</use_sandbox_ 	
<action_on_error></action_on_error>	Specify whether to block traffic when FortiSandbox finds errors. When this setting is 0, traffic is passed. When this setting is 1, traffic is blocked. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<scan_usb></scan_usb>	Enable or disable sending files from USB drives to FortiSandbox for scanning. When this setting is 0, files are not scanned. When this setting is 1, files are scanned. Boolean value: $[0 \ \ 1]$	0
<scan_mapped_ drives></scan_mapped_ 	Enable or disable sending files from mapped drives to FortiSandbox for scanning. When this setting is 0, files are not scanned. When this setting is 1, files are scanned. Boolean value: [0 1]	0

On-Demand scans

The <on_demand_scanning> element defines how the antivirus scanner handles scanning of files manually requested by the end user.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <antivirus>
     <on_demand_scanning>
     <use extreme db>1</use extreme db>
     <on virus found>4</on virus found>
     <pause_on_battery_power>1</pause_on_battery_power>
     <signature_load_memory_threshold>8</signature_load_memory_threshold>
     <automatic virus submission>
        <enabled>0</enabled>
        <smtp_server>fortinetvirussubmit.com</smtp_server>
        <username />
        <password>Encrypted/NonEncrypted PasswordString</password>
     </automatic virus submission>
     <compressed files>
        <scan>1</scan>
        <maxsize>0</maxsize>
     </compressed files>
     <riskware>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
     </riskware>
     <adware>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
     </adware>
     <heuristic scanning>
        <level>3</level>
```

```
<action>2</action>
     </heuristic_scanning>
      <scan_file_types>
        <all files>1</all files>
        <file types>
           <extensions>.386,.ACE,.ACM,.ACV,.ACX,.ADT,.APP,.ASD,.ASP,.ASX,.AVB,.AX,.AX2,.BAT,
                  .BIN, .BTM, .CDR, .CFM, .CHM, .CLA, .CLASS, .CMD, .CNN, .COM, .CPL, .CPT, .CPY, .CSC, .CS
                 H,.CSS,.DEV,.DLL,.DOC,.DOT,.DRV,.DVB,.DWG,.EML,.EXE,.FON,.GMS,.GVB,.HLP,.HT
                 A, .HTM, .HTML, .HTT, .HTW, .HTX, .HXS, .INF, .INI, .JPG, .JS, .JTD, .KSE, .LGP, .LIB, .LN
                 K, .MDB, .MHT, .MHTM, .MHTML, .MOD, .MPD, .MPP, .MPT, .MRC, .OCX, .PIF, .PL, .PLG, .PM, .P
                 NF, .PNP, .POT, .PPA, .PPS, .PPT, .PRC, .PWZ, .QLB, .QPW, .REG, .RTF, .SBF, .SCR, .SCT, .S
                 H,.SHB,.SHS,.SHT,.SHTML,.SHW,.SIS,.SMM,.SWF,.SYS,.TD0,.TLB,.TSK,.TSP,.TT6,.
                 VBA, .VBE, .VBS, .VBX, .VOM, .VSD, .VSS, .VST, .VWP, .VXD, .VXE, .WBK, .WBT, .WIZ, .WK, .W
                 ML, .WPC, .WPD, .WSC, .WSF, .WSH, .XLS, .XML, .XTP</extensions>
              <include files with no extension>0</include files with no extension>
        </file types>
        </scan_file_types>
        <exclusions>
           <file></file>
           <folder></folder>
           <file types>
              <extensions></extensions>
           </file types>
        </exclusions>
     </on demand_scanning>
  </antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides on-demand scan XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<use_extreme_ db></use_extreme_ 	Use the extreme database. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<on_virus_ found></on_virus_ 	 The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select one of the following: 4: quarantine 5: deny access 	4
<pause_on_ battery_ power></pause_on_ 	Suspend scanning when system is on battery. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<signature_ load_ memory_ threshol d></signature_ 	Configure the threshold used to control memory allocation mechanism for signature loading. When the physical machine has more memory than the threshold, it uses the static memory mechanism to load signatures one time, which ensures that the scan is efficient. When the physical machine has less memory than the threshold, it uses the dynamic memory mechanism to load the signatures, which ensures that the scan process does not use too much memory.	
<heuristic_scanr< td=""><td>ning> elements</td><td></td></heuristic_scanr<>	ning> elements	
<level></level>	Level is from 0 to 4. Applied to both real-time and on-demand scans. Select one of the following:	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	 0: normal 1: advanced heuristics on highly infected systems 2: Minos engine heuristics on highly infected systems 3: both advanced heuristics on highly infected systems and engine heuristics 4: both, without waiting to determine if system is highly infected 	
<action></action>	 The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select one of the following: 0: warning 1: deny access 2: quarantine 3: submit only 	
<automatic_vir< td=""><td>rus_submission> elements</td><td></td></automatic_vir<>	rus_submission> elements	
<enabled></enabled>	Send virus files found to FortiGuard servers. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<smtp_server></smtp_server>	SMTP server IP address or FQDN.	fortinetvirussubmit.com
<username></username>		
<password></password>	Either encrypted or non-encrypted password.	
<compressed_fi< td=""><td>les> elements</td><td></td></compressed_fi<>	les> elements	
<scan></scan>	Enable or disable scanning of compressed files. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<maxsize></maxsize>	Maximum compressed file size to scan in MB. A number up to 65535. 0 means no limit.	0
<riskware> ele</riskware>	ements	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable scanning of riskware files. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<adware> eleme</adware>	ent	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable scanning of adware files. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<scan_file_types< td=""><td>s> element</td><td></td></scan_file_types<>	s> element	
<all_files></all_files>	Enabled or disable scanning of all file types. If enabled, ignore the <file_types> element. Boolean value: [0 1]</file_types>	1
<scan_file_typ< td=""><td><pre>pes> <file_types> elements</file_types></pre></td><td></td></scan_file_typ<>	<pre>pes> <file_types> elements</file_types></pre>	
<extensions></extensions>	Comma separated list of extensions to scan.	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<include_ files_ with_no_ extensio n></include_ 	Determines whether to scan files with no extension. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<exclusions>e</exclusions>	lements	
<file></file>	Full path to a file to exclude from on-demand scanning. Wildcards are not accepted. Element may be repeated to list more files.	
<folder></folder>	Full path to a directory to exclude from on-demand scanning. Element may be repeated to list more directories. Shadow Copy format is supported, for example, <folder>\Device\HarddiskVolumeShadowCopy*<!--<br-->folder>. Shadow Copy is also known as Volume Snapshot Service, Volume Shadow Copy Service, or VSS. Wildcards are not accepted.</folder>	
<exclusions> ·</exclusions>	<file_types> element</file_types>	
<extensions></extensions>	Comma separated list of extensions to exclude from on- demand scanning.	

Scheduled scans

User may schedule scanning for viruses in one of three ways:

• Full scan

Scan the entire system.

Quick scan

Scan only none-system files.

Custom scan

Scan a selection of files, as specified by user.

You can enable only one scheduled scan at a time. For example, you can enable a full scan and disable quick scans and custom scans.

