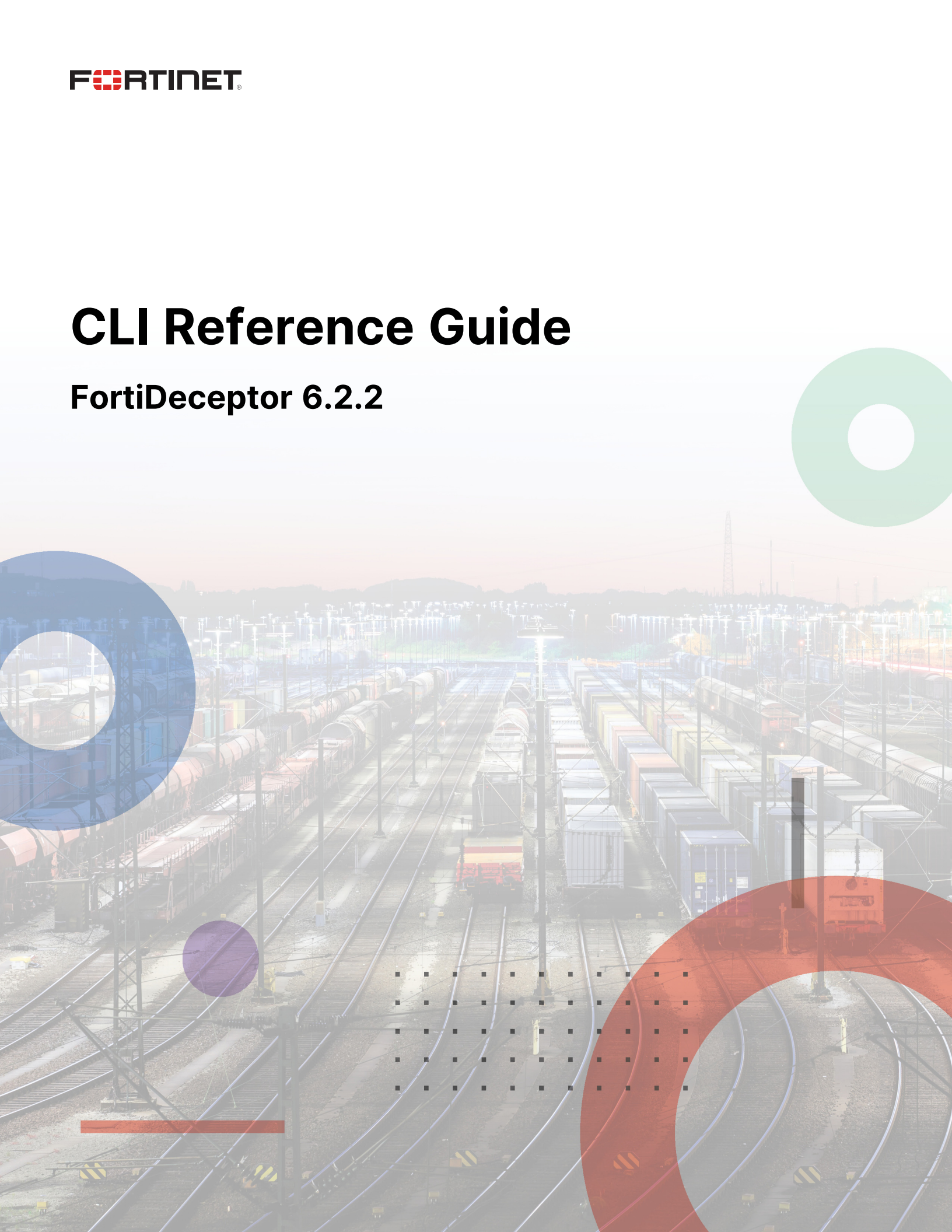


# CLI Reference Guide

## FortiDeceptor 6.2.2



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FortiDeceptor 6.2.2 CLI Reference Guide

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# Change Log

Date	Change Description
2026-06-05	Initial release.

