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Administration Guide

FortiEDR 5.1.0



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Change Log

Date	Change Description
January 2022	5.1 Initial release.
June 2022	Updated the following topics: Loading a Server Certificate on page 256 Predefined Policies on page 196
July 2022	 Added Oracle Linux 6.10 as a supported operating system in Installing FortiEDR on page 19. Added link to Fortinet Support in several topics.
August 2022	 Updated the following topics: Installing FortiEDR on page 19 (System requirements section) Step 2 – Defining or Importing an Organization on page 341
September 2022	 Updated the following topics: Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383 Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26 Installing the FortiEDR Core on page 397
October 2022	Updated the following topics:Uninstalling FortiEDR Collectors on page 50SAML IdP Configuration with Okta on page 274
February 2023	Updated the Playbook Policy Actions on page 92 topic.
July 2023	Updated Installing a FortiEDR Collector on Linux on page 41.
November 2023	 Updated the following topics: A FortiEDR Collector Does Not Display in the INVENTORY Tab on page 336 Installing FortiEDR on page 19
January 2024	Updated the following topics:Upgrading FortiEDR Components on page 52Uninstalling FortiEDR Collectors on page 50
February 2024	Updated Installing a FortiEDR Collector on Linux on page 41.

Introducing FortiEDR

This chapter describes the FortiEDR system components, FortiEDR technology and the workflow for protecting your organization using FortiEDR.

Introduction

FortiEDR provides multi-layered, post- and pre-infection protection that stops advanced malware in real time. FortiEDR recognizes that external threat actors cannot be prevented from infiltrating networks, and instead focuses on preventing the exfiltration and ransoming of critical data in the event of a cyber-attack. FortiEDR's unique virtual patching technique, which only blocks malicious outbound communications, enables emplyees to continue working as usual even when their devices are infected.

Execution Prevention

Next-Generation Anti-Virus (NGAV) is a signature-less approach that can detect and mitigate zero-day attacks. FortiEDR stops both known and unknown malware types using machine-learning-based NGAV, which filters out known malware variations. This blocks the execution of files that are identified as malicious or suspected to be malicious. For this policy, each file is analyzed to find evidence for malicious activity.

Data Exfiltration

Data exfiltration is the unauthorized transfer of sensitive information from a target's network to a location that a threat actor controls.

FortiEDR is a realtime targeted-attack exfiltration prevention platform.

Threat actors only benefit when they actually succeed in stealing your data.

FortiEDR ensures that your data is not exfiltrated by threat actors, regardless of the methods that they use.

FortiEDR can prevent malicious exfiltration attempts of any kind of data, from any application, from any process, using any protocol or port.

FortiEDR becomes your last line of defense in case of a data exfiltration attempt. All malicious connections are blocked and precise details of the infected devices and their associated components are available for your review.

FortiEDR is a software-only solution that can be installed with your current standard equipment.

FortiEDR protects your data from exfiltration both On-Premises and Off-Premises.

Ransomware

Ransomware is malware used by attackers to infect a device, hijack files on that device and then lock them, via encryption, so that they cannot be accessed until the attacker decrypts and releases them. A successful ransomware attack represents the exploit of a greater security vulnerability in your environment. Paying the attacker is only a short-term solution that does not address the root of the problem, as it may likely lead to another attack that is even more malicious and more expensive than the previous one.

FortiEDR prevents, in real time, an attacker's attempt to encrypt or modify data. FortiEDR then generates an alert that contains the information needed to initiate an investigation, so the root breach can be uncovered and fully remediated. Moreover, the end user can continue to work as usual even on an infected device.

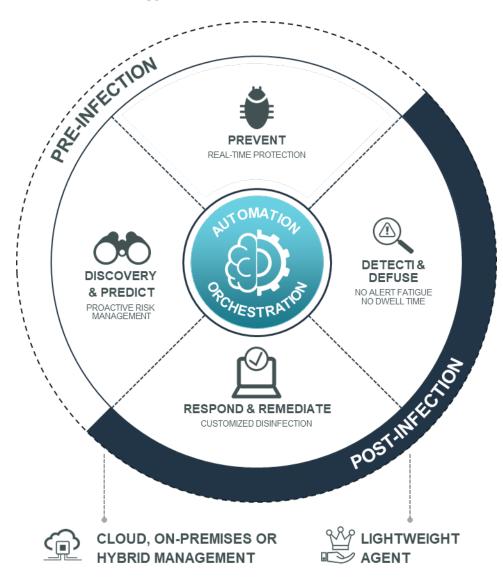
Threat Hunting

FortiEDR's threat-hunting capabilities features a set of software tools and information sources focused on detecting, investigating, containing and mitigating suspicious activities on end-user devices.

FortiEDR provides post- and pre-infection endpoint protection management, while delivering high detection rates with realtime blocking and response capabilities when compared to traditional Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) tools.

FortiEDR provides malware classification, displays Indicators of Compromise (IOCs) and delivers full attack-chain views – all while simultaneously enabling users to conduct further threat hunting, if and when needed.

FortiEDR Technology



When looking at how external threat actors operate, we recognize two important aspects. The first is that the threat actors use the network in order to exfiltrate data from an organization. Second, they try to remain as stealthy as possible in order to avoid existing security measures. This means that threat actors must establish outbound communications in a non-standard manner.

FortiEDR's technology prevents data exfiltration by identifying, in real time, malicious outgoing communications that were generated by external threat actors. Identification of malicious outgoing communications is the result of our research conducted on both operating system internals and malware operation methods.

Our research revealed that all legitimate outgoing communications must pass through the operating system. Thus, by monitoring the operating system internals it is possible to verify that a connection was established in a valid manner. FortiEDR gathers OS stack data, thread and process related data and conducts executable file analysis to determine the nature of the connection. Additionally, any type of threat attempting to bypass the FortiEDR driver is detected as the connection will not have the corresponding data from FortiEDR.

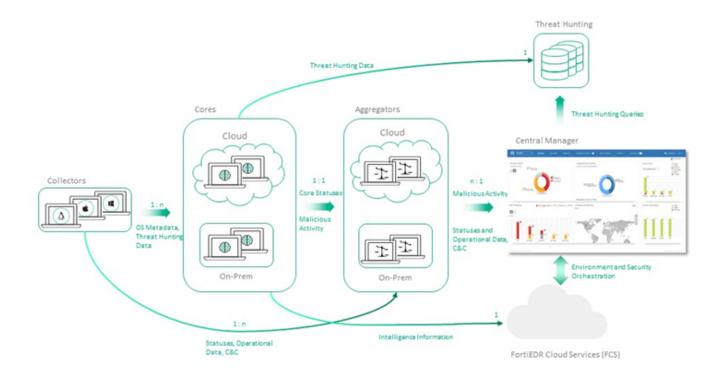
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FortiEDR Components

Overview

The FortiEDR platform is a distributed architecture that collects the connection establishment flow of your organization's communicating devices directly from each device's operating system internals. FortiEDR analyzes the flow of events that preceded the connection establishment and determines whether the connection establishment request was malicious. The system can enforce your organization's policy by blocking the connection establishment request in order to prevent exfiltration.

The FortiEDR platform is comprised of the following components:



FortiEDR Collector

The FortiEDR Collector is a brainless collector that resides on every communicating device in your enterprise, including desktops, laptops and servers.

The FortiEDR Collector resides deep inside the communicating device's operating system.

Upon every attempt made by the communicating device to establish a network connection, the FortiEDR Collector collects all required metadata and sends it to the FortiEDR Core (described below) signed by a FortiEDR digital signature.

The FortiEDR Collector then holds the establishment of this connection until authorization is received from the FortiEDR Core.

- Pass: Legitimate requests are allowed out of your network with extremely negligible latency.
- Block: Malicious exfiltration attempts are blocked.



If third-party software attempts to stop the FortiEDR Collector service, the system prompts for the registration password. This is the same password used when installing the Collector. If an incorrect password is supplied at the prompt, the message Access Denied displays on the Collector device. In this case, the FortiEDR Collector service is not stopped. For more details about the required password to supply in this situation, you may refer to Component Authentication on page 295.

A FortiEDR Collector should be installed on each communicating device in your organization. The same FortiEDR Collector can be installed on all Windows systems, Mac systems and Linux systems. The following are the connections established between the FortiEDR Collector and other FortiEDR components:

- To the FortiEDR Aggregator: The FortiEDR Collector initially sends registration information to the FortiEDR Aggregator via SSL and then it sends ongoing health and status information.
- From the FortiEDR Aggregator: The FortiEDR Collector receives its configuration from the FortiEDR Aggregator.
- To the FortiEDR Core: The FortiEDR Collector sends compressed operating system metadata to the FortiEDR Core and then ongoing health and status information.
- From the FortiEDR Core: The FortiEDR Collector receives connection establishment authorization or denial (blocking) from the FortiEDR Core.

Negligible Footprint

The FortiEDR Collector retains only a limited amount of metadata on the device in order to keep CPU usage to virtually zero and the storage requirements to a minimum. FortiEDR's traffic consumption requirements are low since FortiEDR only processes the initial connection establishment. The amount of metadata sent to the FortiEDR Core is so minimal that the latency on the Core's decision point is negligible. Additionally, FortiEDR uses message compression in order to further reduce the traffic sent to the network. You may refer to Installing FortiEDR on page 19 for the exact specifications of the system requirements.

Quick and Easy Installation

The FortiEDR Collector comes as a standard installer package that is easily installed via standard remote unattended deployment tools, such as Microsoft SCCM. No local configuration or reboot is required; however, a reboot of the system ensures that any malicious connections that were previously established before the installation are thwarted and tracked via FortiEDR after the reboot is complete. Upgrades can be performed remotely and are rarely needed, because all the brains of the FortiEDR system are in the FortiEDR Core.

Event Viewer

The Windows Event Viewer records whenever a FortiEDR Collector blocks communication from a device, as described in Event Viewer on page 134.

FortiEDR Core

The FortiEDR Core is the security policy enforcer and decision-maker. It determines whether a connection establishment request is legitimate or represents a malicious exfiltration attempt that must therefore be blocked.

FortiEDR collects OS stack data, thread and process-related data and conducts executable file analysis to determine the nature of every connection request, as follows.

- When working in prevention mode, all the connection establishment requests in your organization must be authorized by a FortiEDR Core, thus enabling it to block each outgoing connection establishment request that is malicious.
- When the FortiEDR Core receives a connection establishment request, it comes enriched with metadata collected by the FortiEDR Collector that describes the operating system activities that preceded it.
- The FortiEDR Core analyzes the flow of events that preceded the connection request and determines whether the connection request was malicious. The system then enforces your organization's policy by blocking (or only logging) the connection request in order to prevent/log exfiltration.
- The collection of the flow of events that preceded the connection request enables FortiEDR to determine where the foul occurred.

One or more FortiEDR Cores are required, according to the size of your network based on deployment size (up to 50 FortiEDR Cores). Installing FortiEDR on page 19 for the exact specifications of the system requirements. The following are the connections established between the FortiEDR Core and other FortiEDR components:

- **To the FortiEDR Aggregator**: The FortiEDR Core sends registration information the first time it connects to the FortiEDR Aggregator and then sends events and ongoing health and status information.
- From the FortiEDR Aggregator: The FortiEDR Core receives its configuration from the FortiEDR Aggregator.

The FortiEDR Core is located on exit points from your organization. It only reviews FortiEDR Collector metadata; it does not see the outgoing traffic. It is a central Linux-based software-only entity that can run on any workstation or VM that is assigned with a static IP address.

FortiEDR Aggregator

The FortiEDR Aggregator is a software-only entity that acts as a proxy for the FortiEDR Central Manager and provides processing load handling services. All FortiEDR Collectors and FortiEDR Cores interact with the Aggregator for registration, configuration and monitoring purposes. The FortiEDR Aggregator aggregates this information for the FortiEDR Central Manager and distributes the configurations defined in the FortiEDR Central Manager to the FortiEDR Collectors and FortiEDR Cores.

Most deployments only require a single FortiEDR Aggregator that can be installed on the same server as the FortiEDR Central Manager. Additional FortiEDR Aggregators may be required for larger deployments of over 10,000 FortiEDR Collectors and can be installed on a different machine than the FortiEDR Central Manager.

FortiEDR Central Manager

The FortiEDR Central Manager is a software-only central web user interface and backend server for viewing and analyzing events and configuring the system. Chapters from Security Settings on page 54 to Forensics on page 204 describe the user interface of the FortiEDR Central Manager. The FortiEDR Central Manager is the only component that has a user interface. It enables you to:

- · Control and configure FortiEDR system behavior
- Monitor and handle FortiEDR events
- · Perform deep forensic analysis of security issues
- Monitor system status and health

FortiEDR Cloud Service

The FortiEDR Cloud Service (FCS) enriches and enhances system security by performing deep, thorough analysis and investigation about the classification of a security event. The FCS is a cloud-based, GDPR-compliant, software-only service that determines the exact classification of security events and acts accordingly based on that classification – all with a high degree of accuracy.

The FCS security event classification process is done via data enrichment and enhanced deep, thorough analysis and investigation, enabled by automated and manual processes. The enhanced processes may include (partial list) intelligence services, file analysis (static and dynamic), sandboxing, flow analysis via machine learning, commonalities analysis, crowdsourced data deduction and more.

Along with potential classification reassurance or reclassification, once connected, FCS can also enable several followed actions, which can be divided into two main activities:

- Tuning: Automated security event exception (allowlisting). After a triggered security event is reclassified as Safe, an automated cross-environment exception can be pushed downstream and expire the event, preventing it from triggering again. For more details, see Exception Manager on page 64
- Playbook Actions: All Playbook policy actions are based on the final determination of the FCS. For more details see Playbook Policies on page 89.

How Does FortiEDR Work?

- 1. The FortiEDR Collector Collects OS Metadata: A FortiEDR Collector runs on each communicating device in the organization and transparently collects OS metadata on the computing device.
- Communicating Device Makes a Connection Establishment Request: When any connection establishment request is made on a device, the FortiEDR Collector sends a snapshot of the OS connection establishment to the FortiEDR Core, enriched with the collected OS metadata. Meanwhile, FortiEDR does not allow the connection request to be established.
- 3. The FortiEDR Core Identifies Malicious Requests: Using FortiEDR's patented technology, the FortiEDR Core analyzes the collected OS metadata and enforces the policies.
- 4. Pass or Block: Only legitimate connections are allowed outbound communication. Malicious outbound connection attempts are blocked.
- 5. Event Generation: Each FortiEDR policy violation generates a realtime security event (alert) that is packaged with an abundance of device metadata describing the internals of the operating system leading up to the malicious connection establishment request. This security event is triggered by the FortiEDR Core and is viewable in the

FortiEDR Central Manager console. FortiEDR can also send email alerts and/or be integrated with any standard Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) solution via Syslog.

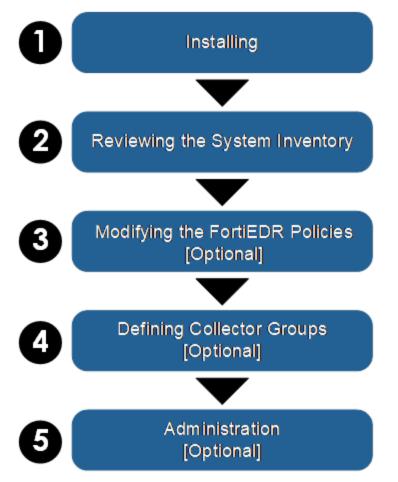
6. Forensic Analysis: The Forensic Analysis add-on enables the security team to use the various options provided by the FortiEDR Central Manager console to delve deeply into the actual security event and the internal stack data that led up to it.

Using FortiEDR - WorkFlow

The following is a general guideline for the general workflow of using FortiEDR and specifies which steps are optional.

Setup Workflow Overview

The following describes the workflow for getting FortiEDR up and running in your organization:



- 1. Installing: Install all FortiEDR components, as described in Installing FortiEDR on page 19 and Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.
- 2. Reviewing the Inventory: Review the health status and details of all the FortiEDR components in the Dashboard on page 121 and Inventory on page 99 FortiEDR Collectors are automatically assigned FortiEDR's default policies.

- 3. [Optional] Modifying the FortiEDR Policies: By default, the FortiEDR policies are ready to log out-of-the-box. If needed, use the Security Settings on page 54 to modify the default policies for blocking and/or to create additional policies.
- 4. [Optional] Defining Collector Groups: By default, the FortiEDR default policies are assigned to a default Collector Group that contains all FortiEDR Collectors. Policies in FortiEDR are assigned per Collector Group. You can define additional Collector Groups in Inventory on page 99. You can then assign the required policy to each Collector Group (see Assigning a Security Policy to a Collector Group on page 61)
- 5. [Optional] Administration: The FortiEDR system installs with a single administrator user. This user can:
 - Create additional users of the FortiEDR Central Manager.
 - Define the recipients to receive email notifications of FortiEDR events.
 - Configure a SIEM to receive notifications of FortiEDR events via Syslog.

Ongoing Workflow Overview

The following is the workflow for monitoring and handling FortiEDR security events on an ongoing basis:



- Monitoring: Monitor and analyze the events triggered by FortiEDR in the:
 - Dashboard on page 121
 - Event Viewer on page 134
 - Syslog on page 289
- [Optional] Creating Event Exceptions: FortiEDR precisely pinpoints interesting system events. However, if needed, you can create exceptions in order to stop certain events from being triggered for certain IP addresses, applications, protocols and so on. See Playbook Policies on page 89.
- [Optional] Handling Events: Mark security events that you have handled and optionally describe how they were handled. See Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled on page 143.
- [Optional] Forensics (page 153): This licensed add-on enables deep investigation into a security event, including the actual internals of the communicating devices' operating system.

Installing FortiEDR

This chapter describes how to install each of the FortiEDR components

Before You Start

Before you start the FortiEDR installation process, please make sure that:

- All devices, workstations, virtual machines and servers on which a FortiEDR component will be installed comply with the system requirements provided on Installing FortiEDR on page 19.
- You have read and selected the most suitable deployment option for you.
- FortiEDR Core, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager use ports 555, 8081 and 443, respectively. Ensure that these ports are not blocked by your firewall product (if one is deployed).
 If the FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager are installed separately, port 8091 is used by the Aggregator to communicate with the Manager.

As a security best practice, it is recommended to update the firewall rules so that they only have a narrow opening. For example:

- Only open the TCP outbound port 555 to the Core IP address.
- Only open the TCP outbound port 8081 to the Aggregator IP address.
- Only open TCP outbound port 8091 to the Central Manager IP address to be accessed by the Aggregator when the Aggregator is installed on premise, while the Central Manager is in the Cloud.

The default deployment mode of FortiEDR backend components is in the cloud and is provided by Fortinet. Cloud components are installed for you by Fortinet.

If you require that the FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository, Central Manager, Aggregator, or Core would be deployed on your organization's premises (on-premises), see Appendix C, On-Premise Deployments in Appendix C – ON PREMISE DEPLOYMENTS on page 383.

System Requirements

Component	System Requirements
Processor	 The FortiEDR Collector runs on Intel or AMD x86 – both 32-bit and 64-bit and on Apple M1 (ARM) hardware. FortiEDR Core, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager run on Intel or AMD x86 64-bit. FortiEDR is designed to use less than 1% CPU for the FortiEDR Collector. FortiEDR Aggregator and Central Manager require a minimum of four CPUs. FortiEDR Core requires a minimum of four CPUs. FortiEDR Core running as a Jumpbox requires two CPUs.
Physical Memory	FortiEDR Collector requires at least 60 MB of RAM.FortiEDR Core requires at least 16 GB of RAM.

Component	System Requirements
	 FortiEDR Core running as a Jumpbox requires 4 GB of RAM. FortiEDR Aggregator requires at least 16 GB of RAM. FortiEDR Central Manager requires at least 16 GB of RAM.
Disk Space	 FortiEDR Collector installation requires at least 20 MB of disk space. FortiEDR Core requires an SSD disk with at least 80 GB of disk space. For a Threat Hunting license, each 1k of Collectors, over and above the first 1k, require an additional 45 GB. FortiEDR Core running as a Jumpbox requires 50 GB of disk space (non-SSD). FortiEDR Aggregator installation and logs space requires at least 80 GB of disk space. FortiEDR Central Manager installation and logs space requires at least 150 GB of disk space (SSD).
Threat Hunting Repository	 The number of required CPUs (Cores) depends on the number of seats and the required Threat Hunting data retention. A minimum of 16 CPUs is required for a month's worth of retention with a default Collection profile for 4k FortiEDR Collectors. The addition of each 2k of Collectors requires an additional 6 CPUs. Disk Size: OS disk: 50 GB Requires an SSD disk - Minimum of 1.5 TB of available space for a month's worth of retention with a default Collectors requires an additional 1.1 TB. Note that in the case of installing in Hyper-V: disk should be IDE Minimum of 1.5 TB of available space for a month's worth of retention additional 1.1 TB. Memory: At least 32 GB are required for a month's worth of retention with a default Collectors. The addition of each 2k of Collectors. The addition of each 2k of Collectors. The addition of each 2k of Collectors requires an additional 1.1 TB.
Connectivity	 FortiEDR Core listens to communication on port 555. FortiEDR Aggregator listens to communication on port 8081. FortiEDR Central Manager listens to communication from the Aggregator on port 8091. Browser connection to the FortiEDR Central Manager is via port 443. FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository listens to communication from the Core on port 32100, 32001 FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository listens to communication from the Central Manager on port 8095 FortiEDR Core, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager

Component	System Requirements		
	 components must be assigned a static IP address or domain name. The FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager can be installed on the same machine. Network connectivity between all system components is required. Allow up to 5 Mbps of additional network workload for each 1,000 Collectors. 		
Supported Operating Systems	 The FortiEDR Collector can be installed on any of the following operating systems (both 32-bit and 64-bit versions): Windows XP SP2/SP3, 7 SP1, 8, 8.1, 10, and 11. Windows Server 2003 SP2, R2 SP2, 2008 SP2, 2008 R2 SP1, 2012, 2012 R2, 2016, 2019, and 2022. MacOS Versions: El Capitan (10.11), Sierra (10.12), High Sierra (10.13), Mojave (10.14), Catalina (10.15), Big Sur (11), Monterey (12), and Sonoma (14). Linux Versions: RedHat Enterprise Linux and CentOS 6.8+, 7.2+ and 8+, Ubuntu LTS 16.04.5+, 18.04 and 20.04 server, 64-bit, Oracle Linux 6.10, 7.7+, and 8.2+, Amazon Linux AMI 2 2018 and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server SLES v15. The complete list of supported Linux versions and kernels is updated regularly and can be provided upon request. VDI Environments: VMware Horizons 6 and 7 and Citrix XenDesktop 7. The FortiEDR Core, Repository Server, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager components are supplied in ISO format, which includes a CentOS 7 image. FortiEDR Core, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager can be installed on a virtual machine or a dedicated workstation or server. 		
Supported Browsers	The FortiEDR Central Manager console can be accessed using the Google Chrome, Firefox Mozilla, Microsoft Edge and Apple Safari browsers.		

Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time

The procedure below enables you to define passwords. No passwords are provided by Fortinet.

- 1. Use any standard Internet browser to connect securely (via https://) to the IP address and port of the machine on which the FortiEDR Central Manager is installed, as follows:
 - a. https://<machine_IP_addess>/
 - **b.** Default port is 443



Define the first administrator user to be allowed to log into the FortiEDR Manager by filling in the **First Name**, **Last Name**, **Email Address**, and **Define administrator user name** fields.

- 3. Enter and confirm the password to be used by this administrator user.
- 4. In the **DEVICE REGISTRATION PASSWORD** fields, enter and confirm the password to be used to install all FortiEDR Collectors, FortiEDR Aggregators and FortiEDR Cores. This same password must be used by all.



Write this password down in a good place. This password will be needed each time a FortiEDR component is installed.

5. Click the LOGIN button. The regular FortiEDR Central Manager Login page is then displayed, as shown below. The page that displays varies, depending on whether the FortiEDR system is set up as a single organization or multi organization system.



• The FortiEDR system can be set up as a single-organization or multi-organization system. In a multi-organization system, all users except an Administrator user must specify the organization in the Organization Name dropdown list. If a user is defined for an organization, then he/she can log in to that organization. Otherwise, he/she cannot.

For more details about logging in to a multi-organization system, see Step 1 – Logging In to a Multi-organization System on page 340.

6. Enter the administrator user name and password you have just defined and click the **LOGIN** button. All fields are case sensitive. The following window displays automatically the first time you log into the FortiEDR Central

Manager:

DASHE	30ARD EVENT VIEWER	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL 💙	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY 🗸	Simulation V	admin 🗸
LICENSING	Installation ID:	Load New License					
ORGANIZATIONS							
USERS							
DISTRIBUTION LISTS							
EXPORT SETTINGS							
TOOLS							
SYSTEM EVENTS							
IP SETS							
Copyright © Fortinet V	/ersion 4.1.0.49		License	expired - Please contact system as	Iministrator		2:00) 13:37:54

- 7. Send the displayed Installation ID to FortiEDRAdmin@fortinet.com by email in order to receive a license string from Fortinet.
- 8. Click the Load New License button. The following window displays:

×	LOAD NEW LICENSE
	Insert license text string:
	Insert license string here
	Load License Cancel

9. Copy/paste the license string that you received by email into the LOAD NEW LICENSE window and click the **Load License** button. The following displays showing the relevant licensed entitlements:

ENSING	Installation ID: 9	Name: Expiration Date: 28-Jun-2021		Central Manager Certificate
GANIZATIONS	License Status		Workstations	Servers
	License Type:	Predict, Protect and Response		
TRIBUTION	Communication Control:	Available	1 Licenses	<u>Oln Use</u>
15	Forensics:	Available	- mose	Shi Ga
PORT	Threat Hunting:	Available		
TINGS	Content Updates:	Available		
DLS	Vulnerability Management:	Available		
TEM	License Capacity:	100 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 loT devices		
INTS	In Use:	1 workstations, 0 servers, 0 IoT devices		
ETS	Remaining:	99 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 IoT devices		
TEGRATIONS		hat were not in use for more than 30 days and are not	999 ^{themaining}	100 ^{Clicenses}
	Content			

Field	Description
Installation ID	Specifies the unique identifier that is automatically generated upon installation of the ForitEDR Management server. You may be asked to provide this ID and the Name field when contacting Fortinet for support.
Name	Specifies the name of the organization in a multi-organization FortiEDR system. For more details, see Multi-tenancy (Organizations) on page 338.
Expiration Date	Specifies when this license expires. Notifications will be sent to you beforehand.
License Type	Specifies whether the Discover, Protect and Response license, Discover and Protect license, or Protect and Response license was purchased. The license type defines the availability of the relevant add-ons.
Communication Control	Specifies the word Available if the Communication Control add-on is included in the license.
eXtended Detection	Specifies the word Available , when the eXtended Detection add-on is included in the license.
Forensics	Specifies the word Available if the Forensics add-on (described in Forensics on page 204 is included in the license.
Threat Hunting	Specifies the word Available if the Threat hunting add-on (described in Threat Hunting on page 222) is included in the license. It also specifies whether Repository add-ons have been purchased and how many have been.
Content Updates	Specifies the word Available if the Content Updates add-on is included in the license. This add-on enables you to automatically receive the latest FortiEDR policy rule and built-in exception updates.
Content Updates	Repository add-ons have been purchased and how many have been. Specifies the word Available if the Content Updates add-on is included in the license. This add-on enables you to automatically receive the latest FortiEDR

Field	Description						
	The system arrives with the latest content pre-installed. There is no need to install content during the initial installation.						
	The Content button enables you to update content, as well as to update to Collector version on any existing Collector.	the					
	Content Version: 5040						
	Load Content Update Collectors Request Collector Install	ler					
	To load content updates on your FortiEDR system, click the content but and then select the content file to load. In a multi-tenant environment, the	ton					
	Losed Content button is available in Hoster View If the content file contains a Collector update, you can update all Collectors with the new version at that time, or choose to do so later.	5					
	Click the Update Collectors button to update the version for all Collectors.						
	UPDATE COLLECTOR VERSION	×					
	COLLECTOR GROUP WINDOWS VERSION MACOS VERSION LINUX VERSION Default Collector Group 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61	-					
	group1 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61 group2 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61 High Security Collector Group 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61						
	Insiders 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61 Linux 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61 lior1 4.1.0 Rev. 8 3.1.5 Rev. 14 3.1.5 Rev. 61						
	Update 0 selected groups to Windows version 4.1.0 Rev. 8 macOS version 3.1.5 Rev. 14 Linux version 3.1.5 Rev. 61	Ŧ					
	Note: Version update involves sending 10Mb of data from the Central Manager to each Collector. Update Cancel	\supset					
Vulnerability Management	Specifies the word Available if the Vulnerability Management add-on (described in Administration on page 252) is included in the license.						
License Capacity	Specifies the number of available licenses for protection by FortiEDR Collectors (for workstations and servers). Only the number of FortiEDR Collectors allowed by the license can register with the FortiEDR Central Manager. Additional FortiEDR Collectors are not registered with the FortiE Central Manager. In addition, the number of IoT devices specified under th License Capacity determines whether or not IoT Discovery is available (ze number).	ne					

Field	Description
In Use	Specifies the number of FortiEDR licenses for workstations and servers that are currently in use. In addition, it specifies the number of IoT devices detected in the system thus far.
Remaining	Specifies the number of FortiEDR licenses for workstations and servers that are still available for use.

Regarding questions about the number of licenses purchased, you may contact Fortinet Support.

The FortiEDR Central Manager Server and console are now fully operational.

Installing FortiEDR Collectors

Preparing for FortiEDR Collector Installation

The communicating device on which the FortiEDR Collector will be installed, must meet the following requirements:

- Complies with the requirements described in the System Requirements section on Installing FortiEDR on page 19.
- Has connectivity to a Local Area Network (for wired users) or a Wireless Network (for wireless users). If there is no connectivity, consult your IT support person.
- Has connectivity to the FortiEDR Core and the FortiEDR Aggregator. You can check this by browsing to the Core's IP address and the Aggregator's IP address. For problems connecting, see Troubleshooting on page 336.
- Has connectivity to the FortiEDR Reputation Server at 35.186.218.233.
- If the FortiEDR Core is deployed on your organization's premises (on-premises) and you use a web proxy to filter requests, then before running the installer, set the system proxy to work with an HTTPS connection, as follows:
 - Edit the file /etc/environment to have a proxy address configuration, https_proxy or PAC address.
 For example: https_proxy=https://192.168.0.2:443
 (for PAC): https_proxy=pac+http://192.168.200.100/sample.pac, where the sample.pac file contains an HTTPS address of the proxy.
 - If the definitions of the system proxy are placed somewhere other than /etc/environment, then:
 - Copy the definitions to the file /etc/environment. Note that this affects all processes on the Linux system.
 - Define a specific environment variable for the FortiEDR Linux Collector with the name nslo_https_proxy at the file /etc/environment

For example: nslo_https_proxy=https://192.168.0.2:443

(for PAC): nslo_https_proxy=pac+http://192.168.200.100/sample.pac

Note: For more details about installing a Core in a multi-organization environment, Core Registration on page 340. **Note:** You can get a Collector that is customized to your environment's settings, see Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256. If a custom Collector is used during the installation, all input fields such as Aggregator address and registration password are auto-filled.

Installing a FortiEDR Collector

Only the number of FortiEDR Collectors allowed by the license can register with the FortiEDR Central Manager.

Additional FortiEDR Collectors cannot register with the FortiEDR Central Manager.

You can uninstall a FortiEDR Collector from a device and then delete it from the FortiEDR INVENTORY (Deleting a Collector Group/Collector on page 106) if you would like to add another FortiEDR Collector.

When a user attempts to uninstall the Collector from a Windows OS device, he/she must supply the registration password.

In order to stop the FortiEDR service from running on a Windows OS device, enter the following command:

C:\Program Files\Fortinet\FortiEDR\FortiEDRCollectorService.exe --stop and then provide the registration password in the pop-up windows.

Installing a FortiEDR Collector on Windows

1. Run the FortiEDR Collector installation file. Use the FortiEDRCollectorInstaller32.msi file if you are using a 32-bit operating system; or use the FortiEDRCollectorInstaller64.msi file if you are using a 64-bit operating system.

🖟 Fortinet Endpoint Detection	n and Response Platform		-		×
Welcome to the Fort Response Platform	•	ction and			
The installer will guide you to Detection and Response Pla		to install Fort	inet El	ndpoint	
WARNING: This computer p treaties. Unauthorized duplic may result in severe civil and maximum extent possible un	cation or distribution of this d criminal penalties, and v	s program, or	any po	ortion of i	
	Cancel	< Back		Next>	•

Click Next.

😸 Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response Platform	-		×
Select Installation Folder			
The installer will install Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Respon following folder.	se Platfo	orm to the	
To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder,	enter it b	elow or c	lick
Eolder:			
C:\Program Files\Fortinet\FortiEDR\	E	Browse	
	D	isk Cost.	
Cancel < Bac	:k	Next	>
			_

Leave the default FortiEDR Collector installation folder or change it as necessary. Click Next.

Collector	Configur	ation					Ę
Aggregato	r Address:	(market)	.console.er	silo.com	1	Port:	8081
Registratio	on Password:	•••••	•••••				
Organizati	on:						
Advanced:	ual Desktop Infr	astructure	e) installation		itrix PVS Insta	llation	
Use Sys	em Proxy Settin	gs					

In the Aggregator Address field, specify the FortiEDR Aggregator domain name or IP address.

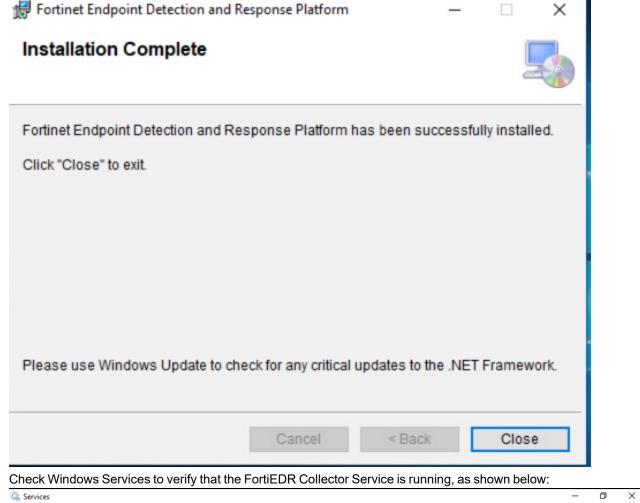
5. In the Port field, specify the FortiEDR Aggregator port (8081)



When upgrading a FortiEDR Collector, the Aggregator address field can be left empty – in order to retain the previously defined Aggregator address.

- 6. In the **Registration Password** field, enter the device registration password that you defined, as described in Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.
- 7. For a multi-organization FortiEDR system, enter the name of the organization in the **Organization** field. For more details, see the Collector Registration on page 339.
- 8. If you are installing the Collector on a VDI environment, check the VDI checkbox. For more details, see Working with FortiEDR on VDI Environments on page 49.
- If you use a web proxy to filter requests in this device's network, then check the Use System Proxy Settings checkbox. Note that Windows must be configured to use a proxy and tunneling must be allowed from the Collector to the Aggregator on port 8081 and from the Collector to the Core on port 555. (Run as Administrator: netsh winhttp set proxy roxy >).
- 10. If you are installing the Collector on a Citrix PVS golden image, check the Citrix PVS installation checkbox.
- 11. Click **Next** twice to start the installation. Windows may possibly display a message requesting that you confirm the installation. Please do so.

12. After the installation of the FortiEDR Collector has been successfully completed, the following window displays:



File Action View	Help					
🗢 🄿 📊 🛅	Q 📑 🛛 🖬 🖿 🖬 🖬	Þ				
Services (Local)	Name	Description	Status	Startup Type	Log On As	^
	Review Collector Service	Host component of the Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response Platform	Running	Automatic	Local System	
	Eunction Discovery Provid	The FDPHOST service hosts the Function Discovery (FD) network discovery p		Manual	Local Service	_

13. Verify that the FortiEDR Collector details are listed in the INVENTORY tab of the FortiEDR Central Manager console (see Inventory on page 99. Select the New filter to display a list of newly registered FortiEDR Collectors, as shown below:

DASHBOARD	Event viewer 18 Forensics 🗸 🔿	COMMUNICATION CONTROL ~ 389 SECURITY SETTIN	GS~ INVENTORY~ 194	ADMINISTRATION 1641		Protectic	in 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🌱
COLLECTORS (2/47)						Search Collector	s or Groups 🔻 🔍
New Create Group Move to Group	Delete 🔻 🔘 Enable/Disable 🔻 👰 Is	solate 🔻 📑 Export 👻 🔛 Uninstall				A 184 Unmanaged	devices were found
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
→ emulation (1/1)							
	ce-2	2-Test_1 . \emu1 Windows	0 10.51.121.18	-AD	4.1.0.24	Disconnected	Yesterday
▷ □ \$6 or1 (1/9)							

Installing a FortiEDR Collector on a Mac Operating System

To install a FortiEDR Collector on a Mac operating system that is running with Big Sur (version 11) or above:

The process described below includes a description of how to allow the following upon first FortiEDR Collector installation:

- System Extensions
- Network Extensions
- Full Disk Access

IMPORTANT: Failure to add these permissions will result in incomplete protection.

Deployment can also be managed using an MDM, such as Jamf.

1. Double-click the *.dmg file named FortiEDRCollectorInstallerOSX_4.1.x.dmg.

	Welcome to the FortiEDR Endpoint Detection and Response Installe
	You will be guided through the steps necessary to install this software.
lect	sonware.
e	
	elect

Click Continue.

	Standard Install on "Macintosh HD"	
Introduction	This will take 19.3 MB of space on your computer.	
Destination Select	estination Select Click Install to perform a standard installation of this softwa	
Installation Type	on the disk "Macintosh HD".	
Installation		
Summary		

Click Install. Enter the Mac password at the prompt.

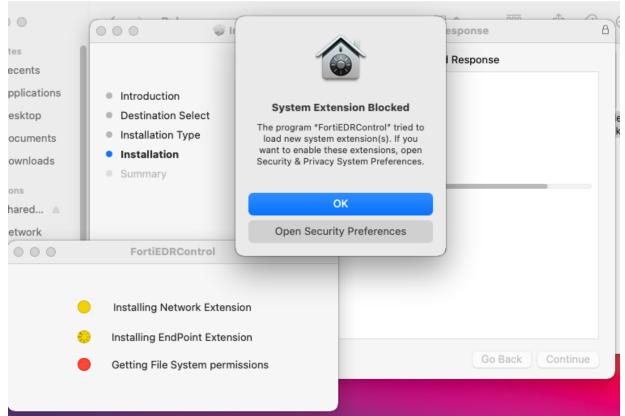
000	Install FortiEDR	Endpoint Detection and Response	8
 Introduc Destinat Installat Installati Summar 		rying to install new software. sword to allow this. Cancel Install Software	oftware
		Go Bac	k Install

••	Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response Collector Config
 Introc Desti Instal Insta Sumr 	Collector Configuration Aggregator Address: (example: 192.168.0.1) Port: 8081 Organization:
	Group: Advanced:
	Use System Proxy Settings Cancel Apply

In the Collector Conifguration page, specify the Aggregator's address and FortiEDR registration password. Optionally, you can select a desitination Organization and Collector Group and/or installation using a system proxy.

5. Click **Apply** to start the installation process.

- **6.** Perform the following during installation:
 - a. Enable Network and System Extensions, shown below:



- i. Open Security Preferences.
- ii. Click the lock at the bottom of the window in order to make changes.
- iii. In the General tab, click Details.

iv.

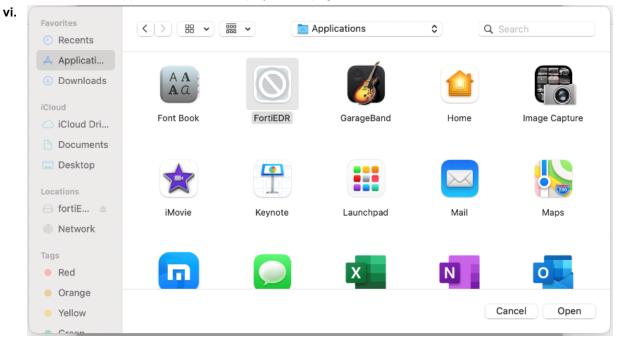
System software from the following developers was updated and the system needs to be restarted before it can be used.
FortiEDRControl
✓ FortiEDRControl
Cancel

Mark both checkboxes in order to allow FortiEDR to use Netword and System Extensions.

- v. Click OK in the System Extension Blocked Window.
- b. Enable Full Disk Access by performing the following:
 - i. Open Security Preferences.
 - ii. Click the lock at the bottom of the window in order to make changes.
 - iii. In the Privacy tab, select Full Disk Access from the left pane.
 - iv. Mark the checkboxes of both the FortiEDRCollector (FortiEDR in MacOS v11.3 and below) and the FortiEDR_EndPoint applications:



v. If that FortiEDR application does not display on this page, click the + button.



Click Applications, select FortiEDR and then click Open.

7.	
	"Installer" will not have full disk
	access until it is quit.
	You can choose to quit "Installer" now, or do it on your own later.
	Later Quit & Reopen
8.	In the popup window, click Later .
0.	○ ○ ○ 〈 〉 IIII Security & Privacy Q Search
	A login password ha
	✓ Require pass ✓ Require pass ✓ Require pass
	Show a mes All network activity on this Mac may be Message
	✓ Disable auto
	Allow Don't Allow
	Allow apps downloaded from:
	App Store
	App Store and identified developers
	Click the lock to prevent further changes. Advanced ?
	Click Allow.

•			Q Search	
ecents			l Response	
oplications esktop ocuments ownloads	 Introduction Destination Select Installation Type Installation Summary 	Full Disk Access for FortiEDR EndPoint Extension and Application Please enable Full Disk Access for FortiEDR EndPoint extension and FortiEDR Application		
ons nared ≜ etwork		Failure to add relevant permissions will result in incomplete protection. Open Settings -> Security & Privacy -> Privacy -> Full Disk Access.		
000	FortiEDRControl	Manually add /Applications/FortiEDR and check FortiEDR_EndPoint. Please consult installation guidelines if		
	Installing Network Extens	ок		
	Installing EndPoint Extens			
	Getting File System perm	issions	Go Back Cor	ntinue

Click OK.

- **10.** Click **Close** to complete the process.
- 11. When prompted to allow FORTIEDRTRAY notifications, click Allow

(R		C'D'	ŝ	Q	••	Wed	16 Feb	17:51
		catior	DRTRAY						now
	aug	55.						Allow	

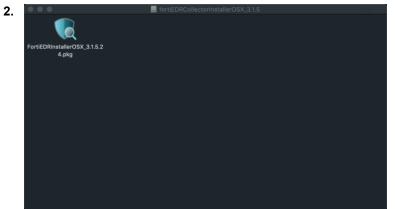
12. Reboot the device.

13. You can run the following command to check the status of the Collector:

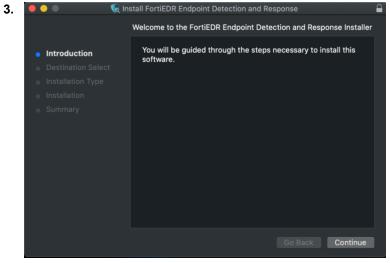
```
/Applications/FortiEDR.app/fortiedr_collector.sh status
```

To install a FortiEDR Collector on a Mac- operating system with versions prior to Big Sur (11), such as Catalina or Mojave:

1. Double-click the *.dmg file named FortiEDRCollectorInstallerOSX_1.3.0.xxx.dmg.



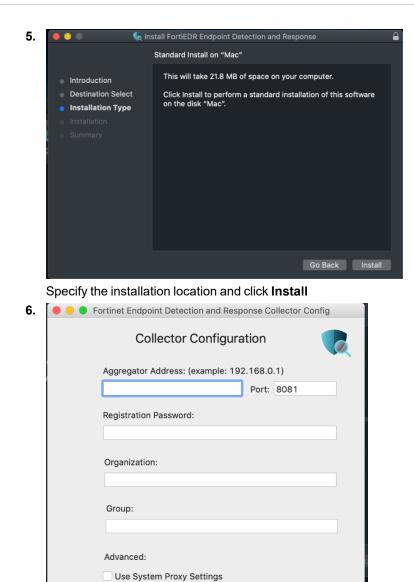
Double-click the *.pkg file named FortiEDRCollectorInstallerOSX_1.3.0.xxx.pkg



Click Continue

4. Select the destination disk and click Continue

Installing FortiEDR



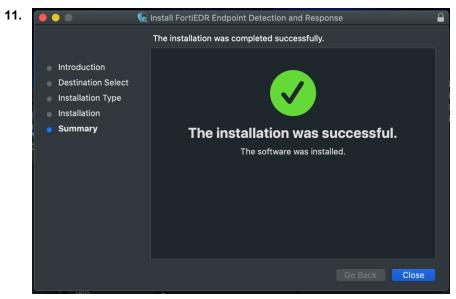
In the **Aggregator Address** field, enter the IP address of the Aggregator in the first box and the port of the Aggregator in the adjacent (**Port**) box.

Apply

Cancel

- 7. In the Registration Password field, enter the registration password as described in Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.
- 8. Leave the Organization field empty or for a multi-tenant setup, insert the organization to which this Collector belongs (as it appears under the **ADMINISTRATION > ORGANIZATIONS** tab of the FortiEDR Central Manager).
- If you use a web proxy to filter requests in this device's network, then check the Use System Proxy Settings checkbox. Note that the MacOS must be configured to use a proxy and that the proxy must support HTTPS before installing the Collector (System Preferences > Network > Advanced > Proxies).
- 10. Click Apply.

Installing FortiEDR



Click Close.

Installing a FortiEDR Collector on Linux

To install a customized FortiEDR Collector on Linux:

- Copy the custom Linux Collector installer zip file, FortiEDRSilentInstall_5.1.0.195_envname_Tenant.zip to the device. This file was downloaded from the provided link as described in Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256.
- 2. Unzip using the following command:

sudo unzip ./FortiEDRSilentInstall_5.1.0.195_envname_Tenant.zip

If you don't have zip software on the device, install it using:

yum install zip

3. Extract the installer using the following command:

sudo gunzip ./FortiEDRSilentInstall_5.1.0.195_envname_Tenant.sh.gz

4. Change the installation script permission with the following command:

chmod 755 FortiEDRSilentInstall_5.1.0.195_envname_Tenant.sh

5. Run the following to execute the installation script:

sudo ./FortiEDRSilentInstall_5.1.0.195_envname_Tenant.sh

To install a non-customized FortiEDR Collector on Linux:

- 1. Run the FortiEDR Collector installation file for 64-bit servers using the following command:
 - CentOS/RHEL/Oracle/AMI: sudo yum install ./FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_%Linux_distribution%-%version_number%.x86_64.rpm For example, sudo yum install ./FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_CentOS6-3.1.0-74.x86_64.rpm.
 - Ubuntu:

sudo apt-get install ./FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Ubuntu-%version_number%.deb

For example, sudo apt-get install ./FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Ubuntu-3.1.0-74.deb.

SUSE Linux:

rpm --import RPM-GPG-KEY.key

The FortiEDR PGP key is included in the download link of the pre-populated installer, see the Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256.

zypper install FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_%distribution% -%version_number%.rpm

For example: zypper install FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_openSUSE15-4.5.0-88.x86_64.rpm

2. After the installation is completed, run the following:

sudo /opt/FortiEDRCollector/scripts/fortiedrconfig.sh

- 3. Specify the FortiEDR Aggregator domain name or IP address.
- 4. Enter the FortiEDR Aggregator port information (usually 8081).
- 5. For a multi-tenant setup, enter the organization. Otherwise, leave the organization empty.
- 6. Enter Collector Group information or leave empty to be registered to the default Collector Group.
- 7. Enter the device registration password, described in Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.
- 8. At the Do you want to connect via proxy (Y/N)? prompt, type Y if your setup includes a web proxy. For more details see Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26.
- **9.** 9 If your software distribution system does not allow the addition of specific parameters to the command, you can use the custom FortiEDR Collector installer, which can be accessed via the Central Manager Console using the required DNS or IP address and password that is already embedded inside. For more details, see Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256.

Note – Installation of the FortiEDR Linux Collector on a VM that is running other components of FortiEDR such as Core or Aggregator requires adding a special hidden configuration. Contact Fortinet Support for more assistance.

Automated FortiEDR Collector Deployment

Automated FortiEDR Collector Deployment on Windows

FortiEDR can be installed automatically via any software installation and distribution system.

To deploy a FortiEDR Collector via a command line:

1. Use the following command syntax:

msiexec /i FortiEDRCollectorInstaller64.msi /qn AGG=10.0.0.1:8081 PWD=1234

For example, to install a FortiEDR Collector on a 64-bit machine, connect it to a FortiEDR Aggregator on IP address 10.0.0.1 and use the device registration password 1234, enter the following command:

msiexec /i FortiEDRCollectorInstaller64.msi /qn AGG=10.0.0.1:8081 PWD=1234

You can specify which Collector Group to assign this Collector to by adding the DEFGROUP parameter. This parameter is optional. When you specify this parameter, the first time that this Collector registers with the system, it is automatically assigned to the Collector Group specified by the DEFGROUP parameter.

For example, to install a FortiEDR Collector on a 64-bit machine, connect it to a FortiEDR Aggregator on IP address 10.0.0.1, use the device registration password 1234, use the DEFGROUP parameter and enter the following command:

msiexec /i FortiEDRCollectorInstaller64.msi /qn AGG=10.0.0.1:8081 PWD=1234 DEFGROUP=server

Note: The name of the Collector MSI file may be different.

For Collectors version 3.0.0 and above, you can set a designated group and/or organization. To do so, enter the following command:

./CustomerBootstrapGenerator --aggregator [IP] --password '[PASSWORD]' --organization '
[ORGANIZATION]' --group '[GROUP]' > CustomerBootstrap.js

- 2. Using web proxy can be configured for Collectors version 3.0.0 and above. To do so, append the parameter PROXY=1 to the command syntax shown above.
- 3. In general, a FortiEDR Collector does not require the device on which it is installed to reboot after its installation. However, in some cases, you may want to couple the installation of the FortiEDR Collector with a reboot of the device. To do so, append the parameter NEEDREBOOT=1 to the command syntax shown above. Collectors that are installed with this flag appear in the FortiEDR Central Manager as Pending Reboot (page 87) and will not start operating until the after the device is rebooted.

Note: In general, rebooting the device after installing a FortiEDR Collector is good practice, but is not mandatory. Rebooting may prevent a threat actor from attempting to exfiltrate data on a previously existing connection that was established before installation of the FortiEDR Collector.

- 4. When installing on a Citrix PVS golden image, append the parameter CITRIXPVS=1 to the command syntax shown above.
- 5. If your software distribution system does not allow the addition of specific parameters to the command, you can use the custom FortiEDR Collector installer, which can be accessed via the Central Manager Console using the required DNS or IP address and password that is already embedded inside. For more details see Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256.

Automated FortiEDR Collector Deployment on Mac

To deploy a custom FortiEDR macOS Collector via a command line:

- 1. Get a pre-populated customized Collector installer for macOS as described in Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer on page 256.
- 2. Run the following command in order to install using the specified settings:

sudo installer -pkg <package path> -target /

For example, if the package file is FortiEDRInstallerOSX_2.5.2.38.pkg, use the following command:

sudo installer -pkg ./FortiEDRInstallerOSX_2.5.2.38.pkg -target /

To deploy a non-customized FortiEDR macOS Collector via a command line:

Run the following command line to generate the settings file:

./CustomBootstrapGenerator --aggregator [IP] --password [PASSWORD] > CustomerBootstrap.jsn

If the Aggregator port is different than 8081 (which is set by default), you can add the following:

```
./CustomBootstrapGenerator --aggregator [IP] --password [PASSWORD] --port 8083 >
CustomerBootstrap.jsn
```

The following are optional parameters that can be used with the custom installer generator:

- If the Collector should be part of a designated Collector Group, use --group '[GROUP]'.
- For a multi-tenant setup, the organization to which this device belongs to can be added using

--organization '[ORGANIZATION]'

• If a web proxy is being used to filter requests in this device's network, use

```
--useProxy '1'
```

The following is an example that includes all optional parameters:

```
./CustomBootstrapGenerator --aggregator [IP] --password [PASSWORD] --useProxy '1' --organization
'[ORGANIZATION]' --group '[GROUP]' > CustomerBootstrap.jsn
```

Automated FortiEDR macOS Collector deployment on Big Sur operating system devices with MDM

When distributed with MDM solutions such as Jamf, FortiEDR can be allowlisted with the following Team ID and Bundle ID identifiers:

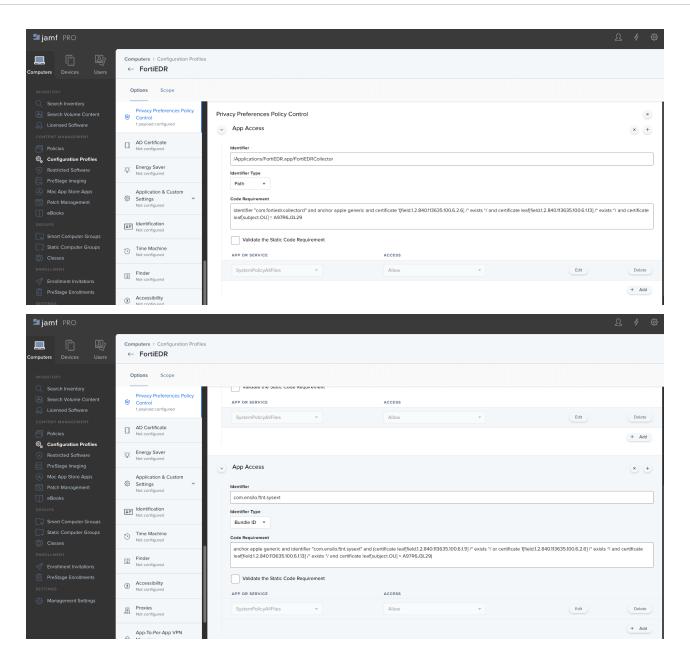
- A97R6J3L29 com.ensilo.ftnt
- A97R6J3L29 com.ensilo.ftnt.sysext

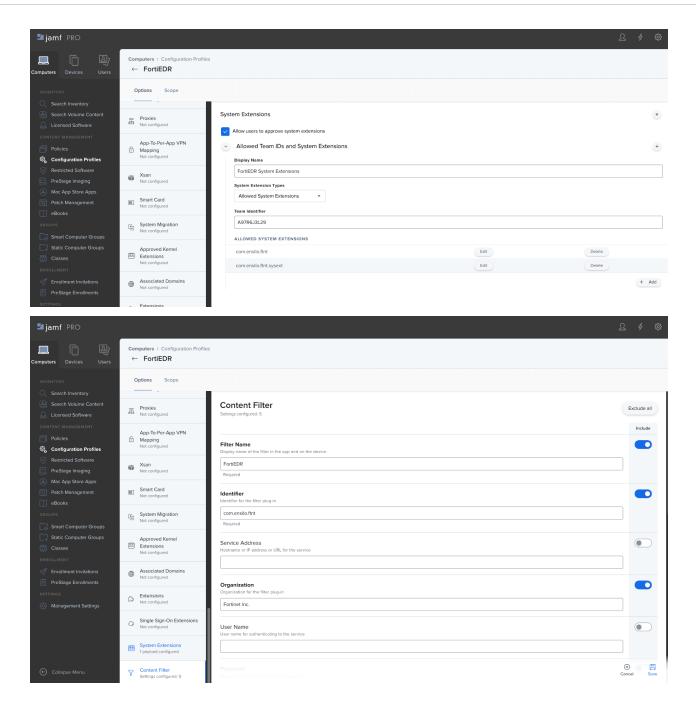
Installing FortiEDR on Mac Big Sur Devices using Jamf PRO

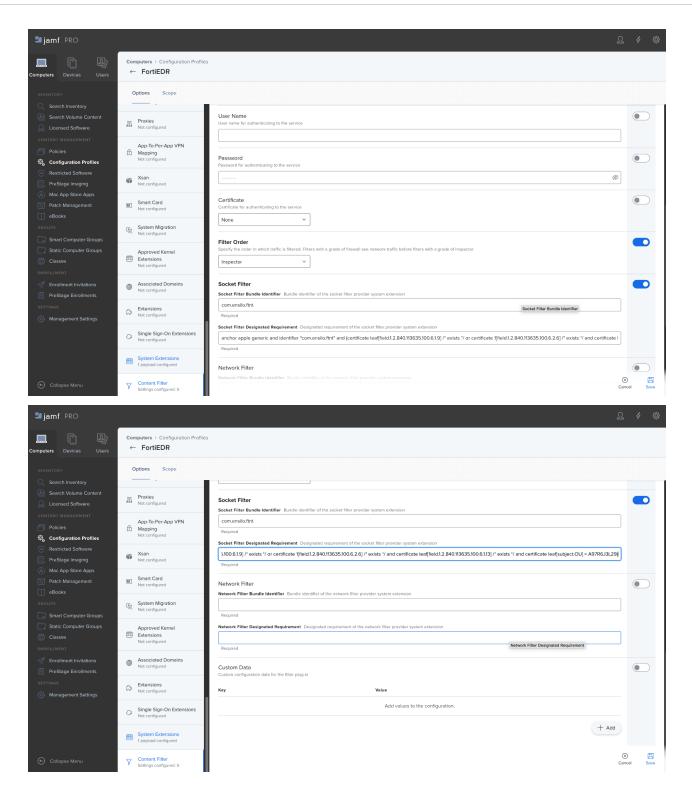
To install FortiEDR on Mac Big Sur devices using Jamf PRO:

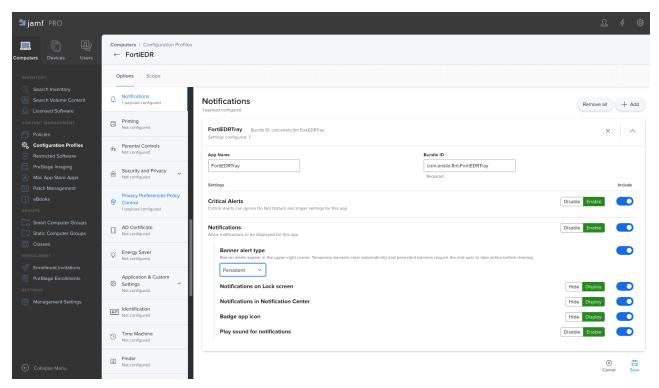
- 1. In jamf PRO, navigate to **Computers > Configuration Profiles > New**.
- 2. Create a configuration profile as shown in the screenshots below:

🎜 jamf 🛛 PRO				
Computers Devices Users	Computers : Configuration Profiles ← FortiEDR			
INVENTORY	Options Scope			
Q Search Inventory				
Search Volume Content	🕸 General	General		
😞 Licensed Software		Name Display name of the profile		
CONTENT MANAGEMENT	P Passcode Not configured	FortiEDR		
Policies		Description Brief explanation of the content or purpose of the profile		
®ରୁ Configuration Profiles	Retwork	This is the official FortiEDR MDM profile for FortEDRCollector versions 4.1.0.119 or later		
Restricted Software	Not comigured			
PreStage Imaging	VPN	Category Category to add the profile to		
Mac App Store Apps	Not configured			
Patch Management Books	DNS Settings Not configured			
GROUPS	Not configured	Level Level at which to apply the profile Computer Level		
Smart Computer Groups	DNS Proxy	Computer Level *		
Static Computer Groups	DNS Proxy Not configured	Distribution Method Method to use for distributing the profile		
Classes	Content Caching	Install Automatically		
ENROLLMENT	Not configured			
Enrollment Invitations	Certificate			
PreStage Enrollments	Not configured			
SETTINGS				
Management Settings	 Certificate Transparency Not configured 			
	SCEP Not configured			
	Directory Not configured			
_			\otimes	8
Collapse Menu	Software Update		Cancel	Save
	rist conligated			









A sample Jamf profile for upload can be provided upon request.

Working with FortiEDR on VDI Environments

The FortiEDR Collector must only be installed on the master image (not on a clone) of the VMware Horizon or Citrix XenDesktop in order to ensure that the virtual environment is protected. On Citrix, it is also recommended to install the Collector on the Windows servers that run the entire Citrix platform.

When installing the Collector, set the VDI-designated installation flag. To do so, append the parameter **VDI=1** to the command syntax shown above or check the **VDI** checkbox in the installation wizard, as shown in Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26.

When installing on a Citrix PVS golden image, append an additional parameter **CITRIXPVS=1** to the command syntax shown above.

After the Collector is successfully installed and running on the golden image and before the image is being cloned, the FortiEDR Collector configuration must be erased such so that cloned images will not show up as the same Collector on the Central Manager console. To do that so, run the following command as an administrator:

FortiEDRCollectorService.exe --stop --clean

In VDI installations where VDI pools are used, there is no need to generate Collector groups in the user interface. Any newly generated virtual desktop is automatically assigned to the default VDI Collectors group. Upon first user login to the virtual desktop, FortiEDR automatically generates a Collector group that corresponds with the respective pool name, as specified in VMware Horizon. Any Collector that is installed on a virtual desktop that is part of this pool is automatically assigned from the default VDI Collectors group to the corresponding Collector group, regardless of whether the pool

definition in VMware is *dedicated* or *floating*. In effect, Collector groups in the FortiEDR user interface are a copy of the virtual machines' pool on VMware Horizon or Citrix.

Any newly created Collector group is automatically assigned to an out-of-the-box predefined policy. This mechanism ensures that any newly created virtual machine is automatically and immediately protected by a unique instance of the FortiEDR Collector.

IMPORTANT: When using FortiEDR automatic updates to Collectors via the Central Manager, make sure to update the master image too. Otherwise, every time that a new environment is created from the master image, an automatic update is performed, which can overload network traffic.

Uninstalling FortiEDR Collectors

You can uninstall a FortiEDR Collector using the following methods:

• From the Central Manager INVENTORY > Collectors page



This method is recommended for Windows, Linux, and macOS 10.11 to 10.15.

For macOS 11 or later, due to a macOS design limitation, this method does not remove the FortiEDR Collector system extension, which can only be uninstalled using an MDM solution.

- Through the operating system's application management (for example, Add or Remove Programs on Windows)
- Using dedicated FortiEDR scripts

The following section describes how to uninstall a FortiEDR Collector with Fortinet scripts.

Windows

Uninstall the Collector by running either of the following commands as administrator. Replace *REGPWD* with the registration password used for the installation, which is available in Component Authentication on page 295.

• msiexec.exe /x **GUID** /qn UPWD=**REGPWD** RMCONFIG=1 /l*vx log.txt

Replace **GUID** with the FortiEDR uninstallation product key, which can be found by following the steps below:

- a. Select Start >> Run.
- **b.** Type regedit to open the *Registry Editor* window.
- c. Navigate to HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Uninstall\.
- **d.** Expand the *Uninstall* subkeys in the left-hand pane and search for "FortiEDR" to locate the subkey for FortiEDR.
- e. Open the FortiEDR subkey and copy the *UninstallString* value in the right pane, for example, {01C88AE6-6782-4798-81C6-954E0D14FCF5}.
- f. Close the Registry Editor window.
- msiexec /x FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_X.msi /qn UPWD=**REGPWD** RMCONFIG=1

You must run this command from same directory as the msi installer. Or you can replace the msi filename with the full path to the msi file, such as C:\Users\Allen\Desktop\FortiEDRCollectorInstaller64_ 4.1.0.491.msi, which allows you to run the command anywhere.

macOS

To uninstall the Collector on macOS with versions prior to Big Sur (11), such as Catalina or Mojave:

sudo /Library/FortiEDR/fortiedr_uninstaller.sh 'REGISTRATION PASSWORD'



It is good practice to use REGISTRATION PASSWORD wrapped with single quotes so that it is interpreted correctly by the shell. For example,

sudo /Library/FortiEDR/fortiedr_uninstaller.sh '!EPdzv30break'

To uninstall the Collector on macOS with Big Sur (version 11) or above:

/Applications/FortiEDR.app/fortiedr_uninstaller.sh 'REGISTRATION PASSWORD'

Linux



Uninstalling a Linux Collector removes all configuration files. You must reconfigure all settings after installing a new Linux Collector.

If you are uninstalling a non-customized Linux Collector installer and would like to retain the configuration for later use, Fortinet recommends that you upgrade the Linux Collector instead of uninstalling the current Collector and re-installing a new one. However, you cannot perform an upgrade on a custom Linux Collector.

To uninstall a Collector on Linux:

1. Check the status of the Collector using the following command:

/opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --status

The Collector should be stopped before running the uninstall command.

2. If the status is not stopped, stop the Collector using the following command:

/opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --stop <registration password>

For example:

/ opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --stop 12345678

- 3. Uninstall the Collector using the following command:
 - CentOS, RHEL, Oracle, AMI, SLES:

```
yum remove <package name>
   0
     OR
        rpm -qa | grep fortiedr | xargs rpm -e
   0
• Ubuntu:
```

sudo dpkg --purge fortiedrcollectorinstaller

Upgrading FortiEDR Components

If your FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository, Central Manager, Aggregator or Core are deployed on your organization's premises (on-premises), see to Appendix C - ON PREMISE DEPLOYMENTS on page 383

Upgrading the Collector

After a Collector has been installed in the system, you can upgrade it using one of the following methods:

- Using the Load Content option, see Content Updates in step 9 of Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21
- · As described in the procedure below.

You can use whichever method you prefer.

To upgrade the Collector manually (not via the user interface):

Windows

```
1. Copy the FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler32 x.x.x.xxx.msi or
   FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler64 x.x.x.msi file (as appropriate) to the Collector machine. For
   example, FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler32 2.0.0.330.msi or
   FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler64 2.0.0.330.msi.
```

2. Double-click the FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler32 x.x.x.xxx.msi or FortiEDRCollectorInstallaler64 x.x.x.xxx.msi file and follow the displayed instructions.

Linux



You can only manually upgrade non-customized Linux Collectors. For custom Linux Collectors, you must first uninstall the current Collector and then install a new one, which requires reconfiguration.

To upgrade a non-customized Collector on Linux:

1. Check the status of the Collector using the following command:

/opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --status

The Collector should be stopped before running the upgrade command.

2. If the status is not stopped, stop the Collector using the following command:

/opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --stop <registration password>

For example:

/ opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --stop 12345678

- 3. Copy the installer file to the Collector machine (either FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Linux_ distribution-version_number.x86_64.rpm OF FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Ubuntuversion_ number.deb).
- 4. Upgrade the Collector using the following command:
 - CentOS/RHEL/Oracle/AMI:

sudo yum install FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Linux_distribution-version_number.x86_64.rpm

• Ubuntu:

Ubuntu: Run sudo apt install FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_Ubuntu-version_number.deb

SLES:

zypper install FortiEDRCollectorInstaller_distribution-version_number.rpm

- 5. Enter y when asked if you want to upgrade.
- 6. After the upgrade is complete, start the Collector using the following command:

/opt/FortiEDRCollector/control.sh --start

Security Settings

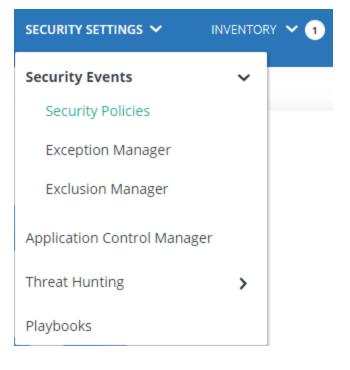
This chapter describes FortiEDR security policies and Playbook policies for defining, monitoring and handling FortiEDR security.

Security Events

FortiEDR Security Policies

The most powerful proprietary feature of the FortiEDR platform is its predefined and configurable security policies.

To access the FortiEDR Security Policies page, click the down arrow next to **SECURITY SETTINGS > Security Events > Security Policies**.



Out-of-the-box Policies

FortiEDR provides the following out-of-the-box policies:

- Execution Prevention: This policy blocks the execution of files that are identified as malicious or suspected to be malicious. For this policy, each file is analyzed to find evidence for malicious activity. One of the following rules is triggered, based on the analysis result:
 - **Most Likely a Malicious File**: A Malicious File Execution rule is triggered with a critical severity. By default, the file is blocked.

- **Probably a Malicious File**: A Suspicious File Execution rule is triggered with a high severity. By default, the file is blocked.
- Show Evidence of Malicious File: An Unresolved file rule is triggered with a medium severity. By default, the file is logged, but is not blocked.
- Exfiltration Prevention: This policy enables FortiEDR to distinguish which connection establishment requests are malicious ones.
- **Ransomware Prevention**: This policy enables FortiEDR to detect and block malware that prevents or limits users from accessing their own system.
- **Application Control**: This policy enables FortiEDR to block user-defined applications from running, so that they do not launch. Blocklist management is done on the Application Control Manager page, see page 57 for more details.
- **Device Control**: This policy enables FortiEDR to detect and block the usage of USB devices, such as USB mass storage devices. In this policy, detection is based on the device type. This feature is a license-dependent and requires the Vulnerability Management add-on (meaning License Type that is either Discover and Protect or Discover, Protect and Response.
- eXtended Detection Policy: This policy provides visibility into data across multiple security systems and identifies abnormal or malicious activity by applying analytics and correlating data from various systems. This policy requires that you configure an XDR source connector in the ADMINISTRATION > INTEGRATIONS section. This feature is a license-dependent add-on. You may contact Fortinet Support for more information.

Note: The Extended Detection policy provides detection features (meaning that events are logged and displayed in the Event Viewer). No blocking options are provided. The exceptions and forensics options are not available in the Event Viewer for security events triggered by the Extended Detection policy.

				V 2 ADMINISTRA	ATION (2240) • Frotection V Einat N
SECURITY POLICIES	😰 Assign Collector Group 📲 Delete	(4) Showing 1-10/40	Search	₹Q	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
	E on Prevention FRATINET	RULE NAME	ACTION	STATE	High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) 4.6 early (0 collectors included)
		Malicious File Detected Privilege Escalation Exploit Detected - A malicious escalation of privileges was detected	BlockBlock	EnabledEnabled	4.6lior (3 collectors included) Beta 4.1.0 (3 collectors included)
		Sandbox Analysis - File was sent to the sandbox for analysis Stack Pivot - Stack Pointer is Out of Bounds	📗 Log 🖉 Block	DisabledEnabled	Cloud (3 collectors included) Default Collector Group (6 collectors included) edrtest (1 collector included)
		Suspicious Driver Load - Attempt to load a suspicious driver Suspicious File Detected	Ø BlockØ Block	 Enabled Enabled 	emulation (0 collectors included) emulation_a (0 collectors included)
		Suspicious Script Execution - A script was executed in a suspicious context Unconfirmed File Detected	Ø Block	 Enabled Enabled 	Eugene-collectors (0 collectors included) Eugene-emulator (0 collectors included)
	on Prevention				Linux collectors (2 collectors included) lior (1 collector included)
> Device C					Iior Testing (0 collectors included) Iior333 (0 collectors included) Iior4.6 (0 collectors included)

• Note: You will receive one or all policies, depending on your FortiEDR license.

FortiEDR security policies come with multiple highly intelligent rules that enforce them.

The Exfiltration Prevention, Ransomware Prevention, Application Control, Device Control, Execution Prevention and eXtended Detection security policies can run simultaneously.

When multiple security policies are used, they do not generate duplicate security events:

- Exfiltration Prevention rule violation is detected when there is a connection establishment attempt.
- Ransomware rule violation is detected when there is an attempt to lock files or access their data (for example, by encrypting the data).
- Execution Prevention rule violation is detected when a malicious file is being executed by the user or by the operation system.



- Device Control rule violation is detected when there is an attempt to use a USB device, such as a mass storage device. It is supported on Windows devices only.
- Application Control rule violation is detected when there is an execution attempt of an application that is included in the blocklist.
- An Extended Detection rule violation is detected when malicious activity is identified across network, endpoints and cloud.

Thus, these security policies detect rule violations at different places and points in time in the operating system. Device control and Application Control security events are displayed under dedicated **Device Control** or **Application Control** filters in the Events page and are not listed as part of the **AII** filter.

Protection or Simulation Mode

During an initial acquaintance period or at any time, you can decide that FortiEDR acts as either of the following:

- **Protection:** FortiEDR enforces its active exfiltration prevention policy that blocks all connections that violate the relevant FortiEDR security policy rules.
- Simulation (Notification Only): FortiEDR *only* issues an alert (described below) for all connections that violate any rule in the FortiEDR security policy. In this mode, FortiEDR does not block exfiltration. FortiEDR comes out-of-the-box set to this mode.

Note: If you have purchased a Content add-on license, policy rules and built-in exceptions are periodically automatically added or updated by Fortinet. When a new security policy is added, an indicator number displays on the SECURITY SETTINGS tab.

Use the **Protection/Simulation** slider at the far right of the window to enable the applicable mode, as shown below:

•		IT VIEWER 🔢 FORENSICS 🗸 Com	MUNICATION CONTROL V (228) SECURITY SETTING	NVENTORY	V 2 ADMINISTR	ATION (2234) O Protection V Einat V
SECURITY PC	DLICIES	te	4 4 Showing 1-10/40 🕨	Search	₹Q	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
🗌 🚽 All	POLICY NAME	RULE NAME		ACTION	STATE	
▶ 🗌	Execution Prevention					
▶ 🗌	Exfiltration Prevention					
▶ 🗌	Ransomware Prevention FURTINET					
▶ 🗌	Control					
▶ 🗌	💥 eXtended Detection Policy FORTINET					

You can click the down arrow next to the **Protection/Simulation** slider to see an at-a-glance view of the system's various security policies and their impact on the Collectors in the system.

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		ASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 18 FORENSICS ~	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 305 SECURITY SETTINGS	V INVENTORY 28 ADMINISTRATION 31	Protection V Barbara
SECUDIT	XFILTRATION PREVENTION	RANSOMWARE PREVENTION	EXECUTION PREVENTION	PLAYBOOKS	COMMUNICATION CONTROL
Clone Points					
🗌 🚽 All					
•	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	45 Collectors	45 Collectors	45 Collectors	45 Collectors	46 Collectors
	45 Prevention	45 Prevention	45 Prevention	45 Simulation	46 Simulation

Security Policies Page

The **SECURITY POLICIES** page displays a row for each security policy. Each policy row can be expanded to show the rules that it contains, as shown below. To access this page, click the down arrow next to **SECURITY SETTINGS** and then select **Security Policies**.

Clone Policy	DLICIES	Delete		Search	₹Q.	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
] ↓ All	POLICY NAME Execution Prevention	et 💽	RULE NAME	ACTION	STATE	High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) A (0 collectors included) a (0 collectors included)
			Malicious File Detected Privilege Escalation Exploit Detected - A malicious escalation of privileges was detected Sandbox Analysis - File was sent to the sandbox for analysis	Ø Block	 Enabled Disabled 	A Victim (0 collectors included) Accounting (0 collectors included) Default VDI Group (0 collectors included)
			Stack Pivot - Stack Pointer is Out of Bounds Suspicious Driver Load - Attempt to load a suspicious driver Suspicious File Detected Suspicious Script Execution - A script was executed in a suspicious context	 Ø Block Ø Block Ø Block Ø Block 	 Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled 	emu (5 collectors included) emulation (4 collectors included) enSilo employees (2 collectors included) Home users (0 collectors included)
	Exfiltration Prevention Ransomware Prevention	ET 🚺	Unconfirmed File Detected	Log	 Disabled 	Store (0 collectors included)
Rule Details RULE NAME: N RULE DETAILS The file was in		; engine or	by other means, based on analysis of the file.			

FortiEDR is provided out-of-the-box with several predefined security policies (depending on your license), ready for you to get started. By default, all policies are set to Simulation mode (meaning that they only log and do not block) and show the FORTINET logo. This page also enables you to define additional policies.

Security Policy	Icon
Exfiltration Prevention	No. 1997
Ransomware Prevention	
Execution Prevention	•
Device Control Policies	€x .

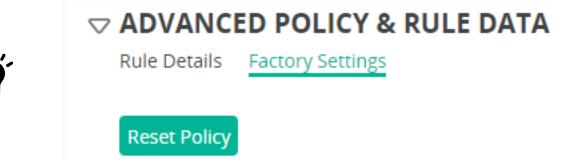
Security Settings

Security Policy	lcon
Application Control Policies	⊀ tit
Extended Detection	*

The following information is defined per security policy:

Information Field	Description
Policy Name	The policy name appears in the left most column. The policy name is defined when the policy is created. The name of the Default Policy cannot be changed.
Rule Name	FortiEDR's proprietary rules come predefined and are the primary component of FortiEDR's proprietary security solution. This column displays a short description for the purpose of this rule. Note : You can expand the ADVANCED POLICY & RULES DATA area at the bottom left of the window to display a more detailed description of what the rule does and how it works.
Action	 Specifies the action that is enforced when this rule is violated. You can change this field, as follows: Block Block: When this policy is set to Prevention mode (Setting a Security Policy's Prevention or Simulation Mode on page 59), the exfiltration attempt is blocked and a blocking event is generated. When this policy is set to Simulation mode, the outgoing connection attempt is NOT blocked and a simulated-blocking event is generated (this indicates that FortiEDR <i>would have</i> blocked the exfiltration if the policy had been set to Prevention mode). Log Log The event is only logged regardless of whether the policy is set to Prevention or Simulation mode. The outgoing connection attempt is not blocked.
State	(Enabled/Disabled) This option enables you to disable/enable this rule. FortiEDR's rules have been created as a result of extensive expertise and experience. Therefore, we do not recommend disabling any of them.

To reset a FortiEDR security policy to its out-of-the-box settings, click the Reset Policy button in the **ADVANCED POLICY & RULE DATA** section, as shown below:



Setting a Security Policy's Prevention or Simulation Mode

Each FortiEDR security policy can be set to operate in one of the following modes:

- **Prevention**: FortiEDR enforces its active prevention policy that blocks all activity that violates relevant rules in the FortiEDR security policy.
- Simulation/Notification Only: FortiEDR logs and alerts only violations of FortiEDR security policy. The events are shown in the FortiEDR Central Manager. In this mode, FortiEDR does not block malicious activity. This is the default mode of all FortiEDR security policies out of the box. You can decide to use this mode during an initial acquaintance period or at any time.

To set a security policy to Prevention or Simulation mode:

1. 1 Select the checkbox of the security policy to be configured. Alternatively, you can select the top-left checkbox to configure all security policies at once.

SE	SECURITY POLICIES									
	Clone Policy 🔵 S	et Mode 🔻 🚺 Assign Collector (Group 👕	Delete						
	🗸 🔺 All	POLICY NAME								
⊳	~	Execution Prevention	FORTIDET							
⊳	×	Exfiltration Prevention	FURTINET							
⊳	~	Ransomware Prevention	FORTIDET							
⊳	~	🧳 Device Control	FORTIDET							
⊳	~	💥 eXtended Detection Policy	FURTINET							

2. You can now either:

- a. O Set mode : Click the Set Mode button and select either Prevention or Simulation, as shown above.
- **b. (C)**: Move the slider to the left for Prevention or to the right for Simulation.

You can also set all FortiEDR policies to Simulation mode at once by moving the slider at the top-left corner to Simulation, as shown below:

	SECURITY POLIC	Set Mode • Assign Collector	Group 👕 Delete
	🗸 🔺 All	POLICY NAME	
Ý	▷ ✓	Execution Prevention	
	\triangleright \checkmark	Exfiltration Prevention	
	D 🗸	Ransomware Prevention	
	▷ ✓	Cevice Control	
	▷ ✓	💥 eXtended Detection Policy	

Creating a New Security Policy

A new security policy can be created by cloning an existing policy, as described below. New security policies are only needed if you are going to assign different policies to different Collector Groups. Otherwise, you can simply modify one of the default policies that are provided out-of-the-box and apply it to all FortiEDR Collectors by default. Modifications made on one security policy do not affect any other policies.

To create a new security policy:

1. In the **SECURITY POLICIES** page, check the checkbox of the security policy to be cloned. The buttons at the top of the window then become active.

	DASHBOARD EV	VENT VIEWER 151 FORENSICS 🛩 COMMI	UNICATION CONTROL V 1228 SECURITY SETTIN	IGS V INVENTORY	✓ 2 ADMINISTRA	TION 2261 Cinat *
SECURITY PO	LICIES	elere	d d Showing 1-10/40 ►	▶I Search	₹Q	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
All	POLICY NAME	RULE NAME		ACTION	STATE	4.6 early (0 collectors included)
▶ 🗌	Execution Prevention					Beta 4.1.0 (3 collectors included)
>	Exfiltration Prevention					lior4.6 (0 collectors included)
▷ 🗌	Ransomware Prevention FURTINET					lior5.0 (7 collectors included)
Þ 🗌	C Device Control					liortest (0 collectors included)
Þ 🗌	💥 eXtended Detection Policy FURTINET 🔿					

2. Select the Clone Policy button. The following window displays:

POLICY CLONING		×
ORIGINAL POLICY NAME	CLONED POLICY NAME	
Exfiltration Prevention	Exfiltration Prevention cl	
1 Policy will be cloned		
	Clone Can	cel

- 3. Specify the name of the new security policy and click the **Clone** button.
- 4. If needed, assign the security policy to the required Collector Group so that it protects all the FortiEDR Collectors in that group, as described in Assigning a Security Policy to a Collector Group on page 61.

Assigning a Security Policy to a Collector Group

By default, a security policy protects the FortiEDR Collectors that belong to that Collector Group. A security policy can be assigned to more than one Collector Group. Multiple security policies can be assigned to each Collector Group.



It is not recommended to assign multiple security policies that have the same or overlapping rules to a Collector Group, as this means that the same security events will be triggered in response to both policies, producing duplicated events.

Refer to Defining a New Collector Group on page 104 for a description of how to define a new Collector Group in the **INVENTORY** tab.

1. 1 In the SECURITY POLICIES page, select the name of the security policy to be assigned by clicking its checkbox.

ECURITY POLICIES	Group 📲 Delete	A Showing 1-10/4	10 F F Search C	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
Exfiltration Prevention			ACTION STATE	4.6 early (0 collectors included) Beta 4.1.0 (3 collectors included) Ilor4.6 (0 collectors included) Ilor5.0 (7 collectors included) Ilortest (0 collectors included)

2. 2 The right side of the window displays the Collector Groups to which this policy is assigned.