Each of three scheduling options require specific combinations of several common elements, which define when scanning should occur. The common elements are described first. Other elements specific to the full and custom scans are described later

The factory default at the time of installation is to run a full scan on the first day of the month at 19:30 hours.

```
<forticlient_configuration>

<antivirus>

<scheduled_scans>

<ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>1</ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>

<quick>

<enabled>1</enabled>

<repeat>0</repeat>

<time>19:30</time>

</quick>
```

```
</scheduled scans>
     <scheduled_scans>
     <ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>1</ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>
        <full>
           <enabled>0</enabled>
           <repeat>0</repeat>
           <time>19:30</time>
           <removable media>1</removable media>
           <network drives>1</network drives>
           <priority>2</priority>
        </full>
     </scheduled scans>
     <scheduled scans>
     <ignore 3rd party av conflicts>1</ignore 3rd party av conflicts>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <repeat>0</repeat>
           <days>2</days>
           <time>19:30</time>
           <directory>c:\</directory>
           <priority>0</priority>
        </directory>
     </scheduled scans>
  </antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

Following is an example of the elements for a quick, monthly scan:

```
<scheduled_scans>
<ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>1</ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>
<quick>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
        <repeat>2</repeat>
        <day_of_month>1</day_of_month>
        <time>19:30</time>
        </quick>
</scheduled_scans>
```

Following is an example of the elements for a quick, weekly scan:

```
<scheduled_scans>
<ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>1</ignore_3rd_party_av_conflicts>
<quick>
<enabled>1</enabled>
<repeat>1</repeat>
<days>1</days>
<time>19:30</time>
</quick>
</scheduled_scans>
```

Following is an example of the elements for a quick, daily scan:

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
common elements		
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable scheduled scan. You can enable only one of the following scan types at a time:quick scan, full scan, or custom scan. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<repeat></repeat>	 Frequency of scans. The selected frequency affects the elements required to correctly configure the scan. Examples are provided before the table. Select one of the following: 0: daily 1: weekly 2: monthly 	
<days></days>	 Day of the week to run scan. Used when <repeat> is set to 1 for weekly scans.</repeat> Multiple days may be provided, separated by comma. Select one or more of the following: 1: Sunday 2: Monday 3: Tuesday 4: Wednesday 5: Thursday 6: Friday 7: Saturday 	
<day_of_month></day_of_month>	The day of the month to run a scan. Used when $< repeat >$ is set to 2 for weekly scans. A number from 1 to 31.	
<time></time>	Time value in 24 hour clock.	

The following table provides scheduled scan XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

The following table provides element XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<full> elements</full>		
<removable_media></removable_media>	Enable or disable scanning files on removable media. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<network_drives></network_drives>	Enable or disable scanning files on network drives. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<priority></priority>	 Scan priority. Select one of the following: 0: normal 1: low 2: high 	0

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<directory> el</directory>	ements	
<directory></directory>	The full path to the directory to scan.	
<priority></priority>	 Scan priority. Select one of the following: 0: normal 1: low 2: high 	

Email

Emails will be scanned for viruses based on the settings in the <email> </email> XML tags. You can configure virus scanning for SMTP, POP3, and Microsoft Outlook.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <antivirus>
     <email>
        <smtp>1</smtp>
        <pop3>1</pop3>
        <outlook>1</outlook>
        <wormdetection>
          <enabled>0</enabled>
           <action>0</action>
        </wormdetection>
        <heuristic scanning>
           <enabled>0</enabled>
           <action>0</action>
        </heuristic_scanning>
        <mime scanning>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
        </mime scanning>
     </email>
  </antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides email XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<smtp></smtp>	When enabled, scan email messages sent through SMTP protocol. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<pop3></pop3>	Determines whether to scan email messages received through POP3 protocol. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<outlook></outlook>	Scan email files processed through Microsoft Outlook. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<wormdetection></wormdetection>	elements	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Scan for worm viruses. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<action></action>	 The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select either: 0: warn 1: terminate process 	0
<heuristic_scanr< td=""><td>ning> elements</td><td></td></heuristic_scanr<>	ning> elements	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable heuristics signatures. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<action></action>	 The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select either: 0: log and warn 1: strip and quarantine 	0
<mime_scanning></mime_scanning>	Enable or disable scanning for Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) files. Boolean value: [0 1]	

Quarantine

The maximum age for quarantined files is specified in the <quarantine></quarantine> XML tags.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <antivirus>
        <quarantine>
        <cullage>100</cullage>
        </quarantine>
        </antivirus>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides quarantine XML tag, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<cullage></cullage>	How long to hold quarantined files, in days, before deleting them. A number from 1 to 365.	100

Server

On Microsoft Windows servers, it may be desired to exclude system files from being scanned. These are configured in the <server></server> XML tags.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
<antivirus>
<server>
<exchange>
<integrate>0</integrate>
<action>0</action>
```

```
<excludefilesystemfromscanning>0</excludefilesystemfromscanning>
        <excludefileextensionsfromscanning>0</excludefileextensionsfromscanning>
        </excludefilesystemfromscanning>0</excludefilesystemfromscanning>
        <excludefileextensionsfromscanning>0</excludefileextensionsfromscanning>
        </sqlserver>
        </sqlserver>
        </sqlserver>
        </sqlserver>
        </forticlient configuration>
```

The following table provides server XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<exchange> elements</exchange>		
<integrate></integrate>	When the boolean value is set to 1 FortiClient integrates into Exchange Server. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<action></action>	 The action FortiClient will perform if a virus is found. Select either: 0: Quarantine 1: Remove Attachment Only 	0
<excludefilesystemfromscanning></excludefilesystemfromscanning>	Enable to exclude file system from scanning. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<excludefileextensionsfromscanning></excludefileextensionsfromscanning>	Enable to exclude file extensions from scanning. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<sqlserver> elements</sqlserver>		
<excludefilesystemfromscanning></excludefilesystemfromscanning>	Enable to exclude file system from scanning. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<excludefileextensionsfromscanning></excludefileextensionsfromscanning>	Enable to exclude file extensions from scanning. Boolean value: [0 1]	0

Single sign-on mobility agent

Configuration elements for FortiClient single sign-on mobility agent are contained in the <fssoma> </fssoma> XML tags.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <fssoma>
        <enabled>0</enabled>
        <serveraddress>IP_or_FQDN</serveraddress>
        <presharedkey>Encypted_Preshared_Key</presharedkey>
        </fssoma>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides Single Sign-On XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable Single Sign On (SSO). Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<serveraddress></serveraddress>	FortiAuthenticator IP address or FQDN.	
<presharedkey></presharedkey>	Encrypted or unencrypted pre-shared key.	
Ö	To enable the FortiClient SSO Mobility agent service on the FortiAuthent apply the applicable FortiClient license for FortiAuthenticator. For more i	•

FortiAuthenticator Administration Guide. For information on purchasing a FortiClient license,

Web filtering

Web Filtering XML configurations are contained in the <webfilter></webfilter> tags.

please contact your authorized Fortinet reseller.

There are two main sections:

ľ

General options

Configuration elements that affect the whole of the web filtering service.