# Introduction

The FortiDeceptor CLI (Command Line Interface) is available when connecting to the FortiDeceptor via console or by using an SSH or TELNET client. These services must be enabled on the port1 interface.

Use CLI commands for initial device configuration and troubleshooting. CLI commands are case-sensitive. Some commands are specific to hardware or VM devices.

Administrator privileges for executing CLI commands are defined in the admin profile. The commands available to an administrator are configured during profile creation or modification.

# General commands

Command	Description
help	Displays a list of all available CLI commands along with their syntax. Use <code>help</code> or <code>?</code> to view supported commands and their usage details.
exit	Exit the CLI.

# Configuration Commands

Command	Description
show	Show the bootstrap configuration including the port IP address (IPv4 and IPv6), network mask, port MAC address, and default gateway.
set	Set configuration parameters.  <code>set portX-ip &lt;ip/netmask&gt;</code> Set the portX IP address in IP/netmask format.  <code>set default-gw &lt;ip&gt;</code> Set the default gateway address.  <code>set date &lt;date&gt;</code> Set system date, in the format of YYYY-MM-DD.  <code>set time &lt;time&gt;</code> Set system time, in the format of HH:MM:SS.  <code>set tag ics</code> Enable Mitre ICS tags.  <code>set tlsver &lt;2 3&gt;</code> Set allowed TLS versions for HTTPS service: 2 and 3 are for TLSv1.2 and TLSv1.3 respectively.  <code>set reserved-subnet</code> Designate a specific subnet address as reserved [x.x].0.0/16 input 10.254 means reserved subnet is 10.254.0.0/16
unset default-gw	Unset the default gateway.
unset tag	Disable Mitre ICS tags.
unset tlsver	Remove the configured TLS (Transport Layer Security) version settings. All TLS versions are allowed for HTTPS service.

# System Commands

Command	Description
reboot	Reboot the FortiDeceptor. All sessions are terminated, the unit goes offline, and there is a delay while it restarts.
shutdown	Shut down the FortiDeceptor.
config-reset	Reset the configuration to factory defaults. Event and incident data, and installed VM images are kept.
data-purge	Purge the detection results from the database, including deployment settings, events, incidents, and alerts.
factory-reset	Reset the FortiDeceptor configuration to factory default settings. All data is deleted. Installed VM images are kept.
status	Display the FortiDeceptor firmware version, serial number, system time, disk usage, image status, and RAID information.
fw-upgrade	Upgrade or re-install the FortiDeceptor firmware or deception VM image via Secure Copy (SCP) or File Transfer Protocol (FTP) server. See <a href="#">fw-upgrade on page 10</a> for details.
dcvm-confirm-id	Set confirm ID for Windows deception VM activation. See <a href="#">dcvm-confirm-id on page 10</a> for details.
dcvm-license	List the license information for deception VMs using the -l option.
dcvm-status	Display the status for deception VMs.
dcvm-reset	Activate and initialize VM images. This is useful when you need to rebuild a broken VM image. The default resets all VMs or you can specify a VM name with -n <VM name>.
dcimg-status	Display the status of deception images.
set-maintainer	Enable or disable the maintainer account. See <a href="#">set-maintainer on page 11</a> for details.
remote-auth-timeout	Set Radius or LDAP authentication timeout. See <a href="#">remote-auth-timeout on page 11</a> for details.
log-purge	Delete all system logs.
vm-firmware-license	Download and install the firmware license file from a server. See <a href="#">vm-firmware-license on page 11</a> for details.
vm-resize-hd	After changing the virtual hard disk size on the hypervisor, execute this command to make the change recognizable to the firmware.

Command	Description
	This command is only available for VM models.
dmz-mode	Enable or disable DMZ deployment mode.
fdn-pkg	Display information about FortiGuard upgradeable engine packages.
storage-check	Check storage disk with fsck command.
storage-format	Format storage disk.
fabric-binding	Set the Fabric traffic binding to port1. See <a href="#">fabric-binding on page 12</a> for details.