Click the 🖄 Assign Collector Group toolbar button, which displays the following window in which you can select the

Ľ

Collector Groups to which to assign this policy.

Search	Q	
GROUP NAME	# OF COLLEC	TORS
Default VDI Group	0	🗸 Assigne
enSilo employees	45	🗸 Assigne
enSilo Servers	0	🗸 Assigne
Home users	6	Availabl
my citrix pool (VDI)	0	🗸 Assigne
OSX Users	13	Availabl
Store	0	Availabl
US Users	0	✓ Assigned



The **ASSIGNED COLLECTORS GROUPS** area lists all the Collector Groups that have been assigned a security policy to protect them. You can also simply drag-and-drop a Collector Group from this list onto a policy in the left pane of this window to assign the Collector Group to be protected by that policy.

Deleting a Security Policy

Select the policy's checkbox and then click the ^{Belete} button.

Note: The Exfiltration Prevention, Ransomware Prevention, Device Control, Application Control, eXtended Detection and Execution Prevention FortiEDR security policies provided out-of-the-box (**FERTINET**) cannot be deleted.

Exception Manager

Exceptions enable you to limit the enforcement of a rule, meaning to create a white list for a specific flow of events that was used to establish a connection request or perform a specific operation.

An exception can be made for a Collector Group (several specific ones or for all) and a destination IP (a specific one, IPset or all). The event is then no longer triggered for that specific Collector Group or destination IP. This exception can be added on part or the entire set of rules and the process that triggered this event.

When an exception is defined, it results in one or more exception pairs. An exception pair specifies the rule that was violated, and the process on which the violation occurred, including its entire location path. For example, the following shows several examples of exception pairs:

- Rule File encryptor with Process c:\users\root\Desktop\ransom\RnsmTOX.exe
- Rule Process hollowing with Process c:\users\root\AppData\Local\hipmiav.exe

An exception that applies to a security event can result in the creation of several exception pairs. Each exception is associated with a specific process path. You determine whether the exception pair can run from the event-specific path or whether to apply the exception for this process so that it can run from any path.

If the exception pair includes more than one process, you can include the other processes too, as well as determine whether they can run from the event-specific path or from any path.

Any exception that you define applies to all policies.

Exceptions are created in the Event Viewer, as described on Defining Security Event Exceptions on page 147

Note – FCS may push an automated exception in cases where extended analysis and investigation of a security event leads to its reclassification as Safe. This prevents the security event from triggering again. In such cases, the security event is moved under archived events and the exception that was set is added in the Exception Manager with FortiEDRCloudServices as the handling user.

To manage exceptions:

Select SECURITY SETTINGS > Security Events > Exception Manager. Alternatively, in the EVENT VIEWER
page, click the following window displays, showing the list of previously created
exceptions:

	3 🚞			VIEWER 124 FORENSICS		TROL 💙 (1130) SECURITY SETTIN	GS 🗸 INVENTORY 🗸	ADMINISTRATION 29		Protection 🗸 E	
EX	CEPTION	MANAGER									
ſ	Search Excep	tion Q A	dvanced								
	👕 Delete 🛛	🖞 Export 👻								I Showing 1-10/2	201 🕨
	EVENT	PROCESS	PROCESS PATH	EXECUTED WITH	PATH	RULES	COLLECTOR GROUPS	DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 👻	
	663219	EXCEL.EXE	Any path			Suspicious Macro	High Security Collector	All Destinations	All Users	05-Oct-2020, 11:45 by: Einat	¥
	30558956	netsh.exe	\Windows\System32	PanGpHip.exe	Any path	Suspicious Script Execution	All Collector Groups	All Destinations	All Users	23-Mar-2020, 09:47 by: Tzaf	::
	665954	OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable	All Collector Groups	Internal Destinations (Al	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 19:05 by: Tzafit	*
		OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable					
	666041	maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub			PUP	All Collector Groups	167.114.64.227	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 18:51 by: Tzafit	*
		maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub			PUP					
		maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub			PUP					
	442648	camstudio.exe	sers\JTM.CDE\Desktop			Malicious File Detected	All Collector Groups	Internal Destinations (Al	All Users	25-Sep-2018, 23:16 by: Tzafit	*
	197019	Cisco WebEx Start	Any path			PUP	Home users	184.87.163.50	All Users	05-Nov-2017, 13:35 by: admin	::
		Cisco WebEx Start	Any path			PUP					

Tip – If the exception includes a free-text comment, you can hover over the Event ID in the Exception Manager to display it.

EXCEPTION MANAGER				
Search Exception Q Advanced				
🖀 Delete 📑 Export -				I Showing 1-10/12
EVENT PROCESS PATH EXECUTED WITH PA	TH RULES	COLLECTOR GROUPS DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 👻
d9311 fortimetCoust@mvkes, al 66 Col 2020, 00 41 22: The Re firefuz.eve is classified as Good. On the device VMN1664*	Malicious File Detected	All Collector Groups All Destinations	All Users	06-Oct-2020, 00:41 by: FortinetCloudServi

Tip – You can delete one or more exceptions simultaneously by selecting the checkbox at the beginning of its row and then clicking the Delete button.

E)	CEPTION	MANAGER									
	Search Exce	ption Q	Advanced								
	Delete	🛃 Export 🗸								Showing 1-10/2	01 F FI
	EVENT	PROCESS	PROCESS PATH	EXECUTED WITH	PATH	RULES	COLLECTOR GROUPS	DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 💌	
		maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub			PUP					
*	442648	camstudio.exe	sers\JTM.CDE\Desktop			Malicious File Detected	All Collector Groups	Internal Destinations (Al	All Users	25-Sep-2018, 23:16 by: Tzafit	::
*	197019	Cisco WebEx Start	Any path			PUP	Home users	184.87.163.50	All Users	05-Nov-2017, 13:35 by: admin	*

2. To filter the exception list, click the **Advanced** button. The window displays various filter boxes at the top of the window, which you can use to filter the list by specific criteria.

EXCEPTION MANAGER						
Process	Path	Rule	* Group	Destination	User	Q, Close

Click the **Basic search** button to access the standard search options.

Click the **Edit Exception** button in an exception row to edit that exception. For more details, see Editing Security Event Exceptions on Editing Security Event Exceptions on page 161.

Click the **Delete** button in an exception row to delete that exception.

Changes can be made on multiple exceptions at the same time by checking the Exceptions that you would like to edit and then clicking on the Edit tool, as shown below:

EXC	EPTION	MANAGER									
S	Search Excep	ption Q Ad	lvanced								
=	🕻 Edit	Delete 🖸 Export 🗸								Showing 1-10/45	9 🕨
E E	VENT	PROCESS	PROCESS PATH	EXECUTED WITH	PATH	RULES	COLLECTOR GROUPS	DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 🔻	
44	427089	eicar.com grid.appScope.getMaxAler	Any path			Malicious File Detected	All Collector Groups	All Destinations	All Users	13-Jan-2021, 08:37 by: FortinetCloudServi	¥
 ✓ 4. 	418037	TeamViewer_Service.exe grid.appScope.getMaxAler				PUP	liortest1	2a00:11c0:26:351:188:1 2a00:11c0:2:351:213:22 2a00:11c0:63:351:188:1	All Users	13-Jan-2021, 04:11 by: sofi	::
4	425068	ConnectivityTestAppNe grid.appScope.getMaxAler	nnectivityTestAppNew			Malicious File Detected	TTGroup	Internal Destinations (Al	All Users	13-Jan-2021, 04:09 by: sofi	:

The following window displays in the which you can choose to add new Collector Groups in addition to existing ones or to replace all Collector Groups with the new Collector Group values that you select:

EDIT MULTIPLE EXCEPTIONS	×
2 Exceptions selected	
Collector groups	
Cloud All Groups	Add To Existing 🔹
Destinations	✓ Add To Existing
	Replace All
Search Destinations Search Destinations	AND TO EXISTING
Type comments	
Sa	ve Changes Cancel

This same procedure can be used to edit the IP sets of the destination addresses of the selected exceptions.

Exclusion Manager

The Exclusion Manager enables you to define which processes or files are excluded from Security Policies monitoring. Two types of exclusions can be defined in the Exclusion Manager:

• **Process Exclusions**: This type of exclusion specifies that FortiEDR does not inspect the actions that are performed by specific processes, so that these processes do not trigger security events. The processes that are

excluded are identified by the attributes of the processes, according to your definitions.

There may be various reasons for excluding a process in this manner. For example, when a process's performance/functionality is affected by FortiEDR's inspection, but the customer knows that this process is good/safe (this example is relevant, even when the process does not trigger security events). Therefore, in this case, the exclusion will specify that FortiEDR no longer inspects the specified processes.

Please note that adding this type of exclusion excludes this process from being monitored by all FortiEDR features and all activities of this process are ignored.

• Execution Prevention Exclusions: The Execution Prevention policy inspects/scans files and then blocks their execution if they are identified as malicious or suspected to be malicious. Execution Prevention Exclusions specify that FortiEDR does not apply the Execution Prevention policy inspection, which analyzes files in order to find evidence of malicious activity, as described in Security Settings on page 54. The files that are excluded are identified by the attributes of the files that are the target of the Execution Prevention actions, according to your definitions.

To manage exclusions:

Select **SECURITY SETTINGS > Security Events > Exclusion Manager**. The following window displays, showing the list of previously created exclusions:

	- Dashboard event vener 🕮 forensics 👻 communication control V 🕅 security settings V inventory V 🥃 administration 🚥 🔹 Proversion V i	
EXCLUSION MANAGER	Q If Process 🚱 Execution Prevention	
+ Add list	⊕Add Exclusion → @) Set State → @) Delete	
galit (0) No collector groups assigned	Source attributes OS LAST UPDATED * STATE	
andreyt Exclusion (0)	Image: Second	
andreyt (0 Collectors)	🕐 👘 chukumoko.stam 🗰 2021-12-29 18:53:58 by admin 💿 Enabled	
Galit's list (3) high-security.coll_ Michael LinuxUPG andreyt Default Collector_ +	I State of the second s	

The list of exclusions in the Collection Exclusions page contains the following columns:

Column	Description
Checkbox	Enables you to select multiple rows.
lcon	 Represents the type of exclusion Process II - Execution Prevention
SOURCE ATTRIBUTES	Specifies the attributes that were defined in order to identify the Process/File, as described in Defining Exclusions on page 69
OS	Specifies the operating system to which theis exclusion applies. Currently, only Windows is supported.
LAST UPDATED	Specifies when this exclusion was last updated and by whom.
STATE	Specifies whether this exclusion is enabled or disabled.
0	Edit and delete excursion tools.

The following actions can be performed in the Collection Exclusions page:

- Filtering on page 68
- Defining Exclusion Lists on page 68
- Defining Exclusions on page 69

Filtering

To filter the Exclusion List names and their content, simply enter text in the **Search** field. Afterwards, only the Exclusion Lists that match the provided text are displayed showing only the relevant exclusions.

To filter the list of exclusions by type, click one of the following options:

Defining Exclusion Lists

An Exclusion List contains a list of exclusions. You can assign Collector Groups to an Exclusion List in order to specify that the exclusions in the Exclusion List apply to the Collectors in the Collector Groups assigned to it. Exclusion Lists enable you to logically organize, categorize and group exclusions based on the type of activity data they are to exclude.

For example, let's say that you want to collect network activity data for your system, but a specific application generates quite a bit of uninteresting logistical network activity that you do not want to collect. In this case, you can define an Exclusion List named after that application that contains one or more exclusions that relate specifically to the network activity generated by that application. Exclusion Lists can be organized anyway you see fit. For example, you can create an Exclusion List for security products, a different one for PDF documents, a different one for HR-related software and so on.

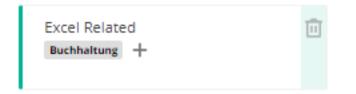
FortiEDR comes with a default General Exclusion List that includes important exclusions. The exclusions in this group are not editable.

Adding an Exclusion List

To define an Exclusion List:

- 1. Click the + Add List option and provide a name to create a new Exclusion List.
- 2. Add (define) the exclusions of this Exclusion List (as described on the following page). Each exclusion that you add belongs to a specific Exclusion List.
- **3.** Assign Collector Groups to this Exclusion List (as described below) in order to determine to which Collector Groups these exclusions apply. A Collector Group can be assigned to multiple Exclusion Lists.

Assigning a Collector Group to an Exclusion List



You can perform the following operations on an Exclusion List:

Operation	Description
Assign a Collector Group:	Click the + button in the Exclusion List to which to assign a Collector Group. Then, select the Collectors groups to which to assign this list and approve it. Note that a Collector Group can be assigned to multiple Exclusion Lists.
Unassign a Collector Group	Click the + button and uncheck the Collector Group to be removed from an Exclusion List.
Delete Exclusions List	Click on the Delete 👕 button. Note that all Exclusions in this list will be removed
	and will no longer be applied to the assigned Collector groups.

Defining Exclusions

All exclusions must belong to an Exclusion List. Select an Exclusion List on the left to display the exclusions that are defined in it.

The following describes how to define a Process Exclusion and then how to define an Execution Prevention Exclusion.

Adding a Process Exclusion

- 1. In the left pane, click the Exclusion List to which to add the exclusion.
- 2. In the right pane, click the + Add Exclusion button. The following displays providing a choice of the two types of exclusions that you can define.

\bigoplus Add Exclusion \checkmark	O Se
Process (?)	
Execution Prevention	(?) R B

3. Select **Process**. The following displays:

Process Exc	lusion
	the process below from monitoring by the various FortiEDR features Process activities will be ignored
Operating System	n Windows
Define process	by
🔵 Hash	SHA-1 or SHA-2 or MD5 such as 418c1f073782a1c855890971ff18794f7a298f6d
Attributes (Fill at least one attribute)
File name	
Path	File name, such as lirefox.exe. Folder path, such as \Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\root\AppData\Local\AVAST Software\
Signer	Certificate Thumbprint Name
	Drop a Certificate file (x590) <u>browse</u> to upload
	Exact name, a SHA-1 thumbprint or a certificate.
Exclusion List	Galit's list
Comments	
	Add 🗸 Cancel

- 4. The **Operating system** dropdown menu, specifies **Windows**, which is currently the only operating system supported for exclusions.
- 5. Define the processes to be excluded using one of the following options: Hash or any combination of File Name / Path / Signer, as follows:
 - Hash: Mark the Hash radio button and specify the Hash that uniquely identifies this process.
 - File Name / Path / Signer: Mark the Attributes radio button and check at least one of the File Name / Path / Signer fields checkboxes and fill the relevant values, as follows:
 - Specify the file and/or directory to be excluded by filling in the **File name** field, the **Path** field or both. If you fill in both fields, then that file is only excluded in that path. If you only fill in the **File name** field, then that file is excluded wherever it appears.

Define file/directory by

Fill at least one attribute

File name	I File name, such as firefox.exe.
Path	
	Folder path, such as \Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\root\AppData\Local\AVAST Software\
lf you select Si Signer's name	gner , then either upload the Signer's Certificate, provide its thumbprint or provide the
Signer	Certificate
	Drop a Certificate file (x590) <u>browse</u> to upload

Exact name, a SHA-1 thumbprint or a certificate.

- 6. The Exclusion List field specifies the Exclusion List that was selected, when the Add Exclusion option was selected. This field is not editable.
- 7. Click the Add button. This new exclusion is then listed in the Exclusion Manager page, as shown below:

	dashboard event viewer forensics 🗸 communication control 🗸 💿 security settings 👻 inventory 🗸	ADMINISTRATION 519 Prevention 🗸 admin N
EXCLUSION MANAGER		
Search	Q & Execution Prevention II Process	
(+) Add list	Add Exclusion ♥ (B) Set State ♥ (Delete exclusion	
asdfasdf (0) No collector groups assigned	Source Attributes	OS LAST UPDATED * STATE
New Exclusion (2)	Apply NOTE: APPLY NEW EXCLUSIONS ON COLLECTORS	
Default Collector high security.coll LinuxUPG Michael +	Microsoft/Word	Enabled
	HINEW 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298FDD	a 2021-12-25 19:49:26 by admin O Enabled
	C 😵 nua	a 2021-12-25 19:45:21 by admin O Enabled

8. The newly defined exclusions appear with a green background and the words **Pending save** appear in their **LAST UPDATED** column. To define that these exclusions take effect, you must click the Apply button and then click the Save button in the window that pops up. Their **LAST UPDATED** column then shows the timestamp when they were saved.

Adding an Execution Prevention Exclusion

- 1. In the left pane, click the Exclusion List to which to add the exclusion.
- 2. In the right pane, click the + Add Exclusion button. The following displays providing a choice of the two types of exclusions that you can define.

\bigoplus Add Exclusion \checkmark	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله
Process (?)	
Execution Prevention	n 🕐 🛛 B

3. Select Execution Prevention. The following displays:

Exclude the file	s / directories below from Execution Prevention (NGAV) scanning
Operating System	m Windows
Define file/dire	ectory by
Fill at least one a	attribute
File name	L
	File name, such as firefox.exe.
Path	
	Folder path, such as \Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\root\AppData\Loca\AVAST Software\
Exclusion List	New Exclusion
Comments	

4. The Operating system dropdown menu, specifies Windows, which is currently the only operating system supported for exclusion prevention. Specify the file and/or directory to be excluded by filling in the File name field, the Path field or both. If you fill in both fields, then that file is only excluded in that path. If you only fill in the File name field, then that file is excluded wherever it appears.

Define file/directory b	ŊУ
Fill at least one attribute	

File name	I
	File name, such as firefox.exe.
Path	
	Folder path, such as \Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\root\AppData\Local\AVAST Software\

5. The Exclusion List field specifies the Exclusion List that was selected, when the Add Exclusion option was selected. This field is not editable.

6. Click the Add button. This new exclusion is then listed in the Exclusion Manager page, as shown below:

	das-hoard event vener forensics 🗸 communication control 🗸 👩 security settings 🗸 inventory 🗸 administration 😡) Prevention 🗸 admin 🗸
EXCLUSION MANAGER		
Search	Q	
(+) Add list	⊕Add Exclusion	
asdfasdf (0) No collector groups assigned	Source arthibutes os	LAST UPDATED * STATE
New Exclusion (2)	Apply NOTE: APPLY NEW EXCLUSIONS ON COLLECTORS	
Default Collector high security coll LinuxUPG Michael +	Villerosoft/Word\	Pending save Enabled
	□ ① 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298FDD	2021-12-25 19:49:26 by admin
	C 😵 Rat Chukumoko.stam	2021-12-25 19:45:21 by admin () Enabled

7. The newly defined exclusion appears with a green background and the words **Pending save** appear in its **LAST UPDATED** column. To define that these exclusions take effect, you must click the **Apply** button and then click the **Save** button in the window that pops up. Their **LAST UPDATED** column then shows the timestamp when they were saved.

Setting the State of an Exclusion

The Set State button enables you to enable or disable the selected exclusion(s). By default, an exclusion is enabled.

For changing the state of multiple Exclusions, check the checkboxes of all relevant exclusions and then select the state from the **Set State** dropdown under the toolbar.

Deleting an Exclusion

The **Delete** Exclusion button enables you to delete the selected exclusion(s).

To delete multiple Exclusions, check the checkboxes of all relevant exclusions and then select the **Delete** option in the toolbar.

Application Control Manager

The Application Control policy enables FortiEDR to block pre-defined applications from running, so that it does not launch. It enables limiting the usage of non-desired applications on specific collector groups.

Note – This differs from Application Communication Control (described on page 126), which enables you to control which applications can communicate outside of the organization, but does not stop them from launching.

This section describes how to define the applications to be blocked by adding them in the Application Control Manager. In addition, applications can be added to the list of applications to be blocked by adding them from the Forensics window (as described in Stack View on page 209) and the Threat Hunting window (as described in Threat Hunting on page 80). These applications are then listed in the Application Control Manager.

In general, in order to block applications so that they are not launched

- The applications must be added to the Application Control Policy
- · Collector groups must be assigned to this policy
- The blocklist rule must be enabled on the Application Control Policy.

To add applications to the blocklist:

1. Select SECURITY SETTINGS > Application Control.

SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTOR	Y 🗸 1
Security Events	>	
Application Control Manage	r	
Threat Hunting	>	
Playbooks		

The following window displays, showing the list of all the applications that have been defined to be blocked by the Application Control policies. A row appears for each application to be blocked.

Add Application © @ bet State > @ Pelicy Assignment Delete I betweet TAG OS LAST UPDATED + UPDATED BY APPLICATION ATTRIBUTES POLICY TAG OS LAST UPDATED + UPDATED BY Million 518C1P073782A1C8555909711F118794E7A2398F6D Application Control Filtebure # 14.jan-2022 10:22:03 FortiEDRAdmin Nillion 318C1F073782A1C8555909711F118794E7A2398F6D Application Control Filtebure # 14.jan-2022 10:22:03 FortiEDRAdmin	STATUS
Moor Findbare #14-jan-2022 10:24:04 FortiEDRAdmin 518C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6D Application Control #14-jan-2022 10:24:04 FortiEDRAdmin	STATUS
518C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6D Application Control Textbare # 14-jen-2022 10:24:04 FortiEDRAdmin	
HUSH 318C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6D Application Control Fiedmare II 14-jan-2022 10:23:38 FortiEDRAdmin	• Enabled
	Enabled
HAGH 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F7D Application Control Remover. # 14-jan-2022 10:17:51 FortiEDRAdmin	Enabled
HAGH 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6F Application Control Snir Remover. 🖷 14-jan-2022 10:17:20 FortiEDRAdmin	Enabled
HAGH 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6E Application Control Snir. Application Control 🖬 14-jan-2022 10:16:33 FortiEDRAdmin	Enabled
HAGH 418C1F073782A1C855890971FF18794F7A298F6D Application Control Snir, Application Control 📲 12-jan-2022 13:11:48 FortiEDRAdmin	Enabled
	Enabled

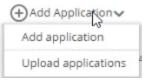
- 2. You can then perform any of the following actions:
 - a. Adding Application(s) to Be Blocked on page 75
 - b. Exporting the List of Applications to Be Blocked on page 78
 - c. Enabling/Disabling Application Blocking on page 78
 - d. Changing the Policy under Which the Application Is Blocked on page 79
 - e. Searching and Filtering Applications on page 80
 - f. Editing an Application by selecting the Edit 🖍 button on the right side of that Application's row.
 - g. Deleting an Application by selecting the Delete Application option at the top of the window or selecting the

Delete button on the right side of that Application's row.

Adding Application(s) to Be Blocked

To add an application(s) to be blocked:

1. Click the + Add Application option. The following displays:



This dropdown menu provides two options for adding applications to be blocked:

- Manually Adding an Application(s) to Be Blocked on page 75
- Uploading Application(s) to Be Blocked on page 77

Manually Adding an Application(s) to Be Blocked

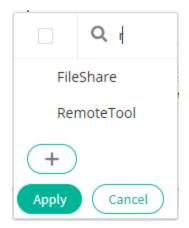
To manually add an application to be blocked:

1. Select the Add application option from the drop-down menu. The following displays:

olicy	All
perating System	Windows
ag	+
Hash	SHA-1, SHA-2 or MD5 such as 418c1f073782a1c855890971ff18794f7a298f6d You can enter comma separated multiple hashes. Each will be added as an individual application

- 2. From the **Policy** dropdown menu, select one or more of the **Application Control** policies in which to block this application or select the **All** option to specify that this application is to be blocked by all Application Control type policies. FortiEDR is provided out-of-the-box with a single Application Control type policy and you can clone it in order to create additional Application Control type policies as needed, as described in page 45.
- 3. You can optionally use the Tag field in order to classify this application. Tags can be helpful for classifying and

filtering long lists of applications. In the **Tag** field, click **+** to specify the tag to be added to the application. You can assign a previously defined tag or define a new tag.



- 4. In the Hash field, enter the hash of one or more applications. Each hash is the unique identifier of an individual application. If you enter multiple hashes, then they must be comma separated. Supported hash formats are specified under the field.
- **5.** Click the Add button. The Application Control Manager then lists a row for each hash value (application) entered in the Hash field.

When a Collector Group is assigned to the application control policy (specify above), then all the applications with these hashes are blocked and cannot be launched.

Uploading Application(s) to Be Blocked

To upload a list of applications to be blocked from a file:

1. Select the Upload applications option. The following displays:

Policy	Application Control	
Operating System	Windows	
Tag	+	
	Drag & Drop or	
	browse to upload	
Format: CSV, max rows:	2000. Click here for a sample file	

- 2. From the **Policy** dropdown menu, select one or more of the **Application Control** policies in which to block the applications specified in the file to be uploaded.
- 3. You can optionally use the **Tag** field in order to classify this application. Tags can be helpful for classifying and filtering long lists of applications. In the **Tag** field, click to specify the tag to be added to the application. You can assign a previously defined tag or define a new tag.

	Q (
File	Share				
RemoteTool					
+					
Apply	Cancel				

......

4. In the bottommost field of this window, select the CSV file that contains the list of applications to be blocked. This file should be a CSV file with hashes on the leftmost column. A sample file can be downloaded from this window. Alternatively, you can use the same file as can be exported, as described in Exporting the List of Applications to Be Blocked on page 78.

AutoSave 🢽	im 日 ウィーマ Applicatio	in_Centrol_report26-Dec-2021-09-23.xtox +	, D Search (Alt+Q)				E	uet Yellin 🔯 🖉 🖽	- ø ×
File Hom	ne insert Page Layout Formulas Data	Review View Help						ල් 51	are 🛛 🖓 Comments
Paste Vipboan	natPairter B I ∐ - ⊡ - △ - ▲ - ≡				Good v check Cell v	Insert Delete Form		Sort & Find & Analyze Filter ~ Select ~ Data	Sensitivity Sensitivity
A11	I × √ fr 66336a27f5eb1b08413f5f51c	bbf03baf3630941667ca500762801cadd732aac							
4	A	8	c	D	E	¢.	G	н	
1	FCIRTINET		Default					Report cre	ated by user admin o
2									
3	APPLICATION ATTRIBUTE	POLICY	TAG	os	LAST UPDATED	UPDATED BY	STATE	CREATED AT	CREATED B
4 66336a27fs	ieb1b08413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca500762801cadd;	Application 2		Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin
5 66336a27f5	5eb1b06413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca500762801cadd;	Application 2		Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin
66336a27	f5eb1b08413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca5007628 01cadd732a6e	Application 2		Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin
66336a27	f5eb1b08413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca5007628 01cadd732a6f	Application 2		Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin
8 66336a27fs	ieb1b08413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca500762801cadd;	Application 2		Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin
66336a27	15eb1b08413f5f51cbbf03baf3630941667ca5007628	Application 2	Ŷ	Windows	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin	Enabled	2021-12-23 16:20:47	admin

Click the Add button. The Application Control Manager then lists a row for each application in uploaded file.
 When a Collector Group is assigned to the Application Control policy (specify above), then all the applications with these hashes will be blocked and will not be launched.

Exporting the List of Applications to Be Blocked

To export the list of FortiEDR applications to be blocked:

Use the Export T button to export an Excel file.

Enabling/Disabling Application Blocking

If you wish to disable the blocking of all the applications that are under a specific policy, we recommend simply disabling the blocklist rule of that policy. Alternatively, in order to temporarily block only specific applications, then we recommend enabling/disabling each application separately. If an application need no longer be on the blocklist, then we recommend deleting it using the Delete button in the right-most column or in the toolbar.

To enable/disable the blocking of specific applications

- 1. Select **SECURITY SETTINGS > Application Control** to display the Application Control Manager. Each row represents an application to be blocked.
- In the STATUS column on the right, toggle the value between Enabled and Disabled. Alternatively, you can check the checkboxes of the desired application rows, and then select the Enabled or the Disabled option from the Set State dropdown.



Changing the Policy under Which the Application Is Blocked

To change the policy that blocks an application:

- 1. Select **SECURITY SETTINGS > Application Control Manager** to display the Application Control Manager. Each row represents an application to be blocked.
- 2. In the Application Control Manager window, check the checkboxes of the desired application rows, and then select the Policy Assignment option. The following displays.

oli	су	
-	Application 1	(1/3 Selected application)
-	Application 2	(2/3 Selected application)
	Application Control	(0/3 Selected application)
	Application Control clone	(0/3 Selected application)
~	Application Control Einat	(2/3 Selected application)

The policies that have a checkbox 🗹 to their left have already been assigned all the selected applications. The

policies that have a green minus sign to their left have already been assigned some of the applications. The right side of the window indicates how many of the applications that you selected in the Application Control Manager window have been assigned to that policy. The policies that have an empty box to their left were not assigned any of the selected applications.

- **3.** In the Policy Assignment window, check (or uncheck) the checkboxes of the policies that should block the currently selected applications.
- 4. Click the Save button.

Note – Alternatively, in order to modify the policy to which a specific application is assigned, select the Edit 🖉 button in the Application Control Manager window in the right side of that application's row.

Searching and Filtering Applications

To filter the list of applications defined in the Application Control Manager, use the fields at the top of the window, as follows:

1. Enter text in the **Search** field. By default, the **Auto** option is selected, which specifies that the search is performed on the most relevant fields and then the list is filtered accordingly. Alternatively, from this dropdown menu, you can select the column that is searched, as follows:

Auto	✓ Search	Q
🗸 Auto		
Application	Set State	
Creator	N ATTRIBUTES POLICY	
Updated by		
Тад		

- 2. Select the relevant policy from the Policy field.
- 3. In the State field, select Enabled or Disabled.

Threat Hunting

FortiEDR's threat-hunting capabilities features a set of software tools and information sources focused on detecting, investigating, containing and mitigating suspicious activities on end-user devices. To set up Threat Hunting in FortiEDR, configure the following:

- Collection Profiles on page 80
- Collection Exclusions on page 82

Collection Profiles

Note: Threat Hunting Settings is a license-dependent add-on. You may contact Fortinet Support for more information.

Threat Hunting Collection Profiles control the type of activity data that is collected for the Threat Hunting feature (which is described in Threat Hunting on page 222). Activity data that is collected is stored on the Repository server.

To access Threat Hunting settings, select SECURITY SETTINGS > Threat Hunting Setting > Collection Profiles.

The following page displays:

	~	DASHBOARD EVENT VIEW	WER 198 FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTRO	DL 🗸 1270 SECURITY SETTIN	IGS 🗸 INVENTORY 🗸	ADMINISTRATION 2308	Ome Protection 🗸	•
THREAT HUNTING SETTI	NGS								
FCIRTINET Inventory Profile (default) ANATOLY		Events Collection And Collect and store Activity Events		nd Types					
FCIRTINET Standard Collection Profile No collector groups assigned +		Inventory O Enabled							
FERTINET Comprehensive Profile No collector groups assigned		Process 💿 Enabled	Process Creation	Process Start	Thread Created	Executable Loaded			
Standard Collection Profile (clone) 39 Collector Groups		File • Enabled	Sile Write	Sile Read	File Rename	File Delete	File Permission Change	File Owner Change	
		Network O Enabled	Socket Bind	Socket Listen	Socket Close	Socket Accept			
		Registry ① Disabled							
		Event Log 💿 Enabled							

The left side of the **Threat Hunting Settings** page shows a list of Profiles. A Profile defines the activity event categories and actions to be collected. FortiEDR comes with several predefined default Profiles, which cannot be modified.

In addition to the pre-defined Profiles, you can define your own custom Profiles by cloning an existing Profile.

The pane on the right side of the page lists all activity event categories and their associated actions. These categories are the same as those described on Threat Hunting on page 222

Selecting a Profile on the left displays the categories and actions defined for that Profile in the right pane.

Check the checkboxes of the actions for which FortiEDR will collect activity data.

Assigning a Collector Group to a Profile

Profiles are assigned to Collector Groups. Only a single Profile can be assigned to each Collector Group. New Collector Groups are automatically assigned to the default Inventory Scan Fortinet Profile, which is the first Profile listed in the Profiles pane.

To assign a Collector Group to a Profile:

1. In the Profiles pane, click the + button of the Profile to which to assign a Collector Group. The following displays showing the list of all Collector Groups:

THREAT HUNTING	SETTINGS							
FCBRTINET Inventory Profile (default) All collector groups		Events Collect Collect and store Ac		Storage s of the following categories	and Types			
FORTINET Standard Collection Profi		Inventory 📀						
FORTINET Comprehensive Profile	Buchhaltu	-	abled	Process Creation	Process Start	Thread Created	Executable Loaded	
No collector groups assigned		s (0) Department (0) rity Collector Group (0)	d					
	 Manufacti (0) HR Depart 	uring Floor Controller tment (0)		Sile Write	Sile Read	File Rename	File Delete	File
	Default Co	Assign Cancel	nabled	Socket Bind	Socket Listen	Socket Close	Socket Accept	
		Registry 🕕 D	isabled					
		Event Log 📀	Enabled					

- 2. Select the checkbox(s) of the Collector Group(s) to assign to the Profile.
- **3.** Click **Assign**. A message is displayed indicating that the selected groups are currently assigned to another Profile and they will be reassigned and asking for you approval. Please approve.

Creating/Cloning a Profile

In order to create a new Profile, you must first clone an existing Profile and then customize the clone.

1. Click the **Clone** icon that appears on the right of the Profile to be cloned.

FORTIDET	ē
Inventory Profile (default)	
All collector groups	

- 2. Enter the name of the new Profile.
- 3. On the right side, enable the activity events to be collected and disable the activity events that should not be collected.
- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Assign the Collector Group(s) on which to apply the newly created Profile.

Collection Exclusions

Exclusions are needed for reducing the amount of Threat Hunting data that is collected and by doing so prolonging the data retention. The less data that is collected, the longer it will be stored in the databases.

Exclusions enable you to define certain types of activity events to be excluded from being collected by Threat Hunting data (even though should be collected according to the Threat Hunting Collection Profile assigned to a Collector group, which was described in Collection Profiles on page 80). For example, if you know that a certain process is legitimate, but it creates many activity events that are not relevant to your Threat Hunting investigation, you can use the Collection Exclusions to define that these activities are not collected.

The Collection Exclusions enables you to define and manage exclusion lists and the exclusions that they contain.

Note – Exclusions are different than security event exceptions, as follows:

- Exclusions define which activity events should be collected. They are exclusions to the Threat Hunting Profile.
- Security event exceptions are defined after a particular security event has occurred. They are an exception to the assigned Security Policy

To access the Collection Exclusions, select **SECURITY SETTINGS > Threat Hunting > Collection Exclusions**.

The Collection Exclusions page contains the following areas:

ensilofordev 🗸	DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER (12) FORENSICS ¥		TY SETTINGS Y INVENTORY Y (1)	ADMINISTRATION 249	•••	Prevention 🗸	Galit 💙
THREAT HUNTING COLLECTIO	N EXCLUSIONS						
Search	Q						
(+) Add list	↔ Add exclusion () Set State > () Delete						
name (8)	EVENT TYPE SOURCE ATTRIBUTES	TARGET	ATTRIBUTES	OS	LAST UPDATED *	STATE	
ResearchTeam lior high_security.coll_ 11 more_ +	Process Terminat same				2022-01-06 11:04:49 by lior	Enabled	
Test (1) Default Collector Group (3 Collectors)	Process Terminat	SIGNER bla			2021-06-02 15:47:45 by lior	Enabled	
New Exclusion List (new) (0)	File Read,File Write git.exe	FLE NAM HEAD	E Contraction of the second seco		2021-01-14 15:41:34 by lior	Enabled	
New Exclusion List (new) (0) No collector groups assigned	Socket Connect Teams.exe	NEMCTE 13.73.2			2021-01-14 12:05:23 by lior	Enabled	
New Exclusion List (0) No collector groups assigned	File Read gitexe	FLE NAM .gitcon		-	2021-01-13 16:08:04 by lior	Enabled	
MySecurityProducts (3)	File Read vcpkgsrv.exe				2021-01-11 11:14:49 by lior	Enabled	
No collector groups assigned	File Read silhouette studio.exe				2021-01-05 12:32:10 by lior	Enabled	
MyBuildServices (0) No collector groups assigned	File Read SS_bluetooth.exe			4	2021-01-05 12:28:45 by lior	€ Enabled	

Filters

To filter the Collection Exclusion list names and its content, simply enter text in the **Search** field. Afterwards, only the Exclusion lists that match the provided text are displayed showing only the relevant exclusions.

Defining Collection Exclusion Lists

A Collection Exclusion List contains a list of exclusions. You can assign Collector Groups to an Exclusion List in order to specify that the exclusions in the Exclusion List apply to the Collectors in the Collector Groups assigned to it. Exclusion Lists enable you to logically organize, categorize and group exclusions based on the type of activity data they are to exclude.

For example, let's say that you want to collect network activity data for your system, but a specific application generates quite a bit of uninteresting logistical network activity that you do not want to collect. In this case, you can define an Exclusion List named after that application that contains one or more exclusions that relate specifically to the network activity generated by that application. Exclusion Lists can be organized anyway you see fit. For example, you can create

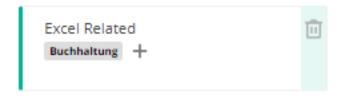
an Exclusion List for security products, a different one for PDF documents, a different one for HR-related software and so on.

Adding an Exclusion List

To define an Exclusion List:

- 1. Click the + Add List option and provide a name to create a new Exclusion List.
- 2. Add (define) the exclusions of this Exclusion List (as described on the following page). Each exclusion that you add belongs to a specific Exclusion List.
- **3.** Assign Collector Groups to this Exclusion List (as described below) in order to determine to which Collector Groups these exclusions apply. A Collector Group can be assigned to multiple Exclusion Lists.

Assigning a Collector Group to an Exclusion List



You can perform the following operations on an Exclusion List:

Operation	Description
Assign a Collector Group:	Click the + button in the Exclusion List to which to assign a Collector Group. Then, select the Collectors groups to which to assign this list and approve it. Note that a Collector Group can be assigned to multiple Exclusion Lists.
Unassign a Collector Group	Click the + button and uncheck the Collector Group to be removed from an Exclusion List.
Delete Exclusions List	Click on the Delete 👕 button. Note that all Exclusions in this list will be removed
	and will no longer be applied to the assigned Collector groups.

Defining Collection Exclusions

All exclusions must belong to an Exclusion List. Select an Exclusion List on the left to display the exclusions that are defined in it.

Exclusions can be defined for a

- Source (process) Which is identified by a source attribute, such as a Signer.
- Type/Action Activity event types, as described in Threat Hunting on page 222.
- Target Which is identified by a target attribute, such as IP & Port

Exclusion can include all of these three or any combination. However, defining an exclusion that only contains a Type is not valid, because this kind of exclusion should be defined in a Threat Hunting Profile.

For example, you can define to exclude activity events of a specific Type that have a specific source and a specific target or to exclude (for example) activity events that have a specific source and any activity or target.

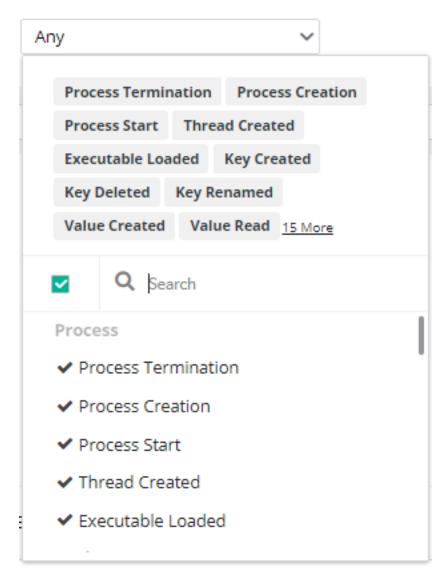
Adding an Exclusion

- 1. In the left pane, click the Exclusion List to which to add the exclusion.
- 2. In the right pane, click the + Add Exclusion button. The following displays:

Threat Hunting	Data Collection Exclusion	×
Exclude Activity Even	s with	
Operating System	Select 🗸	
Event type	37 Items Selected 🗸 🗸	
Select	~	Î
$(\Rightarrow $		
Exclusion List na	me	
Comments		

- 3. From the Operating system dropdown menu, select either Linux or Windows.
- 4. To define that an exclusion includes a specific Activity Event Type, select the type of action(s) to exclude from the displayed dropdown list. Alternatively, select the Any option (the default option), which means that you are not specifying a specific action type.

All action types to be collected are listed according to Category. You can select one or more actions from a single Category. Actions cannot be selected from different categories. For example, you can select the Process Termination and the Process Start options from the Process Category in the same exclusion. However, you cannot select the Key Created option together and the Thread Created options in the same exclusion – to do this you must create two different exclusions.



5. To define that an exclusion includes a **Source** attribute condition, from the **Select** box, select **Source attribute**, which can be identified by file name, path, hash and signer for Source Process or Event Log Name for event log related activity events, as shown below:

Select	~
Event Log Name	
Hash	
Path	
File Name	
Signer	

If you select **Hash**, then specify the hash, as shown below:

Source attribute	~	is	Hash	×	•
	/ 1	0-140	72701-4-055000074£40704£7-200£5J		
ba7816bf8f01cfea414140de5da			73782a1c855890971ff18794f7a298f6d, 1a396177a9cb410ff61f20015ad.		

If you select **Path**, then specify the **Path**, as shown below. A path can include wild cards. If you wish to include subfolders as well, check the **Select sub folders** checkbox.

Source attribute	~	is	Path	×	•
Include sub folders					
Folder path, such as \Device\	Harddisk\	/olum	e2\Users\root\AppData\Local\AVAST Software\		

If you select File Name, then enter the file name.

If you select Signer, then either upload the Signer's Certificate, provide its thumbprint or provide the Signer's name.

Source attribute	✓ is	Signer	× 🗸 🗓
Certificate	oprint 🔿 N	ame	
	-	ertificate file (x590) or <u>owse</u> to upload	

Exact name, a SHA-1 thumbprint or a certificate.

6. To define that an exclusion includes a **Target** attribute condition, click the + button. From the **Select** box, select the **Target Attribute** and then define the target criteria, as described below:

Targets can be identified by various criteria, depending on the selected Activity Event Category.

- A process Category event is identified by hash, path, file name or Signer.
- A network Category event is identified by network-related properties, such as a remote IP and port.
- A registry Category event is identified by a registry key path, value name, value type or value size.
- An Event log Category event is identified by the Event Log ID.
 When defining an exclusion that contains multiple conditions, an AND relationship exists between the conditions.

Note: If an OR relationship is needed between the conditions that you define, simply create another exclusion.

7. Click the Add button. This new exclusion is then listed in the Collection Exclusions page, as shown below:

ensilofordev 🗸	DASHBOARD EVENT	TVIEWER 122 FORENSICS Y	COMMUNICATION CONTROL Y 1784		INVENTORY 🗸 🕚	ADMINISTRATION 249	•	Prevention 🗸	Galit 💙
THREAT HUNTING COLLECTIC	ON EXCLUSIONS								
Search	Q								
+) Add list	Add exclusion	et State 🗸 📋 Delete							
name (8)	EVENT TYPE	SOURCE ATTRIBUTES		TARGET ATTRIBUTES		OS	LAST UPDATED A	STATE	
ResearchTeam lior high.security.coll 11 more +	Apply NOTE: APPLY	NEW EXCLUSIONS ON COLLECTORS							
Test (1)	Socket Network S			999			Pending save	Enabled	
Default Collector Group (3 Collectors)	Screen Capture,P	HASH ba7816bf8f01cfea414140de5dae	2223b00361a396177a9cb410ff61f200			۵	Pending save	Enabled	
New Exclusion List (new) (0) No collector groups assigned	Process Terminat	signer same				4	2022-01-06 11:04:49 by lior	Enabled	
New Exclusion List (0)	Process Terminat			signer bla		-	2021-06-02 15:47:45 by lior	Enabled	
No collector groups assigned	File Read,File Write	FLE NAME git.exe		FILE NAME HEAD		4	2021-01-14 15:41:34 by lior	Enabled	
MySecurityProducts (3) No collector groups assigned	Socket Connect	FLE NAME Teams.exe		REMOTE IP 13.73.26.107		4	2021-01-14 12:05:23 by lior	Enabled	
		FILE NAME		FILE NAME		-12	0001-01-10-10-00-04-55	A	

8. The newly defined exclusions appear with a green background and the words **Pending save** appear in their **LAST UPDATED** column. To define that these exclusions take effect, you must click the Apply button and then click the Save button in the window that pops up. Their **LAST UPDATED** column then shows the timestamp when they were saved.

Setting the State of an Exclusion

The Set State button enables you to enable or disable the selected exclusion(s). By default, an exclusion is enabled.

Deleting an Exclusion

The Delete button enables you to delete the selected exclusion(s).

To delete multiple exclusions, check the requested exclusions checkboxes and choose Delete in the toolbar.

Playbook Policies

The FortiEDR Playbooks feature determines which automatic actions are triggered, based on the classification of a security event. Playbook policies enable administrators to preconfigure the action(s) to be automatically executed according to a security event's classification. Typically, Playbook policies only need be configured once, and can be modified thereafter, if needed. FortiEDR classifies each security event into one of five Categories.

FortiEDR provides the following Playbook policy out of the box:

• **Default Playbook**: This Playbook policy specifies the default actions for the Collector Groups assigned to the policy. By default, all Collector Groups are assigned to this policy.

Automated Incident Response - Playbooks Page

The **AUTOMATED INCIDENT RESPONSE – PLAYBOOKS** page displays a row for each Playbook policy. To access this page,select **SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks**.

Each Playbook policy row can be expanded to show the actions that it contains, as shown below:

	PLAYBOOKS							ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
Clone Playbook 🛛 Set Mode 👻 📓 Assign C	ollector Group 👕 Delete							
NAME			MALICIOUS	SUSPICIOUS	EI PUP	1 INCONCLUSIVE	- [] LIKELY SAFE	High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) Default Collector Group (2 collectors included)
Default Playbook	r 💶							
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in protection and s	imulation modes)							
	Send mail notification		~	~	~	~	~	
	Send syslog notification			Syslog must	t be defined unde	r Admin settings		
	Open ticket		~	~	~	~	~	
INVESTIGATION								
	Isolate device with Collector		~					
	Isolate device with NAC	Nac_HK •	~					
	Move device to the High Securi	ty Group						
REMEDIATION								
	Terminate process		~					
	Delete file							
	Clean persistent data		~					
	Block address on Firewall	Sharon 👻	~					

You can drill down in a Playbook policy row to view the actions for that policy by clicking the icon.

Note: There are more options and actions than those shown above that can be added to a Playbook policy, such as the blocking of a malicious IP address. You may consult Fortinet Support about how to add them.

Note: Automatic Incident Response Playbook features can also be triggered by extended detection events when followup actions are configured for the Collector Group of a device on which the event triggered. This enables the system to follow up upon the detection of such an event and execute a sequence of actions, such as to block an address on a firewall or to isolate the device in which part of the event occurred.

Assigned Collector Groups

The Assigned Collector Groups pane on the right lists the various Collector Groups in the system. By default, all Collector Groups are assigned to the Default Playbook policy. You can reassign one or more Collector Groups to different Playbook policies, if preferred.

Note: When upgrading your FortiEDR system, all existing Collector Groups are automatically assigned to the Default Playbook policy.

Cloning a Playbook Policy

Cloning a Playbook policy unassigns the policy from one Collector Group and then reassigns it to a different Collector Group. A Collector Group can only be assigned to one Playbook policy.

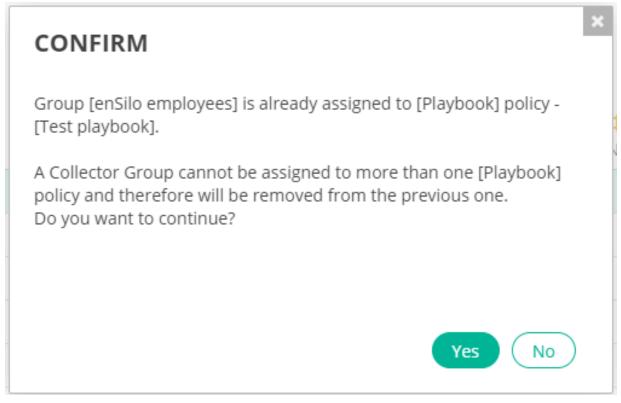
- 1. In the AUTOMATED INCIDENT RESPONSE PLAYBOOKS page, select the Playbook policy row that you want to clone in the Playbook Policies list.
- 2. Do one of the following:
 - a. Select the checkbox(es) of the Collector Group(s) in the Assigned Collector Groups pane that you want to assign to the cloned Playbook policy. Then, click the Unassign Group button in the Assigned Collector Groups pane.

JTOMATED INCIDENT RE	ESPONSE - PLAYBOOKS						ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
📕 Clone Playbook 🛛 🕥 Set Mode 💌	😰 Assign Collector Group 👕 Delete						Unassign Group
□ NAME		# MALICIOUS	₿ SUSPICIOUS	PUP	1 INCONCLUSIVE	- [] LIKELY SAFE	High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) emulation (4 collectors included)
📃 📃 Default Playbook	FURTICE:						 enSilo employees (2 collectors included)
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in p	protection and simulation modes)						
	Send mail notification	*	*	~	~	~	
	Send syslog notification		Syslog must	be defined und	er Admin settings		
	Open ticket	*	*	~	~	~	
INVESTIGATION							
	Isolate device with Collector						
	Isolate device with NAC		A NAC connector	must be defined	l under Admin sett	ings	
	Move device to the High Security Grou	ip 🗸					
REMEDIATION							
	Terminate process	~					
	Delete file						
	Clean persistent data	~					
	Block address on Firewall		A firewall mu	st be defined un	der Admin settings		
> 📃 📕 Test playbook							
Victims Playbook							
Victims Playbook clone							

b. Click the Collector Group in the Assigned Collector Groups pane that you want to assign to the cloned Playbook policy. Then, drag the Collector Group onto the cloned Playbook policy in the Playbook Policies list, as shown below:

	DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 120	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL	✓ 1130 SECU	IRITY SETTINGS	 INVENTORY 	 ADMINISTRAT 	TION 🗷	Protection 🗸 Barbara 🗸
AUTOMATED INCIDENT RESPO										ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
NAME				MALICIOUS	₽ SUSPICIOUS	E! PUP	1 INCONCLUSIVE			High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) emulation (4 collectors included)
D 🗌 💷 Default Playbook	FORMAET 🔵									 enSilo employees (2 collectors included)
D 🗌 📕 Test playbook										
D 📄 🚺 Test playbook clone			enSilo emplo	yees (2 collectors included)						
D Victims Playbook										
D Victims Playbook clone										

The following message displays.



Click Yes.

Advanced Playbooks Data

The Advanced Playbooks Data area at the bottom of the **AUTOMATED INCIDENT RESPONSE – PLAYBOOKS** page displays more details about the action selected in the Playbook Policy list.

Clone Playbook 🕥 Set Mode 🔻	Assign Collector Gr	oup 🗂 Delete						Unassign Group
NAME Default Playbook		oup 📲 Deette	# MALICIOUS	₽ SUSPICIOUS	≡I PUP		- LIKELY SAFE	High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included) emulation (4 collectors included) Given Silio employees (2 collectors included)
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in prote		n modes) Send mail notification						
		Send syslog notification	~	✓ Syslog must	✓ be defined unde	✓ er Admin settings	~	
INVESTIGATION		Open ticket	*	*	~	*	~	
		Isolate device with Collector						
		Isolate device with NAC		A NAC connector	must be defined	under Admin settin		
		Move device to the High Security Group	*					
REMEDIATION								
		Terminate process	~					
CTION NAME: Send mail notificatio								

Playbook Policy Actions

Playbook policy actions are divided into the following types:

- Notifications on page 92
- Investigation on page 93
- Remediation on page 95
- Custom on page 97

Each of these Categories contains different types of actions that can be performed when a security event is triggered.

Notifications

Notification actions send a notification when a relevant security event is triggered. These actions are implemented in both FortiEDR modes (Simulation and Prevention).

Notifications can be one of the following types:

- Emails
- Syslog
- Open Ticket

Each row under Notifications corresponds to a single type of notification (mail [email] notification, Syslog notification or Open Ticket notification). In the Notifications area, you configure each notification type to indicate whether or not it is to automatically send the relevant notification, once triggered by a security event. By default, the Default Playbook policy is set to Simulation mode, and only email notifications are automatically enabled, as shown below:

_				\$	#	=!	\$	Ð	
~ ~	NAME			MALICIOUS	SUSPICIOUS	PUP	INCONCLUSIVE	LIKELY SAFE	
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in protection and simulation modes)									
			Send mail notification	~	~	~	~	~	
			Send syslog notification	iend syslog notification Syslog must be defined under Admin settings					
			pen ticket Open ticket must be defined under Admin settings						

Note: Notification actions must be enabled in order to be implemented by a Playbook policy. If notifications are disabled, they are not implemented by the Playbook policy, even if that policy is configured to send notifications. For more details see SMTP on page 288.

The **Malicious**, **Suspicious**, **PUP**, **Inconclusive** and **Likely Safe** columns correspond to the possible classifications for a security event. When a checkmark ✓ appears in one of these columns, it means that a notification of the specified type is sent when an event is triggered that has that classification. Notifications are sent for all security events except those classified as **Likely Safe**. For example, the figure below shows that an email notification is sent whenever a Malicious, Suspicious, PUP or Inconclusive security event is triggered. **Syslog** and **Open Ticket** notifications work in the same way as Email notifications. For more details about classifications, see Events Pane on page 138.

SMTP, Syslog and Open Ticket must already be configured in order to send their respective notifications. If their settings are not already configured, the relevant row in the Notifications list displays a message indicating that you must first configure it, as shown below:

	NAME			# MALICIOUS	₿ SUSPICIOUS	■! PUP		+ LIKELY SAFE		
▽ ✔	Default Playbook									
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in protection and simulation modes)										
			Send mail notification	~	~	~	~	~		
			Send syslog notification	end syslog notification Syslog must be defined under Admin settings						
			pen ticket Open ticket must be defined under Admin settings							

Note: The word Admin in each of these messages is a link that when clicked, jumps to the relevant place in the user interface to configure it. For example, when you click Admin in any of these messages, the following window displays in which you can configure the relevant settings.

	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 139 FORENSICS V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 1110 SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V ADMINISTRATION 3	💽 Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
LICENSING	OPEN TICKET	
ORGANIZATIONS	System name Splunk Email address * mysplunk@test.com	Save 😪 Clear
USERS		
DISTRIBUTION LISTS	SYSLOG	NOTIFICATIONS
EXPORT SETTINGS		
TOOLS		
SYSTEM EVENTS		
IP SETS		
INTEGRATIONS		

Investigation

Investigation actions enable you to isolate a device or assign it to a high-security Collector Group, in order to further investigate the relevant device's activity.

NA	AME				MALICIOUS	₿ SUSPICIOUS	≡! PUP		H LIKELY SAFE		
▽ 🗌 📕	Default Playbook										
NOTIFICATIONS (sent in protection and simulation modes)											
			Send mail notification		~	~	~	~	~		
			Send syslog notification		Syslog must	be defined unde	Admin settings				
			Open ticket		~	~	~	~	~		
	INVESTIGATION										
			Isolate device with Collector		~						
			Isolate device with NAC	Nac_HK 👻	~						
			Move device to the High Security	Group							

Investigation actions can be one of the following types:

- Isolate Device with Collector on page 94
- Isolate Device with NAC on page 95
- Move Device to High Security Group on page 95

Isolate Device with Collector

This action blocks the communication to/from the affected Collector. This action only applies for endpoint Collectors. For example, if the Playbook policy is configured to isolate the device for a malicious event, then whenever a maliciously classified security event is triggered from a device, then that device is isolated (blocked) from communicating with the outside world (for both sending and receiving). This means, for example, that applications that communicate with the outside world, such as Google Chrome, Firefox and so on, will be blocked for outgoing communications.

A checkmark ✓ in a classification column here means that the device is automatically isolated when a security event is triggered with that classification.

Isolate device	~	~	~	

Note: The tab bar at the top of the window may display a white circle(s) with a number inside the circle to indicate that new security events have not been read by the user. The number represents the number of new registered devices.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 🖲 FORENSICS 🗸 COMMUNICATION CONTROL 🛛 🥴 SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVENTORY 😕 ADMINISTRATION SH

When the circle is white, it means that there are no isolated devices and the number inside the circle represents the number of new registered devices in the last three days.

When the circle is red, it indicates that there are one or more isolated devices. In this case, the number inside the circle indicates only the number of isolated devices.

You can hover over the number to see the list of new registered devices and isolated devices. Each row shows the number of devices added, by day.

TINGS❤		ADM	INISTRATION 516
TYPE	ACTION	ADDED	DATE
Collectors	Added	2	04-Feb-2020
Collectors	Isolated	1	05-Feb-2020
IoT devices	Added	1	04-Feb-2020
IoT devices	Added	11	03-Feb-2020
IoT devices	Added	9	02-Feb-2020

Isolate Device with NAC

This action blocks the communication to/from the affected device by disabling this host on an external Network Access Control system. A NAC connector must already be configured in order to perform this action. For details about how to configure NAC connectors, see Network Access Control (NAC) Integration on page 318.

In the dropdown menu next to the action, you can specify which NAC to use for disabling the host or select all of them.

Note: Unlike devices that are isolated using the FortiEDR Collector for which there is an isolation indication on Inventory tab and un-isolation is available, devices that were isolated using an external system such as a NAC are not indicated as such on the FortiEDR Console and un-isolation is only possible on the external NAC system.

Move Device to High Security Group

FortiEDR provides two default Collector Groups: the Default Collector Group and the High Security Collector Group. Both of these default Collector Groups are initially assigned to the Default Playbook policy, and cannot be deleted.

A checkmark ✓ in a classification column here means that the device is automatically moved (assigned) to the High Security Collector Group when a security event is triggered that has that classification. This feature is useful when you want to mark Collectors that triggered malicious events.

Move device to High security group	~	~	~	~	
------------------------------------	---	---	---	---	--

Remediation

Remediation actions enable you to remediate a situation in the FortiEDR system, should malware be detected on a device.

REMEDIATION								
	Terminate process	~						
	Delete file							
	Clean persistent data	~						
	Block address on Firewall MyFW, FortiGat.							

Remediation actions can be one of the following types:

- Terminate Process on page 96
- Delete File on page 96
- Clean Persistent Data on page 96
- Block Address on Firewall on page 96

Terminate Process

This action terminates the affected process. It does not guarantee that the affected process will not attempt to execute again. This action can also be performed manually using the Forensics add-on, as described on Remediating a Device Upon Malware Detection on page 212

A checkmark \checkmark in a classification column here means that the affected process is automatically terminated on the device when a security event is triggered that has that classification.

Delete File

This action ensures that the file does not attempt to exfiltrate data again, as the file is permanently removed from the device. This action can also be performed manually using the Forensics add-on, as described on Remediating a Device Upon Malware Detection on page 212

A checkmark ✓ in a classification column here means that the affected file is automatically removed on the device when a security event is triggered that has that classification.

Clean Persistent Data

This action cleans the registry keys in Windows. This action can also be performed manually using the Forensics addon, as described on Remediating a Device Upon Malware Detection on page 212.

A checkmark ✓ in a classification column here means that the affected registry key is automatically cleaned on the device when a security event is triggered that has that classification.

Block Address on Firewall

This action ensures that connections to remote malicious addresses that are associated with the security event are blocked. A Firewall Connector must already be configured in order to perform this action. For details about how to configure firewall connectors, see Firewall Integration on Firewall Integration on page 311.

In the dropdown menu next to the action, you can specify which firewalls are used to perform the blocking or select all of them, as shown below:

REMEDIATION						
	1	Terminate process	~			
	E	Delete file				
	(Clean persistent data		~		
	E	Block address on Firewall	FortiGate300 👻	~		
▷ 📃 📃 Test playbook			All Firewalls			
Victims Playbook			✓ FortiGate300			
▷ 🗌 📃 Victims Playbook clone			MyFW			

A checkmark ✓ in a Classification column means that communication with the affected destination is automatically blocked when a security event is triggered that has that classification.

The firewall must already be configured in order to add malicious destinations to blocked addresses. If its settings are not already configured, the relevant row in the Remediation list displays a message indicating that you must first configure it, as shown below:

REMEDIATION						
	Terminate process	~				
	Delete file					
	Clean persistent data	~				
	Block address on Firewall A Firewall must be defined under Integrations Admin settings					

Note: Clicking the Integration Admin link in this message jumps to the relevant place in the user interface to configure it (in the Integration page under the Admin tab).

Custom

Custom actions enable you to automatically trigger an incident response in a third-party system as the result of a security event detected by FortiEDR, according to the Custom Integration connector (and its actions) that you define.

CUSTOM							
	Re-profile a device	fortinac.fortidem v	~	~	~	~	
	AWS Lambda Logout User	fortigate.fortide v	~	~	~		
	Disable interface	fortigate.fortide v	~				
	Slack Notification	fortigate.fortide v	~	~	~	~	~

The **CUSTOM** section of the Playbook page lists the actions that have been defined for Custom Integration Connectors, as described on Custom Integration on page 328.

Note: This list appears empty appears until at least one Custom Integration Connector has been defined.

A checkmark ✔ in a classification column here means that the defined action is triggered in the third-party system when a security event is triggered that has that classification.

Other Options in the Playbooks Tab

You can perform the following operations using the toolbar at the top of the tab:

- Clone Playbook: Clones a Playbook policy, as described on Playbook Policies on page 89.
- Set Mode: Changes the mode of the Playbook policy. This process is similar to that for setting the mode for a standard security policy, which is described on Setting a Security Policy's Prevention or Simulation Mode on page 59

- Assign Collector Group: Assigns a Playbook policy to a Collector Group. This process is similar to that for assigning a standard security policy to a Collector Group, which is described on Assigning a Security Policy to a Collector Group on page 61.
- **Delete**: Deletes a cloned Playbook policy. Default Playbook policies cannot be deleted.

Note: The default Playbook policy (named Default Playbook) is mandatory and cannot be deleted.

Inventory

This chapter describes the FortiEDR Inventory, which enables you to monitor the health of FortiEDR components and to create Collector Groups.

Introducing the Inventory

The **INVENTORY** tab displays separate pages for **COLLECTORS**, **IoT (devices)** and **System Components** (AGGREGATORS, CORES and REPOSITORIES). Click the down arrow next to **INVENTORY** and then select the relevant option to access its page, as shown below.

	MI
Collectors	
IoT	
System Components	

This view enables you to monitor system health and to define Collector Groups. If you have a large system with thousands of FortiEDR Collectors, it may take a few moments to populate this window.

By default, the **INVENTORY** tab and its various pages are filtered to display all the FortiEDR components that are degraded, except for FortiEDR Collectors, which are filtered to see all Collectors, regardless of their state.

COLLECTORS (19/42)						Showing 1-15/	33 🕨 🕨 Sea	rch Collectors 🔻 🔍
All 🗸 💱 Create Group 💱 Move to Group 👕 Delete 🗸 🕥				anaged devices were found 🗶				
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
▷								
▷ ■ # 5.0.1 (9/9)								
▷ □ 8€ 5.0.1.225 (0/0)								
5.0.1.71								

If there are Collectors in the Degraded state, the following indication appears at the right top corner, which you can click to filter the view to only show the Collectors in the Degraded state.

▲ 3 Degraded Collectors were found 🗙

You can select to display all Collectors that are in one of the specific states (**New, Running, Disabled, Degraded, Disconnected, Isolated, Selected, Pending Reboot, Migrated, Pending Migration or Unmanaged**) using the dropdown menu at the top left of the window, as shown below:

(C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	EVENT VIEWER 18 FO		N CONTROL V 305			ADMINISTRATION 518		Protection	n 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
Collectors (3/46) Collectors table is filtered to "Degraded" status. Show all Collectors or Groups 🔻 Q										
Degraded 🔻 🕌 Create Group 😭 Move to Group 📸 Move to Group 📸 Delete 🔻 🗇 Enable/Disable 🔻 🖉 Solate 👻 🍱 Export 👻 Uninstall										d devices were found
	Degraded ROUP NAME		DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
,	Disabled									
	Disconnected		Second		ot Windows 10 Pro	10.51.121.118	00-0C-29-EC-D3-0E	4.1.0.8	😕 Degraded	Now
ŀ	Isolated Migrated		р		t Windows 10 Enterprise	10.51.121.80	00-50-56-BE-75-7F	4.1.0.8	Degraded	Now
ŀ	New Win10				enterprise					
	Pending Migration									
1	Pending Reboot									
1	Running									
[Selected									
1	Unmanaged									

When a new FortiEDR Collector registers, an indicator displays on the INVENTORY tab.



The X/Y numbers in the **Collector Group Name** column indicate the following:

- X indicates the number of Collectors, based on the filter option selected (New, Running, Disabled, Degraded, Disconnected, Selected or Pending Reboot), as described on the preceding page.
- Y indicates the total number of Collectors in the Collector Group to which the Collector belongs.

For example, the figure below shows 11/11, which means that there are 9 Collectors that are Running in a Collector Group containing **9** Collectors.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER	B FORENSICS ✓ COMMUNI	CATION CONTROL V 385 SE			ADMINISTRATION 516		Protecti	on 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🌱
COLLECTORS (46/46) All 🔻 🕴 Create Group 🔮 Move to Group 🝵 Delete 🔻 🗇 Enable/Disable 🔻 👰 Solate 👻 🎦 Export 👻 Xulinistal								ors or Groups 🔻 📿
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
▷ Be Linux (3/3)								
		R it	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.126	00-50-56-8F-A8-E4	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	LI 4	t	Windows 8.1 Enterprise	10.51.121.86	00-50-56-8F-0F-E9	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		P	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.109	00-0C-29-54-97-1B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	↓ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Windows Server 2019 Standard	10.51.121.163	00-50-56-BE-93-2E	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		١ t	Windows 8.1	10.51.121.114	00-0C-29-1D-5C-3B	4.1.0.8	😣 Running	Now
	□ v · · · ·		Windows Server 2016 Standard	10.51.121.87	00-50-56-8F-07-55	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	□ V		Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard	10.51.121.130	00-50-56-8F-5E-C3	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Windows 8	10.51.121.98	00-50-56-8F-49-91	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		t	Windows 8 Enterprise	10.51.121.125	00-50-56-8F-10-B5	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
D 86 lior8888 (0/0)								
▷ □ # ^{OSX} (5/5)								
▷ ೫೯ OTI (0/0)								

To export the list of FortiEDR components:

• Use the Export T button and select Excel or PDF.

Uninstalling a Collector

Use the <u>Uninstall</u> button to uninstall a Collector from a device. Use caution when using this option, as a Collector cannot be reinstalled after removal using the FortiEDR user interface. Therefore, it is recommended to disable a Collector using the **Enable/Disable** option rather than uninstalling it.

Collectors

The **COLLECTORS** page displays a list of the previously defined Collector Groups, which can be expanded to show the FortiEDR Collectors that each contains. Additional Collector Groups can be defined by you, as described on Defining a New Collector Group on page 104. FortiEDR Collectors automatically register with the system after installation. By default, each FortiEDR Collector is added to the Collector Group called **All**. You can move any Collector to another Collector Group, as described on Assigning Collectors to a Collector Group on page 105.

To access this page, click the down arrow next to **INVENTORY** and then select **Collectors**, as shown below.

	ADMI
Collectors	
IoT	
System Component	s

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER		TATION CONTROL V 305			ADMINISTRATION 516		Protec	tion 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🌱
COLLECTORS (46/46)	able/Disable 🔻 💆 Isolate 🔻 🏹 Expo	ort 🔻 🚬 Uninstall						ctors or Groups ▼Q
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	os	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
▷ 🛛 🤀 Linux (3/3)								
		R +t	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.126	00-50-56-8F-A8-E4	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	LI 4	, t	Windows 8.1 Enterprise	10.51.121.86	00-50-56-8F-0F-E9	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		P	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.109	00-0C-29-54-97-1B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
			Windows Server 2019 Standard	10.51.121.163	00-50-56-BE-93-2E	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		۱ t	Windows 8.1	10.51.121.114	00-0C-29-1D-5C-3B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	🗆 V 3		Windows Server 2016 Standard	10.51.121.87	00-50-56-8F-07-55	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
	• V	(Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard	10.51.121.130	00-50-56-8F-5E-C3	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
			Windows 8	10.51.121.98	00-50-56-8F-49-91	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		t	Windows 8 Enterprise	10.51.121.125	00-50-56-8F-10-B5	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
▷ □ 36 lior8888 (0/0)								
▷								
▷ □ ೫ oti (0/0)								

The default Collector Group (to which new Collectors are automatically added) is marked with a yellow group icon 🔧 . You can change to a different default Collector Group by clicking the group icon of another Collector Group.

Click b to expand the list and display the FortiEDR Collectors that the Collector Group contains.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEW	VER 18	FORENSICS V CO	MMUNICATION CONTROL V 305	SECURITY SETTINGS	INVENTORY~	ADMINISTRATION 516		O Prote	tion 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
COLLECTORS (46/46)								Search Colle	ctors or Groups 🔻 🔍
All 🔻 St Create Group St Move to Group 👚 Delete 🔻 🔘	Enable/Disi	able 🔻 👰 solate 🔻 🛛	🛃 Export 🔻 🔛 Uninstall					🛕 158 Unmana	ged devices were found
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME		DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group (0/0)									
Default Collector Group (0/0)									
▷ 86 group1 (0/0)									
▷ 8 group2 (0/0)									
▷ Binsiders (2/2)									
▷ 📄 🛞 Linux (3/3)									
		1000.000.00.00	ALC: N	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.126	00-50-56-8F-A8-E4	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		100.00	1	t Windows 8.1 Enterprise	10.51.121.86	00-50-56-8F-0F-E9	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		1000		Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.109	00-0C-29-54-97-1B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		;		Windows Server 2019 Standard	10.51.121.163	00-50-56-BE-93-2E	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		and the second s	and the second second	Windows 8.1	10.51.121.114	00-0C-29-1D-5C-3B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
			3	Windows Server 2016 Standard	10.51.121.87	00-50-56-8F-07-55	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
			μ.	Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard	10.51.121.130	00-50-56-8F-5E-C3	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		and the local division of		Windows 8	10.51.121.98	00-50-56-8F-49-91	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
			1000	Windows 8 Enterprise	10.51.121.125	00-50-56-8F-10-B5	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
n no lior8888									

Convright © Fortinet Version 4.1.0.5

The following information is provided for each Collector:

Information Field	Description
Checkbox	Check this checkbox to select the Collector. You can then use one of the buttons at the top left of the window, such as the Delete button
Collector Group Name	Specifies the name of the Collector Group to which the Collector is assigned.
Device Name	Specifies the device name taken from the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Collector is installed.
Last Logged	Specifies the last user that logged into the device on which the Collector is installed. It shows the domain of the computer/username. If this device has not been logged into, then this column is blank. In addition, if the Collector is not V3.0.0.0 or above, then this column is empty and the events from this Collector will not contain the user from which the security event was triggered.
OS	Specifies the operating system of the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Collector is installed.
IP	Specifies the IP address of the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Collector is installed.
MAC Address	Specifies the physical address of the device. If a device has multiple MAC addresses, three dots () display. You can hover over the MAC Address to display the value (or values, in case of multiple MAC addresses) in a tooltip.

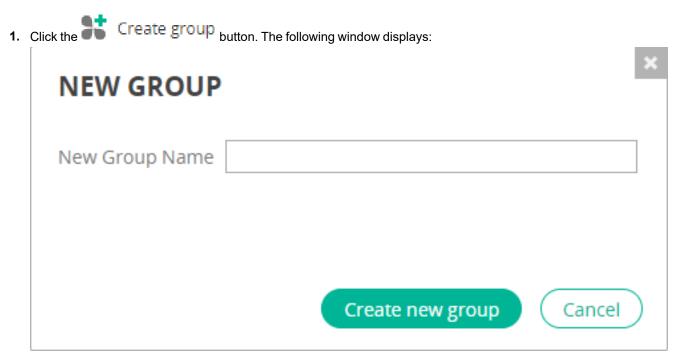
Information Field	Description
	COLLECTORS (46/46) Sender Collector C
	COLLECTOR GROUP NAME DEPICE NAME LAT LOGGED IP MAC ADDRESS VERSION STATE LAT SEEN > %
	More Opx10.10.5 10.51.10.566 00-1C-42.A1:80.433 3.15.14 Disconnected 3.dgn age Image:
Version	Specifies the version of the FortiEDR Collectors installed on the communicating device.
State	Specifies the current state of the FortiEDR Collector. Hovering over the STATE value pops up the last time the STATE was changed. Possible value for STATE are as follows:
Running	The FortiEDR Collector is up and all is well.
Running (Autonomously)	The core is temporarily inaccessible. Therefore, policy enforcement is performed by the FortiEDR Collector.
Disconnected	The device is offline, powered down or is not connected to the FortiEDR Aggregator.
Disconnected (Expired)	The device has not been connected for 30 or more consecutive days. Collectors in this state are not counted for licensing purposes. Note: To see the list of Collectors in this state, click the down arrow in the Search box at the top right of the window to display the following window:

Information Field	Description
	× SEARCH GROUPS & COLLECTORS
	Collector Group
	Device Name
	User
	Operating System 🗸
	Mac Address
	IP
	Version
	Last seen before
	Show only devices that have not been seen for more than 30 days
	Search Cancel
	Then, check the Show only devices that have not been seen for more than 30 days checkbox, and click the Search button. The Collectors area then displays only devices in the Disconnected (Expired) state.
Pending Reboot	After the FortiEDR Collector is installed, you may want some devices to be rebooted before the FortiEDR Collector can start running. This status means that the FortiEDR Collector is ready to run after this device is rebooted. The reboot is performed in the usual manner on the device itself.
Disabled	Specifies that this FortiEDR Collector was disabled in the FortiEDR Central Manager. This feature is not yet available in version 1.2.
Degraded	Specifies that the FortiEDR Collector is prevented from performing to its full capacity (for example, due to lack of resources on the device on which it is installed or compatibility issues).
Last Seen	Counts the number of days passed from the last time this Collector communicated with the Core.

Defining a New Collector Group



Creating multiple Collector Groups enables you to assign different FortiEDR policies to different FortiEDR Collectors, which means to different end user groups. In addition, it enables data segmentation in FortiEDR and reports according to user groups. For example, you may want to assign a more permissive policy to the CEO of your organization.



2. Enter any name for this group and click the Create new group button.

Assigning Collectors to a Collector Group

- 1. In the COLLECTORS page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Collectors to be moved to a different group.
- 2. Select the Move to group button. The following window displays showing the names of the current Collector Groups and how many Collectors each contains:

Default VDL Croup	
Default VDI Group	0
enSilo Servers	0
Home users	6
my citrix pool (VDI)	0
OSX Users	13

- 3. Select the Collector Group to which to move the selected Collectors.
- 4. Click the Move to group button.

Deleting a Collector Group/Collector

Deleting a Collector Group simply means that you are deleting a logical grouping of Collectors. These Collectors then become available to be selected in the default Collector Group. The Collector Group assigned as the default Collector Group cannot be deleted.

Deleting a Collector only deletes it from the FortiEDR Central Manager's console. If the FortiEDR Collector is not uninstalled on the device, it will automatically reappear in the FortiEDR Central Manager's COLLECTOR list.

To delete a Collector Group/Collector:

• Select the Collector Group's/Collector's checkbox and then click the ^{Delete} button.

Enabling/Disabling a Collector

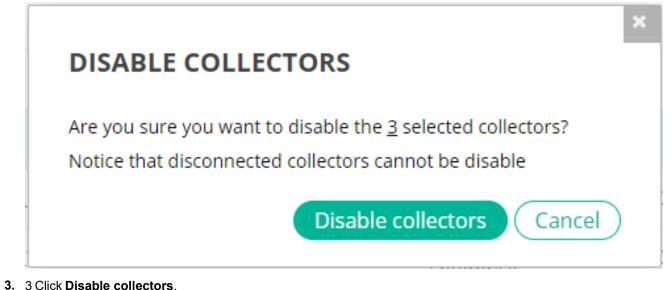
You can enable or disable one or more Collectors simultaneously.

To enable one or more Collectors simultaneously:

- 1. In the COLLECTORS page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Collectors to be enabled. All selected Collectors must be in a Disabled () state.
- 2. Click the down arrow on the DEnable/Disable Thus button and select Enable. This button is only enabled when one or more Collectors are selected.

To disable one or more Collectors simultaneously:

- 1. In the COLLECTORS page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Collectors to be disabled. All selected Collectors must be in a Running (🕗) state.
- 2. 2 Click the down arrow on the Disable/Disable volution and select Disable. This button is only enabled when one or more Collectors are selected. A confirmation message displays:



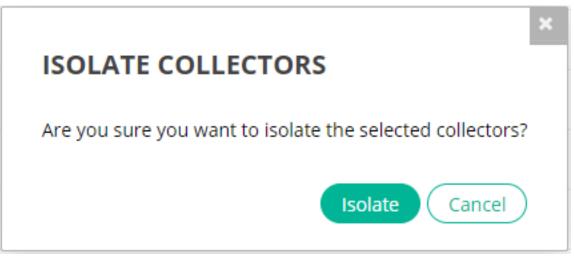
Device Isolation

An isolated device is one that is blocked from communicating with the outside world (for both sending and receiving). A device can be isolated manually, as described below. For more details see Investigation on page 93

Note: Isolation mode takes effect upon any attempt to establish a network session after isolation mode has been initiated. Connections that were established before device isolation was initiated remain intact. The same applies for Communication Control denial configuration changes. Note that both Isolation mode and Communication Control denial do not apply on incoming RDP connections and ICMP connections.

To isolate a device:

- 1. In the COLLECTORS page, select the checkbox(es) of the FortiEDR Collector(s) that you want to isolate.
- 2. Click the down arrow on the Isolate subtraction and select Isolate.
 - The following window displays



3. Click the **Isolate** button. A red icon appears next to the relevant Collector to indicate that the Collector has been isolated, as shown below:

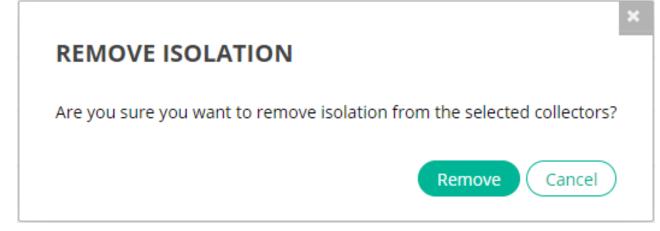
	¹⁸ FORENSICS ❤	COMMUNICATION CONTROL ~ 109			ADMINISTRATION 516		O Protect	
COLLECTORS (46/46)							Search Collect	ors or Groups 🔻 🔍
All 🔻 😫 Create Group 🔮 Move to Group 💼 Delete 🔻 🔘 En							🛕 158 Unmanag	ed devices were found
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	Isola DEVICE NAM Rem		OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
▷ □ ⊕ Insiders (2/2)								
▷ % Linux (3/3)								
▷ □ \$\$ lior1 (9/9)								
▷ □ 3€ llor8888 (0/0)								
▷ □ 66 05X (5/5)								
▷								
▷ □ 98 Roy (1/1)								
▶ 🗆 % test 🕐 🍓 😭 📫								
▷ B6 (12/12)								
▷ □ 88 Win7 (B/8)								
		68F\Administrat	tor Microsoft Windows Server 2003	10.51.121.128	00-50-56-8F-AC-B0	4.1.0.8	😸 Running	Now
	□	13A\Administrat	tor Microsoft Windows Server 2003	10.51.121.127	00-50-56-8F-CC-E8	4.1.0.8	😸 Running	Now
		103\Administrat	tor Microsoft Windows XP	10.51.121.134	00-50-56-8F-3E-7B	4.1.0.8	Running	Now

To remove isolation from a device:

1. 1 In the **COLLECTORS** page, select the checkbox(es) of the FortiEDR Collector(s) whose isolation you want to remove.

2.	Click the down arrow on the Solate	button and select Remove isolation , as shown below.
	🖉 Isolate 🔻	
	Isolate	
	Remove isolation	
	The following window displays:	

_



3. Click the Remove button.

Unmanaged Devices

The **COLLECTORS** page also indicates the number of unmanaged devices found in the system at the top right of the page, meaning those non-IoT devices on which no Collector is installed.

Important: Unmanaged devices are not protected in the system. Therefore, it is recommended that you either install a Collector on each such device or remove it from your network.

CashBoard	EVENT VIEWER 18 FORENSICS ✓ CO	MMUNICATION CONTROL V 311 SECURITY SETTINGS V	INVENTORY~ 198	ADMINISTRATION 1643	•	rotection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🌱
COLLECTORS (44/49)				I d Showing	1-15/16 🕨 🕨 Search C	ollectors or Groups 🔻 🔍
All Create Group Move to Group	👕 Delete 🔻 🕥 Enable/Disable 🔻 👰 Isol	ate 🔻 📑 Export 👻 🔛 Uninstall			🛕 185 Unm	anaged devices were found
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS VE	RSION STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group (0/0)						
Default Collector Group (0/0)						
▷ emulation (1/1)						
▷ 🗌 ಱ group1 (0/0)						

To view the list of unmanaged devices, select **Unmanaged** in the filter at the top left of the page.

DASHBO/	ARD EVENT VIEWER 16 F4		CATION CONTROL V 311	SECURITY SETTINGS♥	INVENTORY~ 198	ADMINISTRATION 1643		O Protectio	n 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
COLLECTORS (185/185) Search Devices or Groups VQ Unmanaged V Scale Group 🐩 Move to Group 👚 Delete V 🗇 Enable/Disable V 🔯 Export V 🔏 Uninstall									
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME		DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
Unmanaged devices (185/185)	A								1-10/185
				Windows	10.51.121.144	00-50-56-BE-1C-63		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.135	00-50-56-8F-B3-E1		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.136	00-50-56-BE-20-6C		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.133	00-50-56-8F-45-EF		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.124	00-50-56-8F-70-81		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.53	00-50-56-BE-5E-3F		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	10.51.121.173	00-50-56-BE-F3-09		Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	192.168.2.1			Unmanaged	Today
				Windows	192.168.186.1			Unmanaged	Today
		and the second s		Windows	10.51.121.63	00-50-56-BE-06-EE		Unmanaged	Today

None of the action buttons at the top of the window are available for unmanaged devices, as there is no Collector installed on these devices.

IoT Devices

The **IOT DEVICES** page lists the non-workstation devices, such as printers, cameras and so on, that are part of your network. To access this page, click the down arrow next to **INVENTORY** and then select **IoT**.