Profiles

Defines one or more rules that will be applied to network traffic.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <webfilter>
     <enable filter>1</enable filter>
     <enabled>1</enabled>
     <current profile>0</current profile>
     <partial match host>0</partial match host>
     <disable when managed>0</disable when managed>
     <max violations>250</max violations>
     <max violations age>7</max violations age>
     <block malicious websites>1</block malicious websites>
     <bypass private ip>1</bypass private ip>
     <browser_read_time_threshold>180</browser_read_time_threshold>
     <https block method>0</https block method>
     <profiles>
        <profile>
           <id>999</id>
           <use_exclusion_list>1</use_exclusion_list>
        </profile>
        <profile>
           <id>0</id>
           <cate ver>6</cate ver>
           <description>deny</description>
           <name>deny</name>
           <temp whitelist timeout>300</temp whitelist timeout>
           <log all urls>1</log all urls>
```

```
<log_user_initiated_traffic>1</log_user_initiated_traffic>
     <categories>
        <fortiguard>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <url>fgd1.fortigate.com</url>
           <rate ip addresses>1</rate ip addresses>
        </fortiguard>
        <category>
           <id>1</id>
           <action>deny</action>
        </category>
        <category>
           <id>2</id>
           <action>deny</action>
        </category>
        <category>
           <id>3</id>
           <action>deny</action>
        </category>
        <category>
           <id>4</id>
           <action>deny</action>
        </category>
        <category>
           <id>5</id>
           <action>deny</action>
        </category>
     </categories>
     <urls>
        <url>
           <address>
           <! [CDATA[www.777.com]]>
           </address>
           <type>simple</type>
           <action>deny</action>
        </url>
        <url>
           <address>
           <! [CDATA[www.fortinet.com]]>
           </address>
           <type>simple</type>
           <action>allow</action>
        </url>
     </urls>
     <safe search>
        <enabled>0</enabled>
        <search engines>
           <enabled>0</enabled>
        </search engines>
        <youtube education filter>
           <enabled>0</enabled>
           <filter id>
              <! [CDATA[]]>
           </filter id>
        </youtube_education_filter>
     </safe search>
</profile>
```

```
</profiles>
</webfilter>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides Web Filtering XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enable_filter></enable_filter>	Enable or disable Web Filtering. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable FortiGuard querying service. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<current_profile></current_profile>	Currently selected profile ID (optional). The default is 0 when FortiClient is standalone. If using the advanced configuration on the FortiGate (for Endpoint Control), set this to 1000. The value should always match the <profile><id> selected.</id></profile>	
<partial_match_ host></partial_match_ 	A hostname that is a substring of the specified path is treated as a full match. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<disable_when_ managed></disable_when_ 	If set to 1 (true), Web Filtering will be disabled when FortiClient is registered to a FortiGate using Endpoint Control. Boolean: [0 1]	
<max_violations></max_violations>	Maximum number of violations stored at any one. A number from 250 to 5000.	5000
<max_violation_ age></max_violation_ 	Maximum age in days of a violation record before it is culled. A number from 1 to 90.	90
<block_malicious_ websites></block_malicious_ 	Configure whether to block web sites with security risk categories (group 5). When this setting is 0, do not block web sites with security risk categories. When this setting is 1, block web sites with security risk categories. Boolean: $[0 + 1]$	
<bypass_private_ ip></bypass_private_ 	Enable or disable bypassing private IP addresses. This feature is enabled by default. Boolean: [0 1]	1
<browser_read_ time_ threshold></browser_read_ 	Configure the threshold in seconds for web browser to be considered idle. When a web browser is idle more than the threshold, the web browser is considered idle, and time is not calculated.	90
<https_block_ method></https_block_ 	If set to 1, shows a bubble notification when Web Filtering blocks an HTTPS site. Boolean: [0 1]	0
<fortiguard> ele</fortiguard>	ements	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<url></url>	IP address or FQDN of the FortiGuard server.	fgd1.fortigate.com
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable use of FortiGuard servers. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<rate_ip_ addresses></rate_ip_ 	Rate IP addresses. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<profiles><profi< td=""><td>ile><safe_search> element</safe_search></td><td></td></profi<></profiles>	ile> <safe_search> element</safe_search>	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable SafeSearch. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<profiles><profi< td=""><td>ile><safe_search><search_engines><engine> ele</engine></search_engines></safe_search></td><td>ement</td></profi<></profiles>	ile> <safe_search><search_engines><engine> ele</engine></search_engines></safe_search>	ement
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable SafeSearch for the predefined search engines. Boolean value: [0 1]	

The <profiles> XML element may have one or more profiles, defined in the <profile> tag. Each <profile>, in turn, has one or more <category>, <url> and <safe_search> tags, along with other elements.

The following table provides profile XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<profile> element</profile>	S	
<id></id>	Unique ID. A number to define the profile.	
<cate_ver></cate_ver>	FortiGuard category version used in this profile. A number.	6
<description></description>	Summary describing this profile.	
<name></name>	A descriptive name for the profile.	
<temp_whitelist_ timeout></temp_whitelist_ 	The duration, in seconds, of a bypass that is applied to a page that generated a <i>warning</i> , but for which the user selected <i>continue</i> .	300
<log_all_urls></log_all_urls>	Configure whether to log all URLs. When this setting is 0, only URLS are logged as specified by per-category or per-URL settings. When this setting is 1, all URLs are logged. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<log_user_ initiated_ traffic></log_user_ 	Configure what traffic to record. When this setting is 0, record all traffic. When this setting is 1, record only traffic initiated by the user. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<profile><categor< td=""><td>ies><category> elements</category></td><td></td></categor<></profile>	ies> <category> elements</category>	
<id></id>	Unique ID. A number. The valid set of category IDs is predefined, and is listed in exported configuration files.	
<action></action>	Action to perform on matching network traffic. Select one of the following:	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
	 allow deny warn monitor 	
<profile><url< td=""><td>ls><url> elements</url></td><td></td></url<></profile>	ls> <url> elements</url>	
<address></address>	The web address in which <action> (allow or deny) will be performed. This should be wrapped in a CDATA tag. For example: <![CDATA[www.777.com]]></action>	
<action></action>	Action to perform on matching network traffic. Select either: [allow deny]	

The <safe_search> element has two main components:

• Search engines <search_engines> Users may define safe search parameters for each of the popular search engines: Bing and Yandex.

Subsequent use of the engines for web searches will have SafeSearch enabled.

• YouTube education filter <youtube_education_filter> Educational institutions with valid YouTube education ID can provide this in the <youtube_education_ filter> element to restrict YouTube contents appropriately.

The following table provides profile XML tags and the description. See the $<safe_search>$ listing in the previous pages for examples of each tag.