## data-purge

### Syntax

data-purge <option>

Option	Description
-a	Purge all the data in the database including deployment settings, events, incidents, and alerts.
-d	Purge the detection results from database, including events, incidents, and alerts.
-t	Purge campaigns that happened before a specific time (MM/DD/YYYY-HH:MM:SS). For example, to purge data by time use: <code>data-purge -d -t04/19/2021-12:15:35</code> You do not need to provide a timezone. FortiDeceptor will use the timezone configured on your device. If no timezone is set, FortiDeceptor will use UTC by default. For example, if the login user device is set to PDT timezone, running <code>data-purge -d -t04/19/2021-12:15:35</code> will purge the corresponding data before 04/19/2021-12:15:35 PDT. If the login user device is not set to a specific timezone, this command will purge corresponding data before 04/19/2021-19:15:35 UTC.
-k<N>	Automatically purges data older than the specified number of days where N represents 1-365 days. For example, to purge data older than 10 days : <code>data-purge -k10</code> This option cannot be used with other options.
-s	Show the configuration for automatic purge.

## fw-upgrade

Upgrade or re-install the FortiDeceptor firmware or deception VM image via FTP, HTTPS, or SCP (default) server. Before running this command, download the firmware file onto a server that supports file copy via FTP, HTTPS, or SCP.

The system boots after the firmware is downloaded and installed.

### Syntax

```
fw-upgrade <option> [options]
```

Option	Description
-b	Download an image file from this server and upgrade the firmware.
-v	Download and install a VM image file from this server.
-t<ftp   https   scp>	The protocol type, FTP, HTTPS, or SCP (default).
-s<ftp, https, or scp server IP address>	The IP address of the server to download the image.
-u<user name>	The user name for authentication.
-p<password>	The password for authentication.
-f<full file path>	The full path of the image file.

## dcvm-confirm-id

Validate a Microsoft Windows key after contacting Microsoft customer support.

### Syntax

```
dcvm-confirm-id <option> [options]
```

Option	Description
-a	Add a confirmation ID.
-k	License key.
-c	Confirmation ID.
-d	Delete a confirmation ID.
-k	License key.
-l	List all confirmation IDs.

## set-maintainer

Use the maintainer account to reset user passwords.

### Syntax

```
set-maintainer <option>
```

Option	Description
-l	Show current setting.
-d	Disable maintainer account.
-e	Enable maintainer account.

## remote-auth-timeout

Set RADIUS or LDAP authentication timeout value.

### Syntax

```
remote-auth-timeout <option>
```

Option	Description
-s	Set the timeout value in seconds (10 - 180, default = 10).
-u	Unset the timeout.
-l	Display the timeout value.

## vm-firmware-license

Download and install the firmware license file from a remote server.

This command is only available for VM models.

### Syntax

```
vm-firmware-license <options>
```

Option	Description
-s<server ip>	Download a license file from this server IP address.
-t<ftp   scp>	The protocol type, FTP or SCP (default).
-u<username>	The user name for server authentication.
-p<password>	The password for server authentication.
-f<license filename>	The full path for the license file.

## fabric-binding

Set the Fabric traffic binding to port1. This command is available for hardware and VM models.

### Syntax

```
fabric-binding <options>
```

Option	Description
-e	Enable Fabric binding to port1.
-d	Disable Fabric binding to port1.
-l	Display the status of Fabric binding.

## dcvm-license

### Syntax

```
dcvm-license <option>
```

Option	Description
-h	Help information.
-l	List the deception VM license information.
-lc	List the deception contract information.
-r[u f]	Remove the license/contract information manually. -ru: Remove the uploaded license information manually. -rf: Remove the FDN contract information manually.

# Diagnose commands

The following diagnostic commands are available:

- [diagnose collect on page 14](#)
- [diagnose debug on page 14](#)
- [diagnose exec on page 15](#)
- [diagnose test on page 16](#)

# diagnose collect

Use this command to enable or disable the collection of diagnostic data.