This option is only available to users who have purchased the **Discover and Protect** or the **Discover, Protect and Response** license.

FortiEDR provides you with visibility to any device in your network, including those on which FortiEDR components are not installed. IoTs are proactively discovered from existing FortiEDR Collectors. For more details, see IoT Device Discovery on page 300.

DASHBOARD	D EVENT VIEWER 152 I			ITROL 🗸 1228 SECURITY S	iettings 🗸 Inve	ADMINISTRA	TION 2301	• Protes	
IOT DEVICES (102/102)								Search IOT Dev	ice v Q
All 🗸 🕻 Create Group	roup 👕 Delete 🗸 📿 Devi	ice Details	Export~						
DEVICE GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME		CATEGORY	MODEL	INTERNAL IP	MAC ADDRESS	LOCATION	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN
Default IOT Group (4/4)									
	-		Other	Dell	10.51.102.55	8C-04-BA-75-9D-AD	Israel	57 days ago	6 days ago
		Expired	Other	Microsoft, Linux 3.2 - 4.9	10.51.102.21	00-15-5D-2E-D4-0F	Israel	87 days ago	27 days ago
		Expired	Other	Dell	10.51.102.5	A4-4C-C8-BE-4D-83	Israel	134 days ago	113 days ago
			Other	Sony Interactive Entertai	10.51.102.26	2C-CC-44-87-22-AC	Israel	203 days ago	6 days ago
 Media device (3/3) 									
Network device (5/5)									
▷ 📄 🛞 Other (83/83)									
Power device (1/1)									
Printer (2/2)									
Remote management (0/0)									
▷ 🛛 😸 Storage (3/3)									
Video Device (1/1)									

This page provides all the collected information about each discovered device, including its name, Category (device type), model number, internal IP address, MAC address, the physical location where the device was detected (based on

its external IP address) and when it was first and last seen. FortiEDR presents all the information it collected for each

device. Information that was not available for a device is marked as N/A in that device's row in the table. The **New** indication indicates that the device was discovered within the last three days. The **mee** indication indicates that the device has not been seen for more than one week.

The default IoT Group to which new IoT devices are automatically added is marked with a yellow group icon <. You can change to a different default IoT Group by clicking the group icon of another IoT Group. Alternatively, you can use Category-based grouping, where each new IoT device is automatically added to the group that represents its Category (for example, network devices, cameras, printers and so on).

Defining a New IoT Group

1. Click the Create group button. The following window displays:

NEW GROUP		×
New Group Name]
	Create new group Cancel)

2. Enter any name for this group and click the Create new group button.

Assigning Devices to an IoT Group

- 1. In the IOT DEVICES page, select the checkboxes of the IoT devices to be moved to a different group.
- 2. Select the **Move to group** button. The following window displays showing the names of the current IoT Groups and how many devices each contains:

loving 5 IOT devices to:	
IOT GROUP NAME	# OF DEVICES
Computer	190
Media device	3
Network device	16
Other	1
Power device	1

- 3. Select the IoT Group to which to move the selected devices.
- 4. Click the Move to group button.

Deleting an IoT Device/IoT Group

Deleting an IoT Group simply means that you are deleting a logical grouping of IoT devices. These devices then become available to be selected in the default IoT Group. The IoT Group assigned as the default IoT Group cannot be deleted.

Deleting an IoT device deletes it from the FortiEDR Central Manager's console. However, if the device is still connected to your network, it will re-appear following the next network scan.

To delete an IoT device/IoT Group:

• Select the IoT Group's/IoT device's checkbox and then click the Telete button.

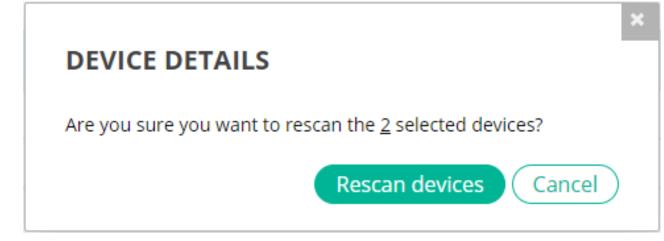
Refreshing IoT Device Data

You can run a scan for a specific IoT device to recollect data for that device.

To rescan an IoT device(s):

1. Select the IoT device's checkbox for the device(s) that you want to scan and then click the

C Device Details button. A confirmation window displays.



2. Click the Rescan devices button.

Exporting IoT Information

To export the list of IoT devices:

• Use the Export T button and select Excel or PDF.

To export details for an IoT device:

• Check the checkbox of the device of interest and then select Device Info under the **Export** button. You can only export details for one device at a time. This report exports all collected data for the IoT device of interest, including additional data beyond what is presented in the user interface.



System Components

The **SYSTEM COMPONENTS** page lists the FortiEDR Aggregators, Cores and Repositories. To access this page, click the down arrow next to **INVENTORY** and then select **System Components**, as shown below.

	ADMI
Collectors	
ΙοΤ	
System Componen	ts

The following displays:

STEM COMPON	IENTS						
CORES (2/2)						Search Cores	v
Delete 🖸 Expo							
🗌 👻 All	IP	NAME		DEPLOYMEN	T MODE FUNCTIONALITY	VERSION	STATE
	-		an lawar i wi	Cloud	Both	5.0.1.153	Running
				Cloud	Core only	5.0.1.153	Running
AGGREGATORS	(1/1)					Search Aggre	gators 🔻
👕 Delete 🖸 Expo							
🔲 👻 All	IP	NAME		CONNECTED COL	LECTORS	VERSION	STATE
	127.0.0.1:8081	Fortinet		41		5.0.1.155	Running
REPOSITORIES (2	2/2)						
IP	STATE						
ensilofordev-prod- middleware.edr- prod.ensilo.com:8095	Running						

Aggregators

The **AGGREGATORS** area lists the FortiEDR Aggregators.

		DASHBOARD EVEN	T VIEWER 18 FORENSI	⁸⁵ SECURITY SETTINGS♥		ADMINISTRATION (516)	•		Barbara 🗸
SYSTEM COMPON	IENTS								
CORES (1/1)									
AGGREGATORS	(1/1)						Search Age	regators	₹Q.
Delete 🖸 Expo									
🗆 🗸 All	IP	NAME		CONNECTE	D COLLECTORS		VERSION	STATE	
	127.0.0.1:8081	Fortinet		46			4.1.0.5	😕 Runn	ing
REPOSITORIES	1/1)								

Click ^b to expand the list. The following information is provided for each FortiEDR Aggregator:

Information Field	Description
Checkbox	Check this checkbox to select the Aggregator. You can then use one of the buttons at the top left of the window, such as the Delete button
IP	Specifies the IP address of the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Aggregator is installed.
Name	Specifies the Aggregator name entered during installation
Connected Collectors	Specifies the number of FortiEDR Collectors that have been configured to operate with this Aggregator.
Version	Specifies the version of the Aggregator software.
State	Specifies the current state of the FortiEDR Aggregator.

Cores

The **CORES** area lists the FortiEDR Cores.

	🛰 🗸 DASH	IBOARD EVENT VIEWER 183	Forensics 🗸	Communication control ~ 4	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 🛄	ADMINISTRATION (05)	•	Protection 🗸
STEM COMPO	DNENTS							
ORES (2/2)							Search Cores	•
Delete 🖸								
🗌 👻 All	IP	NAME			DEPLOYMENT MO	DDE FUNCTIONALITY	VERSION	STATE
					Cloud	Both	5.0.1.153	Running
								-

Click ^b to expand the list. The following information is provided for each FortiEDR Core:

Information Field	Description
Checkbox	Check this checkbox to select the Core. You can then use one of the buttons at the top left of the window, such as the Delete button

Information Field	Description
Organization	Specifies the name of the organization in a multi-organization FortiEDR environment. In a single-organization FortiEDR system, this column does not appear.
IP	Specifies the IP address of the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Core is installed.
Name	Specifies the FortiEDR Core name entered during installation
Deployment Mode	 Specifies whether the FortiEDR Core is physically deployed on your organization's premises (On-Premise) or in the cloud provided by Fortinet (Cloud). The following deployment options are available. Cloud On-premise
Functionality	 Specifies the core's functionality and enables you to modify it by selecting one of the following options: Core only – Specifies that the system provides basic FortiEDR Core functionality: events processing, communication control handling, activity events proxy to the Repository and so on. JumpBox – Specifies that the FortiEDR Core is used by the Central Manager (the central web user interface) as a JumpBox, while the JumpBox connects to the LDAP, sandbox or to the products. No basic Core functionalities are provided. Note: The JumpBox can also be used in the Cloud, not only when the Core is on-premise. Both – Provides both Core and JumpBox functionality, as described above. Note: It is not mandatory to have a Core with JumpBox functionality. However, removing JumpBox functionality (by selecting the Core only option) may affect previously defined connectors, thus causing them to be nonfunctional. In this case, an appropriate message is displayed.
Version	Specifies the version of the FortiEDR Core.
State	Specifies the current state of the FortiEDR Core.

Repositories

The **REPOSITORIES** area shows details about the FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository server.

⇔ [—		EVENT VIEWER 18	FORENSICS	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 305		ADMINISTRATION 516	•	Barbara 🗸
бузтем сомро	DNENTS							
CORES (1/1)								
AGGREGATOR	RS (1/1)							
REPOSITORIES	S (1/1)							
IP	STATE							
10.132.0.66:443	😕 Running							

Click b to expand the list. The following information is provided for each FortiEDR Repository:

- IP: Specifies the IP and port address of the communicating device on which the FortiEDR Repository is installed.
- STATE: Specifies the current state of the FortiEDR Repository.

Exporting Logs

Exporting Logs

The Export Logs feature enables you to retrieve technical information from the FortiEDR devices deployed in the organization, such as from Collectors, Cores, Aggregators and the Management server. The retrievable technical content describes the activities of each FortiEDR device. Typically, the technical content contains logs and statistical information. The retrieved technical content is password-protected. The password is enCrypted.

Logs only need to be retrieved when Fortinet technical support requests that you provide them. There is no need for you to analyze the data contained in the FortiEDR logs. You can retrieve logs for the following:

- Exporting Logs for Collectors on page 117
- Exporting Logs for Cores on page 118
- Exporting Logs for Aggregators on page 119

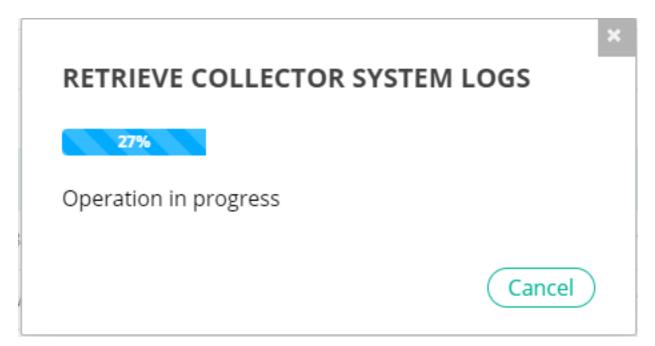
Exporting Logs for Collectors

To export Collector logs:

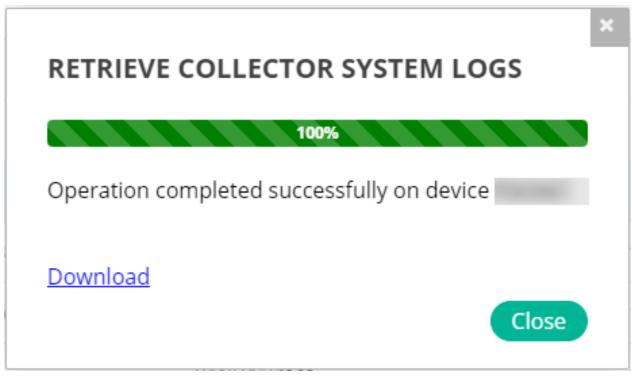
1. In the COLLECTORS page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Collectors for which you want to export logs.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER	¹⁸ FORENSICS ✓ COMMUN			NVENTORY 🗸 🚺	ADMINISTRATION 316		Protection	n ✔ Barbara ✔
COLLECTORS (46/46)							Search Collector	s or Groups 🔻 🔍
All 🔻 State Group State Move to Group 🛅 Delete 🔻 🔘 En.	able/Disable V 💽Isolate V 🚺 Exp	port 🔻 🚬 Uninstall					🛕 158 Unmanaged	devices were found
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME Excel	T LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group (0/0)	Colle	ctor Logs						
Default Collector Group (0/0)								
▷								
▷ □ 88 group2 (0/0)								
▷ □ 98 Insiders (2/2)								
▷								
		RA_QA_81_32\root	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.126	00-50-56-8F-A8-E4	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		QA_WIN8_1_\root	Windows 8.1 Enterprise	10.51.121.86	00-50-56-8F-0F-E9	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now
		PANDA1\root	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	10.51.121.109	00-0C-29-54-97-1B	4.1.0.8	😕 Running	Now

2. Click the down arrow on the **Export** dropdown menu and select **Collector Logs**. A progress window displays, showing the status of the Collector log retrieval process:



After the retrieval process completes, the following window displays:



3. Click the Download link to automatically send the retrieved logs to Fortinet technical support.

Exporting Logs for Cores

1. In the **SYSTEM COMPONENTS** page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Cores for which you want to export logs.

2. Click the down arrow on the **Export** dropdown menu and select **Core Logs**.

CORES (1/1)					
≜ouw F7 r				Search Cores	▼ (
PDF	NAME		DEPLOYMENT MODE	VERSION S	TATE
Core Logs		1000 March 100	Cloud	4.1.0.5 😕	Running

A progress window displays, showing the status of the log retrieval process:

After the retrieval process completes, the following window displays:

RETRIEVE CORE LOGS	×
100%	
Operation completed successfully on 1 devices	
Download	
	Close

3. 3 Click the **Download** link to automatically send the retrieved logs to Fortinet technical support.

Exporting Logs for Aggregators

1. In the SYSTEM COMPONENTS page, select the checkboxes of the FortiEDR Aggregator for which you want to export logs.

2. Click the down arrow on the Export dropdown menu and select one of the following options:

· ····· · ·	DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 🔞 FOREN	SICS COMMUNICATION CONTROL 305		ADMINISTRATION 516		Protection V Ba
EM COMPONENTS						
PRES (1/1)						
GREGATORS (1/1)					Search Aggreg	ators
Delete Export -						
All Excel	NAME		CONNECTED COLLECTORS		VERSION	STATE
Aggregator Logs 7.0.0.1:8081	Fortinet		46		4.1.0.5	😕 Running
System Logs						

- a. Aggregator Logs: Exports the log for the selected Aggregator(s).
- **b.** System Logs: Exports the logs of the central Manager.

A progress window displays.

After the retrieval process completes, a window displays.

Click the **Download** link to automatically send the retrieved logs to Fortinet technical support.

Dashboard

This chapter describes the FortiEDR DASHBOARD for monitoring security events.

Introduction

The FortiEDR Dashboard provides a visual overview of the FortiEDR protection of your organization. It provides an atglance view of the current security events and system health. The Dashboard is automatically displayed after installation or when you click the **DASHBOARD** tab.



System Time (UTC -05:00) 17:11:16

Note: The system time is displayed in all pages at the bottom right of the status bar. It represents the local FortiEDR server time. For example, if the FortiEDR server is located in London, and you log in from Los Angeles, USA, then the time shown is the current time in London, and not the current time in Los Angeles.

System Time (UTC +03:00) 10:17:49

The Dashboard enables you to display two different slices or views of the data collected by FortiEDR:

- Device View 🖃: This view presents information by device, and represents all the security events detected on a given device.
- **Process View** 11: This view presents information by process, and represents all the security events detected for a given process.

Click the applicable view button at the top left of the window to display that view in the DASHBOARD tab.

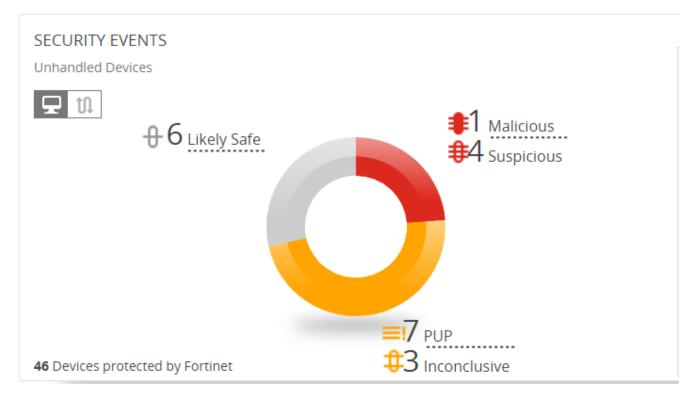
The information presented in the Dashboard represents an aggregation of events. For more details, you may refer to the Event Aggregation on page 135. FortiEDR aggregates security events in both the Device view and the Process view in the Dashboard.

Use the **Logged-in User** dropdown list at the top-right of the window to access the following options:

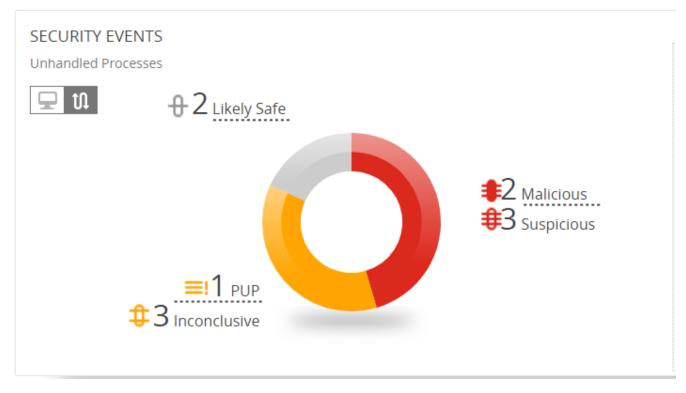


- Help: Enables you to download the latest version of the FortiEDR Installation and Administration Guide.
- Privacy Policy: Downloads the FortiEDR privacy policy.
- Logout: Exits the FortiEDR application.

Security Events Chart



The **SECURITY EVENTS** chart for the Device view shows the number of protected devices in the system at the bottom of the pane.



The **SECURITY EVENTS** chart shows the number and classification of the FortiEDR security events that have not yet been handled. The chart is color-coded according to security event classification:

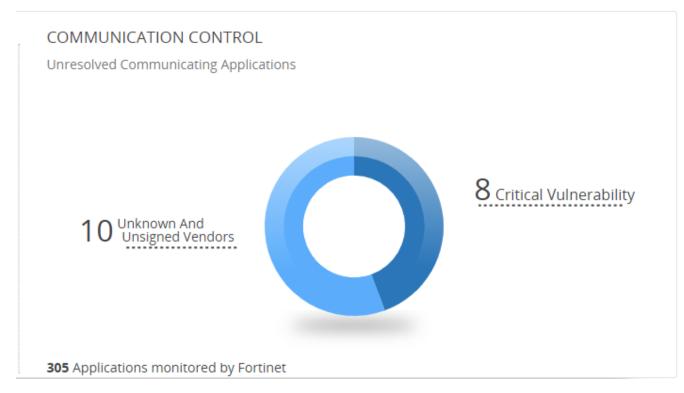
- Red: Critical
- Yellow: High
- Grey: Medium

Click this chart to drill down to the Event Viewer, which shows a filtered chart listing the unhandled security events (Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled on page 143) according to the classification (color) that you clicked in this chart.

Each security event that is detected by the FortiEDR system is initially marked as unread and unhandled. Multiple users may be using the FortiEDR Central Manager in parallel. The **Unread** and **Unhandled** statuses enable users to keep track of whether anyone has read and handled the message.

Communication Control Chart

The **COMMUNICATION CONTROL** chart displays a breakdown of the applications with an Unresolved status detected in your organization.



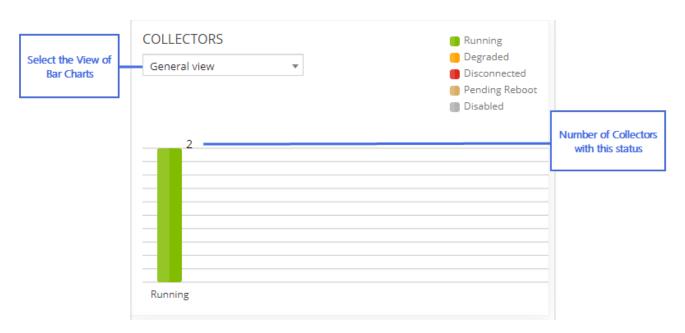
Click a box in the chart to drill down to the Communication Control.

Collectors Chart

The **COLLECTORS** chart provides an overview of FortiEDR Collectors. When in operating system view, each bar in this chart represents a different operating system: Windows, Windows Server and MacOS. In addition, when in General View mode, the window shows the number of unmanaged devices in the system.

The bar chart is color-coded and numbered to indicate the distribution of statuses among the components within the operating system group.

Each bar chart indicates the Version or the Operating System of that component, according to the option that you selected in the **View By** dropdown menu.

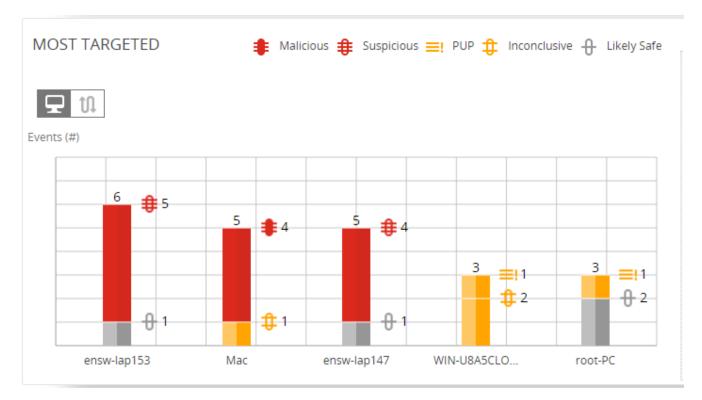


Click this chart to drill down to the relevant Inventory on page 99, which shows a filtered chart listing the Collectors with the selected Version or Operating System.



Disconnected status may indicate that the device on which the FortiEDR Collector is installed is simply powered down or disconnected from the network. It does not necessarily mean that there is a problem with that FortiEDR Collector or that device.

Most Targeted Charts



The **MOST TARGETED** chart displays the history of the most-infected and targeted processes, applications and devices. This chart is color-coded according to the classification of the attacks. The information is displayed per last day, last week or last month, according to your selection.

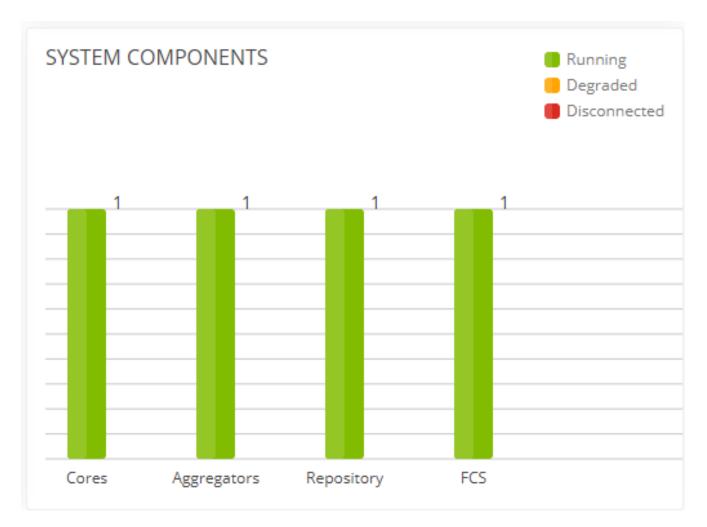
Click this chart to drill down to the Event Viewer on page 134, which shows a filtered chart listing the security events for the selected process or device.

External Destinations

The EXTERNAL DESTINATIONS map displays the locations of the destinations for the security event for the past day, week or month. Select the timeframe for displaying data in the dropdown menu at the top of the pane.



System Components



The SYSTEM COMPONENTS chart shows the status of the Cores, Aggregators, Threat Hunting Repository and FCS.

Executive Summary Report

The Executive Summary report provides a comprehensive summary describing security events and system health.

1. 1 Click the Generate Reports button at the top-right of the Dashboard window. The following window displays:

EXECUTIVE REPORT	×
Report time frame	
from 15-04-2017 🛗 to 15-05-2017 🛗	
Generate Report Cancel)

- 2. Specify the timeframe for the report in the From/To fields. The default period for the report is one month.
- 3. Click Generate Report. The report opens in a pop-up window.

DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 192 FORENSICS V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 1228	SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V 2 ADMINISTRATION 2304	● Protection マ Einat マ
			Cenerate Reports
SECURITY EVENTS Unhandled Devices	EXECUTIVE SUMMAR	Y 🕄	CTORS Running operating system • Organided Prending retoot Disabled
13 inconclusive	EVENTS STATISTICS	132 OVERALL SECURITY EVENTS GENERATED 37 Malicious 4 Suppleious 8 PUP 26 inconclusive 57 Likely Safe	15 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
MOST TARGETED Events (#)	=18 pup 120 incondusive	40 Entitization protection policies triggered events (30.30%) 16 Reasonware provention policies triggered events (20.33%) 79 Execution prevention policies triggered events (50.85%)	A COMPONENTS
2 * 2 * 1 =:	DESTINATIONS	EVENTS BY TOP COUNTRIES 195 Germany 175 France Save / Print	
ensw-lap117 ENSW-LAP141 LJOR-NewPC	ensw-lap133 ensw-lap124		Cores Aggregators Repository FCS
Copyright © Fortinet Version 5.0.0.117			System Time (UTC -05:00) 11:37:04

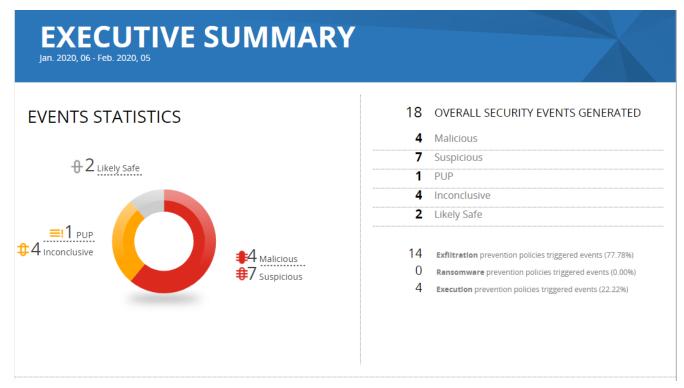
4. 4 Click Save/Print to save or print the report.

The report presents several sections of information, as follows:

- Event Statistics on page 130
- Destinations on page 130
- Most-targeted Devices on page 131
- Most-targeted Processes on page 131
- Communication Control on page 132
- System Components on page 132
- License Status on page 133

Event Statistics

The Event Statistics section of the Executive Summary report displays a breakdown of the security events created during the timeframe of the report. Security events are classified by classification. The total number and percentage of events triggered by the Exfiltration and Ransomware policies are also displayed. For more details, seeEvent Viewer on page 134.



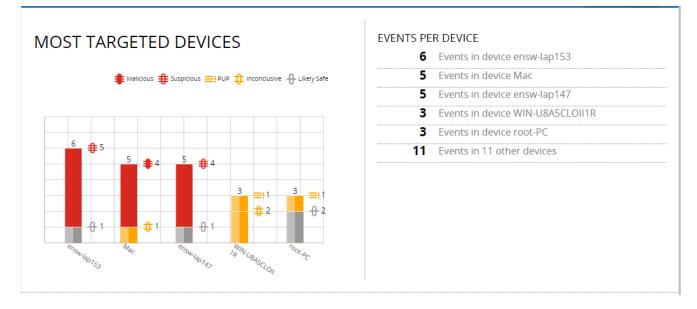
Destinations

The Destination section of the Executive Summary report displays a map of all the destinations for the security events triggered during the timeframe of the report. The names of the top seven countries with the most security events are shown. There is a pin on the map for each represented country. For more details, see External Destinations on page 126.

DESTINATIONS	EVENTS BY TOP COUNTRIES
	397 United States
	41 Israel
	23 Canada
	23 Ireland
	10 France
	5 Germany
	5 Spain
	28 events from 15 other countries

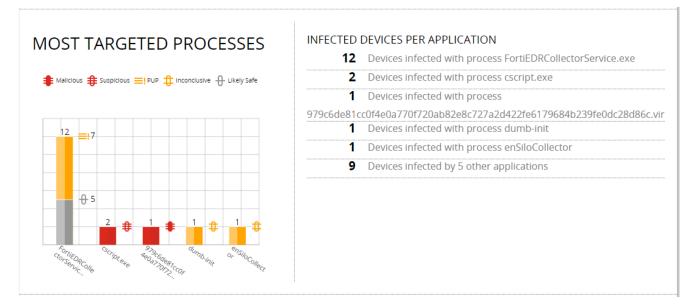
Most-targeted Devices

The Most Targeted Devices section of the Executive Summary report displays all the security events in the system during the timeframe of the report. A breakdown for the top-five most-targeted devices is shown. For more details, see the Most Targeted Charts on page 126.



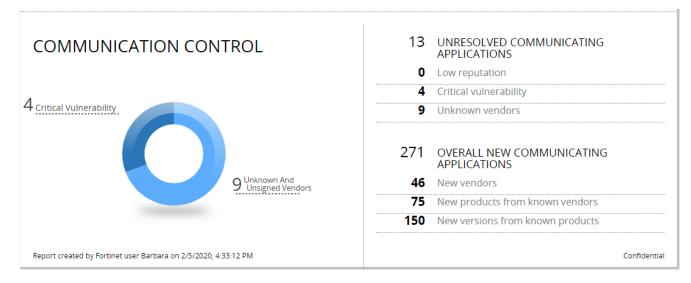
Most-targeted Processes

The Most Targeted Processes section of the Executive Summary report displays all the security events in the system during the timeframe of the report. A breakdown for the top-five most-targeted processes is shown. For more details, see the Most Targeted Charts on page 126.



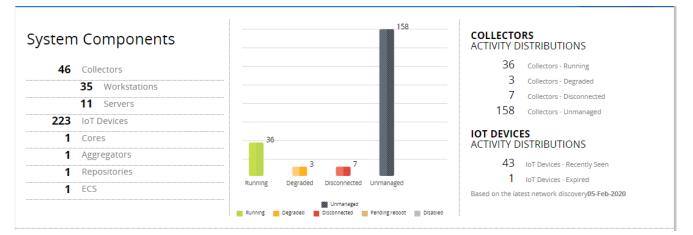
Communication Control

The Communication Control section of the Executive Summary report displays the number of applications detected for the first time during the timeframe of the report. In addition, it shows how many of these applications have suspicious characteristics, such as low reputation or critical vulnerabilities. For more details, see Communication Control on page 175.



System Components

The System Components section of the Executive Summary report displays a bar chart showing the Collectors in the system by their state. In addition, it shows a breakdown of the components in the system, the number of detected IoT devices and the number of unmanaged devices (non-IoT devices on which no Collector is installed). For more details, see the FortiEDR Components on page 13. For more details about IoT devices, see IoT Devices on page 110. For more details about unmanaged devices, Unmanaged Devices on page 109.



License Status

The License Status section of the Executive Summary report displays a summary of license-related information. For more details, see Licensing on page 252.

LICENSE STATUS

License Type:	Predict, Protect and Response
Expiration Date:	18-Sep-2020
Communication Control:	Available
Forensics:	Available
Threat Hunting:	Available
Vulnerability Assessment:	Available
Content Updates:	Available
License Capacity:	10000 workstations, 10000 servers, 100000 IoT devices
In Use:	28 workstations, 4 servers, 259 IoT devices
Remaining:	9972 workstations, 9996 servers, 99741 IoT devices

Event Viewer

This chapter describes the FortiEDR Event Viewer for monitoring and handling security events.

Introducing the Event Viewer

Upon connection establishment attempt, each FortiEDR Collectors sends relevant metadata to the FortiEDR Core, which sends it on to the FortiEDR Aggregator so that it can be displayed in the FortiEDR Central Manager Event Viewer. The Event Viewer enables you to view, investigate and acknowledge handling of each such security event. A row is displayed for each event.

The Event Viewer enables you to display two different slices or views of the event data collected by FortiEDR:

- Device View : This view presents information by device, and shows all the security events detected on a given device.
- **Process View**¹⁰: This view presents information by process, and shows all the security events detected for a given process.

Click the applicable view button at the top center of the window to display that view.

VENTS	ר א די א ד	Showing 1-17/177 FI Search Event	₹Q.	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
🖥 Archive 🔛 Mark As 🐐 🔛 Export 🔹 🏲 Handle Event 👕 Delete 🎯 Forer	sics 📑 Exception Manager			
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION A DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED * LAST UPDATED		
pe explorer 1_5540510041.exe (1 event)	≡! PUP	17-Jan-2021, 06:41:00		PUP FURTINET
▶ 4442569 ■ ensw-lap-152 pe explorer 1_554051004	=! PUP File Read Attemp	ot 17-Jan-2021, 06:41:00 17-Jan-2021, 06:41:	00 🖉 🧕 00	Threat name: W32/Ekstak.VHOItr
Process owner: Certificate: Process path: None Unsigned	\pe explorer 1_5540510041\pe expl	Raw data ite orer 1_5540510041.exe 1	ems:	Threat family: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
nanocore.exe (1 event)	# Malicious	17-Jan-2021, 06:36:07		Automated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
Tbt.exe (1 event)	🕂 Likely Safe	17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27		History
powershell.exe (2 events)	Inconclusive	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08		PUP, by FortinetCloudServices , on 17-Jan-2021, 06:41:05
EvilProcessLauncherTests.exe (1 event)	🕂 Likely Safe	15-Jan-2021, 10:32:08		 Malicious, by Fortinet, on 17-Jan-2021, 06:41:01
abe22cf0d78836c3ea072daeaf4c5eeaf9c29b6feb5 (1 event)	Malicious	14-Jan-2021, 08:52:30		Walcious, by Portinet, 0117-jan-2021, 00.41.01
ConnectivityTestApp.exe (1 event)	Malicious	14-Jan-2021, 08:33:30		
traefik (1 event)	Inconclusive	14-Jan-2021, 02:13:00		
utweb_installer.exe (1 event)	≡! PUP	07-Jan-2021, 14:29:41		Triggered Rules
SearchApp.exe (1 event)	≡✓ Safe 06-Jan-2021, 15:43:28			Execution Prevention
ViewSecurityDescriptor.exe (1 event)	≡! PUP	06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44		Malicious File Detected
EditSection.exe (1 event)	≡! PUP	06-Jan-2021, 07:13:41		
ConnectivityTestAppNew.exe (2 events)	🜲 Malicious	06-Jan-2021, 04:30:34		
java.exe (1 event)	🕂 Likely Safe	05-Jan-2021, 16:33:43		
TeamViewer Service.exe (1 event)	≡√ Safe	05-lan-2021. 12:14:13		

Note: Security events that were triggered by Saved Queries appear slightly different in the Event Viewer, as Event Viewer on page 134

Event Aggregation

For convenience and easier navigation, FortiEDR aggregates security events in both the Device view and the Process view in the Event Viewer, as follows:

• Each primary-level row represents a device/process.

Dynamic	CodeTests32.exe (1)	event)		Suspicious		06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27		
D 🕈	User: WIN-MQH0CM	MRUD2J\root Cert	ificate: Signed	Process path: C:\Pro	gram Files (x86)\Tear	nViewer\TeamViewer.exe	Raw data items: 4	
	171302	😸 WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J	TeamViewer.exe	≡! PUP	4 destinations	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59	11-Feb-2020, 13:49:06	0
TeamView	wer.exe (1 event)			≡! PUP		10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59		
🗆 🗸 All	ID	DEVICE	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED 🔻	LAST UPDATED	

Note: The All filter also displays expired security events-

• You can drill down on a device/process to display the security events for that device/process. Each security event

row is marked with a flag indicator.

In the Process view, the Destinations column indicates the number of destinations to which the process attempted to connect. If only one destination was accessed, its IP address is shown. If more than one destination was accessed, the number of destination IPs is shown in the Destinations column.

In the Process view, the Device column indicates the number of devices the malware attempted to attack. If only one device was attacked, its device name is shown. If more than one device was attacked, the number of devices is shown in the Device column.

	→ All	ID	DEVICE	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED *	LAST UPDATED	
	TeamViewer.e	exe (1 event)			■! PUP		10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59		
		171302	WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J	TeamViewer.exe	≡! PUP	4 destinations	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59	11-Feb-2020, 13:49:06	0
 ->	🕨 🕨 🕨	ser: WIN-MQH0CN	/IRUD2J\root Cert	ificate: Signed	Process path: C:\Prog	ram Files (x86)\Tear	nViewer\TeamViewer.exe	Raw data items: 4	
	DynamicCod	eTests32.exe (1 e	event)		Suspicious		06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27		

• You can drill down further in a security event row to view the raw data items for that event by clicking on the D icon. Raw data items display the relevant information collected by FortiEDR from the device. For example, if a specific process was connecting to 500 destinations, then 500 raw data item rows display for that security event. For example, in the figure below, the security event comprises 2 raw data items, coming from different devices and

tra	efik (1	event)			\$	Inconclusive		14-Jan-2021, 02:13:00			
		442923	8 🦲 nginx.webserver	traefik	ŧ	Inconclusive	2 destinations	14-Jan-2021, 02:13:00	17-Jan-2021, 02:12:59	Ø <u>@</u>	
⊳	::	Process owner: None		Certificate: Unsigned		Process p /traefik	ath:	Raw data 2	a items: ◀		
lack		ID	DEVICE	PROCESS	C	LASSIFICATION	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED	LAST UPDATED	ACTIO	N
1		44292	88 📒 nginx.webserve	er traefik	4	Inconclusive	2 destinations	14-Jan-2021, 02:1	3:00 17-Jan-2021, 02:12:5	59 🖉	
-		ocess owner: one		Certificate: Unsigned		Process /traefik		Rav 2	v data items:		
		RAW ID	DEVICE	PROCESS OWNER	DESTINATION	FIRST SEEN	LAST SE	EN USERS	COUNT		
		\$ 1802503228	nginx.webserver		104.26.3.101	16-Jan-2021,	02:12:59 17-Jan-2	021, 02:12:59	6		
	· ·										



Examine the data in both the Device view and the Process view to identify the source of a problem. In this way, you can determine whether the issue is organization-wide or if only specific devices are infected.

A security event is triggered when one or more rules in a policy are violated. For example, let's assume that people in your organization using the Adobe PDF application modified this application to meet their individual needs, and that FortiEDR detected this as malware that appeared on 1,000 devices in the organization. In this case, when the same security event occurs on multiple devices for the same process, you see the following in the Event Viewer:

- In the Device view, you see 1,000 aggregation security events, each with one security event under it.
- In the Process view, you see one security event aggregation named adobe.exe. Under it, there is one security event for the adobe.exe process. That security event shows the number 1000 in the Devices column and 1,000 raw data items.

The Event Viewer is divided into the following areas of information:

- Events Pane on page 138
- Advanced Data on page 141
- Classification Details on page 168

The following actions can be performed in the Event Viewe:

- Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled on page 143
- Manually Changing the Classification of a Security Event on page 145
- Marking a Security Event as Read/Unread on page 163
- Viewing Relevant Activity Events on page 163
- Viewing Expired Security Events on page 163
- Viewing Application Control Security Events on page 164
- · Viewing Device Control Security Events on page 165
- Other Options in the Event Viewer on page 166

When a new security event is generated by FortiEDR, an indicator number displays or is incremented.

Hovering over this number indicates the number of new unread security events, shown below:

	EVENT VIEWER 22	•
ID	CLASSIFICATION	TIME
170199	🗘 Inconclusive	10-Feb-2020, 09:40:27
145884	🕂 Inconclusive	10-Feb-2020, 05:05:53
163078	⊒√ Safe	10-Feb-2020, 04:15:27
145722	Suspicious	09-Feb-2020, 15:08:48
149594	Suspicious	09-Feb-2020, 15:08:47
145698	Suspicious	09-Feb-2020, 15:08:46
145686	Suspicious	09-Feb-2020, 15:08:44
170174	🔱 Inconclusive	09-Feb-2020, 03:18:34
170192	🔱 Inconclusive	09-Feb-2020, 03:18:32
170183	🔱 Inconclusive	09-Feb-2020, 03:18:32
145793	🔱 Inconclusive	06-Feb-2020, 13:37:46
166692	🔱 Inconclusive	06-Feb-2020, 03:34:47
166577	Suspicious	06-Feb-2020, 02:54:29
152984	- Likely Safe	04-Feb-2020, 10:52:04
152854	🕂 Inconclusive	03-Feb-2020, 04:27:01

FortiEDR 5.1.0 Administration Guide events... Fortinet Inc. In some cases, **Updated** displays next to the number of new unread security events indicator. Updated means that FortiEDR originally classified one of the unread events, but that classification was later changed by the user. After more data for this security event was received, FortiEDR overrode the manual classification of the event by the user and changed the classification for the event again, based on the newly received data.

Events Pane

Clicking a security event expands it to show more details and enables the buttons at the top of the window. The following information is provided for each security event:

VENTS						5howing 1-17/71	Search Event	* >
Archive 🕅 Mark As.	E	Export - Handle	Event 👕 Delete 🔊 Forensi	ics Exception	Manager			
	C	DEVICE	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	N DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED -	LAST UPDATED	
ensw-lap-152 (31 eve	ents)			Malicious		17-Jan-2021, 06:41:00		
📒 ensw-lap149 (1 even	it)			🕂 Likely Safe		17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27		
BUGENE-PC (1 event)			Malicious		15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08		
ENSW-LAP119 (1 eve	ent)			Malicious		15-Jan-2021, 10:32:08		
TT-collector1 (1 event	:)			Malicious		14-Jan-2021, 08:52:30		
Einat-PC (2 events)				Malicious		14-Jan-2021, 08:33:30		
enginx.webserver (1 ev	vent)			Inconclusiv	e	14-Jan-2021, 02:13:00		
📒 ensw-lap167 (2 even	its)			Malicious		06-Jan-2021, 15:43:28		
DESKTOP-FI4MQHB ((3 events)		Suspicious		06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44		
□ ▶ 4	371806	DESKTOP-FI4MQHB	ViewSecurityDescriptor.e	≡! PUP	File Read Attempt	06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44	07-Jan-2021, 07:04:32	0.0
Process ow None	iner:	Certificate: Unsigned	Process path: C:\Program Files\WindowsPov	verShell\Modules	\NtObjectManager\1.1.28	\ViewSecurityDescriptor.	Raw data iten exe 2	ns:
□ ▷ 4	371796	DESKTOP-FI4MQHB	EditSection.exe	≡! PUP	File Read Atte	06-Jan-2021, 07:13:41	07-Jan-2021, 07:04:32	0
□ ▷ 4	366590	DESKTOP-FI4MQHB	ba60efe2e939da16e3d2	Suspicious	File Execution	05-Jan-2021, 08:34:29	05-Jan-2021, 08:34:29	0

							E 01		nowing 1-17/177	Search Event	• X
 Archive	🛕 Mar	rk As ▼	Export 💌	Handle Ever	nt 📕 Delete	Forensic	s 🛛 💕 Exception Mana	ger			
→ All		ID	DEVICE		PROCESS		CLASSIFICATION A	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED *	LAST UPDATED	
pe exp	lorer 1_55	40510041.e>	ke (1 event)				≡! PUP		17-Jan-2021, 06:41:00		
nanoc	ore.exe (1	event)					Malicious		17-Jan-2021, 06:36:07		
Tbt.exe	e (1 event)						+ Likely Safe		17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27		
power	shell.exe	(2 events)					Inconclusive		15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08		
		4438976	5 🛑 EUGENE-P	c	\$Res		Inconclusive	File Access	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08	0
Þ	Logge	d-in User:		s owner:	Certificate		Process path:			Raw data items:	
			Local S	System	Signed		C:\Windows\System	32\WindowsPowerS	hell\v1.0\powershell.exe	1	Threat H
		4346626	6 📒 ensw-pc1	79	DisableUnused	Smb1.ps1	≡ ✓ Safe	File Service Acc	. 03-Jan-2021, 07:15:08	04-Jan-2021, 09:55:37	Ø
EvilPro	cessLaunc	herTests.exe	e (1 event)				+ Likely Safe		15-Jan-2021, 10:32:08		
abe22	cf0d788360	3ea072dae	af4c5eeaf9c29b6	5feb5 (1 eve	nt)		Malicious		14-Jan-2021, 08:52:30		
Conne	ctivityTest/	App.exe (1 e	event)				Malicious		14-Jan-2021, 08:33:30		
traefik	(1 event)						Inconclusive		14-Jan-2021, 02:13:00		
utweb.	_installer.e	xe (1 event))				≡! PUP		07-Jan-2021, 14:29:41		
Search	App.exe ('	l event)					≡ ✓ Safe		06-Jan-2021, 15:43:28		
ViewSe	ecurityDesc	riptor.exe ((1 event)				≡! PUP		06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44		

Note: The Extended Detection policy provides detection features (meaning that events are logged and displayed in the Event Viewer). No protection (blocking) features are provided. The exceptions and forensics options are not available in the Event Viewer for security events triggered by the Extended Detection policy, because these events were not collected by a FortiEDR Collector.

Information Field	Description
View Indicator	Indicates the view context for the security event aggregation. \square displays for a device and the displays for a process.
Handled/Not Handled	Specifies whether any FortiEDR Central Manager user handled this security event, as described on Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled on page 143
ID	Specifies an automatically assigned unique identifier for each security event generated by FortiEDR. This identifier is particularly useful for security event tracking purposes when monitoring security events using an external system, such as a SIEM.
Device	Specifies the device name on which the security event has occurred
Process	Specifies the process that is infected. This is not necessarily the process that made the connection establishment request (such as Firefox, which might be being controlled by the infected application). If the security event was triggered by a script, then the script name is specified.

Information Field	Description
Classification	Specifies how malicious the security event is, if at all. Classifications are initially determined by FortiEDR. They can be changed either automatically as the result of additional post-processing, deep, thorough analysis and investigation by the FortiEDR Cloud Service (FCS) or manually. The FCS is a cloud-based, software-only service that determines the exact classification of security events and acts accordingly based on that classification – all with a high degree of accuracy. All Playbook policy actions are based on the final determination of the FCS. For more details, see Playbook Policies on page 89. Classifications are: Malicious Inconclusive Likely Safe PUP (Potentially Unwanted Program) Safe
Destinations	Specifies the IP address to which the malicious entity requested to establish a connection.
Received	Specifies the first time that this security event was triggered. For aggregations, the earliest received time is displayed.
Last Updated	Specifies the last time that the security event was triggered. For aggregations, the most-recent time is displayed.
Action	 Specifies the action that was enforced: Block : The exfiltration attempt was blocked and this blocking event was generated. Simulated Block : The policy that protected this device was set to Simulation mode. Therefore, the exfiltration attempt was NOT blocked and this blocking event was generated. FortiEDR would have blocked this exfiltration security event if the policy had been set to Prevention mode. Log The security event was only logged and was not blocked.

For raw data items, the following information is available:

Information	Description
Device	Specifies the device name on which the security event has occurred.
First Seen	The Event Viewer aggregates the occurrences of the same security events into a single row when it represents the same attack on the same device. This timestamp specifies the first time this security event occurred. The row of this security event pops to the top of the list in the Event Viewer each time it occurs again. Note :If a change is made to the FortiEDR policy used by a specific FortiEDR Collector, then the security events before and after that change are not aggregated together.

Information	Description
Last Seen	Specifies the most recent time this same security event occurred. See FIRST SEEN described above.
Destinations	Specifies the external address for connection attempt security events.
Process Owner	Specifies the user who ran the process that triggered the security event.
Process Type	Specifies whether the infected process is 32-bit or 64-bit.
Use	Specifies the domain of the computer/user of the device.
Certificate	Specifies whether the process or application have a certificate – Signed or Unsigned . You may refer to http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Authorization_certificate for general information about the subject.
Process Path	Specifies the path of the infected process.
Count	Specifies the number of occurrences of the same raw event on the same device.

Advanced Data

The **ADVANCED DATA** area displays a graphic representation of what occurred that led to the security event. This information shows operating system metadata that occurred immediately preceding and at the time the connection establishment request was issued.

The ADVANCED DATA area contains three tabs.

- Event Graph on page 141
- Geo Location on page 142
- Automated Analysis on page 142

Note: The events graph tabs are always available. The other two tabs may be missing when there is no data available for the security event.

Event Graph

In addition to textual information that is displayed (described above), the Event Graph tab provides an image depicting the flow of operating system events that led up to the connection establishment request or the attempt to lock data. The picture is shown as a timeline from left to right (meaning that the left process happened before the others). A circle can represent an operating system entity such as a process, a thread, a service, a file and so on. The white boxes represent the operation that was done between the operating system entities, such as create, open, inject, connect and so on. Typically, the last circle (rightmost) is a connection establishment request or a file access. Each white box has a number attached to it, representing the sequence of operations, and also the rules that were violated during that operation, along with the worst classification associated with that operation.



You can zoom in and zoom out using the \bigcirc \oplus buttons at the top right. The B button fits the picture to the size of the window.

Geo Location

The Geo Location tab displays a world map showing the locations of the destinations of the security event and indicating the country by its flag.





An abundance of additional investigative tools and information are provided by FortiEDR's Forensic add-on (page 153).

You can zoom in and zoom out using the \bigcirc \oplus buttons at the top right. The B button fits the picture to the size of the window.

Automated Analysis

The **Automated Analysis** tab provides additional information about the investigation done automatically on Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS) per the security event to help you understand FortiEDR's rationale when classifying an item with a specific classification.

ADVANCED DATA Event Graph Automated Analysis		
Malicious Portinet on 28-Oct-2020 Malicious PostClousServices on 28-Oct-2020		Fortinet Cloud Services comment The file ed01ebtb_Seb5bea545af4d01bf5f1071661840480439c5e5babe8e080e41aa.exe is cla
■ File (2)	谟: Memory (1)	Network & Extended Data (0)
▼ @wanadecryptor@.exe ⊝	w Memory Address 1 :	
SHA1 45356a9dd616ed7161a3b9192e2f318d0ab5ad10 more	SHA1 9600763055142e4cba0c21848a442c3td5f5ebt0	
Hash reputation Malicious by FortLabs and ReversingLabs and Kaspersky	In-memory signature false	
$\flat ed01ebfbc9eb5bbea545af4d01bf5f1071661840480439c6e5babe8e080e41aa.exe \ \bigcirc$	1	
Copyright © Fortinet Version 5.0.0.5		System Time (UTC +02:00) 13:29:48

The classification history of a security event is presented in the Classification Details area (see page 129) and shows the chronology for classifying a security event, as well as the automatic investigation and remediation actions performed by FortiEDR for that event.

The information shown in the **Automated Analysis** tab supplements this analysis, providing even more information about how and why a given security event was classified as it was. This tab shows the actions that were performed for the analysis plus a categorized summary of what was analyzed. For example, the analyzed files, memory segments, the IP address involved in the communication, the email address associated with the security event and so on. A Fortinet Cloud Services comment is available at the top of this area that summarizes the analysis verdict and conclusion in text.

For example, the following shows a security event that was initially classified as Inconclusive by FortiEDR Core, but after FCS automatic analysis was reclassified as Malicious. In this case, four files were analyzed. You can click the name of the file to display more details about it, including its metadata along with several properties of the file (signature, certificate, hash and so on).

You can click the down arrow next to an item to view all the investigation actions performed and analysis results related to that item.

ADVANCED DATA Event Graph Automated Analysis Geo Location			
Inconclusive → Malicious Fortinet on 10 May 2020, 06:09:56 Fortinet ClaudServices on 10 May 2020, 06:09:56	Fortinet Cloud Services comment Machine was compromised by FIN7 Group. More devices suspected to be infect	ted	Export
🖹 File (4)	D: Memory (2)	Network & Extended Data (3)	
🔻 WinBio.dll 📀	▼ Memory Address	▽ 52.168.20.22	
SHA-256 2A3539C44A00EA3B3E80084219788B3C112B295E More	YARA IOC scan FIN7 credential scraper	IP reputation Known Good by FortLabs Intelligence services	
Hash reputation Unknown by FartiLabs and ReversingLabs intelligence services	In-memory signature Unknown	Firewall Details 20 connections	
Sandbox executio Malicious activity by FortiSansbox and Jastline 🛓	In-memory signature usage 3 devices	▶ IP 2	
File execution Winio.dll leverages DLL search order hijacking	Memory Address 2 :	Email Address	
File usage 10 devices out of 5343	<u>_</u>		

Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled

The following describes how to specify that you have handled a security event. When any FortiEDR Central Manager user marks a security event as **Handled**, all users see it as having been handled.

- Select the rule's checkbox and then click the Flag icon of the security event row. The Event Handling window displays.
 Note: If an exception was already defined for this security event, then the words event includes exceptions are displayed at the top of the Event Handling window.
- 2. In the **Classification** dropdown list, change the classification for the security event, if needed. For more details, Manually Changing the Classification of a Security Event on page 145
- 3. In the comments box, use free text to describe how you handled the security event.
- 4. Click the Save as Handled button. The flag icon next to the security event changes from dark gray 🔽 to light gray
 - ▹ to indicate to all users that it has been handled.

Unhandled ever for device WIN-		21		
		-)		_
Classification	Safe	Ŧ		:0
T	Malicious	_	 	
Type comment	PUP			-
	Safe	FCRTINET		
				**
				**
Archivo W/bo				
Archive Whe				
Archive Whe ▷ Advanced	innandica			

- 5. [Optional] Check the Archive When Handled checkbox to archive the security event after handling it. When you select this option, the security event is marked both as handled and as archived.
- 6. [Optional] Click the arrow to the left of Advanced to display the **Mute events notification** field. Select this checkbox if you want to mute the notifications for this security event. In addition, specify how long to mute the security event notifications. Notifications can be muted for **1 Week**, **1 Month**, **1 Year** or **Permanently**. When checked, you will not receive notifications whenever this security event is triggered. When using this option, click the **Save as Handled** button, which indicates that the security event has been both handled and saved.

 Archive When Handled Advanced Mute Event Notifications (1) for 1 week 	
Save and Handled Save Cancel	

Note: Security events with muted event notifications are indicated by the 4 icon in the Event Viewer.

Manually Changing the Classification of a Security Event

You can manually change the classification of a security event, if needed.

1. Select the rule's checkbox and then click the ru

2. In the Classification dropdown list, change the classification for the security event, as needed.

	ent 163078	
for device WIN	I-MQH0CMRUD2J	
Classification	Safe 🗸	
	Malicious	
Type commen	PUP	
	Safe FORTINET	
	ien Handled	
△ Archive Wh▷ Advanced		
	Handled Save Cano	el

After changing the classification of a security event, the Classification Details area displays the history of any actions (Playbook policy-related actions and others) that were made automatically by FortiEDR, as shown below. For Playbook policy actions, the timestamp shows when the action was performed, as defined in the Playbook policy. For more details about Playbook policy actions, see Playbook Policies on page 89.

	FORENSICS COMMUNICATION C	ONTROL V 👀 SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTI	ADMINISTRATION (18) Protection V Barbara
VENTS	₽ 11. H	Showing 1-9/9 Fill Search Event	▼× CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
🛛 Archive 🔛 Mark As., * 📑 Export * 🏲 Handle Event 👕 Delete 🛷 Fore	nsics 💕 Exception Manager		
+ All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED LAST UPDATED	
WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J (2 events)	Malicious	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59	
□ ► 171302 WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J TeamViewer.exe	PUP 4 destinations	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59 11-Feb-2020, 14:49:06	O By ReversingLobs
D User: WIN-MQH0CMRUD2j\root Certificate: Signed	Process path: C:\Program Files (x86)\Tex	ImViewer\TeamViewer.exe Raw data items: 4	Threat name: Unknown Threat family: Unknown
□ ► 163078 WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J installAll.py	Malicious Sensitive Inform	n 04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59 10-Feb-2020, 04:15:27	Threat type: Unknown
BESKTOP-BS09MQF (1 event)	Suspicious	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27	
ensw-lap153 (5 events)	Suspicious	03-Feb-2020, 05:25:12	History
Mac (5 events)	🛊 Malicious	03-Feb-2020, 04:00:50	PUP, by FortinetCloudServices , on 11-Feb-2020, 14:49:16
8 ensw-lap147 (4 events)	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 15:08:35	 Simulation Device WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J was moved from collector group to collector group High Security Collector Group 72 times
Avast1 (1 event)	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:18:43	 Simulation Device WIN-MQHOCMRUD2J was isolated 72 times
nginx.webserver (1 event)	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 12:07:10	
ADVANCED DATA Ever Graph Geo Location P addets Sec Location Partice			⊖⊕ ⊗

When the Fortinet logo appears next to an entry in the CLASSIFICATION DETAILS area, it indicates that the security event was automatically classified by FortiEDR. Security events that are manually classified do not display the Fortinet logo.

Note: Notifications for security events are not shown in the Classification Details area.

Defining Security Event Exceptions

The following describes how to create a new exception and how to edit an existing one.

Exceptions enable you to limit the enforcement of a rule, meaning to create a white list for a specific flow of security events that was used to establish a connection request or perform a specific operation.

FortiEDR exception management is highly flexible and provides various options that enable you to define pinpointed, granular exceptions.

Details describing how to edit an existing exception are described in Editing Security Event Exceptions on page 161. You

can access the Exception Manager by clicking the Exception Manager button at the top of the Events pane or by selecting SECURITY SETTINGS > Exception Manager. Additional options for managing exceptions are provided in the SECURITY SETTINGS tab, as described in Exception Manager on page 64.

An exception that applies to a security event can result in the creation of several exception pairs.

An exception pair specifies the rule that was violated and the **process** on which the violation occurred, including or excluding its entire location path. For more details, see Playbook Policies on page 89

Note: After an exception is defined for a security event, new identical events are not triggered.

Security events that occurred in the past appear with an **Security** icon to indicate that an exception has been defined for them, even though at the time they were triggered, the exception did not exist. This

icon on past security events serves as an indication to you that there is no need to create an exception for it, since one was already created (but after the event occurred).

In cases where an exception was defined for the security event but it does not fully cover all the existing occurrences or raw data items of this event, a slightly different icon is displayed, as described and shown below.

Note: When defining an exception for Listen on Port Attempt events, listening on 0.0.0.0 means listening on all interfaces. In such cases, you should use All Destinations.

Defining the Scope of an Exception

When defining an exception, it is important not to make it too broad or too narrow in scope, so that it properly identifies and *catches* the data items that you want.

If an exception does not cover all the raw data items for a security event, the **ID** icon displays for that exception. This can happen, for example if the exception was defined only on part of the collector groups and the security event occurred on devices that are not part of the collector groups on which the exception was set.

In addition, the raw data items comprising a security event distinguish between data items that are covered () and

not covered () by the exception, based on the exception's current definition.

EVENTS					🖵 tì			Search Event	• ×
- Archive	🕍 hlark As =	🖸 Export	landle Event 📕 De	lete 💮 Forensics	Exception Manag	er			
Back	ID	DEVICE	PROCESS		CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED	LAST UPDATED	ACTION
•	49858	3 devices	DTLite449	1-0356.exe	Malicious	File Read Attempt	05-Oct-2020, 13:51:46	06-Oct-2020, 07:43:24	0
h	rocess owner: one	Certificate: Signed		rocess path: :\Users\Administra	tor\Desktop\install\Pr	ograms\DTLite4491	-0356.exe	Raw data items: 3	
	RAW ID	DEVICE	PROCESS OWNER	DESTINATION	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	USERS	COUNT	
	805273434	malr-win10x64-bet		File Read Attemp	t 06-Oct-2020, 07:43	:24 06-Oct-2020,	07:43:24	1	
	687601117	Panda1		File Read Attemp	t 05-Oct-2020, 18:19	:38 05-Oct-2020,	18:19:38	1	
	12970979	WIN-7VTV943PA85		File Read Attemp	t 05-Oct-2020, 13:51	:46 05-Oct-2020,	13:51:46	1	

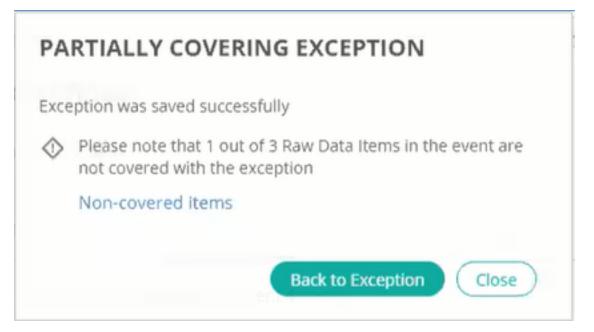
For example, if you see that the current exception is too narrow and excludes a raw data item that you want to include in

the exception, you can click the 💛 icon and then modify and broaden the exception sufficiently so that it will also

include that raw data item. When you click the vicon, the *Event Exceptions* window automatically opens and displays the existing exception which can be broadened. Alternatively, you can click the + icon to create another exception that will include the non-covered raw data item. Clicking the + icon after the exception is opened using the covered icon next to the raw data item opens a new exception from the perspective of that raw data item, meaning that it includes all the data that is relevant for that raw data item, as shown below:

EVENT EXCEPTIO	NS	×
Exceptions for event 4985	8	
Last updated at 06-Oct-20	20, 07:33 By lior	
Exception 1 Except	tion 2 🛨	
Created from Raw Data Ite	em 12970979 of event 49858	
Collector groups		
0		
Destinations		
0		
Users		
	✓ ● All users	
Triggered Rules:		
▷ Malicious File Detecte	d.	÷
Type comments		
	Remove Exceptio	m
1 / 3 Raw Data Items	in the event are not covered Save Changes Cance	el

In addition, when saving an exception, if the exception does not cover all raw data items for a security event, a message such as the following displays.



You can click the **Non-covered items** link in this message to open the Event Viewer in a new window, and display only not-covered raw data items, as shown below:

		~	DASHBOARD EVI	ENT VIEWER FOR	ENSICS 🗸 CO	DMMUNICATION CONTROL	. 🗸 106 SECU	RITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVE	NTORY 🗸 🧃
EVENTS					🖵 11			Search Event	۳Q
Archive	MarcAs *	🖸 Export 👻	Handle Event	Delete Ø Forensics	Exception Mar	nager			
Back	ID	DEVICE	PROCE	55	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED	LAST UPDATED	ACTION
•	49858	3 devices	DTLite	4491-0356.exe	Malicious	File Read Attempt	05-Oct-2020, 13:51:	46 06-Oct-2020, 07:43:24	0
Pro No	ne RAW ID	Certif Signe			tor\Desktop\install	Programs\DTLite4491	-0356.exe USERS	Raw data items: 3 COUNT	
		Panda1	PROCESS OWINE			:19:38 05-Oct-2020, 1		1	

Defining a Security Event as an Exception

1. Click the security event row to be defined as an exception.

EVENTS		Showing 1-9/9 🕨 🔄 Search Event	۳×	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
📷 Archive 🔛 Mark As v 🎦 Export v 🌓 Handle Event 🖀 Delete 🔮 Forensi	cs 🖬 Exception Manager			
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED LAST UPDATED		
8 WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J (2 events)	Malicious	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59		Suspicious Paramet
SDESKTOC-BS09MQF (1 event)	Suspicious	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27		By ReversingLabs
□ ► 166577 DESKTOP-BS09MQF DynamicCodeTests32.exe	Suspicious 74.125.235.20	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27 06-Feb-2020, 02:54:29	0	Threat name: Unknown
> 🔛 User: DESKTOP-BS09MQF\admin Certificate: Unsigned	Process path: C:\Users\admin\Desktop\	DynamicCodeTests32.exe Raw data items: 1		Threat family: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
□ ensw-lap153 (5 events)	Suspicious	03-Feb-2020, 05:25:12		
Mac (5 events)	Malicious	03-Feb-2020, 04:00:50		History
_ <mark>⊗</mark> ensw-lap147 (4 events)	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 15:08:35		♥ ♣ Suspicious, by FortinetCloudServices, on 06-Feb-2020, 02:54:36
ORANAST1 (1 event)	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:18:43		 Simulation Device DESKTOP-BS09MQF was moved from collector group Win to collector group High Security Collector Group 3 times
☐ <mark>∅</mark> nginx.webserver (1 event)	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 12:07:10		 Simulation Device DESKTOP-BS09MQF was isolated 3 times
₩IN-U8A5CLOII1R (2 events)	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 11:51:23		

2. Click the **Create Exception** button. The following window displays:

Exception 1 🕂		
Created from Raw Data Item 19	93877425 of event 3702945	
Collector groups		
•	▼ All groups All organizations	
Destinations		
•	 All destinations 	
Users		
	▼ ● All users	
Triggered Rules:		
▷ Modified Executable		:
▷ Writeable Code		:
D Unconfirmed Executable		I
Type comments		

3. 3 Specify whether this exception applies to all the Collector Groups or only to the Collectors in the same Collector Group as the one for which this security event was triggered.

Note: The All groups and Collector groups options only apply to the current organization in which the security event occurred.

For a multi-organization FortiEDR system, an Administrator can also specify whether the exception applies to all organizations. The All organizations option applies the exception to all organizations, regardless of whether or not the security event already occurred.

If an Administrator wants to define an exception that applies to one or more, but not all organizations, then he/she must define the exception separately for each organization.

Exceptions defined by an Administrator (Hoster) that apply to all organizations display as *Locked by the administrator* to other users, and cannot be changed by a user other than the Administrator who created it, as shown below:

EVENT EXCEPTIONS	×
Exceptions for event 3702945 Last updated at 27-Oct-2020, 10:09 By Einat Exception 1	
Created from event 3702945	
Locked by administrator	
Collector groups	
 All groups 	
Destinations	
 All destinations 	
Users	
 All users 	
Triggered Rules:	
Modified Executable	:
▷ Writeable Code	:
D Unconfirmed Executable	1
Type comments	
	Save Changes Cancel

Note: The All organizations option does not display for Local Administrators or regular users. Only an Administrator can set the All organizations option.



Exceptions can only be defined for Collector Groups. If you would like to define an exception for a specific Collector, then create a Collector Group that only contains that Collector.

4. Specify whether this exception applies to all Destinations or only to specific destinations. The lps listed in the dropdown menu are those lps that generated connections for this security event. Use the dropdown menu to select the specific lps to exclude that were triggered on this security event, which can be either internal or external.

•) Destinations:		 All destinations
		*	
	Select All		
	74.125.235.20	K5	
L	Internal Destinations		
	default set		
	global set		/ exception on:

To apply the exception to a specific destination(s), select from the following options:

Option	Description
Select All	Applies the exception on all destinations that were seen as part of this security event. If there will be an identical violation (the same set of rules will be violated on this process) but the connection attempt will be to a different IP, than the security event will be triggered. To exclude this security event completely from being triggered in the future you can select the All Destinations radio button.
Internal Destinations	 Applies the exception on all internal destinations. Internal destinations are internal IP addresses that are defined in TCP/IP standard definitions for internal networks. These IP addresses include the following: Loopback addresses: 127.X.X.X, 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1 and 0:0:0:0:0:0:FFFF:7f 10.0.0.0 – 10.255.255.255 192.168.0.0–192.168.255.255 169.254.0.0–169.254.255.255 172.16.0.0 - 172.31.255.255 IPV6: fc00:: – fd00:: :: or fe80 This option is useful when an application is allowed for use within the organization, but you do not want it to be used for external communications. Using this option enables the application to communicate internally without triggering alerts. However, the application might still trigger alerts when attempting to connect to an external IP.
<ip address=""></ip>	Applies the exception to the selected IP address. You can select multiple IP addresses.

Option	Description	
	Destinations:	O All destinations
	All Internal destinations, 5.4	
	Select All	
	 All Internal destinations 	
	192.168.153.128	
	✓ 5.45.179.173	
	95.215.45.94	
<ip set=""></ip>	An IP set defines a set of Ips to be included When you select an IP set here, it means the device that has one of the Ips specified in the defined by an Administrator, as described in	at an exception is applied only to a ne IP set. IP sets can only be
	Destinations: All destinations:	
	•	
	Select All	
	Internal Destinations	
	global set / exception on:	

5. Specify whether this exception applies to all users or to a specific user.

Users			
۲	Ŧ	◯ All users	
Select All			
D ENSILO/lior			1

6. In the **Triggered Rules** area, specify the path on which to apply the exception. You can select either the **Current Path** or **Any Path**. By default, all options are set to **Any Path**. In this context, the path indicates the entire path of the [folder name] in which the process's file is located. The **Current Path** is the path used in this security event, as displayed in the window. When you select **Any Path**, the process triggers the exception no matter from where it is running.

Rule 1	Triggered Rules:	1
riggered by	→ ✓ Modified Executable	
Process 1	Apply exception on:	
	✓ MSI15F9.tmp (Unsigned) 🖋	
	Path 💿 Current: \Windows\Installer 💉	
	Any path	
	When created by:	
	msiexec.exe 🗸 (Signed by Microsoft Corporation) 🖋	
	Path i Current: \Windows\SysWOW64 🖋	
	Any path	
	▷ Writeable Code :	
	▷ Unconfirmed Executable :	
	Create Exception Cancel	

You can define an exception so that a security event is triggered, based on a complex set of conditions. For example, you can define an exception so that a security event is triggered when a specific process (B) is executed by another process (A). For example, you can limit an exception so that it applies only when process B is executed by process A, or every time that process B is executed.

You can also define an exception that specifies that an exception is triggered only when one of the two process triggers is running, as shown below:

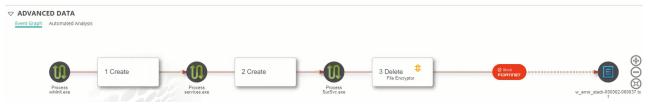
Triggered Rules:	
	:
Apply exception on: MSI15F9.tmp (Unsigned) Path Current: \Windows\Installer	
 Any path 	
When created by:	
📄 msiexec.exe 👻 (Signed by Microsoft Corporation) 🖉	
Path 🔿 Current: \Windows\SysWOW64 🖋	
Any path	

You can also define an exception specifying that it is triggered only when both processes are running.

You can click the Help 🕜 button to view relevant help informat Triggered Rules:	tion, as shown below:
Apply exception on: MSI15F9.tmp Path Current: \Windows\Installer Any path	1. Only * operand can be used 2. The pattern should match the original value (Unsigned) ?

FortiEDR enables you any to specify any of the processes in a security event's stack when defining an exception. Let's look at an example in more detail. Let's say that you want to define an exception that allows the **SurSvc.exe** executable to run, but only when it is created from the **services.exe** executable. Therefore, in order to define this exception, you would select **the SurSvc.exe** process in the **Apply exception** on field and select the **services.exe** process in the **When created by** field. Based on this security event's ancestry chain, **wininit.exe**, which is the grandparent of **the SurSvc.exe** executable, would not be selected in the **When created by** field.

Note that the immediate parent of the **SurSvc.exe** executable is **services.exe** and that it is therefore listed at the top of **the When created by** field dropdown list and that the SurSvc.exe executable's grandparent is **wininit.exe**, which is listed at the bottom of the list. The order in which the processes run in a security event chain is always maintained. This means that the oldest ancestor is shown at the bottom of the list of processes in this window and the immediate parent is at the top.



Except	ions for event 53103		
Exce	eption 1 🕂		
0			
Triggei	red Rules:		
▽ Fil	e Encryptor		
~	SurSvc.exe (Signed) Any path	ogram Files\Intel\SUR\QUEENCREEK 🎾	
	en created by:		
Wh			
Wh	services.exe	✓ (Signed by Microsoft Corporation)	
_	✓ sellces.exe	 (Signed by Microsoft Corporation) System32 	
_	0		

You can edit the process path and file name. Wildcards can be used for this purpose.

Note: To use wildcards as part of a process path or file name definition, all Collectors must be V3.0.0.0 or above. If you attempt to use wildcards with older Collectors, the following error message displays:

ERROR

Using Wildcards in exceptions is not supported since there are still Windows Collectors with version older than 3.0.0.0. Please upgrade your environment.



You can only edit the process path or file name when selecting the Current Path option. To do so, click the adjacent

Edit full button, and then edit the process/file name as needed. When doing so, the following conditions apply:

Field	Condition
Path	 Only an asterisk (*) character(s) can be added. Do not change the displayed path. Otherwise, it will no longer match. However, you can replace a piece of the string with an asterisk (*). Only a single asterisk character (*) is permitted between two consecutive path separators (/). The number of separators (/) in the displayed path must remain the same.
File Name	 Only an asterisk (*) character(s) can be added. Do not change the file name. Otherwise, it will no longer match. However, you can replace a piece of the string with an asterisk (*). Only a single asterisk character (*) is permitted. When a wildcard is used as part of the process path or file name definition, the entry displays in green, as shown below:
	Triggered Rules: Modified Executable Apply exception on: MSI15F*.tmp Path Current: \Windows\Installer Any path

- 7. [Optional] Enter any comments in the Comments box.
- 8. Click the Create Exception button.
- 9. [Optional] You can define another exception for this same security event by clicking the **plus** + button at the top of the window. Then, define the exception in the same manner as described above in steps **1–8**.

EXCEPTION CREATION	×
Exceptions for event 665672	
Exception 1 Exception 2 + Collector groups	
All groups All organizations	
O All destinations	
Users	

Note: If this exception was created previously, the Remove Exception button appears enabling you to delete the exception.

Device Control Exceptions

Note – Device Control capabilities are license-dependent. You may contact Fortinet Support for more information.

Exceptions on device control security events are similar to other exceptions, with several additional capabilities that enable you to set the exception on a device name, description, serial number or a combination, as follows:

- The USB device's description is specified under the Process Name field.
- The device's serial number is listed in order to exclude a specific USB device with the designated serial number.
- The device's name is specified under the second **Process Name**.

For example:



	EXCEPTION CREATION	×
	Exceptions for event 3693708	
	Exception 1 +	
		:
	Apply exception on:	
Device Name	Amazon Kindle (Unsigned) 🖍	
	Path 🔘 Current:	
	Any path	
Vendor	Script 🖲 Current: Kindle 🖍	- I
	Any script	
	When created by:	
Description	USB Mass Storage Device 👻 (Unsigned) 💉	
	Path 🔘 Current:	
	 Any path 	
Serial Number	→ Script Current: B005A0A200630829 🖋	
	 Any script 	I.
	Type comments	
	Create Exception Car	ncel

Editing Security Event Exceptions

1. Click the Edit Exception button in the security event row for the exception you want to modify. The following window displays:

EVENT EXCEPTIONS
Exceptions for event 30558956 Last updated at 23-Mar-2020, 09:47 By Tzaf
Exception 1 +
Created from Raw Data Item 558547576 of event 30558956
Collector groups
 All groups All organizations
O All destinations
Users
O ▲ All users
Triggered Rules:
Suspicious Script Execution
Type comments
Remove Exception
Save Changes Cancel

Modify the Collector Groups, Destinations and Users to which the exception applies and the pairs of rules and processes that operate together to define an exception in the Triggered Rules area, as needed. For more details, see Defining a Security Event as an Exception on page 150.
 For a multi-organization FortiEDR system, an Administrator can also specify whether the exception applies to all organizations. The All organizations option applies the exception to all organizations, regardless of whether or not the security event already occurred.

3. Click the Save Changes button.

Marking a Security Event as Read/Unread

The following describes how to specify that you have viewed a security event. This does not mean that the security event has been handled (Marking a Security Event as Handled/Unhandled on page 143). When any FortiEDR Central Manager user marks a security event as Read, all users see it as having been read. Unread security events are displayed bold.

To mark a security event as having been viewed:



button and then select Mark

as read. The security event row text is no longer displayed bold.

Viewing Relevant Activity Events

Security events may have related Activity events that can be viewed in the Threat Hunting tab.

To view the related Activity event of a Security Event in the Event Viewer -

• Click on the **Threat Hunting** icon that is displayed when you hover over the event, as shown below. The Threat Hunting window is then displayed.

	· · -· -· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					معادد، در در معاد المراقق		
ViewSecurityDe	scriptor.exe (1 ever	nt)		≡! PUP		06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44		Threat Hunting
	4371806 🛛	DESKTOP-FI4M	IQHB ViewSecurityDescriptor.e	. = ! pup	File Read Attempt	06-Jan-2021, 07:13:44	07-Jan-2021, 07:04:32	<u>0</u> .0
⊳ 📲	Process owner:	Certificate:	Process path:				Raw data items:	
	None	Unsigned	C:\Program Files\WindowsPowerSh	ell\Modules\Nt	ObjectManager\1.1.28\View!	SecurityDescriptor.exe	2	
- Faliatanaian an	- /4+>			=!				

Viewing Expired Security Events

Security events in the Event Viewer can be filtered to show only expired events. Expired security events are events that the system has determined as safe. As such, these security events are only triggered once and then saved internally in the system. There is no need to define an exception for them. Expired security events cannot be handled in the system in any way, such as marking them as read/unread, defining an exception for them and so on.

Expired security events can only occur when a Collector is connected to the Core, and do not occur when a Collector works autonomously.

EVENTS					
🖬 Archive 🔛 Mark as 🔻	🖪 Export 👻 🏲 I				
Expired ID	DEVICE				
SharedLibrary.dll (2 events)					
🗌 🎲 dsquery.dll (1 event)					
🗌 🎁 dsuiext.dll (2 events)					
☐ ∭ 3DViewer.ResourceRe	solver.exe (2 events)				

Viewing Application Control Security Events

Security events in the Event Viewer can be filtered to show only Application Control security events. Application control security events are events that were triggered on rules that are part of the Application Control policy. Such events do not necessarily mean that there was malicious activity but indicate an attempt to execute an application that is listed in the user-defined blocklist. These security events are displayed separately from other security events. Defining an exception for them can be done in a similar manner as for other security events. The exception specifies which applications are blocked by its hash.

EVE	NTS	
	Archive 🔝 Mark Asa	Export - Ha
	▼ Application Cor ID	DEVICE
	AŢ	
	Unread	32 2 devices
		- Drocoss owner:
	Unhandled	 DESKTOP-5QHDUCK\aa
	Archived	
	Whitelisting Expired	517 DESKTOP-AUF04
	Device Control	
	 Application Control 	t)

Viewing Device Control Security Events

Note - Device Control capabilities are license-dependent. You may contact Fortinet Support for more information.

Security events in the Event Viewer can be filtered to show device control security events. Device control security events are events that were triggered on rules that are part of the Device Control policy. Such events do not necessarily mean that there was malicious activity but indicate USB peripheral access. These security events are displayed separately from other security events. Defining an exception for them can be done in a similar manner as for other security events. The exception can be set on the device name, vendor, serial number or a combination.

EVENTS	
🚍 Archive 🔛 Mark As 🔻	🖸 Export 🔹 🏲 Ha
Device Control ID	DEVICE
Virtual Bluetooth Adapte	er (2 events)
VMware Virtual USB Mou	use (2 events)
AS2115 (2 events)	
Mass Storage (3 events)	
VMware Virtual USB Vide	eo Device (1 event)

Other Options in the Event Viewer

Option	Description
Sorting Events	Click any column name to sort security events. For example, you may want to sort by Process and Collector in order to see the history of everything that happened to that process on that device.
Searching For Events	Click the down arrow in the Search Event field to display a variety of search options Search Event • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Option	Description			
	SEARCH EVENT			×
	ID RAW ID			
	First Seen Fir Last Seen Fir Event Status Event Notification Event Notification Event Actions Destination Process Path Operating Systems Event Systems	Malicious Suspicious PUP om To		-
	Note – The Us the FortiEDR	Manager.	employee's username on the computer and or e or more action types in the AIR Action	n
		AIR Action	Isolate device, Terminate process, Delete file, Clean p*	
	11		✓ Isolate device	
	Ì.		✓ Terminate process	
	=		✓ Delete file	
			 Clean persistence data 	
			✓ Move device to High security group	
Exporting Events	Click the C	Export button to expo	ort the selected security events to Excel or	_
Archiving Events	(described ab Note – To una	ts are not deleted. You ove) and selecting the	o archive the selected security events. These u can display them using the Search option e Included Archived Events option. ent, click the Unarchive button, and then window that displays	
Deleting Events			letely delete a security event from the FortiED	R

Option	Description
	Note – A deleted security event cannot be restored or retrieved. Unless you are having storage capacity issues, we highly recommend just hiding security events and not deleting them.
Forensics	The optional FortiEDR Forensics add-on enables you to perform deep analysis of security events, as described on Forensics on page 204.
Exception Manager	Click the Exception Manager button to access the Exception Manager, as described on Exception Manager on page 64.

Classification Details

The Classification Details area displays the classification, policy and rules assigned to the FortiEDR Collector that triggered this security event.

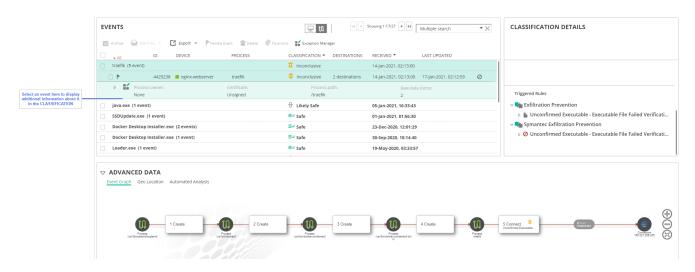
Click the **History** down arrow to display the classification history of a security event. The classification history shows the chronology for classifying the security event, and the actions performed by FortiEDR for that event. This area also displays relevant details when the FortiEDR Cloud Service (FCS) reclassifies a security event after its initial classification by the Core.

All FortiEDR actions are based on the final classification of a security event by the FCS. The FCS is a cloud-based, software only service that determines the exact classification of security events and acts accordingly based on that classification – all with a high degree of accuracy. All Playbook policy actions are based on the final determination of the FCS.For more details, see Playbook Policies on page 89.