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<profiles><prof< td=""><td>ile><safe_search><search_engines><engine> elements</engine></search_engines></safe_search></td><td></td></prof<></profiles>	ile> <safe_search><search_engines><engine> elements</engine></search_engines></safe_search>	
<name></name>	Name of the SafeSearch profile.	
<host></host>	The FQDN of the search engine. FortiClient will monitor attempts to visit this address.	
<url></url>	The URL substring to match or monitor, along with the FQDN.	
<query></query>	The query string that will be appended to the URL.	
<safe_search_ string></safe_search_ 	The correct safe search string that will be appended to the URL for the specified engine.	
<cookie_name></cookie_name>	The name of the cookie to send the search engine.	
<cookie_value></cookie_value>	The cookie value to send the search engine.	
<profiles><prof< td=""><td>ile><safe_search><youtube_education_filter> elements</youtube_education_filter></safe_search></td><td></td></prof<></profiles>	ile> <safe_search><youtube_education_filter> elements</youtube_education_filter></safe_search>	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable YouTube education filter. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<filter_id></filter_id>	The institutions education identifier.	

Other than the <name> and <enabled> elements, the values for each of the elements in the previous table should be wrapped in <! [CDATA[]]> XML tags. Here is an example for a <host> element taken from the <safe_search> listing.

<host><! [CDATA[yandex\..*]]></host>

See Manage your YouTube settings for more information on YouTube for schools and the education filter.

The following is a list of all Web Filter categories including the category <id> and category name:

0 ==> Unrated 1 ==> Drug Abuse 2 ==> Alternative Beliefs 3 ==> Hacking 4 ==> Illegal or Unethical $5 \implies$ Discrimination 6 ==> Explicit Violence 7 ==> Abortion 8 ==> Other Adult Materials 9 ==> Advocacy Organizations 11 ==> Gambling 12 ==> Extremist Groups 13 ==> Nudity and Risque 14 ==> Pornography 15 ==> Dating 16 ==> Weapons (Sales) 17 ==> Advertising 18 ==> Brokerage and Trading 19 ==> Freeware and Software Downloads 20 ==> Games 23 ==> Web-based Email 24 ==> File Sharing and Storage 25 ==> Streaming Media and Download 26 ==> Malicious Websites 28 ==> Entertainment 29 ==> Arts and Culture 30 ==> Education 31 ==> Finance and Banking 33 ==> Health and Wellness 34 ==> Job Search 35 ==> Medicine 36 ==> News and Media 37 ==> Social Networking 38 ==> Political Organizations 39 ==> Reference 40 ==> Global Religion 41 ==> Search Engines and Portals 42 ==> Shopping 43 ==> General Organizations 44 ==> Society and Lifestyles 46 ==> Sports 47 ==> Travel 48 ==> Personal Vehicles 49 ==> Business 50 ==> Information and Computer Security 51 ==> Government and Legal Organizations 52 ==> Information Technology 53 ==> Armed Forces 54 ==> Dynamic Content

```
55 ==> Meaningless Content
56 ==> Web Hosting
57 ==> Marijuana
58 ==> Folklore
59 ==> Proxy Avoidance
61 ==> Phishing
62 ==> Plagiarism
63 ==> Sex Education
64 ==> Alcohol
65 ==> Tobacco
66 ==> Lingerie and Swimsuit
67 ==> Sports Hunting and War Games
68 ==> Web Chat
69 ==> Instant Messaging
70 ==> Newsgroups and Message Boards
71 ==> Digital Postcards
72 ==> Peer-to-peer File Sharing
75 ==> Internet Radio and TV
76 ==> Internet Telephony
77 ==> Child Education
78 ==> Real Estate
79 ==> Restaurant and Dining
80 ==> Personal Websites and Blogs
81 ==> Secure Websites
82 ==> Content Servers
83 ==> Child Abuse
84 ==> Web-based Applications
85 ==> Domain Parking
86 ==> Spam URLs
88 ==> Dynamic DNS
89 ==> Auction
90 ==> Newly Observed Domain
91 ==> Newly Registered Domain
92 ==> Charitable Organizations
93 ==> Remote Access
94 ==> Web Analytics
95 ==> Online Meeting
```

Application firewall

Application Firewall configuration data is contained in <firewall> </firewall> XML tags.

The set of elements may be grouped into two:

- General options
 Options that apply to the entire firewall activities.

```
<candc enabled>1</candc enabled>
```

```
<current profile>0</current profile>
<default_action>Pass</default_action>
<show_bubble_notifications>0</show_bubble_notifications>
<max violations>250</max violations>
<max violations age>7</max violations age>
<profiles>
  <profile>
     <id>1000</id>
     <rules>
        <rule>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <action>Block</action>
           <compliance>1</compliance>
           <application>
              <id>34038,34039</id>
           </application>
        </rule>
        <rule>
           <action>Block</action>
           <compliance>1</compliance>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <category>
              <id>8</id>
           </category>
        </rule>
        <rule>
           <action>Pass</action>
           <compliance>1</compliance>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <category>
             <id>7,19,29</id>
           </category>
        </rule>
        <rule>
           <action>Block</action>
           <compliance>0</compliance>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <category>
              <id>1,2,3</id>
           </category>
        </rule>
        <rule>
           <action>Pass</action>
           <compliance>0</compliance>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <category>
              <id>All</id>
           </category>
        </rule>
        <rule>
           <action>Pass</action>
           <compliance>0</compliance>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           <application>
              <id>0</id>
           </application>
        </rule>
```

```
</rules>
</profile>
</profiles>
</firewall>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides Application Firewall XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable Application Firewall. This setting allows FortiClient 5.4 to be compatible with FortiGate 5.2. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<app_enabled></app_enabled>	Enable or disable Application Firewall. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<enable_exploit_ signatures></enable_exploit_ 	Enable or disable detection of evasive exploits. When set to 1, evasive exploits are detected. When set to 0, evasive exploits are not detected. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<candc_enabled></candc_enabled>	Enable or disable detection of a connection to a botnet command and control server. Set to 0 to disable detection of a connection. Set to 1 to enable detection of a connection. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
<current_profile></current_profile>	Currently selected profile ID.	
<default_action></default_action>	<pre>Action to enforce on traffic that does not match any of the profiles defined. Select one of the following:</pre>	pass
<show_bubble_ notifications></show_bubble_ 	Display a bubble message each time an application is blocked for matching a profile. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<max_violations></max_violations>	Maximum number of violations stored at any one. A number from 250 to 5000	5000
<max_violation_age></max_violation_age>	Maximum age in days of a violation record before it is culled. A number from 1 to 90.	90

The <profiles> tag may contain one or more <profile> tags, each of which has a <rules> element. The <rules> element may, itself, have zero or more <rule> tags.

The following filter elements may be used to define applications in a <rule> tag:

<category> <vendor> <behavior> <technology> <protocol> <application>

<popularity>

If the <application> element is present, all other sibling elements (listed above) will be ignored. If it is not, a given application must match all of the provided filters to trigger the rule.

Each of these seven elements is a container for the tag: $\leq ids >$, which is a list of the identifiers (numbers) selected for that particular filter. The full $\leq firewall >$ profile listed at the beginning of this section shows several examples of the use of filters within the $\leq rule >$ element. Using an $\leq ids >$ value all will select all matching applications.

The following table provides profile element XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<profile> element</profile>		
<id></id>	Unique ID. A unique ID number.	
<profile><rules><</rules></profile>	<rule> elements</rule>	
<action></action>	<pre>Action to enforce on traffic that matches this rule. Select one of the following: block reset pass</pre>	
<compliance></compliance>	Specifies whether the rule is a compliance rule or a regular rule. When set to 1, this is a compliance rule. When set to 0 or the tag doesn't exist, this is a regular rule for FortiClient profile. For more information, see the <i>FortiClient Administration Guide</i> . Boolean value: [0 1]	
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable this rule. Boolean value: [0 1]	1
<category></category>	Categories of the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<vendor></vendor>	Vendors of the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<behavior></behavior>	Behavior of the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<technology></technology>	Technologies used by the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<protocol></protocol>	Protocols used by the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<application></application>	Identifiers (IDs) of the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list
<popularity></popularity>	Popularity of the applications to apply <action> on.</action>	csv list

Rule example

In the following example, the first rule is used for compliance. The second rule is a regular rule and not used for compliance.