## Syntax

```
diagnose collect <enable | disable>
```

# diagnose debug

Use this command to find out the root cause of system and network issues.

## Syntax

```
diagnose debug <option>
```

Option	Description
autodeploy	Diagnose autodeploy issues.
attack	Diagnose attack issues.
cli	Diagnose CLI command execution issues.
cm	Diagnose CM (central manager/client) related issues.
crond	Diagnose cron daemon related issues.
csfd	Diagnose CSFD service issues.
daasclient	Diagnose DaaS client issues.
decoy	Diagnose decoy issues.
decoyos	Diagnose decoy OS image issues.
exscanner	Diagnose external scanner and vulnerability scanner integration issues.
fabric	Diagnose fabric issues.
fdn	Diagnose FDN connection issues.
gui	Diagnose GUI/front-end issues.
ics	Diagnose ICS issues.
incident	Diagnose incident issues.

Option	Description
logrecvd	Diagnose log receiver issues.
pkgmgr	Diagnose package manager issues.
lure	Diagnose lure related issues.
mailer	Diagnose mailer/email and SMTP-related issues.
mond	Diagnose monitor daemon (mond) issues.
report	Diagnose report generation and export issues.
snmp	Diagnose SNMP agent issues.
stat	Diagnose system statistics related issues.

## diagnose exec

Use this command to diagnose IP tables, network connectivity and network traffic.

### Syntax

diagnose exec <iptables|ping|tcpdump>

Option	Description												
iptables <ARGS>	Diagnose IP table issues.												
ping <HOST>	Ping the IP address.												
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Options</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-c</td> <td>Court: Number of pings to be sent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-i</td> <td>Interval: Interval of seconds between each outgoing packet.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-I</td> <td>Interface: Deployment network name if it matches any, or as normal port</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-s</td> <td>Packet size: Number of data bytes in each packet (default: 56)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-t</td> <td>TTL: Time to live.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Options	Description	-c	Court: Number of pings to be sent	-i	Interval: Interval of seconds between each outgoing packet.	-I	Interface: Deployment network name if it matches any, or as normal port	-s	Packet size: Number of data bytes in each packet (default: 56)	-t	TTL: Time to live.
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-s	Packet size: Number of data bytes in each packet (default: 56)												
-t	TTL: Time to live.												
tcpdump <ARGS>	Diagnose local network traffic.												

### Example:

```
diagnose exec ping 8.8.8.8
diagnose exec ping -I deploynet1 10.90.4.123
diagnose exec ping -I port2 192.168.2.1
```

```
diagnose exec tcpdump -i port1 -c 10 host 192.168.0.123 and port 3128
diagnose exec tcpdump -h
```

## diagnose test

Use this command to test the network and the deployment network.

### Syntax

```
diagnose test <deployment-network | network>
```

Options	Description
deployment-network <ARGS>	Test the deployment network.
network [-v verbose]	Test the network connectivity of firmware.

### Example:

```
diagnose test deployment-network -iport2 -m11:22:33:44:55:66
diagnose test network verbose
```

# Utility Commands

Command	Description
tracert	Examine the route taken to another network host: tracert <host>
passwd	Use this command to change the password of the current user. This CLI is for local users only, including read-only local users. <b>Example:</b> > passwd Old password: ***** New password: ***** Confirm password: ***** Successfully changed password, please re-login with the new password.

# Hardware commands

Command	Description
hardware-info	Display general hardware status information for all FortiDeceptor models. Use this option to view CPU, memory, disk, and RAID information, as well as system time settings.
disk-attributes	Display system disk attributes. This option is only available on hardware models.
disk-errors	Display any system disk errors. This option is only available on hardware models.
disk-health	Display disk health information. This option is only available on hardware models.
disk-info	Display disk hardware status information. This option is only available on hardware models.
raid-hwinfo	Display RAID hardware status information. This option is only available on hardware models.



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