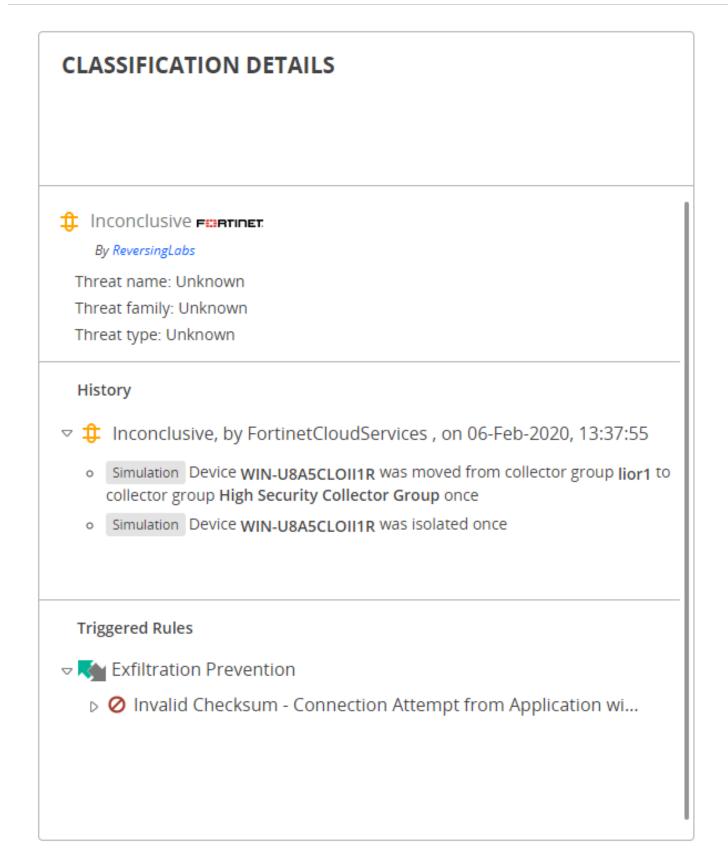
For example, the following example shows that the security event was reclassified by the FCS and given a notification status of Suspicious at 15:44:51.

CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
Suspicious FERTINET. By ReversingLabs Threat name: Unknown Threat family: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
History Suspicious, by FortinetCloudServices , on 10-Feb-2020, 15:44:51 Inconclusive, by Fortinet , on 10-Feb-2020, 15:25:31
 Triggered Rules ✓ Siltration Prevention ▷ ⊘ Unmapped Executable - Executable File Without a Correspo

In the Triggered Rules area, only rules that were violated are displayed. The rule's configured Action is displayed for each rule, as defined in POLICIES. The Action that was actually executed is displayed in the action column of the EVENTS pane of this window. The Action taken is determined by the rule with the highest priority.



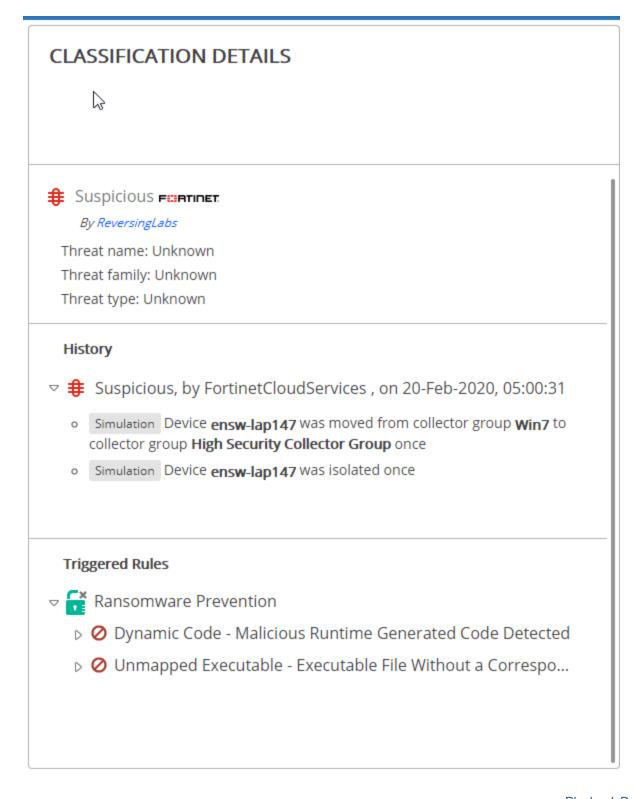
Each entry in the CLASSIFICATION DETAILS area displays the threat name, threat family and threat type. If threat intelligence data is available for the threat, it displays as well.



When the Fortinet logo appears next to an entry in the CLASSIFICATION DETAILS area, it indicates that the security event classification is the one that was automatically added by FortiEDR. Security events that were manually classified do not display the Fortinet logo.

Contact Fortinet Support for more details about the third-party tool used by Fortinet for the classification process.

Note that when the Playbook policy that relates to a security event is set to Simulation mode, then the event action is documented in the Event Viewer, but is not performed. Such security events display (simulation) in the History section of the Classification Details area, as shown below:



Note – Notification actions are not shown in the Event Viewer, but Investigation and Remediation actions are. For more details, see Playbook Policy Actions on page 92

When expanding triggered rules, you can see the techniques that were used in this security event, based on the MITRE ATT&CK common techniques scheme. Clicking the technique opens the MITRE web page, providing additional details, as shown below.

Triggered Rules

MITRE Techniques: T1186 - Process Doppelganging T1093 - Process Hollowing

Retrieve the executable file of the parent process from the targeted device according to its Path by using the Forensic Tab. In addition, retrieve a full executable file memory of the process for deeper analysis.

MITRE ATT&CK

TECHNIQUES

All

BITS Jobs

CMSTP

Code Signing

Bypass User Account Control

Clear Command History

Compile After Delivery

Matrices Tactics 🔹 Techniques 🔹 Mitigations 👻 Groups Software Resources 💌 Blog 🖾 Contribute Search site Register to stream ATT&CKcon 2.0 October 29-30

ENTERPRISE -

Home > Techniques > Enterprise > Process Doppelgänging Process Doppelgänging

Windows Transactional NTFS (TxF) was introduced in Vista as a method to perform safe file operations. [1] To ensure data integrity, TxF enables only one transacted handle to write to a file at a given time. Until the write handle transaction is terminated, all other handles are Initial Access isolated from the writer and may only read the committed version of the file that existed at the time the handle was opened. [2] To avoid Execution + corruption, TxF performs an automatic rollback if the system or application fails during a write transaction. [3] . Persistence Although deprecated, the TxF application programming interface (API) is still enabled as of Windows 10. ^[4] Privilege Escalation . Adversaries may leverage TxF to a perform a file-less variation of Process Injection called Process Doppelgänging. Similar to Process Defense Evasion Hollowing, Process Doppelgänging involves replacing the memory of a legitimate process, enabling the veiled execution of malicious code Access Token Manipulation that may evade defenses and detection. Process Doppelgänging's use of TxF also avoids the use of highly-monitored API functions such as Application Access Token NtUnmapViewOfSection, VirtualProtectEx, and SetThreadContext. [4] Binary Padding

Process Doppelgänging is implemented in 4 steps ^[4]:

- Transact Create a TxF transaction using a legitimate executable then overwrite the file with malicious code. These changes will be isolated and only visible within the context of the transaction.
- · Load Create a shared section of memory and load the malicious executable
- · Rollback Undo changes to original executable, effectively removing malicious code from the file system.
- · Animate Create a process from the tainted section of memory and initiate execution.

ID: T1186

- Tactic: Defense Evasion Platform: Windows
- Permissions Required: Administrator, SYSTEM, User Data Sources: API monitoring, Process monitoring Defense Bypassed: Process whitelisting, Anti-virus, Whitelisting by file name or path, Signature-based detection Version: 1.0

FortiEDR 5.1.0 Administration Guide Fortinet Inc.

Communication Control

This chapter describes the FortiEDR COMMUNICATION CONTROL mechanism for monitoring and handling non disguised security events.

Application Communication Control - How Does it Work?

FortiEDR provides visibility into any communicating application in your organization, enabling you to control which applications can communicate outside of the organization.

After FortiEDR installation, the system automatically maps all applications in your network that communicate externally. After that, you then decide which of these applications to allow to communicate externally when used by a legitimate user in your organization (allowlist). After the allowlist of communicating applications is defined, only applications in the allowlist can communicate externally. If an attacker abuses an application in the allowlist, FortiEDR's patented technology (Exfiltration and Ransomware prevention policies) blocks the communication and displays a security event in the **EVENTS** tab.

FortiEDR Communication Control uses a set of policies that contain recommendations about whether an application should be approved or denied from communicating outside your organization.

These policies can be configured as a next-generation firewall in order to automatically block communications of potentially unwanted applications. For example, applications with a known bad reputation or that are distributed by questionable vendors.

Moreover, FortiEDR Communication Control provides data and tools for efficient vulnerability assessment and control. Virtual patching is made possible with Communication Control policies that can be configured to automatically block connections from vulnerable applications.

Mechanism	Description
Realtime Proactive Risk Mitigation	Attack surface reduction using risk-based proactive policies that are based on application CVE and rating data.
Avoids Productivity Inhibitors	Non-authorized applications can still execute. Only their outgoing communication is prevented.
Manageability	Reduces the scope of the problem, which means that Security/IT needs to handle only applications that communicate externally.
Frictionless Application Control	Reduces users' requests from Security/IT to approve applications.

FortiEDR's Communication Control mechanism provides the following key advantages:

Introducing Communication Control

The Communication Control tab identifies all the communicating applications detected in your organization. To access this page, click the down arrow next to **COMMUNICATION CONTROL** and then select **Applications**.

PPI	LICATIONS	Delete 🕑	Modify Action Y Advanced Filte	r II Export∽	Policies Host Firewall	10/105 🕨	►I Search Application ▼Q	APPLICATION DETAILS Google Chrome Policies		
	APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	Policy	Action	
	Google Chrome	Signed	Google Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20	Default Communication Contro FEIRTINET	i→ Allow	According to polic
	50.0.2661.102			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	29-May-20	Servers Policy FLIPTINET	→I Deny	According to polic
	51.0.2704.54			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	26-May-20	🔲 Home Test	→ Allow	According to polic
	31.0.1650.59			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	29-May-20	E Servers Policy2	→I Deny	According to polic
	50.0.2661.94			Unknown	• Critical	25-May-2016	27-May-20	🔲 WinZip All	→ Allow	According to poli
	51.0.2704.63			Unknown	• Critical	26-May-2016	29-May-20	III XXX	→I Deny	According to poli
	Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	Critical	24-May-2016	05-Mar-20	Isolation Policy FEIRTINET	→I Deny	According to polic
	TeamViewer	Signed	TeamViewer GmbH	Unknown	Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20	in isolator rong	, beily	
	FortiClient Console	Signed	Fortinet Inc.	Unknown	Critical	24-May-2016	12-Sep-2016			
	iTunes	Signed	Apple Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Sep-2016			
	Safari	Signed	Apple Inc.	5	• Critical	26-May-2016	28-Jun-2018			
	Node.js	Signed	Node.js	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	13-Sep-2016			
	Google Chrome	Signed	Google	5	• Critical	29-May-2016	15-Oct-2020			
	VLC media player	Signed	VideoLAN	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	11-Sep-2016			
	PostgreSQL	Unsign	PostgreSQL Global Develop	Unknown	Critical	30-May-2016	13-Sep-2016			

Note – The tab bar at the top of the window may display a white circle(s) with a number inside the circle to indicate that new applications. The number represents the number of new applications.

	Security settings Inventory 23 administration 319	● Protection ❤ Barbara❤
--	---	-------------------------

You can hover over the number to see the list of new products. Each row shows the number of new products, by day.

ADDED	TIME								
2	11-Feb-2020								
1	10-Feb-2020								
1	06-Feb-2020								
1	05-Feb-2020								
7	04-Feb-2020								
3	03-Feb-2020								
1	02-Feb-2020								
3	01-Feb-2020								
3	31-Jan-2020								
9	30-Jan-2020								
22	29-Jan-2020								
256	more products seen before 29-Jan-2020								

The Communication Control tab contains two main pages:

- Applications on page 177
- Policies on page 194

Applications

The APPLICATIONS page lists all communicating applications detected in your organization that have ever attempted to communicate. By default, applications are sorted according to their first-seen indicator, placing new applications at the

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	✓ DASHBOAF	RD EVENT VIEWER 116	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONT	ROL ~ 1130	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY 🗸	ADMINISTRATION (2)	Protection	✓ Barbara ✓
APPLICATIONS	Mark As 🗸 🚔 Delete (🕞	Modify Action Y Advanced Fill	ler 🖪 Export~	Applications Policies	10/105 🕨	Search Application	ion v Q	APPLICATION DETAILS Google Chrome		
Unresolved 🗸 🔛	Mark As 🗸 🍵 Delete 🕞	Modify Action [] Advanced Fill	er 🕒 Export	Host Firewall				Policies		
APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN		Policy	Action	
🗢 📄 🕚 Google Chrome	Signed	Google Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		Default Communication Contro Furmer	→ Allow	According to policy
50.0.2661.1	02		Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	29-May-20		Servers Policy FURTINET	→I Deny	According to policy
51.0.2704.5	4		Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	26-May-20		Home Test	→ Allow	According to policy
31.0.1650.5	9		Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	29-May-20		Servers Policy2	→I Deny	According to policy
50.0.2661.9	4		Unknown	• Critical	25-May-2016	27-May-20		🖽 WinZip All	→ Allow	According to policy
51.0.2704.6	3		Unknown	• Critical	26-May-2016	29-May-20		≣ xxx	→I Deny	According to policy
Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	Critical	24-May-2016	05-Mar-20			→I Deny	According to policy
D TeamViewer	Signed	TeamViewer GmbH	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		Solation Policy Permittee	- Deny	According to policy
FortiClient Cons	ole Signed	Fortinet Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	12-Sep-2016				
D 📄 🛑 iTunes	Signed	Apple Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Sep-2016				
D 📄 🕚 Safari	Signed	Apple Inc.	5	• Critical	26-May-2016	28-Jun-2018				
D 🕒 🌑 Node.js	Signed	Node.js	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	13-Sep-2016				
D 🗌 🌑 Google Chrome	Signed	Google	5	• Critical	29-May-2016	15-Oct-2020				
VLC media playe	r Signed	VideoLAN	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	11-Sep-2016				
PostgreSQL	Unsign	PostgreSQL Global Develop	Unknown	• Critical	30-May-2016	13-Sep-2016				
	DATA									

top. To access this page, click the down arrow next to COMMUNICATION CONTROL and then select Applications.

Information is organized hierarchically in a two-level tree. The first (top) level specifies the name of the application. The second level specifies the application version. For example, the figure below shows five versions for the TeamViewer application.

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	→ DASH	BOARD EVENT VIEWER 118	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CON	ITROL 🗡 1130	SECURITY SETTINGS 👻 INVENTORY 💙		Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
APPLICATIONS	Mark As 🗸 📲 Delete	⊕ Modify Action Y Advance	ed Filter 🖸 Export~	I4 4 S	howing 1-10/105	►I Search Application ▼Q	APPLICATION DETAILS TeamViewer Policies	
APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	Policy	Action
D Google Chrome	e Signed	Google Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20	Default Communication Contro FORMER	Allow According to policy
Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	• Critical	24-May-2016	05-Mar-20	Servers Policy FCIPTINET	→ Deny According to policy
 → 🔵 TeamViewer	Signed	TeamViewer GmbH	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20	Home Test	Allow According to policy
11.0.5951	3.0		Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Jul-2016	Servers Policy2	→ Deny According to policy
10.0.4748	4.0		Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	06-Aug-20	WinZip All	Allow According to policy
11.0.6230	3.0		Unknown	• Critical	13-Jul-2016	22-Jul-2016		→ Deny According to policy
11.0.6301	7.0		Unknown	Critical	22-Jul-2016	14-Aug-20		Deny According to policy
11.0.6463	0.0		Unknown	• Critical	10-Aug-2016	20-Aug-20	En Isolation Policy Polymine:	- Deny According to policy
FortiClient Cor	sole Signed	Fortinet Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	12-Sep-2016		

The following information displays for each application in the application list:

- Selection checkbox
- Resolving status icon
- Signed/Unsigned indication
- Application/Version: The name of the application/version.
- Vendor: The application's vendor and certificate details.
- Reputation: The reputation score of the application. For more details, Reputation Score on page 179
- Vulnerability: The highest CVE vulnerability score for the application. For more details, see Vulnerability on page 180
- First Seen: The date and time when the application was first seen in the organization.
- Last Seen: The date and time of the last connection of this application.

The Application Details area of the window on the right displays policy-related details for the entity (application or version) selected in the application list. This area displays the policy action (Allow or Deny) for each communication control policy.

===			ARD EVENT VIEWER 110		COMMUNICATION C	ONTROL V (1130) SE					
APPLIC	CATIONS I ✔ Mark As♥ f	Delete	Modify Action Y Advanced File	ler [] Export∽		Showing 1-10/105	►I Search Applicati	on ▼Q	APPLICATION DETAILS TeamViewer Policies		
	APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN		Policy	Action	
Þ 🗌 🌒	Google Chrome	Signed	Google Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		Default Communication Contro FURTINET	→ Allow	According to policy
	Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	• Critical	24-May-2016	05-Mar-20		Servers Policy FORMING	→I Deny	According to policy
>	TeamViewer	Signed	TeamViewer GmbH	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		Home Test	.→ Allow	According to policy
	11.0.59518.0			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Jul-2016		Servers Policy2	→I Deny	According to policy
	10.0.47484.0			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	06-Aug-20		WinZip All	.→ Allow	According to policy
	11.0.62308.0			Unknown	• Critical	13-Jul-2016	22-Jul-2016			- Denv	According to policy
	11.0.63017.0			Unknown	• Critical	22-Jul-2016	14-Aug-20				
	11.0.64630.0			Unknown	• Critical	10-Aug-2016	20-Aug-20		Isolation Policy FURTINET	→I Deny	According to policy
Þ 🗌 🖷	FortiClient Console	Signed	Fortinet Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	12-Sep-2016				
						Application Details					

Т

EVENT VIEWER 116 COMMUNICATION CONTROL V (1130) 29 VERSION DETAILS APPLICATIONS I Showing 1-10/105 F FI Search Application ₹Q. ✓ Mark As... ✓ The Delete C→ Modify Action The Advanced Filter The Export ✓ Unresolved Policies APPLICATION VENDOR REPUTATION VULNERABILITY FIRST SEEN LAST SEEN Policy Action Allow According to policy Default Communication Contro... • Critical Google Chrome Signed Google Inc. Unknown 24-May-2016 24-May-20. Servers Policy FURTINET → Deny According to policy Firefox Signed Mozilla Corporation 5 • Critical 24-May-2016 05-Mar-20.. TeamViewer Signed TeamViewer GmbH Unknown • Critical 24-May-2016 24-May-20. 🔲 Home Test Allow According to policy 11.0.59518.0 Unknown • Critical 24-May-2016 13-Jul-2016 Servers Policy2 → Deny According to policy 10.0.47484.0 Unknown • Critical 24-May-2016 06-Aug-20.. 🔛 WinZip All Allow According to polic 11.0.62308.0 • Critical 13-Jul-2016 Unknown 22-Jul-2016 ≡ xxx → Deny According to pol 11.0.63017.0 Unknown • Critical 22-Jul-2016 14-Aug-20.. Isolation Policy FURTINET →I Deny According to policy 11.0.64630.0 Unknown • Critical 10-Aug-2016 20-Aug-20... D FortiClient Console Signed Fortinet Inc. Unknown Critical 24-May-2016 12-Sep-2016 Signed Vulnerabilities iTunes Apple Inc. • Critical 24-May-2016 13-Sep-2016 Unknown Total 5 CVEs Safari Signed Apple Inc. 5 • Critical 26-May-2016 28-Jun-2018 Node.js Signed Node.js Unknown • Critical 29-May-2016 13-Sep-2016 CVE-2018-16550 - • Critical (CVSS 3.0: 9.8, CVSS 2.0: 5) • Critical 29-May-2016 CVE-2020-13699 - High (CVSS 3.0: 8.8, CVSS 2.0: 6.8) Google Chrome Signed Google 5 15-Oct-2020 CVE-2019-18988 - • High (CVSS 3.0: 7, CVSS 2.0: 4.4) VLC media player Signed VideoLAN Unknown • Critical 29-May-2016 11-Sep-2016 CVE-2018-14333 - • High (CVSS 3.0: 8.1, CVSS 2.0: 4.3) PostgreSQL PostgreSQL Global Develop... Unknown • Critical 30-May-2016 13-Sep-2016 Unsign... CVE-2019-18196 - O Medium (CVSS 3.0: 6.7, CVSS 2.0: 6.9) 05 Version Details

The Advanced Data area at the bottom of the window presents statistics about the selected application/version in the application list. For more details, see Advanced Data on page 188.

Reputation Score

Each application in the APPLICATIONS page shows a Reputation indicator. Reputation scores are determined by a third-party service, and are based on the hash (signature) of the file.

APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION
D Thunderbird	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5
▷ 🕘 WhatsApp	Signed	WhatsApp	5
Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5
▷	Unsign	Unknown Vendor	3

Reputation scores use the following range to indicate the reputation for an application:

Reputation Score	Reputation Description
1	Known as bad
2	Assumed as bad
3	Unclear, indication a contradiction or inability to determine the reputation
4	Assumed as good
5	Known as good

The Reputation indicator displays Unknown if the reputation score is unknown.

Vulnerability

This option is only available to users who have purchased the **Discover and Protect** license or the **Discover, Protect** and **Response** license.

Each application in the application list also shows a vulnerability score.

FortiEDR categorizes applications/versions based on the Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) CVE scheme, which is commonly used worldwide. FortiEDR's vulnerability scoring system provides a useful tool for vulnerability assessment, and enables you to review the weaknesses detected in your environment that could be exploited by attackers before they actually occur. Vulnerability assessment can be used together with virtual patching to block applications with known critical vulnerabilities, so that they cannot connect, until the system is patched for the CVEs listed.

							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
APPLICATIONS				14 4 S	howing 1-10/105	Search Application	₹Q.	VERSION DETAILS TearnViewer, v. 11.0.59518.0			
nresolved 🗸 🔛 🏠 Mark As 🗸	👕 Delete (Modify Action Y Advanced Filt	er 🖸 Export∨					Policies			
APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN		Policy		Action	
Google Chrome	Signed	Google Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		E Default Communication	Contro FORTINET	→ Allow A	According to poli
Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	• Critical	24-May-2016	05-Mar-20		Servers Policy FORTINET		→I Deny A	According to polic
🗢 📄 TeamViewer	Signed	TeamViewer GmbH	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	24-May-20		🔲 Home Test		Allow A	According to polic
			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Jul-2016		Servers Policy2		→I Deny A	According to poli
10.0.47484.0			Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	06-Aug-20		🗉 WinZip All		Allow A	According to polic
11.0.62308.0			Unknown	• Critical	13-Jul-2016	22-Jul-2016		I XXX		→ Deny A	According to polic
11.0.63017.0			Unknown	• Critical	22-Jul-2016	14-Aug-20				- 1	According to polic
11.0.64630.0			Unknown	• Critical	10-Aug-2016	20-Aug-20		i isolation Policy Partice		- Deny	iccording to point
FortiClient Console	Signed	Fortinet Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	12-Sep-2016					
iTunes	Signed	Apple Inc.	Unknown	• Critical	24-May-2016	13-Sep-2016		Vulnerabilities			
Safari	Signed	Apple Inc.	5	• Critical	26-May-2016	28-Jun-2018		Total 5 CVEs			
Node.js	Signed	Node.js	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	13-Sep-2016		CVE-2018-16550 - • C	ritical (CVSS 3.0: 9.8,	CVSS 2.0: 5)	
Google Chrome	Signed	Google	5	• Critical	29-May-2016	15-Oct-2020		CVE-2020-13699 - • H	-		05
VLC media player	Signed	VideoLAN	Unknown	• Critical	29-May-2016	11-Sep-2016		CVE-2019-18988 - • H	· · ·		
PostgreSQL	Unsign	PostgreSQL Global Develop	Unknown	Critical	30-May-2016	13-Sep-2016		CVE-2018-14333 - • H	igh (CVSS 3.0: 8.1, ledium (CVSS 3.0: 6.7,		

FortiEDR categories vulnerabilities into the following categories based on National Vulnerability Database (NVD) severity ratings:

- Unknown
- Low
- Medium
- High
- Critical

The Vulnerabilities area at the bottom right of the window lists the CVE-identified vulnerabilities for the selected application/version. Each CVE row includes the CVE identifier, the FortiEDR-assigned vulnerability Category and the CVSS vulnerability scores.

Vulnerabilities					
Total 4 CVEs					
CVE-2019-3568	-	•	Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8 , CVSS 2.0: 7.5)	
CVE-2018-6350	-	•	Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8, CVSS 2.0: 7.5)	
CVE-2018-6344	-	•	High	(CVSS 3.0: 7.5, CVSS 2.0: 5)	
CVE-2019-3571	-	0	Medium	n (CVSS 3.0: 5.3 , CVSS 2.0: 5)	

Note – CVSS scoring utilizes two systems: CVSS 3.0, the most recent, and CVSS 2.0, its predecessor. FortiEDR vulnerability information presents both CVSS 3.0 and CVSS 2.0 scores.

You can click a CVE identifier link to view more details about that vulnerability in your browser, including the type of vulnerability, the application(s) it affects, the version(s) it affects and so on.

Common Vulnarabilities and Expos	tores	CVE List CNAs	WGs	Board	About	News & Blog		Cie to forri <u>Oriel Stores</u> <u>Advanced Search</u>
				Search CVE List	Download CVE	Data Feeds	Request CVE IDs	Update a CVE Entry
							TOT	AL CVE Entries: 122388
HOME > CVE > CVE-20	19-9820							
								Printer-Friendly View
CVE-ID								
CVE-2019-98	20 Learn more at National Vulnerability D	atabase (NVD)						
	CVSS Severity Rating • Fix Information • Vulnera	ble Software Versions • SCAP Mappings	CPE Information					
Description								
	ability can occur in the chrome event handler when	it is freed while still in use. This res	sults in a potentially	exploitable crash. This	vulnerability affects Th	underbird < 60.7, Firefo	x < 67, and Firefox ESR <	< 60.7.
References	vided for the convenience of the reader to help distinguis							
 MISC:https://www MISC:https://www 	rzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi2id=1536405 w.mozilla.org/security/advisories/mfsa2019-13/ w.mozilla.org/security/advisories/mfsa2019-14/ w.mozilla.org/security/advisories/mfsa2019-15/							
Assigning CNA								
Mozilla Corporation								
Date Entry Created	i de la companya de l							
20190314	Disclaimer: The entry creation date may refle updated in CVE.	ct when the CVE ID was allocated or	reserved, and does	not necessarily indicate	when this vulnerabilit	y was discovered, share	d with the affected vendo	r, publicly disclosed, or
Phase (Legacy)								
Assigned (20190314)								
Votes (Legacy)								
Comments (Legacy	y)							
Proposed (Legacy)								
N/A								
	/E List which provides common identifiers for publicly kn	we cyberrocurity unberabilities						

After a vulnerability is detected in your system, you can decide the type of the action needed to address it. Typically, it is recommended to upgrade to a newer version of the application, meaning one that does not have the identified vulnerability. Alternatively, virtual patching can be applied with vulnerability-based policy that is configured to block communication of any application with known critical vulnerability. For more details, see Policies on page 194. The information presented in the Advanced Data area of the window also provides useful information to help protect against vulnerabilities. For more details, Advanced Data on page 188.

Resolved vs. Unresolved Applications

By default, all new applications have an Unresolved status. Unresolved means that either FortiEDR or the user have not examined the application to ensure that it is safe. Applications with the Unresolved status are indicated by the
icon in the application list.

FortiEDR automatically resolves an application as safe by checking the application's characteristics. For example, checking the application's reputation and vulnerabilities to ensure that it does not have a bad reputation or critical vulnerabilities. Applications that meet these criteria are automatically changed to the Resolved status by FortiEDR. Applications with the Resolved status are indicated by the \oslash icon in the application list. Applications can also be changed to the Resolved status by the user, as described on Resolved vs. Unresolved Applications on page 182

Sorting the Application List

The application list can be sorted alphabetically by product, vendor, reputation score, vulnerability or arrival time (first seen or last seen). By default, the list is sorted by arrival time, with the most recent communication at the top.

Marking an Entry as Read/Unread

The following describes how to specify that you have viewed an entity in the application list. You can mark applications or versions as read/unread.

The first time that an application/version is detected in the application list, it is shown in **bold**. **Bold** indicates that the item is unread (see below).

Communication Control

APPLICATION		VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN
D 🕒 Thunderbird	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	• Critical	18-Dec-2019	24-Dec-2019
WhatsApp	Signed	WhatsApp	5	 Critical 	18-Dec-2019	18-Dec-2019
D Firefox	Signed	Mozilla Corporation	5	• Critical	18-Dec-2019	25-Dec-2019
Filebeat.exe	Unsign	Unknown Vendor	3	Unknown	19-Dec-2019	09-Feb-2020
D Google Chrome	Signed	Google	5	• Critical	19-Dec-2019	19-Dec-2019

To mark an entity as read:

Select the entity's (application or version) checkbox and then click the down arrow on the Mark As... V button and select **Mark as read**. The text no longer displays in bold.



Note – If you mark an application version as read, all lower levels in the version hierarchy for that application are also marked as read.

Modifying a Policy Action

The following describes how to apply a different action to an application/version other than that specified in the current policy for that application/version. In this case, the application/version is excluded from the current action defined in the policy (Allow or Deny).

When modifying a policy action in this manner, the Application/Version Details area displays **Manually** to indicate that the action was modified manually, and is excluded from the action defined in the policy.

Communication Control

PPLI	CATIONS	÷ 0	-	~		Showing 1-1/1	Windows Explorer	$\mathbf{v} \times$	VERSION DETAILS Windows Explorer, v. 10.0.18362.628 (WinBuild.160101.080	00)	
	▼ 🔛 Mark As ▼	Delete (D→ Modify /	Action ① Advanced F	ilter 🎦 Export 🔻					Policies		
	APPLICATION	VENDO	R	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN		Policy	Action	
-	Windows Explorer	Signed Micros	oft Corporation	5	Unknown	24-Mar-2020	24-Mar-20		Default Communication Contro FURTINET	→I Deny	Manually
	🚽 🕝 10.0.18362.628 (WinBuild			5	Unknown	24-Mar-2020	24-Mar-20		Servers Policy FEIRTINET	→ Allow	According to poli
	0								1234	→ Allow	According to poli
									III 2345	→ Allow	According to pol
									Default Communication Control Policy clo	.→ Allow	According to pol
									E Servers Policy clone	.→ Allow	According to pol
									Isolation Policy FEBRINET	→ Allow	Manualiy 🗲
									Vulnerabilities		
									There are no vulnerabilities for this version		

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System Time (UTC +02:00) 01:56:26

To modify a policy action:

1. Select the application/version checkbox and then click the G-Modify action button. The Modify Action window displays.

Default Communication C	ontrol P Führiner	Deny	~
Isolation Policy FORTINET		According to policy (Deny)	~
Servers Policy FEIRTINET		According to policy (Deny)	~
Type comment			
Type comment			
Type comment			

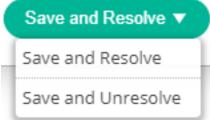
- 2. In the dropdown list on the right of the policy row whose action you want to change, click the down arrow and then select the action to apply to the selected entity. You can change the action for one or more policies.
- **3.** [Optional] In the Comment field, enter a free-text comment describing the action change. By default, the date and time when the policy action was changed automatically displays.

	-
OK for server	
admin, at 10-Sep-2019, 03:42:53	Ι

4. [Optional] Check the Exclude All Current Versions checkbox if you want to exclude existing application versions from the decision. In this case, the new communication control decision only applies to a future version of the

product. The application of the policy action change applies for current versions of the application. When this checkbox is not selected, the change is applied to all versions of the application.

5. Click the arrow next to the



button to save the new communication control

decision for the selected application(s).

When any FortiEDR Central Manager user marks an application/version as **Resolved**, all users see it as having been resolved. You can also mark an application/version as resolved using the \oslash icon in its row in the application list.

Searching the Application List

You can use the Search Application **T Q** field to perform an advanced search. Click the down arrow to open the Search Applications window, in which you specify your search criteria.

Application				First Connection	From	то	
				Last Connection	From	<u>то</u>	
Version				Status	Unresolved	Resolved	
Vendor				Action	∽ by	✓ in Policy	\sim
				Policy		✓ with Rule	~
Certificate	Signed	Unsigned		Collector Group			~
Reputation	1	2	3	Collector			
	4	5	Unknown				
/ulnerability	 Critical 	🗌 🗕 High	O Medium	Destination			
	○ Low	Unknown		Process	Name or hash		
CVE identifier							

You can filter the application list by the following criteria:

Filter	Criteria
Application	Filters by application name
Version	Filters by version. This is a free-text field.
Vendor	Filters by vendor name.
Certificate	Filters by signed or unsigned certificate.

Filter	Criteria
Reputation	Filters by reputation score. Check the checkbox(es) for the reputation score(s) of interest.
Vulnerability	Filters by vulnerability score.
CVE Identifier	Filters by exact match of the vulnerability identifier, using the following format – CVE-YYYY-nnnn.
First Connection / Last Connection	Filters by the specified date range when the first/last connection of the application was detected in the system.
Status	Filters by status (Resolved, Unresolved,).
Action	Filters by action.
In Policy	Filters by policy. If you specify a specific action in the Action field, then you can only select from policies with that specific action.
Policy	Filters by a specific policy.
With Rule	Filters by a specific policy predefined rule.
Collector Group	Filters by the Collector Group used to communicate. This means that a device(s) in the specified Collector Group was used to communicate.
Collector	Filters by the Collector (device) used to communicate.
Destination	Filters by the Collector destination (IP address).
Process (Name/Hash)	Filters by the process name or hash value.

Other Options in the Application Pane

Option	Function	
All 🔻	Click the down arrow in the All	ullet button and then select an option
	in the dropdown list to filter the application list by:	accordingly. You can filter the list
All	Lists all applications for the organization.	
Unreolved	Lists applications that have not been resolved Applications with this status are indicated by the status are indic	-
Resolved	Lists applications that have been resolved by Applications with this status are indicated by the status are indica	
Unknown Vendors	Lists applications whose for which the vendor	is not known in the system.
Low Reputation	Lists applications with a low reputation score.	
Critical CVE	Lists applications with a Critical CVE score.	

Option	Function
Unread	Lists applications that have not yet been viewed in the application list.
Mark As 🔻	Click the down arrow on the Mark As button and then select Mark as
	read or Mark as unread . For more details, you may refer to the Marking an Entry as Read/Unread on page 182.
Delete	Click to delete the entity selected in the application list. Note that if the deleted entity attempts external communication again, it will be added back to the application list. In this case, any action defined in the policy for this entity must be redefined.
(+) Modify action	Click the button to change the current policy action to be applied for the selected entity, as described onModifying a Policy Action on page 183
Y Advanced filter	Click the advanced filter to review applications by suspicious characteristics, such as existing vulnerabilities or reputation score. This filter can be used to set up policy rules. See Policy Rules on page 198.
	Select Filter V Select Criteria V Setup rule
🖸 Export 👻	Click the down arrow in the 🛃 Export 🗣 button and select the format for
	exporting data. You can select PDF, Excel or JSON.
Search Application	Use the Search Application field to perform an advanced search, as described in Searching the Application List on page 186.

Advanced Data

The Advanced Data area presents statistics about the selected entity in the application list. The information that displays varies, depending on the entity selected (application or version).

Application Advanced Data

When an application is selected in the application list, the Advanced Data area displays the following information for it:

APPLICATION INFO		APPLICATION USAGE		DESTINATIONS		
Application Description:	Windows Defender SmartScreen	Total System:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	IP	CONNECTION TIME	COUNTRY
First Connection Time:	17-Dec-2019, 15:42:01	+ emulation	* * * * * * * * * * * NA	23.50.187.27	29-Jan-2020, 03:18:24	Netherlands
Last Connection Time:	06-Feb-2020, 02:53:20			137.117.228.253	06-Feb-2020, 02:53:20	Netherlands
Process Names:	\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (97864 \Device\HarddiskVolume3\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (980C6			40.85.83.182	06-Feb-2020, 02:35:11	Ireland
	And 2 more	More		More		

- Application Information on page 189
- Application Usage on page 190
- Destinations on page 191

Application Information

The Application Information area displays summary information about the selected application.

ADVANCED D	
APPLICATION INFO	
Application Description:	Windows Defender SmartScreen
First Connection Time:	17-Dec-2019, 15:42:01
Last Connection Time:	06-Feb-2020, 02:53:20
Process Names:	\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (97864. \Device\HarddiskVolume3\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (980C6 And 2 more

In the **Process names** field, a separate row appears for each application that shares the same vendor, product and version properties. The **Process names** field displays the full file path for each such application.

APPLICATION INFO		APPLICATIO
Application Description:	Windows Defender SmartScreen	Total System
First Connection Time:	17-Dec-2019, 15:42:01	→ emulation
Last Connection Time:	06-Feb-2020, 02:53:20	
Process Nam \Device\Hardd	iskVolume3\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (9B0C636DF33BDE21F986279911) 	E0FB03C96EE357)
	\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Windows\System32\smartscreen.exe (9B0C6	
	And 2 more	More

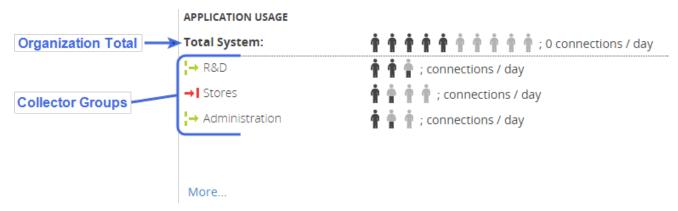
You can click the three dots next to the **Process names** field to navigate to the Threat Hunting window for that process name or hash, or to explore the hash in VirusTotal, as shown below:



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Application Usage

The Application Usage area displays details about usage of the selected application.



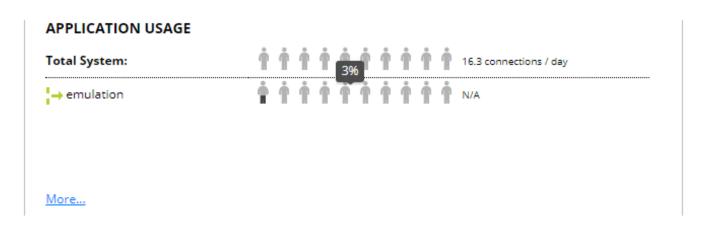
This area shows the number of connections (communication sessions) per day. The top line shows the total number of devices within the organization on which the selected application is installed.

Each row below the underline represents a different Collector Group, and shows the number of devices in the organization in that Collector Group.

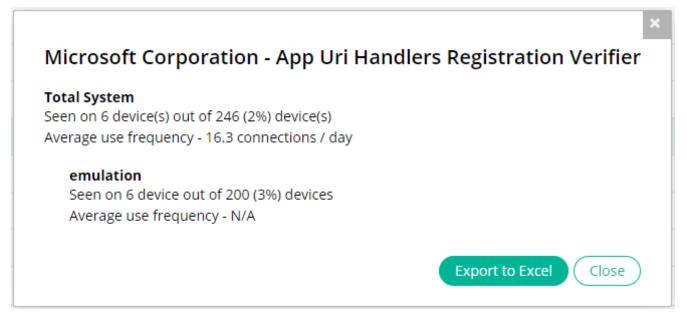
Each person Ticon represents 10% of the total devices in the organization/Collector Group. Black Ticons represent

devices that communicate externally using the selected application, and gray *communicate* externally using the application.

You can hover over the people icons to see the percentage of devices that communicate externally per day using the selected application. For example, the figure below shows that only 3% of the devices in the organization have the selected application installed.



Click the **More...** link to open the following window, in which you can view additional details about the selected application.



Click the **Export to Excel** button in this window to export application usage information to Excel.

Destinations

The Destinations area shows the destinations to which the selected application communicated (Allowed) or attempted to communicate (Denied).

DESTINATIONS

IP	CONNECTION TIME	COUNTRY
65.55.252.190	16-Mar-2016, 07:23:42	📕 United States
23.34.235.27	16-Mar-2016, 01:08:13	lunited States
157.56.194.72	15-Mar-2016, 21:19:07	lunited States

Each row shows the IP address, connection time and country of the destination.

By default, this area displays the five most-recent destinations. Click the **More...** link to open the following window, which displays the last 50 destinations.

ACCESSED IP ADD	RESSES	×
WinZip (Signed)		
WinZip		
Total number of IPs - 6		
IP	CONNECTION TIME 🝷	COUNTRY
216.58.212.8	12-Sep-2016, 05:12:35	United States
216.58.208.104	12-Sep-2016, 05:12:34	lunited States
182.50.136.239	11-Sep-2016, 05:48:36	Singapore
157.55.160.240	11-Sep-2016, 05:48:30	lunited States
54.210.8.37	11-Sep-2016, 05:48:30	lunited States
216.58.212.40	11-Sep-2016, 05:48:30	📕 United States
		Export to Excel Close

Version Details

The Version Details area displays the action defined for the application in each policy, plus its vulnerability details and affected destinations.

VERSION DETAILS Firefox, v. 41.0.2	
Policies	
Policy	Action
📃 Default Communication Contr	O FORTINET: Allow According to policy
Servers Policy FURTINET	Deny According to policy
🔲 Home Test	→ Allow According to policy
E Servers Policy2	Deny According to policy
🔲 WinZip All	→ Allow According to policy
Vulnerabilities	
Total 1484 CVEs	
CVE-2020-6831 - • Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8 , CVSS 2.0: 7.5)
CVE-2020-6826 - • Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8, CVSS 2.0: 7.5)
CVE-2020-6825 - • Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8, CVSS 2.0: 7.5)
CVE-2020-6823 - • Critical	(CVSS 3.0: 9.8 , CVSS 2.0: 7.5)

DESTINATIONS

No destinations

Policies

The **POLICY SETTINGS** page displays the Communication Control policies that can be applied to an application or version in the application list. Communication Control has its own policies. Each policy row can be expanded to show the rules for that policy. To access this page, click the down arrow next to **COMMUNICATION CONTROL** and then select the Policies.

POLICIES SETTINGS		Application Policies	ons		 Showing 1-7/7 	Search Applicat	ion Policy V	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
All 🗸 📄 Clone 👕 Delete 🔾 Set Mode 🔪	Assign Collector Group	Host Fire	wall					🕅 Unassign Group
POLICY NAME	RULE			AFFECTED	APPS	ACTION	STATE	
Default Communication Control Policy)			Total 13 de	nied apps (by user: <u>2 Allow</u> , <u>2 Deny</u>)			 High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included)
	Reputation is less than or equal to	1		0 applicatio		→I Denv	Enabled	A (0 collectors included)
			w.					a (0 collectors included)
	Vulnerability is greater than or equ	ial to Critical				→I Deny	 Disabled 	A Victim (0 collectors included)
	Vendor is within 7 vendors			11 applicat	ons	→I Deny		Accounting (0 collectors included)
	Default rule (if none of the rules app	oly)		1121 applie	ations	→ Allow		Default VDI Group (0 collectors included)
Servers Policy)			Total 639 d	enied apps (by user: <u>2 Allow</u> , <u>1 Deny</u> ,			emu (5 collectors included)
Isolation Policy)			Total 1130	denied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>0 Den</u>			emulation (4 collectors included)
Home Test)			Total 36 de	nied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>3 Deny</u>)			 enSilo employees (2 collectors included)
Servers Policy2					denied apps (by user: 7 Allow, 2 Den			enSilo Servers (0 collectors included)
	•							Home users (0 collectors included)
WinZip All					ied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>0 Deny</u>)			maya test (0 collectors included)
)			Total 1133	denied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>0 Den</u>			my citrix pool (VDI) (0 collectors included)
								New Group (0 collectors included)
								OSX Users (0 collectors included)
								PT (0 collectors included)
								TEST-GRP (0 collectors included)
								TEST-GRP 123 (0 collectors included)
								Tzaf (0 collectors included)
								Udi Collectors (1 collector included)
								zee (0 collectors included)

Communication Control policies define the actions to be taken for a given application or application version. Each policy applies to a different Collector Group(s), and all the devices that belong to that Collector Group(s). A Collector Group can only be assigned to one policy.

The following information is defined for each communication policy:

Information Field	Description
Policy Name	The policy name appears in the leftmost column. The policy name is defined when the policy is created.
Rule	The rule as it applies to the policy. The default action for the policy is displayed under the default rule of the policy. For more details, see the Policy Rules on page 198.
Affected Apps	The number of applications affected by the policy.
Action	Specifies the action that is enforced when this rule is violated (Allow or Deny).
State (Enabled/Disabled)	This option enables you to disable/enable this rule.

The Assigned Collector Groups area on the right lists the Collector Group(s) assigned to the policy.

ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS Default Communication Control Policy
Lunassign Group
High Security Collector Group (0 collectors included)
Default Collector Group (0 collectors included)
emulation (200 collectors included)
group1 (0 collectors included)
group2 (0 collectors included)
Insiders (2 collectors included)
Linux (3 collectors included)
lior1 (9 collectors included)
lior8888 (0 collectors included)
osx (5 collectors included)
oti (0 collectors included)
Roy (1 collector included)
test (1 collector included)
Win10 (12 collectors included)
Win7 (8 collectors included)
WinXP (5 collectors included)

Predefined Policies

FortiEDR is provided out-of-the-box with several predefined policies, ready for you to get started. These policies are marked with the **FERTINET** logo.

- The Default Communication Control policy is one such policy, and is always listed first in the list of policies. The Default Communication Control policy is a blocklisting policy that is automatically applied to any Collector Group that is not assigned to any of the other Communication Control policies.
- The **Servers** predefined policy is an allowlist policy that assigns a Deny action to all applications by default, except for a list of known, recognized and legitimate applications, which are allowed. This policy gives your organization a jump-start, as some of the leg work to identify legitimate applications in your organization has already been done for you.
- The Isolation predefined policy isolates (blocks) communication to/from a device. This policy cannot be deleted and only applies in Prevention mode. When this policy is in force and communication for a given device has been blocked, you can manually permit communication to/from the device for a specific application using the procedure below.

To permit communication to/from the device for a specific application:

- 1. Select the APPLICATIONS page.
- 2. Select the application/version to which you want to permit communication.

3. Click the Modify Action button. The following displays:

Firefox		
All Versions		
Default Communication Control P FORTINET	According to policy (Allow)	~
Isolation Policy FEIRTINET	Allow	~
Servers Policy F	According to policy (Deny)	~
Servers Policy FEIRTINET.	According to policy (Deny)	~
	According to policy (Deny)	~

4. In the Isolation Policy row, select Allow in the dropdown menu.

Policy Mode

The slider for a policy indicates the current mode for the policy. A green slider indicates Prevention mode and a gray slider indicates Simulation mode. You can change the mode using the Set mode button at the top of the Policies pane. For more details about these modes, you may refer to Protection or Simulation Mode on page 56.

Policy Rules

For each communication policy, FortiEDR provides four rules out of the box. These rules can be modified to specify the connections to be blocked/unblocked according to several parameters. FortiEDR provides the following communication policy rules:

POLICIES SETTINGS	I I I I	Search Application Policy V	
All 🔹 🔹 Clone 👕 Delete 🔾 Set Mode 🔻	Assign Collector Group		
POLICY NAME	RULE	AFFECTED APPS	ACTION STATE
Cara Default Communication Control Policy FURTINET.		Total 0 denied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>0 Deny</u>)	
	Reputation is less than or equal to 1	<u>0 applications</u>	→I Deny ① Disabled
	Vulnerability is greater than or equal to Critical 🖌	10 applications	→I Deny ① Disabled
	Vendor is within 0 vendors	0 applications	→I Deny
	Default rule (if none of the rules apply)	310 applications	→ Allow
Servers Policy		Total 209 denied apps (by user: <u>1 Allow</u> , <u>0 Deny</u> ,	
D Isolation Policy		Total 309 denied apps (by user: <u>1 Allow, 0 Deny</u>	

Policy Rule	Description
Default rule	This rule applies when none of the other three rules apply.
Reputation is less than or equal to X	This rule enables FortiEDR to block/unblock by reputation score.
Vendor is within X vendors	This rule enables FortiEDR to block/unblock by vendor. For this rule, you specify the vendor(s) to include and to exclude.
Vulnerability is greater than or equal to X	This rule enables FortiEDR to block/unblock by vulnerability. In the rules, X represents a user-defined value.

In the rules, **X** represents a user-defined value.

For example, the figure below shows that the Servers Policy has the following rules defined for it:

POLICIES SETTINGS		I ◀ ◀ Showing 1-3/3 ► ►	Search Applicati	on Policy V
All 🔹 🖬 Clone 👕 Delete 🕥 Set Mode 🔻	Assign Collector Group			
POLICY NAME	RULE	AFFECTED APPS	ACTION	STATE
Default Communication Control Policy		Total 0 denied apps (by user: <u>0 Allow</u> , <u>0 Deny</u>)		
V Servers Policy		Total 209 denied apps (by user: <u>1 Allow, 0 Deny</u> ,		
	Vendor is within 12 vendors	101 applications	→ Allow	
	Default rule (if none of the rules apply)	209 applications	→I Deny	
D 🔄 Isolation Policy FURTINET. 💽		Total 309 denied apps (by user: <u>1 Allow, 0 Deny</u>		

- Vendor is within 12 vendors. This rule is enabled for the policy. The action for this rule is Allow.
- Default rule (if none of the rules apply). This rule is always enabled.

You can enable or disable a rule for a policy by clicking the Enabled/Disabled button in the State column of the applicable rule. This button toggles between **Enabled/Disabled**.

Communication Control

STATE	
Enabled	
Enabled	
① Disabled	

Editing a Policy Rule

The four rules for a policy can be modified, as needed.

To edit a rule:

Click the Edit
 button for the rule of the policy that you want to modify. This switches the view to the
 APPLICATIONS page, enabling you to review the applications affected by this rule before saving it. The following
 displays:

2. In the Select Filter dropdown list, select the parameter whose value you want to set in the rule. This dropdown list lists the parameters available to configure for the rule.

Vulnerability severity is greater tha 🗸 Select Criteri	a 🗸 Setup rule					×
Vulnerability severity is less than or equal to						
Vulnerability severity is greater than or equal to	VENDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	
Reputation is less than or equal to	BitTorrent Inc.	Unknown	• High	24-May-2016	13-Sep-2016	1
Reputation is greater than or equal to			- 0		•	
Vendor is within		Unknown	High	24-May-2016	08-Sep-2016	

3. In the rightmost **Select Criteria** dropdown list, select the value for the parameter. This dropdown list lists the values available to configure for the parameter specified in step 2.

Vulnerability severity is greater tha \checkmark	Select Criteria	✓ Setup rule					
	Low						
APPLICATION	Medium VE	NDOR	REPUTATION	VULNERABILITY	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	
⊽ 🥥 μTorrent	High Bit	Toment Inc.	Unknown	• High	24-May-2016	13-Sep-2016	
	Critical						

Note - When modifying the Vendor is within X vendors rule, you specify the vendor(s) to include and those to exclude for the rule.

All	∨ Se	arch Vendor	Q I I	Showing 1-15/61
VENDOR NAM	ИЕ (O) 👻		SIGNED (0)	UNSIGNED (0)
Acronis Inter	national			
Adobe Syster	ns Inc.			
Advanced Mi	cro Devices Ind			
AO Kaspersky	/ Lab			
Apache Softv	vare Foundatio	n		
Apple Inc.				
Atlassian				
AVAST Softwa	are			
AVG Technol	ogies			
				Select Cancel
vulnerability severity is grea	er tha 🗸 High	Setup rule	this rule applies	
Vulnerability severity is gre	ater tha 🗸 High		ect Policy V Then	Save and Enable Ca
e I hen field, sp			e application based on this	→I Deny Save and Enable Ca Affects 4 devices Ca

7. Click the **Save and Enable** button to save and enable the changes to the rule. A confirmation window displays, confirming the rule change.



8. Click OK.

Assigning a Policy to a Collector Group

1. Check the policy that you want to change in the policy list and then click the Assign Collector Group button. The following displays:

Sear	ch Q		
	GROUP NAME .	# OF COLLE	ECTORS
	High Security Collector Group	0	Available
	I@#\$%^	0	Available
	1234 qwer	0	Available
	Default Collector Group	2	Available
	Group name that is so long that will have 3	0	Available
	hvghv	0	Available
~	keren	0	
	kjkbhj	0	Available
	knikin	٥	Available
C	bllector group selected		

2. Check the checkbox of the Collector Group you want to assign to the policy.

3. Click the Assign button. A window displays, prompting you to confirm the reassignment.



ASSIGNMENT CONFIRMATION
Collector group
keren
was successfully assigned to application policy
Servers Policy
ОК

5. Click OK.

Creating a New Communication Control Policy

A new Communication Control policy can be created by cloning an existing policy, as described below. New policies are only needed if you are going to assign different policies to different Collector Groups. Otherwise, you can simply modify one of the default policies that come out-of-the-box and apply it to all FortiEDR Collector Groups by default. Modifications made on one policy do not affect any other policies.

In the policy list, check the policy that you want to clone. There are two types of Communication Control policies: blocklisting policies (
), such as the Default communication control policy, which allows any connection by default, and allowlisting policies (
), such as the Servers policy, which denies any connection by default.

2. Click the Clone button. The following window displays:

ORIGINAL POLICY NAME	CLONED POLICY NAME
Default Communication Control Policy	Default Communication Control Policy clone
1 Application policy will be cloned	

- 3. In the Cloned Policy Name field, specify a name for the cloned policy.
- 4. Click the Clone button.

Other Options in the Policies Pane

Option	Description
All	Click the down arrow in the Alexander button and then select an option in the dropdown list to filter the policy list accordingly.
Clone	Click this button to clone a policy.
Delete	Click this button to delete a policy. Before deletion, a confirmation message displays, prompting you to confirm the deletion of the policy.
O Set mode ▼	Click the down arrow in the O Set mode - button and then select the mode
	for the policy, as described in Policy Mode on page 197

Forensics

This chapter describes the FortiEDR Forensics add-on option for deep analysis of security events.

Introduction

The Forensic Analysis add-on enables a security team (or anyone else) to delve deeply into the actual internals of the communicating devices' operating system that led up to the security event.

The Forensic Analysis add-on provides an abundance of deep analysis and drill-down options that reveal the process flows, memory stacks and a variety of operating system parameters in a graphic view, such as:

- Infected device and application details.
- Evidence path, which includes the process that the threat actor violated and which type of violation was executed.
- Side-by-side security event comparisons.

This option is only available to users who have purchased the Forensics add-on license, which is part of the **Protect and Response** license or the **Discover, Protect and Response** license.

The first stage of working with Forensics is to select one or more security event aggregations or security events to analyze. To do so, use one of the methods below:

• In the Event Viewer, select a security event aggregation and then click the Forensics button. Selecting a security event aggregation lets you analyze the aggregation of events triggered on this process.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER (5)		L 🗸 1 SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVENTORY 🗸 🕦	ADMINISTRATION (255) Omeration V Galit V
EVENTS	및 tA I ≤ Show	ving 1-17/177 🕨 🕨 Search Event 🔻 🔍	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
👼 Archive 🚘 Mark As 🔻 🖸 Export 👻 🏲 Handle Event 👕 Delete 🕡 Foren			
All ID DEVICE PROCESS		RECEIVED V LAST UPDATED	
pe explorer 1_5540510041.exe (1 event)	-	17-Jan-2021, 06:41:00	Malicious PERFINET
 nanocore.exe (1 event) 		17-Jan-2021, 06:36:07	Threat name: W32/GenKryptik.DPDX!tr
→ ✓ ► 4442515 🧧 ensw-lap-152 nanocore.exe	# Malicious File Read Attempt 1	17-Jan-2021, 06:36:07 17-Jan-2021, 06:36:07 ⊘	Threat family: Unknown
	Process path:	Raw data items:	Threat type: Unknown Automated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
None Unsigned	C:\Users\shanih\Documents\nanocore.exe	1	Automated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
		17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27	History
	-	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08	Malicious, by FortinetCloudServices , on 17-Jan-2021, 06:36:40
		15-Jan-2021, 10:32:08	
abe22cf0d78836c3ea072daeaf4c5eeaf9c29b6feb5 (1 event)	Malicious 1	14-Jan-2021, 08:52:30	
ADVANCED DATA Event Graph Automated Analysis Output Decase explorer are Decase Searchindeser.e	2 Create	3 Detected Frozes SearchProtocolHost exe	

In this case, the Forensics add-on shows a separate tab for each security event associated with the security event aggregation. For example, the figure below shows seven tabs for a security event aggregation containing two events.

4438976 Kutaser (SRes) Kutaser (SRes)	X Event 4442515 nanocore.exe	AT VIEWER (19) FORENSICS V	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V	✓ 1389 SECURITY SETTINGS ✓	Inventory 🗸 🕦 Administr	RATION 2385	Clear All	alit 🗸
dd Exception Retrieve	e 👰 Isolate 👻 🖸 E	xport				Raw Data Items: All	Selected 1/1 🖪	Þ
DEVICE OS		PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN		
EUGENE-PC Win	dows 10 Pro	powershell.exe	1 Inconclusive	File Access	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08	15-Jan-2021, 21:57:08	Ø <u>Q</u>	
RAW ID: 2092947449	Process Type: 64 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C	:\Windows\System32\WindowsPo\	werShell\v1.0\powershell.exe	User: ENSILO\Eugene	Count: 1	

• Select an individual security event in the Event Viewer and then click the Forensics button. In this case, the Forensics add-on shows a single tab for the selected security event, with all of its related raw data items.

- Select a raw data item when in drill down, and then click the Forensics button. In this case, the Forensics add-on shows a single tab for the selected security event with a single raw data item.
- In the **FORENSICS** tab, select **Events**. In the page that displays, click the **Event Viewer** link, shown below, and then select the security event of interest using any of the methods described above.

	EVENT VIEWER 116	FORENSICS V		rol 🗸 129		ADMINISTRATION 29	•	
		Events						
		Threat Hunting	(Legacy)					
		Threat Hunting						
				٢	>			
			E١	ent Vi	ewer			
				art forensi its from the	c analysis e Event Viewer			

You can click ① the button in the FORENSICS tab to display classification details, including the classification, policy and rules assigned to the FortiEDR Collector that triggered this security event. For more details about classification details, see Classification Details on page 168.

				Clear All
163078 × Event 171302 × .exe (InstallAll.py) TeamViewer.exe				
d Exception 🚔 Retrieve 🖾 Remediate 🔯 Isolate 👻 📑 Export				Raw Data Items: All 🖽 🗹 Selected 1/2 💷 🕨 🛈
	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION		CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J Windows Server 2012 python.exe	Malicious	Sensitive Information	10-Feb-2020, 04	
RAW ID: 172412835 Process Type: 32 bit Certific	ite: Signed	Process Path: C:\Python36\pythor	n.exe	# Malicious By ReversingLabs
				Threat name: Unknown
				Threat family: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
				Theorype. Onknown
				History
				Malicious, by Barbara , on 11-Feb-2020, 14:58:58
				■ Safe, by FortinetCloudServices , on 10-Feb-2020, 04:15:35
				Inconclusive, by Fortinet, on 04-Feb-2020, 07:48:00
		Town		Triggered Rules
				v Kiltration Prevention
				Suspicious Application - Connection Attempt from a Suspici

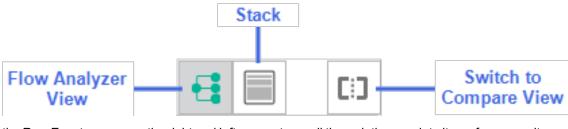
To perform deep Forensic analysis:

- Select the security events to analyze using one of the methods described on Event Viewer on page 134. Selected security events that are currently loaded to the FORENSICS tab are marked in the Event Viewer with a fingerprint icon.
- 2. Each selected security event is then displayed in the Event Viewer as a separate tab:

		EVENT VIEWER 152 FORENSICS		8 SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY 🗙 🕤 ADMINISTR	ATION 2565	O Protection 🗸	
							Clear All 🚦 🗐	
	nt 4442515 locore.exe							
Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve	Remediate 🖉 Isolate	- Export				Raw Data Items: Al	II 🗄 🗹 Selected 1/1 🖪	Þ
DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN		
ensw-lap149	Windows 10 Pro	Tbt.exe	- Likely Safe	File Execution Attempt	17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27	17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27	<u>o</u>	
RAW ID: 47491215	52	Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Unsigned		Process Path: C:\Windows\Temp\Dell'	.Tbt.exe	Count: 1	
	2 Create	4 Create	5 Create					
	/34/X//							()

Each tab shows the same information as in the Event Viewer on page 134, with additional information as described below.

The following options for viewing more information are provided:



In the Raw Events area, use the right and left arrows to scroll through the raw data items for a security event.

Raw Data Items: All	=	\checkmark	Selected	1/177	4	►	
---------------------	---	--------------	----------	-------	---	---	--

Click the **All Raw Data Items** button to display all raw data items. Click the **Selected Raw Data Items** button to select a specific raw data item. This action opens the following window, in which you specify the raw data item(s) to display.

SELECT RAW	/ DATA ITEMS				×
				Showing 1-2/2	
	DEVICE	DESTINATION	FIRST SEEN	LAST SEEN	COUNT
172412835	WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J	Sensitive Inform	10-Feb-2020, 04:15:27	10-Feb-2020, 04:15:27	1
767009555	WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J	Sensitive Inform	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59	1
					Close

Click **Close** in the SELECT RAW DATA ITEMS window. The Events page displays only those raw data items you selected in the view.

	Event 4442515 ×						Clear All	
Add Exception Retrie		Export				Raw Data Items: Al	Selected 1/1	Þ
DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN		
ensw-lap149	Windows 10 Pro	Tbt.exe		File Execution Attempt	17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27	17-Jan-2021, 03:50:27	Ø <u>Ø</u>	
RAW ID: 4749	912152	Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Unsigned	,	Process Path: C:\Windows\Temp\Dell	\Tbt.exe	Count: 1	
			root These					

Click the **Threat Hunting** button to review relevant Activity Events in the **Threat Hunting** tab

Flow Analyzer View 😫

	✓ DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER (18)	FORENSICS COMMUNICATION CONTROL				Clear All	
t 163078 × Event 171302 on.exe (InstallAll.py) TeamViewer.exe	х							
dd Exception 🚔 Retrieve 💼 Remed	iate 👰 Isolate 👻 🖸	Export				Raw Data Items: All	E Selected	1/1 🔍 🕨
DEVICE	05	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN		
WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J	Vindows Server 2012	python.exe	Malicious	Sensitive Information	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59	0	
RAW ID: 767009555	Process Type: 3	2 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C:\Python36\python.e	xe User: Wil	i-MQH0CMRUD2j\root	Count: 1	
							South F	Θ
0 - 0								Θ
0 - 0		×		from the from the form				0
• •••		× •		100 I 000				

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System Time (UTC -05:00) 17:32:5

This view shows a graphic flow diagram depicting the history of what happened before the security event was triggered, from left to right. Each node can represent a process, a thread or a service.

The arrows indicate the sequence of processes and specify the operation that was performed, such as **Create, Inject, Open** and so on. If multiple operations were performed between two processes, then multiple arrows are shown

between them. If an operation repeated several times in the same segment, it is represented by a dashed line

Typically, the next to last rightmost node represents a connection request connection and specifies the IP to which it

attempted to establish a connection. It can also represent an attempt to lock or encrypt a file by ransomware The rightmost node represents the action performed by FortiEDR, such as **Block, Log** or **Simulated Block**.



The flow chart is interactive. Clicking on a specific node or arrow drills down to the Stack View (described in Stack View on page 209). This enables you to perform further investigation of the specific stack that was collected during that step.

Stack View

						Clear All 📑 🗐
Event 145722 × Event 163078 × Event 171302 × csrnpt exe (WWAN_5565 python.exe (InstallALpy)						
🚼 Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve 💼 Remediate 👰 Isolate 👻 🖸 Export					Raw Data Items: A	All 📰 🔽 Selected 1/4 🖪
DEVICE OS PROCES	SS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J Windows Server 2012 TeamVie	ewer.exe	EI PUP	52.143.143.83	10-Feb-2020, 09:48:02	11-Feb-2020, 16:49:06	0
RAW ID: 147071627 Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C:	Program Files (x86)\TeamViewer	TeamVlewer.exe Us	ser: WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J\root	Count: 32
—	O NT PROCESS CREATION	CONNECTION	-			
CONNECTION Process ID: 2592 Company: To	eamViewer GmbH	CONNECTION	Product: TeamViewer		Process Hash (SHA-1): 1 16	5135896D41C108FDE902889845B1295304
CONNECTION Company: TT Process ID: 5592 Source Process — e19Program Files (1986)TeamViewer/YeamViewer zee Description:	eamViewer GmbH TeamViewer 10	CONNECTION	Comments:		Process Hash (SHA-1): 1 16 Process Owner: WIN-MQHC	
CONNECTION Process: D: 2592 Source Process:e1VProgram Files (x86)TeamViewenTeamViewerzee zee Discription: Target:Version: 10.6	eamVlewer GmbH TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0		Comments: Command Line:		Process Owner: WIN-MQH0	DCMRUD2j\root
CONNECTION Process ID: 2592 Company: Te Source Process	eamVlewer GmbH TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	Comments:	BASE ADDRESS		DCMRUD2J\root HASH
CONNECTION Company: T Process - e1VProgram Files (x86)/TeamViewer/YeamVi	eamVlewer GmDH TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line:		Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS	DCMRUD2/vroot HASH I 16135B96D41C108FDE90288
CONNECTION Company: T Process ID: 5552 Company: T Source Process: a - tMProgram Files (x86)/TeamViewer/TeamViewer team Description: Traget: Version: 10.0 EXECUTABLE FILE NAME > 1 Version: 10.0	eamViewer GmbH TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No No	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	Qx/76f30000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS 0x78f89000	DCMRUD2jvroot HASH I 16135896D41C1087DE90288 I EC173C65916ED34D125F07F
CONNECTION Company: T Process - ethProgram Files (x86)/TeamViewer/YeamViewer vee Description: Target: Version: 10 C EXECUTABLE FILE NAME Version: 10 C > 1 Max -Description: 10 C	eamVlewer GmDH TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line:		Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS	DCMRUD2/vroot HASH I 16135B96D41C108FDE90288
CONNECTION Company: T Process ID: 5552 Company: T Source Process: a - tMProgram Files (x86)/TeamViewer/TeamViewer team Description: Traget: Version: 10.0 EXECUTABLE FILE NAME > 1 Version: 10.0	eamViewer GmbH TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No No	CERTIFICATE Signed	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	Qx/76f30000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS 0x78f89000	DCMRUD2jvroot HASH I 16135896D41C1087DE90288 I EC173C65916ED34D125F07F
CONNECTION Company: T Process ID: 2592 Company: T Source Process:	eamViewer GmbH TeamViewer 10 0.38475:0 WRITABLE No No No	CERTIFICATE Signed Signed Signed	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	0x76f30000 0x76f30000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS 0x78r89000 0x78r89000	HASH I 16135899D41C108FDE90288 I EC173C69916ED34D125F07F I 1A1848C9DA974F6ADE45E35

The **Stack View** displays the following sections of information:

Field	Description
Events	Shows the same information as in the Event Viewer on page 134.
Stacks	A control toolbar that depicts the stacks that were collected in each step prior to the connection establishment requestor file access. A red dot means that a rule violation was observed in this stack. You can click the different stack names to see the collected stack data.

Field	Description						
Stack Content Details	The bottom of the window displays each stack in the flow of the selected step. The stack entries represent the executable files that resided in the stack upon collecting the stack data. Click the stack node to filter the display to show that stack. The selected stack appears with a red line below it. Click the Process Hash link display a dropdown menu with the following options:						
	Process Hash (SHA-1): 9B4F388FEC4511CE3FA5BF855626C7C7B517 Process Owner: DESKT VirusTotal Threat Hunting HASH						
	Add to Blocklist						
	 VirusTotal: Checks whether this hash was seen elsewhere. This involves searching another external website (VirusTotal). Clicking the link runs the query in VirusTotal. Alternatively, you can go to www.virustotal.com, click the Search tab, paste the hash from FortiEDR and then click Search It. Threat Hunting: Checks the activity events that are relevant to this hash. Clicking this option takes you to the Threat Hunting page. Add to Blocklist: Adds this hash to the Application Control block list, as described in Application Control Manager on page 73. Clicking this option opens up the Add Application Window with this hash specified. 						

For each executable, you can see the following information:

- Executable File Name
- Writeable: Specifies whether the executable code can be modified.
- Certificate: Specifies whether or not the certificate was signed.
- Repetitions: Specifies how many times this executable was detected in the stack.
- Base Address of this entry in memory.
- End Address of this entry in memory.
- Hash: Specifies the file hash.

The row of the executable that triggered the FortiEDR security event is highlighted with a red dot indicates the row that you may want to investigate further.

You can click an executable row to display an even deeper level of information describing that process, as shown below:

						Clear All 🕂 🧮
ent 145722 × Event 163078 × Event 171302 × TeamViewer.exe						
Add Exception 🎽 Retrieve 💼 Remediate 👰 Isolate 👻 🗈 Export					Raw Data Items: A	dl 🔃 🗹 Selected 1/4 ◄ ►
DEVICE OS PROCE	:55	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
8 WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J Windows Server 2012 TeamV	/iewer.exe	E! PUP	52.143.143.83	10-Feb-2020, 09:48:02	11-Feb-2020, 16:49:06	0
RAW ID: 147071627 Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C:W	Program Files (x86)\TeamViewer\	TeamViewer.exe U:	er: WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J\root	Count: 32
NNECTION						
cess ID: 2592 Company: 1 rce Process:e1\Program Files (x86)\TeamViewer\TeamViewer.exe. Description			Product: TeamViewer Comments:		Process Hash (SHA-1): 1 16 Process Owner: WIN-MQH0	
tess ID: 2592 Company: 1 rce Process:e1\Program Files (x86)\TeamViewer\TeamViewer.exe Description get: Version: 10	: TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0		Comments: Command Line:		Process Owner: WIN-MQH0	
tess ID: 2592. Company: 1 rce Process:e1\Program Files (x86)\TeamViewer\TeamViewer.exe: Description rce: Version: 10 EXECUTABLE FILE NAME	1: TeamViewer 10 1.0.38475.0 WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	Comments:	BASE ADDRESS	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS	ICMRUD2/vroot
rce Process:e1UProgram Files (x86)\TeamViewer/TeamViewer.exe Description get: Version: 10	: TeamVlewer 10 0.38475.0	CERTIFICATE Signed	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	BASE ADDRESS 0x7690000 0x7690000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0	ICMRUD2/voot
cess ID: 2592 Company: 1 Company	N TeamViewer 10 10.38475.0 WRITABLE No	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	0x76f80000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS 0x76/89000	ICMRUD2/Iroot HASH I EC173C65916ED34D125F07F
DESCUT-2592 Company: Version:	n: TeamViewer 10 10.38475.0 WRITABLE No No	CERTIFICATE Signed	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS 1 2	0x76f90000 0x76f90000	Process Owner: WIN-MQH0 END ADDRESS 0x7849000 0x7848000	KCMRUD2/vroot HASH I EC173C65916ED34D125F07F I 1A184BC9DA074F6ADE45E35

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System Time (UTC -05:00) 17:42:56

Compare View

											Cie	ear All	0
vent 145722 * Event 163078 script.exe (WWAN_5565 python.exe (installAll.p	y) Event 17 TeamVie	1302 wer.exe	×			Event 145722 cscript.exe (WWAN_556	× Event 163078 python.exe (installAll.	× Event 17 py) TeamVie		×			
Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve 💼 Remediate	오 Isolate	Export	Raw Data Iten	ns: All 🔛 🗹	1/4 ◀ ► G	Add Exception	Retrieve 🚺 Remediate	Isolate	- 🖸 Export	Raw Data Iten	ns: All 🔛 🗹	1/6 selected	Þ
DEVICE OS	PROCESS	DESTINATI	ON RECEIVED	LAS	ST SEEN	DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST S	SEEN	
8 WIN-MQH0CMR Windows Serv	TeamViewer.ex	(e 52.143.143	3 10-Feb-20	020, 09:48:02 11-	-Feb-2020, 16:49:06 🖉	▶ 🛛 ensw-lap153	Windows 10 Pro	cscript.exe	23.50.187.27	03-Feb-2020,	04:45:31 03-Fet	o-2020, 04:45:31	0
RAW ID: 147071627 Process Type: 32 bit Ce	rtificate: Signed	Process Path:	iewer\TeamV	/iewer.exe User:	CMRUD2J\root Count: 32	2 RAW ID: 238987426	Process Type: 64 bit C	ertificate: Signed	Process Path	ws\System32	\cscript.exe User	: ENSILO\yossim	Count
A PARENT PROCESS CREATION PARENT	O NT PROCESS CRE	ATION F	PARENT PROCES	S CREATION	CONNECTIO	PARENT PROCESS	CREATION PARE	O TROCESS CR	ATION	PARENT PROCES	S CREATION	PARENT PROCESS	- •
CONNECTION						CONNECTION							
CONNECTION rocess ID: 2592. Company: T purce Process:\TeamViewer.exe. Description:	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10	H Product	t: TeamViewer ents:	Proc	CONNECTIO ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQH0CMR	CONNECTION Process ID: 20444 Source Process:em32	Company: I	Microsoft Corpor :: Microsoft ® Co	ation Produ	tt: Microsoft ® W	Vindows Sc Proce	PARENT PROCESS ess Hash (SHA-1): I ess Owner: NT AUT	B6384
CONNECTION ocess ID: 2592 Company: T urce Process:\TeamViewer.exe Description: rget: Version: 10.	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 	H Product	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line:	Proc	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896	CONNECTION Process ID: 20444	Company: I Acscript.exe Description Version: 5.8	Microsoft Corpor :: Microsoft ® Co 112.10240.16384	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm	ct: Microsoft ® W ients: ind Line: /nolog	Vindows Sc Proce	ess Hash (SHA-1): I ess Owner: NT AUT	B6384
CONNECTION occess ID: 2592 Company: Ti urce Process:,TeamViewer exe Description: rget: Version: 10. EXECUTABLE FILE NAME	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE	H Product Comme Comma	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line:	Proc	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQH0CMR	CONNECTION Process ID: 20444 Source Process:em32 Target:	Company: I cscript.exe Description Version: 5.8 NAME	Microsoft Corpor : Microsoft ® Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm	ct: Microsoft ® W ients: ind Line: /nolog	Vindows Sc Proce Proce	ess Hash (SHA-1): I ess Owner: NT AUT	B6384
CONNECTION occess ID: 2592 Company: Ti urcre Process:	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No	H Product Comme Comma CERTIFICATE Signed	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line:	Proce Proce BASE ADDRESS	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQH0CMR END ADDRESS	CONNECTION S Process ID: 20444 Source Process:em32 Target: EXECUTABLE FIL	Company: I ccscript.exe Description Version: 5.1 NAME dows/System32\cscript.exe	Microsoft Corpor Microsoft ® Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE No	ation Production Production Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Certificate	ct: Microsoft ® W ients: ind Line: /nolog	Vindows Sc Proce Proce	ess Hash (SHA-1): I ess Owner: NT AUT	B6384
CONNECTION DOCESS ID: 2592 Company: Ti urce Process:	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No	H Product Comme Comma CERTIFICATE Signed	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line: REPETITION 1	Proce Proce BASE ADDRESS 0x76f80000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQH0CMR END ADDRESS 0x76f89000	CONNECTION 5 Process ID: 20444 Source Process	Company: I ccscript.exe Description Version: 5.1 NAME dows/System32\cscript.exe	Microsoft Corpor : Microsoft © Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE No No	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm CERTIFICATE Signed	ct: Microsoft ® W ients: and Line: /nolog REPETITION	Vindows Sc Proce Proce o WWAN BASE ADDRESS	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 ess Owner: NT AUT END ADDRESS	B6384
CONNECTION Codess ID: 2592 Company: To urce Process: TeamViewer.exe Description: tget: Version: 10. EXECUTABLE FILE NAME I ume 11WindowsSystem321wow64.dll I	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No No No	H Product Comme Comma CERTIFICATE Signed	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line: REPETITION 1	Proce Proce BASE ADDRESS 0x76f80000 0x76f90000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQH0CMR END ADDRESS 0x76f89000 0x76fdb000	CONNECTION >	Company: I Kscript.exe Description Version: 5.8 NAME dowsiSystem32kscript.exe owsiSystem32kscript.exe	Microsoft Corpor Microsoft © Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE No No No	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm CERTIFICATE Signed Signed	ct: Microsoft ® W ents: and Line: /nolog REPETITION 2	Vindows Sc Proce Proce o WWAN BASE ADDRESS 0x7ff8afc80000	ess Hash (SHA-1): I ess Owner: NT AUT END ADDRESS 0x7ff8afce7000	B6384
CONNECTION Process ID: 2592 Company: Ti Source Process:	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No No No	H Product Comme Comme CertIFICATE Signed Signed Signed	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line: REPETITION 1	Proc. Proc. BASE ADDRESS 0x76f80000 0x7ff60a000 0x7ff66ab70000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQHOCMR END ADDRESS 0x76f90000 0x7ff6601c000	CONNECTION >	Company: I kcscript.exe Description Version: 5.8 NAME dows/System32/cscript.exe ows/System32/cscript.exe ndows/System32/webio.dll ndows/System32/webio.dll	Microsoft Corpor Microsoft © Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE No No No	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm CERTIFICATE Signed Signed	tt: Microsoft ® W ents: and Line: /nolog REPETITION 2 6	Vindows Sc Proce Proce o WWAN BASE ADDRESS 0x7ff8afc80000 0x7ff89feb0000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 ess Owner: NT AUT END ADDRESS 0x7ff8afce7000 0x7ff8afce7000	B638
CONNECTION Tracess ID: 2592. Company: To Ource Process:	eamViewer Gmb TeamViewer 10 0.38475.0 WRITABLE No No No	H Product Comme Comme CERTIFICATE Signed Signed Signed	t: TeamViewer ents: and Line: REPETITION 1	Proc. Proc. BASE ADDRESS 0x76f80000 0x7ff60a000 0x7ff66ab70000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 16135896 ess Owner: WIN-MQHOCMR END ADDRESS 0x76f90000 0x7ff6601c000	CONNECTION >	Company: I kcscript.exe Description Version: 5.8 NAME dows/System32/cscript.exe ows/System32/cscript.exe ndows/System32/webio.dll ndows/System32/webio.dll	Microsoft Corpor Microsoft © Co 312.10240.16384 WRITABLE No No No	ation Produ nsole Comm Comm CERTIFICATE Signed Signed	tt: Microsoft ® W ents: and Line: /nolog REPETITION 2 6	Vindows Sc Proce Proce o WWAN BASE ADDRESS 0x7ff8afc80000 0x7ff89feb0000	ess Hash (SHA-1): 1 ess Owner: NT AUT END ADDRESS 0x7ff8afce7000 0x7ff8afce7000	B638-

pyright © Fortinet Version 4.1.0.23

Task View

stem Time (UTC -05:00) 17:44:03

The Compare View enables you to display two views side-by-side. They can both be either Flow Analyzer View on page 208 or Stack View on page 209

Defining an Exception

After Forensic analysis, you may decide to create an exception for a specific security event. To do so, you may refer to the Defining Security Event Exceptions on page 147. You may refer to Playbook Policies on page 89 for general information about Exceptions.

Remediating a Device Upon Malware Detection

After malware is detected on a device, you can use one of the following methods to remediate the situation in the FortiEDR system:

Method	Description
Terminate the Process	This method does not guarantee that the affected process will not attempt to execute again.
Delete the Affected File from the Computer	This method ensures that the file does not attempt to exfiltrate data again, as the file is permanently removed from the device. When using this method, be careful not to delete files that are important to the system, in order to protect system stability.
Remove or Modify the Registry Key	This method removes a registry key or updates a registry key's value. This method changes malicious registry key modifications by removing newly created keys or returning key values to their original form. Note – Some malware have persistency capabilities, which makes the infection appear again. In addition, in some rare cases, malware can cause the system to crash if you try to remove them. Both of these methods can be performed using the Forensics add-on.

To remediate a device on which malware was detected:

- 1. Select the security event(s) to analyze using one of the following methods described on Event Viewer on page 134
- 2. In the Raw Events area, select the relevant process. Use the various forensic tools provided by FortiEDR to determine the process of interest.

		EVENT VIEWER FORENSICS V		49 SECURITY SETTINGS ✓		N 402	◯ Protection ✔ admin ✔
							Clear All
Event 87477 × Event 8 DynamicCodeTests.exe	87488 × Event 107146 bynamicCodeL	Event 84974	x				
Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve 🖬	Remediate 👰 Isolate 👻 🕻	Export				Raw Data Items: All	⊞ ✓ Selected 1/2 ◄ ► (
DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
Collector8PC	Windows 7 Ultimate N	DynamicCodeTests.exe	Suspicious	74.125.235.20	17-Mar-2020, 18:11:54	17-Mar-2020, 21:50:50	0
RAW ID: 530581512	Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Unsigned	Process Path: \Dev	vice\HarddiskVolume2\Users\root\E	Desktop\DynamicCodeTests.exe	User: Collector8PC\root	Count: 2
PARENT PROCESS CREATION	CONNECTION	-					
CONNECTION							
ocess ID: 3908	not\Dackton\DunamicCodeTectr av	Company: enSilo Test		Product:			68A68569DDD53EEBC0C24D62DAFEC55E2555
ocess ID: 3908 ource Process:Volume2\Users\rd	oot\Desktop\DynamicCodeTests.ex	e Description:		Comments:		Process Hash (SHA-1): 4320 Process Owner: Collector8PC	
rocess ID: 3908 ource Process:Volume2\Users\ro	oot\Desktop\DynamicCodeTests.e)		CERTIFICATE		BASE ADDRESS		
rocess ID: 3908 purce Process:Volume2\Users\ro arget: EXECUTABLE FILE NAME		e Description: Version: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line:	BASE ADDRESS	Process Owner: Collector8PC	Chroot
rocess ID: 3908 ource Process:Volume2\Users\ro arget:	ne2\Users\root\Desktop\DynamicCodeTe	e Description: Version: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE		Comments: Command Line:	BASE ADDRESS	Process Owner: Collector8PC	C\root HASH

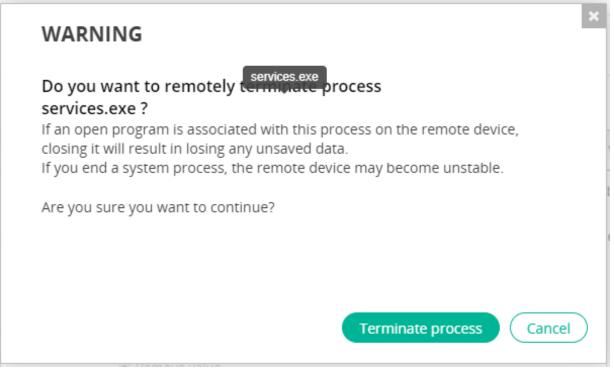
After selecting the process of interest, the bottom pane of the window displays the list of files associated with that process.