```
<rules>
  <rule>
      <enabled>1</enabled>
      <action>block | warn | monitor</action>
      <compliance>1</compliance>
```

```
<filter>
        <application>
          <ids>36373</ids>
        </application>
     </filter>
  </rule>
  <rule>
     <enabled>1</enabled>
     <action>block | warn | monitor</action>
     <filter>
        <category>
          <ids>1</ids>
       </category>
     </filter>
  </rule>
</rules>
```

Vulnerability Scan

Configurations for Vulnerability Scan are contained in the <vulnerability_scan></vulnerability_scan> XML tags.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <vulnerability scan>
     <enabled>1</enabled>
     <scan on registration>1</scan on registration>
     <scan on signature update>1</scan on signature update>
     <auto patch>
        <level>critical</level>
     </auto patch>
     <windows update>1</windows update>
     <proxy enabled>0</proxy enabled>
     <exempt manual>1</exempt manual>
     <exemptions>
        <exemption>Google Chrome</exemption>
        <exemption>Java JDK</exemption>
     </exemptions>
     <exempt_no_auto_patch>1</exempt_no_auto_patch>
     <scheduled scans>
        <schedule>
          <enable_schedule>1</enable_schedule>
           <repeat>1</repeat>
           <day>1</day>
           <time>19:30</time>
        </schedule>
     </scheduled scans>
  </vulnerability scan>
</forticlient configuration>
```

The following table provides Vulnerability Scan XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Vulnerability Scan is enabled.	
<scan_on_ registration></scan_on_ 	Specifies whether to start a vulnerability scan when FortiClient registers to FortiGate. When set to 1, start vulnerability scan on registration. When set to 0, do not start a vulnerability scan on registration. In older versions of FortiClient, this tag was named <scan_on_fgt_ registration>. Boolean value: [0 1]</scan_on_fgt_ 	
<scan_on_ signature_ update></scan_on_ 	Specifies whether to start a vulnerability scan when signatures are updated. When set to 1, start vulnerability scan when signatures updated. When set to 0, do not start a vulnerability scan when signatures updated. Boolean value: $[0 \ \ 1]$	
<auto_patch></auto_patch>	Specifies whether to automatically install patches. Use <level> to enable and disable automatic patch installation.</level>	
<level></level>	<pre>Specify whether to patch vulnerabilities with a severity higher than the defined level. Disabled when set to 0, and patches are not automatically installed when vulnerabilities are detected. When set to info, all patches are automatically installed when vulnerabilities are detected. Select one of the following: 0 critical high medium low info</pre>	
<windows_update></windows_update>	Specifies whether to scan both Windows updates and third-party application updates. When set to 1, scan both Windows updates and third-party application updates. When set to 0, scan only third-party application updates. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<proxy_enabled></proxy_enabled>	Enable or disable using proxy settings configured in FortiClient when downloading updates for vulnerability patches. Boolean value: [0 1]	0
<exempt_manual></exempt_manual>	Specifies whether to exempt from vulnerability scanning any applications that require the endpoint user to manually install patches. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<exemptions></exemptions>	Identifies the names of applications that are exempted.	
<exempt_no_auto_ patch></exempt_no_auto_ 	Specifies whether to exempt any applications that FortiClient can automatically patch from vulnerability scanning. Boolean value: [0 1]	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<pre><scheduled_scans> Currently there can only</scheduled_scans></pre>	<schedule> elements be one scheduled item.</schedule>	
<enable_schedule></enable_schedule>	Enable or disable scheduled vulnerability scans. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<repeat></repeat>	 Frequency of scans. Select one of the following: 0: daily scan 1: weekly scan 2: monthly scan 	
<day></day>	Used only for weekly scan and monthly scan. If the <repeat> tag is set to 0 (daily), the <day> tag is ignored. If the <repeat> tag is set to 1 (weekly), <day> is the day of the week to run scan. Select one of the following: • 1: Sunday • 2: Monday • 3: Tuesday • 3: Tuesday • 4: Wednesday • 5: Thursday • 6: Friday • 7: Saturday If the <repeat> tag is set to 2 (monthly), <day> is the date of each month to run a scan. A number from 1 to 31.</day></repeat></day></repeat></day></repeat>	The default is the date the policy was installed from FortiGate.
<time></time>	The time when to run the scan. Specify a time value in 24 hour clock.	The default is the time the policy was installed from FortiGate.

Daily scan example

```
<schedule>
<repeat>0</repeat>
<time>19:30</time>
</schedule>
```

Sandboxing

Sandboxing general attributes are listed below.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
   <sandboxing>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
```