DASHBOARD EVENT WEWER	B FORENSICS~	COMMUNICATION CONTROL	B SECURITY SETTINGS V	INVENTORY 1883 ADMINISTRA	TION 839	● Protection ❤ Barbera❤
						Clear All 🕂 🗮
Nent 163078 K Event 166577 K Event 171302 K Transition (1997) Statemeter (1997) Stat						
Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve 💼 Remediate 👰 Isolate 👻 🛃 Export					Raw Data items: All	Selected 1/4 🔍 🕨
DEVICE OS PROCESS		CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
WIN-MQH0CMRUD2j Windows Server 2012 TeamView	ver.exe	■! PUP	52.143.143.83	10-Feb-2020, 09:48:02	11-Feb-2020, 17:49:06	0
RAW ID: 147071627 Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C	NProgram Files (x86)\TeamViewe	r\TeamViewer.exe	User: WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J\root	Count: 33
PARENT PROCESS CREATION PARENT PROCESS CREATION PARENT	PROCESS CREATION	CONNECTION				
ARENT PROCESS CREATION			Product:			
ocess ID: 452 Company: Mil urce Process:e\HarddiskVolume1\Windows\System32\services.exe Description:	rosoft Corporation		Product: Comments:		Process Hash (SHA-1): i E285 Process Owner: NT AUTHORI	9481DE0882E2506CC48D6AFC68F1826B864 TY\SYSTEM
rget:me1\Program Files (x86)\TeamVlewer\TeamVlewer_Service.exe Version:			Command Line:			
EXECUTABLE FILE NAME	WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	REPETITIONS	BASE ADDRESS	END ADDRESS	HASH
Imain -\Device\HarddiskVolume1\Windows\System32\services.exe	No	Signed				E2899481DE0882E2506CC48

3. Check the checkbox of the relevant file and then click the E Remediate button. The following window displays:

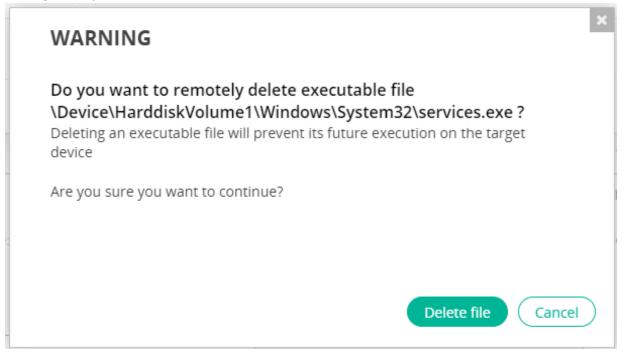
REMEDIATE DEVICE WIN-MQH0CMRUD2J
services.exe EVENT 171303 PROCESS ID 452
Terminate process services.exe
Remove 1 selected executable file
Delete file at path c:\temp\abcd.exe
Handle persistent data (registry)
Remove key
 Modify registry value (Default)
Remove value
 Update value data to (A key or value that do not exist will automatically be created)
Type 🖉
Remediate Cancel

- 4. Do one of the following:
 - a. Check the Terminate process checkbox to terminate the selected process. A warning message displays.



Click Terminate process to terminate the selected process.

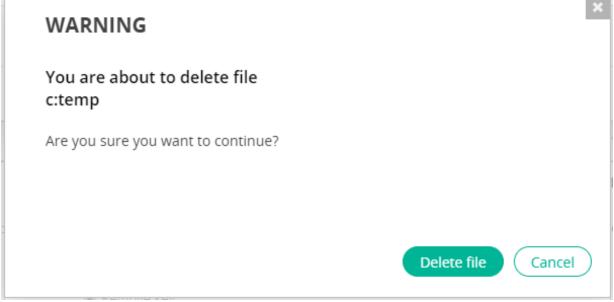
b. Check the **Remove selected executable file** checkbox to delete the specified file from the device. A warning message displays.



Click **Delete file** to remove the selected file.

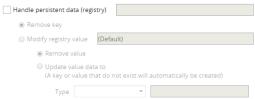
c. Check the **Delete file at path** checkbox. In the adjacent field, enter the file path on the device that contains the file to be removed.

 Delete file at path 	c:\temp\abcd.exe
A warning message displays.	



Click **Delete file** to remove the file from the specified path.

d. Check the **Handle persistent data (registry)** checkbox to clean the registry keys in Windows. In the adjacent field, enter the value of the registry key to be removed or modified.



Value data should be provided in the required format, based on the value type selected in the dropdown list, as follows:

- String for types REG_SZ(1), REG_EXPAND_SZ(2), REG_DWORD(4) and REG_QWORD(11).
- **Base64** for types REG_BINARY(3), REG_DWORD_BIG_ENDIAN(5), REG_LINK(6), REG_MULTI_SZ (7), REG_RESOURCE_LIST(8), REG_FULL_RESOURCE_DESCRIPTOR(9) and REG_RESOURCE_REQUIREMENTS_LIST(10).

Select the Remove key radio button to remove the registry key value.

Select the Modify registry value radio button to change the current registry key value. When selecting this option, you must also specify the new value for the registry key in the gray box and the key's value type in the adjacent dropdown menu (for example, string, binary and so on).

5. Click the Remediate button.

Retrieving Memory

The **Retrieve Memory** function enables you to retrieve the stack-memory of a specific Collector. This option enables you to retrieve memory from a specific communicating device in order to perform deeper analysis by analyzing the actual memory from the device. This function is only accessible from the Stack View.

Memory is fetched by the Collector in binary (*.bin) format, compressed, encrypted and then sent to the user's local machine. The returned file is password-protected. The password is **enCrypted**.

If the file cannot be sent, it is saved locally on the host by the Collector.

To retrieve memory for a Collector:

1. In the Stack View, select the stack(s) that you want to analyze by selecting its checkbox(es).

							Clear All
vent 163078 ython.exe (installAll.py) X Event 1 Dynam	166577 Event 171302 TeamViewer.exe	×					
Edit exception 🚔 Retrieve 🖻	Remediate 🖳 Isolate 👻 🖸	Export				Raw Data Items:	All 🔛 🗹 Selected 1/1 🚽 🕨
DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
BESKTOP-BS09MQF	Windows 10 Pro	DynamicCodeTests32	Suspicious	74.125.235.20	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27	06-Feb-2020, 02:54:29	0
RAW ID: 127258682	Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Unsign	ed Process Path:	C:\Users\admin\Desktop\DynamicC	odeTests32.exe Us	er: DESKTOP-BS09MQF\admin	Count: 2
PARENT PROCESS CREATION	PARENT PROCESS CREATION	PARENT PROCESS CREATION	PARENT PROCESS CREATIC	O PARENT PROCESS CREATH	O PARENT PROCESS CREA		N
ONNECTION	O PARENT PROCESS CREATION		O PARENT PROCESS CREATIC		O PARENT PROCESS CREA		
ONNECTION cess ID: 12740		Company:	O PARENT PROCESS CREATIC	Product:	ON PARENT PROCESS CREA	Process Hash (SHA-1): 🚦 A	7AD6C89D7843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4
CONNECTION ocess ID: 12740 urce Process:me3\Users\admli	PARENT PROCESS CREATION	Company: Description:	PARENT PROCESS CREATIC	Product: Comments:	ON PARENT PROCESS CREA		7AD6C89D7843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4
ONNECTION Iccess ID: 12740 Jrce Process:me3\Users\admit get:		Company:	A PARENT PROCESS CREATIC	Product:	ON PARENT PROCESS CREA	Process Hash (SHA-1): 🚦 A	7AD6C89D7843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4
CONNECTION Scess ID: 12740 Jurce Process:me3\Users\admit get: ✓ EXECUTABLE FILE NAME		Company: Description: Version: WRITABLE		Product: Comments: Command Line:		Process Hash (SHA-1): I A Process Owner: DESKTOP-	7AD6C89D7843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4 BS09MQP\admin
onNECTION cess ID: 12740 rrce Process:me3\Users\admii get: ✓ EXECUTABLE FILE NAME ✓ I Main ^DeviceHarddiskVolur	n\Desktop\DynamicCodeTests32.exe me3\Userstadmin\Desktop\DynamicCodeTe	Company: Description: Version: WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	Product: Comments: Command Line:		Process Hash (SHA-1): I A Process Owner: DESKTOP-	7AD6C8907843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4 BSO9MQF\admin HASH
ONNECTION cess ID: 12740 trce Process:me3\Users\admii get:	n/Desktop/DynamicCodeTests32.exe me3Usersladmin/Desktop/DynamicCodeTe indowsSystem32iwow64cpu.dll	Company: Description: Version: St532.exe No	CERTIFICATE Unsigned	Product: Comments Command Line: REPETITIONS	BASE ADDRESS	Process Hash (SHA-1): I A Process Owner: DESKTOP- END ADDRESS	7Ab6C89D7843E0485F58056EBC3902954A4 BSO9MQFhadmin HASH II A7Ab6C89D7843E0485F5805
ONNECTION cess ID: 12740 trce Process:me3\Users\admii get:	n\Desktop\DynamicCodeTest532.exe me3UserstadminDesktopIDynamicCodeTe indowsSystem32wow64cpu.dll indowsSystem32wow64.dll	Company: Description: Version: sts22 exe No No	CERTIFICATE Unsigned Signed	Product: Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	BASE ADDRESS 0x77260000	Process Hash (SHA-1): A Process Owner: DESKTOP- END ADDRESS 0x77269000	7A06CB907843E0485F58056EBC390295444 8509MQFadmin HASH I A7A06CB907843E0485F5805 I BF56ECB4067F0091802C46
ONNECTION seess ID: 12740 mce Process:me3NUsersNadmin get: EVECUTABLE FILE NAME I Mani-AeviceNarddiskVolume3NW I DeviceNarddiskVolume3NW I DeviceNarddiskVolume3NW	n\Desktop\DynamicCodeTest532.exe me3UserstadminDesktopIDynamicCodeTe indowsSystem32wow64cpu.dll indowsSystem32wow64.dll	Company: Description: Version: SIS32.exe No No No No	CERTIFICATE Unsigned Signed Signed	Product: Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS 2 2	BASE ADDRESS 0x77260009 0x77ffc2e340000	Process Hash (SHA-1): I A Process Owner: DESKTOP- END ADDRESS 0x77269000 0x7ffc2a99000	7A66C8907848E0485F38056EBC390295444 8509MQPadmin HA5H I A7A06C89078438E0485F5805 I 8F566084067F6091802C46 I 310B04FF8E022327828895

2. Click the Retrieve button. The following window displays:

	MEMORY RETRIEVAL EVENT 166576, DESKTOP-BS09MQF DynamicCodeTests32.exe	×	
	 Retrieve memory of selected stack entries - 29 entries selected 		
10,	Retrieve from: ✓ Memory Disk		
1	Retrieve memory region from address: Hex value (0x) to address: Hex value (0x) Retrieve the entire process memory]	
	Estimated Memory Retrieval file size: 29.6 MB		
	Retrieve Cancel		

- 3. Select one of the following options:
 - **a.** Retrieve memory of selected stack entries: Select this radio button to retrieve memory for one or more specific stack entries. Then, select the stack entries you want to analyze by checking their checkboxes, as shown below:

Event 87477 * Event 87488 * Event 107146	× Event 84974 ×					
DynamicCodeTests.exe DynamicCodeTests.exe DynamicCodeListen						
🛔 Add Exception 🎽 Retrieve 💼 Remediate 💿 Isolate 👻 🖸	Export				Raw Data Items: All	Selected 1/2 4
DEVICE OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN	
Collector8PC Windows 7 Ultimate N	DynamicCodeTests.exe	Suspicious	74.125.235.20	17-Mar-2020, 18:11:54	17-Mar-2020, 21:50:50	0
RAW ID: 530581512 Process Type: 32 bit	Certificate: Unsigned	Process Path: \Device\F	larddiskVolume2\Users\root\Des	ktop\DynamicCodeTests.exe	User: Collector8PC\root	Count: 2
PARENT PROCESS CREATION CONNECTION						
CONNECTION Occess ID: 3908 C	Company: enSilo Test Description:		Product: Comments:		Process Hash (SHA-1): 1 A32 Process Owner: Collector8PC	
CONNECTION ocess ID: 3908 urce Process:Volume2\Users\root\Desktop\DynamicCodeTests.exe ID						
CONNECTION Cress ID: 3908 Urce Process:Volume2USersVoot\Desktop\DynamicCodeTests.exe Set: V	Description:	CERTIFICATE	Comments:	BASE ADDRESS		KRAKRSMODD33EEBCOC14D62DAFECS5E3 CVOOT HASH
CONNECTION occess ID: 3908 C urce Process:Volume2UUserstroorDesktopiDynamicCodeTests.eve E graf:V DEVECUTABLE FILE NAME	Description: /ersion: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE		Comments: Command Line:	BASE ADDRESS	Process Owner: Collector8PC	C\root
CONNECTION XCESS ID: 3908 C TUTCe Process	Description: /ersion: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line:	BASE ADDRESS	Process Owner: Collector8PC	C\root
CONNECTION Cress ID: 3908 C tree Process:Volume2UUserstroot\DesktopiDynamicCodeTests.eve E get: EXECUTABLE PILE NAME Main \DeviceHanddiskYolume2UUserstrootDesktopiDynamicCodeTests. Main \DeviceHanddiskYolume2UUserstrootDesktopiDynamicCodeTests.	Description: /ersion: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE exe No	CERTIFICATE	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS		Process Owner: Collector8PC	Lvroot HASH # A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C2
ONNECTION Construction Decession 10: 3908 Construction Construction Construction EXECUTABLE FILE NAME Constructive/stask/slume?/Users/vonDesktop/DynamicCodeTesta. I Man-NourceHandski/slume?/Users/vonDesktop/DynamicCodeTesta I Man-NourceHandski/slume?/Users/vonDesktop/DynamicCodeTesta I VenuereHandski/slume?/Windows/System32.wond-4.put.dll I DecueHandski/slume?/Windows/System32.wond-4.put.dll	Description: Version: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE exe No No	CERTIFICATE Unsigned Unsigned	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	0×73620000	Process Owner: Collector8PC END ADDRESS 0x73628000	Lvroot HASH I A3268A685690DD53EEBC0C2 I 278691ED59AF426398BAFFFF
CONNECTION OCESS ID: 3988 OC OCESS ID: 3988 OC OCESS ID: Volume2/Users/voor.Desktop/DynamicCodeTests.eve EXECUTABLE FILE NAME II Man-NeuveiHinddax/Volume2/Windows/System32woork6qpu.dl II Users/Vanddas/Volume2/Windows/System32woork6qpu.dl II Users/Vanddas/Volume2/W	Description: Version: 1.0.0.1 WRITABLE txe No No No	CERTIFICATE Unsigned Unsigned Unsigned	Comments: Command Line: REPETITIONS	0×73620000 0×73590000	Process Owner: Collector8PC END ADDRESS 0x73628000 0x73626000	Ctroot HASH I A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C2 I 278691ED59AF42639BBAFFFF I 68E5BE72BFDDAC4F61697D3

You must also specify whether to retrieve the memory from **Memory**, **Disk** or both by selecting the respective checkbox. The **Memory** option is the default. You can select either option or both options. It is important to remember that the retrievable data may be different in the memory and on disk. In addition, the stack entry may no longer reside in memory, for example, if the system was rebooted.

After you make your selection, the window indicates how many stack entries were selected, as shown below. For example, the figure below shows that three stack entries were selected for analysis.

MEMORY RETRIEVAL EVENT 284376, JEFFDURAN- backgroundTaskHost.exe	PC		
 Retrieve memory of selected stack entries - 2 entries selected 			
Retrieve from: ✔ Memory 🖌 Disk			
 Retrieve memory region from address Retrieve the entire process memory 	E: Hex value (0x)	to address:	Hex value (0x)
Estimated Memory Retrieval file size: 4 M	В		etrieve Cancel

b. Retrieve memory region from address: Select this option to retrieve memory from a specific memory region. Specify the **To** and **From** addresses for the region in the adjacent fields.

Retrieve memory region from address: Hex value (0x..) to address: Hex value (0x..)

- c. Retrieve the entire process memory: Select this option to retrieve memory for an entire process. This option retrieves all the stack entries comprising the process.
- 4. Click the Retrieve button.

Isolating a Device

An isolated device is one that is blocked from communicating with the outside world (for both sending and receiving). For more details about device isolation, see Investigation on page 93.

Note – Isolation mode takes effect upon any attempt to establish a network session after isolation mode has been initiated. Connections that were established before device isolation was initiated remain intact. The same applies for Communication Control denial configuration changes. Note that both Isolation mode and Communication Control denial do not apply on incoming RDP connections and ICMP connections.

To isolate a device using the FortiEDR Collector:

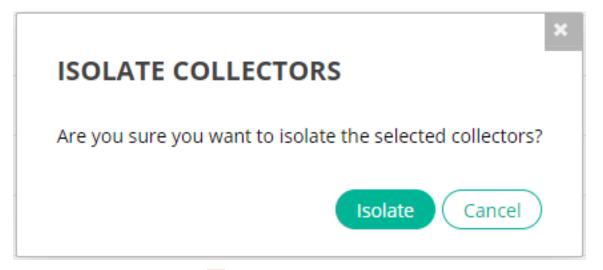
1. In the EVENT VIEWER tab, select the checkbox(es) of the security event(s) that you want to isolate, and then click the Forensics button, as shown below:

– v All – Ø Panda1 (3 er	ID vents)	DEVICE	PROCESS		DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED * 11-Feb-2020, 21:15:58	LAST UPDATED		
	180497	Panda1	pandasecurityDx.dll	≡! PUP			11-Feb-2020, 21:16:17	0	By ReversingLabs Threat name: Win32.PUA.Netfilter
▶ 11 0 ► - 	ertificate: Signed 180468	Panda1	Process path: C:\Program	n Files (x86)\pandasec			data items: 1 11-Feb-2020, 21:16:17	0	Threat family: Netfilter Threat type: PUA
Þ	180477	Panda1	pandasecurityDx.dll	≡! PUP	File Read Atte		11-Feb-2020, 21:14:04	h.	History
WIN-MQH0CP BSKTOP-BSC)		Malicious Suspicious		10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59 06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27			
ensw-lap153				Suspicious		03-Feb-2020, 05:25:12			 Simulation Device Panda1 was moved from collector group lior1 to colle group High Security Collector Group 2 times
Mac (5 even	nts)			# Malicious		03-Feb-2020, 04:00:50			Simulation Device Panda1 was isolated 2 times
ensw-lap147	7 (4 events)			Suspicious		02-Feb-2020, 15:08:35			
	ANCED DATA								$\bigcirc \oplus$

The following window displays:

it 180468 JasecurityDx64.dll								
Add Exception Retrieve	Remediate 🔄 Isolate 👻 🖸	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	Raw Data Items: All	Selected 1/1	₫► (
😕 Panda1	Windows 8.1 Enterpris	pandasecurityDx64.dll	≡! PUP	File Read Attempt	11-Feb-2020, 21:14:04	11-Feb-2020, 21:16:17	0	
RAW ID: 1341779749	Process Type	: 32 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C:\Pro	gram Files (x86)\pandasecuritytb\pand	lasecurityDx64.dll	Count: 11	
								⊕ ⊕ ⊎

2. In the Events tab, click the security event that you want to isolate, click the Solate solate button dropdown arrow and then select Isolate. The following window displays:



3. Click the **Isolate** button. A red icon appears next to the relevant security event in the **Events** tab to indicate that the applicable Collector has been isolated, as shown below:

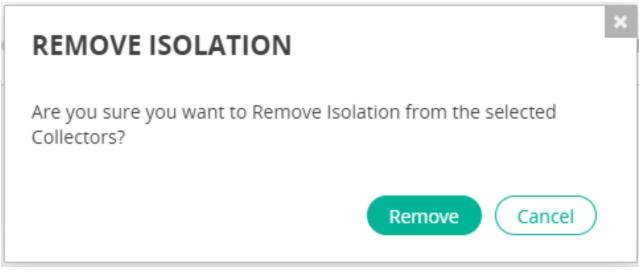
Betries In Process Image: Internet and Image:	ent 180468 IndesecurityDx64.dll							Clear All	
Pandat Windows 8.1 Enterpris pandasecurityOx64.dll EI PUP File Read Attempt 11-Feb-2020, 21:14:04 11-Feb-2020, 21:16:17 C RAW ID. 1341779749 Process Type: 32 bit Certificate: Signed Process Path: C:\Program Files (H68)/pandasecurityDx64.dll Count: 11	Add Exception 🚔 Retrieve 💼 R	temediate 👰 Isolate 👻 🔀	Export				Raw Data Items: All	E Selected	/1 🕨 🕨
RAW ID: 1341779749 Process Type: 32 bit Certificate: Signed Process Path: C1Program Files (x86)(pandasecuritytb)pandasecuritytb)A64 dll Count: 11	DEVICE	OS	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	DESTINATION	RECEIVED	LAST SEEN		
	😑 Panda1 👰	Windows 8.1 Enterpris	pandasecurityDx64.dll	≡! PUP	File Read Attempt	11-Feb-2020, 21:14:04	11-Feb-2020, 21:16:17	0	
	RAW ID: 1341779749	Process Type	: 32 bit	Certificate: Signed	Process Path: C:\Pro	gram Files (x86)\pandasecuritytb\pand	asecurityDx64.dll	Count: 11	

To remove isolation from a device:

- 1. In the **FORENSICS** tab, select the checkbox of the security event whose isolation you want to remove.
- 2. Click the down arrow on the Isolate solution and select **Remove isolation**, as shown below.



The following window displays:



3. Click the Remove button.

Threat Hunting

FortiEDR's Threat Hunting feature enables you to search for many types of Indicators of Compromise (IOCs) and malware across your entire environment in order to enable enhanced detection. Searching can be based on various attributes of files, registry keys and values, network, processes, event log and activity event types. Search operations apply to both Windows and Linux operating system activity.

Two versions of FortiEDR's Threat Hunting feature are supported:

- Threat Hunting on page 222
- Legacy Threat Hunting on page 249

Note – Threat Hunting is a license-dependent add-on. You may contact Fortinet Support for more information.

Threat Hunting

Threat Hunting significantly expands and enhances the capabilities of the Legacy Threat Hunting feature, which is described in Legacy Threat Hunting on page 249. In addition to searching for activities based on a security event's process or HASH, you can also search for these activities based on a variety of activity types (such as Process Creation, File Deletion, Registry Value change, Socket Connect and so on), as well as by Process/File/Registry/Network or Event Log criteria.

Threat Hunting is ideal in situations where you have identified malware on one endpoint and want to search throughout your organization to determine whether this same malware exists on another endpoint, even though it may not be currently running (stealth mode) or in situations where you would like to hunt for the existence of a specific IoC within your organization.

Note - This Threat Hunting page automatically becomes the only option available after all Collectors are V5.0 or above.

Threat Hunting utilizes **activity events**, which specify an action taken by an entity. Each type of entity may be involved in a variety of types of actions. An activity event consists of a **source** (usually a process), an **action** (the activity event type)

and a **target** (Process, file, Registry key/value, network item(, where the source performs the designated action on the target.

For example, when a process runs, it can perform various actions on files, such as File Open, File Read, File Delete and so on. In this case, the process is the source, and it performs an action such as File Open on a target File.

Note – Activity events are not the same as the security events identified in the Event Viewer. Unlike Event Viewer security events, which are only reported in the Event Viewer as they occur and are detected, activity events are continuously collected based on a wealth of data, activity and actions occurring in your system and the chosen Threat Hunting Profile. You may refer to Threat Hunting on page 80 for more information.

FortiEDR categorizes the various actions that can be performed into the following categories:

Action	Description
Registry Key Actions	All targets are either registry keys or registry values and all actions are registry- related, such as Key Created, Key Deleted, Value Set and so on.
File Actions	All targets identify the target file on which the action was performed and all actions are file-related, such as File Create, File Delete, File Rename and so on.
Process Actions	The target is another process and all actions are process related, such as Process Termination, Process Creation, Executable Loaded and so on.
Network Actions	The target is a network item (such as connection or URL) and all actions are Network related, such as Socket Connect, Socket Close and Socket Bind.
Event Log Actions	The only action is Log Entry Created and relates to the logs of the operating system - Windows and Linux.

Access the **Threat Hunting** page under the **Forensics** tab by selecting the **Threat Hunting** option under the **Forensics** tab. The following page displays:

					EVENT VIEWER 163	FOREN	COMN										
т	HREAT HUI	NTING															
812	All Catego		DEVICE All Devices		ter a Lucene like syntax : . 'RemotelP: 10.151.121.			urce.File.Prod	uctName: "microsoft v	indows'''					? Q	TIME Last hour	~
s	Device Name	(1.77M) 430.6K 262.7K 153.3K 142.9K 93.8K	Type (1.77M) File Read Socket Connect File Write Socket Bind File Create	1.21M 109.5K 78K 68.8K 61.1K	Behavior (3.6K) credential access log deletion privilege escalation lateral movement execution	1.7K 1.3K 288 129 70	Source Process clexe chrome.exe git.exe svchost.exe tiworker.exe	(1.76M) 373.5K 187.5K 132.6K 102.5K 92.3K	Target Process git.exe conhost.exe mscorsvw.exe chrome.exe teams.exe	(25.3K) 5.6K 4.4K 3.5K 1.9K 958	Registry N 00030397 00030398 00030429 00036650 000b0340	ame (33K) 1 1 1 1	hklm\system\controls hklm\system\controls hklm\software\micro	e 2.2K e 1.4K e 1.1K woft 1K	Registry Data 1 0 exefile 4294967295 credssp.dll	a (37.6K) 3.3K 2.6K 2.0K 814 548	
Г																	
	All Activity (1	.77M) Proce	ss (85.6K) File (1.	.43M) Net	twork (214K) Registr	y (39.9K)	Event Log (1.2K)		▼ More (11)								
-										ESS AND ATTE	NRIITES		TARGET		EVENT ATTRIBU		Choose Column
	CATEGORY T		OS DEV	.43M) Net	ТҮР		Event Log (1.2K) BEHAN		PROC	ESS AND ATTF		64 bit	TARGET		EVENT ATTRIBU SOURCE PID 16016		Choose Column HASH
	CATEGORY T	IME 🗸	OS DEV :37 📰 LIO		TYP File	E			PROC		\bigotimes	64 84 84			SOURCE PID	TES PATH	HASH
	CATEGORY T	IME ¥ 2-Jan-2021, 05:55	05 DEV :37 📲 Lio :37 📲 Lio	ICE NAME	TYP File File	E			PROC chroi chroi	ne.exe	© ©		LOG		SOURCE PID 16016 SOURCE PID	PATH Users\lior\App PATH	HASH HASH HASH

The Threat Hunting page contains the following areas:

- Filters on page 224
- Facets on page 233

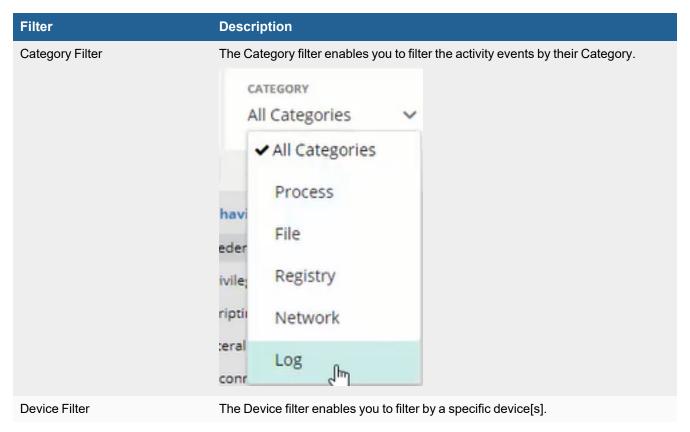
- Activity Events Tables on page 236
- Details Pane on page 240

Filters

The Filters area enables you to define a query that filters the activity events to display in the result tables. It comprises the following filters:

THRE	AT HUNTING									
7	CATEGORY All Categories	~	device ACWin10A	~	Enter a Lucene like syntax search expression, e.g. 'Remotel'P: 10.151.121.130 OR RemotePort: 443', 'Source.File.ProductName: "microsoft windows"	?	۹	TIME Last hour	~	1
∇										

Note – This area also enables you to save queries and to redisplay saved queries, as described in Saving Queries and Saved Queries on page 226.



Filter	Description	
	device ACWin10A 🗸	Enter a Lucene like syntax se e.g. 'RemoteIP: 10.151.121.1
	ACWin10A	
	(85 Q Search	,
	26WINDOWSVIC	TIM
	ABCDEFGHIJKLN	INO
	✓ ACWin10A	
	ACWin10B	-
	7 ACWin10C	F
	ACWin2012A	
	- 10	
Free-text Query Filter	This filter enables you to specify a free- uses Lucene syntax. For details about to Appendix B - Lucene Syntax on page 3	he supported Lucene syntax features, see
	Enter a Lucene like syntax search expression. e.g. 'RemotelP: 10.151.121.130 OR RemotePort: 443', 'Source.File.ProductName: 'microsc	vft windows" (2) Q
	dropdown list that contains all the availa available syntax operators. Simply star options. The automatic-complete helpe	t typing to see a dropdown menu of r guides you through the process of ate options in the dropdown menus, such

Filter	Description		
Filter Time Filter	Description name Device.Name Device.OrganizationName Source.Process.OperationSource.RemoteEndpoint.MachineName Source.Process.OperationSource.RemoteEndpoint.Username Source.Process.File.Name Source.Process.File.ThreatName Source.Process.File.CompanyName The Time filter enables you to filter for a specific time per hour. TIME Last 24 hours	Target Process git.exe conhost.exe chrome.exe teams.exe proxyhost.exe v More (13)	58.5K 46.2K 22K 15K 10.5K
	Last hour		

To clear the contents of all the filters in the Filters area, at the far right of the page, click the [‡] button and select **Clear all**.

Saving Queries and Saved Queries

After filtering the activity events displayed in the result tables, you can save the query to be redisplayed when needed. Saving a query in this manner also enables you to define it as a Scheduled Query in order to automate the process of threat detection.

To save a query:

- 1. Use the filters to display the desired filtered events in the result tables.
- 2. In the Filters area, at the far right of the page, click the [‡] button and select **Save Query**. The following displays populated with the current filter definitions. The **Category**, **Device and Time** dropdown menus show the filter selections and the box underneath it shows the actual query string. For example, as shown below:

Query Name	IoC for Bad V	Volf		7		
Query Marrie		YON				
Description						
Tags	+					
Organization	ensiloford	dev 🔷 All Organiza	ations			
Full Query						
Category		Device		Time		
Network	~	All Devices	~	Last hour	~	
BadWolf.exe						
Community						
Community						

- 3. Fill in or modify the definitions of this saved query, as follows:
 - Query Name: Enter any free text name describing this query.
 - Description: Enter any free text description of this query.
 - **Tags**: Enables you to assign one or more metadata tags to this query. You can assign a previously defined tag to this query or define a new tag. These tags can then be used for general information purposes and for searching through queries in the Event Viewer.

Note – These tags only relate to saved queries.

+

Tags

Click the + to assign tag(s) to this query. The following displays:

Tags

	Q Search
Cr	edentials
(+A	dd new tag
	Apply Cance

All previously defined tags (for any query in your organization) are listed for your selection.

If this tag is assigned to this query, a checkmark appears on its left: V Credentials .

To assign a tag to this query, simply click on it. It will then show the checkmark to its left. Each tag that you assign appears as an icon, as follows:

Tags	BadWolf	Credentials	+
		Q Search	
	✓ Bad	Wolf	
	Crea	dentials	∠ 💼
	(+Add	I new tag	
			Apply Cancel

To unassigned a tag from a query, click on it in the list so that its checkmark is removed or hover over it to display an X and then click the X to delete it, as shown below:

Tags



Credentials

To create a new tag, click the + Add New Tag button.

To modify the name of the tag or to delete it from the list (and from all queries to which it was assigned previously in the organization(s) of the logged in user), hover over it and click the **Edit** or **Delete** icon, as

/ 📋

needed.

Click the Apply button to assign all the selected tags (with checkmarks) to this query.

- **Organization**: Specifies the name of the organization in a multi-organization FortiEDR environment when the logged in user has a Hoster role. In a single-organization FortiEDR system, this field does not appear.
- The Category, Device and Time dropdown menus show the filter selections and enable you to modify the selection.
- Query String Box: Displays the actual query string according to the selections made above and enables you to modify it.
- Community Query: Select this option to specify that it is shared with the entire FortiEDR community including other organizations.

Note – After you have defined a Community Query and saved it, you can edit it. Unchecking the Community Query option means that this query is no longer available to the FortiEDR community. If however, a community member already copied this query, they will still have it, even after you unshare it here.

• Scheduled Query: Mark this option to automate the process of detecting threats so that this query is run automatically according to the schedule that you define. A security event is automatically created in the Event Viewer upon detecting threats (query matches). Notifications are sent according to the security event's definition, such as via email, Syslog and so on.

Marking this checkbox shows the following options:

Scheduled Query 🕜						
Classification	Suspicious	~				
Repeat every	1 ~	Weeks 🗸				
On	Sun Mon	Tue Wed Thu	Fri Sat	at 12:00 AM	*	

The time range of the activity events that this query matches is determined by the frequency of the schedule. For example, if you define that the query automatically runs once a week, then each time it runs, it will match and create a security event for all the activity events in the most recent week; the same goes for it being scheduled once a month – in this case, the query will match all the activity events in the most recent month. Define the scheduled query, as follows:

Field	Definition
Classification	Select the classification of the Security Event to be issued when the scheduled query has run and found matches. The Classification specifies how malicious the security event is, if at all. Classifications are initially determined by FortiEDR automatically or manually and are shown in the Event Viewer, as described in Classification Details on page 168. They can be: • Malicious • Suspicious • Inconclusive • Likely Safe • PUP (Potentially Unwanted Program) • Safe
Repeat Every/On	These options enable you to define the frequency and schedule when this query will be run. For example, to repeat the query every week on Sunday, make the selections shown in the screen above.

4. Click the **Save** button to save this query so that it is available to be redisplayed, as described below. The system runs the query immediately in order to verify that it is functional.

Note – if the system detects a large quantity of events about which to send notifications, then a warning message is displayed suggesting that you refine the query so that there are less matches. The reason being that extremely large quantities of notifications may be more of a hindrance than a help.

To display a saved query:

1. In the Filters area, at the far right of the page, click the [‡] button and select **Saved Queries**. The following displays listing all the queries that were saved using the Save Query option.

	Saved Queries								×	
[Search query	Q User 🖧	ommunity	Scheduled	Unscheduled					
	Delete									
	NAME		MATCHES (?)	DEVICES 👻	LAST RESULT	REPEAT EVERY	LAST UPDATED	STATE		
D	Target Path	رچ	<u>1.27M</u>	18	04-Feb-2021 05:37:48		04-Feb-2021, 05:37 by Galit			
Þ	There is a Behavior	BadWolf	<u>2K</u>	15	04-Feb-2021 05:35:47		04-Feb-2021, 05:35 by Galit			
Þ	Credential access [Edited]	BadWolf	3	2	07-Feb-2021 10:15:00	🕒 15 minute	04-Feb-2021, 05:52 by Galit	① Disabled		
										10
									close	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

For each saved query, this list shows the quantity of matches detected (**MATCHES**), the quantity of devices on which these matches were detected and the last time the query was run (**LAST RESULT**). These three columns are highlighted in gray, as shown above. Additional details about the queries definition are also displayed in each row.

2. Click on the row of a Saved Query to display additional details about that query's most recent run. For example, as shown below:

▽ There is a Behavior	BadWolf	<u>2K</u>	15	04-Feb-2021, 05:35	04-Feb-2021, 05:35 by Galit	
Description						
Full Query	Category all Device All devices	Time Last hour				
exists: Behavior						
Created on 04-Feb-2021, 05:23 by Galix						

- 3. You can filter this list of saved queries by typing into the Search field and/or selecting one of the following options:
 - a. Scheduled/Unscheduled: To specify that Scheduled Queries are listed in this window, click the Scheduled option. A Scheduled Query is one whose Scheduled Query field was marked when it was created/modified.
 - b. Community/User: To specify that Community Queries are listed in this window, click the Community option. A

Community Query is one whose Community Query field was marked when it was created/modified. Appears in the list next to **Community Queries**. **User** refers to queries that are not Community Queries, meaning that each one is only available to the Organization for which it was created.

4. 4 You can modify a Saved Query by hovering over it. The following tools are displayed on the right of the row:

D Credential access by	278 3 04-Feb-2021, 04:19 🕐 3 day at 0:00 04-Feb-2021, 04:19 by Galit 🧿 Enabled 🦉 🖉 🖀
ΤοοΙ	Definition
Run Now 🗷	To run and detect activity events now according to this Saved Query.
Edit 🜌	To edit the Saved Query definition.
Delete 👕	To delete the Saved Query. Multiple queries can be deleted at once by marking the checkboxes on the left side of each row and then clicking the Delete icon at the top of the window.

5. To enable/disable a saved query, mark the checkboxes on the left side of the relevant rows and select the **Enable/Disable** option in the **Set State** dropdown menu.



Scheduled Queries

Scheduled queries enable you to automate the process of detecting threats so that it is activated automatically according to the schedule that you define. This will enable timely and continuous detection and notification of threats. A Scheduled Query runs automatically when you define a Query as a Scheduled Query, as described below. Each time it runs and detects a match, it generates a security event in the Event Viewer, and sends a notification (via email, Syslog and so on) according to the security event's definition.

The security event that is generated by a Scheduled Query in the Event Viewer is similar to a standard security event, except for the following:

- The following options are not available in the Event Viewer for Saved Query Security Events:
 - *Forensics* The Forensics option is not available because it is irrelevant.
 - ° 👫 An Exception cannot be defined for Saved Query Security Event.
- In the Process View of the Event Viewer, a Saved Query Security Event shows the name of the Saved Query instead of the process name, as shown below:

EVI	ENTS				🖵 ហ	I S	nowing 1-17/190	Search Event 🔻 🔍
	Archive	Mark As 🔻	🛃 Export 💌	Handle Event Tolete Forensi	s Exception Mana	ger		
-	▼ All	ID	DEVICE	PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION *	DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED -	LAST UPDATED
	powers	hell.exe (6 events)		-m	Malicious		03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	
~	Credent	ial access by devenv	(1 event)		Suspicious		03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00	
	~ >	452833	5 3 devices	Credential access by dev	Suspicious		03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00	04-Feb-2021, 00:00:00

The Classification (in the CLASSIFICATION column) is determined by the definition of the Saved Query.

In the same manner as other security events it indicates the quantity of devices (in the DEVICE column) on which this type of activity events were found. All other aspects of a Saved Query Security Event are the same as other security events.

• Clicking the **Threat Hunting** option on the right side of the Saved Query Security Event in the Event Viewer displays the Threat Hunting tab and the Saved Query that was run, because that is what triggered the security event.

powershell.exe (6 events)			Malicious	# Malicious		03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	
	4527075	Install.PS1	≡✓ Safe	Sensitive Inform	03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	0.0

• The Event Viewer does not show any ADVANCED DATA for a Saved Query Security Event.

EVENTS	및 11 I I I I I I I	ibowing 1-17/190 🕨 🕨 Search Event 💌 🔍	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS	
📷 Anchive 🔛 Mark As + 📑 Export + 🏲 Handle Event 👚 Delete 👘 Fores	nsics 📲 Exception Manager			
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION * DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED * LAST UPDATED		
powershell.exe (6 events)	# Malicious	03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	History	
Credential access [Edited] (1 event)	Suspicious	03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00		
□ ► 4528335 3 devices Credential access [Edited] 🌻 Suspicious	03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00 04-Feb-2021, 00:00:00		
Total of 78 Activity Events: 78 File				
dumb-Init (1 event)	Inconclusive	02-Feb-2021, 17:50:29		
ConnectivityTestAppNew.exe (4 events)	# Malicious	02-Feb-2021, 13:54:13		
emotet_doc_WMI_3de4426d1f301f0ece2c130b2 (2 events)	# Malicious	01-Feb-2021, 16:01:44	Triggered Rules	
emotet_doc_WMIdoc (1 event)	# Malicious	01-Feb-2021, 15:40:24	v 🖸 Scheduled Threat Hunting query	
eqnedt32.exe (1 event)	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2021, 13:41:01	Credential access [Edited]	

• **Triggered Rules**: When a Saved Query Security Event is selected in the Event Viewer, the **Triggered Rules** pane on the bottom right of the page indicates that this security event was triggered by a **Scheduled Threat Hunting Query**, as shown below:

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 166		TROL 🗸 (1517) SECURITY SETTINGS 👻 INVENTORY 🗸 🕢	Administration 299 Protection V Galit V	
EVENTS	🖵 11	Showing 1-17/190 FI Search Event TQ	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS	
📷 Archive 🔛 Mark As * 📑 Export * 🎙 Handle Event 👕 Delete 🎯 Fore				
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED * LAST UPDATED		
powershell.exe (6 events)	Malicious	03-Feb-2021, 14:15:00	History	
Credential access [Edited] (1 event)	Suspicious	03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00	v 😫 Suspicious, by Galit , on 04-Feb-2021, 05:52:06	
4528335 3 devices Credential access [Edited] 🖸 Suspicious	03-Feb-2021, 00:00:00 04-Feb-2021, 00:00:00		
Total of 78 Activity Events: 78 File				
dumb-init (1 event)	Inconclusive	02-Feb-2021, 17:50:29		
ConnectivityTestAppNew.exe (4 events)	# Malicious	02-Feb-2021, 13:54:13		
emotet_doc_WMI_3de4426d1f301f0ece2c130b2 (2 events)	Malicious	01-Feb-2021, 16:01:44		
<pre>emotet_doc_WMIdoc (1 event)</pre>	# Malicious	01-Feb-2021, 15:40:24		
eqnedt32.exe (1 event)	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2021, 13:41:01	Triggered Rules	
PoWERsheLL.exe (1 event)	# Malicious	01-Feb-2021, 13:40:23		
DynamicCodeTests.exe (5 events)	Suspicious	31-Jan-2021, 04:11:35		
sechost.dll (1 event)	Inconclusive	30-Jan-2021, 06:47:01	Credential access [Edited]	
Unknown Driver (1 event)	Inconclusive	28-Jan-2021, 07:17:36		
test.hta (1 event)	Malicious	27-Jan-2021, 15:38:12		
BFE10335BC934535D84F4CE48C65EF4F365AF66 (1 event)	Malicious	27-Jan-2021, 15:33:20		
videostream-native.exe (1 event)	Inconclusive	27-Jan-2021, 12:42:08		
fctupdate (1 event)	Inconclusive	27-Jan-2021, 07:30:27		
The second is the second	A taxa di shi s	27.144 2024 20142FD		

The name of the saved query is listed below it. Click that Saved Query's name (for example, Credential Access (Edited)) to display additional details about this saved query, such as its description and the tags that were defined when it was created/modified, as shown below:

Triggered Rules
Threat Hunting query that is scheduled to run has found matches.
BadWolf
Press on the Threat Hunting icon $\underline{\mathbf{Q}}$ to switch to the Threat Hunting
tab populated with the query results for further analysis. In case the
query needs adjustments, edit the query at the Threat Hunting tab -> Saved Queries

In the **Device View** of the Event Viewer, a Saved Query Security Event appears under the devices that were affected. It also shows the name of the Saved Query instead of the process name, as shown below:

			DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 167	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATIO	DN CONTROL 🗸 1317	SECURITY SETTINGS	✓ INVEN	tory 🗸 🤆
EVENTS					모 1	1	Showing 1-17/77	► ► Search Ev	ent	• ×
🚍 Archive	Mark As 👻 🖪 🛃	Export *	Handle Event	👕 Delete 🛛 🔊 Fore	ensics 🛛 💕 Exception M	lanager				
→ All	ID E	DEVICE	P	ROCESS	CLASSIFICATION	 DESTINAT 	TIONS RECEIVED *	LAST UPE	DATED	
	(4 events)				Suspicious		03-Feb-2021	14:15:00		
	(2 events)				Suspicious		03-Feb-2021	11:00:34		
	(3 events)				Suspicious		03-Feb-2021,	03:00:59		
	8 (3 events)				Malicious		03-Feb-2021	00:00:00		
	4528335 E	ENSW-LAP10	8 C	redential access [Edite	d] 😫 Suspicious		03-Feb-2021	00:00:00 04-Feb-2	021, 00:00:00	
, 🟥 т	otal of 12 Activity Eve	ents:	ł							
	4490578		-	Inknown Driver	Inconclusive	2 destinat	tions 02-Feb-2021,	04:28:41 03-Feb-2	021, 02:46:48	0
					<u>A</u>					

If this security event was triggered for more than 100 devices, then this row shows a notification indicating that they are not all listed here and that you can use the Threat Hunting in option on the right of this event's row to investigate further.

Threat Hunting
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Facets

As expected, the continuous, realtime collection of Threat Hunting data produces numerous activity events. The sheer volume of activity data makes working directly with these activity events almost unmanageable. Therefore, FortiEDR uses facets to summarize the data displayed in the results tables. Facets are predefined in FortiEDR and represent the same data that is displayed in the results tables, but in an aggregated form. As such, facets represent the aggregation of the values in the results tables.

Device Name (19)		Туре (24)	πĻ	Behavior (12)	ΞĻ	Source Process	. (293) 🖘	Source Process	Signed	Target File Na (1	K+) ≒↓	Target File Path (1K+) 🖘	Target Process S	igned
	71.7K	Socket Close	65.5K	log deletion	918	system	83.3K	Signed	264.9K	utilsdll.dll	4.9K	program files\fortinet\f 4.9K	Signed	16.6K
	36.0K	Socket Connect	60.7K	lateral movement	552	chrome.exe	45.2K	Unsigned	4.8K	fortitrayresc.dll	4.9K	program files\fortinet\f 4.9K	Unsigned	44
	33.7K	Library Loaded	38.3K	c2 communication	207	svchost.exe	39.3K			inh-f-01.sdb-journal	2.6K	users\anatoly\appdata 2.6K		
	33.3K	Key Created	35.8K	privilege escalation	110	fortiproxy.exe	34.5K			store.db-journal	2.3K	programdata\usoprivat 2.3K		
	28.7K	Socket Bind	31.4K	execution	46	citrixfiles.exe	20.9K			udb-user1028315+rem.	2.2K	users\alexanderb\appd 2.2K		

Each individual facet pane summarizes the top five items for that facet. For example, in the Type (action) facet below, the facet lists the top five actions, based on the filters applied in the query. The number at the top in parentheses () indicates the total number of different values for this facet in the results table, in this case 24. In this case, the top five actions are Socket Close, Socket Connect, Library Loaded, Key created and Socket ind.

Facet can show the bottom five instead of the top five. In order to switching from the top five to the bottom five for this

specific facet, click on the arrow on the right side of the number

Туре (24)	⊒↓
Socket Close	65.5K
Socket Connect	60.7K
Library Loaded	38.3K
Key Created	35.8K
Socket Bind	31.4K

The filters applied in the Filters area affect the results displayed in the Facets and Results Tables areas.

The displayed facets vary according to the filters used in the Filters area.

You can click the **More** link to display additional facets.

Behavior	(83) 🖘	Туре	(22641) 🗐	Device Name	(22641) ≒↓	Target Process Na (329) =l	Registry Name	(1140) _≞1ੈ	Registry Key Path (1140) 🖘	Registry Data (1120) 🗐	Registr	y Value Ty (1140) 🗐
credential access	63	File Read	10725	and the second second	12878	git.exe	81	00030226	1	hkim\system\controlset 182		560	sz	41
privilege escalation	9	File Write	2899	and the second s	9763	chrome.exe	48	0003031f	1	hklm\software\microsoft 88	0	57	dw	29
scripting	4	File Create	2674			conhost.exe	28	00036604	1	hklm\software\microsoft 70	3	31	bin	2!
lateral movement	3	Executable Loade	d 2367			svchost.exe	14	000b6659	1	hklm\system\controlset0 48	65538	27	exsz	
reconnaissance	2	File Delete	1474			backgroundtaskhost.exe	12	001f664a	1	hklm\software\microsoft 46	03000c000000410075	00 16	qw	5
								V More (10)		l₃				

You can click the

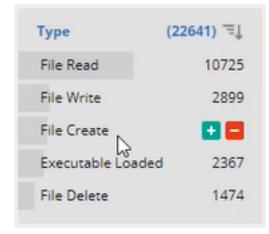
button to minimize the Facets area.

Filtering Using Facets

Facets provide an easy-to-use mechanism to aggregate the results in the Activity Events tables. In addition, you can also further narrow the results in the Activity Events table directly from the facets by including or excluding specific values. For

example, when you hover over an item in a facet pane, a green and red button appear in its row. Click the green plus

button to include that item as a filter or click the red minus 📕 button to exclude that item as a filter.



Then, click the **Apply** button.

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inclusion filter, but has not yet been applied by clicking the **Apply** button. An item highlighted in red

2670

Signed

indicates that it has been marked as an exclusion filter, but has not yet been

applied by clicking Apply.

Clicking the **Apply** button applies the additional filtering criteria to the threat hunting query. In addition, it creates a *chip* (indicated by the arrow in the following picture), which represents that additional filter and displays it at the top of the Facets area. In the example below, the query has been further filtered to only show the **File Create** type of action. Each chip is also part of the threat hunting query.

▲ Type: File	Create										
Туре	(2674) ≒↓	Device Name	(2674) 🖘	Source Process Fi (2674)	j≡↓	Source Process Sign	ed	Source Process Arc	hitecture	Source Process P (2674)	_=1
File Create	2674		1354	1	1410	Signed	2670	64 bit 64 bit	2521	adobe reader and acrobat	. 1
			1320		784	Unsigned	4	32 32 bit	153	dropbox update	2
					463					forticlient auto-update ag	. 3
					9					slack	3
				and the second s	8					microsoft edge	4

Each chip has either a green or red border on its left side to indicate whether it was defined to include (green) or exclude (red) that item in the filter.

Each Facet pane may have a green or red left border to indicate whether it has been applied in the query, meaning that the displayed results are filtered by it.

A Type: File	Create NOT So	ource Process File Ow	mer: administrato	rs, ensilo\galit							
Туре	(1264) ≒↓	Device Name	(1264) ≒↓	Source Process Fi.	. (1264) 🖘	Source Process Sign	ed	Source Process Ar	chitecture	Source Process P (1264) _=↑
File Create	1264	-	🖬 🗖		. 784	Signed	1260	64 bit 64 bit	1216	adobe reader and acrobat	1
			G 54	local system	463	- Unsigned	4	32 32 bit	48	forticlient auto-update ag.	3
				Concession in the local division of the loca	9					slack	3
					8					microsoft edge	4
										microsoft office	4

You can define an unlimited number of chip filters, with an AND relationship between multiple filters. Each facet can create up to two chips, one for the inclusion of values and one for the exclusion of values.

If two values have been added to the query from the same Facet pane, the relationship between the values in the chip is OR. The following example shows that the query includes activity events in which their Target Process Name is either **chrome.exe** or **teams.exe**, which is shown below in both the chip and in the facet.

Target Process Na	me: chrom	e.exe, teams.exe			
pe (2.5K)	≡Ļ	Device Name (2.5K)	≡Ļ	Target Proces (2.5K) 🖘	
ocess Termination	1.3K		1.3K	chrome.exe 1.8K	
ocess Creation	1.3K		535	teams.exe 750	
			467		
			191		

Hovering over a chip enables you to remove, disable or copy it, as follows:

Behavior: lateral movement, privilege 🐙 🖅

ΤοοΙ	Definition
Remove	The chip is removed and the Facets and Result tables are updated accordingly.
Disable	A disabled chip no longer affects the results. The Facets and the Results tabs are updated as if the chip was removed and the chip appears as follows: Type: File Read, Socket Connect
Сору	The chip content is copied to memory and can be pasted into the query for further editing.

In order to enable a disabled chip and update the results according to its criteria, click the **Enable** ∇ icon.

Activity Events Tables

The results presented in the tables in this area are activity events. The Activity Events table area contains six tabs, each representing one Category of activity events, as follows:

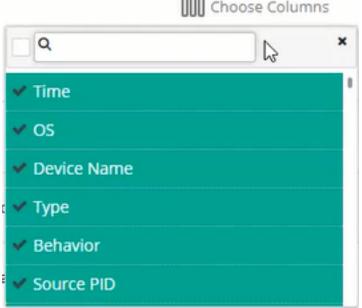
All Activity	(14.94M) Proce	ss (806.4K)	File (10.85M)	Network (2.74M)	Registry (538.1K)	Event Log (15.6K)				
CATEGORY	TIME 🗸	OS	DEVICE NAME		TYPE	BEHAVIOR	PROCESS AND	ATTRIBUTES		TARGET
C	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:1	6 🔳	ENSW-LAP119		File Read		SelfElectCont	roller.exe 🐼	32 bit	downloadermulticast
C	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:1	6 📕	EU-HKCSL13		File Read		TaskbarX.exe	Ô	32 bit	Accessibility.api
C	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:1	6 📕	EU-HKCSL13		File Read		dllhost.exe	\bigotimes	64 bit	oleacc.dll
G	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:1	6 🗰	LIOR-NewPC		File Read		uihost.exe	\bigotimes	64 bit	Local State

Category	Definition							
All Activity	This tab lists all activity e query. The number in pa based on your query crite other five tabs. Each Cat as follows:	con in the Pr about the so so on.	specifies al equals t vity event	the total numb the sum of the s is represent od Attributes cess, including Target Idap-b	column to	vity events, events in the ifferent icon,		
	msiexec.exe	alid)						
	git.exe	git.exe A4341B9FD50FB9964283						
	msiexec.exe	Microso	by oft Windov	WS				
	Note – There are severa	l types of attr	ibute icor	ns, such as Sig	gned/Uns	igned.		
Process	This tab shows all match	ing activity e	vents of c	ategory Proce	ess.			
File	This tab shows all match		vents of c	ategory File.				
	All Activity (1987.70) Process (26.20) File (1988.80) Interest (17.810) Interest (17.810)	by (22.640) Event Lag (110) Ethnorotik	SOURCE PD 5980 5980 5980 5980 5980 5980	PROCESS AND ATTRAUTES SOSENICALERE	TARET FAIL HANK Securbocini Securbocini Securbocini Securbocini Securbocini Securbocini Securbocini	Crosse Columne DataEf FLB John Pregram FilesWohldgeGlecur Pregram FilesWohldgeGlecur Pregram FilesWohldgeGlecur Pregram FilesWohldgeGlecur Pregram FilesWohldgeGlecur Uterregilb/lpgDataEcasLow-		
Network	This tab shows all match	ing activity e	vents of ty	ype Network.				

Category	Definition
Registry	This tab shows all matching activity events of type Registry.
Event Log	This tab shows all matching activity events of type Event Log.

Each table contains a row for each matching activity event and each table includes different columns according to the Category.

You can select which columns should appear in any of the tables using the Choose Columns option at the far right of the page. You can type in the **Search** box to help narrow the list of columns that display.



Each activity event may also be a part of a behavior and/or a MITRE Technique. A behavior indicates that this activity event is part of a specific behavior as determined by FortiEDR. A MITRE type (Technique or Tactic) indicates that the activity event is part of specification of a technique and tactic as classified by MITRE.

The activity events that have such behaviors and/or MITRE indications have values in the related columns in the Activity Events Tables, as shown below:

IS	DEVICE NAME	TYPE	BEHAVIOR	MITRE TACTIC	MITRE TECHNIQUE	PR(
	Einat-PC	File Delete	Log deletion	Defense Evasion	Indicator Removal on Host: File Deletion	sla
4	ensw-lap153	File Read	Credential Access	Credential Access	Unsecured Credentials: Private Keys	prc

When an activity event has a related MITRE indication, it is indicated at the Details Pane (see below). You can hover over the associated icon to display more details.

Fortinet Inc.

Choose Columns

Ĵ Process Creation	Privilege escalation M	
Summary •→ Se	archApp.exe ->• dllhost.exe	10-Dec-2020, 03:50:
t-PC	Status Running Internal IP 10.0.0 Up time 2d, 48min, 28sec).22 V
[▲] ĴĴ SearchApp	PID-16372 TID-18348	
Path Executing user Product SHA1 Command line Process Creat	C:\Windows\SystemApps\Microsoft.Windows.Search_ ENGLOYEInat Microsoft® Windows® Operating System BA56CAAD49E3601259D4043CCAF41E6E01841C3D - ServerName:CortanaUI.AppX8z9r6jm96hw4bsbneegv	- • • •
Generation File Read Creden Summary •→ pr	oxyhost.ex Mitre Techniques Technique	× 020, 04:23
-PC	Status Unsecured Credentials: Private Keys, T Up time Tactic	1552.004
Path	Credential Access, TA0006 .exe C:\Program Files (x86)\LANDesk\Shared Files\proxyho	32 bit

Filtering Using Activity Events Tables

The Activity Events Tables area can be used to add filters to the query in a similar manner as Facets.

When you hover over an item in the table, a green and red button appear to its right. Click the green plus 👥 button to

include that item as a filter or click the red minus button to exclude that item as a filter. For more details, see Filtering Using Facets on page 234.

	BEHAVIOR	SOURCE PID	PROCESS AND ATTRIBUTES	
ation	Privilege escalati		OUTLOOK.EXE	< <u>></u>
ation		19192	WhatsApp.exe	ē

Details Pane

You can click anywhere in a row in any of the Activity Events Tables to display more details about the specific Activity Event in a Details pane on the right. The selected row is marked by a green border on its left.

1		~	DASHBOAR	D EVENT VIEWER	163 FORENSICS V		COMMUNICATION C	ONTROL	× 1286	SECURITY SETTINGS	V INVENTORY	 AD MINI: 	TRATION 2531		Protection	i 🗸 🛛 Galit
THR	HREAT HUNTING															
7	CATEGORY All Categories V	device All Device	is 🗸	name										* ? Q	TIME Last 24 hours	~
	All Activity (14.94M) Process (806.4k) File (10.85M) Network (2.74M) Registry (538.1k) Event Log (15.6k)															
	CATEGORY TIME -	OS	DEVICE NAME TYPE		PROCESS AND ATTRIBUTES			TARGE	E EVENT ATTRIBUT	000	hoose Columns	G File Read		xe →• Accessibility.aj	d	12-Jan-2021, 0
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	=	EN File F	Read	SelfElectController.exe	\bigotimes	32 bit	do	SOURCE PID 6664	PATH ProgramData\L	HASH		Status Up tim	Running e 5d, 21h, 3min, 10sec	Internal IP 1	
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	=	EU File F	Read	TaskbarX.exe	\ominus	32 bit	Ac	SOURCE PID 22900	PATH Program Files (HASH	^ ф т	skbarX.exe	PID-22900 TID-14296		32 bit
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	=	EU File F	Read	dllhost.exe	$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$	64 bit	ole	SOURCE PID 17904	PATH Windows\Syste	HASH	Path Executing	C	\Downloads\Te	skbarX_1.6.2.0\TaskbarX.	exe
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	=	LI File F	Read	uihost.exe	$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$	64 bit	L0	SOURCE PID 7812	PATH	HASH	Parent Product	\Device Taskba	e\HarddiskVolume3\Wind	ows\System32\svchID -	2 Actual
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16		Ll File F	Read	uihost.exe	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	64 bit	Pr	SOURCE PID 7812	PATH	HASH	SHA1 Command		21875BA6C2E1007BBC4		seinout -
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	-	Ll File F	Read	uihost.exe	$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$	64 bit	Se	SOURCE PID 7812	PATH .	HASH		asp=30	10 -ptbo=0 -stbo=0 -lr=400	-obir=400 -sr=0 -ftotc=1	
	12-Jan-2021, 06:05:16	=	LI File F	Read	ulhost.exe	$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$	64 bit	Lo	SOURCE PID 7812	PATH	HASH	🔶 File R	ead			
	—					\sim	12	-	SOURCE PID	PATH	HASH					

The Details pane for an activity event contains a Summary tab and one or two other tabs, as follows:

Forensics

_	Summary •>	• msiexec.exe →• ms-sql-empty-pa.	2020-Oct-25 08:31:23
]	Status Running Up time 3d, 1h, 23min, 24sec	Internal IP 10.212.134.130,192.168.0
<u>م</u>	Ĵ msiexec	.exe PID-4424	
Source	Path	C:\Windows\System32\msiexec.ex	re
	Executing user	Local System	
	Product	Windows Installer - Unicode	
	SHA1	5D6102F5A170E982C7735BFC2B9	C1A0A0D435FD1
	Command line	N	
Action (Event Type)	File Read		
A	🕒 ms-sql-e	empty-password.nse	
Target			

• Summary Tab: This tab specifies a summary of the Activity Event. At the top of the tab it shows details about the Endpoint, including the endpoint and its IP, path, operating system and so on. The area below the Endpoint section shows the source process and its detail. The area below the source graphically shows the action again, which is the Activity Event type, as well as some additional data regarding the action, if any. The area at the bottom of the pane shows the target and its details. You can click the vert is arrow in an area of this pane to show or hide additional relevant details, respectively.

• **Process Tab**: This tab shows additional details about the source process.

File Read	Credential Acce <mark>ss</mark> M		
Summary	•→ msiexec.exe →• ms-sql-empty-p	a 2020-Oct-25 08:31	1:23
l⊋ ∭ msiexee	.exe PID-4424		54 sit
Integrity level	System		
SHA1	5D6102F5A170E982C7735BFC2B9C1	A0A0D435FD1	
Command line	/V		
File Version	Name Windows Installer - Unicode		
Information	Company name Microsoft Corporat	tion	
	File Description Windows® installer	r	
	File Version 5.0.19041.1 (WinBuild.1	160101.0800)	
STD Out	Console		
STD In	Console		Т
STD Err	Console		
Source Process Fil	Extension exe		
Source Process Fil Drive	e Original \Device\HarddiskVolume3	3\	
Source Process Vo	lume Type Local		
Source File Signat	ire Time Valid 🗸		

File Read Credential Access Summary →• ms-sql-empty-p... → msiexec.exe 2020-Oct-25 08:31:23 G ms-sql-empty-password.nse Path \Device\HarddiskVolume3\Program Files\Fortinet\FortiEDR\scripts\ms-sql-empty-... Executable File ms-sql-empty-password.nse Creation Time 2020-Oct-20 17:53:00 Modification Time 2020-Oct-22 11:33:08 Owner Local System Owner ID S-1-5-18 Status 0x00000000 Target File Extension nse Target File Volume Type Local

You can click an icon in the Details pane to display additional details, as shown below:

	Summary	•→ msiexec.exe	→• ldap-brute.nse	2020-Oct-25 08:31
	11	Status	Running	Internal IP 10.212.134.130,192.168.0
Signature th			-4424 \System32\msiexec.ex	64 bit
A4341B9FD50FB9964283220A36A1EF6F6FAA7840 Issued by Microsoft Windows			n staller - Unicode 170E982C7735BFC2B9	

• Target Tab: This tab only displays if the target is of type Process or File and details additional data regarding such.

Event Log Details Pane

The Details pane for an activity event of type Event Log Created appears somewhat differently, as shown below. In this case, the action is always Log Entry Created and the target is always the event ID.

Log Entry Crea	ated		
Summary			2020-Oct-25 08:31:1
11	Status Up time	Running 3d, 1h, 23min, 20sec	Internal IP 10.212.134.130,192.168.0
ĴĴ Securit	у		
Log Entry	Created		
			T
4	D 4672	't-Windows-Security-Audit	I
Event I	D 4672	't-Windows-Security-Audit	
Event I	D 4672 Microsof	't-Windows-Security-Audit	
Event Provider Level Message	D 4672 Microsof 0	t-Windows-Security-Audit	
Event Provider Level Message	D 4672 Microsof 0 sial privileges as		

You can scroll down in the Target area to view the actual log entry.

Summary	2020-Oct-25 08:3
Log Lind y created	
Event ID 4672	
Event Provider Microsoft-Windows-Security-Au	dition
	oning
Level 0	
Message	
Special privileges assigned to new logon.	
Subject:	
Security ID: S-1-5-18	
Account Name: SYSTEM	
Account Domain: NT AUTHORITY	
Logon ID: 0x3E7	
Privileges: SeAssignPrimaryTokenP	rivilege
SeTcbPrivilege	
SeSecurityPrivilege	
SeTakeOwnershipPrivilege	
SeLoadDriverPrivilege	
SeBackupPrivilege	
SeRestorePrivilege	
SeDebugPrivilege	

Retrieving a File / Remediating Devices upon Malware Detection

You can remediate any file that is a target of an activity event. You can also download a copy of any file (Retrieve action) that is a target of an activity event.

To retrieve a file or remediate the process:

- 1. Select the relevant Activity Event and open its Details Pane.
- 2. When hovering over the file name, you can select either of the following options:
 - In the Summary pane, select the three dot dropdown menu and then select **Retrieve** of **Remediate** the file, as shown below:

4	🖁 🖵 WmiPerfIns	t.dll 📀 64	Retrieve	÷
	Path	C:\Windows\System32\wbem\WmiPerfInst.dll	Remediate	
	Owner	NT Services\Trus ID - S-1-5-80-956008885-34	18522649-183103804	4
	SHA1	BC3B2C25CA37A34BB5A9C4D6F7AB4D2E2F36DB	EAA	
- (DR –			

• In the Details pane, click the **Retrieve** or **Remediate** button, as shown below:

Summary •→ WmiP	rvSE.exe	→• WmiPerfInst.dll			
G WmiPerfInst.dll	$\langle \mathbf{v} \rangle$	64 bit			
Retrieve 🕂 Remediate					
Path C:\W	indows\Sys	stem32\wbem\WmiPerfInst.dll			

Adding an application to the Application Control policy blocklist

You can add any process that is either the source or the target of an activity event to the Application Control Policy blocklist such that this process won't launch on the devices that are assigned to that Application Control Policy.

To add a process to an Application Control policy:

- 1. Select the relevant Activity Event and open its Details Pane.
- 2. In the Summary page, click the option next to the process name and select Add to Blocklist, as shown below:

Summary	•→ Adobe CEF He →• ACC 2022-1-1 14-Jan-2022 03:54					
11	Status Running Internal IP 10.100.102.6					
ens (111	Up time 3d, 1h, 27min, 43sec					
▲ 🕅 Adobe CEF	Helper.exe PID-12620 TID-13720 Add to Blocklist					
Path	C:\Program Files\Common Files\Adobe\Adobe Desktop Comm					
Executing user	ENSILO\y					
Parent	\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Program Files\Adobe\Adob ID					
Product	Adobe CEF Helper, v5.6.0.788					
SHA1	D6D9C331AE671DC9A2CEAB5EA813B208B88B5F10					
	type=rendererno-sandboxautoplay-policy=no-user-					

OR

Go to either the Source or the Target tab of type process and click the Add to Blocklist button, as shown below:

Summary	→ Adobe Deskt → longpoll[9].json 24-Jan-2022 16:38:
Adobe Deskto	op Service.exe PID-13868 TID-10764
र्द्दी। Add to Blocklist	
Path	C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Adobe\Adobe Desktop Comm
Parent	ID 14292 Name \Device\HarddiskVolume3\Program Files\Ado
	Creation Time 18-Jan-2022 02:30:45
Creation time	18-Jan-2022 02:30:50
Product Information	Name Adobe Creative Cloud
	Version 5.6.0.788
	Company name Adobe Inc.
Executing user	El O_
Executing User ID	5-1-5-21-2 4952-3892803170-2759984830-2235
Executing Oser ID	

GDPR and Activity Event Data

The FortiEDR system fully complies with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) standard, as described in the Personal Data Handling section on page 224. When you use the Personal Data Handling feature to delete data, it also deletes activity event data. However, the Personal Data Handling Search option does not search for and display the activity data that it will delete. Just for your own knowledge, in order to see a list of the activity data that will be deleted you can view it here before you delete it. To do so, simply enter a query here that includes the chosen record from the Activity Report (that can be accessed by selecting **Administration >Tools > Personal Data Handling**) in order to find the data to be removed. For example, if you have provided the string **149** in **Personal Data Handling** for Search by **Device name**, then in the displayed Activity Report, select the record containing the Device name to be deleted. In this example, it is **US-Dev149**. Then, in order to display all the activity events that are related to this device, enter the query **Device.Name: US-Dev149**, as shown below in order to display the relevant records.

Device.Name: US-Dev149 🗴 📀 🝳

To find all activity related to a user chosen from a Personal Data Handling Activity Report, enter the following query, and select the required time range:

"Source.File.Owner:<username> OR Source.User:<username> OR Process.File.Owner:<username here> OR Process.User:<username> OR Target.File.Owner:<username>"

Similarly, to find all activity related to an IP chosen from a Personal Data Handling Activity Report, enter the following query:

"Device.IPInternal:<IP> OR LocalIP:< IP > OR RemoteIP:< IP > OR Target.Network.AdditionalData.RemoteIp:<IP>"

Legacy Threat Hunting

FortiEDR's Legacy Threat Hunting is available in FortiEDR environments that have been upgraded to v5.0 and above from previous versions. This feature enables you to hunt for files and hashes that were collected before the upgrade to v5.0.

Use the Legacy Threat Hunting feature when there are Collectors in your system that have not been upgraded to FortiEDR V5.0 in order to search for files/hashes on those Collectors. After all Collectors have been upgraded to V5.0 or above, you can use FortiEDR's Threat Hunting feature instead, which has more extensive collected data. For more details, seeThreat Hunting on page 222

.Access the Threat Hunting Legacy page under the Forensics tab.

Click the **Threat Hunting** option under the **Forensics** tab. This action opens the **Threat Hunting** page. In this case, the **Hash/Process** field is empty.

⇔	✓ DASHBOARD		COMMUNICATION CONTROL ~ 388		INVENTORY~ 252	ADMINISTRATION 1610	•	Barbara 🗸
Remediate								
Hash File Name			 Last month Last week	 Last day				
COLLECTOR NAME	PATH	FILE NAME	CREATION TIME	MODIFICATION TIME	OS			

To search for malware using Threat Hunting (Legacy):



When accessing the Threat Hunting page using Method 1, the relevant HASH value appears in the field adjacent



to the **Basin** button, as shown below.



When accessing the **Threat Hunting** page using Method 2, the field adjacent to the **Hash** and **HielManne** buttons is empty.



- 2. If the field adjacent to the **Hash** and **Flemane** buttons is empty, copy and paste the applicable file name or HASH value into the empty field.
- 3. Specify the time range for the search using the timeline buttons at the top of the window.



4. Click the **Search** button. The system searches for matching files in all devices in your environment. When the search completes, the search results display in the window. The example below shows a search by process.

					NTROL 🗸 😝		INVENTORY ~ 1		DN 1749	•		
Remediate												
Hash File Name				Last month	Last week	Last day	Custom		SEARCH	CLEAR		
3 DEVICES	3 paths	14 WEEKS								i 🗐 🖉 Sho	wing 1-4/4 🕨 🛙	
COLLECTOR NAME	HASH	PATH	FILE NAME	CREATED	MODIFIED	SIZE	os	BIT CERTIFICA	TE VENDOR	PRODUCT	VERSION	
				CREATED	MODIFIED	3120	03	DII CERTIFICA	IE VENDOR	FRODUCT	VERSION	
Avast1	4EAC2C2767ED8489C165E5			20-Feb-2017, 04:57	30-Apr-2015, 05:37		Windows 8.1 Enterprise N		TE VENDOR	PRODUCT	VERSION	
Avast1	4EAC2C2767ED8489C165E5 4EAC2C2767ED8489C165E5	iskvolume2\users\root\desktop	dynamiccode.exe			549376		32 No	TE VENDOR	PRODUCT	VERSION	
		iskvalume2\users\root\desktop olume2\users\mcafee2\desktop	o dynamiccode.exe o dynamiccode.exe	20-Feb-2017, 04:57	30-Apr-2015, 05:37	549376 549376 🖓	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	32 No 32 No	TE VENDOR	PRODUCT	VERSION	

The row directly above the results table summarizes the results of the search. For example, in the window above, the system found 2 unique devices and one unique path created in the same one week. The example below shows the results of a search by HASH.

			COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 308		INVENTORY 253 ADMINISTR	ATION 1610	•	Protection 🗸 Barbara 🗸
Remediate								
Hash File Name	1ED9814882		Last month Last week	CLast day	Custom	SEARCH	CLEAR	
SHA-1: 90197E2FD048 BIT: 32	SIZE: 56028615 IS SIGNED 1 PATHS 1	D: No VENDOR: PRODUCT:	VERSION:				ia a Sho	wing 1-2/2 ▶ ▶
COLLECTOR NAME	PATH	FILE NAME	CREATION TIME	MODIFICATION TIME	OS			
WIN-U8A5CLOII1R	\device\harddiskvolume1\qa\fil	lebeatlogs\filebeat filebeat.exe	09-Jul-2019, 07:25	20-Jun-2019, 11:06	Windows 8 Enterprise			
🗌 😕 WIN-7K1E9S18QB8	\device\harddiskvolume1\qa\fil	lebeatlogs\filebeat filebeat.exe	08-Jul-2019, 09:56	20-Jun-2019, 11:06	Windows 7 Professional N			

The labels row directly above the summary row identifies common, shared data elements. For example, Sha-1, vendor and so on. The identified elements are shared by all files. Note that typically you see more common data elements when searching by HASH than by process.

		FORENSICS	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 388		INVENTORY 252 ADMINISTR	ATION 1610	🔵 📄 Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
Remediate							
Hash File Name	ED9B14B82		Last month Last week	 Last day	Custom	SEARCH	CLEAR
SHA-1: 90197E2FD048 BIT: 32 2 DEVICES	SIZE: 56028615 IS SIGNED: No VENU 1 PATHS 1 WEEKS	IOR: PRODUCT:	VERSION:				I≪ ≪ Showing 1-2/2
COLLECTOR NAME	PATH	FILE NAME	CREATION TIME	MODIFICATION TIME 👻	OS		
🗌 🎯 WIN-UBASCLOII1R	\device\harddiskvolume1\qa\filebeatlogs\filebeat	filebeat.exe	09-Jul-2019, 07:25	20-Jun-2019, 11:06	Windows 8 Enterprise		
WIN-7K1E9518QB8	\device\harddiskvolume1\qa\filebeatlogs\filebeat	filebeat.exe	08-Jul-2019, 09:56	20-jun-2019, 11:06	Windows 7 Professional N		

Administration

This chapter describes the FortiEDR Administration options, which are only available to users with administration rights (Local Administrators and Administrators).

Licensing

Selecting LICENSING in the ADMINISTRATION tab displays all the entitlements provided by your license.

This window also shows your Serial Number, which is your FortiEDR unique identifier with Fortinet.

	→ DASHBC	DARD EVENT VIEWER 118 FORENSICS 🗸 COMMUN	NICATION CONTROL 👻 1128) SECURITY SETTINGS 🛩 INVENTORY 👻 🧻	ADMINISTRATION 23 Protection V V
LICENSING	Installation ID:	Name: Expiration Date: 28-Jun-2021		Central Manager Certificate
ORGANIZATIONS	License Status		Workstations	Servers
USERS	License Type:	Predict, Protect and Response		
DISTRIBUTION	Communication Control:	Available	1 Licenses 1 in Use	Olin Use
6313	Forensics:	Available		
EXPORT	Threat Hunting:	Available		
	Content Updates:	Available		
TOOLS	Vulnerability Management:	Available		
SYSTEM	License Capacity:	100 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 IoT devices		
EVENTS	In Use:	1 workstations, 0 servers, 0 IoT devices		
IP SETS	Remaining: There are 11 collectors the	99 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 IoT devices at were not in use for more than 30 days and are not	99 ^{Remaining}	100Licenses
INTEGRATIONS	considered as in-use	e were not in oue for more than so days and the not		i oolaaba
	Content			
	Content Version: 5040	Update Collectors Request Collector Installer	1	

Note – The tab bar at the top of the window may display a white circle(s) with a number inside the circle to indicate that new security events have not been read by the user. For Administration, the number represents the number of unread system events.



You can hover over the number to see the list of unread system events. Each row shows the number of system events added by day.

A	OMINISTRATIC	DN 1610
	ADDED	TIME
	786	12-Feb-2020
	197	11-Feb-2020
	36	10-Feb-2020
	75	09-Feb-2020
	6	05-Feb-2020
	42	04-Feb-2020
	4	03-Feb-2020
	3	02-Feb-2020
	10	01-Feb-2020
	17	30-Jan-2020
	434	Older

Updating the Collector Version

The Update Collector Version feature is used to update a FortiEDR version, such as from version 3.1.0 to 3.1.1. To update a FortiEDR revision, use the Automatic Updates feature described on Automatic Collector Updates on page 295.

When you click the Update Collectors button in the Licensing window, the Update Collector Version window displays. This window lists all available Collector Groups. The **Windows Version**, **MacOS Version** and **Linux Version** columns indicate the current FortiEDR version for the Collectors in a Collector Group.

emulation

group1

UPDATE COLLECTOR VERSION					
COLLECTOR GROUP	WINDOWS VERSION	MACOS VERSION	LINUX VERSION		
Default Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
emulation	N/A	N/A	N/A		
group1	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
group2	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
High Security Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
Insiders	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
Linux	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
Update 0 selected groups to					
Windows version 4.1.0 Rev. 23		3.1.5 Rev. 14 🔹 🗌 Lin	ux version 3.1.5 Rev. 72 👻		
Note: Version update involves sending 10Mb of data from the Central Manager to each Collector.					
			Update Cancel		

You can update the version for the Collectors in a Collector Group for each operating system.

Note that if the Automatic Updates checkbox is checked in the Tools window, then the Update Collector Version window does not display the revision number in the Windows Version, MacOS Version and Linux Version columns, as the revision is automatically updated with the Automatic Updates feature.

COLLECTOR GROUP	WINDOWS VERSION	MACOS VERSION	LINUX VERSION
Default Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
emulation	N/A	N/A	N/A
group1	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
group2	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
High Security Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
✓ Insiders	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
Linux	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
Update 1 selected groups to Windows version 4.1.0 Rev. 23		3.1.5 Rev. 14 💌 🗌 Lit	nux version 3.1.5 Rev. 72 👻
Note: Version update involves send	ding 10Mb of data from the C	✓ 3.1.5 Rev. 14 ach Collec	ctor.
			Update Cancel
UPDATE COLLECTOR VE	RSION		Update Cancel
UPDATE COLLECTOR VE	RSION		Update Cancel
	RSION WINDOWS VERSION	MACOS VERSION	Update Cancel
UPDATE COLLECTOR VE		MACOS VERSION 3.1.5	

3.1.5

4.1.0

3.1.5

To update the version for the Collectors in a Collector Group:

- 1. Check the checkbox of the Collector Group(s) whose Collectors you want to update. You can select more than one Collector Group.
- 2. Select the checkbox of the operating system(s) to update and in its adjacent dropdown list, select the FortiEDR version for the Collectors in the designated Collector Group. You can select more than one operating system.

			×		
UPDATE COLLECTOR VER	SION				
COLLECTOR GROUP	WINDOWS VERSION	MACOS VERSION	LINUX VERSION		
Default Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
emulation	N/A	N/A	N/A		
group1	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
group2	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
High Security Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
 Insiders 	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
Linux	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72		
Update 1 selected groups to					
Windows version 4.1.0 Rev. 23	→ → macOS version	315 Rev 14 -	version 3.1.5 Rev. 72 👻		
Note: Version update involves sending 10Mb of data from the Carter and Collector.					
			Update Cancel		

3. Click **Update**. FortiEDR gradually updates all the Collectors in the Collector Group(s) to the required version for the specified operating system(s), and displays the following window:

UPDAT	E COLLECTORS VERSION
Collectors 3.1.5 Rev.	are gradually being updated to version MacOS version 14 now
	ОК

4. Click OK.

Loading a Server Certificate

To load a certificate:

1. C	lick Central Manager Certificate	. The Load Central Manager Certificate dialog opens.
	LOAD CENTRA	L MANAGER CERTIFICATE
	Certificate file:	Choose File No file chosen
	Private key file:	Choose File No file chosen
	Private Key Password:	
		Upload Cancel

2. Click Choose File to upload the certificate file.



The certificate common name (CN) must match the FQDN of the FortiEDR machine. Otherwise, an error will occur.

- 3. Click Choose File to upload the private key file.
- 4. Enter the certificate password in the Private Key Password field.
- 5. Click Upload.
- 6. Configure the certificate as follows:
 - For cloud deployment, please contact Fortinet Support.
 - For on-premise deployment, on the FortiEDR Manager VM, add connector.ssl.externalAddress = %certificate domain% to the /opt/FortiEDR/webapp/application-customer.properties file, and then restart the VM.

Requesting and Obtaining a Collector Installer

Request Collector Installer

You can click the button to obtain a Collector installer file that can be used to install a Collector. This option enables you to request an installer for a particular operating system(s), such as Windows, MacOS

or Linux. This installer is similar to the standard wizard used to install a Collector, except that many of the fields in the wizard have already been filled in for you. The requested installer is then emailed to you. After you receive the installer file from FortiEDR, simply unzip it using the password provided in the email, double-click the installer and then follow the instructions to install a Collector based on the operating system on which it is to be installed, as described in Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26.

In order to determine the type of installer to request (according to the operating system), configure the settings in the Custom Collector Installers window, as described below.

To configure custom installer settings:

CUSTOM COLLECTOR	STALLERS
Select the installers you would like t	enerate
Windows version 4.1.0.128	macOS version 3.1.5.25
Aggregator address	· ·
Organization	
Advanced	
Send installers link to	m

2. In the Select the installer you would like to generate area, select the checkbox of the installer(s) you want to request. Multiple installers can be requested at the same time.

Select the installers y	ou would like	to gener	ate					
✓ Windows version	4.1.0.128	*	macOS version	3.1.5.25	~	Linux version	3.1.1.128	Ŧ

- 3. In the adjacent dropdown list, select the installer version. When selecting installers for more than one operating system, you must specify the version for each of them. Specify the version in the same manner as described on Updating the Collector Version on page 253
- 4. In the Aggregator Address dropdown list, select the aggregator to which this Collector is registered.
- 5. In a multi-tenant system, select the organization to which the installed Collector is registered in the **Organization** dropdown list.
- 6. In the **Group** dropdown list, select the Collector Group to which the installed Collector is assigned, or leave the field empty for the Collector to be assigned to the default Collector Group.

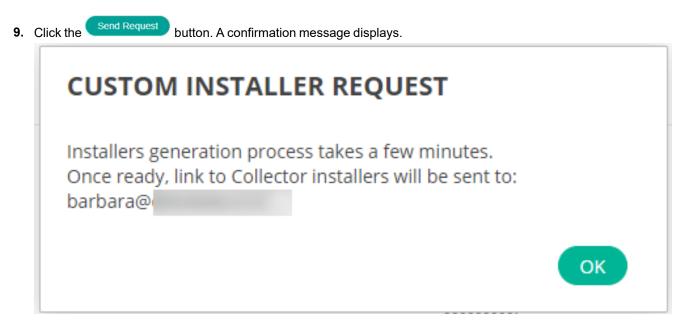


- 7. In the Advanced area, specify the following:
 - Advanced

VDI (Virtual Desktop Infrastructure) installation
 Use system proxy settings

Start after device reboot

- VDI (Virtual Desktop Infrastructure) Installation: If you are installing the Collector on a VDI environment, check this checkbox. For more details, you may refer to the Working with FortiEDR on VDI Environments section on page 54.
- Use System Proxy Settings: If you use a web proxy to filter requests in this device's network, then check the Use System Proxy Settings checkbox. Note that Windows must be configured to use a proxy and tunneling must be allowed from the Collector to the Aggregator on port 8081 and from the Collector to the Core on port 555. (Run as Administrator: netsh winhttp set proxy proxy IP >).
- Start After Device Reboot: Check this checkbox in order to delay data collection until a device reboot is applied. This is only required in rare cases. Typically, this checkbox remains unchecked.
- 8. In the Send Installers Link To field, specify the email address to which the installer is to be sent.



10. Click **OK**. After the installer is generated by FortiEDR, it is emailed to the specified email address. Note that the link to download installers is only available for several hours. Be sure to download the installers within the required time period so that the link does not expire.

FortiEDR Collector Installers
Hello,
FortiEDR Collector installers are ready
Download Installer
Expires 27:Mar-20
If the above link does not work, copy and paste the following URL to your web browser:
Fortinet® 2020
This email was sent to you by [UI user] via the Fortinet Endpoint Protection and Response Platform management system in your organization.
management systemming and organization.

Users

The USERS option specifies who is allowed to use the FortiEDR Central Manager console. During installation of the FortiEDR Central Manager, you must specify the user name and password of the first FortiEDR Central Manager console user. This is the only user who can log in to the FortiEDR Central Manager console for the first time.

To add a user:

- 1. Click the Add User button.
- 2. Fill in the displayed window.

		×
USER DETAI	LS	
User Name		
Title		
First Name		
Last Name		
Email Address		
Password		
Confirm Password		
Roles	User ×	
Require two facto	or authentication for this user	
	Save Cancel	$\mathbf{)}$

3. Define this user's password. Make sure to remember it and notify the user about this password.

- 4. Select the user's Role. The system comes with three predefined user roles:
 - Admin: Is the highest-level super user that can perform all operations in the FortiEDR Central Manager console for all organizations. This role can create users for any organization. For more details, seeMulti-tenancy (Organizations) on page 338.
 - Local Admin: Is a super user that can perform all operations in the FortiEDR Central Manager console only for its own organization. Typically, the Local Administrator sets up the users for its organization. This role can only create users for its own organization.
 - **User**: This user is allowed to view all information and to perform actions, such as to mark security events as handled, change policies and define Exceptions. This user is very similar to the Local Administrator. However, this user cannot access the **ADMINISTRATION** tab, which is described in this chapter.

Local Admin Rest API	User ×	

Note – When upgrading FortiEDR from a version prior to V3.0, all administrators in the previous FortiEDR version are automatically assigned Administrator and Local Administrator privileges. You can decide whether to leave each such administrator with both sets of privileges, or to only assign them the Local Administrator role.

- 5. Check the Require two-factor authentication for this user checkbox if you want to require two-factor authentication for the user. When checked, this user must be authenticated using two-factor authentication in order to log in. For more details about two-factor authentication in FortiEDR, seeTwo-factor Authentication on page 262.
- 6. Click Save.

Two-factor Authentication

Roles

You can require two-factor authentication for a specific FortiEDR user. In this case, that user must provide additional proof in addition to their user name and password whenever logging in to FortiEDR. In FortiEDR, two-factor authentication can be used with any third-party authentication application such as Google Authenticator, Microsoft Authenticator or Duo, in order to verify the user's identify.

To designate that a user requires two-factor authentication, you must check the **Require two-factor authentication for this user** checkbox for that user, as described in Users on page 260.

To log in using two-factor authentication (in this example we use the Google Authenticator app):

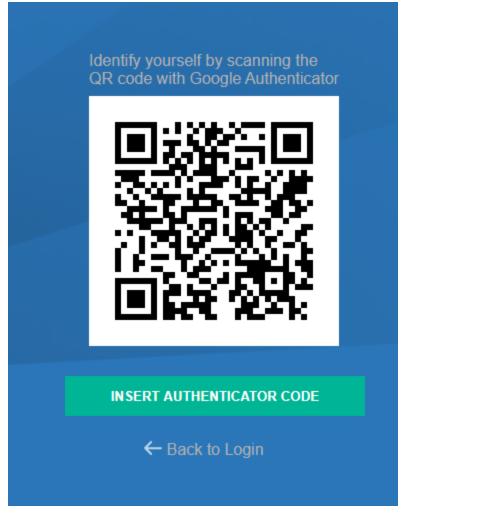
1. For a user who requires two-factor authentication to log in, the following window appears the first time that user attempts to log in.



2. 2 Enter the user name and password and click LOGIN.

3. After clicking LOGIN, the user's identify must be verified using Google Authenticator. To do so, launch Google

Authenticator by clicking the **Google Authenticator** icon on your mobile device. A QR code displays, as shown below:



4. Scan the QR code that displays in the FortiEDR window using your mobile device. After scanning, a FortiEDR token appears on the mobile device, as shown below. Note that this token (code) changes every 30 seconds.



5. In the FortiEDR login window, click the INSERT AUTHENTICATOR CODE button. The following window displays:

FERTINET	Enter the code generated by the Google Authenticator app
	Authenticator code
	SUBMIT
	← Back to Login

6. Enter the authentication token (code) you received in step 4, and then click **SUBMIT**. Be sure to enter the latest code, as the code changes every 30 seconds.

From this point on, the user can log in using the standard manner. Note that FortiEDR asks for a new token once every seven days. This means that you must repeat steps 1 through 6 when logging in to FortiEDR every seven days.

Resetting a User Password

Use the procedure described below to reset a user's password.

If a user who must use two-factor authentication cannot access the FortiEDR application because of a lost or replaced mobile device, that user must repeat the procedure in Two-factor Authentication on page 262 in order to log in. Before performing this procedure, you must first reset that user's password to accept a new two-factor authentication token.

To reset a user password:

1. In the ADMINISTRATION tab, click the USERS link. The user list displays.

⇔		DASHBOARD EVENT VIEW	er 16 Forensics 🗸			INVENTORY 183 ADMINISTRATION 1610	Protection 🗸 Barbara Y
LICENSING	LOCAL USERS						
ORGANIZATIONS	🔔 Add User						
USERS	NAME 🔺	TITLE	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	EMAIL aaaa@f.com	ROLE Local Admin, User	Reset Password

2. Click the Reset Password button for the user whose password you want to reset. The following window displays:

RESET PASSWORD FOR USER AAAA	×
Set a new password	
Password	
Confirm Password	
Require a change of password in the next sign in	
Reset the Two-Factor authentication token	
Reset Cancel)

- 3. Do one fo the following:
 - Click the Set a New Password radio button and define a new password for the user.
 - For a user that must use two-factor authentication, click the **Reset the Two-Factor Authentication Token** radio button to force user identity verification using two-factor authentication during that user's next login. This means that the user must complete the procedure inTwo-factor Authentication on page 262in order to log in.
- 4. Click the Reset button.

LDAP Authentication

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) authentication is an open, industry-standard application protocol for accessing and maintaining distributed directory information services over an IP network. LDAP provides a central place to store usernames and passwords. This enables many different applications and services to connect to an LDAP server to validate users. This has a major benefit that allows a central place to update and change user passwords.

When LDAP authentication is enabled in FortiEDR, whenever a user attempts to log in to FortiEDR, the system looks for that user name and password in the central directory, instead of within the FortiEDR directory. If the user is not found on the LDAP server, the system checks whether the user is defined locally (under **Admin > User Settings**).

Before you start firewall configuration, make sure that your FortiEDR deployment includes an on-premise Core that has connectivity to the LDAP server. Details about how to install a FortiEDR on-premise Core can be found in Installing the FortiEDR Core on page 397.

To set up LDAP authentication in FortiEDR:

1. Click the LDAP AUTHENTICATION button.

	✓ DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER [®] FO	RENSICS COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 308	SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V 193	ADMINISTRATION (1810)	Barbara ݖ
LICENSING	LOCAL USERS				
ORGANIZATIONS	LDAP AUTHENTICATION				
USERS					

The following window displays:

CENSING	LOCAL USERS	
RGANIZATIONS	LDAP AUTHENTICATION	
ERS	LDAP Enabled 🗸	Save 🙀 Reset
STRIBUTION	On premise core x355 •	
515	Directory Type Active Directory +	
(PORT TTINGS	Server Host Bind User DN CN=domainAccount.CN=Users,DC=automation.DC=com ⑦ Test)
	Security Level None Bind Password	
IOLS	Server Port 389	
STEM	GROUP SETTINGS	
/ENTS	Base DN DC=automation,DC=com	
SETS	Specify the LDAP group DN that determines the LDAP user's permission role:	
TEGRATIONS	User Group Name CN=testUserGroup.OU=Groups.OU=QA.DC=automation.DC=	
	Local Admin Group Name CN=testAdminGroup.OU=Groups.OU=QA.DC=automation.DI	
	Admin Group Name CN=testhostergroup,OU=Groups,OU=QA,DC=automation,DC	
	API Group Name CN=testAdminGroup.OU=Groups.OU=QA.DC=automation.Dr	
	Require two factor authentication for LDAP logins Reset 2FA Token	

2. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Definition
LDAP Enabled	Check this checkbox to enable LDAP authentication in FortiEDR.
On Premise Core	Select the on-premise FortiEDR Core that is to communicate with the LDAP server.
Directory Type	Specify the type of central directory in use. FortiEDR supports Active Directory and OpenLDAP. The default is Active Directory.
Server Host	Specify the IP address of your LDAP server
Security Level	Specify the protocol to be used for the secured connection – TLS, SSL or None.
Port	This value is dependent on the security protocol that was selected.
Bind DN and Bind Password	Specify the user and password for the authentication of FortiEDR in the Central Directory.
Base DN	Specify the location in the Central Directory hierarchy where the Groups that are used for permission mapping can be found. For example, the DN for the root of the Domain should always work, but results in low performance.

Field	Definition
User Group Name/Local Admin Group Name/Admin Group Name/API Group Name	Specify the name of the group, as it is defined in your central directory (Active Directory or OpenLDAP), that is to be granted FortiEDR permissions. Be sure to specify a name for the User, Local Admin, Admin and API groups . Each of these groups corresponds to a different role in FortiEDR.
	For example:
	To give the user John user permissions in FortiEDR (for both the FortiEDR application and the RESTful API), assign John to a FortiEDRUsers group that is defined in your Central Directory. Then, specify FortiEDRUsers in the text box next to the User Group Name in the LDAP configuration page of the FortiEDR management UI. Then, during authentication, FortiEDR determines the relevant role for the user John by checking that the Central Directory exists and that the password used in the FortiEDR login page matches the password in the Central Directory. If both exist and are correct, then FortiEDR checks the FortiEDRUsers group to which John is assigned and in this case, matches the user role permissions.

3. 3 If users must use two-factor authentication to log in, check the Require two-factor authentication for LDAP logins checkbox. For more details about two-factor login, see the Two-factor Authentication section on Two-factor Authentication on page 262.

Note – Click the Reset 2FA Token button to reset the two-factor authentication token for a specific user. This process works in the same way as described in Resetting a User Password on page 264

4. Click Save.

Note – Users in Active Directory must not have a backslash (\) in the user name, in order for the name be supported by the FortiEDR Console. In some cases in Active Directory, a backslash is added when there is a space between a user's first and last names. For example, "CN=Yell\, ".

SAML Authentication

Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) is an XML-based open standard for exchanging authentication and authorization data between parties, particularly between an identity provider (IdP) and a service provider (SP).

FortiEDR can act as an SP to authenticate users with a third-party IdP, enabling transparent user sign-in to the FortiEDR Central Manager Console.

To set up SAML authentication in FortiEDR:

1. Click the SAML Authentication button.

☺	
LICENSING	LOCAL USERS
ORGANIZATIONS	LDAP AUTHENTICATION
USERS DISTRIBUTION	SAMLAUTHENTICATION
LISTS	Download Service Provider Metadata Download

The following window displays:

	~ D/	Ishboard event viewer (1885) Forensics 🛩 communication con	ROL 🗸 1050 SECURITY SETTING:	5 🗸 INVENTO	DRY 🗸 🧿 🛛 ADMINIS	TRATION (12651)	Protection 🗸 🗸 🗸
LICENSING	LOCAL USERS						
ORGANIZATIONS	LDAP AUTHENT	ICATION					
USERS	SAML AUTHENT	ICATION					
DISTRIBUTION	Download Service Pro	wider Metadata Download					
EXPORT SETTINGS	SAML Enabled						🗈 Save 💽 Clear
TOOLS	SSO url	https:// console. / &	Attribute Name Role/Group mapping			3	
SYSTEM EVENTS	IDP Description		Role/Group mapping	User	→ Mandatory		
IP SETS	IDP Metadata	File URL Upload the SAML Identity Provider metadata file		Local Admin Admin	→ →		

2. Click the Download button to download and save SP data from FortiEDR, which is used by your IdP server during SAML authentication. Then, upload this FortiEDR data as is to your IdP server using a standard method. If your IdP requires manual configuration, you can extract the following fields from the XML file that you downloaded and use them for manual configuration:

Field	Description
Entity ID	Located under the md:EntityDescriptor tag, in the entityID attribute.
Logout Address Value	Located under the md:SingleLogoutService tag, in the Location attribute.
Login Address Value	Located under the md:AssertionConsumerService tag, in the Location attribute.
Certificate Value (Public)	Located under the ds:X509Certificate tag.

3. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Definition	
SAML Enabled	Check this checkbox to enable SAML authentication in FortiEDR.	
SSO URL	Specify the URL to be used by users to log in to FortiEDR. If necessary, you can edit the suffix of this URL (shown in green) by clicking the Edit button in and then modifying it as needed. You can also copy the URL to the clipboard using the Copy button (for example, in order to email the FortiEDR SAML login page to your users).	
	SSO url https:/console. Image: Console. This URL can serve as an alternate login using SAML SSO Make sure that the suffix does not include any spaces and is comprised of only	
	letters, numbers and underscores	
IDP DEscription	Specify a free-text description. For example, you may want to specify the lo server that you are using here.	

Field	Definition		
IDP Metadata	Upload the IdP metadata to FortiEDR. You can either upload an *.XML file or a URL. To upload a file, click the File radio button and then click the Select File button to navigate to and select the applicable *.XML file. To upload a URL, click the URL radio button and then specify the requisite URL.		
	IDP Metadata O File O URL		
	Enter the SAML Identity Provider metadata URL		
Attribute Name	Specify the name of the attribute to be read by FortiEDR, in order to determine the permissions and role to be assigned to that user in FortiEDR. This attribute must be included as part of the response from the identify provider server to FortiEDR when a user attempts to log in to FortiEDR.		
	Attribute Name privileges I		
Role/Group Mapping	Specify an attribute value for the User, Local Admin, Admin and API groups. You must specify a value for at least one of these user roles. Each of these groups corresponds to a different role in FortiEDR.		
	User → Mandatory		
	Local Admin →		
	Admin →		
	API →		
	Note that if more than a single role is mapped to the user, FortiEDR expects to get multiple roles as a list of values and not in bulk in the SAML assertion that		

get multiple roles as a list of values and not in bulk in the SAML assertion that is sent by IdP.

4. Click Save.

The examples below describe how the Azure, Okta or FortiAuthenticator SSO services can be used as an IdP that provides authorization and authentication for users attempting to access the FortiEDR Central Manager console. It demonstrates how to exchange metadata between the two entities, how to define group attributes and how to associate them with SAML users so that user permissions are dictated by the Group/Roles mapping in FortiEDR SAML configuration.

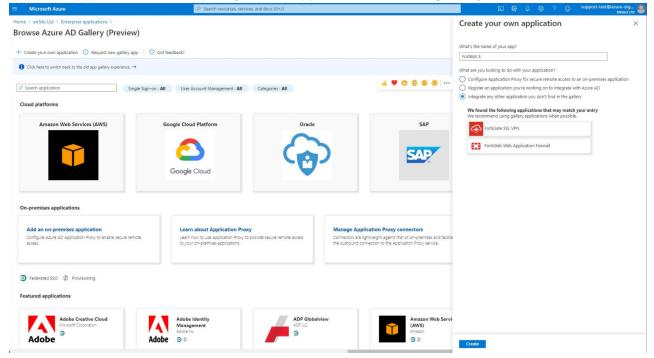
SAML IdP configuration with Azure

Note – Azure may require a license to support SAML integration with their Enterprise Application. Contact Microsoft's support for further information.

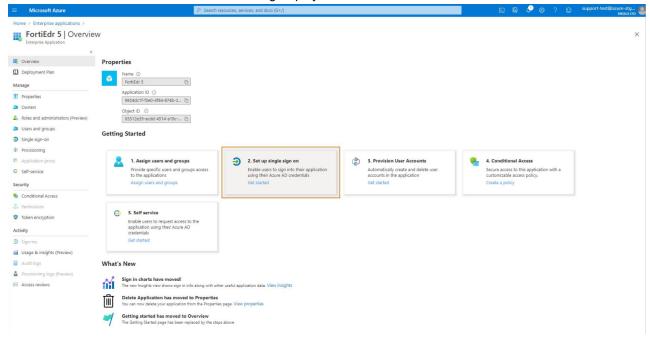
To configure general SAML IdP portal settings:

1. Before you start configuring SAML on Azure, download and save SP data from the FortiEDR SAML configuration page (fortiEDR.sp.metedata.id.1.xml), as described above on page 197.

- 2. Sign in to the Azure Dashboard.
- 3. In the Azure services, select and navigate to the Azure Active Directory.
- 4. From the left menu, select Enterprise applications.
- 5. Click New Application and then Create your own application. The following displays:



6. Leave the default and click Create. The following displays:



7. Click Assign users and groups and configure which users and groups to be provided with access to the FortiEDR application.

8. Click Set up single sign on. The following displays:

Select a single sign-on method He	p me decide		
Disabled Single sign-on is not enabled. The user wont be able to launch the app from My Apps.	SAML Rich and secure authentication to applications using the SAML (Security Assertion Markup Language) protocol.	Password-based Password storage and replay using a web browser extension or mobile app.	Linked Link to an application in the Azure Active Directory Access Panel and/or Office 365 application launcher.

9. Click SAML. The following displays:

«	→ Upload metadata file → Change single sign-on	mode \equiv Test this application \bigcirc Got feedback?	
S Overview			
Deployment Plan	Set up Single Sign-On with SAML		
Aanage	Read the configuration guide D* for help integrating Fo	rtiEdr 5.	
Properties	0		
A Owners	Basic SAML Configuration		0 Edit
Roles and administrators (Preview)	Identifier (Entity ID)	Required	
Roles and administrators (Preview)	Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL)	Required	
Users and groups	Sign on URL	Optional	
Single sign-on	Relay State Logout Url	Optional Optional	
Provisioning	Logout on	Optional	
Application proxy	2		
A.A. A. 5.1	User Attributes & Claims		2 Edit
Self-service	givenname	user.givenname	
	surname	user.surname	
ecurity	emailaddress	user.mail	
Conditional Access	name	user.userprincipalname	
Permissions	Unique User Identifier	user.userprincipalname	
Token encryption			
2.1	3 SAML Signing Certificate		2 Edit
ctivity	6 • •	127	a sure
Sign-ins	Status Thumbprint	Active 9CEA37643ACE0D710AD63296857B251D1FCA5C48	
Usage & insights (Preview)	Expiration	12/20/2025, 10:50:17 PM	
a obuge of maights (increasy)	Notification Email	support-test@azure-stg.ensilo.com	
Audit logs	App Federation Metadata Url	https://login.microsoftonline.com/60582cdf-31a8	
Provisioning logs (Preview)	Certificate (Base64)	Download	-
	Certificate (Raw)	Download	
Access reviews	Federation Metadata XML	Download	
	4 Set up FortiEdr 5		
	You'll need to configure the application to link	with Azure AD.	
	Login URL	https://login.microsoftonline.com/60582cdf-31a8	1
	Azure AD Identifier	https://sts.windows.net/60582cdf-31a8-43d8-b2f0	
	Logout URL	https://login.microsoftonline.com/60582cdf-31a8	-

- **10.** Click **Edit** in the Basic SAML Configuration box.
- **11.** Click **Upload metadata file** and browse in order to select the FortiEDR SP metadata file (fortiEDR.sp.metedata.id.1.xml) that was downloaded from FortiEDR SAML configuration page (as described on

page 197). Alternatively, you can manually copy entityID and the Reply URL values from FortiEDR metadata file and paste it to the relevant input text boxes.

12. Click Save. The required SAML Configuration fields displays populated with details, as shown below:



- 13. Click Edit in the User Attributes & Claims box.
- 14. In the User Attributes & Claims window, click Add a group claim. The following window displays:

		Group Claims	\times
User Attributes & Claims		Manage the group claims used by Azure AD to populate SAML tokens issued to your app	
+ Add new claim + Add a group claim ΞΞ Columns		Which groups associated with the user should be returned in the claim?	
Required claim Claim name	Value	All groups Security groups Directory roles	
		Groups assigned to the application	
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	user.userprincipalname (nam		
Additional claims		Source attribute *	
Claim name	Value	Group ID	\checkmark
fortiEdrGroups	0.000000	Advanced options	
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailaddress	user.groups user.mail	Customize the name of the group claim	
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname	user.givenname	Name (required)	
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/name	user.userprincipalname	fortiEdrGroups	
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/surname	user.surname	Namespace (optional)	
		Emit groups as role claims ①	

- 15. Select the groups to be added to the claim sent to the FortiEDR application. These specific groups should be specified in the Role/Group mapping on the SAML configuration page of the FortiEDR console in order to determine the permissions of the signed in user.
- 16. Check the Customize the name of the group claim checkbox, and in the Name field, enter the Attribute Name that was specified on the SAML configuration page of the FortiEDR console. In our example, it is fortiEdrGroups, as shown below:

Attribute Name	fortiEdrGroup	os	?
Role/Group mapping	User	\rightarrow	8d9191b0-8702-4f00-9a2a-5a65
	Local Admin	\rightarrow	
	Admin	\rightarrow	086c4f39-2617-4696-8093-f75b'
	API	\rightarrow	

17. Click Save. The newly defined attribute should now be included in the assertion, such as in the following example: <<u>Attribute Name="fortiEdrGroups"</u>>

<attributevalue>8d919</attributevalue>	1000 0 2010 000 0000	f0e5
>a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="https://a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="https://www.exa	P9-2617-4969-8093-175b1	6cf6b70
<attributevalue>02d2a</attributevalue>	fe-8015-40df-b656-fccfd9l	999
<a a="" href="https://www.com" www.com"="" www.com<="">	e7-9fd6-4de8-8c5a-1a9a1	3de4
>a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="https://acample.com">>a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="htttps://a href="https://www.example.com">>a href="https://www.exampl	46-0e99-4e24-ad54-08d9	bad8e
<a a="" href="https://www.com" www.com"="" www.com<="">	19-27-05-42c5-h8-0	:3329
< AttributeValue > cbedd.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	655e

18. Before configuring SAML SSO on the FortiEDR console, download the Federation Metadata XML file from the SAML Signing Certificate section on Azure, as shown below:

		6
Status	Active	
Thumbprint	3	53
Expiration	2/21/2025, 11:10:09 AM	
Notification Email	sup	
App Federation Metadata Url	htt	D
Certificate (Base64)	Download	
Certificate (Raw)	Download	
Federation Metadata XML	Download	

19. Select and upload the file into the FortiEDR Central Manager, as follows:

IDP Metadata	File URL	
	Upload the SAML Identity Provider metadata file	
		Select file

20. Alternatively, you can use the App Federation Metadata URL from Azure, select the **URL** radio button in the IDP Metadata configuration on the FortiEDR console and paste it to the same location:

IDP Metadata	◯ File ● URL
	Enter the SAML Identity Provider metadata URL
	https

Azure can now be used as an IdP that awards authorization and authentication to users trying to access the FortiEDR Central Manager console. When logging into the FortiEDR console via an SSO URL that is specified under the SAML settings page, an Azure user is awarded access rights to the FortiEDR Central Manager according to the User Groups to which that user was added in Azure.

SAML IdP Configuration with Okta

To configure general SAML IdP portal settings:

- 1. Before starting to configure SAML on Okta, you must download and save SP data from the FortiEDR SAML configuration page (fortiEDR.sp.metedata.id.1.xml), as described in SAML Authentication on page 267
- 2. Sign in to the Okta Admin Dashboard. The following displays:

Status		0	HealthInsight
S 1 task requires attention	People		Healthinsight is a live audit of your
	Search People		security settings compared to Okta' best practices.
	Applications		View Healthinsight
	Search Applications		Shortcuts
			Add Applications
Usage - Last 30 Days		0	Assign Aplications
and an and a start a st		0	J. Activate People

3. In your Okta org, click Applications and then Add Applications.

4. Click Create New App . The following displays:

okta							My Apps 🕥
Back to Applica							Create New App
CATEGORIES Featured API Management	Create a New Ap	Q Search					× See al
Apps Apps for Good CASB	Platform		Web			•	ign.
Directories and I Security Application			Uses o	redentials to e		ion works with most apps.	
VPN Private Apps			than Si	WA, if the app O Connect	supports it.	g users into an app you've t	m
						Create	ancel
		Fastest Gr	owing				See al

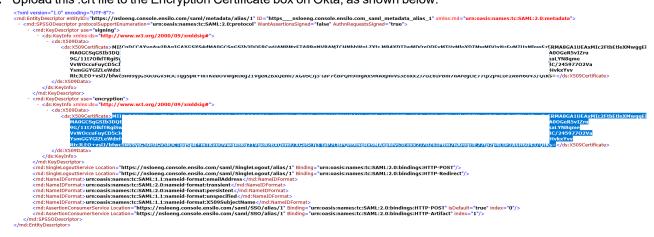
- 5. In the Platform field, select Web.
- 6. In the Sign on method field, select SAML 2.0.
- 7. Click Create.
- 8. In the **General Settings** page, select a name for the application. For example, FortiEDRConsole. Optionally, you can also add the FortiEDR logo here.

	Configure SAML		O Feedback
	I		
Ô			
		Browse	
Uploed Logo			
Requirements			
 Landscape or 	tentation		
Do not display	application icon to users		
Do not display	application icon in the Okta Mobile app		
	Uploed Logo Uploed Logo Requirements • Must be PNG • Less than 1MI For Best Results, • Minimum 420 • Landscape or • Transparent b	I O Uploed Logo	I Define the process of the proces

General Settings	2 Configure SAML		Feedback
SAML Settings			What does this form do?
GENERAL			This form generates the XML needed for the app's SAML request.
Single sign on URL	https://localhost/sami/SSO/alias/1	Þ	Where do I find the info this form need
	Use this for Recipient URL and Destination URL Allow this app to request other SSO URLs		The app you're trying to integrate with should have its own documentation on using SAML. You'll need to find that doc,
Audience URI (SP Entity ID) 🔘	https://localhost/sami/metadata/alias/1		and it should outline what information you need to specify in this form.
Default RelayState			Okta Certificate
	If no value is set, a blank RelayState is sent		Import the Okta certificate to your identity Provider if required.
Name ID format	Unspecified +		🛓 Download Okta Certificate
Application username	Okta usemame v		
Abbucanon asemanie @			

- **10.** Copy the following values that are taken from the FortiEDR SP metadata file (fortiEDR.sp.metedata.id.1.xml) that was downloaded from FortiEDR SAML configuration page, as described in SAML Authentication on page 267.
 - Single sign on URL: Under the 'md:AssertionConsumerService' tag, in the Location attribute (For example, https://myexample.fortiedr.com/saml/SSO/alias/1).
 - Audience URI (SP entity ID): Under the 'md:EntityDescriptor' tag, in the 'entityID' attribute (For example, https://myexample.fortiedr.com/saml/metadata/alias/1).
- 11. In Advanced Settings, in the Assertion Encryption field, select Encrypted.
- **12.** Use Notepad or another text editor to copy the entire attribute <ds:X509Certificate>XXX </ds:X509Certificate> from the FortiEDR SP metadata file (fortiEDR.sp.metedata.id.1.xml) that was downloaded from FortiEDR SAML configuration page. Then, save this attribute as a .crt file to be used as a certificate.

13. Upload this .crt file to the Encryption Certificate box on Okta, as shown below:



14. Leave the default values in the rest of the settings. For example, as shown below:

		Hide Advanced Settings
Response 💿	Signed	*
Assertion Signature	Signed	•
Signature Algorithm	RSA-SHA256	•
Digest Algorithm 👩	SHA256	•
Assertion Encryption	Encrypted	•
Encryption Algorithm	AES256-CBC	•
Key Transport Algorithm 🕘	RSA-OAEP	•
Encryption Certificate	2020 CN=samlKeys Valid from 2020-05-10T23 09T23:23:23.000Z	
	Certificate expires in 3420) days
Enable Single Logout	Allow application to initiate Sing	ile Logout
Assertion Inline Hook	None (disabled)	*
Authentication context class 🔘	PasswordProtectedTransport	Ŧ
Honor Force Authentication 🔘	Yes	•
SAML Issuer ID 💿	http://www.okta.com/\${org.externa	lKey]
Name Name for	mat (optional) Value	

15. Groups will be used in the assertion so that FortiEDR roles will be assigned according to the current groups in the Okta directory. For example, to assign the **Okta Engineering** group to have Admin roles on FortiEDR, add it to Okta as follows:

Administration

Name	Name format (optional)	Value		
	Unspecified +			•
Add Another				
GROUP ATTRIBUT	E STATEMENTS (OPTIONAL) Name format (optional)	Filter		
groups	Unspecified +	Contains +	Engineering	
Add Another		Starts with Equals Contains	Da	
RIBUTE STATEMEN	TS (OPTIONAL)	Matches regex		LEARN
Preview the SAI	ML assertion generated from t	the information abov	e	
<> Preview the SAN	/L Assertion			
			lo you entered above	

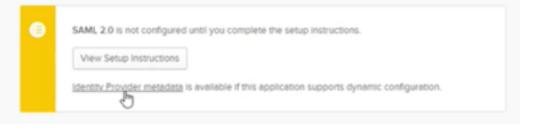
The mapping of this group to the FortiEDR Admin role is then performed in the SAML settings page of the FortiEDR Central Manager console as follows:

Attribute Name	groups			0
Role/Group mapping	User	->	mng_user	
	Local Admin	\rightarrow	mng_admin	
	Admin	\rightarrow	Engineering	
	API	\rightarrow		

16. Previewing the assertion should appear similar to the following example:

<pre></pre>
<saml2:assertion id="id80825067641464161630120810" issueinstant="2020-12-27T12:13:33.8382" version="2.0" xmlns:saml2="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"></saml2:assertion>
<saml2:issuer format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:entity">http://www.okta.com/Issuer</saml2:issuer>
- <sanl2:subject></sanl2:subject>
<saml2:nameid format="unr:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified">userName</saml2:nameid>
- <saml2:subjectconfirmation method="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:cm:bearer"></saml2:subjectconfirmation>
<saml2:subjectconfirmationdata notonorafter="2020-12-27T12:18:33.8712" recipient="https://sw.console.ensilo.com/saml/SSO/alias/1"></saml2:subjectconfirmationdata>
- <saml2:conditions notbefore="2020-12-27T12:08:33.8712" notonorafter="2020-12-27T12:18:33.8712"></saml2:conditions>
- <saml2:audiencerestriction></saml2:audiencerestriction>
<saml2:audience>https://sw.console.ensilo.com/saml/metadata/alias/1</saml2:audience>
- <saml2:authnstatement authninstant="2020-12-27T12:13:33.8382"></saml2:authnstatement>
- <saml2:authncontext></saml2:authncontext>
<saml2:authncontextclassref>urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:ac:classes:PasswordProtectedTransport</saml2:authncontextclassref>
- <saml2:attributestatement></saml2:attributestatement>
- <saml2:attribute name="groups" nameformat="um:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attriame-format:unspecified">>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>></saml2:attribute>
<pre><sam12:attributevalue xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:type="xs:string">GroupName Match Contains "Engineering" (ignores case) </sam12:attributevalue> GroupName Match Contains "Engineering" (ignores case) </pre>

- 17. Click Next and then click Finish.
- **18.** When you configure SAML SSO on the FortiEDR console, use the URL for **Identity Provide Metadata** from the application Sign On settings in Okta, as shown below:



19. Paste it into the FortiEDR Central Manager as follows:

IDP Metadata	File IRL Enter the SAML Identity Provider metadata URL	
	https://ensilo.okta.com/app/extintee.com/a	

Okta can now be used as an IdP that awards authorization and authentication to users trying to access the FortiEDR Central Manager console. When logging into FortiEDR console via the SSO URL that is specified under the SAML settings page, an Okta user is awarded access rights to the FortiEDR Central Manager according to the User Groups to which that user was added in Okta.

SAML IdP Configuration with FortiAuthenticator

FortiAuthenticator configuration is comprised of the following steps:

- 1. Setting up FortiAuthenticator as an IdP.
- 2. Setting up user group management (if not configured already).
- 3. Setting up service provider settings for FortiEDR.

FortiAuthenticator IdP Configuration

To configure general SAML IdP portal settings:

- 1. Go to Authentication > SAML IdP > General and select Enable SAML Identity Provider portal.
- 2. 2 Configure the following settings:

formation wi nter the IP ac elect one of f elect Add a r ssociated.	idget in t ddress c the provi realm to	the Dashboa or FQDN of t rided options	et enter a Device FQDN ard. the FortiAuthenticator s. In our example, we u ault local realm to whic	device. used username@	-	
elect one of t elect Add a r ssociated.	the provi realm to	ided options	s. In our example, we u	used username@	-	
elect Add a r ssociated.	ealm to	-	•		-	
ssociated.		add the defa	ault local realm to whic	ch the users will	be	
et the user's	login se					
ay). In our ex	•	Set the user's login session timeout limit to between 5 – 1440 minutes (one day). In our example, we used 500 minutes.				
elect a defau ropdown mei		cate the IdP	uses to sign SAML as	sertions from th	е	
it SAML Identity Provider Settings						
Server address: 10.1172.45 Username input format: Orealmusername Orealmusername Orealmusername						
Realms:	Default 0	Realm	Allow local users to override remote users	Groups 🛛	Delete	
	۲	local Local users	٦	Filter: [Edit] Filter local users: [Edit]	0	
Login service timeout		4400				
Login session timeout: 500 minutes (5-1440)						
li	III SAML Identity Provider Settings © Enable SAML Identity Provider I Device FQDN: Server address: Username input format: Realms:	III SAML Identity Provider Settings C Fable SAML Identity Provider portal Device FQDN: 10.51.122.65 Server address: 10.51.122.65 Username input format: 0 realmuser Realms: 0 realmuser Realms: 0 Default 0 Add a realm	It SAML Identity Provider Settings C Enable SAML Identity Provider portal Device FQDN: 10.51.122.65 Server address: 10.51.122.65 Usermane input format: extername(freahn c realm/usermane realm/usermane Realms: Default @ Reahn	It SAML Identity Provider Settings	III SAML Identity Provider Settings	

3. Click OK to apply these changes.

User Groups Management Settings on FortiAuthenticator

To configure on FortiAuthenticator the assertion attribute that will be used to map users' permissions to access FortiEDR:

- 1. Go to Authentication > User Management > User Groups.
- 2. Select Create New.

- 3. Specify a name for the group to be used for setting User access permissions for FortiEDR. In our example, we used groupuser.
- 4. In the **Users** section, select all the FortiAuthenticator users to be assigned with User permission to the FortiEDR Central Manager Console in order to add them to this User Group.
- 5. Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 5 above in order to also create Local Admin, Admin and API groups and in order to select the users to be assigned with these access permissions to the FortiEDR Central Manager Console.

In our example, we created a group named **groupadmin** and assigned this user the same Admin permissions to the FortiEDR Central Manager Console, as shown below:

Create New User Group			
Name:	groupadmin		
Туре:	 Local Remote LDAP Remote RADIUS Remote SAML MAC 		
Users:	Available users @	Selected users	
	Filter admin demo1 demo2ewew demo2org1 ecm_user john kim or1 sharon yosefc3	sam	•
	Choose all visible	Remove all	
Password policy:	Default 🖌		
Usage Profile	[Please Select] 🗸		
		ок	Cancel

Note – New or existing FortiAuthenticator users can also be configured into groups on the Local Users create and edit page.

Service Provider Settings for FortiEDR on FortiAuthenticator

To configure FortiEDR as a SAML service provider on FortiAuthenticator:

- 1. Go to Authentication > SAML IdP > Service Providers.
- 2. Select Create New.

Create New SAML Service Provider		
SP name:		
IDP prefix:	Generate prefix	
Server certificate:	Default-Server-Certificate C=US, ST=California, L=Sunnyvale, O=Fortinet, OU=Fortiauthenticator, CN=Default-Server-Certificate	4F2C01B6 ~
IDP single sign-on URL:	https:// /saml-idp/xxx/login/ 🖉	
IDP single logout URL:	https:// /saml-idp/xxx/logout/	
	Download IDP metadata Import SP metadata	
SP entity ID:		
SP ACS (login) URL:		Alternative ACS URLs
SP SLS (logout) URL:		
 Support IdP-initiated assertion r 	esponse	
Relay state:		
Participate in single logout		
SAML request must be signed b	y SP	
Certificate type:	SP certificate	
Certificate fingerprint:	Import certificate	
Fingerprint algorithm:		
Alternative certificate fingerprint	Import certificate	
Fingerprint algorithm:		
Use ACS URL from SP auther	itication request (override ACS URLs configured above)	
Authentication		
	Mandatory two-factor authentication Verify all configured authentication factors Password-only authentication Token-only authentication	
Bypass FortiToken authentication	on when user is from a trusted subnet [Configure subnets]	
Assertion Attributes		
Subject NameID:	Username	
Include realm name in subject N	lameID	
Format:	Unspecified 🗸	
Debugging Options		
	er automatically after successful authentication, wait for user input.	
Disable this service provider	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- 3. Fill in the following fields:
 - **SP name**: Enter a name for the FortiEDR SP.
 - **IDP prefix**: Select **Generate prefix** in order to generate a random 16-digit alphanumeric string or alternatively enter a prefix for the IDP that is appended to the end of the IDP URLs.
- 4. Click **Download IDP metadata** to save the FortiAuthenticator IDP data file to be used for uploading into FortiEDR. You may refer to step 3 in SAML Authentication on page 267 for more information.
- 5. Click Import SP metadata and select the SP data file that was downloaded from FortiEDR. You may refer to step 2 in SAML Authentication on page 267 for more information.

Administration

Import Service Provider	r Metadata	×
Filetype:	Metadata	
File:	Choose File fortiEDR.sptedata.id.1.xml	
	OK Cancel	

6. All other service provider configuration fields are auto-filled after the SP data file import:

FortiAuthenticator VM	FAC	C-VMTM20000586	
System	>	Successfully imported the metadata info	rmation. Please complete the rest of the configuration
Authentication	*	CD normal	
User Account Policies	>	SP name:	sharonhondap1
User Management	>	IDP prefix:	[Generate unique prefix]
💑 Self-service Portal	>	IDP certificate:	[Please Select]
🎂 Guest Portals	>	IDP address:	10.51.122.65
Remote Auth. Servers	>	IDP entity id:	http://10.51.122.65/saml-idp/r6wlojawy91inosx/metadata/
RADIUS Service	>	IDP single sign-on URL:	https://10.51.122.65/saml-idp/r6wlojawv91inosx/login/
LDAP Service	>	IDP single logout URL:	
OAuth Service	>	IDP single logout ORL:	https://10.51.122.65/saml-idp/r6wlojawy91inosx/logout/
📄 SAML IdP	*		[Download IDP metadata] [Import SP metadata]
General		SP entity ID:	https://metadata/alias/34005
Replacement Messages		SP ACS (login) URL:	https:///SSO/alias/34005 [Alternative ACS URLs]
Service Providers		SP SLS (logout) URL:	https://SingleLogout/alias/34005
FAC Agent Fortinet SSO Methods	>	SAML request must be signed	i by SP
Monitor	>	Certificate fingerprint:	4de bdda1 [Import SP certificate]
Certificate Management	>	Fingerprint algorithm:	sha256
Logging	>	Authentication	
2055115		Authentication method:	○ Enforce two-factor authentication
		Addientication metriou.	Apply two-factor authentication if available (authenticate any user) Password-only authentication (exclude users without a password) Fortificken-only authentication (exclude users without a Fortificken)
		Bypass FortiToken authentica	tion when user is from a trusted subnet [Configure subnets]
		Debugging Options	
		Assertion Attributes	
		Subject NameID:	Username V
		Format:	Unspecified 🖌
			OK Cancel

- 7. Click OK to apply the changes.
- 8. Go to Authentication > SAML IdP > Service Providers and double-click to open the Service Provider that you created in the previous step.
- 9. 9 In the SAML Attribute section, click Create New.
- 10. In the popup window, enter the attribute name that was configured in the FortiEDR SAML Authentication settings and select FortiAuthenticator Group as the User Attribute.

In our example, we use **fortiedr_role** as an attribute name, as shown below:

Attribute Name	fortiedr_role			?
Role/Group mapping				
	User	\rightarrow	groupuser	
	Local Admin	\rightarrow		
	Admin	\rightarrow	groupadmin	
	API	\rightarrow		

And therefore the configuration on FortiAuthenticator appears as follows:

Create New Assertion Attribute		×
SAML attribute:	fortiedr_role	
User attribute:	Group 🗸	
	OK Cancel	

11. Click OK to save the changes.

FortiAuthenticator can now be used as the IdP, which provides authorization and authentication for users trying to access the FortiEDR Central Manager Console. When logging into the FortiEDR Console via the SSO url that is specified in the SAML settings page, a FortiAuthenticator user is awarded access permissions to the FortiEDR Central Manager according to the User Groups into which he/she was added.

Distribution Lists

The **DISTRIBUTION LISTS** option enables you to specify recipients who will receive an email each time a security event is triggered by FortiEDR.

Note - You must configure SMTP before using the Distribution List option. For more details, see SMTP on page 288.

Note – Emails are only sent for security events that occur on devices that are part of Collector Groups that are assigned to a Playbook policy in which the Send Email Notification option is checked.

Each email contains all the raw data items collected by FortiEDR about that security event. The system is provided with a Distribution List called All Recipients that contains all FortiEDR Central Manager users. All other recipients that are added to the system are also automatically added to the **All Recipients** list.

	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER (*) FORENSICS-V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V (*) SECURITY SETTINGS-V INVENTORY-V (*) ADMINISTRATION (**)	Protection V
LICENSING	DISTRIBUTION LISTS	NOTIFICATIONS
ORGANIZATIONS	🚅 Create List 🍵 Delete List 📑 Add Recipient 🍵 Delete Recipient 🖄 Assign To List	
	NAME TITLE FIRST NAME LAST NAME EMAIL	
USERS	D All Recipients	No notifications can be set for this distribution list

This window displays a row for each Distribution List. Click the Solution in a row to view the recipients assigned to that list.

Use the Create List button to create a new Distribution List.

Use the Add Recipient button to add a recipient/user to a Distribution List.

	DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER B FORENSIC		N CONTROL V 308	SECURITY SETTINGS	INVENTORY 193 ADM	MINISTRATION 1610	Protection 🗸 💦 🗸
LICENSING	DISTRIBUTION LISTS						NOTIFICATIONS
ORGANIZATIONS	📑 Create List 🝵 Delete List 📔 陆 Add Recipient 🍵 Delete Recipie	nt 📔 Assign To List					
	NAME	TITLE	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	EMAIL I Show	wing 1-1/1 🕨 ы	
USERS	v 🗌 All Recipients						No notifications can be set for this distribution list
		Tech Writer	Barbara	Sher	barbara@docustar.co.il	🞸 Edit	
		Product	Einat	Yellin	einat@ensilo.com	🎸 Edit	
		Einaty	Einaty	Einaty	Einaty@Einaty	🎸 Edit	
EXPORT SETTINGS		Cognit	Tzafit	Tirkel	tzafit@cognit.co.il	🎸 Edit	
		aaaa	8888	aaaa	aaaa@f.com	🞸 Edit	
TOOLS		🗌 bbbb	bbbb	bbbb	bbbb@g.com	🞸 Edit	

Select a distribution list row and then use the Enabled/Disabled option in the NOTIFICATIONS pane on the right to enable or disable the list per event type (system events or security events).

	✓ DASHBOA	RD EVENT VIEW	R 19 FORENSICS V	COMMUNICATION C	DNTROL~	SECURITY SETTINGS♥	INVENTORY~ 194	ADMINISTRATION 1612	Protection V
LICENSING	DISTRIBUTION LISTS								NOTIFICATIONS
ORGANIZATIONS	📑 Create List 📋 Delete List	t 📔 🔛 Add Recipient	Delete Recipient	Assign To List					
	ORGANIZATION	NAME		TITLE	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	EMAIL 🖂 🔍 Sh	owing 1-17/100 🕨 🕨	
USERS	All organizations	mjhfvgjm	🎸 Edit List						Security Events ① Disabled
	▷ Diorgolf444	All Recipients							System Events ① Disabled
	D organization10	All Recipients							
	organization10	keren	🞸 Edit List						

Export Settings

The **EXPORT SETTINGS** option provides access to the following options:

- SMTP on page 288
- Open Ticket on page 288
- Syslog on page 289

SMTP

The SMTP option enables you to configure the SMTP server to be used for sending emails. You can also check the connectivity to the SMTP server.

		Protection V
LICENSING	SMTP	
ORGANIZATIONS	Server Name * Inet Email address * sup com Test	🗈 Save 🔜 Clear
USERS	Port * 2525 ✓ Use SMTP authentication	
DISTRIBUTION	Encryption type TLS User name *	
LISTS	Sender Name Password *	
EXPORT SETTINGS		
TOOLS	OPEN TICKET	
SYSTEM EVENTS	System name Email address *	Save 🔤 Clear
IP SETS	* Used for receiving tickets from all organizations	
	SYSLOG	NOTIFICATIONS
	Define New Syslog	

Note - In a single-organization system, SMTP settings are only accessible in Hoster view (for administrators), or to the local administrator of that organization

To configure SMTP server settings:

• In the SMTP area, enter standard SMTP settings and then click **Save**.

To test SMTP server connectivity:

• In the SMTP area, click Test. An error message displays if there is no connectivity to the server.

			Save	🔜 👷 Clear
Test	×	Connection to SMTP server		
		failed. Please check the SMTP		
		settings.		

Open Ticket

The **Open Ticket** option enables you to send events to an event-management tool such as Jira or ServiceNow. Open Ticket automatically opens a ticket and attaches the relevant event to a ticket.

In order for the Open Ticket feature to work properly, you must set up an email feed in the event-management tool to be used.

Note – Most event-management tools are supported. FortiEDR has tested and verified that Open Ticket works with the ServiceNow and Jira systems. For more details about setting up the email feed required for this feature, see Appendix A – Setting up an Email Feed for Open Ticket on page 372.

Note – Security events are only sent to a ticketing system when they occur on devices that are part of Collector Groups that are assigned to a Playbook policy in which the **Open Ticket** option is checked.

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER (8 FORENSICS COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 30 SECURITY SETTINGS INVENTORY (9) ADMINISTRATION (55)	Protection V
LICENSING	OPEN TICKET	
ORGANIZATIONS	System name Email address *	Save 🔤 Clear
USERS		
	SYSLOG	NOTIFICATIONS
DISTRIBUTION	Define New Systog	
EXPORT SETTINGS		

To configure Open Ticket settings:

- 1. In the Open Ticket area, in the **System name** field, enter the system name for the tool to be used for event management. This is a free-text field.
- 2. In the **Email address** field, enter the email address that is the destination to which all tickets are to be sent from FortiEDR. All tickets from all organizations are sent to this email.
- 3. Click Save.

Syslog

The SYSLOG option enables you to configure FortiEDR to automatically send FortiEDR events to one or more standard Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) solutions via Syslog.

The FortiEDR Central Manager server sends the raw data for security event aggregations. Each entry contains a raw data ID and an event ID. Raw data items belonging to the same security event aggregation share the same event ID, which enables the SIEM to combine them into one security event on the SIEM side, in order to remain aligned with the FortiEDR system.

	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 🚯 FORENSICS V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 🗃 SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V 🙂 ADMANSTRATION (65)	Protection V
LICENSING	OPEN TICKET	
ORGANIZATIONS	System name Email address *	Save 🔤 Clear
USERS		NOTIFICATIONS
DISTRIBUTION	SYSLOG	NOTIFICATIONS
LISTS	Name: * Host. * Port. * Protocol: TCP - Use SSL: - Use	
SETTINGS		

Use the **Define New Syslog** button to define a new Syslog destination. The **Syslog Name** is a free-text field that identifies this destination in the FortiEDR.

Note – Syslog messages are only sent for security events that occur on devices that are part of Collector Groups that are assigned to a Playbook policy in which the **Send Syslog Notification** option is checked.

All other fields are standard Syslog parameters that the FortiEDR Central Manager is able to send. Check the checkbox of the fields that you want to be sent to your Syslog.

Select a syslog destination row and then use the sliders in the NOTIFICATIONS pane on the right to enable or disable the destination per event type (system events, security events or audit trail).



Warning: If syslog is configured for both Hoster view and an organization, two syslog events will be sent.

Syslog Notifications

Syslog includes the following types of notifications:

Notification Type	Fields
Security Event	 Event ID Device Name Process Path Certificate Last Seen Severity Count MAC Address Source IP Raw Data ID Process Name Process Name Process Type First Seen Destination Action Rules List Classification ID Opganization ID Operating System Script Script Path Country Users Device State Autonomous System Process Hash Threat Name Threat Type
System Events on page 307	Component Type

Notification Type	Fields
	Component NameDescriptionDate
Audit Trail on page 292	 Date Module Username Action Description

Syslog Message

The order of the fields in the Syslog message is as follows:

- 1. Organization
- 2. Organization ID
- 3. Event ID
- 4. Raw Data ID
- 5. Device Name
- 6. Device State
- 7. Operating System
- 8. Process Name
- 9. Process Path
- 10. Process Type
- 11. Severity
- 12. Classification
- 13. Destination
- 14. First Seen
- 15. Last Seen
- 16. Action
- 17. Count
- 18. Certificate
- 19. Rules List
- 20. Users
- 21. MAC Address
- 22. Script
- 23. Script Path
- 24. Autonomous System
- 25. Country
- 26. Process Hash
- 27. Source IP

Syslog Message Format

The Syslog message contains the following sections:

- 1. Facility Code: All messages have the value 16 (Custom App).
- 2. Severity: All messages have the value 5 (Notice).
- 3. MessageType: Enables you to differentiate between syslog message categories Security Event, System Event or Audit.
- Message Text: Contains the name and value of all the selected fields.
 For example, Device name: Laptop123. Each field is separated by a semi-colon (;).

Note - Regarding time values in system events :

- Syslog events time is expressed in UTC format.
- For system and audit events, the timestamp is the Central Manager's time when the event occurred.
- For security events, the timestamp is the Collector device's time when the event occurred.

Tools

The TOOLS option provides access to the following options:

Option	Reference
Audit Trail	Audit Trail on page 292
Component Authentication	Component Authentication on page 295
Automatic Updates	Automatic Collector Updates on page 295
File Scan	File Scan on page 296
End-user Notifications	End-user Notifications on page 297
IoT Device Discovery	IoT Device Discovery on page 300
Personal Data Handling	Personal Data Handling on page 301
Windows Security Center	Windows Security Center on page 306

Audit Trail

FortiEDR's audit mechanism records every user action in the FortiEDR system. System actions are not recorded. You can download the audit trail to a *.csv file for further analysis.

Each time a new audit trail is created, it can be sent through the Syslog.

Administration

LICENSING	AUDIT TRAIL Download audit trail From 🛱 To 🛱 Generate Audit	
USERS DISTRIBUTION LISTS EXPORT	COMPONENT AUTHENTICATION Display the device registration password Display The device registration password is required in order to install or uninstall components from the system AUTOMATIC UPDATES	
SETTINGS TOOLS SYSTEM EVENTS	Automatically update Collectors to the latest revision FILE SCAN	
IP SETS	Malicious files that are found during scan will trigger Execution Prevention security event Periodic Scan Perform scheduled scan Prequency ButWeekly v Day Monday v Hours 1:00 PM Frequency ButWeekly v Day Monday v Hours 1:00 PM Periodic Scan Periodic Scan	
	All Collectors Collectors Collectors Colle	
	END USERS NOTIFICATIONS Sove	

To generate the audit trail:

- 1. Click the **TOOLS** link in the left pane.
- 2. In the AUDIT TRAIL area, specify the From and To dates in the respective fields.
- 3. Click the Generate Audit button. A progress window displays:

GENERATE AUDIT	×
100%	
Successfully generated audit trail	
Download	Close

4. Click the **Download** link to download the audit trail to a *.csv file. An Excel file, such as the example shown below, displays:

K J 47 - C4	nsert Page Layout	Formulas Da	ata Reviev	v Viev	u Acrobat		au	dit_11+02+202	0_to_12-0	2-2020_11896095	7871199741.csv •	Microsoft Exce	d									0 - ₽
	nsert Page Layout	Formulas Da	ata Keviev	v viev	W Acrobat																	
Cut	Calibri -	11 * A* A*	= = =	\$\$/~~	Wrap Text	General			d	Normal	Bad	Good	Neutral				1	Σ Auto	Sum * A	r 🛍 .	Б	
Paste	B Z U * 1	- <u>A</u> - <u>A</u> -	$\equiv \equiv \equiv$	律律	Merge & Center	- \$ - %	· *.0 .0	Conditional Formatting	Format	Check Cell	Explanatory	Input	Linked Cell	Note			Delete For	nat	Sort	& Find &	Translate	
	G Font	6		Alignm	ent	s Nu	mber	Formatting	as lable -			Styles					Cells	CZ CILL	Editing	r* select*	Document	
D37	- (= X √ f* Col	lector [ga-perf	formance-2-	Test 11 w	vas deleted																	
A	B	C C								D						F		6	н		1	ĸ
1 Date and Time S		User Name	-	Descripti	ion.					U						E	r	0	n		1	ĸ
2 2/12/2020 14:41 A		Barbara			il from 11-02-2020 t	0 12 02 202	0 was goner	ated														
3 2/12/2020 14:40 A		Barbara			il from 11-02-2020 t																	
4 2/12/2020 14:15 S		Barbara		System lo		0 12-02-202	to was gener	ateu														
5 2/12/2020 13:34 9		Barbara		System lo																		
6 2/12/2020 12:46 S		Barbara			ectors version "3.1.	S revision 1	4" for Collor	tor group/r []	nridorrly	war undated												
7 2/12/2020 12:44 5		Barbara			ically update collect					vas upuateu												
8 2/12/2020 12:42 5		Barbara			ically update collect																	
9 2/12/2020 12:28 E		Barbara			145793] sent to for		latest versio	ii was enable	u													
10 2/12/2020 12:27 E		Barbara			141353] sent to for																	
10 2/12/2020 12:27 C		Barbara			145793] sent to for																	
12 2/12/2020 12:20 E		Barbara			166577, 166692, 170		o foroncios															
12 2/12/2020 12:20 E		Barbara			142194, 142211, 152			nt to forenric	*													
14 2/12/2020 12:14 E		Barbara			145793, 145803] ser			in to forensic														
15 2/12/2020 12:14 S		Barbara		System lo		in to forensi	105															
16 2/12/2020 12:14 S		Barbara		System lo																		
10 2/12/2020 12:14 3 17 2/12/2020 12:13 E		Barbara			142194, 142211, 152	054 14000	1400001															
17 2/12/2020 12:13 E		Barbara			142194, 142211, 152 142194, 142211, 152																	
	Communication Contro				142194, 142211, 152 ion [Windows Upda					0011 from vondo	Microsoft Corne	votion] une m	arked as resolved									
20 2/12/2020 12:09 E		Barbara			[163078, 171302] ser			r (winbunu.)	.00101.08	Jojj nom vendor	[microsoft corpo	station was in	laikeu as resolveu									
20 2/12/2020 12:09 E		Barbara			163078, 171302] ser [163078, 171302] ser																	
22 2/12/2020 12:07 E		lior		System lo		nt to rorensi	ics															
23 2/12/2020 12:05 3 23 2/12/2020 11:56 E		Barbara			142194, 142211, 152	054 14000	1422201.00	et to forencie														
23 2/12/2020 11:56 E		Barbara			[142194, 142211, 152 r [Panda1] was unis		5, 142220] 50	in to forensic	3													
24 2/12/2020 11:56 I 25 2/12/2020 11:52 I		Barbara			r [Panda1] was unis r [Panda1] was isola																	
25 2/12/2020 11:32 T 26 2/12/2020 11:49 E		Barbara			180468] sent to for																	
27 2/12/2020 11:49 E		Barbara			were marked as rea																	
27 2/12/2020 11:46 E		Barbara		2 events System lo		au																
20 2/12/2020 11:46 S 29 2/12/2020 11:46 S		Barbara			ogin failed																	
29 2/12/2020 11:48 S 30 2/12/2020 10:19 S		lior		System lo																		
30 2/12/2020 10:13 3 31 2/12/2020 9:41 A		lior			very was enabled																	
31 2/12/2020 9:41 A 32 2/12/2020 9:41 A		lior			very was enabled vas stopped																	
32 2/12/2020 9:41 A 33 2/12/2020 9:41 S		lior		System lo																		
33 2/12/2020 9:41 3 34 2/12/2020 9:16 A		lior			ogin tarted on Collector	104 40001																
34 2/12/2020 9:16 A 35 2/12/2020 9:16 A		lior				[214980]																
35 2/12/2020 9:16 A 36 2/12/2020 9:14 A		lior			vas stopped tarted on Collector	[214000]																
36 2/12/2020 9:14 A 37 2/12/2020 9:13 I		lior			r [qa-performance-]		as delete "								_							
		lior					as deleted															
38 2/12/2020 9:13 I 39 2/12/2020 9:13 A		lior			vice(s) were delete vas stopped	zu																
						[as scan]																
40 2/12/2020 9:11 A		lior			tarted on Collector	[214628]																
41 2/12/2020 9:11 A	Administration 02-2020_to_12-02-20	lior		IOT disco	very was disabled							[] €									_	Þ

Each row in the audit trail file contains the following columns of information:

Field	Definition
Date and Time	Displays the date and time in the format yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss.
Sub system	Displays the change type, such as System, Configuration, Administration, Forensics, Events, Inventory, Communication Control or Health.
User Name	Displays the name of the user.
Description	Displays the action and/or a description.

The following actions can be audited:

- System actions
- Policy actions
- Forensic actions
- Administrative actions
- Events
- Inventory actions
- System health changes

Note – If an employee's/user's data was removed from FortiEDR for GDPR compliance, then the affected record for that person still displays in the audit trail but shows GDPR_ANONYMIZE instead of actual user data. For example, as shown below:

6/20/2018 15:57 Administration	admin	GDPR report was generated
6/20/2018 15:57 System	GDPR_ANONYMIZE	System login
6/20/2018 15:57 Administration	admin	GDPR Deletion

Component Authentication

In order to install, upgrade or uninstall a Collector, you must supply the Aggregator password. The Aggregator password is the same for all Collectors in the FortiEDR system. This password is defined during initial system installation. For more details, see Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383.

If you forget the Aggregator password, you can use the COMPONENT AUTHENTICATION option to retrieve it.

To retrieve the Aggregator password:

- 1. Click the TOOLS link in the left pane.
- 2. In the **COMPONENT AUTHENTICATION** area, click the **Display** button. The following window displays, showing the retrieved password.

DEVICE REGISTRA	TION PASSWORD	×
Registration password:	M	
	Close)

Automatic Collector Updates

The Automatic Collector Updates feature updates the revision for a given FortiEDR version. The revision number is the fourth digit of the FortiEDR version number. For example, for FortiEDR version 3.1.0.x, x indicates the revision number.

When the **Automatically update Collectors to the latest revision** checkbox is checked, whenever the content contains a new build only (for example, 2.7.0.15 is a new build of 2.7.0.5), all Collectors are uploaded to that build. This means that all Collectors in all Collector Groups in all environments and operating systems are updated to the latest FortiEDR revision available (as provided by Fortinet using the Load Content feature). For more details about the Load Content feature, see Content Updates on page 24.

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	
LICENSING	AUDIT TRAIL Download audit trail From 03-Nov-2020 🛱 To 06-Nov-2020 🛱 Generate Audit
USERS DISTRIBUTION LISTS	COMPONENT AUTHENTICATION Display the device registration password Display The device registration password is required in order to install components from the system
EXPORT SETTINGS	AUTOMATIC UPDATES

To update a FortiEDR version, use the Update Collector Version feature described in Updating the Collector Version on page 253.

File Scan

FortiEDR can perform periodic scans of the files in the system on a scheduled or on-demand basis, based on its execution prevention policy. During a periodic scan, only the files on the hard drive are scanned and no memory scan is performed. For a periodic scan, each file on the hard drive is scanned. If a malicious file is identified during a scan, a security event is triggered.

To schedule a periodic scan:

- 1. Click the TOOLS link in the left pane.
- 2. In the FILE SCAN area, check the **Perform Scheduled Scan** checkbox. This checkbox must be checked to perform the scan according to the designated schedule.

eriodic Scan		Ad hoc scan	
Perform scheduled scan Last scan: 25-Oct-2020	Save	All Collectors Collector Groups Collectors	
Frequency Weekly v Day Sunday v Hours 4:00 AM v		Scan executable files only	
All Collectors Collector Groups Collectors			Scan now
Scan executable files only			

- 3. In the Frequency dropdown list, select how frequently to execute the scan. Options are Weekly, Bi-Weekly (every two weeks) or Monthly.
- 4. In the Day dropdown list, select the day of the week to execute the scan.
- 5. In the Hours dropdown list, select the hour of the day to execute the scan.
- 6. Use the radio button to select on which devices the scheduled scan should be performed. When selecting Collector Groups or Collectors, you should specify which Groups or Collectors should be included in the scan. Devices that are not listed here are not scanned.
- 7. Click the **Save** button. The scan is performed as scheduled.

To perform an on-demand file scan:

- 1. Click the TOOLS link in the left pane.
- 2. In the Ad hoc scan area, select which devices to scan by specifying one or more Collectors or Collector Groups, or selecting the All Collectors option to scan all devices with installed Collectors.

Ad hoc scan		
All Collectors Collector Groups	Collectors	
Scan executable files only		Scan now
		Scarriow

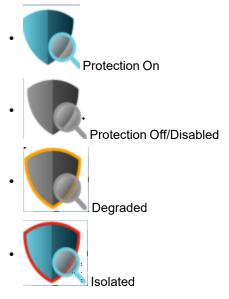
- 3. Check the Scan executable files only checkbox to only scan executable files. This option enables a quicker scan, but neglects documents, scripts and other potentially malicious files.
- 4. Click Scan now. The scan is performed immediately.

End-user Notifications

Each device protected by FortiEDR can display an icon in the system tray to indicate its state.



The FortiEDR icon indicates the current state of the device, as follows:



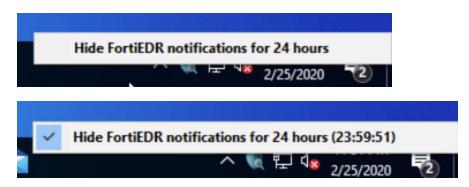
Note – Terminating a FortiEDR process ends this process and stops the display of the FortiEDR icon in the system tray, but does not stop FortiEDR protection.

When the FortiEDR icon is configured to display on FortiEDR-protected devices, a popup message displays whenever something is blocked on a protected device (based on the blocking policy set for that device). File modifications (due to suspected ransomware), the exfiltration of external connections and execution prevention actions can be blocked. For example, the following shows that a TCP port listening action was blocked for the **DynamicCodeListenTests.exe** process.



Note- This notification is displayed only once for the same process. If the same process is blocked multiple times, only a single FortiEDR pop up is displayed.

You can choose to show or hide end-user notifications (pop-ups) for the next 24 hours. To do so, right-click the FortiEDR icon in the system tray and then check the checkbox to hide notifications or leave the checkbox unchecked to display notifications.



You can double click the FortiEDR icon in the system tray to review recent blocking activity on the device as shown below. Each row includes a single event (that can be composed of multiple occurrences) and displays the process name, the first and last occurrences times, the process ID and the type of blocking: either security or communication control.

				Q			
Process	First Seen	Last Seen	PID		1		
msedge.exe	7/1/2021 10:31:01	7/1/2021 10:31:54	2296	\sim	I		
firefox.exe	7/1/2021 10:30:12	7/1/2021 10:30:12	10388	\sim			
DynamicCodeListenTests.exe	5/23/2021 11:40:18	5/23/2021 11:40:18	4208	\sim			
DynamicCodeTests.exe	5/23/2021 11:49:03	5/23/2021 11:49:03	1980	\sim			
StackPivotTests.exe	5/23/2021 11:49:07	5/23/2021 11:49:07	4172	\sim			
	DR Protection ON n 5.0.3.206 Process msedge.exe firefox.exe DynamicCodeListenTests.exe DynamicCodeTests.exe	DR Protection ON n 5.0.3.206 Process msedge.exe 7/1/2021 10:31:01 firefox.exe 7/1/2021 10:30:12 DynamicCodeListenTests.exe 5/23/2021 11:40:18 DynamicCodeTests.exe	DR Protection ON n 5.0.3.205 Process First Seen Msedge.exe 7/1/2021 10:31:01 7/1/2021 10:31:01 7/1/2021 10:31:54 firefox.exe 7/1/2021 10:30:12 DynamicCodeListenTests.exe 5/23/2021 11:40:18 DynamicCodeTests.exe 5/23/2021 11:49:03	DR Protection ON N Process Process First Seen Last Seen PID msedge.exe 7/1/2021 10:31:01 7/1/2021 10:30:12 firefox.exe 7/1/2021 10:30:12 DynamicCodeListenTests.exe 5/23/2021 11:40:18 5/23/2021 11:40:18 5/23/2021 11:49:03 5/23/2021 11:49:03	DR Protection ON n 5.0.3.206 C n 5.0.3.206 First Seen Last Seen PID msedge.exe 7/1/2021 10:31:01 7/1/2021 10:31:54 2296 C firefox.exe 7/1/2021 10:30:12 7/1/2021 10:30:12 10388 C DynamicCodeListenTests.exe 5/23/2021 11:40:18 5/23/2021 11:40:18 4208 C		

Expanding the arrow on the right of each event reveals more details per event including the process path and the number of occurrences of the same blocking event:

F						>	×
		5.0.3.206				Q	
Activi	ity Log						
Policy		Process	First Seen	Last Seen	PID		^
0	Security	msedge.exe	7/1/2021 10:31:01	7/1/2021 10:31:54	2296	^	T
	Network con	nection blocked					
	Path: \Device	e\HarddiskVolume4\Program Files (x	86) \Microsoft \Edge \Applica	ation\msedge.exe			
	Count: 7						
0	Security	firefox.exe	7/1/2021 10:30:12	7/1/2021 10:30:12	10388	\sim	
0	Security	DynamicCodeListenTests.exe	5/23/2021 11:40:18	5/23/2021 11:40:18	4208	\sim	
							۷
Hio	de notifications	s for 24 hours					

FortiEDR Icon Configuration

The behavior of the FortiEDR icon in the system tray must be configured in the Administration tab.

To configure FortiEDR icon behavior:

- **1.** 1 Click the **TOOLS** link in the left pane.
- 2. In the END USERS NOTIFICATION area, configure the following settings:

ID USERS NOTIFICATIONS
Show System Tray Icon with Collector Status
Show a Pop-up Message for Any Prevention Activity
Contact your system administrator if a trusted application is blocked.
Note: Maximum 250 characters

Setting	Definition
Show System Tray Icon with Collector Status	Check this checkbox to display the FortiEDR icon on each FortiEDR-protected device or leave the checkbox unchecked to hide the icon on each protected

Setting	Definition
	device. Your selection here is applied on all protected devices. The default is checked.
Show a Pop-up Message for Any Prevention Activity	Check this checkbox to enable the display of pop-up messages (end-user notifications) on FortiEDR-protected devices. Pop-up messages display whenever a process was prevented. By default, the name of the activity of the blocked process is displayed in the pop-up message. The default is checked.

In the text box below these two checkboxes, you can customize the text that is displayed in the pop-up message. Enter the text you want to display in the text box.

3. Click the Save button.

IoT Device Discovery

IoT device discovery enables you to continuously perform discovery to identify newly connected non-workstation devices in the system, such as printers, cameras, media devices and so on. During the discovery process, each relevant Collector in the system periodically probes all its nearby neighboring devices. Most nearby devices will respond to these requests by pinging the originating Collector device and providing information about itself, such as its device/host name (for example, ABC PC, Camera123), IP address and so on.

Such discovered devices can be seen in the **IOT DEVICES** page, as described in IoT Devices on page 110.

Note – The following default configuration applies to IoT scans by the FortiEDR Collectors:

- For operational reasons, Collectors that are running on servers or Collectors that are reported to be in one of the following states: degraded, disabled or isolated Collectors do not take part in the IoT probing process.
- In order to refrain from scans on home or other non-enterprise networks, only subnets in which there is a minimal number of Windows Collectors are scanned in order to find Connected IoT devices.
- Extremely large subnets are excluded from scans.

If needed, in order to tune the scans to be more comprehensive and more granular, contact Fortinet Support who will change the default configuration.

IOT DEVICE DISCOVERY				Save
 Perform ongoing device discovery 	Ad hoc network discovery	Select Collector 🔹	Test ?	
Exclude Collector groups				
\checkmark Consider devices with different external IP(s) as separated ones				
Inventory Auto Grouping Category +				

To enable IoT device discovery, check the **Perform ongoing device discovery** checkbox. Note that when doing so, all relevant Collectors in the system perform sniffing in order to identify new connected devices in the system. When performing this discovery process, FortiEDR uses only the most powerful Collectors in each sub-network to perform sniffing, and excludes weaker Collectors for this process (disabled and degraded Collectors). This means that FortiEDR collects all the required information in the most efficient manner possible.

You can exclude specific Collector Groups from this discovery process. To do so, select the relevant Collector Group(s) in the **Exclude Collector Groups** dropdown list.

By default and when your organization has more than a single external IP address, FortiEDR ignores the external IP address of the IoT device while identifying and matching them. You can choose to list devices that use different external IP addresses separately by unchecking the checkbox next to **the Consider devices with different external IP(s) as separated ones** option. However, in this case the same device might be listed more than once in the IoT inventory page.

The Inventory **Auto Grouping** option enables you to group discovered devices by device type. For example, cameras, network devices, media devices, printers and so on. Select the **Category** option in the dropdown list to group discovered devices by device type or **None**. When you select Category, devices are auto-grouped in the **IOT DEVICES** page, as shown onloT Devices on page 110

Click the **Save** button to save the configuration.

We recommend testing IoT the device discovery process to ensure that it works as expected across all your organizations before enabling the on-going periodic network scan. Testing can only be performed when IoT device discovery is not enabled, meaning the **Perform ongoing device discovery** checkbox is not checked. Select the Collector to use to test the IoT device discovery process in the **Ad Hoc Network Discovery** dropdown list and then click the **Test** button, as shown below.

T DEVICE DISCOVERY					1	 53	Save
Perform ongoing device discovery Last discovery: 24-Nov-2020	Ad hoc network discovery	Select Collector	Test ⑦				
Exclude Collector groups -		Einat-PC	Ī —				
Inventory Auto Grouping Category *		ENSW-LAP108					
Category		ensw-lap117					
		ENSW-LAP118					

The selected Collector sniffs the network once to identify new connected devices. After the test discovery process begins, you can stop it at any time by clicking the **Stop** button. In all cases, the scan will be stopped within a predefined time period (usually 30 minutes).

Ad hoc network discovery	Einat-PC	•	Test 🕐
🎇 In progress Sto	P		

Personal Data Handling

The FortiEDR system fully complies with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) standard. The GDPR is a regulation in European Union (EU) law regarding data protection and privacy for all individuals within the EU and the European Economic Area (EEA). It also addresses the export of personal data outside the EU and EEA areas. The goal of the GDPR is primarily to give control to citizens and residents over their personal data and to simplify the regulatory environment for international business by unifying the regulation within the EU.

The GDPR standard requires that all relevant data for an employee of a company that is using the FortiEDR system or a FortiEDR user be removed from the FortiEDR system, once he/she no longer has access to or uses the FortiEDR system.

In FortiEDR, the GDPR feature is implemented in the Personal Data Handling area of the Tools window.

PERSONAL DATA HANDLING

Search by	•		Search
Export repo	rt of monitored users	Export	

To fully comply with the GDPR standard, the employee's/user's device name, IP address, MAC address and user name must all be totally removed from the FortiEDR system. This data is deleted from FortiEDR in real time, from everywhere that it appears in the FortiEDR system (for example, from the Inventory, Event Viewer, Audit Trail and so on).

The GDPR regulation obligates you to notify your users, should the FortiEDR system be hacked. You can use the Export report of monitored users button to export the list of monitored users in the FortiEDR system. This action exports a report such as the one shown below:

X		Users_report12-F	eb-2020-14-55.xlsx - Microsoft Exc	el		-
File Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data	Review View Acrobat					
K Cut Calibri ~ 16 ~ A A A ■	= = ≫·· = General	- 👪 🗾 🛛	Normal Bad	Good Neutral	Calculation	
Paste 🗸 Format Painter 🖪 🖌 🗓 👻 🖽 🖛 🖾 🗸 📕	E 👅 ≡ 津 津 🖼 Merge & Center × 💲 × % ・ ‰ .	Conditional Format Formatting * as Table *	Check Cell Explanatory	Input Linked Cell	Note Insert Delet	e Format ↓ Clear ▼ Sort & Find & Translate ↓ Document
Clipboard ra Font ra	Alignment 🕫 Number	G .	Sty	les	Cells	Editing
B1 ▼ (f _x liorgolf444						
A	В	С	D	E	F	G
	liorgolf444	Report created by user	Barbara on 12-Feb-2020, 14:55	Confidential		
2 Users		1				
3 USER NAME						
4						
6						
7						
8						
9 10						
11						
12						
13						

To remove employee/user data from the FortiEDR system for GDPR compliance:

1. Uninstall the Collector from the employee's/user's computer. This step is important, so that no further data is collected from that Collector. For more details about uninstalling, see page 55.

Note – Be sure to do this for all the employee's/user's computers on which Collectors are installed.

- 2. Click the TOOLS link in the left pane.
- 3. In the Personal Data Handling area you must specify the device name, IP address, MAC address and user name of the employee/user to be removed from FortiEDR.

Note – If the employee/user has multiple computers on which Collectors are installed, you must repeat the steps below for each of his/her computers.

Removing an employee/user for GDPR compliance requires an iterative process in FortiEDR that must be performed four times, in order to remove the device name, IP address, MAC address and user name of the employee/user successively, one after another. You can remove this data in any order that you prefer. For the purpose of example, we will start by removing all Device name data for the employee/user.

IMPORTANT – You can remove the device name, IP address, MAC address and user name of the employee/user from FortiEDR in any order that you prefer. However, you must remove all device name, IP address, MAC address and user name data from FortiEDR in order to fully comply with the GDPR standard.

- 4. In the Search by dropdown list, select Device name. This field determines which criterion to search for in the FortiEDR system (device name, IP address, MAC address or user name).
- 5. In the adjacent field, enter the device name for the employee/user whose data you want to remove.

	Device name		
	IP address		
	MAC address		
PERSON	User name	LING	
Search by	•		Search
Export report	of monitored users	Export	

You can copy/paste this information into the adjacent field after locating it elsewhere in the FortiEDR user interface. For example, you can locate the relevant device name in the Last Logged column in the Collectors list in the Inventory window, such as shown below, and then copy that value into the relevant field in the Personal Data Handling area. Similarly, you can also readily locate the MAC address and IP address using the Collectors list in the Inventory window.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 118			N CONTROL 🗸 1129			ADMINISTRATION 29		Protectio	
COLLECTORS (11/12)						I d d Sho	wing 1-15/23 🕨	▶I Search Collector	s ▼Q
All V Storeate Group Sto Move to Group 🖀 Delete V (Enable/Disabl	e∨ ⊈isolate∨ [🖪 Export 🗸 🚬 Uninst	all					
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVIC	E NAME	LAST LOGGED	os	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group (0/0)									
▷ □ 86 a (0/0)									
▷ □ ೫ ^A (0/0)									
▷ ■ # Accounting (0/0)									
▷ □ ೫ A Victim (0/0)									
Default VDI Group (0/0)									
	DESK	TOP-RMR9S1H-0-Test_6	None	Windows 7		05-50-56-BE-79-A2	3.0.0.36	 Disconnected (Expired) 	916 days ago
	DESK	TOP-RMR9S1H-0-Test_7	None	Windows 7		06-50-56-BE-79-A2	3.0.0.36	 Disconnected (Expired) 	916 days ago
	DESK	TOP-RMR9S1H-0-Test_8	None	Windows 7		07-50-56-BE-79-A2	3.0.0.36	 Disconnected (Expired) 	916 days ago
	DESK	TOP-RMR9S1H-0-Test_9	None	Windows 7		08-50-56-BE-79-A2	3.0.0.36	 Disconnected (Expired) 	916 days ago
	Tzafit	-Lenovo	FIT-LENOVO\Tzafit	Windows 10 Pro	192.168.14.37	F8-63-3F-AF-28-A5, 8C	3.1.0.407	Disconnected	Today

In a similar manner, you can locate the user name in the Event Viewer, and then copy/paste that information into the adjacent field in the Personal Data Handling area, as shown below:

DASHBOARD EVEN VIEWER (18)		TROL 🗸 🗤 security settings 🗸 inventory 🗸 🚺	ADMINISTRATION (3)
EVENTS	₽ th	✓ Showing 1-5/5 ▷ ▷ Search Event ▼	Q CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
📷 Archive 🔛 Mark As * 📑 Export * 🏲 Handle Event 👚 Delese 💣 Forens	ics 📲 Exception Manager		
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION - DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED LAST UPDATED	
□	# Malicious	02-Jul-2018, 14:23:49	= PUP
SnirMar-PC-4-Test_1 (104 events)	# Malicious	02-Jul-2018, 15:22:58	Threat name: Unknown
DESKTOP-3QINVIU (2 events)	≡! PUP	16-Mar-2020, 14:18:52	Threat family: Unknown
□ ► 663219 DESKTOP-3QINVIU EXCEL.EXE	■ PUP 2 destinations	03-Jan-2019, 12:09:41 04-Feb-2019, 15:13:46 🖉 🔕	Threat type: Unknown
Logged-in User: Certificate: Process path:		Raw data items:	History
	olume3\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Off	ice\root\Office16\EXCEL.EXE 4	■ PUP, by tzafit , on 10-Apr-2019, 21:23:44
□ P 30558956 DESKTOP-3QINVIU netsh.exe	■✓ Safe File Execution At	16-Mar-2020, 14:18:52 16-Mar-2020, 15:24:03 🥝 🔕	=: POP, by tzant, on 10-Apr-2019, 21:23:44

If you prefer, you can use another method of your choice to identify the device name.

6. After entering the details for the device name, as shown below, click Search to search for all occurrences of the device name in the FortiEDR system.

PERSONAL DATA HANDLING



The following displays, listing all matching results:

ACTIVITY REPORT	×
Device name contains "31_32" 1 result found	
_81_32 12 records	
* The number of records in the exported report, may be larger than the initial report	
Export Report Cancel Delete All Records	

- 7. Do one of the following:
 - a. Click the Export Report button to export a report of the data to be removed for the employee/user. This option enables you to keep a record of what will be deleted. However, use of this option is not recommended, as all traces of the employee's/user's data are to be permanently removed, including this report. The following displays after the report has been exported:

GENERATE REPORT		×
100%		
Report was generated successfully		
Download	Close)

Click the **Download** link to download the Excel report. An example of the downloaded report is shown below:

l 🖥 n) + (n + l≠				Personal_Data_rep	port12-Feb-2020-15-14.xlsx - Micro	osoft Excel	- 0
File Home Insert	Page Layout Formulas	Data Review View	Acrobat				a 🕜 🗆
Callb	иі – 11 – А́ А́ Г <u>U</u> – — — — <u>Э</u> – <u>А</u>		Wrap Text General	*2 ·9 Conditional Formal	Normal Bad Check Cell Explanatory	Good Neutral Calculation	Sort & Find & Translate
 Format Painter 				Formatting * as Table	- Eneck Cent Explanatory		🔹 👻 👻 🗸 Clear * Filter * Select * Document
Clipboard 5	Font	Alignment				Styles	Cells Editing
E1 + (*	fr Report created	by user Barbara on 12-Feb	-2020, 15:14				
A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н
FORT	INET	liorgolf444		Report created by user	Barbara on 12-Feb-2020, 15:14		Confidential
Search value	10.51.121.109						
Personal Data							
TYPE	USER NAME	HOST NAME	IP	MAC	ID	LOGGED IN USERS	DESCRIPTION
Collector		Pandal	10.51.121.109	00-0C-29-54-97-1B		PANDA1\root	

b. Click the **Delete All Records** button to remove all device name data for the employee/user. The following displays:

DATA DELETION	×	
Are you sure you want to delete all data for device name -MN4QVI5?		
Export report to Excel before deleting data		
To avoid further data collection, uninstall the relevant Collector.		
Delete Cancel)	

Click **Delete** to remove all device name data for the employee/user from FortiEDR. After several moments, the following displays, indicating that the data has been removed:

DATA DELETION	
Data deletion completed	
	Continue

You can check the **Export report to Excel before deleting data** checkbox if you want to export the data before it is removed from FortiEDR.