```
<type>appliance</type>
  <address>n.n.n</address>
  <response timeout>30</response timeout>
  <when>
     <executables on removable media>1</executables on removable media>
     <executables_on_mapped_nw_drives>1</executables on mapped nw drives>
     <web downloads>1</web downloads>
     <email downloads>1</email downloads>
  </when>
  <submit by extensions>
     <enabled>1</enabled>
     <use custom extensions>0</use custom extensions>
     <custom
           extensions>.exe,.php.tiff,.7z,.gif,.png,.tnef,.asf,.htm,.ppsx,.unk,.cdf,.ico,
           .ppt,.vcf,.com,.jpeg,.pptx,.xls,.com1,.jpg,.qt,.xlsx,.dll,.mov,.rar,.zip,.doc,
           .mp3,.rm,.docx,.mp4,.rtf,.pdf,.swf,.jar,.dotx,.docm,.dotm,.xltx,.xlsm,.xltm,.x
           lsb,.xlam,.potx,.sldx,.pptm,.ppsm,.potm,.ppam,.sldm,.onetoc,.thmx,.bat,.cmd,.v
           bs,.ps1,.js,.tar,.gz,.xz,.bz2,.arj,.cab,.tgz,.txt,.z,.msi,.msg,.asp,.jsp,.kgb,
           .url,.dot,.xlt,.pps,.pot,.upx,.apk,.WEBLink,.lnk,.jarlib,.lzh,.htmnojs,.ace,.w
           sf,.eml,.pub,.mht,.mac,.dmg,.mime</customextensions>
  </submit_by_extensions>
  <exceptions>
     <exclude files from trusted sources>1</exclude files from trusted sources>
     <exclude files and folders>0</exclude files and folders>
     <folders>
        <folder>C:\path1\to\folder\,C:\path2\to\folder\</folder>
     </folders>
     <files>
        <file>C:\path\to\file1.txt, C:\path\to\file2.txt</file>
     </files>
  </exceptions
  <remediation>
     <action>quarantine</action>
     <on error>block</on error>
  </remediation>
  <detect level>4</detect level>
</sandboxing>
```

</forticlient_configuration>

The following table provides endpoint control XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable Sandbox Detection. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<type></type>	Specify the type of FortiSandbox unit.	
<address></address>	Specify the IP address or FQDN of the FortiSandbox unit.	
<response_timeout></response_timeout>	Specify the response timeout value in seconds. File access will be allowed if FortiSandbox results are not received when the timeout expires. Set to -1 to infinitely restrict access to the file.	
<when> elements</when>		

XML Configuration File

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<executables_on_ removable_ media></executables_on_ 	Enable or disable Sandbox Detection for executable files on removable media. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<executables_on_ mapped_nw_ drives></executables_on_ 	Enable or disable Sandbox Detection for executable files on mapped drives. Boolean value: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.	
<web_downloads></web_downloads>	Enable or disable Sandbox Detection for files downloaded from the Internet. Boolean value: $[0 \ \ 1]$.	
<email_downloads></email_downloads>	Enable or disable Sandbox Detection for files downloaded from email. Boolean value: [0 1].	
<submit_by_extension< td=""><td>n> elements</td><td></td></submit_by_extension<>	n> elements	
<enabled></enabled>	Boolean value: [0 1].	1
<use_custom_ extensions></use_custom_ 	Boolean value: [0 1].	0
<custom_ extensions></custom_ 		
<exceptions> element</exceptions>	s	
<exclude_files_ from_trusted_ sources></exclude_files_ 	Enable or disable an exclusion list of trusted sources. When enabled, the list of trusted sources is excluded from Sandbox Detection. Boolean value: [0 1].	
<exclude files_<br="">and_folders></exclude>	Enable or disable an exclusion list of files and folders. When enabled, the list of files and folders are excluded from Sandbox Detection. Boolean value: [0 1].	
<files></files>	Specify a list of files to exclude. Separate multiple folders with a comma. Example: C:\path\to\file1.txt, C:\path\to\file2.txt	
<folders></folders>	Specify a list of folders to exclude. Separate multiple folders with a comma. Example: C:\path1\to\folderC:\path2\to\folder\	
<remediation> element</remediation>	nts	

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<action></action>	 Specify how to handle infected files. Infected files can be quarantined. Alternately you can allow alert endpoint users about infected files, but allow access to infected files. Options: quarantine alert 	
<on_error></on_error>	 Specify how to handle files when FortiSandbox cannot be reached. You can block or allow access to files. Options: block allow 	
<detect_level></detect_level>	When value is 4: If FortiSandbox returns score $1/2/3/4$, FortiClient takes the configured remediation action (quarantine or alert & notify). If FortiSandbox returns score 0, FortiClient releases the file. When value is 3: If FortiSandbox returns score $1/2/3$, FortiClient takes the configured remediation action (quarantine or alert & notify). If FortiSandbox returns score $0/4$, FortiClient releases the file. When value is 2: If FortiSandbox returns score $1/2$, FortiClient takes the configured remediation action (quarantine or alert & notify). If FortiSandbox returns score $0/4$, FortiClient releases the file. When value is 2: If FortiSandbox returns score $1/2$, FortiClient takes the configured remediation action (quarantine or alert & notify). If FortiSandbox returns score $0/3/4$, FortiClient releases the file. When value is 1: If FortiSandbox returns score 1, FortiClient takes the configured remediation action (quarantine or alert & notify). If FortiSandbox returns score $0/3/4$, FortiClient releases the file.	4

Anti-exploit detection

Anti-exploit detection attributes are listed below.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <antiexploit>
    <enabled>1</enabled>
    <show_bubble_notifications>0</show_bubble_notifications>
    <exclusion_applications>acrobat.exe;chrome.exe</exclusion_applications>
    </antiexploit>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides endpoint control XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<enabled></enabled>	Enable or disable anti-exploit detection. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<show_bubble_ notifications></show_bubble_ 	Enable or disable bubble notifications of blocked exploit attempts. Boolean value: [0 1]	
<exclusion_ applications></exclusion_ 	Specify the executable names to exclude from anti-exploit detection, for example, acrobat.exe.	

Apple

The following mobile configuration elements only apply to FortiClient iOS.

Apple general attributes are listed below.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <apple>
    <ios>
        <mobileconfig></mobileconfig>
        <mobileconfig_name>ios_anyconnect.mobileconfig</mobileconfig_name>
        </ios>
        </apple>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

The following table provides endpoint control XML tags, the description, and the default value (where applicable).

XML Tag	Description	Default Value
<ios> elements</ios>		
<mobileconfiguration></mobileconfiguration>	Configuration for iOS on mobile devices.	
<mobileconfig_name></mobileconfig_name>	Name of the mobile configuration for iOS.	

FortiClient XML Configurations

The FortiClient configuration file is user editable. The file uses XML format for easy parsing and validation. The configuration file is inclusive of all client configurations, and references the client certificates.

Design considerations

Input validation

The import function performs basic validation, and writes to log when errors or warnings are found. Default values for omitted items are defined for VPN connections. For other settings omitted values are ignored.

Handling of password fields

When exporting, the password and username fields will be encrypted (prefixed with "Enc"). However, the import function is able to take either the clear text or encrypted format.

Segment of configuration file

It is valid to import the segment of a configuration file. However, the segment should follow the syntax and level defined in this document. For example, this is a valid segment:

This is not a valid segment:

Client certificate

The configuration file will include the client certificate(s) when exported in an encrypted format.

Back Up or Restore the Configuration File

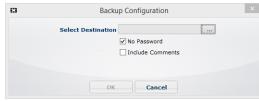
Back up the full configuration file

To back up the full configuration file:

- 1. Go to File > Settings.
- 2. Expand System, and click Backup.



- 3. Click the Browse button to locate and select the file destination.
- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select the *No Password* checkbox to save the file in an unencrypted format. You can also include comments in the configuration file.
 - Clear the No Password checkbox to save the file in an encrypted format with a password.



5. Click OK.

Restore the full configuration file

To restore a full configuration file:

- 1. Go to File > Settings.
- 2. Expand System, and click Restore.

Select Fi	Ie C:\Users\ \Desktor	
Passwo	rd	

- 3. Locate and select the file.
- 4. If the configuration was protected with a password, a password text box is displayed. Enter the password used to encrypt the backup configuration file.
- **5.** Click *OK*.

Back up and restore command line utility commands and syntax

Fortinet provides administrators the ability to import and export configurations via the CLI. The fcconfig utility can be run locally or remotely as the system user (or admin user) to import or export the configuration file. In Microsoft Windows, the fcconfig utility is located in the C:\Program Files (x86)\Fortinet\FortiClient> directory. In Mac OS X, the fccconfig utility is located in the /Library/Application Support/Fortinet/FortiClient/bin directory.

The following commands are available for use:

```
Backup the configuration file:
٠
         FCConfig -m all -f <filename> -o export -i 1
  Backup the configuration file (encrypted)
         FCConfig -m all -f <filename> -o export -i 1 -p <encrypted password>
  Restore the configuration file
         FCConfig -m all -f <filename> -o import -i 1
  Restore the configuration file (encrypted)
         FCConfig -m all -f <filename> -o import -i 1 -p <encrypted password>
  Export the VPN tunnel configuration
•
         FCConfig -m vpn -f <filename> -o exportvpn -i 1
  Export the VPN tunnel configuration (encrypted)
         FCConfig -m vpn -f <filename> -o exportvpn -i 1 -p <encrypted password>
  Import the VPN tunnel configuration
         FCConfig -m vpn -f <filename> -o importvpn -i 1
  Import the VPN tunnel configuration (encrypted)
```

FCConfig -m vpn -f <filename> -o importvpn -i 1 -p <encrypted password>



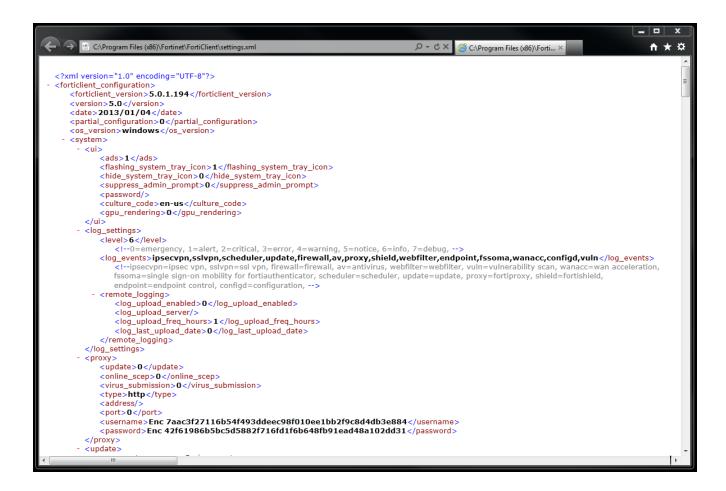
Switches and switch parameters are case sensitive.



Backup and restore CLI commands are an advanced configuration option.

C:4. Command Prompt C:\Program Files (x86)\Fortinet\FortiClient>fcconfig -help usage: fcconfig [-f settings.xml -m all -o export] Note: switches and switch parameters are case sensitive. <path to configuration file name, default is .\settings.xml> -f <module name> -m all = all modules (DEFAULT) vpn = IPSEC and SSL VPN vpn = IPSEC and SSL UPN av = AntiVirus firewall = FireWall esnac = Endpoint Control wanopt = WAN Optimization vuln = Vulnerability Scan ssoma = Single Sign-On Mobility Agent webfilter = Web Filter sustem = sustem configs system = system configs <operation> -0 export = Export (DEFAULT) import = Import exportupn = Export VPN Connections Only importupn = Import VPN Connections Only unlock password This allows fcconfig to install a configuration file when $-\mathbf{k}$ the current configuration is locked down with a password. $-\mathbf{d}$ enable debug output quiet mode, no system tray notification -q Kpassword> p -? tĥis usage text −ĥ, C:\Program Files (x86)\Fortinet\FortiClient>

The command fccconfig -f settings.xml -m all -o export will export the configuration as XML file in the FortiClient directory.



Add XML to advanced profiles in EMS

You can add custom XML to a profile in EMS by using an advanced profile.



To reduce the size of the FortiClient XML configuration file, you can delete all help text found within the < !-- --> comment tags.

To create an advanced profile:

- 1. In EMS, go to Endpoint Profiles > Add a new profile.
- 2. Click Advanced.
- On the XML Configuration tab, click Edit. Two panes are displayed. Use the pane on the right-hand side to edit XML.
- **4.** On the *XML Configuration* tab, overwrite the XML by pasting the XML from your custom XML configuration file into the right-hand pane.
 - a. Open the FortiClient XML configuration file in a source code editor.
 - **b.** Copy the FortiClient XML.

- c. Paste the FortiClient XML into the XML Configuration tab.
- 5. Click Test XML.

When valid, an *XML is valid* message is displayed. When invalid, an *XML is invalid* message is displayed. The XML must be valid before you can save the profile.

6. When the XML is valid, click Save Profile.

Advanced Features

Advanced features (Windows)

Connect VPN before logon (AD environments)

The VPN < options > XML tag holds global information controlling VPN states. The VPN will connect first, then logon to AD/Domain.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <vpn>
        <options>
            <show_vpn_before_logon>1</show_vpn_before_logon>
            <use_windows_credentials>1</use_windows_credentials>
        </options>
        </vpn>
</forticlient_configuration>
```

Create a redundant IPsec VPN

To use VPN resiliency/redundancy, you will configure a list of FortiGate IP/FQDN servers, instead of just one:

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <vpn>
     <ipsecvpn>
           <options>
           . . .
           </options>
              <connections>
                 <connection>
                   <name>psk_90_1</name>
                    <type>manual</type>
                    <ike settings>
                    <prompt certificate>0</prompt certificate>
                    <server>10.10.90.1;ipsecdemo.fortinet.com;172.17.61.143</server>
                   <redundantsortmethod>1</redundantsortmethod>
                    . . .
              </ike settings>
           </connection>
        </connections>
     </ipsecvpn>
  </vpn>
</forticlient configuration>
```

This is a balanced, but incomplete XML configuration fragment. All closing tags are included, but some important elements to complete the IPsec VPN configuration are committed.

Create a redundant IPsec VPN

To use VPN resiliency/redundancy, you will configure a list of FortiGate IP/FQDN servers, instead of just one:

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <vpn>
     <ipsecvpn>
           <options>
           . . .
           </options>
              <connections>
                 <connection>
                    <name>psk 90 1</name>
                    <type>manual</type>
                   <ike settings>
                   <prompt certificate>0</prompt certificate>
                    <server>10.10.90.1;ipsecdemo.fortinet.com;172.17.61.143</server>
                    <redundantsortmethod>1</redundantsortmethod>
                    . . .
              </ike settings>
           </connection>
        </connections>
     </ipsecvpn>
  </vpn>
</forticlient configuration>
```

This is a balanced, but incomplete XML configuration fragment. All closing tags are included, but some important elements to complete the IPsec VPN configuration are committed.

RedundantSortMethod = 1

This XML tag sets the IPsec VPN connection as ping-response based. The VPN will connect to the FortiGate which responds the fastest.

RedundantSortMethod = 0

By default, RedundantSortMethod =0, and the IPsec VPN connection is priority based. Priority based configurations will try to connect to the FortiGate starting with the first on the list.

Priority based SSL VPN connections

SSL VPN supports priority based configurations for redundancy.

```
<forticlient_configuration>
  <vpn>
    <sslvpn>
        <options>
        <enabled>1</enabled>
        ...
        </options>
        <connections>
        <connection>
        <name>ssl 90 1</name>
```

This is a balanced, but incomplete XML configuration fragment. All closing tags are included, but some important elements to complete the SSL VPN configuration are committed.