- 8. Click **Continue** to proceed with removing the other required data for the employee/user (IP address, MAC address and user name).
- 9. Repeat steps 4–8 to remove the relevant IP address from FortiEDR. Be sure to select IP Address in step 4.
- 10. Repeat steps 4–8 to remove the relevant MAC address from FortiEDR. Be sure to select MAC Address in step 4.
- **11.** Repeat steps 4–8 to remove the relevant user name data from FortiEDR. Be sure to select **User Name** in step 4.

Personal Data Handling of Threat Hunting Data

The search performed by Personal Data Handling (described above) does not show activity event data. This data will be deleted in case you use the delete option (described above), even though it is not displayed in the search results. If you're interested in seeing the activity data that will be deleted, you can view it by using the Search option of the Threat Hunting feature, as described in Threat Hunting on page 222.

Windows Security Center

FortiEDR is fully integrated with Windows Security Center and has been certified by Microsoft as an anti-virus and threat protection application. You can choose whether to register FortiEDR Collectors as anti-virus and threat protection agents in Windows Security Center. When registering FortiEDR Collectors, Windows Security Center indicates that your system has anti-virus and threat protection provided by FortiEDR.

Note that in some cases, registering FortiEDR in Windows Security Center may prevent other vendors' products from installing or functioning properly. Therefore, you can choose whether or not to register FortiEDR Collectors. Your system is still fully protected, even if you do not choose to register FortiEDR Collectors with Windows Security Center.

	• Protection 🗸
END USERS NOTIFICATIONS	Save
✓ Show System Tray Icon with Collector Status	
✓ Show a Pop-up Message for Any Prevention Activity	
Please contact company's security team for more details	
Note: Maximum 250 characters	
IOT DEVICE DISCOVERY	Sav
Perform angoing device discovery Ad hoc network discovery Select Collector Test	
Exclude Collector groups	
Inventory Auto Grouping Category +	
PERSONAL DATA HANDLING	
Search by Search	
Export report of monitored users Export	
WINDOWS SECURITY CENTER	
 Register Collectors to Windows Security Center	

To register FortiEDR Collectors with Windows Security Center:

 In the ADMINISTRATION tab, navigate to the Tools > Windows Security Center area, and then check the Register Collectors to Windows Security Center checkbox.
 When registered, FortiEDR is listed under Windows Security, as follows:

Administration

Windows Security		_		×
<				
	^园 Security providers			
=	Manage the apps and services that protect your device.	Have a question?		
வ் Home		Get help		
Virus & threat protection	○ Antivirus			
A Account protection	Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response	Help improve Windows Securi Give us feedback	:y	
(y) Firewall & network protection	Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response is turned on.			
App & browser control	Microsoft Defender Antivirus Microsoft Defender Antivirus is turned off.	Change your privacy settings		
Device security	MICLOSOIL Deletioel Altravios is railled out	View and change privacy settin for your Windows 10 device.	ngs	
Source performance & health		Privacy settings		
虎 Family options	መ Firewall	Privacy dashboard Privacy Statement		
	Windows Firewall is turned on.			
	Web protection			
	No providers			
	Find security apps in Microsoft Store			

System Events

Selecting **SYSTEM EVENTS** in the **ADMINISTRATION** tab displays all the system events relevant to the FortiEDR system.

;	~	DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 116	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION	CONTROL 🗸 1129	SECURITY SETTINGS 🐱	INVENTORY 🗸 💶	ADMINISTRATION 29	Protection Y Barbara
LICENSING	SYSTEM EVEN	тѕ							
ORGANIZATIONS	Mark As 💌	Export 👻 🖬 Delete						I Showing 1-17	7/29 🕨 📔 Search System Event 🔻 🔍
USERS	🗆 🗸 All	COMPONENT TYPE	COMPONENT	NAME	DESCRIPTION				DATE 👻
		Collector			Collector [] state was changed to "	'Disabled''		15-Oct-2020, 08:09:59
DISTRIBUTION LISTS		Collector	-		Collector) state was changed to "	"Running"		15-Oct-2020, 08:06:59
LISTS		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core [-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Running"		13-Oct-2020, 18:49:07
EXPORT		Aggregator	and the second		Aggregator [F	was changed to "Ru	nning"		13-Oct-2020, 18:48:57
SETTINGS		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Disconnecte	d" . Warnings: The following conne	ectors 13-Oct-2020, 18:48:48
TOOLS		Aggregator			Aggregator	e was changed to "Dis	connected"		13-Oct-2020, 18:48:48
		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	i-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Running"		05-Oct-2020, 11:24:23
SYSTEM EVENTS		Aggregator			Aggregator [e was changed to "Ru	nning"		05-Oct-2020, 11:24:13
EVENTS		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Disconnecte	ed" . Warnings: The following conne	ctors 05-Oct-2020, 11:24:04
IP SETS		Aggregator			Aggregator	te was changed to "Dis	connected"		05-Oct-2020, 11:24:04
		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Running"		19-Jul-2020, 11:35:03
INTEGRATIONS		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Disconnecte	ed" . Warnings: The following conne	ectors 19-Jul-2020, 11:30:24
		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core	-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Running"		19-Jul-2020, 10:09:11
		Aggregator			Aggregator [e was changed to "Ru	nning"		19-Jul-2020, 10:09:01
		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core [-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Disconnecte	ed" . Warnings: The following conne	ctors 19-Jul-2020, 10:08:47
		Aggregator			Aggregator [e was changed to "Dis	connected"		19-Jul-2020, 10:08:47
		Core		re-us-east1-b-1	Core [-core-us-east1-b-1] state was	changed to "Running"		28-Jun-2020, 19:09:38

When a system event is triggered, it is sent via email to the defined distribution list. For more details, you may refer to Distribution Lists on page 286

Note – System events can also be retrieved using an API command. For more details, refer to the FortiEDR RESTful API Guide.

Each time a new system event is created, it can be sent through the Syslog.

The following events are defined as system events in the system. The user receives a notification for each of them if that system event is enabled for the user's distribution list. Syslog can also be configured to send system events messages, as described in Syslog on page 289.

- Core state was changed to Disconnected (and another event when the Core state was returned to the Connected state immediately afterward)
- Core state was changed to Degraded (and another event when the Core state was returned to THE Connected state immediately afterward)
- Aggregator state was changed to Disconnected (and another event when the Aggregator state was returned to the Connected state immediately afterward)
- Aggregator state was changed to Degraded (and another event when the Aggregator state was returned to the Connected state immediately afterward)
- Threat Hunting Repository state was changed to Disconnected (and another event when the Repository state was returned to the Connected state immediately afterward).
- Threat Hunting Repository state was changed to Degraded (and another event when the Repository state was returned to the Connected state immediately afterward).
- Collector registered for the first time (only UI/API; is not sent by email/Syslog)
- Collector was uninstalled via the Central Manager console.
- Collector state was changed to Disconnected Expired.
- · License will expire in 21/7 days/1 day
- License expired
- License capacity of workstations has reached 90/95/100%
- License capacity of servers has reached 90/95/100%
- · System mode was changed from Prevention to Simulation or vice versa
- FortiEDR Cloud Service (FCS) connectivity is down

IP Sets

IP Sets enable you to define a set(s) of IPs to include or exclude for some security events. This feature is used when defining exceptions.

	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER (81)	FORENSICS V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V 1228	SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V 2	ADMINISTRATION (2304)	O Protection 🗸	- ~
CENSING	IP SETS					
RGANIZATIONS	Define new IP set				Search IP	Q,
SERS	Internal Destinations					
ISTRIBUTION	Exclusions Demo					
KPORT ETTINGS	▷ test_einat					
OLS						
STEM ENTS						
SETS						
ITEGRATIONS						

Note – IP Sets can only be defined if all Collectors are V3.0.0.0 and up. If you attempt to define an exception and all Collectors are not V3.0.0.0 or above, the following error message displays:

ERROR

Using IP Sets in exceptions is not supported since there are still Windows Collectors with version older than 3.0.0.0. Please upgrade your environment.



Each row in the IP Sets window represents an IP inclusion/exclusion definition. The Internal Destinations row is provided by default (as indicated by the adjacent FortiEDR logo), which defines the default IPs that are included in and excluded from the FortiEDR system. All organizations in a multi-organization system are provided with this default IP set. In a single-organization system, the main organization is provided with it. The Internal Destinations IP set cannot be deleted. However, an Administrator can add Included IPs or Excluded IPs to it.

The IP Sets window lists all the IP sets created by the Administrator. A Local Administrator can edit an IP set that was specifically created for his/her organization. A Local Administrator cannot edit an IP set that applies to all organizations.

Click the **FEERTINET** logo in the Internal Destinations row to view its definition, as shown below:

ـ □	→ DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER ¹ B FORENSICS → CC	MMUNICATION CONTROL 🗸 🚥 SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVENTORY	194 ADMINISTRATION 1611	Protection 🗸 🔪 💙
LICENSING	IP SETS			
ORGANIZATIONS	St Define new IP set			Search IP Q
USERS	Set Name Internal Destinations Printnet Description{ Special group of internal IPs	Included IPs + 127.0.0.1	Excluded IPs +	Save 👚 Delete
DISTRIBUTION LISTS		10.0.0/8 169.254.0.0/16 172.16.0.0/12		
EXPORT SETTINGS		192.168.0.0/16 fc00::/7		
TOOLS		e g 192.168.23.2 or 192.168.23.1-192.168.23.	232 or 192.168.0.0/16	
SYSTEM EVENTS				
IP SETS				

To define an IP set:

1. Click the Define new IP set button. The following window displays:

LICENSING	IP SETS						
ORGANIZATIONS	Define new	IP set				Search IP	
USERS	♥ Set Name	Internal Destinations	CIRTINET	Included IPs +	Excluded IPs +	Save 👕 Delete	
DISTRIBUTION	Description	Special group of internal IPs		127.0.0.1 10.0.0.0/8 169.254.0.0/16			
EXPORT SETTINGS				172.16.0.0/12 192.168.0.0/16 fc00::/7			
TOOLS				e.g 192.168.23.2 or 192.168.23.1-192.168.23	.232 or 192.168.0.0/16		
SYSTEM EVENTS	D Internal Destinations Former						

- 2. In the Set Name field, enter a name for the IP set.
- 3. In the **Organization** dropdown list, select the organization to which the IP set applies or select All organizations for the IP set to apply to all organizations in the FortiEDR system.
- 4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the IP set.
- In the Included IPs area, click the + button to add an IP, IP range or IP mask to be included in the IP set's definition. Each click of the + button adds a new line to the list. Each entry appears in its own line. For example, you could add 192.168.23.2, 192.168.23.1-192.168.232 or 192.168.0.0/16.

Similarly, in the Excluded IPs area, click the 🛨 button to add an IP, IP range or IP mask that is to be excluded.

6. Click the Save button.

The Search IP field at the top-right of the page enables you to search for a specific IP in all of the IP sets defined. The search option identifies matching IPs, even if they are part of a range in an IP set's definition.

To use an IP set:

Select an IP set in the Destinations area when defining an exception, as described in Defining a Security Event as an Exception on page 150.

Integrations

Integrations enable you to configure connectors to external systems, which enables you to trigger predefined types of actions. FortiEDR provides various connectors out-of-the-box, such as Firewalls and NAC systems. In addition, you have the option to define customized connectors to any third-party system in order to trigger any action on that system using an API. The out-of-the-box FortiEDR connectors utilize Fortinet products' APIs to automatically perform the required actions in order to extend its automatic Playbook actions.

You can set up an unlimited number of connectors for each type and use them by associating Playbook policies or Security policies to the actions defined for these integration connectors, as described below.

Note - The Integration menu is only available when the environment is connected to Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS).

To display the INTEGRATIONS page:

1. Select ADMINISTRATION > INTEGRATIONS.

DASHBOAR	D EVENT VIEWER 🕐 FORENSICS 🗸 COMMUNICATION CONTINUL 🗸 🕐 SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V ADMINISTRATION 🌚 💽 Protection V	
LICENSING	CONNECTORS	
ORGANIZATIONS	AddConnector ▼ i ⇒ Action Manager	
USERS	Firewall : fortigate.fortidemo.com	Enabled
DISTRIBUTION	▷ ^R _k ² _k ³ _k eXtended Detection Source : fortilanalyzer.fortildemo.com	Enabled
EXPORT SETTINGS	> 🔏 Sandbox : fortisandbox.fortidemo.com	Enabled
TOOLS	Custom Connector : AD_FTNT	Enabled
SYSTEM	> 🔞 NAC : fortinac.fortidemo.com	Enabled
EVENTS		
INTEGRATIONS		

The top left of this page provides two buttons, as shown below:

- Add Connector * Action Manager
- Adding Connectors on page 311 enables you to add and configure connectors for integration with FortiEDR.
- Action Manager on page 332 enables you to upload and manage (add, modify and delete) actions (Python scripts that call third-party system APIs) to be automatically triggered by FortiEDR as incident responses.

Adding Connectors

The following types of integration connectors are provided to be configured:

- Firewall Integration on page 311
- Network Access Control (NAC) Integration on page 318
- Sandbox Integration on page 324
- eXtended Detection Source Integration on page 326
- Custom Integration on page 328

You can enable or disable a connector by clicking the **Enabled/Disabled** button next to the connector name. This button toggles between **Enabled/Disabled**.

CONNECTORS	
⊕ Add Connector ▼ i Addion Manager Add Connector ▼ i Addion Manager Add Connector ▼ i Addion Manager Addion Manager	
▶ 🐼 Firewall : UK office FGT	• Enabled
▶ 🐺 Firewall : MyFW	① Disabled

Firewall Integration

When a firewall connector is set and Playbook policies are configured, automatic incident response actions can include blocking of malicious IP addresses by a firewall upon security event triggering.

Before you start firewall configuration, make sure that:

- Your FortiEDR deployment includes a JumpBox that has connectivity to the firewall. Details about how to install a FortiEDR Core and configure it as a JumpBox are described in Installing the FortiEDR Core. You may refer to Cores on page 115 for more information about configuring a JumpBox.
- The FortiEDR Central Manager has connectivity to the Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS).
- You have a valid API user with access to the external firewall.

Follow the steps below to automatically deny access on the firewall to malicious destination addresses detected by FortiEDR.

The example below describes how to define an address group on FortiGate and associate it with a FortiGate policy rule, such that it blocks connections to the addresses in the group. The address group is then used when configuring the FortiEDR connector so that it is automatically populated with malicious destinations upon detection by FortiEDR.

The same address group can obviously be used for multiple firewall policies in order to cover any VLAN-to-WAN interface in the network.

FortiGate Configuration

To set up an address group and policy on FortiGate:

- 1. Go to Policy & Objects > Addresses.
- 2. Create a new address group to be populated by FortiEDR. The new address group now appears in the FortiGate Addresses table.

FortiGate VM64-GCP	FGV	M0:					l
★ Favorites	>	Edit Address Group					
🚯 Dashboard	>	6 N					
🔆 Security Fabric	>	Group Name		FortiEDR Malicious	Destinations		
📥 FortiView	>	Color		Change			
🕂 Network	>	Members		Ø none	+	×	
System	>	Exclude Members					
📕 Policy & Objects	~	Show in Address List					
IPv4 Policy		Static Route Configuration	n 🗇				
Authentication Rules		Comments		Members of this gro			
IPv4 DoS Policy				automatically adde	d by FortiEDR 🎾	61/255	
Addresses	☆						
Wildcard FQDN Addresses	s						
Internet Service Database							

- 3. Go to Policy & Objects > IPv4 Policy.
- 4. Create a new policy to deny traffic to any address in the address group that was created as part of step 2. The new

Block malicious by FortiEDR	
SSL-VPN tunnel interface (ssl.root	t 🕶
im port1	•
I all II SSL-VPN	x x
FortiEDR Malicious Destinations	×
Co always	•
ALL +	×
✓ ACCEPT Ø DENY	
:	
cy blocks traffic to destinations that were ected by <u>FortiEDR</u> 88/1023	
	 SSL-VPN tunnel interface (ssl.roo) port1 all SSL-VPN FortiEDR Malicious Destinations FortiEDR Malicious Destinations always ALL ACCEPT O DENY

policy now appears in the FortiGate Policies table.

FortiEDR Firewall Connector Configuration

To set up a Firewall connector with FortiEDR:

1. Click the + Add Connector + button and select Firewall in the Connectors dropdown list. The following displays:

	io event viewer 💽 forensics 🗸 communication control 🗸 🥑 security settings 🗸 inven		🕒 Protection 🗸 Barbara 🗸
LICENSING	CONNECTORS		
ORGANIZATIONS	⊕ AddConnector ▼ : : Action Manager		
USERS	$\triangleright \begin{tabular}{c} r_{c} \begin{tabular}{c$		Enabled
DISTRIBUTION	▷ 🖓 Sandbox : fortisandbox.fortidemo.com		• Enabled
EXPORT SETTINGS	V K Firewall : fortigate.fortidemo.com		Enabled
TOOLS	JumpBox ore-europe-west 🗙 🗸		
SYSTEM EVENTS	Details Name [ortigate:conidemo.com] Type FortiGate Host Port [443]	Actions Block address on Firewall Assign NSX tag Teat	Address group [FortiEDR_Malicious_Destinatic] ⑦
IP SETS	API Key Credentials Usemane Password	Assign NSX tag Test Add MAC Quarantine Test + Add action	
INTEGRATIONS			Save Cancel Delete

2. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Definition
JumpBox	Select the FortiEDR JumpBox to communicate with the firewall.
Name	Specify a name of your choice to be used to identify this firewall.
Туре	Select the type of firewall to be used in the dropdown list.
Host	Specify the IP or DNS address of your firewall.
Port	Specify the port that is used for API communication with your firewall.
API Key / Credentials	Specify authentication details of your firewall. To use an API token, click the API Key radio button and copy the token value into the text box. To use API credentials, click the Credentials radio button and enter the Firewall API username and password.

 In the Actions area on the right, define an action to be taken by this connector. You have the option to either use an action provided out-of-the-box with FortiEDR (for example, Block address on Firewall) or to create and use your own custom actions.

- a. To block an address on the Firewall, next to the Block address on Firewall field, in the Address Group field, specify the name of a previously defined address group on the firewall.
 OR -
- **b.** To trigger a custom action on the Firewall, click the **+** Add Action button to display the following popup window:

ADD CUS	TOM ACTION
Action	•
	AD Logout user
	Re-profile a device
	Add Cancel

- In the Action dropdown menu, select one of the previously defined custom integration actions.
 OR –
- Click the **Create New Action** (t) button in this popup window to define a new action on the Firewall to be triggered according to the definitions in the Playbook, as described below. The following displays:

Action Manager			×
Add action	Name	New action	
New action	Description		
Add Policy Block			
Add MAC Quarantine			
Disable interface	Action Script	s (?)	↑ Upload
Assign NSX tag		Please upload a script	
Slack Notification			
Teams Notification			
AWS Lambda Logout User		Save	Cancel
			Close

Fill out the fields of this window as follows in order to define a new action to be triggered in response to an incident.

Note – In order to trigger this action, a Playbook policy must be defined that triggers this action to execute the script when a security event is triggered. The definition of this new action here automatically adds this action as an option in a Playbook policy. This action however, is not selected by default in the Playbook policy. Therefore, you must go to the Playbook policy and select it in order for it to be triggered when a security event is triggered.

Field	Definition
Name	Enter any name for this action
Description	Enter a description of this action
Upload	Upload a Python script that calls an API in the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action. This Python script must be created according to the coding conventions that can be displayed by clicking the icon next to the Action Scripts field. The following displays providing an explanation of these coding conventions and provides various links that you can click to see more detail and or/to download sample files.

Field	Definition	
	Creating A Custom Incident Response Action	×
	The following describes how to create and upload your own Python script to be assigned to an incident response action. Playbook policies that are configured to use this action will automatically execute this script when a security event is triggered.	
	Code Conventions	
	 A FortiEDR JumpBox on which one or more scripts are executed is deployed with various standard Python packages. Click here to see a list of the packages that are deployed with this type of FortiEDR JumpBox. At the moment, only Python 2 is supported. Parameters Integration scripts can use properties that are part of a Connector's configuration, such as API keys or information that is part of the triggering event (such as the process name). These properties are stored in the config.json file and can be used as script parameters. Click here to see a sample config.json 	
	Troubleshooting	
	Script execution (either in test mode or as part of a realtime incident response) is defined as	

- 4. Click Save. The new action is then listed in the Actions area.
- 5. You can click the **Test** button next to an action to execute that action.

Note – If you are working with a FortiManager in order to manage firewalls, use the same instructions to integrate with the firewall, but select FortiManager as the integrated device Type when configuring the FortiEDR Connector in the Administration →Integration page, as follows:

Туре	•
	CheckPoint
	FortiGate
	FortiManager 🗲

Playbooks Configuration

To configure an automated incident response that uses a firewall connector to block malicious destinations upon security event triggering:

- 1. Navigate to the SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks page.
- 2. Open the Playbook policy that is applied on devices for which you want the block IP incident response to apply and place a checkmark in the relevant Classification column next to the Block address on Firewall row that is under the REMEDIATION section. In the dropdown menu next to the action, you can specify which firewalls to use

to perform the block or select all of them, as shown below:

REMEDIATION						
	Terminate process			~		
	Delete file					
	Clean persistent data			~		
	Block address on Firewall	FortiGate300	Ŧ	~		
D Test playbook		All Firewalls				
Victims Playbook		 FortiGate300 				
D Victims Playbook clone		MyFW				

FortiEDR is now configured to add malicious IP addresses to the blocking policy on the firewall upon triggering of a security event. You can check that malicious IP addresses are added to the address group that was configured on the firewall following FortiEDR security events. In addition, automatic incident response actions are listed in the CLASSIFICATION DETAILS area of the Events page of the FortiEDR Console, as shown below:

adprivacyd (1 event)	ST UPDATED
Certificate: Signed Process path:veloper/CoreSimulator/Profiles/Runtimes/IOS.simruntime/Contents/Resources/RuntimeRoot/usr/libexec/adprocess/RuntimeRoot/usr/libexec/adproc	
healthappd (t event)	Inteat laming: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
dusul (revent)	History
□ pandasecurityDx.dll (2 events)	 IP address 198.203.178.52 was blocked on FortiGate GVM02TM19005776
TeamViewer.exe (1 event) ≡! PUP 10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59	 Device MyMac11-16 was moved to quarantine network High Security VLAN
DynamicCodeTests32.exe (1 event) \$ Suspicious 06-Feb-2020, 02.39.27 cscript.exe (4 events) \$ Suspicious 02-Feb-2020, 11:16:45	
dumb-init (1 event) flenconclusive 01-Feb-2020,12.07.10 flebeacexe (1 event) flenconclusive 01-feb-2020,11.51.23	Triggered Rules
979c6de81cc0f4e0e770f720ab82e8c72782d422fe(2 events) # Malicious 30-Jan-2020, 04:18:06 B032768FBF85CFD07C6898004C1200DA.vir (2 events) # Malicious 30-Jan-2020, 04:18:02	 Image: Margin Explicit action Prevention Image: Margin Margin

To configure an automated incident response that uses a firewall connector to perform a custom action upon the triggering of a security event:

- 1. Navigate to the SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks page.
- 2. Open the Playbook policy that is applied on devices for which you want the custom action (defined above) to apply.
- 3. In the **CUSTOM** section, place a checkmark in the relevant **Classification** columns next to the row of the relevant custom action.
- 4. In the dropdown menu next to the relevant custom action, select the relevant firewall connector with which to perform the action, as shown below:

CUSTOM							
	Re-profile a device		~	~	~	~	
	AWS Lambda Logout User	Select All	~	~	~		
	Disable interface	 fortinac.fortidemo.com 	~				
	Slack Notification	fortigate.fortide •	~	~	~	~	~

FortiEDR is now configured to trigger this action in the third-party system upon the triggering of a security event. This automatic incident response action appears in the CLASSIFICATION DETAILS area of the Events page of the

FortiEDR Console.

VENTS	🖵 11 🖬 🖣 s	howing 103-104/104 EVEN	₹Q	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
Archive 🔛 Mark As 🖸 Expert - Handle Event 👘 Delete 💣 Fo	rensics Exception Manager			
+ All ID DEVICE PROCESS	CLASSIFICATION DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED . LAST UPDATED		
DynamicCodeTests_1.exe (1 event)	Suspicious	30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28		Suspicious montiner
Image: Second	exe Suspicious 2 destinations Process path: C:Users\user\Usektop\Tudo boom\boom_	30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28 30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28 folder/DynamicCodeTests_1.exe 2	0	- Threat name: Unknown Threat family: Unknown Threat type: Unknown
DynamicCodeTests_20.exe (1 event)	Suspicious	30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28		Automated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
				Comparison (Content Cloud Services, on 30-Jun-2021, 10:36:50 Comedor Custom 7 using JumpBox domain 2 times
				triggered Rules v Rig Extilitation Prevention o ⊘ Dynamic Code - Malicious Runtime Generated Code Detecte o ⊘ Unmarped Executable - Executable File Without a Correspon
				 Onmapped Executable - Executable File Without a Correspon Writeable Code - Identified an Executable with Writable Code

Network Access Control (NAC) Integration

When a Network Access Control connector such as FortiNAC is set and Playbook policies are configured, automatic incident response actions can include isolating a device by a NAC system upon security event triggering.

Before you start NAC configuration, make sure that:

- Your FortiEDR deployment includes a JumpBox that has connectivity to the NAC server. Details about how to install a FortiEDR Core and configure it as a JumpBox are described in Installing the FortiEDR Core. You may refer to Cores on page 115 for more information about configuring a JumpBox.
- The FortiEDR Central Manager has connectivity to the Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS).
- You have a valid API user with access to FortiNAC or equivalent network access control system.

Follow the steps below in order to automatically isolate a device by NAC upon the detection of a FortiEDR security event. The example below describes how to define an API user on FortiNAC in order to enable FortiEDR to perform automatic device isolation after a FortiEDR security event.

Note: Make sure to add FortiEDR domains and/or IP addresses to the exclusion list on the VLAN that is being used for isolation on the FortiNAC system such that the FortiEDR Collector would still be able to communicate with its servers when the device is being isolated.

FortiEDR Connector Configuration

To configure NAC integration:

CONNECTORS		
⊕ Add Connector ▼ I → Action Manager		
v 🔞 NAC		• E
JumpBox 🔹 🔹		
Details	Actions	
Name Type + Host Port 443	Isolate device on NAC	
API Key Credentials	+ ^{Add} action	
Key		

2. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Definition
JumpBox	Select the FortiEDR JumpBox that will communicate with this NAC system.
Name	Specify a name of your choice which will be used to identify this NAC system.
Туре	Select the type of NAC to be used in the dropdown list, for example: FortiNAC.
Host	Specify the IP or DNS address of the external NAC system.
Port	Specify the port that is used for communication with the external NAC system.
АРІ Кеу	Specify authentication details of the external NAC system. To use an API token, click the API Key radio button and copy the token value into the text box. To use API credentials, click the Credentials radio button and fill in the external NAC system API username and password.

3. 3 In the Actions area on the right, define the action to be taken by this connector.

You have the option to either use an action provided out-of-the-box with FortiEDR (for example, **Isolate Device on NAC**)

– OR –

To create or select one of the Custom Integration actions (if one or more have already been defined in FortiEDR, as described in Custom Integration on page 328.

• To trigger an action on a custom connected third-party system, click the **+ Add Action** button to display the following popup window:

ADD CUS	* STOM ACTION
Action	· +
	AD Logout user
	Re-profile a device
	`
	Add Cancel

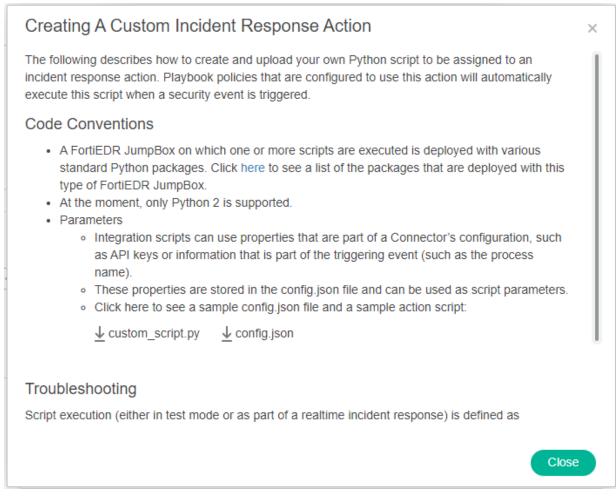
- a. In the Action dropdown menu, select one of the previously defined actions (which were defined in FortiEDR as described in Custom Integration on page 328).
 OR -
- **b.** Click the **Create New Action** \bigoplus button in this popup window to define a new action that can be triggered according to the definitions in the Playbook, as described below. The following displays:

Action Manager			×
+ Add action	Name	New action	
New action	Description		
Add Policy Block			
Add MAC Quarantine			A
Disable interface	Action Scripts (?)		↑ Upload
Assign NSX tag		Please upload a script	
Slack Notification		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Teams Notification			
AWS Lambda Logout User		Save	Cancel
			Close

Fill out the fields of this window as follows in order to define a new action to be triggered in response to an incident.

Note – In order to trigger this action, a Playbook policy must be defined that triggers this action to execute the script when a security event is triggered. The definition of this new action here automatically adds this action as an option in a Playbook policy. This action however, is not selected by default in the Playbook policy. Therefore, you must go to the Playbook policy and select it in order for it to be triggered when a security event is triggered.

Field	Definition
Name	Enter any name for this action
Description	Enter a description of this action
Upload	Upload a Python script that calls an API from the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action. This Python script must be created according to the coding conventions that can be displayed by clicking the icon next to the Action Scripts field. The following displays providing an explanation of these coding conventions and provides various links that you can click to see more detail and/or to download sample files.



- 4. Click Save. The new action is then listed in the Actions area.
- 5. You can click the Test button next to an action to execute that action.

Playbooks Configuration

To configure an automated incident response that uses a NAC connector to isolate a device upon security event triggering:

- 1. Navigate to the SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks page.
- 2. Open the Playbook policy that is applied on devices for which you want the isolation response to apply and place a checkmark in the relevant Classification column next to the Isolate device with NAC row that is under the INVESTIGATION section.

INVESTIGATION					
	Isolate device with Collector		~		
	Isolate device with NAC	Nac_HK 👻	~		
	Move device to the High Security	Group			

FortiEDR is now configured to automatically isolate the device upon triggering of a security event. Automatic incident response actions are listed in the **CLASSIFICATION DETAILS** area of the Events page of the FortiEDR Console as shown below:

	Q CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
Active 🎧 MarkAs. * 🖸 Elpost * P Hande Elvert 🍿 Deles 🧳 Forenciss 🕌 Eleoption Manager	
v Al ID DEVICE PROCESS CLASSIFICATION DESTINATIONS RECEIVED* LAST UPDATED DynamicCodeTests exe (2 events) \$ suspicious 14.Jan.2021, 02.14.27	
Transcence 1	Suspicious momman
Image: Second state Process owner Cetificate: Process path: Raw data items: FORTI-ARBUTUS-Unit-Locus FORTI-ARBUTUS-Unit-Locus FORTI-ARBUTUS-Unit-Locus Raw data items: 1	Threat name: Unknown Threat family: Unknown Threat fype: Unknown
🕨 114845 🧧 JohnLocus DynamicCodeTests.exe 🎄 Suspicious File White Access 14-Jan-2021, 02:14-27 14-Jan-2021, 08:50:59 🥥	Automated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
	Hatory
	Triggered Rules
ADVANCED DATA	
pyright © Fortinet Version 5.0.1.37	System Time (UTC -05:00) 12:59:34

Note that isolation by NAC will only be done for devices that are managed on the specified NAC.

To configure an automated incident response that uses a NAC connector to perform a custom action upon the triggering of a security event:

- 1. Navigate to the SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks page.
- 2. Open the Playbook policy that is applied on devices for which you want the custom action (defined above) to apply.
- 3. In the **CUSTOM** section, place a checkmark in the relevant **Classification** columns next to the row of the relevant custom action.
- 4. In the dropdown menu next to the relevant custom action, select the relevant NAC connector with which to perform the action, as shown below:

CUSTOM							
	Re-profile a device	.	~	~	~	~	
	AWS Lambda Logout User	Select All	~	~	~		
	Disable interface	 fortinac.fortidemo.com 	~				
	Slack Notification	fortigate.fortide v	~	~	~	~	~

FortiEDR is now configured to trigger this action in the third-party system upon the triggering of a security event. This automatic incident response action appears in the **CLASSIFICATION DETAILS** area of the Events page of the FortiEDR Console.

EVENTS	💻 ti	Showing 103-104/104 Fi Search Event		ASSIFICATION DETAILS
Archive 🔝 Mark As 🕑 Export - Phandle Event 👘	Delete 💮 Forensics 📑 Exception Manager			
All ID DEVICE PROCE	SS CLASSIFICATION DESTIN	IATIONS RECEIVED . LAST UPDATED		
DynamicCodeTests_1.exe (1 event)	Suspicious	30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28	#	Suspicious romaner
98879 BWin10-64BIT-120-180 Dynamic	:CodeTests_1.exe 🕴 Suspicious 2 destin	ations 30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28 30-Jun-2021, 10	36:28 Ø	hreat name: Unknown
Logged-in User: Process owner: er1 WIN10-64BIT-120luser1	Certificate: Process path: Signed C:\Users\user1\Desktop\Tudo boor	Raw data i n\boom_folder\DynamicCodeTests_1.exe 2		hreat family: Unknown hreat type: Unknown
DynamicCodeTests_20.exe (1 event)	Suspicious	30-Jun-2021, 10:36:28	A	utomated analysis steps completed by Fortinet Details
				 Suspicious, by Fortinet/CloudServices, on 30-Jun-2021, 10 36 50 Sop was excluted on Connector Custom 7 using JumpBox domain 2 times
			1	inggered Rules
				Extilization Prevention Ø Dynamic Code - Malicious Runtime Generated Code Detected Ø Unmapped Executable – Executable File Without a Correspon Ø Writeable Code - Identified an Executable with Writable Code

Sandbox Integration

When a sandbox such as FortiSandbox is configured and the Sandbox Analysis Policy rule is enabled, files that meet several conditions and that have not been previously analyzed trigger a sandbox analysis event on FortiEDR and are sent to the sandbox. The conditions are a combination of several items, such as the file was downloaded from the Internet and was not signed by a known vendor. If the file is found to be clean, the event is automatically classified as safe and is archived. If the file is determined by the sandbox to be suspicious or malicious, then the event is classified as non-safe and any future execution attempt of the file in the environment is blocked by one of the Pre-execution (NGAV) Policy rules. Note that in all cases the first file execution is not delayed or blocked.

Before you start sandbox configuration, make sure that:

- Your FortiEDR deployment includes a JumpBox that has connectivity to the sandbox.
 Details about how to install a FortiEDR Core and configure it as a JumpBox are described in Installing the FortiEDR
 Core. You may refer to Cores on page 115 for more information about configuring a JumpBox.
- The FortiEDR Central Manager has connectivity to Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS).
- You have a valid API user with access to the sandbox.

To set up a sandbox connector with FortiEDR:

Click the displays:	button and select Sandbox in the Connectors dropdown list. The following					
CONNECTORS						
🕀 Add Connector 🔻 : 😽 Action Manager						
⊽ 🔊 Sandbox	Enabled	3				
JumpBox 🔹						
Details	Actions					
Name Type	Host Port 443 Send file for analysis (Text)					
API Key Credentials						
Key						
	Save Delete					

2. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Definition
JumpBox	Select the FortiEDR JumpBox that will communicate with this sandbox.
Name	Specify a name of your choice which will be used to identify this sandbox.
Туре	Select the type of sandboxto be used in the dropdown list, for example: FortiNAC.
Host	Specify the IP or DNS address of you sandbox
Port	Specify the port that is used for API communication with your sandbox
API Key	Specify authentication details of your sandbox. To use an API token, click the API Key radio button and copy the token value into the text box. To use API credentials, click the Credentials radio button and fill in the external NAC system API username and password.

3. Click Save.

In order to complete sandbox integration, the Sandbox Scan rule must be enabled with the FortiEDR Central Manager.

To enable the Sandbox Scan rule:

- 1. Navigate to the **SECURITY SETTINGS > Security** Policies page.
- 2. Open the Execution Prevention policy that is applied on devices for which you want the sandbox scan to apply and click the **Disabled** button next to the Sandbox Analysis rule to enable it, as shown below:

DASHBOARI	D EVENT VIEWER 283	Forensics 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL 💙 2088	SECURITY SETTINGS V	INVENTORY 🗸 🕤	ADMINISTRATION 1367
SECURITY POLICI	ES			Id Showing 1-10/2	3 🕨 🕨 Search	₹Q
Clone Policy 🔘 Se	t Mode 🔻 🔹 Assign Collector Group	p 💕 Exception Manag	er 🗾 Delete			
All	POLICY NAME	RULE	NAME		ACTION	STATE
	Execution Prevention					
		Malic	ious File Detected		Ø Block	Enabled
		Privile	ege Escalation Exploit Detected - A maliciou	s escalation of privileges was detect	ted 🖉 Block	 Enabled
		Sandl	box Analysis - File was sent to the sandbox	for analysis	Log	① Disabled
		Stack	Pivot - Stack Pointer is Out of Bounds		Ø Block	Enabled
		Suspi	icious Driver Load - Attempt to load a suspi	cious driver	Ø Block	Enabled
		Suspi	icious File Detected		Ø Block	Enabled
		Suspi	icious Script Execution - A script was execut	ed in a suspicious context	Ø Block	Enabled
		Unco	nfirmed File Detected		Log	 Disabled

FortiEDR is now configured to send unknown files to the sandbox.

You can check file analysis on your sandbox console.

In addition, you can see sandbox analysis events in the **Events** page. Events of files that were found to be clean appear under the **Archived Events** filter and events of files that were found to be risky are displayed under the All filter, such as shown below. A sandbox analysis digest is added to the security event's handling comment.

€		· · ·	DASHBOARD EVENTVIEWER (1993) FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V (127	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVEN	itory 🗸 🤰	ADMINISTRATION 😝 🕚 Protection 🛩 admin 🛰
EVI	ENTS		Ę	11	Search Event	₹Q	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
	Archive	🔝 Mark-As., * 🛛 💾 Export 🔹	Handle Event 🛗 Delete 💮 Forensics 🖬 Exception	n Manager			
< Bac	k	ID DEVICE	PROCESS CLASSIFICAT		D LAST UPDATED	ACTION	
	•	156880 📒 collector10			020, 10:58:57 08-May-2020, 11:45:22	19.1	By ReversingLabs
		Certificate: Unsigned	Process path: C:\Users\root\Downl		Raw data items: 2		Threat name: Unknown Threat family: Unknown
		RAW ID DEVICE 1593099858 collector10	DESTINATION FIRST SEEN LAS 08-May-2020, 10:59:06 08-M	SEEN USERS	COUNT 11		Threat type: Unknown
		1593099831 collector10	08-May-2020, 10:58:57 08-M		191		History
							•
							Triggered Rules
							- Texecution Prevention
							Sandbox Analysis - File was sent to the sandbox for analysis

eXtended Detection Source Integration

To connect to external systems in order to collect activity data, you must add a new connector for extended detection, which will automatically collect activity logs and activity data from external systems. Currently, this feature connects to a FortiAnalyzer device type, which collects the logs from other systems, such as firewalls, Active Directory and other security products. The aggregated data is then being sent to Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS) where it is correlated and analyzed to detect malicious indications that will result in security events of eXtended Detection policy rule violations.

Before you start configuring FortiAnalyzer configuration, verify that:

- Your FortiEDR deployment includes a JumpBox that has connectivity to FortiAnalyzer. Details about how to install a FortiEDR Core and configure it as a JumpBox are provided in Installing the FortiEDR Core. You may refer to Cores on page 115 for more information about configuring a JumpBox.
- The FortiEDR Central Manager has connectivity to the Fortinet Cloud Services (FCS).
- You have a valid API user that has access to FortiAnalyzer.

To set up an extended detection connector with FortiEDR:

1. Click the + Add Connector + button and select eXtended Detection Source in the Connectors dropdown list.

+ AddConnector •	5
Firewall	
NAC	
Sandbox	
eXtended Detection So	urce
Custom Connector	

The following displays:

CONNECTORS	
AddConnector ▼ :=♡ Action Manager	
$\nabla \begin{bmatrix} r_{a} \\ r_{a} \end{bmatrix}$ eXtended Detection Source	Enabled
JimbBox 🕘 🌜	
Details	Actions
Name Type + Host Port 443	Get Security Alerts from eXte (Test)
API Key Credentials	
Key	
	Save Delete

2. Fill in the following fields: eXtended Detection Source Enabled: Check this checkbox to enable blocking of malicious IP addresses by FortiAnalyzer.

Field	Definition
JumpBox	Select the FortiEDR JumpBox that will communicate with the sandbox.
Name	Specify a name of your choice which will be used to identify this sandbox.
Туре	Select the type of sandbox to be used in the dropdown list.
Host	Specify the IP or DNS address of your sandbox.
Port	Specify the port that is used for API communication with your sandbox.
API Key/Credentials	Specify authentication details of your sandbox. To use an API token, click the API Key radio button and copy the token value into the text box. To use API credentials, click the Credentials radio button and fill in the sandbox API username and password.

3. Click Save.

In order to complete eXtended Detection Source integration, the eXtended Detection rules must be enabled with the FortiEDR Central Manager, as follows.

Enabling eXtended Detection Rules

To enable the eXtended Detection rules:

- 1. Navigate to the **SECURITY SETTINGS > Security** Policies page.
- 2. Open the eXtended Detection policy that is applied on devices on which you want the eXtended detection policy to

SECURITY PO		Group	Delete		I Showin	g 1-10/40 🕨 📔 Search	₹ Q
🗌 👻 All	POLICY NAME		R	JLE NAME		ACTION	STATE
D	Execution Prevention	FURTIDET					
▷ 🗌	K Exfiltration Prevention	FURTIDET					
Þ 🗌	Ransomware Prevention	FURTIDET					
▶ 🗌	💰 Device Control	FURTIDET					
▽ 🗌	💥 eXtended Detection	FURTIDET					
			s	uspicious activity Detected		Ø Bloc	k 💿 Enabled
			S	spicious authentication activity Detected		Ø Bloc	k 💿 Enabled
			S	uspicious email activity Detected		Ø Bloc	k 💿 Enabled
			c	uspicious network activity Detected		Ø Bloc	k 💿 Enabled

apply and click the **Disabled** button next to each of the underlying rules to enable it, as shown below:

FortiEDR is now configured to issue eXtended Detection alerts.

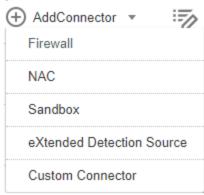
Custom Integration

Custom Connector Configuration

The **CUSTOM** section enables you to connect to any third-party system in order to automatically trigger an incident response in that third-party system as the result of a security event detected by FortiEDR. After you define a Custom Integration connector (and its actions) and configure a relevant Playbook policy, an automatic incident response action will be triggered in the third-party system upon the triggering of a security event.

To set up a Custom Integration Connector in FortiEDR:

1. Click the Add Connector T button and select Custom Connector from the dropdown list.



The following displays:

DASHBOA	ro event viewer 🕤 forefisies 🛩 communication control 🗸 👩 🧐	SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V ADMINISTRATION (11)	🌕 Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
LICENSING	CONNECTORS		
ORGANIZATIONS	Configure a new connector		
USERS	▼ ໃຫຼ່ັ Custom Connector		① Disabled
DISTRIBUTION LISTS	JumpBox 🔹 🗸		
EXPORT SETTINGS	Details Name Port 443	Actions + Add action	
TOOLS	API Key Credentials		
SYSTEM EVENTS	Key		
IP SETS			Save Delete
INTEGRATIONS	► 🐼 Firewall : fortigate.fortidemo.com		Enabled
	$\triangleright ~ {r_{g_1 g_2}^{r_{g_1}, \eta_1} \atop g_{g_1 g_2}}$ eXtended Detection Source : fortianalyzer.fortidemo.com		• Enabled
	▷ 🍂 Sandbox : fortisandbox.fortidemo.com		• Enabled
	▷ ਪ੍ਰਿੰ Custom Connector : AD_FTNT		Enabled
	▷		• Enabled
Copyright © Fortinet V	ersion 5.0.3.181		System Time (UTC +03:00) 10:59:18

17.0

2. Fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
JumpBox	Select the FortiEDR JumpBox that will communicate with FortiAnalyzer. A FortiEDR deployment must include a JumpBox that has connectivity to the external system of this Custom Integration Connector. This JumpBox must be exclusive to this organization and cannot function as a core.
Name	Specify a name of your choice to be used to identify this custom connector.
Host	Specify the IP or DNS address of the relevant third-party application.
Port	Specify the port that is used for API communication with the relevant third- party application.
API Key/Credentials	Specify authentication details of the relevant third-party application. To use an API token, click the API Key radio button and copy the token value into the text box. To use API credentials, click the Credentials radio button and enter the relevant third-party application's API username and password.

3. In the Actions area on the right, define the action to be taken by this custom connector, as follows:

• To trigger an action on a custom connected third-party system, click the **+ Add Action** button to display the following popup window:

ADD CUS	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
Action	Send flowers 🔹 🕂
Description	kh
Script	custom_script1sv (1).py 👻 🕀
	Add Cancel

- a. In the Action dropdown menu, select one of the previously defined actions (which were defined in FortiEDR as described Custom Integration on page 328).
 -OR-
- **b.** Click the Create New Action button in this popup window to define a new action that can be triggered according to the definitions in the Playbook, as described in the next section below. The following displays:

Action Manager			×
+ Add action	Name	New action	
New action	Description		
Add Policy Block			
Add MAC Quarantine			
Disable interface	Action Scrip	nts (?) Uple	bad
Assign NSX tag		Please upload a script	
Slack Notification			
Teams Notification			_
AWS Lambda Logout User		Save	3I
		Clos	se

Fill out the fields of this window as follows in order to define a new action to be triggered in response to an incident.

Note – In order to trigger this action, a Playbook policy must be defined that triggers this action to execute the script when a security event is triggered. The definition of this new action here automatically adds this action as an option in a Playbook policy. This action however, is not selected by default in the Playbook policy. Therefore, you must go to the Playbook policy and select it in order for it to be triggered when a security event is triggered.

Field	Definition
Name	Enter any name for this action.
Description	Enter a description of this action.
Upload	Upload a Python script that calls an API from the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action. The Python script must be created according to the coding conventions that can be displayed by clicking the icon next to the Action Scripts field. The following displays providing an explanation of the coding conventions and provides various links that you can click to see more detail and/or to download sample files.
	 ★ Creating A Custom Incident Response Action ★ The following describes how to create and upload your own Python script to be assigned to an incident response action. Playbook policies that are configured to use this action will automatically execute this script when a security event is triggered. Code Conventions A FortiEDR JumpBox on which one or more scripts are executed is deployed with various standard Python packages. Click here to see a list of the packages that are deployed with this type of FortiEDR JumpBox. At the moment, only Python 2 is supported. Parameters Integration scripts can use properties that are part of a Connector's configuration, such as API keys or information that is part of the triggering event (such as the process name). These properties are stored in the config.json file and can be used as script parameters. Click here to see a sample config.json file and a sample action script: ★ custom_script.py ★ config.json
	Troubleshooting Script execution (either in test mode or as part of a realtime incident response) is defined as

- 4. Click Save. The new action is then listed in the Actions area.
- 5. Select this action to associate it with the custom connector.
- 6. You can click the **Test** button next to it to execute this action.

A new row is added to the CUSTOM section of the Automated Incident Response – Playbooks page. In order for this custom integration connector to trigger an action, you must define it in the Playbook, as described below.

Note – The actions that you define here can also be selected as an action for a Firewall integration connector (as described in page 232) or for a NAC integration connector (as described in page 237). These integration connectors might use the same API. Alternatively, you may need to upload a different script that will be used to perform the same action on different 3rd party products. You can associate several scripts with the same action and select the appropriate one per connector. For example, an IM Notification action could have two scripts – one for notifications via Slack and the other for notifications via Teams.

Playbooks Configuration

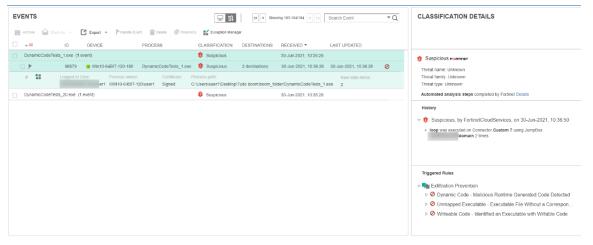
To configure an automated incident response that triggers an action using this custom integration connector upon the triggering of a security event:

- 1. Navigate to the SECURITY SETTINGS > Playbooks page.
- 2. Open the Playbook policy that is applied on devices for which you want the custom action (defined above) to apply.
- 3. In the **CUSTOM** section, place a checkmark in the relevant Classification columns next to the row of that action.
- 4. In the dropdown menu next to the action, select the connector with which to perform the action or **Select All** of them, as shown below:

CUSTOM							
Re-profi	file a device	•	~	~	~	~	
AWS La	ambda Logout User	Select All	~	~	~		
Disable	e interface	 fortinac.fortidemo.com 	~				
Slack N	Notification	ortigate.fortide v	~	~	~	~	~

The example above showed how to configure two custom connectors by using the same action named IM notification in the Playbook – one for notifications via Teams and the other for notifications via Slack.

FortiEDR is now configured to trigger this action in the third-party system upon the triggering of a security event. This automatic incident response action appears in the **CLASSIFICATION DETAILS** area of the **Events** page of the FortiEDR Console.



Action Manager

FortiEDR enables you to define connectors to external systems, so that FortiEDR will automatically trigger predefined actions when a security event is triggered in FortiEDR. You can define your own actions while defining a Custom integration connector, Firewall integration connector or NAC integration connector (as described above). Each action is comprised of a Python script (one or several ones) that calls an API from the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action.

The Action Manager enables you to upload and manage (add, modify and delete) these actions and the Python scripts that call third-party systems' APIs.

To display the Action Manager:

- 1. In the ADMINISTRATION tab, select INTEGRATIONS.
- 2. Click the Action Manager button. The following displays:

Action Manager			×
Add action	Name	New action	
New action	Description		
Add Policy Block			
Add MAC Quarantine			
Disable interface	Action Scrip	ts (?)	▲ Upload
Assign NSX tag		Please upload a script	
Slack Notification		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Teams Notification			
AWS Lambda Logout User		Save	Cancel
· - ·· · ·			
			Close

To define a new action:

- 1. Click the + Add action button in the top left corner of the window.
- 2. Fill out the fields of this window as follows in order to define a new action to be triggered in response to an incident.

Note – In order to trigger this action, a Playbook policy must be defined that triggers this action to execute the script when a security event is triggered. The definition of this new action here automatically adds this action as an option in a Playbook policy. This action however, is not selected by default in the Playbook policy. Therefore, you must go to the Playbook policy and select it in order for it to be triggered when a security event is triggered.

Field	Definition
Name	Enter any name for this action.
Description	Enter a description of this action.

Field	Definition
Upload	Upload a Python script that calls an API from the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action. This Python script must be created according to the coding conventions that can be displayed by clicking the icon next to the Action Scripts field. The following displays providing an explanation of these coding conventions and provides various links that you can click to see more detail and/or to download sample files.
	Creating A Custom Incident Response Action ×
	The following describes how to create and upload your own Python script to be assigned to an incident response action. Playbook policies that are configured to use this action will automatically execute this script when a security event is triggered.
	Code Conventions
	 A FortiEDR JumpBox on which one or more scripts are executed is deployed with various standard Python packages. Click here to see a list of the packages that are deployed with this type of FortiEDR JumpBox. At the moment, only Python 2 is supported. Parameters
	 Integration scripts can use properties that are part of a Connector's configuration, such as API keys or information that is part of the triggering event (such as the process name).
	 These properties are stored in the config.json file and can be used as script parameters. Click here to see a sample config.json file and a sample action script.
	↓ custom_script.py
	Troubleshooting
	Script execution (either in test mode or as part of a realtime incident response) is defined as

3. Click Save.

To modify the script of an action:

- 1. In the ADMINISTRATION tab, select INTEGRATIONS.
- 2. Click the Action Manager button.

3. Select the action of the script to be modified. The following displays:

Action Manager		×
Add action	Name	Assign NSX tag
Add Policy Block	Description	Assign NSX security tag for a device on
Add MAC Quarantine		FortiGate (whatever the severity is)
Disable interface		
Assign NSX tag	Action Scrip	
Slack Notification	custom_scrip	ot1sv.py 💉 💆 🗙
Teams Notification		
AWS Lambda Logout User		
Azure Function DB Insert		Save Cancel
		Close

4. 4 In the Action Scripts area, hover over the name of the script in order to display various tools, as follows:

ΤοοΙ	Description
1	To overwrite the current script by uploading a different script instead of it.
$\overline{1}$	To download the action's current script. For example, so that you can edit it.
×	To delete the action's selected script.
↑ Upload	To upload a new Python script that calls an API from the third-party system in order to perform the relevant action.

Note – To delete an action entirely, hover over its name in the list on the left and click the Trashcan icon.

5. Click Save.

Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot various problems that you may encounter in the FortiEDR system.

Note – For debugging and troubleshooting, Fortinet Support may request that you provide the logs for the FortiEDR devices deployed in your organization (Collectors, Cores, Aggregators). You may refer to Exporting Logs on page 117 for details about how to do so.

Note – If your system includes the Forensics add-on, you can use the Retrieve Memory function to retrieve memory related to a specific stack on a specific Collector. For more details, you may refer to Retrieving Memory on page 217.

A FortiEDR Collector Does Not Display in the INVENTORY Tab

After a FortiEDR Collector is first launched, it registers with the FortiEDR Central Manager and is displayed in the INVENTORY tab. If it does not appear to have registered, then perform the following:

- 1. Check that the device on which the FortiEDR Collector is installed is powered on and has an Internet connection.
- 2. Validate that ports 8081 and 555 are available and that no other third-party product is blocking these ports.

No Events on the FortiEDR Central Manager Console

If no events are displayed in the FortiEDR Central manager console, then perform the following.

Validate that there is network connectivity between all the system components.

To do so, we recommend:

- Running Telnet on the FortiEDR Collector and connecting to the FortiEDR Core IP via port 555,
- Running Telnet on the FortiEDR Core and attempting to connect to the FortiEDR Aggregator IP on port 8081.

Note - Make sure that Telnet is enabled in Windows.

User Cannot Communicate Externally or Files Modification Activity Is Blocked

Microsoft Windows-based Devices

The Windows Event Viewer records whenever a FortiEDR Collector blocks communication from a device or file modification related to ransomware activity. This information is recorded in the Windows Event Viewer log located in the following location: **Event Viewer > Windows Logs > Application**.

Troubleshooting

Event Viewer (Local)	Application No	mber of events: 1,436				_	Actions
🛱 Custom Views			<u>^</u>		T 1 6 1	0	Application
👔 Windows Logs	Level	Date and Time	Source	Event ID	Task Category		
Application	(i) Information	1/26/2020 5:21:34 PM	EventSystem	4625	None		👩 Open Saved Log
Security	(i) Information	1/2/2020 10:38:53 AM	EventSystem	4625	None		Create Custom View
Setup	Information	2/6/2020 6:55:18 PM	FortiEDR Collector	20			Import Custom View.
System	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:19 PM	FortiEDR Collector		None		Clear Log
Forwarded Events	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:21 PM	FortiEDR Collector	20	None		
Applications and Services Lo Subscriptions	(i) Information	2/6/2020 2:11:49 PM	FortiEDR Collector	10	None		Filter Current Log
Subscriptions	(i) Information	2/6/2020 4:56:20 PM	FortiEDR Collector	70	None		Properties
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:15 PM 以	FortiEDR Collector	20	None		🙀 Find
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:22 PM	FortiEDR Collector	10	None		
	(i) Information	2/4/2020 7:19:11 PM	FortiEDR Collector	10	None		Save All Events As
	(i) Information	2/4/2020 3:24:02 PM	FortiEDR Collector	70	None		Attach a Task To this L
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 7:42:21 PM	FortiEDR Collector	70	None		View
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:23 PM	FortiEDR Collector	20	None		Q Refresh
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:25 PM	FortiEDR Collector	20	None		
	(i) Information	2/6/2020 6:55:27 PM	FortiEDR Collector	20	None		🛛 🕜 Help
	(i) Information	1/13/2020 4:06:07 PM	Msilnstaller	11707	None		Event 20, FortiEDR Collecto
	(i) Information	1/13/2020 4:02:17 PM	Msilnstaller	1040	None	~	
	Event 20, FortiED	R Collector				×	Event Properties
							Attach Task To This Ev
	General Detai	ls					🕒 Сору
						^	Save Selected Events
		ss blocked for process \Devic	ce\HarddiskVolume2\W	/indows\Sys	tem32		Q Refresh
	\browser_bro	ker.exe (PID 6848)					-
	,						Pelp Help
	Log Name:	Application					
	Source:	FortiEDR Collector	Logged:	2/6/2020 6:	:55:18 PM		
	Event ID:	20	Task Category:	None			
	Level:	Information	Keywords:	Classic			
	User	N/A	Computer	collector7		~	1

MacOS-based Devices

The MacOS console records whenever a FortiEDR Collector blocks communication from a device or file modification related to ransomware activity. This information is recorded in the MacOS console log located in the following location: **Applications > Utilities > Console > All Messages**, as shown below:

Feb 26 20:06:50 Mac70 fortiEDRCollector[3654]: Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response: Connection blocked for process /System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/ IMFoundation.framework/XPCServices/IMRemoteURLConnectionAgent.xpc/Contents/MacOS/IMRemoteURLConnectionAgent (pid:3813) Feb 26 20:06:51 --- last message repeated 2 times ---Feb 26 20:06:51 Mac70 fortiEDRCollector[3654]: Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response: Connection blocked for process /System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/ IMFoundation.framework/XPCServices/IMRemoteURLConnectionAgent.xpc/Contents/MacOS/IMRemoteURLConnectionAgent (pid:3814)

Multi-tenancy (Organizations)

This chapter describes the operations that can be performed by an Administrator in a FortiEDR multi-organization system.

This chapter is only relevant for administrators in a multi-organization system. If you do not have Administrator rights, there is no need to read this chapter.

What is a Multi-organization Environment in FortiEDR?

Beginning with V3.0, the FortiEDR system can be set up as a single-organization or multi-organization environment. When set up as a single-organization system, the FortiEDR system and all its operations and infrastructure serve a single tenant, called an *organization* in the FortiEDR system, and work as described in all the previous chapters of this guide.

Note - Prior to V3.0, the FortiEDR system only supported a single tenant (organization).

In a multi-organization FortiEDR system, someone with Administrator rights can perform operations and handle data for all organizations in the system. For example, think of a multi-organization environment like a hotel chain, which has a parent company along with hotels in various cities. In this scenario, the ABC Hotel corporate entity represents the *main organization*, and each ABC Hotel branch location represents a separate, discrete organization. For example, ABC Hotel Los Angeles, ABC Hotel New York, ABC Hotel Boston and so on.

FortiEDR uses *organizations* to distinguish between tenants in a multi-tenant environment. Each organization uses the same FortiEDR user interface and shares the same FortiEDR database.

Multi-organization and User Roles

FortiEDR uses a series of predefined roles to control access to organizational data, as follows:

• Administrator: Is the highest-level super user that can perform all operations in the FortiEDR Central Manager console for all organizations. This role can access all organizations in the system, and also includes the same privileges as the Local Administrator and User roles.

In a FortiEDR multi-organization system, the system comes with one predefined Administrator user. More than one Administrator role is permitted.

Note - There must always be at least one Administrator in the system.

- Local Administrator: Is a super user that can perform all operations in the FortiEDR Central Manager console for a single organization. This role can only access its own organization's data, and also includes the same privileges as the User role. More than one Local Administrator role is permitted per organization.
- User: This user is allowed to view all information and to perform actions for its **own organization**, such as to mark security events as handled, change policies and define Exceptions. This user is similar to the Local Administrator. However, this user cannot access the **ADMINISTRATION** tab, which is described in Administration on page 252.

Component Registration in a Multi-organization Environment

Collector Registration

Each organization has its own registration password. The Collector installer specifies the Collector organization name. If the **Organization** field is left empty during installation, the Collector is added to the default Hoster account, as shown below:

Fortinet Endpoint Detection and Response Platform		×
Collector Configuration		
Aggregator Address:	Port:	8081
Registration Password:		
Organization:		
Advanced: VDI (Virtual Desktop Infrastructure) installation Use System Proxy Settings		
Cancel < Back		Install

After registration, the Collector receives the organization ID. You can rename the organization if preferred.

To specify the organization when installing from a command line, run the following command:



Core Registration

Most Cores are shared between organizations. It is possible to install a Core that belongs only to your organization by installing it on-premises. In this case, you must specify the organization during the Core installation process.

Collectors that do not belong to an organization cannot see that organization's organization-specific Core.

For more details about Core installation, see Installing the FortiEDR Core on page 397.

Workflow

The following general workflow applies for Administrators when working in a FortiEDR multi-organization system:



Step 1 – Logging In to a Multi-organization System

For a FortiEDR multi-organization system, a user must also specify the organization when logging in to the system.

F#RTINET	User name
	Password
	Organization name
	LOGIN

By default, Administrators are logged in to the main organization, and do not need to specify an organization in the **Organization Name** dropdown list.

A Local Administrator or regular User must specify the organization when logging in. The user must be defined for an organization in order to log in to that organization.

Step 2 – Defining or Importing an Organization

The **ORGANIZATIONS** page lists all the organizations defined in the FortiEDR system.

		EVENT VIEWER 151				✓ 1228 SECUF		INVENTORY 🗸 2	ADMINISTRATION (2304)			● Protection ✓	
LICENSING	ORGANIZATIONS												
ORGANIZATIONS	Add Organization	on											
JSERS		Workstatio	ns Licenses	Servers	Licenses	IoT Device	s Licenses						
	NAME	CAPACITY	IN USE	CAPACITY	IN USE	CAPACITY	IN USE	EXPIRATION DATE	MIGRATION				
DISTRIBUTION	ensilofordev (hoster)	1000	24	1000	3	10000	276	26-Apr-2021	*≡	4	÷		
1515	DEMO	100	0	100	0	100	3	31-Mar-2021	i ≣ i	4			
XPORT	1255	10	0	10	0	0	0	26-May-2020 🕚	* ⊞ ₩	4			
ETTINGS	InfoSecTesting	10	0	10	0	10	0	31-Jan-2021	→ Ⅲ Ⅲ	4	童		
OOLS	WestWing	100	0	10	0	0	0	30-Mar-2021	→ Ⅲ ₩ ↓	4			
SYSTEM EVENTS IP SETS													
ITEGRATIONS													

The **Default (hoster)** organization is predefined in the system. This organization represents the main organization in the system, such as the ABC Hotel chain described before. The Default (hoster) main organization cannot be deleted.

The Default (hoster) organization can be accessed by an Administrator and the Local Administrator that you define for it.

Note – In a single-organization system, the Default (hoster) organization is the only organization. To set up a multi-organization system, see Moving from a Single-organization to Multi-organization Structure in FortiEDR on page 346

The Organizations window contains the following information:

Field	Definition
Name	Specifies the name of the organization.
Workstation Licenses Capacity	For the organization, specifies the number of workstation licenses allocated to the organization.
Worksstation Licenses in Use	Specifies the number of workstation licenses in use (installed).
Servers Licenses Capacity	For the organization, specifies the number of servers allocated to the organization.
Servers Licenses in Use	Specifies the number of servers in use (installed).
IoT Devices Capacity	For the organization, specifies the maximum number of IoT devices that can be detected in the organization.

Field	Definition
IoT Devices in Use	Specifies the number of IoT devices detected in the organization.
Expiration Date	Specifies the expiration date of licenses for the organization.

Click the *Edit* button in an organization row to edit the properties of that organization.

You can delete an organization as long as it does not have any workstations or servers in use. Click the **Delete** button in an organization row to delete that organization.



Click the **Migrate Organization** button in an organization row to migrate that organization. For more details, see Migrating an Organization on page 349.

To define an organization:

1. Click the ADMINISTRATION tab and then click ORGANIZATIONS in the left pane. The ORGANIZATIONS page displays.

ORGANIZATI	ON DETAILS
Name	
Registration Passw	ord
Confirm Password	
Expiration date	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
🗸 Vulnerability, Io	T Management and Device Control
✓ Forensics and T	hreat Hunting
Repository stor	age add-ons 0 of 0 available globally
eXtended Detec	tion
ORGANIZATION LI	CENSE CAPACITY
Workstations	0 of 97480 available globally
	0 of 97660 available globally
Servers	0 97000 available globally

All fields in this window are mandatory.

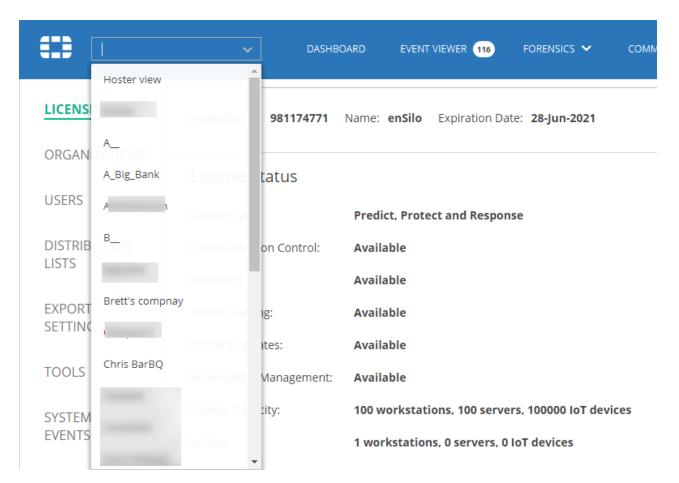
3. Fill in all fields in this window, as follows:

Field	Definition
Name	A free-text field that specifies the name of the organization. For example, a hotel branch location like ABC Hotel Los Angeles.
Registration Password	Specifies the registration password for the organization. Each organization can have a different registration password. You set the value for this password.

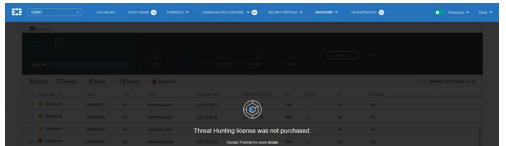
Field	Definition
	Supported special characters in the password: !, #, %, &, ', +, -, ., /, :, <, =, >, ?, @, [,], ^, _, `, {, , }, ~, and ,
	You can display the registration password for an organization by selecting ADMINISTRATION > TOOLS > COMPONENT AUTHENTICATION > DISPLAY.
	Note – If third-party software attempts to stop the FortiEDR Collector service, the system prompts for the registration password. This is the same password used when installing the Collector. If an incorrect password is supplied at the prompt, the message Access Denied displays on the Collector device. In this case, the FortiEDR Collector service is not stopped. For more details about the required password to supply in this situation, refer to Component Authentication on page 295.
Expiration Date	Specifies when this license expires. Notifications are sent to you beforehand. Each organization can have its own expiration date. Note – If the Default (hoster) organization expiration date is earlier than that for the organization, then the expiration date for the Default (hoster)organization applies. Whenever there is an expiration date conflict, the earlier date always applies.
Vulnerability, IoT Management, and Device Control	Check this checkbox for the organization to have access to these features. This option is only available on setups that have purchased a Discover and Protect license or Discover, Protect and Response license. Note – The various license types in FortiEDR enable access to different FortiEDR features. The Administrator can configure the various organizations in a multi-tenant environment to each have access to different features in the product. For example, Organization A may have access to the Threat Hunting feature and Organization B may not.
Forensics and Threat Hunting	 Check this checkbox to provide the organization access to these features. This option is only available on setups that have purchased a Discover, Protect and Response or Protect and Response license. Repository storage add-ons: Specifies the number of repository add ons, out of the total number of add on purchases, to enable this organization to use. eXtended Detection: Check this checkbox to give the organization access to this feature. This option is only available on setups that have purchased an eXtended Detection add on. See more details on license types in Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.

Field	Definition			
Workstations / Servers / IoT Devices License Capacity	Specifies the number of license seats for the organization, meanumber of Collectors that can be installed in this organization. I allocating licenses to an organization, you may need to verify the available licenses that can be distributed. All currently unallocated available for allocation to an organization. You cannot enter a regreater than the number of licenses available for allocation. Note – The License Capacity field in the Licenses window show number of license seats for the entire FortiEDR system, which Workstations, Servers and IoT Devices. The Default (hoster) organization initially receives the total allo licenses. The Administrator is responsible for allocating these I organizations. In a single-organizations, as there is only one orgonizations.			ation. Before erify the number of allocated licenses are ter a number that is on. v shows the total vhich are divided into al allocation of hese licenses among licenses do not need
		dashboard event viewer 🔢 forensics 🛩 communic	ITION CONTROL 👻 🤫 SECURITY SETTINGS 🛩 INVENTORY 👻 😗 🛛 🗖	STRATION (9) Protection ~
	LICENSING Installation ID: 9 ORGANIZATIONS	1178577 Name: ensilofordev Expiration Date: 26-Apr-2022		Central Manager Certificate
	USERS License Type:	US Discover, Protect and Response	Workstations	Servers
	DISTRIBUTION eXtended Deter LISTS Communication		30 n Use	2 ^{Licenses}
	DPORT Forence: SETTINGS Forence: TOOLS Context Update SYSTEM Uniterability M EVENTS Literes Capacity IP SETS Remaining	Available Available, no Repository add-ons :: Available nagement: Available	970 ²	998gewarts
	Content Content Versio Automatica P Advanced	: 938 Upder Collector) Request Collector Installer ruppdate Collectors to the latest patch version		

4. Click the **Save** button. Note that it may take a minute or so to create the organization. After creating the organization, the organization appears as a new row in the Organization dropdown list.



Note – If a user attempts to use a feature that is not available with their license, a warning message displays. For example, as shown below.



Moving from a Single-organization to Multi-organization Structure in FortiEDR

In a single-organization system, the Default (hoster) organization is the only organization.

To create a multi-organization (multi-tenant) system, an Administrator simply needs to add one or more organizations to a single-organization system. When there are multiple organizations in the system, you can select the organization of interest in the **Organization** dropdown menu that appears at the top left of the window, as described below.

Step 3 - Navigating Between Organizations

In a multi-organization system, all types of information are now organized per organization.

Administrators can view information in the FortiEDR system for a specific organization or for all organizations together. To do so, use one of the following methods:

- **a.** Select the **Hoster view** in the **Organization** dropdown menu at the top left of the window to display information for all organizations together. For more details about Hoster view, see Hoster View on page 357.
- b. Select the organization of interest in the Organization dropdown list.

;;;; [~	DASHB	DARD EVENT VIEWER 116 FORENSICS 🗸 COMMUN	IICATION CONTROL 🗸 1129) SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸 INVENTORY 🗸 🚹	ADMINISTRATION (8) Protection V Barbara V
LICENS	Hoster view		981174771	Name: enSilo Expiration Date: 28-Jun-2021		Central Manager Certificate
ORGAN	TIONS		tatus	Predict, Protect and Response	Workstations	Servers
LISTS			on Control:	Available Available	1 Licenses	Olicuse
SETTING	Brett's compnay		ıg: ites:	Available Available		
SYSTEM EVENTS			Vanagement: :ity:	Available 100 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 loT devices 1 workstations, 0 servers, 0 loT devices		U
IP SETS				99 workstations, 100 servers, 1010 devices 99 workstations, 100 servers, 100000 loT devices at were not in use for more than 30 days and are not	99Licenses	100 ^{Bernalning}
INTEGRATI	IONS					
		Content	:			
		Content Ve	rsion: 5040	Update Collectors Request Collector Installer		

In Hoster view, each row in the Organizations pane represents a different organization. Note that after you select an organization, the entire user interface only shows information for that organization.

Note – If that multiple web browser tabs or windows are opened on the same device and each of them navigates to a different organization on the FortiEDR Central Manager Console, they all show the data of the same organization, which is the last organization that was selected in the Organization dropdown list. In this case, the dropdown may look as if it points to Organization A however the data would be of Organization B.

Step 4 – Defining a Local Administrator for an Organization

Administrators can create one or more Local Administrators for an organization. You should define at least one Local Administrator for each organization.

To define a Local Administrator:

1. Click the ADMINISTRATION tab and then click USERS in the left pane.



Add User button.

3. Fill in the displayed window, as described in Users on page 260, and then click **Save**. Be sure to select **Local** Administrator in the Roles field.

In addition, you must specify the organization for the Local Administrator in the Organization field, as shown below.

USER DETAILS	
Organization	
User Name	liorgolf444
Title	organization10
First Name	organization100
Last Name	organization11
Email Address	organization12
Password	
Confirm Password	
Roles	User ×
Require two facto	r authentication for this user
	Save Cancel

Step 5 – Performing Operations in the FortiEDR System

Administrators can perform all of the operations described from Security Settings on page 54 to Forensics on page 204 in this guide using the user interface of the FortiEDR Central Manager for all organizations in the system.

Administrators can monitor the system per organization or using Hoster view, which shows data for all organizations together.

Migrating an Organization

FortiEDR's Consolidation feature enables you to copy all the data and definitions within an organization from one environment to another environment. This feature copies an organization from one environment (source setup/environment) to another (destination setup/environment). The copy operation adds to the content in the destination environment, and does not replace the target's existing content.

Note that this feature is only available to Administrators.

Organization migration involves three steps, which are described in detail in the procedure below.

To migrate an organization:

1. Click the **ADMINISTRATION** tab and then click **ORGANIZATIONS** in the left pane. The Organizations window displays.

ICENSING	ORGANIZATIONS											
ORGANIZATIONS	Add Organization	ation										
JSERS		Workstatio		Servers			es Licenses					
	NAME	CAPACITY	IN USE	CAPACITY	IN USE	CAPACITY	IN USE	EXPIRATION DATE	MIGRATION			
DISTRIBUTION	ensilofordev (hoster)	1000	24	1000	3	10000	276	26-Apr-2021	+==	4	÷	
.1515	DEMO	100	0	100	0	100	3	31-Mar-2021	→ Ⅲ Ⅲ ←	4	÷	
XPORT	1255	10	0	10	0	0	0	26-May-2020 🕑	* = +	4		
SETTINGS	InfoSecTesting	10	0	10	0	10	0	31-Jan-2021	→ ⊞ ⊞ ←	4	-	
TOOLS	WestWing	100	0	10	0	0	0	30-Mar-2021	→ ⊞ ⊞ ←	4	-	
SYSTEM EVENTS P SETS NTEGRATIONS												

2. Click the **Migrate organization** button in the row of the source organization that you want to copy to another environment. The following window displays:

D	2	3	
Export organization			
	Import organization	Transfer collectors	
Export all organization data and ts collectors from the source environment	Import all organization data and its collectors to the destination environment	Move all collectors from the source environment to the destination environment	
Export organization			
Set an organization name in the (destination environment		
organization100		Export	

From this window, you perform three steps to migrate the organization to another environment:

- i. Export the Organization: This step exports all the data of the selected organization to a zip file.
- **ii.** This step imports all the organization's data using the zip file exported in step 1. Note that this step is performed on the destination environment.
- iii. This step moves all the Collectors of the selected organization from the source environment to the destination environment.
- 3. In the **Export organization** field, specify the name of the organization to appear for this data in the destination environment. Make sure that you assign an organization name that does not already exist in the destination environment.
- 4. Click the Export button. All the data and definitions for the organization are exported to a zip file. The zip file is named as follows: source organization name_environment name_FortiEDR_timestamp_Export.zip, as shown in the example below:

ad_localhost.localdomain_enSilo_Feb.05.2019_Export.zip

After the export completes, a Download link displays in the window:

Export organization

	100 / 8
Data for the	organization was generated successfully
Download	

Note - You can cancel the migration process at any time by clicking the Abort button.

5. Click the **Download** link to download the exported zip file.

Note - Click the Close button if you want to close this window and continue the migration process at a later time. This action saves the relevant

organizational data. You can later continue this migration process by using the **Continue Migration**

If you click the **Close** button before downloading the exported zip file, a warning displays. In this case, you must perform the migration process again from the beginning.

6. Click Next. The following window displays:

-	0	3
Export organization	Import organization	Transfer collectors
Export all organization data and its collectors from the source environment	Import all organization data and its collectors to the destination environment	Move all collectors from the source environment to the destination environment
monet exception		
the exported file from the prev	ou migrate the organization and perf ious step. e received at the end of the import or	

- 7. Log in to the destination environment.
- 8. Click the **ADMINISTRATION** tab and then click **ORGANIZATIONS** in the left pane.

9. In the ORGANIZATIONS page, click the Import Organization button. The following window displays:

Select file
Import Cancel

10. Select the exported zip file to load and then click Import. This step copies all the data and environment definitions of the exported organization.

Notes - You cannot import an exported organization that has a name that already exists in the destination environment.

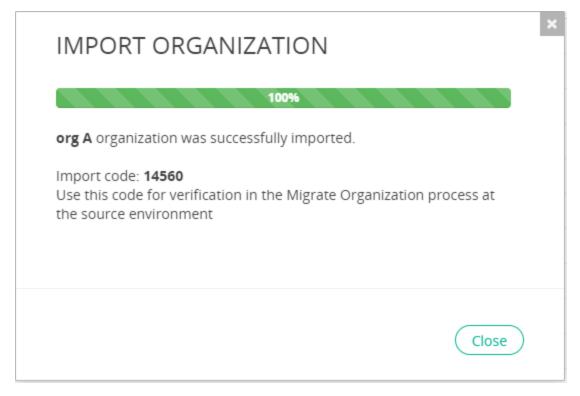
To import:

The FortiEDR platform version must be the same in both the source and destination environments.

The content version must be the same in both the source and destination environments. You can see the Content Version at the bottom of the Licensing window (see page 187).

You must have sufficient workstation and server licenses in the destination environment.

At the end of the import process, the Import Organization window displays a code. Write down this code, as it will be entered later as part of the migration process.



Note – The Import code also displays in the Organization Details window, which you can display at any time by clicking the Edit button in an organization row in the Organizations window.

ORGANIZATIO	× N DETAILS
Name	org A
Registration Password	•••••
Expiration date	01-01-2020
Workstations allocated	500 (6580 available for allocation)
Servers allocated	500 (6580 available for allocation)
Imported organization	(import code - 14560)
	Save Cancel

Note that the name of the organization cannot be changed in this window, and is read only.

11. In step 2 of the Migrate Organization window, enter or copy the import code into the Import code field.

Note – If you previously closed the Migrate Organization window, then click the Continue Migration button in the source organization row in the

RGANIZA	TIONS page.							
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		ENT VIEWER 🤫 FORENSICS 🗸			INVENTORY~ 993	ADMINISTRATION 1912		
LICENSING	ORGANIZATIONS							
	Add Organization							
USERS	NAME	Workstations Licenses CAPACITY IN USE	Servers Licenses CAPACITY IN US	IOT Device CAPACITY	s Licenses IN USE	EXPIRATION DATE	MIGRATION	14 4 Showing 1-15/98 F
USERS	NAME liorgolf444 (hoster)	1000 36	1000 11	100000	911	19-jan-2021	MIGRATION	¢ 📋
DISTRIBUTION	organization10	50 0	50 0	0	0	01-jan-2025	Cont.	✓ =
LISTS	organization100	50 0	50 0	0	0	01-jan-2025	Cont.	¢ 📋
EXPORT SETTINGS	organization11	50 0	50 0	0	0	14-Apr-2020	Cont.	¢ 🚊
TOOLS	organization12	50 0	50 0	0	0	01-jan-2025	i.	<i>≪</i> ≘

12.	Click Next.	The following	window displays:
-----	-------------	---------------	------------------

0	0	3	
Export organization	Import organiza	tion Trans	fer collectors
Export all organization data and its collectors from the source environment	Import all organizat its collectors to the environment	destination source	ll collectors from the environment to the ation environment
	organization to the c	org A organization in the c	lestination environment
Transfer collectors Transfer all collectors of the org FROM:	; organization to the c	org A organization in the o	lestination environment
Transfer all collectors of the org			
Transfer all collectors of the org FROM:		TO:	
Transfer all collectors of the org FROM:		TO:	
Transfer all collectors of the org FROM:	:8081) $ ightarrow$	TO:	
Transfer all collectors of the org FROM: Aggregator Fortinet (127.0.0.1:	:8081) $ ightarrow$	TO:	DNS/IP:port

In this window, you move the Collectors from the source environment to the destination environment. The Collectors cannot be registered to both environments at the same time.

Note that until this step is completed, the Collectors are still registered to the organization in the source environment and their status and security events are displayed there. In the destination environment, Collectors are displayed with the Pending Migration state, as shown in the Inventory window. This state indicates that the Collector has not yet been transferred from the source environment to this environment. Collectors in the Pending Migration state are still registered to the source environment.

DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER		ON CONTROL 🗸 10		INVENTORY V 5			Simulation	
All 🔹 🗎 Streate Group 🔐 Move to Group 💼 Delete 🔻	🕥 Enable/Disable 🔻 👰 Isolate 🔻	📑 Export 🔻 👗 Unins	stall				Search Collectors	
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVICE NAME	LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group (0/0)								
Default Collector Group (2/2)								
	Collector1	COLLECTOR1\root	Windows 10 Home	10.51.121.231	00-50-56-BE-77-E1	4.1.0.52	 Running (Autonomously) 	Now
	MICHAL-COL	MICHAL-COL\root	Windows 10 Enterprise 2016 LTSB	10.51.121.13	00-50-56-8F-E5-76	3.1.0.425	Disconnected (Pending Migration)	4 days ago

13. Specify the **Aggregator Address** in the **To** field. Each Collector is connected to one Aggregator. In this field, you specify the IP address or DNS name and the port of the Aggregator that will service the Collectors in the destination environment.