For SSL VPN, all FortiGates must use the same TCP port.

Enabling VPN autoconnect

VPN auto connect uses the following XML tag:

```
<autoconnect_tunnel>ipsecdemo.fortinet.com</autoconnect_tunnel>
```

Inside:

<vpn> <options>

Save password is also needed because it is autoconnect:

<save_password>1</save_password>

Enabling VPN always up

VPN always up uses the following XML tag:

<keep running>1</keep running>

Inside:

<vpn> <connection>

Advanced features (macOS)

Create a redundant IPsec VPN

To use VPN resiliency/redundancy, you will configure a list of FortiGate IP/FQDN servers, instead of just one:

```
<type>manual</type>
<ike_settings>
<prompt_certificate>0</prompt_certificate>
<server>10.10.90.1;ipsecdemo.fortinet.com;172.17.61.143</server>
<redundantsortmethod>1</redundantsortmethod>
...
</ike_settings>
</connection>
</connections>
</ipsecvpn>
</upn>
</forticlient configuration>
```

This is a balanced, but incomplete XML configuration fragment. All closing tags are included, but some important elements to complete the IPsec VPN configuration are committed.

RedundantSortMethod = 1

This XML tag sets the IPsec VPN connection as ping-response based. The VPN will connect to the FortiGate which responds the fastest.

RedundantSortMethod = 0

By default, RedundantSortMethod =0, and the IPsec VPN connection is priority based. Priority based configurations will try to connect to the FortiGate starting with the first on the list.

Priority based SSL VPN connections

SSL VPN supports priority based configurations for redundancy.

```
<forticlient configuration>
  <vpn>
     <sslvpn>
        <options>
           <enabled>1</enabled>
           . . .
        </options>
        <connections>
           <connection>
              <name>ssl 90 1</name>
              <server>10.10.90.1;ssldemo.fortinet.com;172.17.61.143:443</server>
              . . .
           </connection>
        </connections>
     </sslvpn>
  </vpn>
</forticlient configuration>
```

This is a balanced, but incomplete XML configuration fragment. All closing tags are included, but some important elements to complete the SSL VPN configuration are committed.

For SSL VPN, all FortiGates must use the same TCP port.

Enabling VPN autoconnect

VPN auto connect uses the following XML tag:

<autoconnect_tunnel>ssl 198 no cert</autoconnect_tunnel>

Enabling VPN always up

VPN always up uses the following XML tag:

<keep_running>1</keep_running>



VPN before logon is currently not supported in FortiClient v5.0 Patch Release 1 (Mac OS X).

VPN tunnel & script (Microsoft Windows)

Feature overview

This feature supports auto running a user-defined script after the configured VPN tunnel is connected or disconnected. The scripts are batch scripts in Windows and shell scripts in Mac OS X. They will be defined as part of a VPN tunnel configuration on FortiGate's XML format Endpoint Profile. The profile will be pushed down to FortiClient from FortiGate. When FortiClient's VPN tunnel is connected or disconnected, the respective script defined under that tunnel will be executed. These scripts can also be configured directly on FortiClient, by importing the XML configuration file.

Map a network drive after tunnel connection

The script will map a network drive and copy some files after the tunnel is connected.

```
<on_connect>
    <script>
        <os>windows</os>
        <script>
            <script>
                <![CDATA[
                      net use x: \\192.168.10.3\ftpshare /user:Honey Boo Boo
                      md c:\test
                     copy x:\PDF\*.* c:\test
                ]]>
                </script>
                </script>
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                   </script>
                </script>
```

Delete a network drive after tunnel is disconnected

The script will delete the network drive after the tunnel is disconnected.

VPN tunnel & script (macOS)

Map a network drive after tunnel connection

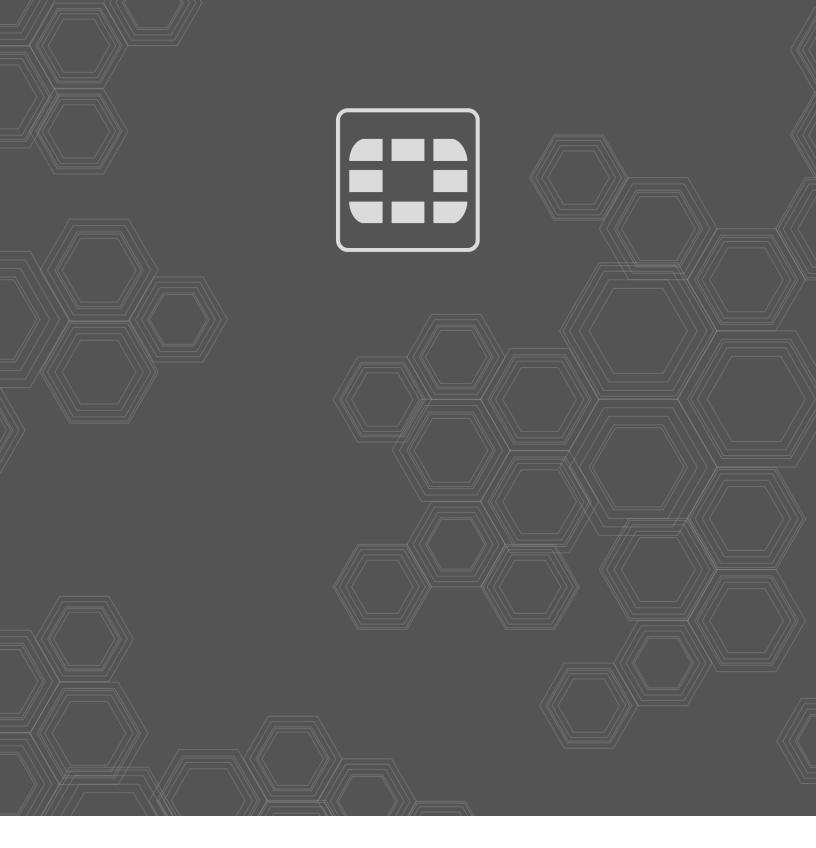
The script will map a network drive and copy some files after the tunnel is connected.

```
<on_connect>
  <script>
    <os>mac</os>
    <script>
        /bin/mkdir /Volumes/installers
        /bin/mkdir /Volumes/installers
        /sbin/ping -c 4 192.168.1.147 > /Users/admin/Desktop/dropbox/p.txt
        /sbin/mount -t smbfs //kimberly:RigUpTown@ssldemo.fortinet.com/installers
        /Volumes/installers/ > /Users/admin/Desktop/dropbox/m.txt
        /bin/mkdir /Users/admin/Desktop/dropbox/dir
        /bin/cp /Volumes/installers/*.log /Users/admin/Desktop/dropbox/dir/.
        </script>
    </on connect>
```

Delete a network drive after tunnel is disconnected

The script will delete the network drive after the tunnel is disconnected.

```
<on_disconnect>
  <script>
      <os>mac</os>
      <script>
      /sbin/umount /Volumes/installers
      /bin/rm -fr /Users/admin/Desktop/dropbox/*
      </script>
      </script>
  </on_disconnect>
```





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