Transfer collectors	

Transfer all collectors of the org organization to the org A organization in the destination environment

 FROM:
 TO:

 Aggregator Fortinet (127.0.0.1:8081)
 →
 Aggregator Address
 DNS/IP:port

14. Click the **Transfer** button. The Collectors are transferred from the organization in the source environment to the organization in the destination environment. A progress indicator counter displays as the Collectors are transferred.

V DASHBOARI		FOREN	ISICS 🗸	COMMUN	NICATION CONTR	OL 🗸 1				~ 5	ADMINISTRA			🔵 Sin
		🚺 The	e organizatio	n is in th	e midst of a mi	gration proce	ss. 1 / 2	collectors have	already been tr	ansferred				
NIZATIONS														
dd Organization 📫 Import (Organization													
	W	orkstation	s Licenses		Servers L	icenses		IoT Devices	s Licenses					
1E	CA	PACITY	IN USE		CAPACITY	IN USE		CAPACITY	IN USE		EXPIRATION	DATE	MIGRATION	
ult (hoster)	1	10000	6		10000	0		2000	399		02-Feb-2021		→ 	•
		1	0		1	0		1	0		27-Feb-2020	G	Cont.	•
													•	

Note – The progress indicator counter continues to display until the organization is deleted in the source environment, which is recommended after all Collectors have been transferred from the source environment to the destination environment. See step 16 below.

If you click the Abort button at this step, any Collectors already transferred from the source environment to the destination environment remain in the destination environment.

After a Collector has been transferred from the source environment to the destination environment, its state is **Migrated** in the source environment, and is **Running** (functional) in the destination environment.

Note – Collector protection remains in effect throughout the entire migration process.

	DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTI	ROL 🗸 10	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY 🗸 🔉	ADMINISTRATION 1		Simulation •	🖌 admin 🗸
All V Streate Group	Move to Group	👕 Delete 🔻 🔇		tion is in the midst of a m		ess. 1 / 2 collectors have alrea	dy been transferred			Search Collectors	
COLLECTOR GROUP NAME			DEVICE N/	AME LA	ST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
High Security Collector Group											
 Default Collector Group (2/2) 											
			Collector		OLLECTOR1\ro	ot Windows 10 Home	10.51.121.231	00-50-56-BE-77-E1	4.1.0.52	 Disconnected (Migrated) 	Today
			MICHAL-C	COL MI	ICHAL-COL\roo	t Windows 10 Enterprise 2016 LTSB	10.51.121.13	00-50-56-8F-E5-76	3.1.0.425	Disconnected	4 days ago

15. [Optional] Click the **Stop Transfer** button to pause the Collector transfer process. You can resume the transfer process by clicking the Transfer button again.

IMPORTANT – If a user enters the source organization while a migration process is in progress for it, a warning displays. Any changes made by this user will not be migrated or included in the destination organization. Any changes made to an organization while it is being migrated are ultimately lost.



16. After all the Collectors were successfully migrated from the organization on the source environment to the organization on the destination environment, delete the source organization. To do so, select the Administration tab and then click Organizations in the left pane. In the Organizations window, click the Delete button in the row of the source organization to be removed.

Note – Collector protection and functionality remain throughout the entire migration process.

Hoster View

When you select Hoster view in the Organization dropdown list, all windows in the user interface are affected. In general, this view shows aggregated data for all organizations.

However, some data is only available in Hoster view, such as the following:

- Export Settings: In a multi-organization system, SMTP-related information is only displayed in Hoster view.
- Tools Periodic Scan

In addition, there are some special cases where you cannot view administration data in Hoster view, and can only view data for a specific organization, such as the following:

- Component Authentication
- Automatic Updates
- End User Notifications

Many of the windows that display aggregated data for all organizations have some special features when displaying data in Hoster view. In general, in Hoster view, these windows have an additional column or field, and require that you specify the organization in order to add the item. Several examples are provided below. The examples below are not all-inclusive.

Licensing

When in Hoster view, the Licensing window shows aggregated information for all organizations.

Hoster view	✓ DAS	HBOARD EVENT VIEWER 394	Forensics 🗸 com	MUNICATION CONTROL 💙	SECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY 🗸 🌀	ADMINISTRATION 259	O Protection 🗸 😋 Cont 🗸
LICENSING	Installation ID:	Name: Expiration	Date: 26-Apr-2022					Central Manager Certificate
ORGANIZATIONS	License Status				Workstatic	ons		Servers
USERS	License Type:	Discover, Protect and Response						
DISTRIBUTION	eXtended Detection:	Unavailable			40 ^{Licenses}			3 In Use
LISTS	Communication Control:	Available						
EXPORT	Forensics:	Available						
SETTINGS	Threat Hunting:	Available, no Repository add-or	15					
TOOLS	Content Updates:	Available						
SYSTEM	Vulnerability Managemen	t: Available						
EVENTS	License Capacity:	100000 workstations, 100000 se	rvers, 100000 IoT devices					
IP SETS	In Use:	40 workstations, 3 servers, 685	IoT devices		99960L	emaining		99997Remaining
	Remaining:	99960 workstations, 99997 serv			555000	censes		JJJJJ Licenses
	Update License	t were not in use for more than 30 days an	d are not considered as in-use					
	Content							
	Content Version: 6738	Load Content Upda	te Collectors R	equest Collector Installer				
	Automatically update	Collectors to the latest patch version						
	Advanced							

For example, the Workstations and Servers diagrams indicate the number of allocated and available licenses for all workstations and servers, respectively, in the entire FortiEDR system. The Licenses in Use numbers represent the number of Collectors that have been installed out of the total permitted to be installed.

The Load Content option loads content to all organizations. Once loaded, the new configuration applies to all organizations, including new Collector installers. However, Collectors are not being updated yet.

When in this view, you cannot load content to a specific organization.

When you click the **Update Collectors** button in the Licensing window, the Update Collector Version window displays, and includes an **Organization Name** column. Use the checkboxes in this column to update the organization for a Collector Group. All other functionality in this window works in the standard manner.

ORGANIZATION NAME	COLLECTOR GROUP	WINDOWS VERSION	MACOS VERSION	LINUX VERSION
liorgolf444	Default Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
liorgolf444	emulation	N/A	N/A	N/A
liorgolf444	group1	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
liorgolf444	group2	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
liorgolf444	High Security Collector Group	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
liorgolf444	Insiders	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
liorgolf444	Linux	4.1.0 Rev. 23	3.1.5 Rev. 14	3.1.5 Rev. 72
Ipdate 0 selected groups to				
Windows version 4.0.1 Rev.	153 👻 🦳 ma	acOS version 3.1.5 Rev. 14	v	Linux version 3.1.5 Rev. 72
lete Varcian undata involvas s	sending 10Mb of data from the Cen	tral Manager to each Colleg	***	

Users

In Hoster view, this window includes an Organization column.

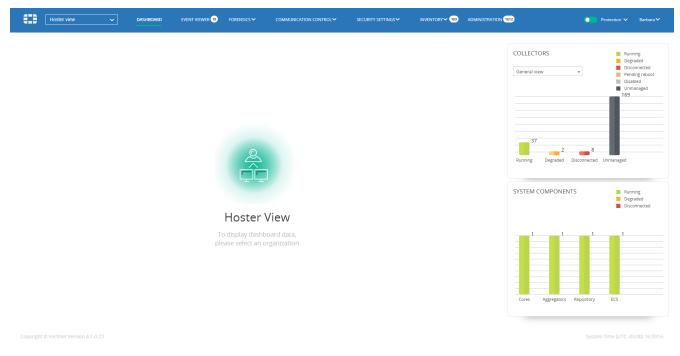
Hoster view	v 🗸 DASH	BOARD EVENT VIE	EWER 19 FORENSICS ~	COMMUNICATION CO	ONTROL SECURI	Y SETTINGS ✓ INVENTOR	Y~ 193 ADMINISTRATION 1612	🔵 Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸
LICENSING	LOCAL USERS							
ORGANIZATIONS	🔔 🕈 Add User							
	ORGANIZATION	NAME 🔺	TITLE	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	EMAIL	ROLE	I ≤ Showing 1-12/12 ► ►
USERS	liorgolf444	aaaa	aaaa	aaaa	aaaa	aaaa@f.com	Local Admin, User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 🍵 Delete
	test	AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHh	nii12	asdfg	asdfg	asdfg@f.com	Local Admin, User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 👕 Delete
DISTRIBUTION	liorgolf444	Barbara	Tech Writer	Barbara	Sher	barbara@docustar.co.il	Admin, Local Admin, User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 👕 Delete
LISIS	liorgolf444	bbbb	bbbb	bbbb	bbbb	bbbb@g.com	User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 👕 Delete
EXPORT	liorgolf444	Einat	Product	Einat	Yellin	einat@ensilo.com	Admin, Local Admin, User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 👕 Delete
SETTINGS	liorgolf444	Einaty	Einaty	Einaty	Einaty	Einaty@Einaty	Local Admin, User	🔒 Reset Password 🗳 Edit 👕 Delete

When you click the Add User button from this window, the User Details window displays. The User Details window includes an Organization field that you must specify to add the user.

USER DETAILS	
Organization	
User Name	liorgolf444
Title	organization10
First Name	organization100
Last Name	organization11
Email Address	organization12
Password	
Confirm Password	
Roles	User ×
Require two facto	or authentication for this user
	Save Cancel

Dashboard

In Hoster view, some information does not display in the Dashboard. The information that does display is aggregated for all organizations, such as Collectors, System Components, Repositories and so on, as shown below.



To view Dashboard information for a specific organization, you must select the organization of interest in the Organization dropdown list.

Event Viewer

In Hoster view, the Event Viewer displays the security events from all organizations. The **Organization** column indicates the organization in which the security event occurred.

EVENTS			Showing 1-17/18 🕨 🕨 Search Event 🔻 🔍	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS	
EVENTS		🖵 t). 🖂 🖉	showing 1-17/18 FI Search Event V Q	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS	
📷 Archive 🔛 Mark As 👻 🔀 Export 💌 🏲 Handle Event 🦷	Delete 🕜 Forens	ics 💕 Exception Manager			
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	ORGANIZATION	CLASSIFICATION A DESTINATIONS	RECEIVED LAST UPDATED		
pandasecurityDx.dll (2 events)	liorgolf444	≡! PUP	11-Feb-2020, 21:15:58	History	
pandasecurityDx64.dll (1 event)	liorgolf444	≡! PUP	11-Feb-2020, 21:14:04		
TeamViewer.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	≡! PUP	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:59		
DynamicCodeTests32.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:27		
python.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	# Malicious	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:59		
SmartConsole.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	+ Likely Safe	03-Feb-2020, 05:25:12		
enSiloCollector (1 event)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	03-Feb-2020, 04:00:50		
DynamicCode32.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:18:43		
cscript.exe (4 events)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:16:45		
dumb-init (1 event)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 12:07:10		
filebeat.exe (2 events)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 11:51:23		
979c6de81cc0f4e0a770f720ab82e8c727a2d422fe (2 events)	liorgolf444	Malicious	30-Jan-2020, 04:18:06		
B03276BFBF85CFDD7C8998004C1200DA.vir (2 events)	liorgolf444	# Malicious	30-Jan-2020, 04:18:02		
DynamicCodeListenTests.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	29-Jan-2020, 14:34:48		
setup.exe (1 event)	organization10	Suspicious	19-Dec-2019, 09:17:28		
EvilProcessTests.exe (1 event)	organization10	🕂 Likely Safe	19-Dec-2019, 09:15:39		
UnpackingDetectionTests.exe (1 event)	organization10	≡✓ Safe	19-Dec-2019, 09:15:36		
ADVANCED DATA					

Note - The same security event can occur in multiple organizations. In this case, it is displayed in separate rows per organization.

The various options in the toolbar can be applied on multiple organizations simultaneously. For example, you can archive security events from different organizations at once using the **Archive** button and you can export security events from different organizations using the **Export** button.

You can also use the **Handle Event** button to handle security events from multiple organizations. In Hoster view, for each security event selected in the Events window, the Event Handling window shows the organization name and security events selected for that organization (when you select security events in up to three organizations).

VENTS		🖵 tî	(4 4 Showing 1-17/18)		
🖬 Archive 🔛 Mark As 🖲 🖹 Export 💌 🏲 Handle Event 🥤	Delete 🖉 Forens	ics 🔛 Exception Mar	ager		
All ID DEVICE PROCESS	ORGANIZATION	CLASSIFICATION *	DESTINATIONS RECEIVED *	LAST UPDAT	EVENT HANDLING
pandasecurityDx.dll (2 events)	liorgolf444	E PUP	11-Feb-2020, 21:15:5	8	liorgolf444
pandasecurity0x64.dll (1 event)	liorgolf444	EI PUP	11-Feb-2020, 21:14:0	4	Selected event(s) 163078, 152984
TeamViewer.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	EI PUP	10-Feb-2020, 04:47:5	9	for process python.exe, SmartConsole.exe
DynamicCodeTests32.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	06-Feb-2020, 02:39:2		organization10 Selected event(s) 41416. 41450
 python.exe (1 event) 	liorgolf444	Malicious	04-Feb-2020, 07:47:5	9	for process setup.exe, EvilProcessTests.exe
 SmartConsole.exe (1 event) 	liorgolf444	🕀 Likely Safe	03-Feb-2020, 05:25:1		
enSiloCollector (1 event)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	03-Feb-2020, 04:00:5		Classification +
DynamicCode32.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:18:4	3	Type comments
cscript.exe (4 events)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	02-Feb-2020, 11:16:4	5	
dumb-init (1 event)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 12:07:1		
filebeat.exe (2 events)	liorgolf444	Inconclusive	01-Feb-2020, 11:51:2	3	
979c6de81cc0f4e0a770f720ab82e8c727a2d422fe (2 events)	liorgolf444	Malicious	30-Jan-2020, 04:18:0	6	
B03276BFBF85CFDD7C8998004C1200DA.vir (2 events)	liorgolf444	Malicious	30-Jan-2020, 04:18:0	2	
DynamicCodeListenTests.exe (1 event)	liorgolf444	Suspicious	29-Jan-2020, 14:34:48		Archive When Handled
<pre>/ setup.exe (1 event)</pre>	organization10	Suspicious	19-Dec-2019, 09:17:2	8	> Advanced
 EvilProcessTests.exe (1 event) 	organization10	+ Likely Safe	19-Dec-2019, 09:15:3	9	
UnpackingDetectionTests.exe (1 event)	organization10	≣ √ Safe	19-Dec-2019, 09:15:3	6	Save and Handled

If you select security events from more than three organizations, the Event Handling window displays the number of organizations and security events you selected in a summary line at the top of the window.

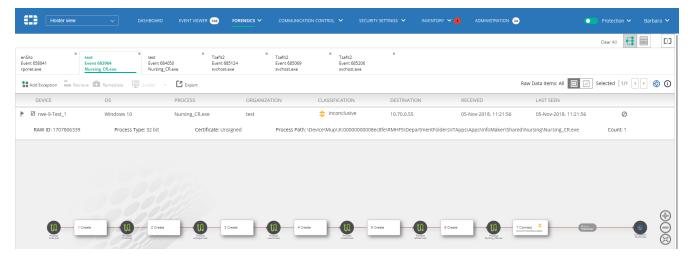
35 Events in 4	Organizations whe	ere selected	
Classification		v	
Type commer	nts		
Archive Wh	nen Handled		
Archive Wh	nen Handled		

In this case, when you hover over the summary line, the details of the selected security events display in a gray box. This box shows the name of the organization and its associated event IDs.

Hoster view V DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 287 FORENSICS V	Communication control \checkmark security settings \checkmark inventory \checkmark (ADMINISTRATION 🚳 admin 🗸
EVENTS	12	47. 120385, 120452, 120518, 120203, 120269, 120140, 120336, 120402, 120468, 120534, 152, 120221, 120287, 120352, 120418, 120485, 120237, 120175, 120302, 12069, 120485, 120951, 120186, 120191, 120254 EVENT HA hest 1: 62659, 62741, 62632, 62621, 59342	CLASSIFICATION DETAILS
🛅 Archive 🔛 Mark As 👻 🛃 Export 👻 🏲 Handle Event	👕 Delete 🔘 Forensics 🔛 Barry	test5: 119932, 119919 35 Events in 4 Organizations where selected	
- VAII ID DEVICE PROCESS	ORGANIZATION CLASSIFICAT		
✓ 📒 Collector6 (25 events)	test7 🕴 Suspicio	Classification 👻	History
✓ ✓ Collector3 (2 events)	test5 🕴 Suspicio	Type comments	
✔ 🔲 ensilo's Mac70 (3 events)	Default 🗘 Inconclu		
Collector6 (303 events)	Default 🛛 🗘 Suspicio		
collector7 (101 events)	Default 🛛 🕸 Suspicio		
Collector8PC (2 events)	Default 😫 Suspicio		
U ubuntu16 (6 events)	Default 🗘 Inconclu		
✓ ☑ collector7 (2 events)	test 1 😫 Suspicio	Archive When Handled	
Collector8PC (3 events)	test 1 😫 Suspicio	> Advanced	
□ ☑ MICHAL-COL (1 event)	Default 😫 Suspicio		
□	Default 🗘 Inconclu	Save and Handled Save Cancel	
Collector7 (5 events)	test 1 😫 Suspicio	S 04-reb-zuzu, 15.z4.uz	
Collector8PC (3 events)	Default 😫 Suspicio	s 30-jan-2020, 14:49:46	
🗌 🛛 10.13.6's Mac (2 events)	Default 🗘 Inconclu	ive 21-Jan-2020, 14:03:52	

Forensics

You can select security events from multiple organizations in the Event Viewer and then click the Forensics button in the Event Viewer to display these security events in the Forensics window. Each security event tab in the Forensics window shows the name of the organization in which the security event occurred above the event ID.



Communication Control

The Communication Control window is not available in Hoster view.

Threat Hunting

Threat Hunting (Legacy)

In Hoster view, this window includes an **Organization** column. In addition, you can hover over an entry in the Product column to display version information for the item.

Hoster	riew 🗸	DASHBOARD EVENT V	IEWER FORENSICS V	COMMUNICATION CO	NTROL 💙 SEC	URITY SETTINGS 🗸	INVENTORY	✓ 18 ADMINISTRATIC	ON 1842	
+ Remediate										
Hash File Name			 Max	Last month	O Last week	OLast day			SEA	RCH
2 organizations	16 DEVICES	а 16 ратн:	s 255 WEEK	٢S						
ORGANIZATION	COLLECTOR NAME	HASH	PATH	FILE NAME	CREATED	MODIFIED	SIZE	OS	BIT	CERTIFICATE
liorgolf444		A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	diskvolume3\users\lior\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	18-Aug-2019, 11:09	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 10 Pro	32	No
liorgolf444	•	A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	iskvolume2\users\user\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	29-Aug-2018, 06:02	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 7 Professional	32	No
liorgolf444		A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	\simulations\dynamiccodetests	dynamiccodetests.exe	28-May-2019, 09:13	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 8.1 Enterprise	32	No
liorgolf444	•	A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	iskvolume1\users\root\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	25-Mar-2018, 05:07	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 8.1 Enterprise N	32	No
liorgolf444		A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	3\users\yossim\desktop\test ml	dynamiccodetests.exe	07-Nov-2019, 06:41	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 10 Pro	32	No
organization10		A3268A68569DDD53EEBC0C	iskvolume2\users\root\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	10-Dec-2019, 06:22	29-Jan-2018, 01:40	132376	Windows 10 Pro	32	No
liorgolf444	•	7DF9CA7D8B8F05BD168995	e2\users\administrator\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	29-Jun-2016, 10:16	29-Jun-2016, 10:16	547840	Windows Server 2008 R2 S.	32	No
liorgolf444	• [4EAC2C2767ED8489C165E5	iskvolume2\users\root\desktop	dynamiccodetests.exe	08-Sep-2016, 05:59	30-Apr-2015, 05:37	549376	Windows 8.1	32	No

Threat Hunting

In Hoster view, this window includes an Organization column.

All Activity (200.8K)	Process (20.	9K) File (45.4K) N	etwork (1	04.3K) Registry (27.3K) Ev	vent Log (2.9K)						
											000 Choose Columns
ORGANIZATION NAME	CATEGOR	Y TIME -	os	DEVICE NAME	TYPE	PROCESS AND ATTRIBUTES	TARGET	EVENT ATTRIBUT	ES .		TARGET FILE NAME
CompanyA	\oplus	07-Feb-2021 14:08:07	11	DESKTOP-R41TQ6F	Socket Close	ntoskrnl.exe	0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	SOURCE PID	LOCAL ADDRESS REN 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	MOTE ADDRESS	I
CompanyA	\oplus	07-Feb-2021 14:08:07	=	DESKTOP-R41TQ6F	Socket Close	ntoskrnl.exe	0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	SOURCE PID	LOCAL ADDRESS REN 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	MOTE ADDRESS	
CompanyB	G	07-Feb-2021 14:07:59	-	DESKTOP-R41TQ6F	File Rename	SupportAssistClientUI 🕞 👪	SupportAssistAgent.txttmp	SOURCE PID 17796	PATH HAS Users\Eugene\	SH	SupportAssistAgent.txttmp
CompanyA	G	07-Feb-2021 14:07:59	-	DESKTOP-R41TQ6F	File Create	SupportAssistClientUI 😑 👫	SupportAssistAgent.txt=RF2e3	SOURCE PID 17796	PATH HAS Users\Eugene\	SH	SupportAssistAgent.txt=RF2e3

Security Settings

SECURITY POLICIES Page

In Hoster view, the **SECURITY POLICIES** page displays all policies from all organizations.

Clone Policy	DLICIES	Collector Group 📸 Delete		I Showing 1-10/103	▶ Search	₹Q.	ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
🗌 🗸 All	ORGANIZATION	POLICY NAME	RULE NAME		ACTION	STATE	
	A	Execution Prevention					
	A	Striltration Prevention FEIETINET 👝					
	A	Ransomware Prevention Fuering 🔘					
	A	💰 Device Control 🛛 🛤 🗂 💽					
	A_Big_Bank	Execution Prevention					
	A_Big_Bank	Kintration Prevention FEIRTINET 🔵					
	A_Big_Bank	Ransomware Prevention FEIRTINET 🔵					
	A_Big_Bank	💰 Device Control 🛛 🕫 🕞					
	A_Big_Bank	Block-Execution Preventi					
	A_Big_Bank	Mage Block-Exfiltration Preven					

FortiEDR's multi-organization feature enables you to clone a security policy from one organization to another. To do so, you must be in Hoster view. When not in Hoster view, you can only clone a policy within the same organization.

AUTOMATED INCIDENT RESPONSE - PLAYBOOKS Page

In Hoster view, you can view all the notifications for the entire organization, based on the actions defined in the Hoster Notifications Playbook. This Playbook policy is only available in Hoster view.

UTOMATED INCID	DENT RESPONSE - PLAYBOOKS					ASSIGNED COLLECTOR GROUPS
🚺 Clone Playbook 🛛 🕥 Set	: Mode 🔹 😰 Assign Collector Group 👕 Delete					Unassign Group
		≇ ≇	=:	\$	÷	
ORGANIZATION	NAME	MALICIOUS SUSPICIOU	IS PUP	INCONCLUSIVE	LIKELY SAFE	
All organizations	Hoster notificatio PERTINET					
liorgolf444	Default Playbook					
D iorgolf444	El Default Playbook					
organization10	El Default Playbook FERMINER					
D organization100	Default Playbook FCIATINET					
organization11	Default Playbook FORTINGE					
D organization12	Default Playbook FCATINET 🔘					
D organization13	Default Playbook FORTINET					
D organization14	Default Playbook PERMINER					
D organization15	Default Playbook					
organization16	Default Playbook					
organization17	Default Playbook					
D organization18	Default Playbook					
D organization19	El Default Playbook FORTINET					
b organization20	Default Playbook					
p organization21	E Default Playbook					
D organization22	Default Playbook					
organization 22	Default Diaubook					

Exception Manager

In Hoster view, the Exception Manager page displays all exceptions from all organizations.

	oster view 🗸 🗸	DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 166	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL V SEC	CURITY SETTINGS 🗸	inventory 🗸 🕦	ADMINISTRATION 34		One Protection 🗸	Barbara 💊
EXCEPTIO	N MANAGER										
Search Ex	ception Q	Advanced									
Delete	Export 🗸									Showing 1-1	0/201 🕨
EVENT	PROCESS	PROCESS PATH	EXECUTED WITH	PATH	RULES	ORGANIZATION	COLLECTOR GROUPS	DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 🔻	
663219	EXCEL.EXE	Any path			Suspicious Macro	enSilo	High Security Collector	92.122.136.167	All Users	06-Nov-2020, 17:45 by: Barbara	::
30558956	netsh.exe	\Windows\System32	PanGpHip.exe	Any path	Suspicious Script Execution	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	All Destinations	All Users	23-Mar-2020, 09:47 by: Tzaf	¥
665954	OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	Internal Destinations	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 19:05 by: Tzafit	=4
	OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable						
666041	maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub	2		PUP	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	167.114.64.227	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 18:51 by: Tzafit	*
	maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub	0		PUP						
	maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub	5		PUP						
442648	camstudio.exe	sers\JTM.CDE\Desktop	2		Malicious File Detected	All Organizations	All Collector Groups	Internal Destinations	All Users	25-Sep-2018, 23:16 by: Tzafit	::

When creating an exception in Hoster view, the organization in which the security event occurred is also shown in the Exception Creation window, as well as the event ID.

			×
EVENT EXCEPTIONS			
Exceptions for event 663219 from e			
Last updated at 05-Oct-2020, 11:45	By Einat		
Exception 1 +			
Created from event 663219			
Collector groups			
● High Security Collector Gro… ▼	○ All groups (enSilo)	○ All organizations	
Destinations			
92.122.136.167 💌	 All destinations 		
Users			
•	 All users 		
Triggered Rules:			
Suspicious Macro			:
Type comments			
		Remove Exception	
		Save Changes Cancel)

The Exception Manager page also shows the organization to which the exception applies. In addition, the Collector Groups column indicates the Collector Groups to which the exception applies.

	н	oster view 🗸 🗸 🗸	DASHBOARD	EVENT VIEWER 166	FORENSICS 🗸	COMMUNICATION CONTROL 🗸 S	ECURITY SETTINGS 🗸	inventory 🗸 🚺	ADMINISTRATION 34		Protection 🗸	Barbara 🗸
EX	CEPTIO	N MANAGER										
[Search Exc	ception Q	Advanced									
	Delete	🛃 Export 🗸							1		Showing 1-10)/201 F
	EVENT	PROCESS	PROCESS PATH	EXECUTED WITH	PATH	RULES	ORGANIZATION	COLLECTOR GROUPS	DESTINATIONS	USERS	LAST UPDATED 🔻	
	663219	EXCEL.EXE	Any path			Suspicious Macro	enSilo	High Security Collector	92.122.136.167	All Users	06-Nov-2020, 17:45 by: Barbara	:
	30558956	netsh.exe	\Windows\System32	PanGpHip.exe	Any path	Suspicious Script Execution	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	All Destinations	All Users	23-Mar-2020, 09:47 by: Tzaf	::
	665954	OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	nternal Destinations	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 19:05 by: Tzafit	::
		OfficeTimelineStartUp.e	Any path			Unconfirmed Executable						
	666041	maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub	1		PUP	enSilo	All groups of enSilo	167.114.64.227	All Users	23-Oct-2018, 18:51 by: Tzafit	*
		maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub	I		PUP						
		maktubransomware.exe	\Ransomware.Maktub			PUP						
	442648	camstudio.exe	sers\JTM.CDE\Desktop	I		Malicious File Detected	All Organizations	All Collector Groups	Internal Destinations	All Users	25-Sep-2018, 23:16 by: Tzafit	*

Inventory

COLLECTORS Page

In Hoster view, the **COLLECTORS** page shows all the Collectors from all organizations.

Hoster view		EVENT VIEWER 17 FORENSIC	✓ COMMUNICATION CONTROL ✓		INVENTORY~ 193	ADMINISTRATION 1612	•	Protection 🗸 Barbara 🌱
COLLECTORS (42/4	7)					I d Show	ving 1-15/214 🕨 🕨 Sear	ch Collectors or Groups 🔻 🔍
All 🔻	Create Group Nove to Group	Delete 🔻 🔘 Enable/Disabl	💌 🔯 isolate 🔻 📑 Export 👻 📩	Uninstall			▲ 169	Unmanaged devices were found
ORGANIZATION	COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	DEVIO	E NAME LAST LOGGED	OS	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION STATE	LAST SEEN
▷ Diorgolf444	High Security Collector (0/0)							
D liorgolf444	Default Collector Group (0/0)							
D liorgolf444	emulation (1/1)							
▷ Iiorgolf444	86 group1 (0/0)							
▷ Iiorgolf444	86 group2 (0/0)							
▷ 🗌 liorgolf444	80 Insiders (2/2)							

When in Hoster view, you can move Collectors between organizations using this window.

 \mathbf{Note} – Only Collectors from V3.0 and above can be in the non-default organization.

All older Collectors can only be installed in the default organization.

Only Collectors from V3.0 and above can be moved between organizations.

To move a Collector between organizations in Hoster view:

1. Check the checkbox of the Collector Group or check the checkbox(ex) of one or more Collectors.

COLLECTORS (108/108)											
Create group	👬 Move to group 📲 De	lete	🔹 🔘 Enable/Disable 👻 👰 Isolate 👻	🖪 Export 👻 Uninstall							
All	ORGANIZATION		COLLECTOR GROUP NAME	COLLECTOR NAME 👻	LAST LOGGED	os	IP	MAC ADDRESS	VERSION	STATE	LAST SEEN
▶ □	F-40	EN11.0	High Security Collector Group (0/0)								
▷ ✓	F-40	×	Default Collector Group (0/0)								
▶ □	liorferrari		High Security Collector Group (0/0)								
▶ 🗌	liorferrari	96	Default Collector Group (11/11)								
~ ~	liorferrari	96	emulation (92/92)								
> 🗆	liorferrari	96	group_to_policy_playbook (0/0)								
▶ 🗌	liorferrari	×	lior1 (5/5)								
	11 - af	0.0	lior10								

2. Click the Move to group button. The following window displays:

Moving 2 work	stations collectors to:	
Organization	liorgolf444	~
	liorgolf444	
COLLECTOR	organization10	
High Security	organization100	
Default Colle	organization11	
emulation	organization12	
group1	organization13	
group2	0	

- 3. In the Organization field, select the organization to which to move the Collector(s).
- 4. Click Move to Group.

Appendix A – Setting up an Email Feed for Open Ticket

The Open Ticket feature enables you to send events to an event-management tool such as Jira or ServiceNow.

In order for the Open Ticket feature to work properly, you must set up a receiving email feed in the event-management tool to be used. This appendix provides an example that describes how to set up the required email feed in ServiceNow.

To set up an email feed in ServiceNow:

- 1. Launch ServiceNow.
- 2. In the window that opens, select System Properties > Email Properties. The following window displays:

	fanagement	i System Administrator + 🔍 中 ⑦ ĝ
(⇒ system pro	Email Properties	Save
□ ★ (0	Email accounts can be created or modified in the Email Accounts table. Email account connection status and diagnostics information can be found on the Email Diagnostics page.	
Basic Configuration UI16		
My Company	Outbound Email Configuration	Inbound Email Configuration
UI Properties	Email sending enabled 🕥	Email receiving enabled ⑦
Mobile UI Properties	✓Yes No	
Tablet UI Properties	Send all email to this test email address (non-production testing)	Identify email as a reply by these subject prefixes
CSS		re:,aw:,r:,Accepted:,Tentative:,Declined:
System	Append timezone to dates and times in sent email 🕥	Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes ①
Email Properties	⊮Yes No	fw:,fwd:
Import Export	Create visible watermark in sent email. If false, create invisible watermark via hidden div tag.	Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) 👔
Approval Engines	₩ Yes No	\n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom:
	Resend email If server returns these SMTP error codes ①	Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) (?)
LDAP	421,450,451,452	X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm
SLA	Do not resend email if server returns these SMTP error codes ①	Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) (?)
Oracle DB Options	500,501,502,503,504,550,551,552,553,554	out of office autoreply, undeliverable;, delivery failure; returned mail:,au
Renlication V	Resend email when server returns unknown SMTP error codes. ⑦ ☞Yes i No	Ignore email from these senders. Use the name before the @ sign. (comma-separated) ①

3. In the Inbound Email Configuration area, check the **Email receiving enabled** checkbox. Inbound Email Configuration

Email receiving enabled ⑦ Yes No Identify email as a reply by these subject prefixes ⑦ re:,aw:,r:,Accepted:,Tentative:,Declined: Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes ⑦ fw:,fwd: Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) ⑦ (n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) ⑦ X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ⑦ out of office autoreply, undeliverable:, delivery failure:,returned mail:,au			
Identify email as a reply by these subject prefixes ③ re:,aw:,r:,Accepted:,Tentative:,Declined: Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes ④ fw:,fwd: Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) ④ \n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) ④ X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ④	Email receiving enabled (?)		
re:,aw:,r:,Accepted:,Tentative:,Declined: Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes ③ fw:,fwd: Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) ③ \n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) ③ X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ③	⊮ Yes No		
Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes fw:,fwd: Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) (a) NnnOriginal Message, \n\n \n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) (a) X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) (a)	Identify email as a reply by these subject prefixes (?)		
fw:,fwd: Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) (?) \n\nOriginal Message,\n\n	re:,aw:,r:,Accepted:,Tentative:,Declined:		
Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case sensitive) (?) (n\nOriginal Message,\n\n\n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) (?) X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) (?)	Identify email as a forward by these subject prefixes (?)		
\n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom: Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) ③ X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ③	fw:,fwd:		
Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs) ③ X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ③	Discard everything below this text if found in a reply body (comma separated, case	sensitive)	?
X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm	\n\nOriginal Message,\n\n \n\nFrom:		
Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive) ③	Ignore mail with these headers (comma separated name:value pairs)		
	X-ServiceNow-Spam-Flag:YES,X-ServiceNow-Virus:INFECTED,Auto-Subm		
out of office autoreply, undeliverable:, delivery failure:,returned mail:,au	Ignore email when subject starts with text (comma separated, case insensitive))	
	out of office autoreply, undeliverable:, delivery failure:, returned mail:, au		

Ignore email from these senders. Use the name before the @ sign. (comma-separated)

4. In the left pane, select System Security > Users and Groups > Users. The following window displays:

Service Management (a) System Administrator - Q 🗗 (?)							rator - く口?欲	
🕎 users 🛞		Users	New Search for text 🔻	Şearch			44 4	1 to 20 of 565 > >>
	7	All Q	≡ User ID	≡ Name	≡ Email	■ Active	≡ Created	≡ Updated
Departments		()	Lucius.bagnoli	Lucius Bagnoli	lucius.bagnoli@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:44:41
Companies		(i)	jimmie.barninger	Jimmie Barninger	jimmie.barninger@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:44:49
Manufacturers		(i)	melinda.carleton	Melinda Carleton	melinda.carleton@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:44:58
Vendors Locations		(j)	j <u>ewel.agresta</u>	Jewel Agresta	jewel.agresta@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:45:07
Location Map		(j	sean.bonnet	Sean Bonnet	sean.bonnet@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-10-29 09:45:15
Goals		(j)	jacinto.gawron	Jacinto Gawron	jacinto.gawron@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-10-29 09:45:22
Enterprise Strategy		(i)	krystle.stika	Krystle Stika	krystle.stika@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-10-29 09:45:37
System Security		(i)	billie.cowley	Billie Cowley	billie.cowley@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-10-29 09:45:46
▼ Users and Groups		(i)	christian.marnell	Christian Marnell	christian.marnell@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-10-29 09:46:24
Users		(j	naomi.greenly	Naomi Greenly	naomi.greenly@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:53	2012-10-29 09:46:37
Groups		(j	j <u>ess.assad</u>	Jess Assad	jess.assad@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:46:47
Roles		(j	<u>cherie.fuhri</u>	Cherie Fuhri	cherie.fuhri@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2012-10-29 09:47:04
•		(j	g <u>eri.forness</u>	Geri Forness	geri.forness@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2012-02-25 13:17:18

....

5.	Click the butt	ton to create a new user	. The following window displays:			
	K = User New record				• •••	Submit
	User ID		Email	support@ensilo.com		A
	First name		Language	None 🔻		
	Last name		Calendar integration	Outlook 🔻		
	Title		Q Time zone	System (US/Pacific-New)		
	Department	Q	Date format	System (yyyy-MM-dd)		
	Password		Business phone			
	Password needs reset		Mobile phone			
	Locked out		Photo	Click to add		
	Active	\checkmark				
	Web service access only					
	Internal Integration User					
	Submit					
	Related Links					
	View Subscriptions					
					(Ť

6. In the Email field, enter the email address of the FortiEDR messaging system. This email address is specified in the Email Address field of the FortiEDR Open Ticket settings, which can be accessed by selecting Administration > Export Settings in the FortiEDR user interface, as shown below:

Hoster view	V DASHBOARD EVENT VIEWER 🐽 FORENSICS V COMMUNICATION CONTROL V SECURITY SETTINGS V INVENTORY V 🚯 Administration 🔉	💽 Protection 🗸 🛛 Barbara 🗸						
LICENSING	SMTP							
ORGANIZATIONS	Server Name * Email address * FortiEDRAdmin@fortinet.com	Clear 🔛 Save						
USERS	Port * 587 Use SMTP authentication							
DISTRIBUTION	Encryption type TLS • User name * admin							
EXPORT SETTINGS	Sender Name Password *							
TOOLS								
SYSTEM	OPEN TICKET	Save 💽 Clear						
EVENTS	System name Email address *							
IP SETS	* Used for receiving tickets from all organizations							
	SYSLOG	NOTIFICATIONS						
	Define New Systog							
	Organization: * All organiza • Name: * QA syslog server Host: * 10.0.1.34 Port: * 10514 Protocol: TCP • Use SSL: 🗌 Test							

7. In the left pane, select **System Policy > Email > Inbound Actions**. The following window displays:

								🏐 System Administrator 🔹 🔍 🛱 🥳		
🖓 System Po			nbound E	mail Actions New Go to Up	dated 🔻 Se	earch]	44 4	1 to 15 of 1	5 🕨 🕨
□ ★ ()		₽ @3	All Q	≡ Name	≡ Active	≡ Event name	≡ Script	≡ Target table	■ Updated ▼	≡ Order
avorites	^	**	<u> </u>				•			
System Policy - Inbound Actions 🛛 🖯			i	Create Ensilo incident	true	email.read	// Note: current.opened_by is already se	Incident [incident]	2018-09-05 06:58:50	
System Policy			i	Create Incident	true	email.read	// Note: current.opened_by is already se	Incident [incident]	2018-05-28 03:49:28	1
▼ Email			(j)	Unsubscribe from Notification	true	email.read	(function runAction(/*GlideRecord*/ curr	Notification Messages [cmn_notif_message]	2016-06-29 09:58:15	
Templates			(j)	<u>Update Incident (BP)</u>	true	email.read	gs.include('validators'); if (current.g	Incident [incident]	2015-10-27 10:02:55	1
			i	Update Approval Request	true	email.read	/*global current, email, gs, GlideContro	Approval [sysapproval_approver]	2015-04-28 12:58:40	1
Client Templates Quick Messages			i	Create Live Feed Reply	true	email.read	var lfUtil = new LiveFeedUtil(); var rep	Live Feed Message [live_message]	2014-11-21 00:38:59	1
Inbound Actions			i	Create Live Feed Like Reply	true	email.read	var lfUtil = new LiveFeedUtil(); var re	Message Liked by [live_message_like]	2014-11-21 00:36:00	1
▼ Rules			i	Reopen Incident	true	email.read		Incident [incident]	2014-10-15 13:37:20	
Data Lookup Definitions Assignment Lookup Rules			i	Create Incident (Forwarded)	true	email.read	// Note: current.opened_by is already se	Incident [incident]	2014-01-17 14:07:38	1
Priority Lookup Rules			i	Update Service Category Request	true	email.read	if (current.getTableName() == "catalog_c	Service Category [catalog_category_request]	2013-12-13 08:48:29	1
Assionment	•		i	Update Change	true	email.read	gs.include('validators');	Change Request [change_request]	2013-09-10 09:48:39	1

8. Click the blue button to create new inbound email actions. The following window displays:

<					🖉 芸 👓 Submit
Inbound email actions specify how ServiceNow cr run. <u>More Info</u>	eates or updates task records in a table when the instance receives an emai	il. The inbound email a	action looks for a watermark in the email to associa	ate it with a specific task. If the conditio	ns specified in the inbound action are met, the script is
Name	Fortinet inbound email		Application	Global	0
Target table	Incident [incident]		Active	~	
Action type	Record Action		Stop processing	✓	
When to run Actions Description					
Only emails of the selected Type will trigger this	nbound action.		Only emails from senders with the Required role	es will trigger this inbound action.	
Туре	New		Required roles	/	
Order determines when to run relative to other in	bound actions. The inbound action with the lowest order runs first.		Only emails from this sender will trigger this inb	ound action.	
Order	100		From	Fortinet Fortinet	Q ()
All of the following conditions must be true, to tr	gger this inbound action.				
Conditions	Add Filter Condition Add "OR" Clause				
	- choose field 🔻 🗸 oper	value			
Condition					
Submit					

9. Fill in the following fields in this window:

Field	Definition
Name	Enter a free-text name for the inbound email feed. For example, Fortinet inbound email.
Target table	Select Incident [incident] in the dropdown list.
Action type	Select Record Action in the dropdown list.

Field	Definition
Active	Check this checkbox to select it.
Stop Processing	Check this checkbox to select it.

10. In this window, select the When to run tab and then in the From field, select the FortiEDR user created in step 6.

When to run Actions Description		
Only emails of the selected Type will trigger this i	nbound action.	Only emails from senders with the Required roles will trigger this inbound action.
Туре	New	Required roles
Order determines when to run relative to other in	abound actions. The inbound action with the lowest order runs first.	Only emails from this sender will trigger this inbound action.
Order	100	From Fortinet O. 0
All of the following conditions must be true, to tri	gger this inbound action.	
Conditions	Add Filter Condition Add "OR" Clause	
	choose field value value	
Condition		

11. Select the Actions tab and then paste the provided JavaScript (see below) into the email body. You can modify this script, as needed.

When to run	Actions	Description	
	Field	actions	choose field 🔻 To value
		Script	
			1 // Note: current.opened_by is already set to the first UserID that matches the From: email address
			<pre>2 3 current.caller_id = gs.getUserID();</pre>
			<pre>4 5 current.comments = "received from: " + email.origemail + "\n\n" + email.body_text;</pre>
			<pre>6 current.short_description = email.subject;</pre>
			7 8 current.category = "request";
			9 current.incident_state = 1; 10 current.notify = 2:
			<pre>10 current.notify = 2; 11 current.contact_type = "email";</pre>
			<pre>13 //set highest priority for emails from ensilo 14 * if (email.origemail == "ensilo@ensilo.com") {</pre>
			15 current.impact=1;
			16 current.urgency=1; 17 }

The JavaScript includes the following code:

// Note: current.opened_by is already set to the first UserID that matches the From: email
address
current.caller_id = gs.getUserID();
current.comments = "received from: " + email.origemail + "\n\n" + email.body_text;
current.short_description = email.subject;
current.category = "request";
current.incident_state = 1;
current.notify = 2;
current.contact_type = "email";

```
//set highest priority for emails from ensilo
if (email.origemail == "DoNotReply@ensilo.com") {
    current.impact=1;
    current.urgency=1;
}
if (email.body.assign != undefined)
    current.assigned to = email.body.assign;
if (email.importance != undefined) {
    if (email.importance.toLowerCase() == "high")
        current.priority = 1;
}
if (email.body.priority != undefined)
    current.priority = email.body.priority;
//parsing fields from message body example
var severityStart = email.body text.indexOf('Severity:') + 9;
var classificationStart = email.body text.indexOf('Classification:') + 15;
var destinitionStart = email.body_text.indexOf('Destinations:');
var severity = email.body_text.slice(severityStart, classificationStart -15 );
var classification = email.body text.slice(classificationStart, destinitionStart);
 current.insert();
```

- 12. When pasting in the JavaScript, make sure that:
 - The emails address highlighted in yellow (see above) is the same as that specified in Email Address field of the FortiEDR Open Ticket settings (see step 6).
 - You set the current.impact and current.urgency fields highlighted in light blue to specify the impact and urgency values for ServiceNow.

Various types of information can be extracted from the email sent by FortiEDR. For example, the text highlighted in pink in the JavaScript (see above) is an example of how to extract the classification value of this event from the email.

13. Click the Submit button in the ServiceNow window. This completes the email feed setup. When FortiEDR sends an email to ServiceNow, a JSON file is attached to it. This JSON file contains the raw data for the event. Once received, you should save this raw data to the ticket.

The following shows a sample JSON file:

```
//parsing fields from attachment example
if (sys_email.hasAttachments()){
    var att = new GlideRecord("sys_attachment");
    att.addEncodedQuery("table_name=sys_email^table_sys_id=" + sys_email.getValue("sys_id"));
```

```
att.query();
while (att.next()){
    if (att.file_name == "event.json" ) {
        var sa = new GlideSysAttachment();
        var binData = sa.getBytes(att);
        var strData = Packages.java.lang.String(binData);
        var strData = Packages.java.lang.String(binData);
        var parser = new JSONParser();
        var parsed = parser.parse(strData);
        current.comments =("EventId from JSON: " + parsed.EventId);
        }
   }
}
```

The following shows how an event appears when received in ServiceNow, after being sent from FortiEDR:

Servicenow Service Management					System Administrator • 🔍 🗇 🕐 🔯
(7 Filter navigator	< incident INC0010666 [Rpt-tempe971cc09d7810200b96d45a3ce610	3d5_6816f79cc0s8016401c5a33be04be441 view]		P 🔨 👬 000 Follow 🔹	Update Resolve Incident Delete 🛧 🗸
e \star 0	Manage Attachments (4): 🧧 [rename] [view] 📓 [rename] [vie	wj 🔄 [rename] [view] 🚯			A
Home	Number	INC0010666	Opened	2020-03-03 10:55:21	
Self Service - Incidents	Caller	Fortinet Fortinet Q	st Opened by	Fortinet Fortinet Q,	٥
System Mailboxes - Inbox	Location	٥	Contact type	Email	
System Mailbones - Received	Category	Request	State	New T	
System Policy - Inbound Actions	Subcategory	- None •	Assignment group	Q.	
	Configuration item	Q.	Assigned to	Q.	
	Impact	3-Low Y			
	Urgancy	3-Low v			
	Priority	5 - Planning			_
	Short description	Fortinet Security Event Notification - test5 Classification: Suspicious Device: Co	liector3		\$
			Related Search Results >		
		D⊋			
	Notes Related Records Closure Information				
	Watch list	â 2	Work notes list	â 2	
	Work notes	Work notes		*	17
				-	
				Additional comments (Customer visible) Post	
	Activities: 7	FF Fortinet Fortinet		Additional comments + 2020-03-03 10:55:21	7
		received from: support@ensilo.com			
		SECURITY EVENT NOTIFICATION			
		Event ID: 120771 Device: Collector3			
		Collector group: (Default Collector Group)			
		Process: DynamicCodeListenTests.exe Classification: Suspicious			
		Destinations: Listen on Port Attempt Received, 03/03/2002 20:53 Publ: c://Joses/poot/piskkop/DynamtcCodeListenTests.exe			
		Action: Blocked MAC Address: 00.50.55.05.01.01.02			
		tweit:120771/https://k2261138.ct.sendgrid.net/is;click/upr=-CHVMHHabq2lhFqu 2FYrvb20864/kcV3Mo0rXL122bnwwomLn8GvUJGKTeE9026cit2a2u98tbmbpmNl02f	ая зазыра скрынулах маярдализуру, эрргузгызскоминала тыс заран понотичной унистон крарикалы в элинт. Бирана ты 11 зага quidyal cqueed на алгана система с сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с соороно за занаваетс 12 авга при сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с сооронала с соорона за соороно за занав	ww.raq0.zodnasszemitwszywłuć-zzrednienz.list.kw- suośki.siwcE3A10ptir-zirozigWag6b2zir/HeNg1rHeng1wboei/bc]	
•		Forthest # 2020 You are receiving this email because your address was added to a distribution list in 1 DBWNIE. Legimo TwwWTrqC20dMI06CemIWsSPybil-2PKdakeELBU4e-2PYVe2008d 2020Eautovin2049701994/CVC2TH02449854/CDU407056/C1402T22489499	he Fortnet Endpoint Protection and Response Platform management system [https://u2161138.ct.sendgrid.net/6c/ick/upm-c2H/M act/9Modx1122benwermin.lbG/UDERTDg2Dbryt/WBOCreb/200jc6ListStyleg2QtibigK-2FQCrW6GEtattietLidw-2Beq2KM- ProtectionsofAblantreeMortTomertz-TablentCH in was assantiations	Nmabq2fhifqut6EzAwldqnibr6SU03qOdWNM	-

			() System Administrator + (ር 🗗 🛞 ፡	۲
(V Filter navigator	65_58157Pictub8016401c5a33be0Hoe441 view)	∥ √ ∄ …	Follow •	Update Resolve Incident	Delete 个	\downarrow
Image: Control Image: Control Image: Control Image: Control Image: Control Image: Space Mathematic Account Image: Space Mathematic Account Image: Space Mathematic Account	Index on particular detector one in construction of the second of the s	PRM/cPfkeng2wboe7bc				*
	Between Landset Import 1 user Speech 2 user Operating 1 user Operating 1 user Theory 5 - Proming	Field changes + 20	20-03-03 10:55-21			
	e una	Image uploaded + 20	120-03-03 10:55:18			l
	🛞 yelen Ø	image uploaded + 20	120-03-03 10:55:18			l
	Instant souther Instant sound Instant souther Instant sound Instant souther Instant souther	Enal received + 20	120-03-03 10:55,18			
	() yan	mage uploaded + 20 Attachment uploaded + 20				
◎ ∕	event jon si 1 to					Ţ

Appendix B - Lucene Syntax

The FortiEDR Threat Hunting free-text query is based on Lucene syntax. This syntax consists of terms and operators, as described below. For more details about the use of this query, see Threat Hunting on page 222.

Terms

A *free-text term* is a single word (for example NetworkService or CryptSvc) or a phrase surrounded by double quotes (for example, "NetworkService -p -s CryptSvc") that searches for all the words in a phrase (in the same order) regardless of the field in which the words appear.

A Field: Value term is a combination of a field and a value.

A list of available fields is provided in the query box, which is an automatically-complete dropdown list.

Examples

Where the Source command line contains the value NetworkService:

Source.CommandLine: NetworkService

Where the value of the remote IP is 10.151.121.130:

RemoteIP: 10.151.121.130

Operators

Operators enable you to customize the search and/or to create more complex queries.

Operators are case insensitive.

Operators	Definition
OR ,	The query should match either one of the terms/values.
AND, &&	The query should match both of the terms/values.
NOT, !	The query should not match the term/value.
exists	The query should match when the field value is not null.
+_	The term following this operator must be present.
•	The term following this operator must not be present.

Example

Where the Event includes either the RemoteIP field that contains 10.151.121.130 or the Remote Port field that contains 443

RemoteIP: 10.151.121.130 OR RemotePort: 443

Where the ProductName field contains both Microsoft and Windows

Source.File.ProductName: (microsoft AND windows)

Where the ProductName field contains Microsoft and does not include Windows

Source.File.ProductName: (microsoft -windows)

Where the Product Name field contains the exact phrase "Microsoft Windows"

Source.File.ProductName: "microsoft windows"

Where the field Behavior has any non-null value

exists: Behavior

Where the field PID does not include the value 5292

Source.PID: (NOT 5292)

Where the Event does not include the value 5292 in any of the Event fields

NOT 5292

Wildcards

Wildcard searches can be run on individual terms using a ? (question mark) to replace a single character, and an * (asterisk) to replace zero or more characters:

Progr?m Fil*

Note that wildcard queries may consume huge amounts of memory and perform poorly.

Ranges

Ranges can be specified for date, numeric or string fields. The inclusive ranges are specified with square brackets

[min TO max] and exclusive ranges with curly brackets {min TO max}.

Numbers 1..5

count:[1 TO 5]

Numbers from 10 upwards count: [10 TO *]

Dates before 2012

date:{* TO 2012-01-01}

Ranges of IPs

RemoteIP: [140.100.100.0 TO 140.100.100.255]

Reserved Characters

Should you need to use any of the characters that function as operators in the query itself (and not as operators), then you should escape them with a leading backslash (\). For instance, to search for **c:\Windows**, write the query as **c\:\\Windows**.

Reserved characters are +,-, =, &&, ||, >, <, !, (), { }, [], ^, ", ~, *, ?, :, \ and /.

Appendix C – ON PREMISE DEPLOYMENTS

This chapter describes how to install the FortiEDR backend components for on premise deployments.

Installing FortiEDR components on-premise

In this section we will guide you through on-premise deployment of FortiEDR components.

Before you start the FortiEDR installation process, please make sure that:

- All devices, workstations, virtual machines and servers on which a FortiEDR component will be installed comply with the system requirements provided on Installing FortiEDR on page 19.
- You have read and selected the most suitable deployment option for you.
- FortiEDR Core, FortiEDR Aggregator and FortiEDR Central Manager use ports 555, 8081 and 443, respectively. Ensure that these ports are not blocked by your firewall product (if one is deployed).
 As a security best practice, it is recommended to update the firewall rules so that they only have a narrow opening. For example:
 - Only open the TCP outbound port 555 to the Core IP address.
 - Only open the TCP outbound port 8081 to the Aggregator IP address.

Install the system components top-down in the following order:

- 1. Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383
- 2. Installing the FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository on page 389
- 3. Installing the FortiEDR Core on page 397
- 4. Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26

Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine

The following describes how to install both the FortiEDR Central Manager and the FortiEDR Aggregator on the same machine.

The same ISO file is provided for installing both the FortiEDR Central Manager and the FortiEDR Aggregator. Both of these can be installed on the same machine or separately. To install these components on different machines, see Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on Different Machines on page 388.

The procedure below describes how to install the FortiEDR Central Manager on a VMware-based virtual server.

1. Create a new virtual server by selecting File > New Virtual Machine.



Select the Typical option and select Next

Guest Operating			
A virtual machir system. How w			perating
Install from:			
Installer disc:			
DVD RW Driv	e (D:)	~	
c: \centos \ensilo	_2.0.0.236.iso	Ŧ	Browse
I will install the op			
 I will install the op The virtual maching 		hard disk.	

Select the I will install the operating system later option and click Next.

Select a Guest Operating Which operating system	on this virtual ma	chine?
Guest operating system		
Microsoft Windows		
Linux		
Novell NetWare		
Solaris		
VMware ESX		
Other		
Version		
CentOS 64-bit		

Select the Linux radio button. In the Version field, select CentOS 7 64-bit and click Next.

4.

What name would you like to use for this virtual machine? Virtual machine name: EnsiloServer Location: CalVMaVInvxVentosS Browse Browse The default location can be changed at Edit > Preferences.	Name the Virtual Machine	
EnsiloServer Location: [5:\\Ms\Linux\centos4 Browse	What name would you like to use for this virtual machine?	
Location: C:\\Ms\Linux\centos4 Browse	Virtual machine name:	
C:\\Ms\Linux\centos4 Browse	EnsiloServer	
	Location:	
The default location can be changed at Edit > Preferences.	C:\VMs\Linux\centos4	Browse
	The default location can be changed at Edit > Preferences.	

Specify a name such as FortiEDRCentralManager for the virtual machine and the location in which to store the provided ISO file and click **Next**.

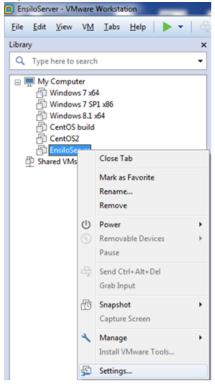


Change the **Maximum disk size** according to system requirements listed in Installing FortiEDR on page 19, leave the default option as **Split virtual disk into multiple files** and click **Next**.

he virtual machine w	I be created with the following settings:	
Name:	EnsloServer	
Location:	C:\VMs\Linux\centos4	1
Version:	Workstation 11.0	- 1
Operating System:	CentOS 64-bit	:
Hard Disk:	80 GB, Split	
Memory:	1024 MB	
Network Adapter:	NAT	
Other Devices:	CD/DVD, USB Controller, Printer, Sound Card	

Click Finish

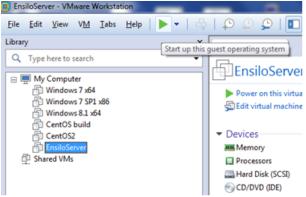
8. Right-click the new machine and select the Settings option



н	lardware Options				
	Device	Summary	Device status		
	Memory Processors Hard Disk (SCSI) CD/DVD (IDE)	1 GB 1 80 GB Auto detect	Connected Connect at power on		
	Network Adapter	NAT Present	Use physical drive:		
	Sound Card Printer	Auto detect Present	Use ISO image file:		
	Ng Display	Auto detect	C: centos ensilo_1.5.0.250.iso Browse Advanced		
		Remove Remove]		

Select the **Memory** option and change the RAM according to system requirements listed in Installing FortiEDR on page 19.

- 10. Select the **Processors** option and change the value according to system requirements listed in Installing FortiEDR on page 19.
- 11. Select the CD/DVD option and then select the Use ISO image file option on the right.
- 12. Click the Browse button and select the ISO file provided by Fortinet for the FortiEDR Central Manager. Click OK.
- 13. Start the virtual machine.



The virtual machine automatically starts the installation process, which may take a few minutes.

- 14. Wait until a success message is displayed requesting that you reboot.
- 15. Reboot the virtual machine.
- 16. Log into the virtual machine in order to continue the installation process.

```
Login: root
```

Change the root password, by entering any password you want. Then re-type it. The password must be strong enough according to Linux standards.

- **17.** Enter fortiedr config
- 18. At the prompt, enter your hostname and click Next. (Note: This can be any hostname)
- **19.** At the prompt, select the role of the virtual machine. For this installation, which installs both the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the same machine, select **Both** and click **Next**
- 20. A list of network interfaces on this virtual machine displays. At the **Pick your primary interface** prompt, select the interface to be used as the primary network interface through which all FortiEDR Cores and FortiEDR Collectors will reach this server, and then click **Next**.
- 21. At the Do you want to use DHCP prompt, select No to configure the IP of this virtual machine manually, and then click Next.
- **22.** At the prompt, enter the IP address of the machine that you are installing. Use the following format: xxx.xxx.xxx.yyyy, where yyyy is the routing prefix of the subnet.
- 23. At the prompt, enter the default gateway and click Next.
- 24. At the Please set your DNS server prompt, enter a valid IP address and click Next. Use the following format: xxx.xxx.xxx/yyyy, where yyyy is the routing prefix of the subnet.
- 25. At the prompt, select No for debug mode.
- 26. At the **Please set the date** prompt, verify the date and click Next. The installer automatically presents the current date. You can change this date, if necessary.
- 27. At the Please set your Time prompt, set the time and click Next.
- 28. At the prompt, select the timezone and country in which the server is being installed.
- **29.** Wait a few moments while the installation processes, until you see the Installation completed successfully message.
- 30. Log in for the first time, as described on Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.

Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on Different Machines

- To install only the FortiEDR Central Manager component, perform the entire procedure for Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383
- To install only the FortiEDR Aggregator component, perform steps 1 through 19 Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383. Then, perform the steps described below:
 - a. At the Please enter the management IP address prompt, enter the IP address to be used for communicating with the FortiEDR Central Manager and click Next
 - **b.** At the **Please enter your registration password** prompt, enter the user and password used to register the FortiEDR Aggregator with the FortiEDR Central Manager and click **Next**.
 - c. Perform steps 21 through 29 of Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383

After you have finished the successful installation of FortiEDR Central Manager, please refer to Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.

FortiEDR CLI Commands

The following describes additional commands that you can perform in the FortiEDR Core, Repository Server, FortiEDR Central Manager or FortiEDR Aggregator CLI.

At the prompt, type fortiedr or fortiedr help to display them.

[root@FortiEDR-both-yearly-concrete-stin FortiEDR control & management tool 2018(
Usage: fortiedr [componet] <command/> [ar	
Basic actions:	
help	I Display this message and exit Run fortiedr installer
config start	start all active components
stop	stop all active components
status	get active components status
version	show current version
tzselect	select a timezone
logs-watch	display aggregator and manager logs
General Service Controls:	
Example: fortiedr {edr aggregator core m	anager} {start stop restart status enable disable}
start	start service
stop	stop service
restart	restart service
status enable	service status
enable disable	enable service disable service
disable	disable service
Specific Component Controls:	
aggregator start-debug	run in debug mode
stop-debug	stop debug mode
port-change <port></port>	change aggregator port
set-dns <dns name=""></dns>	change aggregator dns name
bandwidth config <bandwidth></bandwidth>	change aggregator bandwidth limit in Kb/s
bandwidth enable	enable aggregator bandwidth limit
bandwidth disable	disable aggregator bandwidth limit
logs-watch	display aggregator logs
edr	
<pre>set-properties <user> '<password>'</password></user></pre>	set user and password

After you have finished the successful installation of FortiEDR Central Manager, refer to the Launching the FortiEDR Central Manager for the First Time on page 21.

Installing the FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository

The FortiEDR Threat Hunting feature (described in Threat Hunting on page 222) requires a license and the installation of the Threat Hunting repository, as described below. The installation of the FortiEDR Manager is a prerequisite for installing the Repository server.

Installation of FortiEDR Threat Hunting is comprised of the following steps:

- 1. Creating a Virtual Machine on page 389
- 2. Installing an Operating System ISO on page 391
- 3. Installing a FortiEDR Repository Software ISO on page 395

Creating a Virtual Machine

To create a virtual machine

 Create a new virtual server. For example, by selecting File > New Virtual Machine...., then selecting Create a new virtual machine and clicking NEXT.

New Virtual Machine

1 Select a creation type 2 Select a name and folder 3 Select a compute resource	Select a creation type How would you like to create a virtual machine? Create a new virtual machine	^	This option guides you through creating a new virtual machine. You
4 Select storage 5 Select compatibility 6 Select a guest OS 7 Customize hardware 8 Ready to complete	Deploy from template Clone an existing virtual machine Clone virtual machine to template Clone template to template Convert template to virtual machine		will be able to customize processors, memory, network connections, and storage. You will need to install a guest operating system after creation.

- 2. Enter the desired virtual machine name. For example, FortiEDR-TH-Repository and click NEXT.
- 3. Enter the virtual machine settings, as follows:
 - In the Select storage step, select the storage where the virtual machine disk should be stored on and click NEXT.
 - In the Select Compatibility step, select ESXi 7.0 U1 and later and click NEXT.

Select compatibility

Select compatibility for this virtual machine depending on the hosts in your environment

The host or cluster supports more than one VMware virtual machine version. Select a compatibility for the virtual machine.

Compatible with: ESXi 7.0 U1 and later 🗸 🧃

This virtual machine uses hardware version 18, which is compatible with ESXi 7.0 U1 and later. Some virtual machine hardware features are unavailable with this option.

- At the Select a guest OS step:
 - In the Guest OS family field, select Linux.
 - In the Guest OS version field, select Other 4.x Linux (64-bit).

BACK

CANCEL

• Click Next. The following displays:

Select a guest OS Choose the guest OS that will be installed on the virtual machine								
dentifying the guest operating system here allows the wizard to provide the appropriate defaults for the operating system installat	ion.							
uest OS Family: Linux V								
iuest OS Version: Other 4.x Linux (64-bit)								

- In the Customize hardware step, do the following:
 - In the CPU field, enter the number of CPUs, as specified in System Requirements on page 19
 - In the Memory field, enter amount of memory in GB, as specified in the System Requirements on page 19
 - In the New Hard disk, enter the SSD disk size in GB, as specified in the System Requirements on page 19. It is highly recommended to use SSD.
 - Add an OS disk. In the New Hard disk:
 - Enter the OS disk size in GB, as specified in System Requirements on page 19
 - In the **Disk Provisioning** field, select **Thin Provision**.
 - Add a DATA disk. In the **New Hard disk**:
 - Enter the DATA disk size in GB, as specified in System Requirements on page 19
 - It is highly recommended to use SSD.
 - In the Disk Provisioning field, enter Thick Provision Eager Zeroed.
 - In the New Network field choose VMXNET3
- To complete the creation of a virtual machine, select Finish.

Installing an Operating System ISO

To install an operating system ISO:

- 1. Select the newly created virtual machine and click Launch Remote Console.
- 2. In the VMRC menu, select Removable Device > CD/DVE drive 1 > Connect to Disk Image File (iso)....

*	FortiEDR-TH-Repository	- VMware Remote Co	nsol	e		
VM	RC ▼ 📔 ▼ 🖧 [0				
0	Power	>				
\odot	Removable Devices	>		CD/DVD drive 1	>	Connect to Disk Image File (iso)
₽	Send Ctrl+Alt+Del		~	Network adapter 1	>	Settings
0	Manage	>				
0	Full Screen	Ctrl+Alt+Enter				
	Preferences					
	Help	>				
	Exit					

3. Select the FortiEDR_Repository_OSInstaller ISO file and click Open Note: ISO should remain mounted



Another option instead of completing the two steps described above is to upload the ISO from the VMWare datastore (this is possible if the ISO has already been uploaded there).

4. Restart the Virtual Machine. The virtual machine starts and the following menu is displayed:

GNU G	RUB version 2.02	
Boot from disk *Install node		
k3OS Rescue Shell		
Use the ▲ and ▼ keys to sele Press enter to boot the sele before booting or `c' for a	ect which entry is highlighted. ected OS, `e' to edit the commands command-line.	

- 5. Select the Install Node option
- 6. Log in using the **rancher** user (without the password) and run the following commands in order to start the K8S node installation:

sudo su bash /k3os/system/install_k3os.sh

 c3os-8350 [~]# bash /k3os/system/install_k3os.sh Welcome to EDRv2 repository installation Preparing data disk... Creating data partition on /dev/sdb Information: You may need to update /etc/fstab. Information: You may need to update /etc/fstab. mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020) Creating filesystem with 26213888 4k blocks and 6553600 inodes Filesystem UUID: 916d9e73-4260-4913-a9d9-e0cc8cffbf0e Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872 Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (131072 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done Choose installation type - New installation - Add a node to the existing cluster

- 7. For a new installation, enter 1.
- 8. Complete the k3os installation by providing the following parameters:
 - When prompted to enter the **SSH password**, enter the password to be used for the rancher user. A strong password must be entered.
 - At the **k8s cluster token** prompt, enter the token to be used if additional nodes will be connected in the future. This token will be used by additional nodes in order to connect to this **k8s** cluster.
 - At the Use DHCP (yes/no) prompt, enter no.
 Note: Using DHCP causes a malfunction of the FortiEDR Repository server so that it is in an Offline state after the installation. When prompted, enter the IP, Mask and Gateway details of the virtual machine.
 - When prompted to select an operation, approve the default (1. Install to disk) by pressing Enter.
 - To select the sda disk as the OS disk, enter 1.
 - At the Config system with cloud-init file prompt, enter y.
 - When asked to provide a Cloud-init file location (file path or http URL), enter edr.yaml.

• When prompted to continue, enter y.

Running k3OS configuration Choose operation 1. Install to disk 2. Configure server or agent Select Number [1]: 1 Installation target. Device will be formatted 1. sda 2. sdb Select Number []: 1 Config system with cloud-init file? [y/N]: y cloud-init file location (file path or http URL): edr.yaml

Configuration

config_url: edr.yaml device: /dev/sda

Your disk will be formatted and k3OS will be installed with the above configuration. Continue? [y/N]: y

This may take a while. At the end, the Virtual Machine will restart automatically.

• In the menu, approve the default (k30S Current).

	GNU GRUB version 2.02
*k30S Current	
k30S Previous k30S Rescue (current) k30S Rescue (previous)	
Press enter to boot the before booting or `c' #	o select which entry is highlighted. e selected OS, `e' to edit the commands for a command-line. l be executed automatically in 7s.

The system will start. This might take a few minutes while OS data is copied to the Virtual Machine

• Log in with the **rancher** name and the password set previously. *ISO should be disconnected before continuing*

•	Run the $sudo$	su	- command
---	----------------	----	-----------

		□] / / < / / / /] () () _ <) () () _ (/) / /
k3OS v0.20.7 Kernel 5.4.0		an x86_64 (/dev/tty1)
======================================	State UP	Address 10.51.120.199/22
Welcome to	n: rancher	h user: rancher)
Refer to htt	ps://github.com	m/rancher/k3os for README and issues
to access it	. The node tol	to run a single node cluster. Use "kubectl" ken in /var/lib/rancher/k3s/server/node-token to this server.
master1 [~]\$ master1 [~]#		

9. Check that the installation was successful by running the kubectl get nodes command and checking that the status of edr-repo-master1 is Ready, as shown below:

edr-repo-master-1	[~]# kubec	tl get nodes		
NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
edr-repo-master-1	Ready	control-plane,etcd,master	112s	v1.20.7+k3s1
edr-repo-master-1	[~]#			

Installing a FortiEDR Repository Software ISO

To install the FortiEDR Repository Software ISO, launch the FortiEDR_RepositoryInstaller ISO file:

1. From the VMRC menu, select Removable Device > CD/DVD drive 1 > Connect to Disk Image File (iso)...

VMRC 🕶 📕 🝷 🔁				
D Power	>			
Removable Devices	>	CD/DVD drive 1	>	Connect to Disk Image File (iso)
육 Send Ctrl+Alt+Del	~	Network adapter 1	>	Settings
/> Manage	>			Frankley Jacob
Full Screen Ctrl	+Alt+Enter			
Preferences				
Help	>			
Exit				

2. Select the FortiEDR_RepositoryInstaller ISO file and click on **Open**.



Another option instead of the two steps described above is to upload the ISO from the VMWare datastore (this is possible if the ISO has already been uploaded there).

3. Run the following command:

bash /k3os/system/install_edr2.sh

Select init (1) for a new installation.

mount: /mnt/iso: WARNING: device write-protected, mounted read-only.

Please select action:

1 - init (install a fresh EDRu2 environment)

2 - update (update existing EDRv2 environment)

```
3 - resize ( resize existing EDRu2 environment )
```

Existing virtual machine specifications (CPU and RAM) are being validated. If one is found to be lower than the minimum requirements for proper functioning of the FortiEDR Repository, the following warning appears and the installation is aborted:

```
ERROR: Current node's hardware spec doest fit minimum requirements:
min CPU: 16 , currently installed 8
min RAM: 24 , currently installed 16
```

Wait until required docker images import from ISO to local image storage (might take few minutes).

- 4. Complete the FortiEDR Repository software installation by providing the following parameters:
 - When prompted to enter the **number of seats**, enter the number of seats of your FortiEDR License (workstations and servers).
 - When prompted to specify whether the repository will be used by a Managed Security Service Provider (MSSP), approve the default if you are not an MSSP or provide the number of expected organizations (meaning Tenants), if you are.
 - When prompted for the FortiEDR Manager details, provide its IP and the credentials of one of the FortiEDR Console administrators that have RestAPI permissions.
 - Review the displayed configuration. Type yes to approve it or if the parameters are not correct, press the Enter

key to restart the configuration process.

lease enter required parameters.. Enter number of seats, as set in your FortiEDR environment license: 2000 Please enter number of expected Organizations (Tenants). Otherwise, press "Enter" to approve the default [1]: Enter manager's IP or DNS address: 10.52.100.10 Enter administrator user name: edradmin Enter administrator password: 4\$\$word Enter NFS server address or press "Enter" to skip NFS configuration INFO: Calculating TOTAL_WARM_SIZE and TOTAL_HOT_SIZE Please review and confirm provided parameters: NUMBER_OF_SEATS = 2000 TOTAL_WARM_SIZE = 1012 TOTAL_HOT_SIZE = 17 1ANAGER_IP = 10.52.100.10 REST_USER = edradmin REST_PASSWORD = P4\$\$word iumber_of_tenants = 1 Type "yes" to confirm entered parameters:

Installation may take several minutes

Installing the FortiEDR Core

Preparing for the FortiEDR Core Installation

The workstation, virtual machine or server on which the FortiEDR Core will be installed, must meet the following requirements:

- Complies with the requirements described in the System Requirements section on Installing FortiEDR on page 19.
- Has connectivity to a Local Area Network (for wired users) or a Wireless Network (for wireless users). If there is no connectivity, consult your IT support person.
- Has connectivity to the FortiEDR Aggregator. You can check this by browsing to the Aggregator's IP address. For problems connecting, see Troubleshooting on page 336.
- Has connectivity to the FortiEDR Reputation Server at 35.186.218.233.
- If the FortiEDR Core is deployed on your organization's premises (on-premises) and you use a web proxy to filter requests, then before running the installer, set the system proxy to work with an HTTPS connection, as follows:
 - Edit the file /etc/environment to have a proxy address configuration, https_proxy or PAC address.
 For example: https_proxy=https://192.168.0.2:443
 (for PAC): https_proxy=pac+http://192.168.200.100/sample.pac, where the sample.pac file contains an HTTPS address of the proxy.
 - If the definitions of the system proxy are placed somewhere other than /etc/environment, then:
 - Copy the definitions to the file /etc/environment. Note that this affects all processes on the Linux system.
 - Define a specific environment variable for the FortiEDR Linux Core with the name nslo_https_proxy at the file /etc/environment

For example: nslo_https_proxy=https://192.168.0.2:443

(for PAC): nslo_https proxy=pac+http://192.168.200.100/sample.pac

Note:For more details about installing a Core in a multi-organization environment, see the Core Registration section on page 255.

Installing the FortiEDR Core

The following describes how to install the FortiEDR Core.

1. Create a new virtual serve by selecting File > New Virtual Machine.



Select the Typical option and click Next.

Guest Operating System Installation	
A virtual machine is like a physical computer; it needs system. How will you install the guest operating syst	
Install from:	
⑦ Installer disc:	
DVD RW Drive (D:)	v
◯ Installer disc image file (iso):	
Installer disc image file (iso): c:\centos\ensilo_2.0.0.236.lso	T Browse.
	Browse.
	▼ Browse.

Select the I will install the operating system later option and click Next.

Select a Guest Opera Which operating sy	ating System stem will be installed on this virtual machine?
Guest operating system	
Microsoft Windows	
Unux	
Novell NetWare	
Solaris	
VMware ESX	
Other	
Version	
CentOS 64-bit	

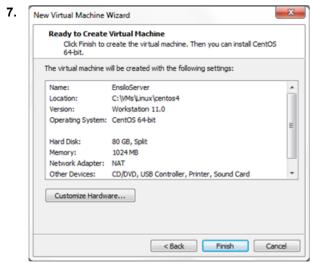
Select the Linux radio button. In the Version field, select CentOS 64-bit and click Next. Alternatively, you can select a different generic Linux 64-bit in the Version field.

Name the Virtual Machine What name would you like to use for this virtual machine?	
Virtual machine name:	
EnsioServer	
Location:	
C:\VMs\Linux\centos4	Browse

Specify a name for the virtual machine such as *FortiEDRCore* and the location in which to store the provided ISO file and click **Next**.



Change the **Maximum disk size** to **80** GB, leave the default option as **Split virtual disk into multiple files** and click **Next**.



Click Finish

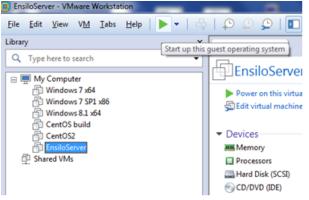
8. Right-click the new machine and select the Settings option.

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	ware Workstation		
	V <u>M T</u> abs <u>H</u> elp	►	
brary		×	
Q Type here to s	earch	-	
😑 💻 My Comput	er		
D Windows	s 7 x64 s 7 sp1 v86		
Window:			
CentOS I			
⑥ CentOS2 윤 EnsiloSe			
Shared VMs	Close Tab		
	Mark as Favorite		
	Rename		
	Remove		
	() Power		
	Removable Devices	· · · ·	
	Pause		
	Send Ctrl+Alt+Del		
	Grab Input		
	Snapshot	•	
	Capture Screen	r l	
	 Manage Install VMware Too 	•	
		Dim	
	Settings		
Hardware Option	Summary		Device status
Memory	1 GB		Connected
Processors	1		Connect at power on
Hard Disk (SC			Connection
Network Ada	pter NAT		Use physical drive:
US8 Controlle			Auto detect
Printer	Auto detect Present		Ouse ISO image file:
Display	Auto detect		C:\centos\ensilo_1.5.0.250.iso
			Adva
	See Add.	Remove	

Select the **Memory** option and change the RAM to at least 8 GB.

10. Select the **Processors** option and change the value to a total of at least two CPU Cores.

- 11. Select the CD/DVD option and then select the Use ISO image file option on the right.
- 12. Click the Browse button and select the ISO file provided by Fortinet for the FortiEDR Core. Click OK.
- **13.** Start the virtual machine. For example, by using the button shown below:



The virtual machine automatically starts the installation process, which may take a few minutes.

- **14.** Wait until a success message is displayed requesting that you reboot.
- 15. Reboot the virtual machine.
- 16. Log into the virtual machine in order to continue the installation process.

Login: root Change the root password, by entering any password you want and the

Change the root password, by entering any password you want and then retype it. The password must be strong enough according to Linux standards.

- **17.** Enter fortiedr config.
- 18. At the prompt, enter your hostname (any hostname) and click Next.
- 19. At the prompt, select the role of the virtual machine. For this installation, select CORE and click Next.
- 20. At the prompt, enter the registration password. Note that if this is a multi-tenant setup and this Core is to belong only to a specific organization, then the password should match the registration password that was provided upon creating that organization (listed under ADMINISTRATION > ORGANIZATIONS tab of the FortiEDR Central Manager).
- **21.** At the prompt, enter the Aggregator external IP address followed by the port (optional). If a port is not provided, the default port 8081 is used.
- 22. At the prompt, enter this machine's external IP address followed by the port (optional). If a port is not provided, the default port 555 is used.
- 23. At the prompt, enter the Organization name. For a non-multi-tenant setup, this must be left empty.
- 24. A list of network interfaces on this virtual machine displays. At the Pick your primary interface prompt, select the interface to be used as the primary network interface through which all FortiEDR Cores and FortiEDR Collectors will reach this server, and then click **Next**.
- 25. At the Do you want to use DHCP prompt, do one of the following:
 - a. Select Yes to use DHCP and click Next. Proceed to step 29 below.
 - **b.** Select No to configure the IP of this virtual machine manually, and then click **Next**. Perform steps 26 through 34 below.
- **26.** At the prompt, enter the IP address of the machine that you are installing. Use the following format: xxx.xxx.xxx/yyyy, where yyyy is the routing prefix of the subnet.
- 27. At the prompt, enter the default gateway and click Next.
- **28.** At the Please set your DNS server prompt, enter a valid IP address and click **Next**. Use the following format: xxx.xxx.xxx/yyyy, where yyyy is the routing prefix of the subnet.
- 29. At the prompt, select No for debug mode.
- **30.** At the Please set the date prompt, verify the date and click Next. The installer automatically presents the current date. You can change this date, if necessary.

- **31.** At the Please set your Time prompt, set the time and click Next.
- 32. At the prompt, select the timezone and country in which the server is being installed.
- **33.** At the Do you want to enable Web proxy prompt, select one of the following:
 - No (the default)
 - Yes (only for an on-premises Core installation, which should be configured to pass a web proxy)
- **34.** Wait a few moments while the installation processes, until you see the Installation completed successfully message.
- **35.** To verify that core installation succeeded, use the fortiedr status and fortiedr version commands.
- 36. Verify that the FortiEDR Core details are listed in the INVENTORY tab of the FortiEDR Central Manager.

Upgrading FortiEDR Components

This section describes how to upgrade the components in the FortiEDR system.

Upgrading to a newer build number (major.minor.patch.build) can be done in any order. However, upgrading to newer major/minor versions (major.minor.patch.build) should be done top-down in the following order:

- 1. Installing the FortiEDR Central Manager and FortiEDR Aggregator on the Same Machine on page 383
- 2. Installing the FortiEDR Threat Hunting Repository on page 389
- 3. Installing the FortiEDR Core on page 397
- 4. Installing FortiEDR Collectors on page 26

Upgrading the Central Manager

The required upgrade file is provided to you by Fortinet. Use it to perform the procedure below. If both the Central Manager and the Aggregator are installed on the same machine, you only need to perform this procedure once to upgrade both components.

- 1. Copy the FortiEDRInstaller_x.x.x.xxx.x file to the Central Manager machine. You can place the file anywhere on the Linux machine. For example, FortiEDRInstaller_Management_Agg_5.0.x.y.x.
- 2. Change the **chmod 755** permission and the **pathc** name in order to enable you to run the upgrade, as shown below:

[root@dan ~]# chmod 755 FortiEDRInstaller_Management_Agg__5.0.x.y.x

- 3. Run the upgrade, as shown below: [root@dan ~]# ./ FortiEDRInstaller_Management_Agg_5.0.x.y.x
- 4. Wait for the upgrade to complete, as shown below: FortiEDR installation 5.0.x.y finished successfully [root@dan ~]#

Upgrading the Aggregator

The procedure for upgrading the Aggregator is the same as that for updating the Central Manager. You only need to perform the procedure a second time if the Aggregator is installed on a different machine than the Central Manager.

For more details, you may refer to Upgrading the Central Manager on page 403.

Upgrading the Core

- 1. Copy the FortiEDRCoreInstaller_x.x.x.x file to the Central Manager machine. You can place the file anywhere on the Linux machine. For example, FortiEDRCoreInstaller_3.1.1.90.x.
- 2. Change the **chmod 755** permission and the **patch** name in order to enable you to run the upgrade, as shown below:

```
[root@dan ~] # chmod 755 FortiEDRCoreInstaller_3.1.1.90.x
```

- 3. Run the upgrade, as shown below:
 [root@dan ~]# ./ ./ FortiEDRCoreInstaller_3.1.1.90.x
- 4. Wait for the upgrade to complete, as shown below: FortiEDR patch 3.1.1.90 finished

[root@dan ~]#



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